

# The Ann Arbor Argus.

VOL. LVII.—NO. 13

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1891.

WHOLE NO. 2973

## A GRAND OPPORTUNITY.



**THE CELEBRATED**  
RUBBER TIPPED VACUUM  
**ARROW, REVOLVER and TARGET**  
Absolutely Harmless. A Fascinating Game for Young and Old.

**THE ARGUS**  
PREMIUM.

A Chance for a Present to every one who gets One New Subscriber to

**The Ann Arbor Argus.**  
The best county paper published in Washtenaw, for one year, will be given a

**REVOLVER AND TARGET.**  
Every one will be delighted. The Game can be seen at the ARGUS office. Get your neighbor to subscribe.

**DO YOU KNOW THAT WE SELL THE BEST THREE DOLLAR KID SHOES? THE LADIES SAY SO--AND THEY KNOW. THESE SHOES ARE MADE FROM VERY SMALL, FINE FIBRE SKINS, STOCK VERY SOFT AND SILKY, SMOOTH INSOLES AND VERY FLEXIBLE, PERFECT FITTING. YOU SHOULD TRY THEM.**

**Goodspeed's.**

## REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK,

At Ann Arbor, Michigan., at the close of business Dec. 19th, 1890.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts,.....	\$375,599 49	Capital stock paid in,.....	\$ 50,000 00
Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, etc.,.....	299,718 15	Surplus fund,.....	100,000 00
Overdrafts,.....	2,510 51	Undivided profits,.....	31,675 73
Due from banks in reserve cities.....	75,253 59	Dividends unpaid,.....	385 00
Due from other banks and bankers.....	7,017 20	Commercial deposits,.....	152,237 07
Due from Treasurer School District.....	12,151 25	Savings deposits,.....	416,843 47
No. 1. A. A. ....	1,930 85	Due to banks and bankers,.....	338 92
Furniture and Fixtures.....	2,932 13	Certificates of deposit,.....	26,390 35
Current expenses and taxes paid,.....	682 05		
Checks and cash items,.....	60 60		
Nickels and pennies,.....	15,000 00		
Gold,.....	2,065 00		
Silver,.....	25,002 00		
U. S. and National Bank Notes,.....	25,002 00		
	\$777,870 62		777,870 62

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.  
County of Washtenaw, ss.  
I, Charles E. Hiscock, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. CHARLES E. HISCOCK, Cashier.  
CORRECT—Attest: Christian Mack, Daniel Hiscock, David Rinsey, Directors.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 24th day of December, 1890.  
MICHAEL J. FRITZ, Notary Public

Capital stock paid in, \$ 50,000 Total assets, \$761,291.31  
Capital security, 100,000 Surplus, 100,000.00

Transacts a general banking business; buys and sells exchanges on New York, Detroit and Chicago; sells drafts on all the principal cities of Europe.  
This bank, already having a large business, invites merchants and others to open accounts with them with the assurance of the most liberal dealing consistent with safe banking.

In the Savings Department interest is paid semi-annually, on the first days of January and July, on all sums that were deposited three months previous to those days, thus affording the people of this city and county a perfectly safe depository for their funds, together with a return in interest for the same. Money to loan on approved securities.

DIRECTORS.—Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, Daniel Hiscock, William Deubel, Willard B. Smith, David Rinsey, and L. Gruner.

OFFICERS.—Christian Mack, President; W. D. Harriman, Vice-President; Chas. E. Hiscock, Cashier.



**GROSSMANN & SCHLENKER**  
CARRY A FULL LINE OF

**STOVES AND HARDWARE**  
TINWARE, TOOLS, PUMPS,  
PIPE-FITTINGS, PAINTS, ETC., ETC

All first class articles at the lowest prices. We can sell as cheap as any place, for we have small expense and are both practical workmen. Come and see us at No. 7 West Liberty street.

**GROSSMANN & SCHLENKER.**

## DEATH OF DR. WINCHELL

He Dies at Nine O'clock Yesterday Morning After a Severe Illness.

### THE GREAT GEOLOGIST'S USEFUL LIFE.

The University Loses One of its Brightest Minds.—He Was Widely Known in the Scientific World.  
His Books.—His Life Work.

Dr. Alexander Winchell died at his home on North University avenue at nine o'clock yesterday morning. A great scholar has passed from earth, a master mind is gone. Here in Ann Arbor where so many years of his life were spent, Dr. Winchell will be greatly missed. But all over the scientific world, his continued investigations in the realms of science will be missed. His works live after him and without doubt it may be said that in his death America lost her greatest geologist of to-day.

Dr. Winchell was born Dec. 31, 1824, at North East, Dutchess county, N. Y. The first member of the Winchell family in America was Robert Winchell, who settled in Massachusetts in 1634, but moved to Connecticut in 1635. In his early life the Doctor showed great aptitude for mathematics. He went to Stockbridge Academy two years preparing for a future study of medicine. At 16 he began teaching, but it was not till two years later that he decided to make this his life work. After attending Amenia Seminary, in his native county, for two years, he entered Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., where in 1847 he graduated, completing the course in three years. After graduating, he taught natural science at Amenia Seminary for some time; then went to Newbern, Alabama, as principal of an academy.

In a short time, however, the doctor was elected president of a female seminary at Eutaw, Alabama, and in 1853, president of the Masonic University at Selma. While here in the South he did much original work in the sciences. This school at Selma was closed on account of the yellow fever, perhaps a fortunate thing for the U. of M.; for in this year he was elected to the chair of "Physics and Civil Engineering" in our own University, during the presidency of Dr. Tappan. This makes Dr. Winchell's appointment the oldest of any member of the faculty, though he has not been in continuous service since. This position he held till 1855, when he was made professor of Geology, Zoology and Botany, which he held till 1873. In 1859 he was president of the Michigan Teacher's Association, and in the same year was made State Geologist by Gov. Wisner. In this capacity he did much to locate and develop the mineral wealth of the state. This position he held again in 1869, and the next year was director of the Geological Survey of Minnesota.

Yielding to the many inducements offered, he resigned his position in the U. of M. and accepted the Chancellorship of Syracuse University, in 1873, but finding the financial condition poor he resigned and became professor of Geology there, remaining until 1878. He became a lecturer upon Geology at Vanderbilt University in 1876, dividing his time between the two colleges. But because he taught the existence of the race before the time of Adam, his chair at the latter institution was abolished. His connection with the U. of M. began again the next year, when he was elected to the chair he has so ably filled until death closed his work.

In 1867 Dr. Winchell received the degree of LL.D. from his alma mater. His labors have done much

to develop geology. The acuteness of his observation, the zeal with which he worked and a powerful mind have enabled him to develop facts already partly established in the geology of the earth's crust. But his great merits lay in his extraordinary powers of theorising. Those who have heard him discuss only the elements of geology have not heard him at his best. When it came to discussing the origin of the world and of the universe he showed his master mind. His theory of world formation is becoming more popular every day, if not already the theory generally accepted by scientists. In mountain making, also, and the tides, his theories most perfectly account for the facts. He has done much to reconcile science and religion, especially as regards evolution. He makes evolution a principle of development and not at all a prime cause. His lectures are very interesting, many of their passages rising to a high pitch of eloquence. His words come forth in an even rythmical flow. This, together with his fine appearance, will be long remembered by those who have heard him. The Doctor leaves a series of lectures on evolution unfinished. The attendance at those already given shows his popularity at Ann Arbor.

He has been a member of nearly all the scientific societies of this country, and many in Europe. Some of the many works written by Dr. Winchell are: Report of Geological Survey of Mich., 1861; Grand Traverse Region, '66; Genealogy of the Winchell Family in America, '69; Geological Charts of Michigan and New York, '70; Sketches of Creation, '70; Geology of the Stars, '70; The Doctrine of Evolution, '74; Lay Theology, '76; Reconciliation of Science and Religion, '77; Preadamites, '80; Sparks from a Geologist's Hammer, '81. World Life, '83; Geological Excursions, '84; Geological Studies, '86; and over 200 scientific papers and pamphlets. He has also described 300 new species and genera, mostly fossil. Some of these books have met more enthusiastic receptions than any scientific books heretofore published. As a writer, his style is very attractive. While using many long words they are chosen with admirable taste. His works have contributed more to make the University famous than those of any other man.

Dr. Winchell leaves a wife and two daughters, Mrs. Dr. Sylvester, of Germany, and Mrs. Ida Bell Winchell, of Minneapolis.

The funeral services will be held at three o'clock, Sunday afternoon, in the M. E. church.

### Chip O' the Old Block.

The play which holds the boards at the opera house next Monday is a laughable musical farce comedy entitled Chip O' the Old Block. The New York and San Francisco papers speak of it as follows:

N. Y. World:—The best comedy produced here in years.

N. Y. Sun:—The performance was smooth and spirited. Nothing better in its line has been here this season.

N. Y. Star:—Full of thrilling tableaux, songs, dances and topical hits, which delighted the audience.

N. Y. Herald:—The company found great favor with the audience, who loudly applauded the clever "business" of the play.

San Francisco Bulletin:—The play is well seasoned; there is just enough of sentiment to touch the chords of the heart and make it human; just enough of merriment to lighten the cares of life, and just enough of the whole to make one better natured for having seen it.

San Francisco Alta:—The elevator was one of the best mechanical effects that has been produced for a long time—it was perfectly natural. No one ought to miss this play; it is clean and clever throughout, and displays care and attention in every detail.

Never think worse of another on account of his differing from you on political and religious subjects.

### The Farmers' Institute.

A Farmers' Institute will be held in this city on Friday of next week in the court house under the auspices of the Washtenaw Farmers Association. The institute will be opened at 9:30 a. m. with prayer and music, and the presidents address. Three papers will be read during the forenoon, one by Mrs. Julia Bowen, and another on the Farm Problem by J. K. Campbell, and one on Fruits for the Farm by Prof. Emil Baur.

In the afternoon at 2 p. m. Prof. Hinsdale will read a paper on Territorial Development of the United States. William Ball and Mrs. Mary Dancer will read papers and George McDougal will discuss the Silver Question. At 7 p. m., Prof. Steere will read a paper on the Habits of Animals and Mrs. Mary A. Mayo one on Agriculture from the standpoint of a Farmers wife.

The institute will be of a most interesting character and all should attend.

### The Democratic County Convention.

The democratic county convention assembled in the court house, yesterday. F. A. Howlett was made temporary chairman and Gustave Brehm, secretary. The following committees were appointed: Resolutions, S. W. Beakes, Chas. R. Whitman, J. Willard Babbitt; credentials, Edward Duffy, John Terns, Alfred Davenport; order of business and permanent organization, John P. Kirk, James R. Bach, M. J. Lehman. The convention then adjourned until two o'clock. On re-assembling, the committee on credentials reported the delegates present an unusually large number attending for a spring convention. The committee on organization reported an order of business and in favor of making the temporary officers permanent. The committee on resolutions reported as follows:

The democracy of Washtenaw county, in convention assembled, congratulates the state of Michigan upon the triumph of democratic principles at the last state election, which has given to the people, for the first time in 36 years, a legislature, democratic in both branches, and an unbroken line of democratic state officials, headed by that sturdy, honest, unflinching and conscientious democrat, Governor Edwin B. Winans. We recognize in this victory the legitimate result of a long-continued and, at times, seemingly hopeless struggle of the friends of good government against a party which stood and yet stands for everything which is corrupt in its methods, subversive of liberty in its aims, and existing only as the agent of wicked and oppressive monopoly. We feel that the people have recognized our cause as just and righteous and that by a continuance of our principles we may retain our new found friends to aid us in putting down the foes of political liberty; and to that end,

Resolved, That we demand short sessions of the legislature, the abolition of all unnecessary offices, rigid economy in the administration of state affairs, reduction in taxation, a just and equal assessment of taxes, careful scrutiny of the action of all boards, and a rigid accountability to the people for all official actions.

Resolved, That we reaffirm our allegiance to the principles contained in the last democratic state and national platforms.

The report was unanimously adopted. The following delegates to the state convention were elected:

At large.—Thomas D. Kearney, J. Willard Babbitt, 1st District, F. A. Howlett, S. W. Beakes, C. L. Tuomey, F. H. Belsler, Jas. Kearns, J. V. Sheehan, Philip Duffy, Gus. Brehm.

2nd. District, J. Lutz, Jas. L. Lowden, M. Davenport, C. Woodruff, J. Kirk, L. M. Duggan, L. Sweetland, F. J. Hammond.

The convention then adjourned. There was no speech making for none was necessary.

Never ridicule sacred things or what others may esteem as such, however absurd they may appear to you.

### Enjoined Again.

An injunction has been sought against the Ann Arbor street railway company to prevent them from building on Packard street. The petitioners are:

Elizabeth A. Raffensberger, Edward H. Eberbach, William Wagner, Sedgwick Dean, Maria J. Jones, Charles W. Wagner, Jerusha P. Johnson, Nellie A. Lennon, Albert T. Bruegel, George Haller, Robert Campbell, Cornelia Kerr, James C. Wood, Catherine Mogk, and John M. Reinhart, who set forth that they own all the real estate on Packard street, between Main and Fifth streets. They claim that their premises extend to the center of the street, and that the erection of the road would impair the comfort, the convenience and enjoyment of their homes, and "will endanger their lives and that of their families, as well as other persons having occasion to use said street, and will be a nuisance to your orators and the public generally." They set forth that they believe it is the intention of the company to use the wires to carry electricity to other streets.

### Auction Sales.

Christian Tessmer has an auction sale on Thursday, February 26, at 1 o'clock, on the David Fitzsimmons farm four miles out of the city on the Pontiac road. He will sell a span of matched greys, four and five years old, two colts, three steers, four cows, binder, mower, wagons, harness, reaper, cultivator, rakes, chickens, etc. Fred Krause, auctioneer.

Patrick Gibney sells at auction on Monday, March 2, at 10 o'clock, on his farm in Northfield, on the East Whitmore lake road, six miles north of Ann Arbor and one-half mile west of the Center, two span horses, one breeding mare, 60 fine wool sheep, six cows, Durham bull, five calves, 800 head cabbage, harvester, binder, cutting box, Little Giant cultivator, spring tooth harrow, hay rack, wagons, buggies and many other farming utensils.

Christian Braun sells at auction on Tuesday, March 3, at one o'clock, nine miles out on the Pontiac road and one mile south of Pebbles' church, four colts, three, two and one years old, two new milch cows, two yearling steers and ninety choice young sheep. Fred Krause is auctioneer.

All persons having auction bills to print, can secure a notice of their auction in this paper by having their bills printed at this office.

### The U. of M. Leads.

The following is a table of the attendance at the principal Universities and colleges of the country. The figures were obtained by the DAILY and are certified to by the registrars of the faculties of the several colleges. They are correct to the close of the first half-year. It will be seen that the U. of M. leads them all, with Harvard a close second, being but 101 students less.

U. of M.....	2,377
Harvard.....	2,276
Northwestern Univ.....	1,914
Univ. of Penn.....	1,754
Columbia.....	1,709
Yale.....	1,645
Cornell.....	1,356
Princeton.....	850

It has always been thought that the U. of M. had by far the largest law school in the country. The members of the law faculty have often so stated to the students, but from the following table it will be seen that Columbia leads by nine students. These figures are also authentic:

Columbia.....	589
U. of M.....	580
Harvard.....	299
Univ. of Penn.....	173
Northwestern Univ.....	145
Cornell.....	218
Yale.....	116
U. of M. Daily.....	

### North Lake.

Robins and other spring birds have arrived.

H. M. Twamley sold a large flock of lambs last week.

B. H. Glenn sells his personal property this week.

Mrs. Charles Cooper has a sister from Canada visiting her.

Senator Gorman had a big sale this week. Everything sold well.

A letter from Mrs. Lou Glenn Mapes, tells of her returning health.

The family of Wm. Hudson are fast getting better and will soon be out.

Miss Rose Glenn visited at her aunt's in Unadilla, last week, a day or two.

Mr. Montague, of Gregory, is turning out four and five thousand staves daily now.

S. A. Mapes is teaching shorthand, stenography and penmanship in Marietta, Georgia.

Some nice fish caught on Crooked lake last week, eight pounds being the heaviest caught.

Wheat on ground looks sickly now in places. What March will do for it remains to be seen.

Zerah Chalker and family made a few visits in these parts last week. He is lately from the west.

J. L. Watts and Will Secord are selling fancy baskets by the wagon load, over thirty in one day.

John Rathbone, of Ann Arbor, made a two day's visit at the lake and tried fishing. Very good luck attended him.

The hotel keeper at Gregory has been hauled over the coals twice in a week or so for selling whiskey without leave or license.

Emmet Whalain is moving back to this neighborhood. He will occupy the house of Mattie and Henry Glenn and work the farm for a time at least.

No new cases of scarlet fever have developed. All who had it are recovering nicely and school and church will open soon, as also will the lyceum and P. of L. meetings.

A bonanza in the shape of a paint mine of ten acres in extent is the property of Mr. Merrill, near Gregory. It is from one foot to ten in thickness and is called Seana. It is found in three shades of color. There is enough to paint every town red in the United States and have a little for the borders.

### Failures in Life.

People fail in many ways. In business, in morality, in religion, in happiness, and in health. A weak heart is often an unsuspected cause of failure in life. If the blood does not circulate properly in the lungs, there is shortness of breath, asthma, etc.; in the brain, dizziness, headache, etc.; in the stomach, wind, pain, indigestion, taint spells, etc.; in the liver, torpidity, congestion, etc. Pain in the left side, shoulder and stomach is caused by heart strain. For all these maladies Dr. Miles New Cure for the heart and lungs is the best remedy. Sold, guaranteed and recommended by Eberbach & Sons. Treatise free.

### Pittsfield.

Grass and growing grain are alike affected by the prevailing type of weather.

Miss Estella Tate teaches the winter term of school in the Tate district, near Saline.

Miss Murray, of Milan, teaches the winter term of school in the Crittenden district.

Wheat has sustained some injury lately, on account of the freezing and thawing weather.

There are rumors of an entertainment to be given soon in the Sutherland school house.

Fred Webb, of the law department, who has been on the sick list during the past week, is convalescent.

The raccoon, (commonly called coon), has many enemies these pleasant nights and the boys are having plenty of fun.

An entertainment was held in the Roberts school house, Friday evening, which was a fair pecuniary success; so I am informed.

There are two kinds of resistance; a boulder in your way does not fly up at you, no matter how much you abuse it, but it stays there all the same. This is passive resistance.

### Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

### Mooreville.

Mrs. Edson Clark and Mrs. Amos Hall are on the sick list.

The infant daughter of Charles Kanous is still quite sick.

F. E. Holcomb and wife went to Ypsilanti last Saturday to visit Mrs. Holcomb's uncle who is quite sick.

The Ladies' Mite Society will hold a social at the residence of Henry Hammond, next Friday evening. A literary program is being prepared.

Dr. D. P. McLachlan and wife went to Ann Arbor last Saturday and the doctor went down to Ypsi-

lanti to call on his friend, Dr. F. M. Oakley, who has been quite sick since his return from Florida. The doctor reports him much better.

Miss Mary Graves met with quite a serious accident last week Wednesday. She started from her nephew's Mr. Archy McIntyre's, with whom she lives, to go to one of the neighbors. She had only gone a short distance from the house when she was attacked by a sheep and when found she was lying on the side of the road in an insensible condition with the animal still by her. She was carried home and Dr. G. E. Sanford sent for. She is badly bruised about the face and arms but no bones broken. Miss Graves is 75 years old. She is reported better at present writing.

### An Important Matter.

Druggists everywhere report that the sales of the Restorative Nervine—a nerve food and medicine—are astonishing; exceeding anything they ever had, while it gives universal satisfaction in headache, nervousness, sleeplessness, sexual debility, backache, poor memory, fits, dizziness, etc. L. Burton & Co., Troy, N. Y.; Ambury & Murphy, of Battle Creek, Mich.; C. B. Woodward & Co., of Fort Wayne, Ind., and hundreds of others state that they never handled any medicine which sold so rapidly, or gave such satisfaction. Trial bottles of this great medicine and book on Nervous Diseases, free at Eberbach & Sons, who guarantee and recommend it.

### Milan.

Mrs. Chas. Clark is quite ill.

Miss Ellen Harton is quite ill.

Mr. Scott is visiting his parents at Larne, Ohio.

C. Schmit visited friends in Ypsilanti, Saturday.

Spencer Coe had an auction on his farm the 19th.

Dr. Harper made a business trip to Detroit, Thursday.

Miss Alice Putman visited friends in Detroit over Sunday.

Miss Grace Wilson returned from her visiting tour Saturday.

Miss Gracia McGregor has returned from her Detroit visit.

Mr. Knight's people entertained friends from the east last week.

Miss Eva Woolcott, of Ypsilanti, is visiting her mother in Milan.

L. Wilcox and wife will move on their farm near Milan next month.

F. Butler will build a new barn this spring on his farm near Milan.

Mr. Palmer was the guest of Warren Babcock Jr., Saturday and Sunday.

Ed. Easterly and wife will move onto Chas. Wilson's farm next week.

A flock of wild geese flew over Milan Sunday morning on their way north.

Mrs. Pauline, of Detroit, is visiting her father, Chas. Smith, near Milan.

There will be several new houses erected this spring and summer in Milan.

Miss Gertie Hanson entertained some of her young friends Saturday evening.

James Gauntlett is selling off his dry goods, and will move to Blissfield the first of next month.

The M. E. aid society held their tea social at Mrs. J. H. Ford's residence on County street, Wednesday afternoon.

Revival meeting in the three churches still continue. There have been over two hundred conversions since the first of January.

Valentine day for '91 is a thing of the past, but there will be many that will look back to it with pleasure. It was an interesting day for the school children.

### Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruise Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Eberbach & Son, druggists.

### Willis.

Mr. Adair already has some of the material on the spot for his new house.

Mrs. Edwin Simons, of Ypsilanti, is spending a few days with friends at Willis.

N. E. Freeman and George Heath, who traded places some time ago, moved last week.

Mrs. Cora Osborne, of Dakota, formerly of Rawsonville, visited at Willis last Friday.

Burt Bissell has rented the farm owned by the Ballard Bros., and talks of moving soon.

Married, February 10th, Hiram Day, of Sumpter, to Miss Hattie Snodgrass, of Augusta.

B. F. Harris, of Romulus, and Lew Millner, of Azalia, spent last Sunday at Charles Niles'.

Harry Snodgrass has been dangerously sick with hemorrhage of the lungs, but is some better.

W. A. Russell and wife, and A. Pratt and wife, spent last Sunday at Mooreville with Oscar Lampkin.

### Dixboro.

Miss Katie Campbell spent last Sunday with her parents.

Cottage prayer meeting as usual Tuesday evening, at Aaron Campbell's.

A. Campbell and daughter, of Rochester, are visiting at their cousin's, A. J. Campbell's.

Mr. Root and wife, of Ypsilanti, visited at their uncle's, V. L. Shankland's, last Friday and Saturday.

Rev. Mr. Laing, our pastor, who has been in Detroit the past week, on business, returned Friday evening.

The Ladies' Aid Society will meet at the home of Mrs. E. Matteson Friday, Feb. 27. All are cordially invited.

Grand preparations are being made for our last day of school. P. L. has discarded his cane and gone to work.

The New England supper, held at the home of A. Covert, was a grand success. Money flowed freely from the arrival of his guests until their departure.

Last Wednesday evening, about half past seven, our village was suddenly startled by sharp, piercing screams issuing from a back street. People, frantic with fear, rushed from their homes hatless and bonnetless. Arriving upon the scene, they were horrified to find a medium-sized man faintly struggling in the grasp of three stalwart women. Succor came none too soon, as the man was completely exhausted, owing to his rough handling. During the excitement, and it being an exceedingly dark night, all escaped without detection.

If those lady reporters of the Dixboro news had some of that that so effected my eyes in their eye, with something more, there would be less reporting at the village store. Moral—Neighbors living in glass houses must not throw stones.

### Hibbard's Rheumatic and Liver Pills.

These Pills are scientifically compounded, and uniform in action. No gripping pain commonly following the use of Pills. They are adapted to both adults and children with safety. We guarantee that they have no equal to the cure of Sick Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Biliousness; and, as an appetizer, they excel any other preparation. For sale by John Moore.

### Lima.

We expect to officiate in the near future as bridesmaid.

D. R. Jenks, Lewis Freer and Mrs. H. Baldwin are on the sick list.

Prof. Choate, of Lansing, is visiting his cousin, Chas. Goodwin.

Wm. Hamilton and wife entertained Mr. and Mrs. Glenn, of Grass Lake, last Saturday.

Variety at town hall last Saturday evening; first, republican caucus; second, lyceum; third, democratic caucus.

### The Great French Remedy.

Dr. LeDuc's Periodical Pills from Paris, France, act not only on the generative organs in females, and positively cure suppression of the menses (from whatever cause) and all periodical troubles peculiar to women. A safe, reliable remedy warranted to promote menstruation or money refunded. Should not be used during pregnancy. A large proportion of ills to which ladies are liable is the direct result of a disordered or irregular menstruation. Ask any druggist. Price, 25 cents. Sole Agents for Ann Arbor. Robert Stevenson & Co., Wholesale Agents.

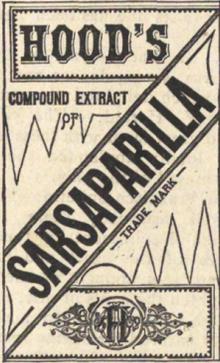
Speak with calmness and consideration on all occasions, especially of circumstances which tend to irritate.

### Everybody Knows

That at this season the blood is filled with impurities, the accumulation of months of close confinement in poorly ventilated stores, workshops and tenements. All these impurities and every trace of Scrofula, salt rheum, or other diseases may be expelled by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifier ever produced. It is the only medicine of which "100 doses one dollar" is true.

"Hark! Somebody is playing a delightful bit from Wagner."

"Oh, that's only James shoveling coal into the furnace."



The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health. At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is worthy your confidence. It is peculiar in that it strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. Give it a trial. Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

# EVERY OVERCOAT

In the House

TO BE

# CLOSED OUT

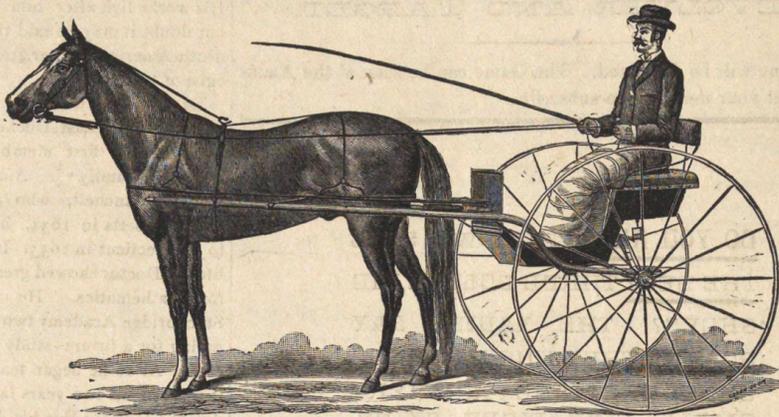
AT

LESS THAN WHOLESALE COST.

# J. T. JACOBS & CO'S.

HERE YOU AVE IT. ONLY \$18.00 SPOT CASH.

CALL AND EXAMINE. IT BEATS THEM ALL. IN PRICE AND QUALITY.



Ferguson's No. 7 Half Phaeton Cart.

A. P. FERGUSON, 47, 49, 51 and 53 Detroit St., ANN ARBOR, MICH.

### I Wished I was Dead!

After suffering several years with the Leucorrhoea, and no doubt I would have been, only a lady induced me to try Sulphur Bitters. Now I am well. Three bottles cured me.—Mrs. Copps, Newport, R. I.

"The girl who has a generous share of good qualities, and who is generous about using them, is the popular girl. Therefore if you would be popular make up your mind to be good-tempered, sincere, hopeful, sympathetic, gentle and unselfish."

"A stitch in time saves nine," and if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla now it may save months of future possible sickness.

Book Publisher—"I have looked over the manuscript which you submitted to us, and find a good plot, many well-drawn characters, and some picturesque word-painting; but the love scenes are cold and stilted. Can't you improve on them?"

Authoress (wearily)—"I am afraid not. I'm married."

### The Rage for Hot Milk.

By the by, there has never been so much vogue given to milk as there is just now. In fact, there are hundreds of clubmen who have never seen as much since they went from one bottle to another. You are asked to have a glass of hot milk, or a glass of hot vichy, just as you are asked to have a cup of tea, or some creme de menthe. In a cut glass goblet, standing on a bright hued plate, the milk and vichy is particularly appetizing, and it is marvelous how much of it the men drink.

It is the result of offering a simple drink in an attractive manner. Service in this world means so much, and really it seems to be more appreciated by men than by women. A boiled potato and a piece of beefsteak on a hot plate, with a glittering silver fork and a bright steel knife, and the bread in a smooth cut piece, with the whitest of napery, is more appetizing than a dinner of twenty courses served in a careless fashion.—New York Cor. St. Louis Republic.

### The Shortage in the Food Crops.

The magnitude of the food supplies of a nation is not very easily conceived. We get an approximate idea in the imports of Great Britain. In 1889 no less than 58,000,000 bushels of wheat went into British ports, and flour to the value of \$41,000,000 has circulated in English bread pans. It is calculated that the shortage in wheat in the crop of 1890 will not be less than 100,000,000 bushels. Potatoes are placed at the same shortage. Fruits, vegetables and berries are credited with a deficiency of 100,000,000 bushels. Europe reports 233,000,000 bushels lacking in the average potato crops, and the wheat crops as being 80,000,000 bushels less than the annual consumption. Should these figures be but approximately true, they indicate a gravity in the situation that the coming year will very pertinently show.—Economist.

## SPECIAL.

A LOT OF

Chamber Suits, Tables, Chairs, Etc.,

that should have been here three weeks ago, are rolling in in immense quantities

THE CHOICEST PATTERNS

on which Grand Rapids manufacturers were oversold. I cannot carry them through the summer and they must be moved now

CASH WILL CATCH A BARGAIN

I confess I want your money but I will make it pay you well to leave it with me.

W. + G. + DIETERLE.

N. B.—Just in, a lot of nice coverings and I am prepared to do your upholstering thoroughly and in first-class style.

W. G. DIETERLE, 37 S. Main St.

## HAVE YOU READ

# The Chicago Times

LATELY?

It is the Leading Democratic Newspaper of the Northwest.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is the popular paper for all who want a first-class newspaper—edited by the best writers, who each week contribute brilliant articles on Free Trade, The McKinley Bill, Bennett Law, Columbian Exposition, and all live subjects—Political, Social, Educational, Religious, Sporting, Agriculture, etc. The correct market reports are a special feature. Send for sample copies FREE and the SPECIAL PREMIUM offers. Address

THE CHICAGO TIMES.

E. E. BEAL. GEO. H. FOND.

## BEAL & POND

(Successors to A. DeForest.)

## Insurance Agency!

Representing Only

FIRST-CLASS COMPANIES,

COVERING

Fire Insurance, Steam Boiler Insurance, Plate Glass Insurance.

Lowest Rates, Honorable Adjustment and Losses Promptly Paid.

The patronage of our Friends and the Public generally is solicited.

Office in the Courier Building.

## THE ANN ARBOR FRUIT FARM.

Pears and Grapes a Specialty

Fruit, Ornamental Trees and Flowers From Ellwanger & Barry.

Order Early by Mail.

SYRUPS, MEDICINAL WINES

RASPBERRY SYRUPS, BONESSET, DANDELION AND OTHER

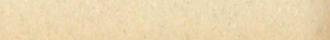
DOMESTIC GRAPE WINES

Prepared Especially for Invalids.

Pure Plymouth Rock Eggs.

E. BAUR, West Huron St.

\$8000.00 a year is being made by John R. Goodwin, Troy, N.Y., at work for us. Reader, you may not make as much, but we can teach you quickly how to earn from \$5 to \$10 a day at the start, and more as you go on. Both sexes, all ages. In any part of America, you can commence at home, giving all your time, or spare moments only to the work. All is new. Great pay SURE for every worker. We start you, furnishing everything. EASILY, SPEEDILY learned. PARTICULARS FREE. Address at once, STINSON & CO., PORTLAND, MAINE.



Chelsea.

C. E. Letts, of Detroit, was here several days last week.

An effort is being made to clear Recreation Park of debt.

John Gregg spent the past week among friends in this place.

The Chelsea erist mill now runs Monday, Friday and Saturday.

Wednesday's cold wave was not good for the wheat on the ground.

Miss Murray is closing her dress-making rooms, and will go back to Homer.

R. P. Chase and wife attended the prohibition conference at Jackson on Tuesday.

The high school actors will give "Under the Laurels" at Grass Lake sometime soon.

Mrs. Frey has rented her saloon to John Bohnet, of Dexter, who will continue the business.

Geo. E. Davis returned last week from his southern trip selling horses for T. H. Spaulding & Co.

Tiddle de wink is the latest craze for a popular game. It got here last week, and is engrossing the attention of the young people.

Rev. J. H. McIntosh preached last Sunday night on "The Coming Minister," and will preach next Sunday night on "The Coming Church."

The rain of last Monday replenished the cisterns and wells, but broke up the going, and was not good for the health of the people.

Nineteen members of the I. O. G. T. lodge here attended district lodge at Ann Arbor last Saturday, and report a very pleasant time with their Ann Arbor friends.

Rev. J. C. Armstrong, a former pastor of the Baptist church, officiated there last Sunday, and spent Monday among old friends here before returning to his home, in the southwest part of the state.

The donation at the town hall Tuesday night, for the benefit of Rev. Conrad, of the Baptist church, was well attended, and a pleasant occasion. It netted about \$65, which was good, considering the going and bad night.

The break-up in the going has nearly stopped the arrivals of farm produce. Prices remain about the same as last week on everything; wheat being 95 cents for red, and 92 cents for white. It will move freely again as soon as the roads are passable.

The drama entitled "Under the Laurels," which was rendered last Friday and Saturday nights, at the town hall by members of the high school, under the direction of Prof. Hall, was well attended both nights, and was very creditable, both to the actors and Prof. Hall. It netted the school library about \$75.

Eupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it, to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions, and the use persisted in, will bring you Good Digestion and oust the demon Dyspepsia and install instead Eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for Dyspepsia and all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys. Sold at 50 cents and \$1.00 per bottle by Eberbach & Sons, Druggists.

A German biologist says that the two sides of a face are never alike; in two cases out of five the eyes are out of line; one eye is stronger than the other in seven persons out of ten, and the right ear is generally higher than the left.

Tourists.

Whether on pleasure bent or on business, should take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50c and \$1.00 bottles by all leading druggists.

Black lace may be nicely cleaned by sponging with green tea or gin; wind it around a bottle to dry. Do not iron, or it will become glossy and have a flattened look, and do not place near the fire, or it will lose color and appear rusty. It may be quickly dried by filling the bottle with warm water.

"STRUCK THE GOLDEN MEAN" As a Blood Purifier

The Detroit Free Press says: "Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup, prepared by the Charles Wright Medicine Company, of this city, has struck the Golden Mean, in the treatment of all blood diseases, and its success is an evidence that an honest, pure and valuable medicine, is not incapable of attracting the attention of every family. There seems to be but one opinion as to its merit as a family medicine."

This is the real secret of the success of this wonderful remedy. Its perfect and speedy action, in removing all impure and poisonous matter from blood. No home should be without it, as a thorough and effectual blood purifier for young and old. For sale by all druggists.

The subscription by female clerks in Washington for a monument to General Spinner is said to be making great headway.

THE FACTS IN TWO CASES

THE MILLIONAIRE'S WIFE AND THE FARMER'S WIFE.

Marion Harland Thinks They Are Too Ambitious, and Writes Strong Words Condemning Their Desire and That of Their Husbands to Be "Smart."

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

They were as far apart in education and social station as if they had belonged to different races and had lived in different hemispheres.

They were as near akin in circumstances and in suffering as if they had been twin sisters, and brought up under the same roof.

The husband of one wrote "Honorable" before his name and reckoned his dollars by the million. He was, moreover, a man of imposing deportment, bland in manner and ornate in language. As riches increased he set his heart upon them and upon the good things that riches buy. He had four children, and he erected ("built" was too small a word) a palatial house in a fashionable street.

Each child had a suite of three rooms. Each apartment was elaborately decorated and furnished. The drawing rooms were crowded with bric-a-brac and monuments of upholstered ingenuity. It was a work of art and peril to dust them every day. He developed a taste for entertaining as time went on and honors thickened upon him, and he mistook, like most of his guild, ostentation for hospitality. Every dish at the banquets for which he became famous was a show piece. He swelled with honest pride in the perusal of a popular personal paragraph estimating the value of his silver and cut glass at \$50,000.

The superintendent, part owner, and the slave of all this magnificence was his wife. She was her own housekeeper, and employed besides the coachman, whose business was in the stables and upon his box, three servants. There were twenty-five rooms in the palatial house, giving to each woman servant eight to be kept in the spick-and-span array demanded by the master's position and taste. As a matter of course something was neglected in every department, the instinct of self preservation being innate and cultivated in Abigail, Phyllis and Bridget. Even more as a matter of course the nominal mistress supplemented the deficiencies of her aids.

The house was as present and forceful a consciousness with her as his Dulcinea with David Copperfield at the period when "the sun shone Dora, and the birds sang Dora, and the south wind blew Dora, and the wild flowers in the hedges were all Doras to a bud." No small ever carried her abode upon her back more constantly than our poor rich woman the satin lined, hot aired and plate windowed stone pile with her. The lines that criss-crossed her forehead, and channeled her cheeks, and ran downward from the corners of her mouth were hieroglyphics standing in the eyes of the initiated for the baleful legend:

HOUSE AND HOUSEKEEPING.

When she drove abroad in her luxuriant chariot, behind high stepping bays, jingling with plated harness, or repaired in the season to seashore or mountain, she was striving feebly to push away the tons of splendid responsibility from her brain.

One day she gave over the futile attempt. Something crashed down upon and all around her, and everything except inconceivable misery of soul was a blank.

Expensive doctors diagnosed her case as nervous prostration. When she vanished from the eyes of her public, and a high salaried housekeeper, a butler, a nursery governess and an extra Abigail took her place and did half her work, in the satin lined shell out of which she had crept, maimed and well nigh murdered, it was announced that she was "under the care of a specialist at a retreat."

A retreat! Heaven save and pardon us for making such homes part and parcel and a necessity of our century and our land!

Our honorable's consort never left it until she was borne forth into the seclusion of the narrow house that needed none of her caretaking. Upon the low green thatch lies heavily the shadow of a mighty monument that, to the satirist's eye, has a family likeness to the stone pile which killed her.

The second "case" is that of a farmer's wife, born and bred among the hills beyond the shelter of which she had traveled but once, and that on her wedding journey. She came back from the brief outing to take possession of her own house—prideful phrase to every young matron.

It was an eight roomed farmstead, with no modern conveniences. That meant that all the water used in kitchen and dwelling had to be fetched from a well twenty feet away; that there was no drain or sink or furnace; that stationary tubs had not been heard of, and the washing was wrung by hand. The stalwart farmer "calculated to live" in haying, harvesting, planting, plowing, thrashing and killing times. Whatever might have been the wife's calculations, she toiled unaided, cooking, washing, ironing, scrubbing, sewing, churning, butter making and "bringing up a family," single handed, with never a creature to lift an ounce or do a stroke for her while she could stand upon her feet. When she was laid upon her back—an unusual occurrence except when there was a fresh baby—a neighbor looked in twice a day to lend a hand, or Mrs. Gamp was engaged for a fortnight. It was not an unusual occurrence for the nominally convalescent mother to get dinner for six "men folks" with a 3-weeks-old baby upon her left arm.

Her husband was energetic and "forehanded," and without the slightest approach to intentional cruelty looked to his wife to "keep up her end of the log." He tolerated no wastefulness, and expected to be well fed and comfortable, and comfort with his Yankee mother's

son implied tidiness. To meet his views, as well as to satisfy her own conscience, his partner became a model manager, a woman of "faculty."

I saw her last year in the incurable ward of a madhouse. From sunrise until dark, except when forced to take her meals, she stood at one window and polished one pane with her apron, a plait like a trench between her puckered brows, her mouth pursed into an anguished knot, her hollow eyes drearily anxious—the saddest picture I ever beheld, most awfully sad because she was the type of a class.

Some men—and they are not all ignorant men—are beginning to be alarmed at the press of women into other—I had almost said any other—avenues of labor than that of housewifery. Eagerness to break up housekeeping and try boarding for a while, in order to get rested out, is not confined to the incompetent and the indolent. Nor is it altogether the result of the national discontent with "the greatest plague of life"—servants.

American women from high to low keep house too hard because too ambitiously.

It is, furthermore, ambition without knowledge; hence misdirected. We have the most indifferent domestic service in the world, but we employ as a rule too few servants, such as they are. It is considered altogether sensible and becoming for the mechanic's wife to do her own housework as bride and as a matron of years. Unless her husband prospers rapidly she is accounted "shiftless" should she hire a washerwoman, while to "keep a girl" is extravagance, or a significant stride toward gentility. The wife of the English joiner or mason or small farmer, if brisk, notable and healthy, may dispense with the stated service of a maid of all work, but she calls in a charwoman on certain days, and is content to live as becomes the station of a housewife who must be her own domestic staff.

Here is the root of the difference. In a climate that keeps the pulses in full leap and the nerves tense we call upon pride to lash on the quivering body and spirit to run the unrighteous race, the goal of which is to seem richer than we are, and make "smartness" (American smartness) cover the want of capital. Having created false standards of respectability we crowd insane asylums and cemeteries in trying to live up to them.

The tradesman who begins to acknowledge the probability that he will become a rich citizen, and whose wife has feelings on the subject of living as her neighbors do, takes the conventional step toward asserting himself and gratifying her aspirations by moving into a bigger house than that which has satisfied him up to now, and furnishing it well—that is, smartly, according to the English acceptance of the word.

Silks and moquette harmonize as well as calico and ingrain once did. A three-story-and-a-half-with-a-high-stoop house without a piano in the back parlor, and a long mirror between the front parlor windows, would be a forlorn contradiction of the genius of American progress. As flat a denial would be the endeavor to live without what an old lady once described to me as a "pair of parlors." The stereotyped brace are senseless and ugly, but one of the necessities of life to our ambitious housewife. She would scout as vulgar the homely cheerfulness of the middle class Englishman's single "parlor," where the table is spread and the family receives visitors.

Having saddled himself with a house too big for his family, and stocked the show rooms with pushings so fine that the family are afraid to use them unless when there is company, the prudent citizen satisfies the economic side of him by making menials of wife and daughters, without thought of the opposing circumstance that he has practically indorsed their intention to make fine ladies of themselves. Neither he nor the chief slave of her own gentility, the wife, who will maintain her reputation for "faculty" or perish in the attempt, has a suspicion that the strain to make meet the ends of frugality and pretension is palpably and criminally absurd. By keeping up a certain appearance of affluence and fashion they assume the obligation to employ servants enough to carry out the design, yet in nine hundred and ninety-nine times out of every thousand they ignore the duty.

I admit without demur that as American domestics go they are a burden, an expense and a vexation. Notwithstanding all these drawbacks, she who will not risk them should not live in such a way that she must make use of such instruments or overwork herself physically and mentally.

The entire social and domestic system of American communities calls loudly for the reform of simplicity and congruity. We begin to build and are not able to finish. Our economies are false and mischievous, our aims are petty and meretricious. The web of our daily living is not round and even threaded. The homes which are constructed upon the foundations of deranged, dying and dead women are a mockery of the holy name. Our houses should be planned and kept for those who are to live in them, not for those who tarry within the doors for a night or an hour. When housekeeping becomes an intolerable care there is sin somewhere and danger everywhere. MARION HARLAND.

Southern Women in New York.

Southern women and girls seem to be taking the literary, journalistic and business world of New York by storm. An energetic young lady, Virginia H. McRae, originally from Wilmington, N. C., has established The Phonogram in New York. It is a handsome monthly magazine, and is to be the official organ of the phonographic companies in the Union. Every other business interest has its own trade journal, and there is no reason why Miss McRae's magazine should not be highly successful. It is indorsed by Edison, who contributes to the first number. It was a plucky thing for a young woman to do all out of her own brave spirit—this starting a magazine in the big city of New York—and all women everywhere will hope she will make it a shining success. She herself is its business manager.



No. 9.—A Letter Enigma. Take A and Land L and V With double N and double E, And T will then be all you need, My hero's name to quickly read. He is a said, beloved by all On whom his pretty favors fall.

No. 10.—A Diamond. 1. A letter. 2. A chart. 3. Having panes. 4. A plecter. 5. Relating to a maniple. 6. Worked with the hands. 7. Deceased. 8. A muscle that expands any part. 9. Not so early. 10. A color. 11. A letter.

No. 11.—Charade. While roving o'er the mountains My first I proudly slew, While golden ripe below me My second lay in view. Whole makes a tempting breakfast dish, If you only know how, 'tis true.

No. 12.—A Rhomboid and a Word Square. 1. Across: Faculty of doing; new; at no time; to make new; loaded. Down: A consonant; a preposition; gained; always; a riotous feast; one of the principal rivers of the world; a color; a pronoun; a consonant. 2. The first word of the square represents a portion of the day celebrated by poets; the second a man's name; the third a small bird which feeds on insects and is familiar with man; the fourth a number.



Find a word of nine letters which will rightly describe picture No. 1. Remove one letter and transpose the remaining letters, and a word may be made which will describe picture No. 2, and so on till only a single letter remains.—St. Nicholas.

No. 14.—Hidden Flowers. Are these the pans you washed? The hero seemed affected. Is this your vil, Ethel? Her hair is golden, Rodney. How this hot sun tans you! Give me a pin, Kate. Did you forget me? Not at all. "Kape your mind aisy," says Bridget.

No. 15.—Transpositions. 1. Transpose a willow twig and leave destitute of color. 2. An interrogative pronoun and leave the melting of ice or snow. 3. A spring and leave a loud sound. 4. A metal of dull white color and leave to trade. 5. A fragment and leave a strip.

Singular Properties of the Number Nine. Some curious properties in numbers have been noticed which are well enough known to mathematicians as the necessary result of certain laws, but which at first appear utterly mysterious. The best known of these is the singular property of the number nine, when multiplied by any one of the digits, to reproduce itself in the product.

Twice 9, for example, is 18, and these two figures, 8 and 1, make 9. If this happened to be one or two multiples only it would be less marvellous, but it happens to all, with one equally remarkable exception. Nine times 11 equals 99, and the product of these figures is 91; but then 8 plus 1 equals 9, so thus the law holds, but a step is interposed, and that step consists of two nines instead of one.

A Conundrum with Comments.

Why is Sunday the strongest day in the seven? All the others are weak days. [Quite so; and yet there appears to be a sort of idea Sunday must be a weak day too, for people are so afraid of your breaking it.]

Why He Gave It Up. A man in a rural settlement, who had been an inveterate smoker for the past twenty years, suddenly and forever gave up the practice. He knocked the ashes of his pipe into a keg of gunpowder.

Key to the Puzzler.

- No. 1.—Crossword Enigma: Constantinople. No. 2.—Illustrated Rebus: "Striking manners are bad manners." No. 3.—Words Within a Word: Martingale, 1 ma; 2, mar; 3, mart; 4, art; 5, tin; 6, in; 7, i; 8, gale; 9, a; 10, ale. No. 4.—Numerical Enigma: "A full purse never lacks friends." No. 5.—Decapitation: Grind—rind—Ind—grin. No. 6.—A Double Metaplasm:

F B D E L I O C O L D S T

No. 7.—A Diamond: M F E D D A I L E S D E V I C E S F A V O R A T I N G M E L I O R A T I N G D E C L A R I N G S E A T I N G S T I N G E

No. 8.—Enigmatical names of cities: 1. Moscow. 2. Berlin. 3. Paris. 4. Liverpool. 5. Athens. 6. Florence. 7. Lowell. 8. Portland. 9. Saginaw. 10. Manchester.

Lead Poison Cured.

I am a painter by trade. Three years ago I had a bad case of Lead Poison, caused by using rubber paint. I was cured in a short time by S. S. S. The medicine drove the poison out through the pores of the skin. When I first commenced taking S. S. S., my system was so saturated with the poison that my underclothes were colored by the paint being worked out by the medicine through the pores of my skin. I was cured entirely by S. S. S. I took nothing else, and have had no return since. C. Park Leak, Waynesville, Ohio.

Our Little Child. Our little girl, Jessie, had Scrofula for six years. We tried the best physicians of New York and Philadelphia; also Hot Springs, Ark., (without avail. Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) cured her. D. B. Wagner, Water Valley, Miss.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Teacher—Willie, can you name the five senses? Tommy (from back seat) — I—I can tell. Teacher—Well, Tommy, what are they? Tommy—A half-dime.

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved. From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd of Groton, S. D., we quote: Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my Lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles; it cured me and thank God I am now a well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at Eberbach & Son's Drugstore, regular size, 50c and \$1.00.

Little Roger—Pa, what are the three elements? Pa—Fire, water and air. Little Roger—Then what are political elements? Pa—Fire-water and wind.

Experience Taught Me! And my money paid for it. After having Liver Complaint four years, and spending money on nostrums and doctors who didn't help me. I tried Sulphur Bitters. Six bottles cured me. I shall always use them.—G. N. Butler, Cohoes, N. Y.

Mrs. Cleveland has declined a check for \$500, which was indorsed in a note from a leading magazine requesting an article on "Personal Reminiscences of the White House."

EBERBACH & SONS DRUGGISTS AND PHARMACISTS No. 12 South Main Street DEALERS IN Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Artist's and Wax Flower Materials, Toilet Articles, Trusses, Etc. PURE WINE & LIQUORS Special attention paid to the furnishing of Physicians, Chemists, Schools, etc., with philosophical and Chemical Apparatus, Bohemian Chemical Glass ware, Porcelain Ware, etc., etc. Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Prepared All Hours.

Table with 4 columns: STATIONS, A.M., P.M., P.M., P.M. Rows include Detroit, Lansing and Northern Railroad, and Chicago and West Michigan Railroad.

Table with 4 columns: STATIONS, A.M., P.M., P.M., P.M. Rows include Grand Rapids, Holland, Grand Haven, Muskegon, Grand Rapids, Newaygo, White Cloud, Big Rapids, Baldwin, Lexington, F. & P. M., Mail route via M. & N. E., Traverse City.

Parlor Cars on all trains between Detroit and Grand Rapids. Rate, 25c for any distance. Free Chair cars between Grand Rapids and Muskegon. Leave Grand Rapids 5 P. M. The "Favorites" between Detroit, Grand Rapids and all points in Western and Northern Michigan. GEO. DEHAZEN, General Passenger Agent.

\$3000 A YEAR! I undertake to briefly teach any intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write, and who, after instruction, will work industriously, how to earn Three Thousand Dollars a Year in their own localities, wherever they live. I will also furnish the situation or employment, at which you can earn that amount. No money for the tuition successful as above. Easy and quickly learned. I desire but one worker from each district or county. I have already taught and provided with employment a large number, who are making over \$3000 a year each. It is NEW and SOLELY. Full particulars FREE. Address at once, E. C. ALLEN, Box 430, Augusta, Maine.

NEVER A FAILURE.

The Red River Valley of Minnesota and North Dakota has never had a failure of crops. It produced 30,000,000 bushels of wheat besides other cereals in 1890. Farms can be had on the crop plan, or long time cash payments. It is not an uncommon thing to pay for a farm from the proceeds of one crop. It has all of the advantages of an old country in the shape of school, church, market, postal & railway facilities, and all the chances of a new country in the way of cheap lands, rich soil, and increase in values. It is one of the most fertile and promising regions in America not yet fully occupied. In the rush to the far west, however, this rich valley has been over-looked. It has room for a million more people. Write to F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. for particulars. Publications sent free.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FARMERS' & MECHANICS' BANK AT ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, at the close of business, OCTOBER 2nd, 1890. RESOURCES. Loans and discounts \$215,708.98. Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc. 75,811.60. Over risks 2,078.99. Due from banks in reserve cities 25,979.50. Due from W. & O. W. Co. 17.50. Bills in transit 2,918.75. Furniture and fixtures 3,000.00. Current expenses and taxes paid 951.82. In arrears paid 1,490.26. Checks and cash items 625.19. Nickels and pennies 160.09. Gold 6,398.45. Silver 1,267.46. U. S. and National Bank notes 18,138.00. Total \$368,917.97. LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in \$50,000.00. Surplus fund 10,000.00. Undivided profits 498.20. Commercial deposits 25,234.17. Savings deposits 41,797.86. Due to banks and bankers 847.74. Total \$368,917.97.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, J. S. County of Washtenaw. I, F. H. BELSER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. F. H. BELSER, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of October, 1890. W. M. WREDDON, Notary Public.

CHRISTIAN MACK, FIRE INSURANCE. Etna of Hartford \$9,192,644.00. Franklin of Phila. 3,118,713.00. Germania of N. Y. 2,700,723.00. German-American of N. Y. 4,065,968.00. London Assurance, London 1,416,788.00. Michigan F. & M., Detroit 287,608.00. N. Y. Underwriters, N. Y. 2,596,679.00. National, Hartford 1,774,505.00. Phenix, N. Y. 3,759,086.00.

GEORGE W. MILLEN, WHO AS SPECIAL AGENT FOR THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. DESIRES TO SAY THAT THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY was incorporated by the Legislature of Vermont in 1843. Its existence practically covers the whole history of Life Insurance in America, as the oldest company wrote its first policy in 1813. Hon. Henry Clay, of Kentucky; Hon. Amos Abbott, of Massachusetts; Hon. Alex. Ramsey, of Pennsylvania were among the incorporators.

That during the forty years of its successful experience, it has passed through the cholera epidemic of 1854, the financial panics of 1857 and 1873, as well as the ordeal of the Civil War. These were trials when corporations and individuals were tried to their utmost capacity. On every side were failures, large and small, but the NATIONAL came out with a record of solid prosperity, and not a scar to mark the greatest financial disturbances ever known in this country. Its policy contracts, therefore possess all the security and permanence that stability and successful experience can guarantee.

That it wrote in MICHIGAN during the year 1888 \$74,000, and during the year 1889 \$752,000, which was the largest per cent. of gains during said year by any company in Michigan. No company writes a more satisfactory policy, writing in the face of each policy three guarantees: FIRST.—A paid up policy. SECOND.—A cash surrender for each year after the third. THIRD.—An extended insurance which provides for all emergencies that may overtake any one between youth and old age. Other facts and figures gladly furnished by Room 1 Hamilton Block Geo. W. Millen.

H. KITREDGE, No. 6 West Ann Street. LIVERY, HACK AND BAGGAGE LINE. In the rear of Edward Duffy's grocery store. Hack to all trains, day and night. Orders for trains, parties, weddings and funerals promptly attended to. Telephone, 108 Ann Arbor Mich.

Mr. Osband, of the Ypsilantian, in his speech at the convention, Tuesday, said the republican party was the only party capable of grappling with the emigration question, but he failed to state how they would grapple with it.

REPUBLICAN ORATORS and republican papers talk of the condition of the Southern states and hold their people up to abhorrence. The census figures are telling a tale somewhat different. From a bulletin, just issued, we find that while Virginia has increased 9.48 per cent in population, it has increased 55.06 per cent in school attendance; South Carolina has increased 50.89 per cent in school attendance while increasing only 15.63 per cent in population; Louisiana has increased 19.01 per cent in population and 53.52 per cent in school attendance.

THE republican party is evidently no longer united. The Detroit Tribune, the state organ, terms the issues which the Ann Arbor Courier, the county organ, regards as the cardinal issues of the party, sapless. The county convention of Tuesday clearly recognized the differences that existed. The committee on resolutions promulgated its resolves with evident timidity and evidently considered that it might possibly be better to wait until a state or national convention had defined the issues which held the party together.

can party and is a strong intimation that the caucuses of that party have been packed. This is the sum and substance of the resolutions. How do the sincere men of the party regard the expression of the party on the living issues of the day. What is there in them that demands their allegiance?

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

[OFFICIAL.] COUNCIL CHAMBER, Feb. 16, 1891.

Regular meeting. Roll call. Present—Ald. Dieterle, Mann, Martin, Herz, Snow, Walker, O'Mara, Miller, Taylor, Hall, Pres. Howlett. Absent—Ald. Spafford, A. F. Martin. Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

To the Honorable Common Council of the City of Ann Arbor, Mich.: Gentlemen: The Ann Arbor Street Railway Company hereby accepts the ordinance adopted by your honorable body, Jan. 26, 1891, entitled, an ordinance authorizing the Ann Arbor Street Railway Company to extend its railway lines under the provisions of an ordinance relative to Street Railway adopted August 13, 1888, and the amendments thereto.

Dated Feb. 6, 1891. The Ann Arbor Street Railway Co, by H. P. Glover, Pres. and Hudson T. Morton, Sec. Received and placed on file. The Clerk gave notice of a suit brought by Adolph Kemper against the city for Trespass. Damages placed at three thousand dollars.

ORDINANCE COMMITTEE. First reading by title of an ordinance to amend section 1 of an ordinance entitled an ordinance relative to disorderly houses.

Second reading of an ordinance to amend Section 1 of an ordinance entitled an ordinance relative to disorderly houses. By Ald. Herz.

Resolved that a committee consisting of Mayor, Pres. of the Council, City Attorney be appointed to go to Lansing and look after the amendments of our City Charter.

Yeas—Ald. Dieterle, Mann, Martin, Herz, Snow, Walker, O'Mara, Taylor, Hall, Pres. Howlett. Nays—None.

By Ald. Snow. Resolved that the telephone be taken from Mr. Walsh's house and placed in Chief Murray's house in the fifth ward. Carried.

By Ald. Mann. Resolved that the Board of Public Works be requested to submit to this council estimates of the cost of a stone crusher, engine and roller. Carried.

By Ald. Miller. Resolved that a committee of three be appointed to look after the repairs of the council room, carpeting, frescoing and refurnishing the furniture at a cost not to exceed two hundred dollars.

Yes—Ald. Dieterle, Mann, Herz, Snow, O'Mara, Miller, Pres. Howlett. Nays—Ald. C. Martin, Walker, Taylor.

Ald. Miller moved to reconsider the vote on the resolution. Carried. Ald. Miller moved that the matter be laid on the table. Carried.

Ald. Hall. Resolved that a committee of three be appointed to get estimates of the cost of refitting the council chamber.

Ald. O'Mara moved that the matter be laid on the table. Yeas—Ald. Herz, O'Mara, Miller, Pres. Howlett.

Nays—Ald. Dieterle, Mann, Martin, Snow, Walker, Taylor, Hall. On the resolution. Yeas—Ald. Dieterle, Martin, Snow, Walker, Hall.

Nays—Ald. Mann, Herz, O'Mara, Miller, Taylor, Pres. Howlett. Council then adjourned.

Who's got the Key? A lamp may be kept from smoking if the wick is soaked in strong vinegar and dried well before using. It will then burn clearly and give much better satisfaction for the trouble taken to prepare it. Whittier is fond of pets. He has three handsome dogs, two cats, and three horses. When the poet goes abroad in pleasant weather a young St. Bernard dog is his constant companion.

That Peculiar Lightness and Flavor

Noticed in the finest biscuit, rolls, cake, etc., is due to the absolute purity and the accurate combination of the ingredients of the ROYAL BAKING POWDER. The best things in cookery are always made and can be made only with the ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Hence its use is universal—in the most celebrated restaurants, in the homes of the people, wherever delicious, wholesome food is appreciated—and its sale is the largest of any leavening agent in the world. The ROYAL BAKING POWDER has stood all tests for a quarter of a century.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

MRS. WHITNEY'S VIEWS ON THE SOCIAL CAREER OF ACTRESSES.

Pleasant Chat with Mrs. Lippincott—A Norwegian School—Women Should Be Architects—The Only Woman Correspondent—Camilla Urso Harris.

Mrs. William C. Whitney, the wife of the ex-secretary of the navy, discussed freely the question regarding the social career of an actress.

"The question is not an easy one to my mind to answer, for it depends upon a great many conditions. I do not know at the present time of a single instance where a fashionable woman has gone on the stage and has retained her social position. The fact is there are very few fashionable women who have gone into professional life, and those few can hardly be cited as good examples. In every case these women have taken their choice between their friends in society and the people they have met on the stage, and in preferring the latter have lost all connection that they had with the friends of their former life. If a woman who goes on the stage surrounds herself by a first class company, and leads a perfectly clean life during her professional career, and continues her friendship for her social friends, it is quite likely that she would retain whatever good position she had before.

"I think, however," continued Mrs. Whitney, "that our society, being so conservative and rather slow, would probably hesitate a long while before opening its arms to an actress. There is nothing against the profession, and I know a great many lovely women who earn their living by it, but you know there is a general prejudice against it, and it would be hard to overcome it.

"In England the Prince of Wales is the leader of the social world, and an invitation extended by him to any member of the theatrical profession means, of course, social recognition all around. In this country society is founded upon a different basis entirely. We have no Prince of Wales and no leader to follow, and therefore there would be no one to settle such a question. Of course Mrs. So-and-so might invite a prominent member of the profession to dine with her or to one of her big entertainments, but it would be a question as to whether others would follow suit.

"No," continued Mrs. Whitney, "American society is not as lax in some respects as English society, for English society will tolerate a great deal that our society will not. The sum and substance of the whole matter is that it is hardly probable for many years to come that the fashionable world will accept a woman who has been on the stage, unless she belonged to society before entering on her professional career, and even then, as I said before, it all depends upon the manner of her stage life and her stage friends."—Philadelphia Times.

Pleasant Chat with Mrs. Lippincott.

I was greatly interested in listening to some of Mrs. Lippincott's reminiscences the other afternoon. We were talking in her pleasant apartment on West Thirty-fourth street, New York. She was showing me a scrap book which her mother made of newspaper clippings about Grace Greenwood. The personalities of those days are very amusing to read now. With their stately language, their rhetoric, they are entirely different from the flippant and familiar paragraphs of today.

"In those days," said Mrs. Lippincott, "it was an unusual thing for a woman to write. We were blue stockings then. How often did people say to me, 'Well, my dear, this writing may be amusing to you; you may enjoy it, but you know it will injure your chances of getting a husband.' That was the main object of woman's existence then. I was the first woman newspaper correspondent. No, I was not the first woman journalist—Margaret Fuller and Lydia Maria Child were before me—but my Washington correspondence inaugurated a new departure."

Mrs. Lippincott intends to make Washington her home for the future, and when once settled there to begin to make her recollections, which certainly will be instructive and of great interest. The lady's hair is quite gray. She is stout and motherly looking. The quaint, old fashioned portrait of herself when a

young woman shows a lovely face lighted by great hazel eyes, and many of the curious personalities and poems written to and about her speak of her beautiful hands and arms. Mrs. Lippincott's time is almost entirely given over to charitable work, hunting out the poor and needy and ministering to their wants. Her daughter, who studied for the stage and who was forced to retire from it temporarily on account of ill health, lives with her. She is a fair girl with a serious and delicate face.—Edith Sessions Tupper in Chicago Herald.

A Norwegian School.

Norway boasts several practical institutions in the way of schools, and a little information about one of these may not be without interest. The school in question is situated at some miles distance from Christiania, and looks, as one approaches it, like an ordinary farmstead, with dairy, etc. The interior is plainly but neatly and tastefully arranged. At present there are six pupils, who are divided into two sections, and every one of them is occupied in accordance with a fixed plan.

In the forenoon one section has the work in the house, and must do the work both of the mistress and the servants. They each have a number; number one, for instance, is busy in the kitchen, number two is making the rooms tidy, and number three attends to the dairy. The other section is at the same time engaged in weaving, sewing, cutting out, etc. As sections and numbers change every week all the girls get the different work in turn.

At 12 o'clock dinner is served, and then follows some hours' instruction in Norwegian, orthography, botany, natural science, etc. The garden, which is always in beautiful order, is also entirely kept up by the pupils.

The school is more particularly intended for peasant girls, and each course lasts a year; the pupils must have completed their eighteenth year before entering the school. The pay, including everything, is only fifteen kreutzers (about \$4) a month, and there are two pupils free. Similar schools will now be erected in various parts of Norway, at the instance of the Society for the Welfare of Norway. The number of applicants has been ten times greater than the accommodation.—New York Ledger.

So Mote It Be.

This country surprises itself and astounds the world now and then by demonstrating how exhaustless are its resources in the way of men to carry on almost any business. We object to a man after he and his friends think the country cannot do without him. We go out among the people and find a substitute who often turns out better than his predecessor.

Missouri and Kansas are agricultural states, and there are plenty of farmers who have education and training in business sufficient to fill acceptably official position of almost any kind. Why should they not be honored? Why should not the thought of the farm be directly represented in the councils of the two states? The rise of the farmer in politics is the leading characteristic of the present era. He is about to learn and teach a great deal. He will prove his capacity and gain confidence; he will learn that good men outnumber the bad in all classes. Antagonisms will be smoothed down by contact, and the end will be a higher mutual respect and warmer friendship among the various occupations of western America.—Kansas City Times.

We might do without our statesmen and hold up our head as high as any nation. The loss of some of them, indeed, would be a clear gain. We could not do without our farmers. We could not spare a single one.—Illustrated American.

An Expensive Message.

A cablegram of over 1,300 words which passed through this city from Lima to London one night recently over the lines of the Western Union company, cost a pretty penny to transmit, the rate being over \$2 a word. This would represent an outlay of over \$2,600, and is probably the largest toll paid by an individual or company outside of newspaper corporations.—New York Letter.

Never court the favor of the rich by flattering their vanities or their riches.

Odd AND End Sale in Pants

Here is Your Chance of the Season!

We have selected all the Men's odd Pants which are cut a little smaller than the prevailing style, goods costing \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50 and \$6.00, placed them on a separate table and for the three days, next Thursday, Friday and Saturday, will sell them at THREE DOLLARS A PAIR. As the best will go first it will pay you to be on hand early Thursday morning.

NOW FOR THE BOYS!

We have selected all the ODDS in BOYS' LONG PANTS, goods worth \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50, and on the same days will sell them at \$1.50 a pair.

Remember this price does not pay for the cost of the goods—We have plenty of them but at that price they will go fast.

Thursday, Friday AND Saturday

ODD AND END PANT SALE.

THE TWO SAMS

L. BLITZ.

OUR WAY OF WASHING.

Condensed Potash Flakes

and you will do your week's washing in less than half the time, and do it better than in the old way.

MAKES YOUR LINEN AND WHITE GOODS SOFTER AND WHITER. MAKES YOUR COLORED PIECES BRIGHTER. MOST DELICATE SHADES AND TINTS WILL NOT FADE. FLANNELS WILL NOT SHRINK, if you use CONDENSED POTASH FLAKES according to directions.

Don't let another Wash Day go by without trying it. 10 cents a package.

THE THOMPSON & CHUTE SOAP CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.



Our Way of Washing.

HOSIERY.

FAST BLACK—"BURLINGTON,"

25 cts. 35 cts. 50 cts.

FAST BLACK—"CLEANFAST,"

35 cts. 44 cts. 50 cts. 68 cts. 75 cts.

Above brands are the best in the market. We are sole agents.

\$1.00

CHILDREN'S HOSIERY.

Our line for Spring now in and acknowledged the best to be found, "Burlington," "Cleanfast" and Ipswich.

E. F. MILLS & CO.,

THE WHITE FRONT, 20 SOUTH MAIN ST.

ANN ARBOR MARKET REPORT

PRICES PAID BY MERCHANTS.

ANN ARBOR, Feb. 19, 1891.

Table with market prices for various goods like Apples, Beef, Butter, etc.

FORT WAYNE

Oil Cake Meal!

Oil Extracted by Pressure. Superior to any other.

BEST STOCK FOOD KNOWN.

SALT.

LUMP SALT For Cattle and Horses.

Saginaw and Syracuse. Fine Barrel Salt

Diamond Crystal. Fine Dairy Salt.

FOR SALE AT

Rogers' - Agricultural - Warehouse 27 Detroit Street, Ann Arbor, Mich.

TO RENT. A good dairy and garden farm of about 40 acres, 1/2 of a mile north of this city. Will rent cheap to a good tenant. Apply to J. S. Mann, 32 E. Huron street. 13-17

# BACH, ABEL & CO.'S

## SPECIALTIES

### For February

**BLEACHED COTTON.**—All the Best Brands: Pride of the West, Wamsutta, Fruit of the Loom, Lonsdale, and the celebrated Langdon 76 and Langdon G. B., Berkeley, Lonsdale and Wamsutta Cambrics. All at the best prices named.

**Ubleached Cotton.**—Our usual large stock of the Best Qualities, at Very Low Prices.

**Wide Sheetings.**—A Full Stock of all widths and qualities. We keep the best line, and sell more of these goods than any other establishment in this vicinity.

**A Splendid Value** in 10-4 Bleached Linen Sheet, at \$1.25 per yard, very heavy and fine.

**Table Linens.**—This is the place wherein we are very strong. Extra heavy values in Barnsley Cream Damasks at 40, 50 and 60 cents per yard. Splendid Goods (very wide) at 75c and \$1.00 per yard.

**Beautiful Bleached Damasks.**—At 65c, 75c and \$1.00 per yard. We have control for this city of a line of Patented designs, from one of the largest importers, at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.25 per yard, with Napkins to match. 25 pieces of Turkey Red Damask at 25c, 30c, 40c, and the Best goods made at 50c per yard.

We have opened a line of Scotch Gingham, French and American Satines that are very attractive, and from which we have made numerous sales. 100 pieces of American Dress Gingham at 10 and 12 cents per yard. An early choice gets the best selections.

**BLACK DRESS FABRICS,**  
Silk Warp Henriettas and Drap de Almas.  
All-Wool Henriettas and Drap de Almas.  
Striped and Black Plaid Satin Berbers.  
Straight-line Cords and Serges.  
Brocaded Almas and Wide Wale Diagonals.  
Sebastopol and Fancy Weaves.

This Stock will interest you when in want of a Black Dress. No advance in prices.

**Black Jersey Jackets.**—We have open one of the best lines in market, at \$5, \$7, \$8, \$9 and \$10 each. They are the correct garment for early spring wear.

**Kid Gloves.**—We have the best assortment in the city. Button, Hook and Mosquaire, in both Glace and Suede. All real Kid and every pair warranted. 14 and 20 button length. Gloves for Evening Wear. Old Price, despite the advanced cost.

**SPECIAL NOTICE.**—We shall continue our Reduction Sale of Cloaks, Blankets, Flannels and Knit Underwear, to clean them all out. Low Prices has and is doing the business. All Departments with Full Stocks of Best Goods. Low Prices. Large sales.

# BACH, ABEL & CO.,

26 S. MAIN STREET.

# GEORGE WAHR

THE LARGEST

## Book and Wall Paper

DEALER IN THE CITY,

Offers for the SEASON OF 1891, the Best Selected Stock of

# WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES

Ever shown in the city.

Look at the following Prices before buying:  
Best White Blanks, 5, 6, 7c  
Best Glats, 10, 12, 15c  
Best Flat Paper, 6, 8, 10c  
High Class Grade Glits 12, 15, 18c  
Fine Decorations, 20, 25, 30c

Our Papers are all guaranteed full length and best stock. In short, we are the cheapest Wall Paper House in the city. Remember we have the best Wall Paper Hangers and Decorators in our employ.

We would invite Special Attention to our full line of fine Stationery.  
**GEORGE WAHR,**  
Leading Bookseller and Stationer,  
Opposite Court House,  
Ann Arbor, Mich.

**C. W. VOGEL,**  
ANN STREET.  
**CHOICEST CUTS OF STEAKS.**  
All kinds of  
**MATS AND SAUSAGES.**  
Fresh lard always in stock. Poultry in season

**DR. L. D. WHITE.**  
CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN,  
Has removed to 204 Trumbull Avenue, Detroit  
Special attention to the treatment of chronic diseases.

### LOCAL BREVITIES.

Rev. Max Hein preached in Detroit, Wednesday night.

A new front will be put in the store of Bach, Abel & Co.

Russell H. Conwell lectures at Ypsi, in the Y. M. C. A. course, March 19.

Russell H. Conwell at University hall to-morrow evening. He is an eloquent lecturer.

The fire department were called out by a burning chimney on the corner of Huron and Main streets, Wednesday night.

Democratic officials are wont to do their duty, and who wonders that Art Brown has purchased a Guild piano for Mrs. Brown.

Gustave L. Foster died in Danville, N. Y., February 14. He was born in Dexter, in 1845, and was a nephew of I. N. S. Foster, of Ann Arbor town.

Miss Nellie Silesby, daughter of George Silesby, of Hamburg junction, died last Saturday, aged nineteen. The funeral services were held Monday afternoon.

High license to fight the drink evil; an address by J. C. French, of Eaton Rapids, will be delivered at the gospel temperance meeting at Cropsey's hall next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

A. A. Ward read a paper on "Is it Profitable for the Average Farmer to Keep Registered Sheep," before the Sheep-Breeders and Wool-Growers Association of Southern Miceigan, Wednesday.

A Union service will be held in University hall, Sunday night to be addressed by Rev. Dr. Harper. Those attending are requested to bring with them Gospel Hymns No. 5, if they possess the book.

The hours of instruction per week in the various colleges are: Harvard 70, Yale 119, Vassar 118, Columbia 110, University of Michigan 104, Cornell 84, Princeton 75, Amherst 72, Trinity 65.—Ex.

The county treasurer's office has been handsomely fitted up. A neat pattern of oilcloth now covers the floor and County Treasurer Brehm has provided at his own expense, a number of handsome engravings for the walls.

A new store building has gone up on Main street. So rapidly do buildings go up in Ann Arbor that this building was completed in twenty-four hours. It is a brick block just south of Gil. Snow's livery stable, six by nine feet in size and six feet high. It is occupied by a pop-corn stand.

The Ann Arbor Savings and Loan association have elected Gottlob Luick, president; N. J. Kyer, vice-president; J. R. Miner, secretary; F. H. Belser, treasurer; Chas. H. Kline, attorney; John H. Gates, chairman of the board and Wm. Biggs, Morgan O'Brien and W. E. Howe, committee on securities.

At the last meeting of the committee to whom was left the printing and distributing of the county fair premium book it was decided to place it in every hamlet and neighborhood in the county, making it a good advertising medium. The fair association will get the advertising for the book this year, themselves.

Richard E. Kearns was appointed chief clerk of the state land office on Wednesday of this week. This is a well-deserved recognition of one of Washtenaw's brightest young men. Mr. Kearns, although a democrat, had retained his position in the railway mail service, proving himself a most efficient clerk. He is fully competent to discharge the duties of his new office, and his appointment is an excellent one.

David Mowerson, who lived in Ann Arbor township on the Dixboro road, died of rheumatism of the heart, Tuesday. He was born in New York seventy-nine years ago, and came to Ann Arbor in 1835 and

settled on his present farm. He was first lieutenant in the state militia. He was married in 1843 to Miss Sabra Fox who survives him. He leaves three children George D., Charles J. and Clara. The funeral services will be held at his late residence at half past one this afternoon.

The Sewing Circle of the Congregational church is prepared to fill orders for a great variety of work. If you want anything done inquire of Mrs. Henry S. Dean, E. Liberty street.

Patrick McDonnell was fatally injured in Ypsilanti, Tuesday evening, while stealing a ride on the Michigan Central. He was a Detroit boy and was stealing his way to Chicago. At Ypsilanti he jumped from the train while in motion, struck on his feet but was drawn under the train and both legs crushed close to the body and two fingers cut off. He was taken to Detroit on the Wednesday morning train.

The most interesting feature of Commencement week has always been the address to the graduating classes. Every year the University authorities have been successful in securing able men of national reputation. Last year Ex-President Andrew D. White, of Cornell, delivered the address. This year President Gilman, of Johns Hopkins University, has been secured to deliver the address. Pres. Gilman is one of the most prominent and able educators in this country, and an able address is in store for those who will listen to him next June.

Mrs. Mary A. Clark, wife of James Clark, of North Main street, died at four o'clock, Wednesday afternoon, of general debility. She was born in Spalding, Lincolnshire, England, November 4, 1821, and came to Ann Arbor, May 26, 1851. She was married June 24, 1841. She was for many years a member of the M. E. church. She leaves a husband and five children, Mrs. B. W. Roberts, of Chicago; Mrs. Dr. E. Hillis, of Pittsburg, Kansas; Kirk H. J. Clark, of Portland, Oregon; William A. Clark and Mate A. Clark, of this city. The funeral services will be held Sunday afternoon at one o'clock, at the house.

### Who's got the Key?

Lost—on Wednesday afternoon, a lady's gold-stem-winder watch and gold chain. Finder will please return to this office and receive reward.

### McMillan Hall.

McMillan Hall, which is now building on State street, opposite the High School, will be completed by the middle of April next. It is being constructed under the direction of Senator McMillan, of Detroit, for the Tappan Presbyterian Association of Ann Arbor, and has cost, up to date, \$15,000. The architect is a Detroit gentleman, and the workmen are also sent by Senator McMillan from that city.

On the first floor will be found the reception room and library, up stairs an audience room with a seating capacity of 300. The "gym," which, of course, will not be wanting, and which we are assured will be a model of its kind, will occupy the basement section. The architectural connection of McMillan Hall with the older (Sackett's) hall, on the corner of State and Huron streets, is to be noticed. A broad cloister connects the two buildings, thus affording a complete promenade between them.

The hall will be furnished, we understand, by the association, and will be ready for occupancy the first of the next collegiate year. It is to be not at all exclusive in its privileges. Designed as a club house, it will be made attractive as such, and will offer its hospitality both to young men of Ann Arbor and to students of U. of M. The training course of free lectures now given in the Presbyterian church will be offered in the audience hall just mentioned. Altogether, it will make an attractive and favorite place of resort for young men.

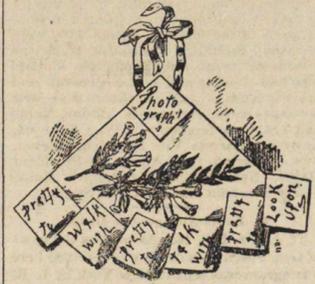
Frequently review your conduct and note your feelings.

### Who's got the Key?

### PHOTOGRAPH HOLDERS.

Handsome Case for the Preservation of Sun Drawn Portraits.

Photographs today are in highest favor, as well as in the greatest perfection, and they may be made in all sorts of attractive designs. The open fan design is a particularly pretty one, and would be an appropriate gift to a young man who possessed photographs of all the reigning belles in his own locality. It enables one to sort one's friends, as it were, and place them where they belong, according to the sentiment on the square shield. A heavy piece of cardboard is easily cut in shape of an open



FAN SHAPED HOLDER.

fan by spreading one upon it as a pattern the size you may desire. Then seven squares should be cut two inches and a half square. A light piece of cotton wadding should be laid over the fan piece and the squares. This may be delicately sachet with orchid powder or white rose. If skillful with the brush and water colors paint a spray of climatis or trumpet vine like the design of the illustration upon the satin before covering the fan piece with it, though a rich design stamped and embroidered is equally as effective.

The satin may be applied with mucilage, paste or with the needle, and should be of bright color—a rich gold or crimson—to properly display the photographs placed against it. The yellow is very attractive as a background for trumpet flowers, the heavy greens of the leaves and rich reds leaving the yellow parts of the flower to be colored by the satin itself. The squares are then nicely covered with bits of plush to match the satin, on which lettering in dull red makes piquant description of the photos they are to support. The fan and these bits may be lined with thin silk or colored cambric. The squares are easily sewed in place, save the top and end one, which may be pasted against the fan or fastened by means of skillful stitchery. A ribbon girdle is fastened at the top to suspend it from a hook on the wall or the knob of a mirror, while a double case of this sort—that is, two fans with back to back—may be hung from a gas jet or chandelier, and affords ample capacity for all one's friends.

EMMA MOFFETT TYNG.

### The Fashions of Paris.

Evening toilets are made this season of richer materials than ever before, and the highest novelty is velours de Venise, which is a velvet brocade upon velvet. The flowers are made in a pile almost half an inch deep, while the body of the velvet is itself about a quarter of an inch thick, which makes a superb but



SERGE PROMENADE TOILET AND VELOURS DE VENISE DINNER ROBE.

very expensive robe. Of this the long Italian sleeves are made, lined with soft armure silk, and the train is of the same, while the corsage and jupe are of Ottoman silk laid in deep plaits, sometimes fastened with beaded passementerie.

The novelties in woolen goods for early spring are diagonals and serges, self striped silk warp and woolen Henriettas, and shepherd checks in gray and white and black and white.

Navy blue A. A. and B. B. in shade is a favorite. This is seen in fine serge, with a border woven in of gray and navy satin in broken diagonals, and below this a band of three inches of black astrakhan. Sometimes the whole will be sprinkled with large polka dots of astrakhan.

### Washington a Woman's Paradise.

Washington is a paradise for the woman who loves to show her independence. Every day of the year women tourists arrive, stop at one of the big hotels, and start out to see the town. Washington has the most famous woman lawyer, the best known woman's dress reformer, and no end of women who make their way in the world in the public departments, in professional life and as proprietors of hotels and boarding houses, to say nothing of the many women who go there to push their claims upon the government with energy and persistency more than masculine. Washington is becoming noted, too, as a city of rich widows, who, practically alone in the world, manage large estates and carry on extensive domestic establishments. The carping critic and cynic, the sneering curmudgeon, the doubting Thomas, who prate of woman's resemblance to the vine and her inability to do for herself, should by all means go to the Capital City and see what she will see.

When Gen. Spinner was in congress he voted for Lucretia Mott for speaker of the house of representatives.

### Bicycle Riding School.

At the skating rink, every Monday and Thursday evening, from 8 to 10 o'clock. Ladies who desire to learn to ride the wheel will be taught to ride. Arrangements will be made for gentlemen should any wish to learn. \$5.00 will be charged for teaching each person to ride and same will be deducted from price of wheel should a purchase be made. Number of wheels in use is limited, so apply early to C. W. WAGNER, Bicycle Dealer, 21 S. Main.

Remember everyone is entitled to a chance on the sewing machine by handing in their bid, if not more than \$1.00. Hand in the bids, the time is getting short. Bids to be opened February 22, '91.  
J. T. JACOBS & Co.

I would not grow weary in well doing—instead, I would keep on encouraging myself by trying to live up to my ideal of a woman, and the very fact of my trying so hard would make me achieve that, which I wished.

## SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.

The success of this Great Cough Cure is without a parallel in the history of medicine. All druggists are authorized to sell it on a positive guarantee, a test that no other cure can successfully stand. That it may become known, the Proprietors, at an enormous expense, are placing a Sample Bottle Free into every home in the United States and Canada. If you have a Cough, Sore Throat, or Bronchitis, use it for it will cure you. If your child has the Croup, or Whooping Cough, use it promptly, and relief is sure. If you dread that insidious disease Consumption, use it. Ask your Druggist for SHILOH'S CURE, Price 10 cts., 50 cts. and \$1.00. If your Lungs are sore or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cts.

## GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Monday Eve., Feb. 23

The Complete Production of the Great New York and San Francisco Success.

## Chip O' the Old Block

One of the Greatest Musical Farce Comedy's of Modern Times.

Facetious Fermentation of Frivolous Fancies and Funny Facts.

## Comic Situations

Novel Scenes. Sparkling Music.

Popular Prices, 35c, 50c, 75c.

Reserved Seats on Sale at Postoffice News Stand.

### WILL

## NOT BE UNDERSOLD!

The Finest Line of

## Druggist's Goods!

In the City, at the

## LOWEST :- PRICES

Can be Seen at

## Goodyear's,

DRUGSTORE,

No. 5 South Main Street, Ann Arbor.

## W. F. LODHOLZ

IS OFFERING

## BARGAINS

## Groceries and Provisions.

FIRST-CLASS GOODS A SPECIALTY.

New Teas at 25, 30, 40, and 50c per pound. Kettles, porcelain lined, free with 1 pound Baking Powder at 50 cents. China ware free with 1 pound coffee at 25 cents per lb. The best goods at the lowest prices. Always full weight and measure. All goods fresh and warranted. Delivered to any part of the city. You will save money by trading with

**W. F. LODHOLZ,**  
4 and 6 Broadway.

## WE SAVE YOU THE NECESSITY

of all this Severe Labor.

## OUR BARGAINS

are all prepared in advance,

And We Drive Them for You.

## OVERCOATS

are being closed at ridiculously

## LOW :- PRICES.

Every Article in the Store at a

## DISCOUNT FOR CASH

ALL-WOOL

## PANTALOONS

FOR \$2.98.

Suits for Men, Boys and Children

—NOT—

"At Your Own Price,"

But for about the cost of Buttons and Thread.

## A. L. NOBLE,

Leading Clothier and Hatter.

Sign of the Red Star. ANN ARBOR.

### GRAND

## INAUGURAL SALE

—OF—

## NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS

—AND—

## NEW WASH GOODS.

The Greatest Number of Pieces, The Latest and most Exclusive Styles. The most Superior Line of Shades ever offered by any H. use in this city.

NEW, NEAT AND PRETTY STYLES.

## BLACK DRESS GOODS

A close fine Serge at 50c, worth 75c. A fine 46 inch Serge at 75c, worth \$1.00.

Fancy stripes in Blacks at 50c, worth 75c.

Black Silk Warp Henriettas at \$1, worth \$1.25.

46 inch pure black Mohairs at 50c, worth 75c.

40 inch black Mohair Brillantines at 40c a yard.

Extra fine 40 inch all wool Henriettas at 50c a yard

Beautiful quality 46 inch Henriettas at 75c.

Then comes about 200 pieces fine imported Dress Goods, choice of the lot 50c a yard, consisting of Spring Serges and Henriettas in new shades Silk and Wool Plaids, Homespun, Boucle Plaids, Scotch Plaids, Black and White Plaids and Checks, American Wool Novelties and many styles worth 75c all 50c a yard.

## SPRING WASH GOODS.

This will be the greatest Gingham season ever known. The styles are very pretty and the prices are so low starting at 8c and 10c a yard.

Then comes the fine Zephyrs at 12 1/2c a yard and the Scotch Gingham, wonders of beauty, at 25c a yard.

With this lot of Wash Goods we place on sale 50 pieces of the celebrated Dragon Fa-t Black, Plain and Plaid Lawns at 10c, 12 1/2c 15c to 25c a yd. The only make of Fast Black Lawns worth buying.

25 Pieces Plaid and Check White Muslins at 6c a yard. 2 Cases Pretty New Challies for 5c a yard. 50 Pieces New Indigo Blue Prints at 5c a yard.

Always the Cheapest,

## SCHAIRER

& MILLEN

Let every enfeebled woman know it! There's a medicine that'll cure her, and the proof's positive!

Here's the proof—if it doesn't do you good within reasonable time, report the fact to its makers and get your money back without a word—but you won't do it!

The remedy is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—and it has proved itself the right remedy in nearly every case of female weakness.

It is not a miracle. It won't cure everything—but it has done more to build-up tired, enfeebled and broken-down women than any other medicine known.

Where's the woman who's not ready for it? All that we've to do is to get the news to her. The medicine will do the rest.

Wanted—Women. First to know it. Second to use it. Third to be cured by it. The one comes of the other.

The seat of sick headache is not in the brain. Regulate the stomach and you cure it. Dr. Pierce's Pellets are the little regulators.

### WANTED, FOR SALE, ETC.

**FOR SALE.**—A new milk cow. Call at 5-15 W. W. BOYLE'S, Webster

**DRAFTS** on all European ports for sale by JAS. R. BACH, 16 Huron street.

**TICKETS** for the Anchor Line of ocean steamers for sale by JAS. R. BACH, 16 Huron street.

**FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.**—One hundred acres, north-west of Ann Arbor. Enquire at ARGUS office.

**PARTIES** having property for sale should leave the same at BACH'S Real Estate Agency, 16 Huron street.

**FOR RENT.**—Several first-class houses. Call on J. R. BACH, 16 Huron street.

**INSURE** your property with JAS. R. BACH, 16 Huron street. Only first-class companies represented.

**FOR SALE.**—Young horse warranted good and sound to work double or single, weight 1,800. Apply to E. G. Bisbee, three miles northeast of Ann Arbor.

**LADIES** call from 9 to 11 a. m., and from 2 to 5 p. m., for free trial of "Blush of Roses," for beautifying the complexion.

**FARMS** ATTENTION—Japanese Buckwheat. I have eighteen bushels for sale for seedling purposes. Apply to E. C. Bartlett, Ann Arbor city.

**DO YOU** want a situation in Chicago or the west? Write the Employers' Association, Chicago, Ill., stating what you can do.

**ANN ARBOR NURSERY.**—Fruit and ornamental trees. Peach and pear a specialty. Grape vines, berry plants, etc. Price low. Jacob Ganzhorn, head of Spring street.

**FOR RENT.**—Two commodious pleasant flats, with six rooms each in New Block on State street. Enquire at No. 15 South State street.

**FOR SALE.**—House in Second ward; 2 brick stores and frame building on North Main street, occupied respectively as grocery, saloon, and barber shop. Inquire of executors of James Kilson estate, 21 Geddes avenue.

**PIANO TUNER.**—We have secured Mr. T. C. Phelps, an expert piano tuner and repairer, to do our piano work. He comes to us most highly recommended. Any orders left for him at our store will receive prompt and careful attention.

**FOR SALE.**—Three and a half lots and house No. 25 N. Ashley street. House ten rooms, cistern, water works, barn, all in good repair. Lots sold separately if desired. Lower lots \$250. Lot with house. A decided bargain. Enquire of P. J. Schiede, State st., or 25 N. Ashley st.

**AUCTION SALE.** As I have made up my mind to discontinue farming on account of bad health I will sell at auction at my personal property on Monday, March 2, 1891, commencing at 9 o'clock a. m. I also offer for sale my farm, if not sold I will rent. Any person wishing to buy should call and get particulars. Patrick Gibney, Northfield.

As it is quite an object for me to locate near the University, I offer to exchange for a house in the bustling city of Battle Creek, centrally and nicely located (No. 199 Jefferson street), on street car line, and within two minutes' walk of two depots, and five minutes' walk of Main street, which brings the M. C. Depot near hand. The place is worth about \$2,000. Will pay difference in cash, if necessary. Title perfect. Address or call on R. E. Reeve, Dexter, Mich.

### MANHOOD RESTORED.

"SANATIVO," the Wonderful Spanish Remedy, is sold with a Written Guarantee to cure all Nervous Disorders, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, in either sex, caused by over-exertion, youthful indiscretions, or the excessive use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately lead to Infirmary, Consumption and Insanity. Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price, \$1 a package, or 6 for \$5. With every \$5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sent by mail to any address. Circular free. Mention this paper.

MIDRID CHEMICAL CO., Branch Office for U. S. A. 417 Broadway, NEW YORK, N. Y.

FOR SALE IN ANN ARBOR, MICH., BY Mann Bros., Druggists, 39 South Main St. J. J. Goodyear's Drug Store, No. 5 South Main St.

### MARTIN & FISCHER.

PROPRIETORS OF THE WESTERN BREWERY, ANN ARBOR, MICH. Brewers of Pure Lager Beer.

### W. M. HERZ,

NO. 4 W. WASHINGTON ST. House, Sign, Ornamental and Fresco Painter. Gliding, calculating, glazing and paper hanging. All work is done in the best style and warranted to give satisfaction.

## A NATION SORROWS

### The Country Bows Its Head O'er Sherman's Bier.

### LAST HOUR OF THE OLD WARRIOR.

### The Angel of Death Bears Him Hence in Peace, and the Struggle of Life Is Over.

A Long Watch and Wait for the "Last of Earth"—The Old Soldier Unable to Speak a Word of Farewell—His Wishes as to Burial Made Known Only Recently—President Harrison's Feeling Announcement of the Event to Congress.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—"It is all over." It was Gen. Thomas Ewing who said these words to a group of anxious and waiting friends and reporters as he stood bareheaded on the doorstep of Gen. Sherman's residence a few minutes before 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Within a few seconds the news had been flashed over the wires to every part of the country. The old hero's long and stubborn fight with death was at an end, and he had been conquered at last. Death came slowly, but easily, and without pain to the veteran of so many bitter struggles. He passed away at exactly 1:50 o'clock. All the members of his immediate family were gathered at his bedside at the time, except his eldest son, Rev. Thomas E. Sherman, the Jesuit priest, who is now on his way to the country from abroad on the steamer Majestic.

### A Weary and Solemn Vigil.

The dying general had been unconscious for several hours, and his fluttering pulse was so feeble that on several occasions it was almost impossible to tell whether he was living or not. His long struggle had completely exhausted him and it was only his remarkable vitality and will power that enabled him to cling to life so long after all hope had been given up. From time to time during the morning some of the family would leave the room, but only to be summoned back hastily when it was thought that the end was approaching. It was in those moments that he clung to the thread of life that remained for nearly five hours after he became completely unconscious. After 11 o'clock it was expected that every moment would bring the end, and telegrams were prepared to send to all his friends and the officers of the government at Washington City as soon as dissolution occurred.

### Sending the News Abroad.

At the final moment there was no appreciable change in the appearance of the sufferer. He had been lying as one dead for several hours. Dr. Alexander, who had his hand on the general's breast—for he could not detect the heart beats in his pulse—was watching his face intently. He looked up quietly at just ten minutes to 2 and told the grief-stricken family that his patient had passed away. Gen. Ewing immediately left the room and went down to the door to announce the fact to the representatives of the newspapers, who had been watching the house anxiously for four days. A few minutes after this Secretary Barrett went to the telegraph office on Columbus avenue with a large batch of dispatches, which were addressed to President Harrison, each of the members of his cabinet, and to relatives and friends of the family at Washington City and elsewhere.

### A Peaceful Passing Away.

The general's death was absolutely painless. It was at 4 a. m. Saturday that a great change took place in his condition—a change that betokened that all the prayers which had gone up over the land that his life might be spared were in vain. He was feverish and his breathing was labored and rapid. The doctors were hurriedly called and during the morning had several consultations, but remedy after remedy failed of effect. Indeed, they were only tried on the principle that while there is life there is hope. The glands of the throat were very much swollen and the accumulation of mucus was so great that the patient was unable to throw it off by reason of his declining strength, and it was this gradual filling up of the lungs that finally brought the end. Gen. Sherman had not spoken a word from Friday morning until he died, although he was conscious apparently part of the time and recognized those about him, vainly trying to speak to them. His fingers were icy cold hours before death and the coldness gradually extended to his hands and arms and body.

### ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE BURIAL.

### The Old Hero's Wishes in This Regard—A Military Funeral.

Immediately after Gen. Sherman's death Gen. Howard and Gen. Slocum, who were on the general's staff, were sent for. Some two weeks ago the general made known his wishes as to his burial. He particularly requested that his body should not lie in state anywhere. He also requested that the funeral be a strictly military one. He said that he did not care particularly for any military observances here in New York, but that he did want a military burial in St. Louis, which would be participated in by his old companions in arms. He also requested that the funeral rites be not in conformity with any particular form of religion. He wanted a soldier's burial.

At 8 o'clock Saturday evening the detail of soldiers who are to guard the remains arrived. The detail consisted of a corporal, two sergeants and six privates from Battery M, First United States artillery, stationed at Governor Island. The detail was under command of Lieut. Rodman.

The arrangements for the funeral were not completed yesterday. Gens. Slocum, Howard, and Butterfield consulted with the family about the funeral. It was decided that whatever services were held should be at 1 o'clock on Thursday afternoon at the house, and that they should not last more than one hour. The family wished them to be even shorter. A partial programme for the military was made. Gen. Sherman's body will be buried in a plain oak casket, covered with black cloth and lined with satin. There will be polished silver bars on each side, and on top a silver plate bearing only the name and dates of birth and death. Gen. Sherman's body was promptly em-

ailed, and yesterday noon dozens of floral tributes were sent to the house, and all the afternoon throngs of callers arrived. Among those who left cards were Mrs. Gen. Grant, C. M. Depew, ex-Secretary Fairchild, Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Elkins, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Wilson, Samuel Dalton, attorney general of Massachusetts; Maj. George M. Wheeler, U. S. A.; Admiral Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Vail, Maj. and Mrs. Bates, U. S. A.; Lieut. Commander Cheney, U. S. N.; Carl Schurz, John F. Scott, Perry Belmont, D. O. Mills, Rev. and Mrs. Mackay Smith, and William H. Aspinwall, Gen. Howard and Slocum met at the late general's home at noon with many other military men to perfect arrangements for the funeral.

Many Telegrams Received. Saturday and yesterday telegrams of sympathy and condolence poured in from all parts of the country. Some 3,000 were received, including messages from the president, from public officials, soldiers who had fought under the general and other friends. Among those who sent messages were Secretaries Blaine, Noble and Tracy, ex-Secretary of War Endicott, Lawrence Barrett, Vice President Morton, Justice Harlan, Gen. Alger, ex-President Hayes, Gen. Schofield, Secretary Rusk, Judge Gresham and Henry M. Stanley.

### St. Louis Accepts the Duty.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 16.—As soon as the news of Gen. Sherman's death was received here a telegram was sent to New York by L. B. Ripley, commander of the Ransom post, G. A. R., tendering the services of the post to carry out Gen. Sherman's wishes and an order issued expressive of the sense of sorrow of the members of the post, giving the following extract from a letter written by Gen. Sherman to the post on the 70th anniversary of his birthday: "Ransom post has stood by me since its beginning and I will stand by it to my end, and then, in its organized capacity, it will deposit my poor body in Calvary alongside my faithful wife and idolized soldier boy." The post was to have held a social meeting Saturday night, but the programme was changed and a memorial service held instead. The mayor issued a proclamation ordering the flags on city buildings displayed at half-mast.

### ACTION AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

### President Harrison's Tribute to the Great Dead—A Mourning City.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 16.—The president sent the following message to congress Saturday afternoon:

TO THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES: The death of William Tecumseh Sherman, which took place today at his residence in the city of New York at 1:50 p. m., is an event that will bring sorrow to the heart of every patriotic citizen. No living American was so loved and venerated as he. To look upon his face, to hear his name, was to have one's love of country intensified. He served his country, not for fame, not out of a sense of professional duty, but for love of the flag, and of the beneficent civil institutions of which it was the emblem.

### HE WAS AN IDEAL SOLDIER,

and shared to the fullest the esprit du corps of the army, but he cherished the civil institutions organized under the constitution and was only a soldier that he might be perpetuated in an undiminished usefulness and honor. He was in nothing an imitator. A profound student of military science and precedent, he drew from them principles and suggestions, and so adapted them to novel conditions that his campaigns will continue to be the profitable study of the military profession throughout the world. His genial nature made him comradely to every soldier of the great Union army. No presence was so welcome and inspiring at the camp fire or commandery as his.

### HIS CAREER WAS COMPLETE.

His honor was full. He had received from the government the highest rank known to our military establishment, and from the people unstinted gratitude and love. No word of mine can add to his fame. His death has followed in startling quickness that of the admiral of the navy, and it is a sad and notable incident that when the department under which he served shall have put on the usual emblems of mourning four of the eight executive departments will be simultaneously draped in black, and one other has but to-day removed the crape from its walls. (Signed) BENJAMIN HARRISON, Executive Mansion, Feb. 14, 1891.

### Order to the Army.

The following executive order was also issued:

It is my painful duty to announce to the country that General William Tecumseh Sherman died this day at the city of New York at 1:50 p. m., at his residence in the city of New York. The secretary of war will cause the highest military honors to be paid to the memory of this distinguished officer. The national flag will be floated at half-mast over all public buildings until after the burial; and the public buildings of the city of Washington and in the city where the interment takes place on the day of the funeral, and in all places where public expression is given to the national sorrow during such hours as will enable every officer and employe to participate therein with his fellow citizens.

(Signed) BENJAMIN HARRISON, Executive Mansion, Washington, Feb. 14, 1891.

### Four Departments Draped.

Officially Washington is in mourning. Never before in the history of the government have so many executive departments at one time been draped in mourning for deceased officials. At this time the following departments are draped: The navy department for ex-Secretary Bancroft and for Admiral Porter; the treasury department for Secretary Windom; the interior department for ex-Secretary Sherman; the war department for Gen. Sherman; the mourning emblems were removed Saturday from the department of justice, which was draped for ex-Attorney General Devens.

### Death of Admiral Porter.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 14.—Another of the men whose deeds are part of their country's history has passed to his long rest, and Admiral Porter lies dead at his home, 1,714 H street. He had been long ill, his first serious illness dating back twelve years, when he had an attack of strangulation of the bowels, but it was seven years later when the disease which was his death seized on him. The cause of death was fatty degeneration of the heart, and although he has been at the head of the navy, holding a position created for him by congress, only the lightest of the duties of the office have been performed by him. His death occurred a short time after he awoke yesterday morning, the exact time being 8:15.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 18.—The funeral of the late Admiral Porter occurred from his residence yesterday afternoon, and was attended by the president, members of the cabinet, naval officers and officials, the former in uniform, and many members of congress, as well as numerous visitors from other points, who came here to attend the obsequies.

### Two Toughs Slash Each Other.

HIAWATHA, Kan., Feb. 18.—Sunday night, near Padonia, two toughs named Ryan and Morton quarreled over a game of cards. Both drew knives and began cutting each other. Ryan was killed and Morton seriously wounded.

## THE NATIONAL LEGISLATURE.

### Proceedings in the Senate and House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 12.—The senate yesterday agreed to a resolution calling on the secretary of the treasury for a list of persons or firms by whom silver had been offered under the act of July 14, 1890; a list of those from whom silver had been purchased, the amounts, and prices, the basis on which an estimate is made of the market price of silver, and the amounts and prices of silver bullion purchased outside of the United States. Consideration of the naval appropriation bill was resumed, and after amendment the bill was passed.

After routine business the house went into committee of the whole on the legislative appropriation bill. In the debate McAdoo of New Jersey spoke in opposition to the shipping bill, and Stockdale of Mississippi referred to violations of the civil service law. No action was taken on the bill and the house adjourned.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 13.—In the senate yesterday the credentials of Teller for the senatorial term beginning March 4 next were filed. The copyright bill was taken up, but owing to Sherman's absence the bill was laid aside, and the District of Columbia appropriation bill was considered and passed. A number of bills on the calendar were passed, and the senate adjourned.

After routine business the house went into committee of the whole on the legislative appropriation bill. In the debate the administration of the pension office was attacked by Enloe of Tennessee and defended by Perkins of Kansas. Without disposing of the bill the house adjourned.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 14.—In the senate yesterday the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was reported. The copyright bill was then considered, and after four hours' discussion Sherman's amendment, providing that foreign editions of books, etc., which are copyrighted in the United States, may be admitted to this country on payment of the regular tariff duties, was agreed to by a vote of 25 to 24. The bill was then laid aside. The president's message announcing the death of Admiral Porter was received, and the senate soon afterwards adjourned.

The house after routine business went into committee of the whole on the legislative appropriation bill. In the debate an amendment appropriating \$36,400 to enable the civil service commission to execute the provisions of the civil service act was agreed to. The bill was then reported to the house, and the amendment providing for clerks to members not chairmen of committees was defeated. The bill was then passed. The president's message announcing the death of Admiral Porter was read and referred, and the house adjourned.

### WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 16.—In the senate Saturday the credentials of William F. Vilas, as senator-elect from Wisconsin for the term commencing the 4th of March next, were presented and filed. Consideration of the copyright bill was resumed, and continued until 3:30, when, after making considerable progress with the bill, it was laid aside, and the message of the president announcing the death of Gen. Sherman laid before the senate. The remainder of the day's session was occupied with eulogistic remarks by Hawley, Morgan, Manderson, Evarts and others. Resolutions of regret at the death both of Admiral Porter, and Gen. Sherman, and providing for the appointment of committees to attend their funerals were adopted, and the senate adjourned.

### The house, after routine business, took up in committee of the whole the Indian appropriation bill and some progress was made. In general debate several speeches were made on the Indian problem, but without disposing of the bill the house, after hearing the announcement of Gen. Sherman's death and adopting resolutions of regret at the death of Admiral Porter, adjourned.

### WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 17.—The credentials of Jones of Nevada, and Mitchell of Oregon, were presented and filed in the senate yesterday. The conference report on the fortification bill was agreed to. The bill directing proceedings of condemnation to be brought against the Pacific railways was referred. An error of punctuation in the tariff bill affecting the duty on twines was corrected. After some debate on the diplomatic bill an executive session was held, and when the doors were opened Quay made a statement specifically denying the charges that have been made against him of corruption in his political career. Further debate and action on the diplomatic bill took place, but without concluding the bill the senate adjourned.

### In the house E. B. Taylor of Ohio apologized to Fithian for using unparliamentary language toward him Saturday. The conference report on the army bill was agreed to. The Indian appropriation was debated without action. Resolutions in honor of Gen. Sherman were adopted and the house adjourned.

### WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 18.—The credentials of W. A. Pfeffer as senator-elect from Kansas were presented and filed in the senate yesterday. Stanford's government land bill was reported back adversely, with a recommendation that its consideration be indefinitely postponed. The diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was then considered, and after a long debate passed. The copyright bill was taken up, but the senate adjourned without taking action on it.

### In the house a resolution was reported for the impeachment of Alexander Boardman, United States district judge for the western district of Louisiana. The conference report on the fortification bill was agreed to. The Indian appropriation bill was then considered in committee of the whole and its engrossment and third reading ordered. The house then adjourned.

### Trouble at the World's Fair Site.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.—The contractors for grading Jackson park for the uses of the Columbia fair were forced to suspend work yesterday owing to the fears of their Italian workmen that the crowd of laborers assembled in the vicinity of the park would assault them. Their fears appeared to be well founded, too. The hundreds of idle men assembled uttered threats and kept up a constant jeering at the Italians in the alleged interests of organized labor. The contractors pay the men 15 cents per hour, and say they are not worried, as the work is hardly begun yet. When they get a full force at work, they say, they will demand protection of the authorities. They also say that they are making no discrimination as to the laborers employed.

### John Jacob Astor, the young New York millionaire, married Miss Ava Lawe Willing at Philadelphia Tuesday. The wedding was "swell" with all the word implies.

## The NATIONAL HYMN AS REARRANGED FOR THE WORLD'S FAIR. SANTA CLAUS SOAP



My Country: 'tis of thee, Sweet land of liberty, Of thee I sing; Land where our fathers died; Land where our Mothers cried; Over the wash-tub tied Let freedom ring. My native country, thee—Land of the noble free— Thy name I love; I love thy tucks and frills; But oh! what laundry bills; My soul with honor thrills; When I think of thee, Let music swell the breeze, And blow through all the trees; Hail SANTA CLAUS: Let tired mortals wake And gladly try a cake, Let all for cleanness sake, Join the applause.

**N.K. FAIRBANK & CO. CHICAGO, ILL. MAKERS FOR ALL NATIONS.**



"Boss wouldn't blanket him in the stable. Said it wasn't no use."

FREE—Get from your dealer free, the 5/A Book. It has handsome pictures and valuable information about horses.

Two or three dollars for a 5/A Horse Blanket will make your horse worth more and eat less to keep warm.

Ask for

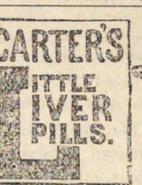
- 5/A Five Mile
- 5/A Boss Stable
- 5/A Electric
- 5/A Extra Test

30 other styles at prices to suit every body. If you can't get them from your dealer, write us.

## 5/A HORSE BLANKETS

ARE THE STRONGEST.

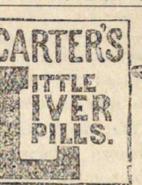
None genuine without the 5/A LABEL. Made by Wm. Ayres & Sons, Philadelphia, who make the famous Horse Brand Baker Blankets.



## 5/A HORSE BLANKETS

ARE THE STRONGEST.

None genuine without the 5/A LABEL. Made by Wm. Ayres & Sons, Philadelphia, who make the famous Horse Brand Baker Blankets.



## CURE SICK HEADACHE

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure others do not.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

HENRY RICHARDS.

Dealer in all kinds of HARD WOOD, LUMBER, FENCE POSTS.

Maple Flooring, etc., also Pine and Shingles.

ALL KINDS OF FIRE WOOD.

PRICES AS LOW as any dealer in the City. Agent for

Champion Binders and Mowers.

No. 9 Detroit Street. ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN.

SULPHUR BITTERS

THE GREAT German Remedy

TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those deathly Bilious Spells depend on SULPHUR BITTERS, it will cure you.

Do you suffer with that tired and all gone feeling? If so, use SULPHUR BITTERS; it will cure you.

Operatives who are confined in bed, should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and sickly.

If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS; it never fails to cure.

Don't be without a bottle. Try it, you will not regret it.

Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS.

Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 2-cent stamps to A. P. ORDWAY & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy free.

C. H. MILLEN

Insurance Agent

No. 4 South Main St., Ann Arbor.

The oldest agency in the city. Established a quarter of a century ago representing the following first-class companies.

Home Ins. Co. of N. Y. - \$7,000,000 Continental Ins. Co. of N. Y. 4,207,200 Niagara Ins. Co. of N. Y. - 1,735,563 Grand Ins. Co. of Phila. - 1,132,436 Orient Ins. Co. of Hartford - 1,419,522 Commercial Union of London 12,000,000 Liverpool, London and Globe 32,000,000 Rates low. Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid.

C. H. MILLEN.

7 PER CENT. NET. 7 PERCENT. NET.

CAPITAL, \$250,000.

THE KEYSTONE MORTGAGE CO.

Offers for sale, at par and accrued interest, its own seven per cent, first mortgage coupon bonds, (in amounts from \$250 to \$5,000) on improved farm and city property, semi-annual interest. Absolute guarantee of interest and principal. Interest payable at Ann Arbor. For particulars in regard to these safe and desirable loans, consult

W. D. HARRIMAN, ATTY., ANN ARBOR, MICH.

Small little fortunes have been made at work for us, by Ann Arbor, Austin, Texas, and also, Boston, Toledo, Ohio. See cut. Others are doing as well. Why not you? Some earn over \$200.00 a month. You can do the work and live at home, wherever you are. Even if you are a widow, you can work for \$10 a day. All ages. We show you how to do it. Write for our free literature. We will call the phone. Big money for workers. Full time, afternoon, among them. Write now. W. D. HARRIMAN, ATTY., ANN ARBOR, MICH.

H. Hallett & Co., Box 840 Portland, Maine

NEWS OF THE STATE

This open winter may account for the unusually large spring crop of candidates for justice of the supreme court, that's already in sight of the several nominating conventions.

An attempt will be made to again breathe the breath of life into Kalamazoo college, Dr. T. Nelson, of Saginaw, having been appointed to the presidency, vice Wilcox resigned.

The Palmerton factory, at St. Louis, was kept outside of the wooden v. are trust and its orders are so far in advance of the supply capacity that enlarged facilities will give 10 additional hands the opportunity of solving the bread and butter question.

Whitehall's most important industry is a factory that turns out Russian leather which has the looks and odor of the genuine imported article.

Peter Herkins, a Bay City chap filled himself with booze and then went out for a nap beneath the frosty stars. When found he was so thoroughly chilled that he was warned back to life with much difficulty.

Harry Gas shot and killed his wife, reloaded his revolver and fired again, then stabbed her with a large knife, and to make his brutality complete, pounded the dead woman's head into a jelly with a large monkey wrench. All this happened near Lilly Junction, in a state where the murderer, however brutal, does not hang unless he gets into the court of Judge Lynch. Gaa is in jail at Baldwin.

A two-headed baby is agitating social circles at Edmore.

William Moore of Belleville, is desirous of cooling the Wabash Railway company, and will furnish 'em with 200 car loads of ice in exchange for shekels.

Candidates for pill and powder dispensing credentials may be interested in the statement that the state board of pharmacy will hold an examination meeting at Grand Rapids, March 3 and 4.

Cheboynig is to have a cheese factory of 300 cow power in the spring, being the first industry of the kind to be established in that bailiwick.

An average of 700 cars are ferried across the St. Clair river at Port Huron daily. All this will be changed when the big tunnel goes into commission.

Muskegon isn't exactly after the earth, but she wants the earth's factories just the same. This time it's a \$500,000 linoleum factory, at Manchester, England, that she's harvested. This makes the fourth factory of this kind to be established in this country.

Michigan waterways are being planted with 3,000,000 brook trout by Superintendent Marks, of the Paris fish hatchery.

Allen S. Alger, youngest son of Gen. R. A. Alger, of Detroit, died on the 9th of typhoid fever, aged 8 years. He was sick but two weeks.

A couple of Vernon youths obtained a glass of whisky of a local saloonist, contrary to law, which cost the beverage dispenser an even \$50.

Miss Zoe Gayton, the California girl who's engaged in walking across the continent on a wager, reached Detroit fifteen days ahead of time. The amount at stake is \$2,000.

A set of Saginaw burglars seem to be quite particular about the tools they write with, and this accounts for the \$400 worth of gold pens taken from the store of Swinton & Reynolds, of that city.

One Manton man accused another of stealing a heifer, but the accusation didn't stick, whereupon the accused pounced upon the accuser with an action for damages for defamation of character, and secured a judgment of \$200.

A Mt. Clemens family of four persons were made very sick by eating custard of which corn starch was an ingredient. The starch was poisoned by the arsenic wrapper of the package.

More'n thirty car-loads of ship timber are being prepared for shipment in Calhoun county by James Shanahan, of the land of Genesee, to be used in the construction of boats at Bay City. The timber will be shipped from Battle Creek.

Grand Haven's canning factory will double its capacity the coming season, last season's product of 38,000 quarts of tomatoes having been sold at good prices.

The jury disagreed in the Palmer murder case, recently tried at Saginaw, four of the twelve being in favor of Palmer's acquittal. Another trial is now in order.

Marquette merchants are no longer compelled to come down with the cash, all in a lump, to cancel the duties on imported goods, as the city now has a bonded warehouse.

Grand Rapids furniture manufacturers are having an unusually brisk demand for their wares.

Julius Houseman, a well-known business man of Grand Rapids, died at his home in that city on the 8th. He had held many important public positions, and represented the Fifth district in congress from 1883 to 1885.

Something like 2,000,000 feet of logs are being banked daily on the Kifre river.

Mt. Pleasant's village charter makes no provision for bonding their town for public improvements and so the business men will try and have some of the lymph of modern business provisions injected into the instrument.

Detroit dogs to the number of 185 were muzzled at the pond in that city the past month, resulting in a depressed condition of the local sausage market.

A Stanton citizen has been held to the circuit court on the charge of selling diseased meat, but the weighing out of sliced parcels of tough, jawing-breaking steak will be continued all over the state.

Lester Miller, a Greenville farmer, planted fifteen acres of potatoes last spring, securing a net return of \$200 per acre, or \$3,000 for the product of the field. Some folks seem to know how to make farming pay.

Detroit people are kicking against the state statute which exempts railroad property from municipal taxation, as the \$5,000,000 worth of railway property owned in that city pays not 1 cent of local tax.

Michael Toomey, charged with the murder of Pat Sullivan at Nequane, justified his action on the ground of self-defense and was acquitted by a Marquette jury.

The will of the late Julius Houseman, of Grand Rapids, made many years ago, bequeathes \$5,000 to his divorced wife and the balance of the estate, valued at nearly \$1,000,001 to his daughter, Mrs. D. M. Amberg.

A Flint cow of more than ordinary bovine knowledge broke loose 'tother and climbed a winding stairway to a loft above where she was found the next morning by her owner, contentedly munching hay.

The drought in central and southern California has been broken by a heavy rainfall.

THE MICHIGAN STATESMEN.

Some Notes from the Journals of Senate and House.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 13.—Representative Botsford has introduced a bill in the house providing that persons engaged in the commission business must secure a license and give bonds for the faithful performance of their trust. Several anti-oleomargarine bills were presented. One requires that butterine, oleomargarine, and like substances must be colored pink. A bill introduced by Senator Basone, one of the three independent farmer senators, providing for a uniform system of text books, stirred up a hot fight in the senate. The bill provides that after June, 1892, uniform text books shall be used in all the schools of the state, and that only the English language shall be taught, no matter whether the school is graded or ungraded. Consideration was postponed.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 13.—Yesterday Representative Miller introduced a bill providing that lawyer members shall be prohibited from practicing their profession during the session. The attorney members scored a point in return by giving notice of a bill prohibiting farmer members from following their vocation during the session. A remarkable bill introduced provides that the railroads of the state must transport members of the legislature and fifty pounds of baggage for each free of charge when the members are engaged upon legislative duty.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 14.—Representative Henze introduced a capital punishment bill yesterday. It provides that "all murders which shall be perpetrated by means of poison, or lying in wait, or any other kind of willful, deliberate, and premeditated killing, or which shall be committed in the attempt to perpetrate any arson, rape, robbery, or burglary, shall be deemed murder of the first degree, and shall be punishable by death. He also introduced a bill for death in such cases by electrocution. Senator Withington introduced a bill providing that the state employes, both departmental and those connected with the public institutions, shall come under civil service regulations. Representative Bathey presented a bill to amend the jury laws as to permit majority verdicts. Both branches have adjourned until Monday night.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 18.—The legislature yesterday took a shy at trusts and combines. A bill introduced in the senate makes it a penal offense to be a member of any combine, trust or syndicate organized to raise the price of any product or commodity or to advertise or sell any article the price of which is controlled by a trust. The penalty is a fine of from \$100 to \$1,000, or imprisonment from one to five years in the state's prison.

Fixing Telephone Rates. Senator McCormick introduced a bill fixing the monthly rental for telephones at \$2.50 for each 'phone within a mile of the central office, and not over 25 cents additional for each additional mile. The house passed a joint resolution urging congress to adopt measures to secure the election of United States senators and the president and vice president by direct vote of the people.

The Health of Jay Gould. NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—Jay Gould arrived in the city Saturday morning. Some who saw him say that he walked from the depot in good form and was apparently in good health. The World, however, says that Gould's appearance on his arrival indicated that the reports of his sickness were not exaggerated. His whole manner showed that it was a great physical effort to walk from the train to his carriage, and he had to be helped into it by his footman. His face bore evidences of suffering and he sank into the carriage in an exhausted condition.

Flood Difficulties in Ohio. MASSILON, O., Feb. 18.—All trains on the Wheeling and Lake Erie have been abandoned, and trains are unable to get within twenty-five miles of each other on account of washouts. The track is washed out and wires are down on both roads. The Tuscarawas river rose ten inches here in one hour yesterday, surrounding all dwellings in the northern part of the city.

Powderly's Heart Troubles Him. TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 18.—Just as Master Workman Powderly was concluding his speech to the Knights of Labor at Representative hall yesterday, he fell prostrate in his chair from an attack of heart disease. He recovered in about five minutes and was able to walk to his hotel.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, Feb. 17. The quotations on the board of trade to-day were as follows: Wheat—No. 2 February, opened 94 3/4c, closed 95c; No. 1, opened 97 3/4c, closed 98c; July, opened 93 3/4c, closed 93 3/4c. Corn—No. 2 February, opened 53 3/4c, closed 53 3/4c; No. 1, opened 52 3/4c, closed 52 3/4c. Oats—No. 2, opened 45 3/4c, closed 45 3/4c; No. 1, opened 43 3/4c, closed 43 3/4c. Rye and barley—Nominal. Pork—Dull; mess, \$10.50; lard—Quiet; March, \$5.94; May, \$6.08.

New York, Feb. 17. Wheat—No. 2 red winter, \$1.13 cash; do March, \$1.10 1/2; do May, \$1.09 1/2; do June, \$1.08 1/2; do July, \$1.07 1/2; do mixed, 63 3/4c; do March, 63 3/4c; do May, 63 3/4c; do July, 63 3/4c. Oats—Steady, but dull. No. 2 mixed cash, 53 3/4c; May, 53 3/4c; Rye and barley—Nominal. Pork—Dull; mess, \$10.50; lard—Quiet; March, \$5.94; May, \$6.08.

St. Louis, Feb. 17. Wheat—Closing; Firm; cash, 96 3/4c; No. 1, 97 3/4c; No. 2, 98 3/4c; No. 3, 99 3/4c; No. 4, 100 3/4c; No. 5, 101 3/4c; No. 6, 102 3/4c; No. 7, 103 3/4c; No. 8, 104 3/4c; No. 9, 105 3/4c; No. 10, 106 3/4c; No. 11, 107 3/4c; No. 12, 108 3/4c. Corn—Higher; cash, 56 3/4c; May, 57 3/4c; July, 58 3/4c; Oats—Higher; cash, 45 3/4c; May, 46 3/4c; July, 47 3/4c; Lard—Quiet; \$5.40. Whisky—Steady; \$1.14.

Toledo, Feb. 17. Wheat—Quiet and firm; cash, \$1.04 1/2; No. 1, \$1.03 1/2; No. 2, \$1.02 1/2; No. 3, \$1.01 1/2; No. 4, \$1.00 1/2; No. 5, \$0.99 1/2; No. 6, \$0.98 1/2; No. 7, \$0.97 1/2; No. 8, \$0.96 1/2; No. 9, \$0.95 1/2; No. 10, \$0.94 1/2; No. 11, \$0.93 1/2; No. 12, \$0.92 1/2. Corn—Firm; cash, 54 3/4c; May, 55 3/4c; July, 56 3/4c; Oats—Firm; cash, 44 3/4c; May, 45 3/4c; July, 46 3/4c; Lard—Quiet; cash, \$5.40; March, \$5.40.

Milwaukee, Feb. 16. Wheat—Quiet; No. 2 spring on track, cash, \$1.08 1/2; No. 1, \$1.07 1/2; No. 3, \$1.06 1/2; No. 4, \$1.05 1/2; No. 5, \$1.04 1/2; No. 6, \$1.03 1/2; No. 7, \$1.02 1/2; No. 8, \$1.01 1/2; No. 9, \$1.00 1/2; No. 10, \$0.99 1/2; No. 11, \$0.98 1/2; No. 12, \$0.97 1/2. Corn—Quiet; No. 3 on track, 50c; Oats—Dull; No. 2 white on track, 46 3/4c.

NEEDHAM BEATEN.

Tom Ryan, of Chicago, Wins a Championship.

FIVE HOURS' WORK IN THE RING.

A Fine Exhibition of Fistic Skill That Made the Spectators Tired Because It Wasn't Sufficiently Gory—The Vanquished Man Game to the Last, but Lacking in Endurance—Neither Man Much Hurt, and Blood Drawn Only Once.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 18.—Patrons of pugilistic events from Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Indiana to a total of over 200 came in on yesterday morning's trains from Chicago. On the same trains there were no small number of substantial looking business men and commercial travelers whom mysterious and pressing business had called to the Flour City, said pressing business being to witness the fight between Dan Needham and Tom Ryan, which took place at the Twin City Athletic club last night. There were about 1,500 spectators present when the men went into the ring. The fight was with four-ounce gloves, and at not more than 140 pounds. Ryan weighed 139 and Needham 137 1/2.

A Review of the Fight. At 9:30 p. m. the men took the mark and shook hands. From the 1st round to the 7th there was nothing done except a very good exhibition of scientific sparring, only one or two sharp blows being exchanged, but in the 7th the exchanges were heavier, Ryan receiving a blow in the face and Needham one in the body. Blows were exchanged after this round as follows: In favor of Ryan—A heavy body blow and two facers; two heavy blows on Needham's ribs; heavy neck blow. In Needham's favor—Two light body blows; a ringing right hander on Ryan's ear; heavy one on his face; and this closed the 10th round with an hour of fighting and neither hurt much.

Going Hammer and Tongs. Little was done then until the 19th, when they went at each other for blood. Needham got blows in the neck and left eye, and Ryan a fearful face, being forced to the ropes. Ryan got a staggerer in the ear in the 20th and one in the stomach in the 21st. There were heavy exchanges in the 24th, mostly in Ryan's favor. The fighting was hot but light up to the 31st, when they both received telling blows in neck and face, while Needham's lip began to swell. In the 34th Needham got a blow on the jaw that was believed to have broken it, but his seconds denied it, and both men were vigorous in the next round.

The First Knockdown. The fighting was lively for the next two rounds, and Ryan was sent spinning to the ropes once. He retaliated in the 37th round with a blow that knocked Needham off his feet flat on his back. Both men were groggy and sparring for wind for several rounds. It was 12:21 a. m. when the 43rd round began, and Needham gave Ryan a righthander in the face, followed by an upper cut. From then to the 57th round, it was the same old thing, and the crowd yelled for blood, but none was shed. Both men had badly swelled faces, but they were seemingly in condition to go on all night.

BULLETIN.—Ryan won the fight in the 76th round, after fighting 5 hours and 5 minutes. At the end of the 64th round, although Needham's nose was swelled, also his shins, and Ryan had a number of lumps on his face, not a drop of blood had been spilled. The spectators were raising a pandemonium, calling on the men to fight, but they did not begin in earnest until the 74th round, when Ryan gave Needham a hard facer, and another on the jaw that sent him reeling to the ropes. In the 75th Needham hit a palpable foul, and then both began fouling. Science and rules were ignored, and it became a regular slugging match with the advantage with Ryan.

Needham's Friends Give It Up. Needham was pluck, however, to the core. In the 76th round he came up groggy, but game. Ryan let out right and left and got home every time, drawing the first blood of the fight. Needham was driven to the ropes, but struggled to the center of the ring and was knocked down; got up again, and again went down; he came up again, to go down once more, and still game was again sent to grass. This time his seconds took him to his corner and threw up the sponge. Ryan was carried out of the ring in triumph. The fight ended at 2:35 a. m., lasting five hours and five minutes, and Tommy is welter-weight champion of the world. The fight was one of the finest exhibitions of scientific pugilism ever given anywhere.

THE GIBSON DYNAMITE CASE. Bail of \$25,000 Wanted by the State—The Accused to Surrender. CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—When the indictment against S. J. Gibson, of the whisky trust, was placed before Judge Shepard yesterday the judge fixed the bail at \$25,000 and ordered a capias for Gibson's arrest to issue. Mr. Burry, one of Gibson's counsel, assured the state authorities that his client would appear in court to-day and furnish the required bond. President Greenhut said to a reporter that he received a telegram from Gibson, in which the latter said he would come here from Peoria and surrender himself. Mr. Greenhut added: "Of course we will have bondsmen ready for him."

Brazilian Reciprocity May Fail. NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—A special cablegram to The World from Bahia, Brazil, says: "Americans who have been led to believe that Mr. Blaine's commercial treaty with Brazil is a settled fact will be interested to know that the treaty has not yet been ratified, and that it is not likely to be. The mercantile community views the proposed treaty with the greatest dissatisfaction. Brazilian exporters find that by the terms of the treaty they are no better off than they were before, so far as trade with the United States is concerned."

Questioning Kyle's Election. PIRRE, S. D., Feb. 18.—The question was raised yesterday as to the legality of Kyle's election to the United States senate. The claim is made that the constitution provides that a majority of all the members of the legislature is necessary to elect. This would necessitate Kyle's receiving eighty-five votes, whereas the vote gave Kyle only seventy-five. There are also rumors that Kyle was voted for by the Democrats on a "deal" by which the F. M. B. A. men in the Illinois legislature are to vote for Palmer.

THIS AND THAT.

How it Works.

CURES LUMBAGO.

1626 Orleans St., Balto., Md., Feb. 25, '90. I was confined to the house two weeks with lumbago, but St. Jacobs Oil cured me; no return. WM. A. GOETZE.

CURES BRUISES. Feursville, Mo., Feb. 7, 1890. "St. Jacobs Oil is without a peer for pains, bruises, aches, &c." Rev. T. G. HAWKINS, Pastor Baptist Church.

CURES SPRAINS. Cincinnati, Ohio, April 2, 1890. I suffered with a sprained ankle which swelled very much. Found great relief in use of St. Jacobs Oil and swelling disappeared. MOLLIE HICKS.

ST. JACOBS OIL The Great Remedy For Pain, CURES ALSO RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA.

Estate of John W. Slattery. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the 29th day of January in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John W. Slattery, deceased. Thomas D. Kearney, the administrator of said estate, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such administrator.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Saturday, the twenty-first day of February, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered that said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the time and place of the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the ANN ARBOR ARGUS, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate. (A true copy.) WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

Real Estate for Sale. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.—In the matter of the estate of Cora R. Uphaus, Laura E. Uphaus, Sarah A. Uphaus and Louis H. Uphaus, minors. Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, guardian of the estate of said minors, by the Hon. Judge of Probate, for the County of Washtenaw, on the eleventh day of November, A. D. 1891, there will be sold at Public Vendue to the highest bidder, at the dwelling house, on the premises, below described, in the township of Freedom, in the County of Washtenaw, in said state, on Tuesday, the third day of March, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the sale), including the right of the undersigned, all the right, title and interest of said minors, in the following described real estate to-wit: The east half of the southwest quarter of section number nineteen (19), and the southwest quarter of the north-west quarter of said section number nineteen (19), all in township number three (3) south, range four (4) east, Freedom, in Michigan.

CAROLINE UPHAUS, (now Esch), Guardian. Dated, Jan. 13, 1891.

Commissioners' Notice. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of John Michael Weismann, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that on the date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, on Monday, the twenty-seventh day of April, and on Monday, the twenty-seventh day of July next, at ten o'clock A. M. legal said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims. Dated, January 27, 1891.

GEORGE F. STEIN, CASPAR RINSEY, Commissioners.

Commissioners' Notice. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Willis R. Henderson, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that on the date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, on Monday, the twenty-seventh day of April, and on Monday, the twenty-seventh day of July next, at ten o'clock A. M. legal said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims. Dated, February 2, 1891.

THOMAS D. KEARNEY, H. J. BROWN, Commissioners.

Estate of David DePue. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Monday, the ninth day of February, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and ninety-one.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of David DePue, deceased. Densmore Cramer, executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such executor.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the 27th day of February instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed. And it is further ordered, that said executor give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the time and place of the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the ANN ARBOR ARGUS, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate. (A true copy.) WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF Washtenaw, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the sixteenth day of February, A. D. 1891, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Ann B. Price, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, in said county, on or before the seventeenth day of August next, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on Saturday, the sixteenth day of May and on Monday, the 17th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said days. Dated, Ann Arbor, February 16, A. D. 1891.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF Washtenaw, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1891, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Charles H. Hill, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, in said county, on or before the seventeenth day of August next, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on Saturday, the 16th day of May and on Monday, the 17th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said days. Dated, Ann Arbor, February 16, A. D. 1891.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF Washtenaw, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1891, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Charles H. Hill, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, in said county, on or before the seventeenth day of August next, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on Saturday, the 16th day of May and on Monday, the 17th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said days. Dated, Ann Arbor, February 16, A. D. 1891.

J. WILL

**PERSONAL.**

E. F. Mills is in New York this week.

Mrs. E. D. Fletcher left, Tuesday, for Florida.

J. T. Jacobs leaves Monday for New York city.

Howard Gidley, of Grand Rapids, has been in the city.

John Koch has been in Chicago and Grand Rapids this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Beal returned from the Bermudas, Monday evening.

Secretary James H. Wade appeared before the University committees of the legislature, Wednesday.

Mrs. Dr. D. A. McLachlan leaves for California, to-morrow, stopping for a few days in Chicago, on the way.

Miss Emily V. Mason was the guest of Gov. Felch, Wednesday. She is the sister of Michigan's first governor, Stevens T. Mason.

**Who's got the Key?**

**The Republican County Convention.**

H. D. Platt, ex-state oil inspector presided over the republican county convention Tuesday, and Evert H. Scott acted as secretary. The committee on order of business was Prof. Osband, W. K. Childs and William Judson; on credentials, Robert Campbell, J. C. Bemis and F. B. Braun; on resolutions, A. J. Sawyer, Andrew Campbell and Dr. C. G. Darling.

The following delegates were elected to the state convention 1st district, Lester Canfield, Evert H. Scott, J. L. Gilbert, J. F. Lawrence, Nathan Pierce, A. R. Beal, Edwin Ball, A. J. Sawyer, Thomas Birkett, 2nd district, George C. Smyth, H. D. Platt, J. C. Bemiss, M. D. Raymond, A. F. Freeman, H. P. Thompson, P. W. Carpenter, G. D. Wiard, M. F. Case.

Chairman Sawyer on resolutions, prefaced the resolutions by saying it was a question whether or not it was proper in advance of the state and national conventions for a county convention to lay down a platform of principles. The committee had been divided, but by a majority vote had decided in favor of the resolutions submitted. The resolutions were as follows:

The republicans of Washtenaw county, in convention assembled, affirm our continued faith in the fundamental principles of the republican party, and declare

First—That in the administration of President Harrison we recognize a careful, intelligent, economical and honest administration of national affairs.

Second—That it is the duty of the general government, at all times, at home and abroad, to guarantee to its citizens the right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

Third—No republican form of government can long exist that denies to any of its citizens a voice in public affairs. It is, therefore, the imperative duty of the general government to protect the humblest of its citizens, everywhere within the borders of this republic, in his right to vote for the party and persons of his choice, and to have that vote properly canvassed and honestly returned.

Fourth—The republican party is the party of protection to home interests and home industries, and to that policy it devoted itself unhesitatingly, and the prosperity of our people on every hand is an evidence of the wisdom of that policy.

Fifth—That in the consummation of the industrial alliance, between this republic and Brazil, we recognize an act of profound statesmanship, well worthy of the republican party, and of that grand old stalwart, James G. Blaine, through whose masterly diplomacy the great result was achieved.

Sixth—That while we would not disturb the friendly relations existing between us and our Canadian brethren, we cannot fail to see that our interests, social, financial and political are one, and we shall hail with delight the dawn of that day that shall make us one people.

Seventh—We believe our system of Judiciary to be the crowning glory of our republican institutions, and in order to maintain the high standing it has justly attained, a wise choice of our best men should be made by our coming convention.

Eighth—And we believe that all State and National conventions should be a fair exponent of the wishes of the majority of the party, and we most emphatically condemn any packing of caucuses, or capping of

conventions, as being destructive of the best interests of the Republican party.

Ninth—In the coming convention, the well being of the University of Michigan is largely at stake, and we bespeak a selection of standard bearers as will inspire the confidence of the whole people in its continued prosperity.

Robert Campbell said the republican party was somewhat mixed up in its views and ideas and he would like to hear the resolutions discussed.

Andrew Campbell had an abiding faith in the continuance of republican principles. The idea that the mission of the republican party is fulfilled is no more true than that the mission of man is fulfilled. He believed it the best exponent of political thought in the country. On the tariff question he stated to a man last fall that if he believed the tariff system detrimental to his own occupation he wouldn't change his politics if satisfied it was for the good of the whole people. The man who wouldn't do more for his principles than for his own self interests, wasn't much of a man. Republican party management was one thing, and republican principles another. The party management might be wrong, the principles were not. So they needed to come together to swear allegiance to republican principles.

Col. Dean said he was present as a republican and expected to die a republican.

John F. Lawrence said all knew that a body of men working harmoniously had an influence divided action did not have. He regretted to say there were a few differences among republicans, but was glad to see no differences in the conventions. The only way republican principles could be maintained was by united action and mutual concessions.

Prof. Osband, of the Ypsilantian, spoke of a certain body in the heavens which became entangled in the moons of Jupiter, which couldn't get out for two years because there were four moons instead of one, and thought the republican party was like it. Sometimes combinations arise which defy leadership [and result] in defeat. He thought last fall's defeat was from over confidence. He thought no newspaper should be allowed to say that the live issues of the republican party were sapless. He didn't like the thought that the party is worshipping the idols of the past. He believed the republican party the only party capable of grasping the emigration question.

The resolutions were then adopted. It cannot fail to be noticed how far the speakers steered clear from defining the live issues on which the republican party stands.

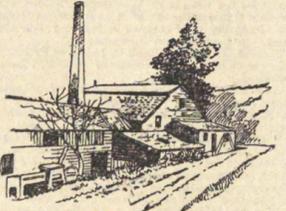
**A Handsome Woman Writer.**



**ELIZABETH BISLAND.**

Miss Elizabeth Bisland is a native of Mississippi and a very handsome girl. Some two or three years ago she went to New York and entered journalism. In 1890 she was sent around the world by the Cosmopolitan magazine, her object being to beat Nellie Bly, who was sent on a similar journey. Though she failed she made very good time. She is still connected with the magazine, but has taken up a residence in London.

**Oldest Paper Mill in the United States.**



**PAPER MILL AT ROSLYN, L. I.**

Meyer Valentine, of Roslyn, L. I., is the proprietor of the oldest paper mill in the United States. The mill was built 150 years ago, has been running continuously ever since, and in methods and machinery is still a very old style establishment.

**FREE TRADE WORKERS.**

**MAYOR SARGENT, OF NEW HAVEN, AND HIS TARIFF VIEWS.**

**He is the Greatest Hardware Manufacturer in the World—Does Not Fear "European Cheap Labor"—American Labor the Best in the World.**

The Hon. Joseph B. Sargent, mayor of New Haven, Conn., whose recent inaugural address attracted wide discussion throughout the country, is the largest manufacturer of hardware in America. Mr. Sargent holds the curious distinction among our great manufacturers of being an absolute free trader. His views on the subject of raising revenues may be seen from the following extract from his inaugural message:

"But whatever may be the future methods of taxation or sources of revenue for the support of local, state or national governments, let us hope that there may be no more collected than is absolutely necessary for the proper and economical administration of government affairs, and that there may be no direct or indirect imposition of unnatural and therefore unjust burdens upon the whole for the benefit of any favored or grasping few."

A free trade manufacturer of the prominence of Mr. Sargent is such an oddity that it is of special interest to know something about him and how he arrived at his present views.

Mr. Sargent is no theorist on the tariff. He views it from a manufacturer's standpoint. For thirty years he has made hardware, establishing a business which beyond dispute is the largest in the world in locks, bolts, builders' and furniture hardware, and in certain lines of carpenter's tools. He employs from 1,500 to 2,000 men, varying with the season. His factories cover four solid blocks, equivalent to sixteen blocks of city houses. They furnish a roof for nearly twelve acres of ground. The splendid establishment that he now has become what it is through his energy. He thinks he does only fairly well in a light season if his daily output of goods is fifty tons. It would be at least four times that quantity, he is confident, if he could get his raw material free of duty.

Mr. Sargent was once a protectionist, but the experience gained in his daily business as a manufacturer and in selling his wares in foreign countries first began to awaken doubts in his mind as to the wisdom of the protective system. He had been taught that the higher wages of labor with us as compared with wages in other countries made protection a necessity; but he observed in his business that the finer grades of his wares found frequent outlet abroad, and that this was especially the case with articles in which the labor cost was greatest. This began to shake Mr. Sargent's faith in the assertion that we need protection by reason of higher wages.

Mr. Sargent is an enterprising man and has an inquiring mind. He was curious to find an explanation of the remarkable fact first noted, and in order to study the labor question to best advantage he made trips to Europe, and later to China, Japan and Australia.

The result of Mr. Sargent's investigations was that he became an absolute free trader. He states in the following language the result of his observations:

"My trips abroad were made to investigate the competition that might follow provided the farmers should insist, as I presumed they would, on buying their supplies on a free trade basis in order to meet the competition of eastern countries in wheat, cotton and other farm products. I found among the manufacturing districts in England that as a general rule, although the workmen there get much lower wages than ours when counted by the day or week, yet when counted by the piece or by the results of their labor their employers pay them higher wages than we pay in America. I found on investigating the cheap labor of Japan, China and India that on account of the very small product per man labor in those Asiatic countries is generally dearer than in America, although the common laborer gets in those countries only from ten to twenty cents a day. As a manufacturer I would not fear, under free trade, the competition of foreign cheap labor, so long as cheap labor stays where it is—foreign."

Mr. Sargent found, as he says, that "American labor is the best in the world. It will carry everything before it." Why American labor is more effective than that of Europe may be seen from what Mr. Sargent found in Germany. He says:

"Let me tell you how men work in Germany. They begin at 5 in the morning. At 8 they quit for an hour for breakfast. Then they fill their pipes and saunter back to their benches. About 10 they knock off for beer and sausages. By the time their pipes are filled again an hour has passed. At 1 o'clock they go home to dinner. That takes another hour. They must have more beer at 3. Along about 5 or 6 they go home to supper for an hour and come back and work until 8. That is the way they have always done and always will. They call it fifteen hours' work a day."

"Now here is a double spring mill. It has been riveted and finished. We pay for the labor on it fifteen cents a gross. In a German shop the labor costs fifteen cents a dozen. Our product is quite as good a piece of work as theirs. Our men who do it make \$2 a day against forty cents made in Germany. We work ten hours a day, but we don't stop for beer and sausage or pipes, and we have improved machinery to add the handiwork."

"The springs in that hinge," said Mr. Sargent, "are made by a little machine that costs \$800. A German manufacturer would think it wonderful extravagance. Nothing of the kind is used there. They turn their springs on a handpower apparatus."

What Mr. Sargent finds necessary in

*The Store*

**MONEY SAVED**

PREVAILING

# Low Prices and Reliable Qualities

are recognized and appreciated at

## MACK & SCHMID.

You have an opportunity of buying from the most extensive Lines of

# NEW :- DRESS :- GOODS !

PLAIN HENRIETTAS, CASHMERES AND SERGES.

In all the Latest Colors and Shades--Their stock was never so Complete--Prices Lowest in the State--DON'T MISS to see their Black Dress and Colored Dress Goods before you buy.

# - LAST CALL, 300 CLOAKS 1-2 PRICE. -

\*—WHAT IS—\*

## The Rural New-Yorker?

The MOST TRUSTWORTHY of any paper of its class printed.—J. J. HARRISON, of Storrs & Harrison Co.

Everybody that is a body, knows of the UNIQUE INDIVIDUALITY of the RURAL along the lines of original experimental investigation.—J. J. H. GREGORY.

The editor of THE RURAL NEW-YORKER has opened an entirely NEW FIELD OF INVESTIGATION, the possibilities of which cannot be conjectured.—NORMAN J. COLEMAN.

THE RURAL NEW-YORKER has DONE MORE FOR FARMERS than nine-tenths of all the land-grant Colleges and Experiment Stations.—New York Tribune.

We have seen on the farm of the editor of THE RURAL NEW-YORKER a crop of 134 bushels of shelled corn raised on one acre of land.—American Agriculturist.

THE RURAL NEW-YORKER illustrates the PROGRESS made by the agricultural class, much of which is due to the inspiration of THE RURAL NEW-YORKER, and the papers which follow its example.—RT. GOV. E. F. JONES.

THE RURAL NEW-YORKER has DONE MORE TO PROMOTE THE TRUE INTERESTS OF AGRICULTURE, than all the experiment stations put together.—The New York Times.

It is the BEST farm weekly in the world.—Farm Journal.

It maintains a PRACTICAL EXPERIMENT FARM.

It originates and GIVES AWAY CHOICE SEEDS AND PLANTS, worth \$2.00 to \$3.00 to each subscriber.

It is NATIONAL in character, and for all sections.

**\$2.00 a Year. On Trial, four weeks, 10 Cents.**

THE RURAL PUBLISHING Co., Times Building, New York.

THE RURAL NEW-YORKER in club with the

**ANN ARBOR ARGUS.**

Both one year for only \$2.60.

Send all orders for club subscriptions to the office of the ARGUS. Specimen copies of THE RURAL may be seen at this office.

order to enable our manufacturers to command the markets of the world is thus stated?

"My observation has taught me that the greatest obstacle to American competition in foreign markets to nearly every class of goods is the high price of our raw materials. Take off the duty and we will send our goods everywhere. Wages would increase here under such a system rather than become lower. The cost of freight between England and this country would amply protect the American workmen against European labor, even if there were anything to be feared on that score, which I do not believe."

**LESSON OF THE SELF BINDER.**

How It Has Cheapened Production and Enlarged the Market.

Mr. Edward Atkinson, of Boston, shows in a late number of The Northwestern Miller that the self binder, which was first used in the wheat fields in 1877, did the work of six or seven men. This saving of labor reduced the cost of producing wheat by many cents a bushel.

"But," adds Mr. Atkinson, "the little knot did more. It bound the English speaking people together by enabling the farmer of far Dakota to serve his neighbor in the mother country 5,000 miles away, to whom the railway and the steamship now carry the wheat from the prairies that but a few years since were the home only of the wild buffalo and the wild horse, at a cost or charge of only a half penny, or one cent, for moving the wheat that is needed to make the quarter loaf of four pounds, from Dakota to England."

The effect of the self binder in widening the farmer's foreign market for wheat and flour may be seen from the following figures showing our exports of wheat and flour to England for the five years after it was invented.

	Amount in Cwts.
1877.....	23,923,000
1878.....	33,884,000
1879.....	44,611,000
1880.....	44,783,000
1881.....	45,699,000

The price of wheat was meanwhile declining somewhat, but this was more than made good to the farmers by the greater cheapness of production caused by the saving of labor in harvesting their crop.

The farmer will note that it was in Europe that this development of his

foreign market took place. Europe always has been and always will be the farmer's best foreign market. Our total exports of wheat and flour for the fiscal year 1890 amounted to \$102,312,000, and of this England alone took \$66,898,000, or almost two-thirds of the whole. Is it not supremely ridiculous for the protectionists to try to represent England as our commercial enemy which we must try to cripple? Our trade with England they are willing to put in jeopardy by wild schemes of McKinleyism, which will surely force that country to seek her grain supply from other lands, and in return for this dangerous meddling with the farmer's best market, our protectionist lawmakers try to conjure up with the cry of "reciprocity" a market for the farmer in the small and poor agricultural countries of South America.

Mr. Atkinson's remarks about the self binder suggest a further thought. He says this machine does the work of six or seven men. Each machine, therefore, throws five or six men out of employment. This was doubtless a hardship to the men in cases where employment was actually lost and new places had to be found, but once the change was made nobody feels or believes any longer that labor has suffered by the invention of the reaper. Thousands of laborers have found employment in building machines, and all laborers have cheaper flour than ever before, which amounts to the same thing as an increase of their wages.

This fact has a strong bearing upon the tariff question as related to wages. The protectionists tell us that "cheap foreign goods" must be kept out of the country in order that our own laborers may be employed in making our goods. They claim that many laborers would lose their places if it were not for the tariff.

But is it not clear that the removal of a duty would have the same effect as the invention of the self binder. Some laborers might lose their present employment, but would not the whole mass of the people, including laborers, be immensely benefited by cheaper goods? If the duty on wool were removed it is possible that a small number of laborers would have to change their occupation, though even this is improbable. But even if this should be the result, would it not be far better to let the wool duty go, in order that all the people might have cheaper clothes. Some months ago about half of the woolen mills in the country were reported idle. Free wool

would set all these mills humming, and in the enlarged demand for labor nobody but a blind protectionist would be found to lament the fate of a few men who had to quit raising wool. But no one would have to quit raising wool by reason of putting wool on the free list; on the contrary, our domestic wool would bring a better price.

Without a tariff a few of our industries might go to the wall. But does not this simply signify that such industries are kept on their feet by artificial tariff prices? Possibly our plate glass industry is one which could not survive without the protective duty. But if it should perish utterly what would be the result? The laborers of nine or ten plate glass factories would have to find other work, a hardship to them, of course; but the country would pay \$10,000,000 less per year for its plate glass. The price of it would be less than forty cents a foot, instead of from sixty-five to ninety cents, as at present.

The question in the case of the self binder and of the wool and the plate glass tax is precisely the same—the general advantage of all as against the advantage of a very small class. The maxim "The greatest good to the greatest number" is at war with protection and the privileged classes that fatten on protection.

**Indoor Ball.**

Our children are getting lots of amusement these cold winter days from the game of "wool ball," and perhaps other children may find it good fun. The children are seated around a perfectly smooth topped table. A little raw wool is formed into a light ball and placed in the center of the table. The children then commence to blow toward it, each one trying to drive it from him and off the table, if possible, and the child who allows it to pass his right side and fall on the floor is excused from the table, and stands in a line by the wall. Each one who allows the ball to pass by and fall on the floor retires in line. The longer the ball is kept on the table, everyone blowing as hard as possible, the more amusing the game becomes.—Lewiston Journal.

The paralytic condition of the widow of John B. Gough is pathetic. In the pride of her vigorous womanhood she stood bravely at her husband's side when but for such support he would have fallen to rise no more. As the Gough estate is to be sold soon Mrs. Gough will be obliged to quit her pretty home, Hillside, near Worcester.