

# The Ann Arbor Argus.

VOL. LVII.—NO. 53.

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1891.

WHOLE NO 3014.

## STILL CONTINUES.

IN A MORE QUIET WAY THE

## BARGAIN SALE OF THE WAGNER STOCK

WILL STILL GO ON AT THE

## STAR CLOTHING HOUSE.

WE CAN NOW GIVE OUR CUSTOMERS MORE CAREFUL ATTENTION. BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

### A SUMMER PICNIC.

We closed from Cluett, Coon & Co., our shirt manufacturers, a line of Unlaundered Shirts, No. D 51, all sizes 13½ to 18, which we formerly sold for \$1.00, but now sell at 69 cents.

A. L. NOBLE,

LEADING CLOTHIER AND HATTER. 35 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

## RUSSETT.

THE SUMMER HEALTH

SHOE—UNEQUALLED FOR

WEAR.

GOOD ONE AT \$1.25

LADIES' CLOTH }  
TOP PATENT }  
TIP OXFORD }

## GOODSPEED'S.

## To the People of Washtenaw County:

We will not bore you to read a letter written to ourselves.

WE ONLY ASK YOU TO GLANCE AT FACTS THAT WILL DO YOU GOOD.

A NICE ASSORTMENT  
MENS' SUITS AT 1-3  
OFF.

A FINE LINE OF  
BOYS' AND CHILD-  
REN'S SUITS AT 1-3  
OFF.

A NOBBY LINE OF  
PANTS AT 1-3 OFF.  
STRAW HATS AT A  
BIG REDUCTION.

SUMMER COATS AND  
VESTS AT A SAC-  
RIFICE.

See Them Before Purchasing Elsewhere!

## Wadhams, Kennedy & Reule,

28 SOUTH MAIN ST., HANGSTERFER BLOCK.

### THE ANN ARBOR FRUIT FARM.

Pears and Grapes a Specialty

Fruit, Ornamental Trees and Flowers  
From Ellwanger & Barry.

Order Early by Mail.

SYRUPS, MEDICINAL WINES

RASPBERRY SYRUPS, BONESET,  
DANDELION AND OTHER

DOMESTIC GRAPE WINES

Prepared Especially for Invalids.  
Pure Plymouth Rock Eggs.

E. BAUR, West Huron St.

### WALL PAPER!

WALL PAPER.

—OF ALL—

The Newest Designs!

PRICES THE LOWEST

—AT—

OSCAR O. SORG,

THE DECORATOR,

70 S. MAIN ST.

## AN INDECISIVE OPINION.

The Supreme Court Divided on Whether a Steam Motor Line Can Use a Highway.

THE YPSILANTI MOTOR LINE ENJOINED.

Because Their Track was not on the Highway Level at the Nichol's Farm—The Main Point in the Case Causes a Division of Opinion.

The Supreme Court have rendered a decision in the case of Theodore S. Nichols, Ella E. Nichols and Lucy L. Granger vs. the Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti Street Railway Company, a full description of which case has appeared in the Argus. The main point at issue seems undetermined. Judges Long and Grant seem of the opinion that the use of steam motor power does not impose a servitude on a highway, or to translate it into ordinary English, Judges Long and Grant seem to be of the opinion that a steam motor line can be run on a public highway. Judges Morse and McGrath say that it cannot, while Judge Champlin contents himself with saying that the law isn't settled. The only point that the case decides is that if the line is run it must be on the grade of the highway. After stating the various pleadings in the case and the point raised that the charter of the road was not valid, Judges Long and Grant say:

We shall not, therefore, discuss the constitutional questions raised as to the act, or the proper and legal organization of the defendant company.

If the defendant company is not legally and properly organized under the act, or if the company is attempting to exercise corporate franchises not conferred by the act, it is a matter between the defendant company and the state.

The mere usurpation of corporate authority does not confer upon an individual the right to bring suit, to restrain an unlawful exercise of authority. If the state chooses to waive it, or permit the action, no others can complain so long as personal or property rights of the individual are not invaded or affected.

The two principal questions raised by complainants' counsel are:

1. That the use of steam as a motive power is an additional burden or servitude upon their lands.

2. That the mode or manner of construction of the road bed constructed by the defendant company is also an additional burden or servitude upon their lands.

The testimony shows that the motor used is what is known as Porter's Noiseless Motor; that it is operated by steam and enclosed like an ordinary street car, and about the same size, makes less noise than an ordinary electric street car with overhead wires. It is so arranged that the steam makes a continuous circulation, making no noise by emission of steam, and that the smoke is consumed.

It was held in Detroit City Railway vs. Mills, supra, that an ordinary street railway is not an additional burden or servitude where the fee of the street is in the abutting owner, and there is almost a consensus of judicial opinion in this direction.

People vs. Kerr, 27 N. Y., 183, Clinton vs. Cedar Rap. & Mo. R. R. Co., 24 Iowa, 435. New Albany & S. R. R. Co. vs. O'Daily, 13 Ind., 353. Dillon's Municipal Corporations, 723.

It was also held in that case by this court that the use of electricity as a motive power did not create an additional servitude or burden upon the lands of the abutting owners.

The manner in which the road of the defendant company is to be operated by this steam motor as it is, is no more of a burden or servitude upon the lands of the abutting owners than an electric car with its overhead wires. It is no more obstruction to the street, and no more of an object calculated to frighten horses passing and repassing upon the highway.

Section 40 of the Act of 1867 above quoted, expressly provides for the use of steam as a motive power upon street railways operated in cities whenever the municipal authorities authorize it.

In Briggs vs. Lewiston & A.

Horse R. R. Co., 79 Me., 363, the use of steam as a motive power upon street railways was expressly recognized.

We think the complainants are not entitled to the relief asked for by their bill by the reason of the use of steam as a motive power in the manner in which it is shown the defendants used it.

It appears that before the defendant company was organized a company known as the Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti & Detroit Street Railway Company had procured from the township board of the township of Ann Arbor the right and privilege to construct, maintain and operate this street railway by reason of permission granted to it in writing by the supervisor and commissioner of highways of that township, granting permission and right to locate, establish, construct and maintain its road over that highway, and to use thereon animal, motor or electric power.

Some question is raised by complainants' solicitor in this record as to the authority thus granted.

Without entering upon that question at length, it is sufficient to say that we are satisfied that there was proper authorization by the township to construct, maintain and operate this road by the defendant, and unless the complainants are in some manner effected in their private and property rights, the defendant cannot be interfered with by them in the operation of its road.

The second question raises the important point in this case, and that is the manner or mode in which the defendant's road is constructed in and along the highway.

A street railway, the rails of which are laid to conform to the grade of the surface of the street, and which is otherwise so constructed that the public is not excluded from the use of any part of the street as a public way, carrying passengers, stopping at street crossings to receive and discharge them, is a street railway, whether it be operated by horses or electric power, or by steam motor, such as is shown to be used by the defendant in this case.

The testimony shows, however, that since issue was joined in this case the defendant company has completed the construction of its road, which had been mostly completed at the time the bill was filed; that the road as constructed runs along upon the highway within two or three feet of the road fence upon complainants' land; that the road bed does not conform to the grade of the street, nor pass over and along the surface of the ground next to the fence, but that the grade for the road bed is made by cuts and fills. In some places the cuts are two feet in depth and the fills as great. Ditches are dug along the side of the road bed on either side.

Upon the road bed so constructed ties are placed to the number of 2,000 to 3,000 to the mile. Upon these ties is placed a "T" rail such as is ordinarily used in the construction of a railroad for commercial purposes, except that the "T" rail is somewhat lighter.

The complainants claim that this is a use of their property not warranted by the act under which the company is organized, and a taking of their private property for public uses without compensation; that it depreciates the value of their lands in that they are unable to pass over from the highway to their lands without crossing this road bed at great inconvenience, and that they are unable to hitch horses or other animals along the highway fence.

The complainant's lands have a frontage on the highway of about 40 rods.

The act under which the defendant is incorporated confers no power upon it to construct, maintain and operate such a road without compensation to the property owners abutting thereon, and the township authorities could confer upon the defendant no such power.

It is from its mode of construction in all essentials a commercial road, and not an ordinary street railway.

It is not constructed as street railways, are usually constructed on a level with the surface of the street, so that vehicles may pass and repass over it.

As constructed it blocks up the highway so far as the complainant's use of it is concerned, in going to and from their premises, and is an additional burden upon their lands.

The rule is well established in this state that the dedication of a street to the public does not authorize it to be used for an ordinary railroad track, and the municipal authorities cannot authorize it to be so used

without compensation to the adjacent owners.

Grand Rapids & Ind. R. R. Co. vs. Heisel, 33 Mich., 62.

Grand Rapids & Ind. vs. Heisel, 47 Mich., 393.

Reidinger vs. Marquette & Western Ry. Co., 62 Mich. 29.

It was said by Mr. Justice Cooley in Grand Rapids & Ind. R. R. Co. vs. Heisel, supra, "A street railway for local purposes so far as constituting a new burden is supposed to be permitted because it constitutes a relief to the street; it is in furtherance of the purpose for which the street is established and relieves the pressure of local business and local travel instead of constituting an embarrassment. . . . It is enough that the use of the street for a city railway is a proper use and therefore a lawful use."

Brooklyn City, etc., R. R. Co. vs. Coney Island R. R., 35 Barb., 364.

Brooklyn Central, etc., R. R. Co. vs. Brooklyn City, etc., R. R., 33 Barb., 420.

People vs. Kerr, 27 N. Y., 183.

New Albany & Salem R. R. Co. vs. O'Dailey, 12 Ind., 551.

Brown vs. Duplessia, 14 La. Ann. 842.

Elliott vs. Fair Haven, etc., R. R. Co., 32 Conn., 579.

Hobart vs. Milwaukee City R. R. Co., 27 Wis., 194.

Speaking further in that case the learned Justice said, "But we cannot say the same in the case of the ordinary railroad. . . . In such case it cannot be questioned that the laying of the railroad track in the highway without first legally appropriating the land for the purpose, and without making compensation is a legal wrong to the adjacent owner; the track to him is wrongfully laid."

In Reidinger vs. Marquette & Western R. R. Co. supra, a bill was filed to restrain the defendant company from constructing a railroad over and across Front and Superior streets in the city of Marquette.

The bill was dismissed in the court below and complainants appeal to this court, where, upon a hearing, a decree was entered for perpetual injunction against this use of the street unless within six months measures should be taken to condemn the complainant's rights in the street and compensate him therefor.

Defendant contends however, that the complainant, Theodore S. Nichols, is estopped from making this claim by reason of a release of the right of way over complainants' premises.

The writing is not put in evidence, and complainant contends that it was procured by fraudulent representations; that at the time of its execution the defendant company represented to him that they were to build a street railway similar to that in the city of Ann Arbor, and upon this understanding he consented to the construction of the road in front of his premises.

We think the complainant borne out by this record in that claim and that the complainants are not estopped from insisting upon their rights here to have a road—if one is to be built at all by defendants—such as was represented to him would be built; that is, an ordinary street railway conforming to the grade of the street.

In view of these facts as to the mode in which the road is constructed, we are satisfied that the complainants are entitled to the injunction prayed.

The decree of the court below will be reversed and decree entered in this court granting a perpetual injunction to the complainants, enjoining and restraining the defendant corporation from maintaining and operating its road in the manner in which it is constructed across the complainants' premises.

Complainants will recover the costs of both courts.

CHAS. D. LONG,  
C. B. GRANT.

I think this case should be reversed, but I do not think that the law, as yet, has been settled in this state that an electric street railway is not an additional burden to the highway, and I am satisfied that a steam railway is such a burden. The injunction should be granted as prayed.

ALLEN B. MORSE,  
JOHN W. McGRATH.

I concur in the reversal upon the ground stated in the opinion of Mr. Justice Long, but I do not concur in that part of the opinion which states that it is settled law in this state that a street railway operated by steam or electricity is not an additional servitude upon a street or highway.

J. W. CHAMPLIN.

## EMANCIPATION DAY.

How It Was Celebrated in Ann Arbor Last Monday.

ELOQUENT SPEECHES AT RELIEF PARK.

A Large Parade—Many Outsiders Present—The Festivities at the Park and at the Rink—A Well Managed Celebration.

Seven years ago Emancipation Day was celebrated in this city. The revolving cycle of time brought the celebration again to Ann Arbor this year. It was a greater celebration this year than before. The Afro-American was out in force. Excursions came from Toledo, Jackson, Battle Creek, and other points. The Ypsilanti motor line was loaded with Ypsilanti excursionists. Prof. Jones' band, of Ypsilanti, furnished the music for the day. The procession was a long one, headed by the band and by forty-four young girls representing the different states, in a band wagon, followed by carriages, etc.

Stands were erected at the park, ice-cream and other refreshments served, and a happier crowd was never gathered anywhere. The hall used for dancing at the park was well patronized, and the tripping of the light fantastic was done in all the approved steps. At the rink, in the evening, another dancing crowd was gathered, and held the floor until the wee sma' hours.

At the park, in the morning, John Loney acted as president, and introduced Mayor Doty, who spoke as follows:

Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen:

On the 22d day of June, 1772, Lord Chief Justice Mansfield, speaking for the entire bench pronounced the memorable decision which established the principle of English law that "the air of England is too pure for any slave to breathe."

This wide departure from established precedent which reversed what had been the law and the custom of England since the time of York and Talbot in 1272, gave freedom to every slave who stepped his shackled foot on the soil of the British Isles.

Sixty-six years afterward, on the 1st day of August, 1838, 700,000 of our fellow men reaped the ripe fruit of this principle of English liberty, when the act of emancipation made all of the British colonies as free of slavery's taint as was the mother isle herself.

Thus the day we now commemorate marks the splendid conclusion of that mighty struggle which from its beginning in 1772 to its end, for England in 1838, was a moral revolution, a victory of our poor humanity over its baser and its lower self.

It marks an epoch in the history of our civilization, for it stands a landmark to the tide of progress, saying to people yet to come "here tyranny repented itself;" "here the master revolted from his mastery."

It marks the beginning of a new principle of political morality which has made a place for the "decadence in practical politics" and placed the golden rule in the constitution and the laws of the greatest of the nations of men.

It stands alone in history, a monument, not as of the dead at Runnymede, not as of the yeomen at Bunker's Hill, not as of the Declaration of '76 nor the fall of the terrible Bastille, for there our fellow men stood for their own liberties against the oppressors, here the oppressors stood for the liberty of their fellow men.

To you, fellow citizens, this day is peculiarly sacred, and to all humanity it is peculiarly significant; for that act of emancipation for the British West Indies lighted the fires of liberty, cast the full flood of their radiance across the waste of waters and on other and foreign shores, kindled the glowing embers to all-absorbing, all-consuming flame.

Incited by that example the philanthropy of France was roused to action, and in 1848 the provisional government decreed the immediate emancipation of slaves. Portugal followed in 1858, Holland in 1863, and in 1864 an amendment to the Constitution abolished and forever prohibited slavery in these United States.

And so to-day as American citizens, last and latest, to our shame be it said, we appropriate to ourselves that maxim of English law. "At the fruitful sacrifice of precious blood, the nation's purest and its best, at the enormous cost of uncounted treasure and the woes unending of fratricidal strife, we raise our heads from the ashes of our humiliation and humbly and reverently say, "The air of free America is too pure for any slave to breathe."

How prophetic were the words of the immortal Jefferson, standing in the presence of the baleful institution of human slavery, "I tremble for my country when I remember that God is just."

Fellow-citizens, I shall not attempt to address you at length to-day. I am reminded that my distinguished friends the Reverend Father Goldrick and the Honorable Mr. Allen are the orators of this occasion, and that later on they will delight you with their able and experienced oratory.

This one thought, however, I wish to call to your attention: "Nature saves not by compassion, she saves by power." You are free men, endowed and invested with all the liberties, all

(Continued on 4th Page.)

# MANLY'S EXPOSE

Of Rottenness Existing at the Soldiers' Home at the Expense of the State.

HE SCORES THE BOARD OF MANAGERS.

A Letter from Sprague Which Hits Shank Hard—A Straightforward Statement Regarding all the Matters Charged Against the Captain.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., July 31, 1891. To the Board of Managers of the Michigan Soldiers' Home.

GENTLEMEN:—In this my last report I deem it my duty to make as full and complete a statement as possible of my administration as Commandant of the Home. You are all aware of what has been done by the board and the officers whom you have appointed, but the outside world knows but little of your proceedings or the labors of the officers in charge of the Home. As this institution is supported by the tax payers, as the old soldiers for whom this Home was built are the wards of the state, the board of managers and their officers are the servants of the people, their official acts as well as the reports of the officers of the Home are public property and subject to the criticism of the people.

On entering upon the duties of Commandant of the Home, I found officers against whom no charge of extravagance as far as I know rested. Under such circumstances it is fair to presume that the administration of these officers in that direction was satisfactory to the board. Let us compare, if you please, the past with the present administration. And from the result determine whether the charge of extravagance lies justly at my door or not.

We find that General Pierce, Major Long and Colonel Hinsdall each had a private servant at their private quarters. In the officers' dining room we find the Commandant and adjutant with separate tables and a servant for each, also an extra servant to open and close the door as the officers and their ladies passed in and out. These servants were on the pay roll and drew a salary of \$57 a month. In the Commandant's room was an orderly at \$9 a month, in the adjutant's and quartermaster's department were employed two clerks at a salary of \$24 a month, in the commissary department was employed the wife of the commissary, Colonel Hinsdall, as a clerk at a salary of \$12 a month, a total of \$45 a month. In the four months I have been in charge of the Home I have reduced the help somewhat. In the officers' dining room is set one table with one waiter at a cost of \$15 per month. In the Commandant's office one orderly at \$9 a month, in the adjutant's quarters one clerk at \$15 per month, in the quartermaster's and commissary department one clerk at \$25 a month, a total of \$49 a month, a saving to the state in the officers' private dining room and quarters of \$83 per month, while showing an increase in the clerical help in the officers' quarters of \$14 per month, a net saving to the state is shown of \$29 per month.

The salaries paid for running the general dining room under the former administration was \$425.50 per month, under the present administration it is \$341.50 per month, a saving of \$114 a month, a saving on my salary and that of my orderly.

Under the old administration six horses were quartered at the home, and used as follows: General Pierce private horse, Colonel Hinsdall ambulance horse, Major Long's horse, the gray horse on the farm, the doctor's horse and the head cook's horse, with four attendants.

At the present the same number of horses are kept at the home employed as follows: Two of the state horses are working on the grade taking the place of a \$3 team, one horse is drawing the ambulance, and the other the mail wagon, as they were formerly employed. It becoming necessary to have extra horses for the home, the horses on the grade must be taken off or other horses procured. To meet this emergency, I directed my private team to be sent here. They arrived on the twenty-fourth day of April, and have been used by the officers of the home in their official capacity ever since, taking the place of the state horses on the road, as has my buggy when the state buggy was out of repair. One of my horses was on the dump cart drawing stone for sixteen days, for these services no charge has been made, believing as I did when I brought them that they would more than pay the state for their keeping.

Prior to moving to the city of Grand Rapids, Adjutant Walker built for his own use a small steamboat eighteen feet long with a five foot beam, which he brought with him. There being no boat house at the home he got together a lot of old boards and other timbers and with the aid of the state carpenters at thirty cents a day built a very respectable boat house, the erection of this building was well known to your honorable body as shown by a resolution introduced by Manager Graves at the May meeting pertaining to the erection of boat houses at the Home.

The building is now complete, situated on state grounds, made out of state material and erected by state labor and can be put to the best possible advantage as a ladies' saloon, as nothing of this kind exists on the Home grounds, excepting in the private rooms in the main building, the painter also informs me that he used about one dollar's worth of paint and about \$2.10 worth of labor was placed upon the boat.

It is an un-disputed fact that in the past the state's carpenter has made many brackets, and the state's painter has gilded and painted many articles of the officers' furniture, using the state's material and the state's time. The closest scrutiny of these records fail to show the slightest criticism from the board.

In my effort to improve the grounds I have left no stone unturned and have done everything in my power to

make the improvement fund go as far as possible. I have employed the best men I could get at as cheap wages as they would work, in many cases paying only 75 cents a day and board. Many of the old soldiers started to work for 30 cents a day; as they grew stronger and more used to work they demanded higher wages. Some of them took their discharges and went to work at the Home.

I have at every meeting of the board or committee on grounds asked for instructions, always receiving the one universal answer: "You are doing well, go ahead." From the commencement of the grading I have had the open endorsement of Mr. Rutherford as to my management of the grading, and at no time during his visits to the grounds did he change or suggest any changes to any of the plans of the grade, but at almost every visit expressed himself satisfied with the progress of the work. At one of his visits, in the latter part of April, while passing through the woods west of the gravel road he suggested the digging of a ditch from the one crossing the field on the north to the springs on the south side of said woods and laying out drives through the woods, and asked me what the cost would be. I told him, "From \$50 to \$75 to do the ditching." He said: "If it don't cost more than that lay the ditch," which I did do. I also found it necessary in order to get a top dressing for the grade to widen a ditch across the lower grounds from the woods to a large spring or reservoir up near the north end of said premises, running parallel with the river, its terminus, about 300 feet from Lambert Creek. The ditch so dug was 7 1/2 feet on top and 3 1/2 feet on the bottom, the dirt excavated from this served as a top dressing for about two-thirds of the grade. The ditch being finished and the top dressing of the grade two-thirds done, I was puzzled and unable to find top dressing for the balance of the grade. I asked Sergeant Nelson if he knew where surface soil could be got to finish the grade, and went with him around the premises to see if we could find where the same could be got. None could be found. He advanced the idea of building an artificial lake on the low grounds west of the gravel road connecting with a ditch and using the soil excavated for top dressing for the grade, and supplying the lake with water from Lambert Creek. This project was presented to Managers Crozer and Rutherford, but did not meet with their approval and the work was not done nor have there been any water courses changed.

At the next meeting of the board, which was the same day I received my instructions on the grade, the board, without open criticism, directed that I should confine the grading to the east side of the road, at the same time cautioning me to be careful and not overdraw the appropriation. I told them, "that there was sufficient funds in the appropriation to complete the grade, build the necessary walks, clear the woods from underbrush, finish the drives, and still have \$500 in the fund." I thought it strange that the ditching should be stopped, as that above everything else was the very essence of improvements, as every rod of ditch added to the value of the Home property by draining the black ash swamp, drying up and making accessible this disease-breeding hole, that was very troublesome when the change of administration took place.

At the June meeting there seemed to be a coldness on the part of the board that I could not account for. I was not aware of the fact that Manager Rutherford was continually advising the board that the funds were nearly exhausted and the grade not half done. I was not aware of the fact that a traitor was seated at the officers' table, or that a Benedict Arnold was on the Commandant's staff ready and willing to betray his benefactor by pouring in the ears of a too willing board every word uttered, to picture out and enlarge every act done, for no other purpose than to further his own ends. Notwithstanding the fact that the old board asked from the legislature \$5,000 to do the grading, and claimed that it would not be done for less money, this extravagant Commandant has so nearly completed the grade for \$3,000 that I will enter into bonds to finish the grade for the balance of the appropriation, the same to be done to the entire satisfaction of Manager Crozer, Governor Winans and the mayor of Grand Rapids.

I desire to say in reference to the grade that I have been ably seconded by my adjutant and equally so by Sergeant Nelson, who has been in immediate charge of the men, directing the grade in so skillful a manner as indicated a thorough knowledge of the business he was engaged in. The grade when completed will be pleasant to look at, will be a place of resort for the Grand Rapids people and a beautiful resort for the old soldiers who call it home.

As to the change of extravagance on the part of the administration of the Soldiers' Home, I desire to join issue with the board of managers and will join my issue at the first meeting of the present board, and most respectfully call their attention to one of the acts passed by that board at its first meeting, namely, the granting to C. C. Comstock, of the privilege of laying a double track across the Soldiers' Home grounds without a single dollar consideration for the valuable grant conferred to Mr. Comstock.

I told the board then that they had no right or power to vote away such a valuable franchise, that the matter ought to be referred to the legislature then in session. Mr. Rutherford said that they did not want to submit it to the legislature. There was no realty parted with and he for one was ready to vote the franchise. I told him that the state ought to receive a consideration for such a valuable franchise. The yea and nay vote was then taken, in which my vote was the only one recorded against the enterprise. This right of way is of great value to Mr. Comstock, for which he should have been obliged to deliver all freights pertaining to said Home over his track free of charge.

At the first meeting after I became Commandant of the Home and J. V. Shank had been confirmed quartermaster and commissary, and before the new officer had entered upon the charge of his duties, the board of managers without any request on my part raised his salary from \$720 to \$1,000. This was an unnecessary act as the

duties of that department are light, requiring not more than half the officer's time.

At the same meeting of the board they voted a salary of \$800 to their treasurer. This is an exorbitant salary as the treasurer has nothing to do but to draw a few checks, taking not to exceed three days labor after each regular meeting.

At the same meeting the board, if my memory serves me right, voted to the outgoing treasurer \$550 as a fee for past services. I cannot speak positively, but am of the opinion, that ex-Treasurer Bliss never saw a cent of it. Whether these acts are legal I know not, but believe them to have been entirely unnecessary.

At the first meeting of the board after my appointment as Commandant, the board passed a resolution appropriating \$1,000 to be used in furnishing the officers' quarters. I told the board that I was a stranger in the city and asked that the board make the purchases of the furniture that they deemed necessary for the officers' quarters and I would be satisfied with their purchase. This they refused to do. They had appointed me Commandant of the Home and I must do my own purchasing. The ladies of the Home in company with Major Long's wife made most of the purchases. The rooms to be furnished consisted of the Commandant's, adjutant's, quartermaster's and surgeon's quarters, consisting of ten rooms, six bedroom sets, drapery, carpets excepted.

So long as I have not overdrawn the appropriation, the charge of extravagance cannot lie, as such an economical board could not for a moment be charged with extravagance in the appropriation. Would it not be well for the board before they charge extravagance to explain why it is they impose upon the Commandant additional responsibilities.

At the same meeting the members of the board in company with the Commandant and adjutant visited the hospital, examined the same and found that the roof was in a dangerous condition, so much so that they directed their extravagant and incompetent Commandant to proceed forthwith to repair and use such means as in his judgment was necessary to make said building safe.

No, gentlemen, you can charge extravagance, you may howl incompetency, but it will not cover up the fact that the removal of J. V. Shank as quartermaster was the principal and only cause that led to the demand for my resignation.

As the true cause for the removal has not as yet been published I will here give to the public a few of the many acts that caused his removal.

On or about the twentieth day of May, Mr. Shank announced in the dining room that after the next Sunday there would be but two meals on Sunday. This announcement was met with open denunciation by the inmates, causing many protests at my office. As this was done without my knowledge and believing it to be unjust and impracticable I immediately countermanded the order. From that day to the day of his removal I had more or less trouble with him. At one time presenting me with a requisition for baled hay, I told him that was a dear way to buy hay. He said there was no hay on the market. I signed the requisition and the hay was purchased at \$16 a ton. I was in the city the next day and passing by the hay market saw several loads of hay selling at \$14 a ton. This is only one of many articles he has purchased that I was lead to believe he was paying full market price for.

He also appropriated 60 yards of private carpet stored away in the Commandant's private room and turned it over to the store room keeper who cut it to fit and put it down on the store room floor, which has utterly destroyed the carpet as far as any use to me is concerned.

The purchase of the peas was but one small item of itself, but plainly showed the utter lack of the quartermaster's knowledge of the duties of the office he was called upon to fill, as it only took 11 bushels to supply the dining room, Mr. Sanford's statement notwithstanding.

Becoming alarmed at his general behavior and apparent lack of judgment in purchasing, I directed a book to be kept by the store room keeper of the Home, in which should be entered every article purchased in the commissary department and the price paid for the same, which has been complied with in part, the entering of all articles having been made as directed, but the price, the important part, as omitted (excepting during the time Mr. Shank was relieved from office). The store room keeper, Mr. McKee, when asked why my instructions had not been complied with, said: "Mr. Shank told him it was not necessary and he needn't do it."

It has been his habit to leave the Home for all day and night without apprising this office of his contemplated absence. Since his reinstatement by your honorable body, he has done that which ought not to have been done, to-wit, purchasing goods at his own expense that have been crossed off the requisition. The discharging of the quartermaster had to be done though it removed every appointee of your board and it will be a mere question of time before the newly appointed Commandant will have to execute the same authority.

The demand for my resignation was no surprise to me as it was the common talk of the Home the day before the board met, that the quartermaster would be reinstated and my resignation demanded. The dining room sergeant whose salary the quartermaster had increased from \$9 to \$18 a month was offering to bet \$5 to one to that effect.

After hearing my written report and the statement made by Mr. Shank the board adjourned, and as I have been informed took dinner with Quartermaster Shank and Major Long, then returning to the hall called the meeting to order and passed a resolution reinstating Mr. Shank as quartermaster. This act I believed to be illegal, although I made no objection, and withdrew to my office for the purpose of drafting my resignation. When nearly completed the orderly informed me that the board wanted to see me. When I entered the room the chairman informed me that he had a resolution he wanted me to listen to. Mr. Graves then read a resolution asking for my resignation, I

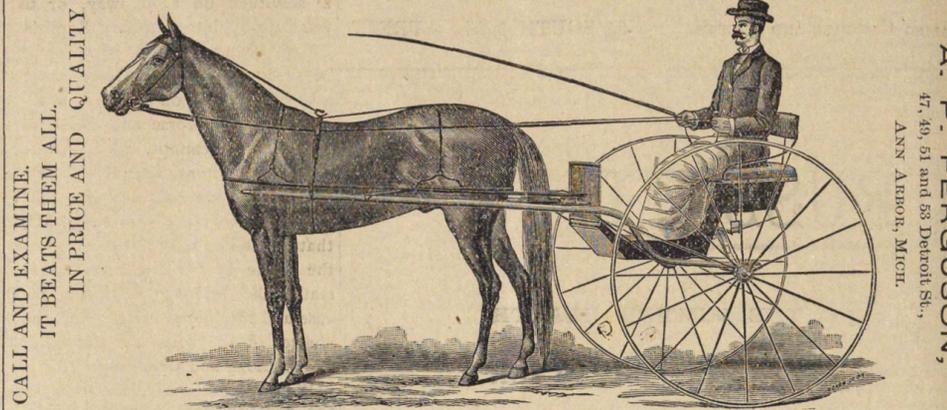
# DETROIT INTERNATIONAL Fair and Exposition.

OPENS AUGUST 25TH.

CLOSES SEPTEMBER 4TH.

- WONDERFUL DISPLAY of Electrical Inventions and Manufactures.
- ADMIRABLE SHOW of Curious Machines at Work and Interesting Manufacturing Operations.
- GREATEST SHOW of BLOODED HORSES and Cattle, Sheep, Swine and Poultry.
- GRAND HORSE RACES—Trotting, Pacing and Running, \$12,500 in Prizes.
- FLORAL HALL full of Beautiful Flowers and Luscious Fruits.
- GREAT DOUBLE BALLOON ASCENSIONS and Startling Leaps from the Clouds every Afternoon.
- IMMENSE PYROTECHNIC WAR DRAMA, "The Siege of Sebastopol," with a vast Theatre and 350 Actors, every Evening.
- MAGNIFICENT FIRE-WORKS—\$2,000 worth of Fire-Works burned Nightly.
- GRAND FREE BAND CONCERTS Every Afternoon.
- PARADES, PROCESSIONS, Spectacles, Games, Sports, Races on Land and Water, Marvelous Rifle and Pistol Shooting, and All Sorts of Wonders and Pleasures Hourly.
- HALF FARE on all Railroads and Steamboats.
- BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED on the Bank of the Detroit River.
- STEAMBOATS, Street Cars and Railway Trains run directly to the Grounds.
- LARGEST AND FINEST FAIR BUILDINGS, and Handsomest Grounds in the World.

HERE YOU HAVE IT. ONLY \$18.00 SPOT CASH.



Ferguson's No. 7 Half Phaeton Cart.

**GEORGE WAHR**  
THE LARGEST  
Book and Wall Paper  
DEALER IN THE CITY,  
Offers for the SEASON OF 1891, the Best Selected Stock of  
**WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES**  
Ever shown in the city.

- Look at the following Prices before buying:
- Best White Blanks, 5, 6, 7c
  - Best Flats, 10, 12, 15c
  - Best Gilt Paper, 6, 8, 10c
  - High Class Grade Gilt 12, 15, 18c
  - Fine Decorations, 20, 25, 30c

Our Papers are all guaranteed full length and best stock. In short, we are the cheapest Wall Paper House in the city. Remember we have the best Wall Paper Hangers and Decorators in our employ.

We would invite Special Attention to our full line of fine Stationery.  
**GEORGE WAHR,**  
Leading Bookseller and Stationer,  
Opposite Court House,  
Ann Arbor, Mich.

**W. F. LODHOLZ**  
IS OFFERING

**BARGAINS**  
—IN—  
**Groceries and Provisions.**

**FIRST-CLASS GOODS A SPECIALTY.**  
New Teas at 25, 30, 40, and 50c per pound.  
Kettles, porcelain lined, free with 1 pound Baking Powder at 50 cents. China ware free with 1 pound coffee at 25 cents per lb. The best goods at the lowest prices. Always full weight and measure. All goods fresh and warranted. Delivered to any part of the city. You will save money by trading with  
**W. F. LODHOLZ,**  
4 and 6 Broadway.

**\$3000 A YEAR!** I undertake to briefly teach any fairly intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write, and who, after instruction, will work industriously, the situation or employment at which you can earn that amount. No money for me unless successful as above. Easily and quickly learned. I desire but one worker from each district or county. I have already taught and provided with employment a large number, who are making over \$3000 a year each. It is **NEW** and **SOLD**. Full particulars **FREE**. Address at once, **E. C. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.**

**GROSSMANN & SCHLENKER**  
CARRY A FULL LINE OF  
**STOVES AND HARDWARE**  
TINWARE, TOOLS, PUMPS, PIPE-FITTINGS, PAINTS, ETC., ETC.

All first class articles at the lowest prices. We can sell as cheap as any place, for we have small expense and are both practical workmen. Come and see us at No. 7 West Liberty street.

**GROSSMANN & SCHLENKER.**

**REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK,**  
At Ann Arbor, Michigan., at the close of business May, 4, 1891.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans and Discounts, \$431,333 71	Capital stock, \$50,000 00
Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, etc., 244,316 24	Surplus fund, 100,000 00
Overdrafts, 10,642 26	Undivided profits, 33,339 87
Furniture and Fixtures, 1,630 85	Dividends unpaid, 356 00
Current expenses and taxes paid, 2,288 15	
<b>CASH.</b>	<b>DEPOSITS.</b>
Due from banks in reserve cities, 101,140 90	Commercial deposits, 159,786 83
Due from other banks and bankers, 1,785 83	Savings deposits, 455,535 90
Checks and cash items, 229 80	Certificates of deposit, 23,548 68
Nielsens and pennies, 141 53	
Gold coin, 15,900 00	
Silver coin, 2,800 00	
U. S. and National Bank Notes, 15,958 00	
<b>\$827,567 27</b>	<b>\$827,567 7</b>

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.  
I, Charles E. Hiscock, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. **CHARLES E. HISCOCK, Cashier.**  
CORRECT—Attest: Christian Mack, L. Gruner, W. D. Harriman, Directors.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of May, 1891.  
**MICHAEL J. FRITZ, Notary Public**

Capital stock paid in, \$50,000 | Total assets, \$761,291.31  
Capital security, 100,000 | Surplus, 100,000.00

Transacts a general banking business; buys and sells exchanges on New York, Detroit and Chicago; sells drafts on all the principal cities of Europe. This bank, already having a large business, invites merchants and others to open accounts with them with the assurance of the most liberal dealing consistent with safe banking.

In the Savings Department interest is paid semi-annually, on the first days of January and July, on all sums that were deposited three months previous to those days, thus affording the people of this city and county a perfectly safe depository for their funds, together with a return in interest for the same. Money to loan on approved securities.

DIRECTORS.—Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, Daniel Hiscock, William Deubel, Willard B. Smith, David Kinsey, and L. Gruner.  
OFFICERS.—Christian Mack, President; W. D. Harriman, Vice-President; Chas. E. Hiscock, Cashier.

**Great Closing Out Sale.**  
Hats trimmed according to Paris, New York and Cleveland styles.  
Hats in all shapes and sizes both large and small. Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, Vellings, gilt and silver Lace. Everything in the line of Millinery will be sold at the very lowest prices from now on. Please call and examine our line of goods before purchasing elsewhere.  
Respectfully, **MRS. A. OTTO, 19 Fourth Ave.**

**H. KITREDGE,**  
No. 6 WEST ANN STREET.  
**LIVERY, HACK AND BAGGAGE LINE.**  
In the rear of Edward Duffy's grocery store. Back to all trains, day and night. Orders for hacks, parties, weddings and funerals promptly attended to. Telephone, 108 Ann Arbor Mich.

was asked by the chairman, Mr. Shank, what I had to say.

My reply was, "Gentlemen, aren't you a little fast, would it not be well to give me time to think of this matter?"

"You can have till to-morrow morning."

"Then you have decided this matter?"

Mr. Graves: "Yes, sir."

Manager Rutherford: "You have made charges against Major Long and disgraced Mr. Shank the world over."

I replied, "This is most too sudden to finish my reports and close up my accounts. If you withdraw your demands I will tender my resignation to take effect August 1st."

Scarcely had the board adjourned before it was reported that my resignation was asked for on account of incompetency. These were serious reports and as none but the board and myself were present at the time, it is fair to presume that they came from some member of the board.

I am not ashamed of what I have done and am more than willing to submit my administration to the people. Place your finger on a single item that I have purchased that the state has not received its full value. Show a single dollar, yea, a single cent of the state's money that has passed through my hands that has not been economically expended. As for the purchases in the quartermaster's department I will not be responsible for it; he is your officer and not mine.

A great deal has been said about Mr. Long's carpets and table linen. If I am not mistaken it was at the April meeting that James W. Long, the adjutant of the Home, stated to the board that he had furnished at his own expense part of a carpet on his private quarters and asked that it be made good to him. Some member of the board suggested that it be left with the Commandant to settle with the adjutant, it was so left. I examined into the merits of the case and told Mr. Long that I could not allow more than \$25 or \$30. I was called upon by a member of the firm of whom the carpet was bought, who asked me how much the state would allow on Mr. Long's carpet. I told him I was willing to allow \$25 or \$30, the board might allow what it pleased. Some time after this the same gentlemen presented me with a written order with my name signed to it giving the merchant the privilege of presenting to the board a bill for a certain amount of carpeting. (I wish the board would cause to be printed the order that the people may readily see that it was no order.) I told the board then and repeat it now that I never gave any order for the purchase of linen, yet they allowed the bill.

At the last meeting of the board, July 22nd, I went before the board and asked that the painter be sent for that he might testify as to the paint and for whom it was used. This being a subject that the board at this particular time (the same as the carpet and linen matters) didn't care to have stirred up, in the presence of the reporters of the press, in order to get rid of it took immediate adjournment.

Dr. Rush J. Shank, stand up to the charge of extravagance! What do you know about it? You have never seen the decoration in the Commandant's quarters. You can't tell whether there is one room or ten. Again Dr., you have cut off the wrong limb to shield that sore Shank of yours. I defy you to show where I have gone outside of my instructions excepting to clean out the old stumps, brush and dead trees around the red house down on the bank of the river, that the people of Grand Rapids might enjoy the grove on the Fourth of July, and this was done with General Rutherford's permit.

Again you are wrong, doctor, dear, when you say the horses were kept at the expense of the State. They more than paid for their keeping in work on the premises, which can be proven by at least one dozen respectable citizens living in the vicinity of the Home, who will be remembered long after you and I are forgotten.

Again, doctor, you are mistaken, there is no extra barn rented or groom employed to take care of my horses, it is the same man that was employed by Mr. Pierce. My dear doctor, what can be the matter? Again, I have not purchased a single yard of carpet and had it charged to the home, nor did I give Adjutant Long any permit to buy linen, notwithstanding the statement made before your board to the contrary. All the carpets and linen that were purchased was by the board against my protest. You cannot produce a single word of proof to substantiate a single one of the above charges that would stand for a moment in a court of justice.

Why, doctor, take a dose of your own medicine, never mind what it is, anything will help you, I never saw a man so badly out of sorts. I never used a foot of the State's lumber, I never erected or caused to be erected a boat house, I never owned a yacht nor even a common row boat.

Wrong again, when you say that there was only one charge against Quartermaster Shank. The records will show that the quartermaster purchased all of \$1,000 worth of goods that were not contracted for, or a requisition signed for, during the month of June. For your particular benefit, that you may know in what high esteem your worthy uncle was held by a certain member of the board I will publish a letter that I received a short time before Mr. Shank was removed.

"GREENVILLE, MICH., June 16, 1891.  
"Commandant of Soldiers' Home.  
"FRIEND MANLY:—I am just in receipt of your letter and send this by him, (Theodore Kamen). You will find him a creditable young man. Have Dr. Spaulding examine him as closely as he likes as to his ability to compound medicine. He will find him very practical. I have used the strictest care how as not to foist on you any one that will give you trouble as I am satisfied has been done. I was sorry I could not get a chance to talk with you, but think I understand the trouble quite well. I had some talk with Crozer and Graves and they are of the opinion that the quartermaster is entirely incompetent, and I share their views. I don't just know how we are to remedy the difficulty but I am ready to try. I have no confidence in Rutherford. I trust you will not resign, at least not at present, for in that event the Herdicans with Rutherford will put in the old gang, sure. Etc.

"Very respectfully yours,  
"L. W. SPRAGUE."

Right you are, doctor. Mr. Manly did not write his own resignation. I have every reason to believe it was dictated by J. V. Shank, written by Manager Graves, and endorsed by the

rest of the board. Right lucky was I to get out of your clutches even with my undershirt, and lucky will be the Home if it escapes with a bare liberty pole unless you change your quartermaster.

Respectfully yours,  
CHARLES H. MANLY.

Chelsea.

Tommy McNamara now has a goat at his horse barn.

Tim McKone will build a stone walk in front of his store building.

The union service will be at the Congregational church next Sunday night.

Rev. O. C. Bailey exchanged pulpits with a Grass Lake minister last Sunday.

Over \$30 have been paid out for sparrow heads in this township since April 1st.

Business has been very dull this week on account of the large exit of people to Detroit, this week.

Mrs. Dr. Shaw and her daughter Mamie, of Ypsilanti, are spending the week with relatives here.

Mrs. Dr. Halleck, of Brooklyn, is spending the week with her mother Mrs. Sibley, north of town.

We have had no rain here to speak of since June and it is getting oppressive and quite injurious to crops.

Fred Kellogg, of Lyndon, was fined \$5 and costs on Monday by Justice Schnaitman for a plain drunk.

Six hundred people gathered at the depot, last Monday morning, to see the veterans and friends off to the encampment.

Some persons are canvassing this township and Lima for a biographical album of prominent citizens of the county to be published at \$15 a volume.

Mrs. R. M. Congdon, of Grand Junction, Iowa, took advantage of excursion rates to visit her mother, Mrs. Sibley, and other relatives at this place this week.

A large number of excursion trains from California and other intermediate states, went through this place the first of the week, laden with people for the encampment.

The Backus brothers, of Webster were here with their wool Tuesday for H. S. Holmes & Co. One had upwards of 2,100 lbs. and the other over 1,700 lbs. They got 23 cts. per pound except on a few discount fleeces.

The market has been quiet the past week with small receipts, but some higher since one week ago. Wheat \$1.87 cts. for white and \$6 for red; rye, 67 cts.; oats, 35 cts. for old and 25 for new. The market is not open yet for barley but is likely to open at about \$1.20. Potatoes 50 cts.; eggs 15 cts.; butter, 14 cts.; hogs and cattle 4 to 4 1/2 cts. live weight. Wool continues to come in slowly at 23 cts. for fairly washed fleeces.

Progress.

It is very important in this age of vast material progress that a remedy be pleasing to the taste and to the eye, easily taken, acceptable to the stomach and healthy in its nature and effects. Possessing these qualities, Syrup of Figs is the one perfect laxative and most gentle diuretic known.

Emery.

Wm. S. Whipple is reported on the gain.

Henry Miller took a trip to Detroit on Tuesday.

Oat harvest has commenced with some of the farmers.

It is very dry and the farmers are all wishing for a good rain.

Judson Salyer is building a corn crib that will hold 2,000 bushels.

A. L. Bailey, wife and daughter Halley, visited friends at Cones station, over Sunday.

T. Wall, a former resident of North field township, now a mail clerk on the Michigan Central, was upon our streets, Tuesday morning.

Something Worth Knowing — Book Agent—"If you'll buy this book, sir I'll guarantee that you'll learn one thing that will save you lots of money." Man of house—"I'll take it. What will it teach me?" "Never to buy another book from a book agent."

Sudden Deaths.

Heart Disease is by far the most frequent cause of sudden death which in three out of four cases is unsuspected. The symptoms are not generally understood. These are: A habit of lying on the right side, short breath, pain or distress in side, back or shoulder, irregular pulse, asthma, weak and hungry spells, wind in stomach, swelling of ankles or dropsy, oppression, dry cough and smothering. Dr. Miles' illustrated book on Heart Disease, free at Eberbach & Son's, who sell and guarantee Dr. Miles' unequalled New Heart Cure, and his Restorative Nerve, which cure nervousness, headache, sleeplessness, of facts of drinking, etc. It contains no opiates.

Summer Boarder—"How's this? You fgfgfg uyuhhll hlll hlll fgfg fgfgfgy advertised that your place contained the most novel attraction in the country. I see nothing here, not even a grove of trees, nothing but charred stumps." Landlord Grabber—"Yes sir; yes, sir; most novel attraction ever offered. Here's where the great forest fire was."

Nervous Indigestion.

The prime cause of most of the nervous disorders and ailments with yous disorders and ailments with which humanity is afflicted may be traced to indigestion. The irritable man, the unhappy woman, the fretful child, contrive to make all around them miserable. They dose themselves for nervousness, and perhaps find temporary relief, only to grow more nervous when the inevitable reaction comes. It is in such cases that S.S.S. gives almost immediate relief. It builds up the entire system, purifies the blood, gives tone to the digestive organs, restores the functions of the stomach, gives activity to the liver and puts all nerves in tune with health and good humor. It is nature's great remedy, and never fails to give relief.



## GRANDMA says it is 20 years since she made such good bread as this. She says GILLETT'S MAGIC YEAST

is like the yeast she used to make herself, and she hopes she will never have to do without it again; and we all hope so, too.

Call for it at your Grocer's. It is always good and always ready.

NEVER A FAILURE.

The Red River Valley of Minnesota and North Dakota has never had a failure of crops.

It produced 30,000,000 bushels of wheat besides other cereals in 1890.

Farms can be had on the crop plan, or long time cash payments.

It is not an uncommon thing to pay for a farm from the proceeds of one crop.

It has all of the advantages of an old country in the shape of school, church, market, postal & railway facilities and all the chances of a new country in the way of cheap lands, rich soil, and increase in values.

It is one of the most fertile and promising regions in America not yet fully occupied.

In the rush to the far west, however, this rich valley has been over-looked.

It has room for a million more people.

Write to F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. for particulars. Publications sent free.

TRUCK AND STORAGE.

Now we are ready with a NEW BRICK STOREHOUSE

for the storage of household goods, pianos, books, stoves, etc. Moving of household goods and pianos carefully done. All kinds of heavy and light draying. Freight work.

C. E. GODFREY, Residence and office 46 Fourth Avenue North. Telephone 82.

## THE SONG OF THE "No. 9."

My dress is of fine polished oak,  
As rich as the finest fur cloak,  
And for handsome design  
You just should see mine—  
No. 9, No. 9.

I'm beloved by the poor and the rich,  
For both I impartially stitch;  
In the cabin I shine,  
In the mansion I'm fine—  
No. 9, No. 9.

I never get surly nor tired,  
With zeal I always am fired;  
To hard work I incline,  
For rest I ne'er pine—  
No. 9, No. 9.

I am easily purchased by all,  
With instalments that monthly do fall;  
And when I am thine,  
Then life is benign—  
No. 9, No. 9.

To the Paris Exposition I went,  
Upon getting the Grand Prize intent;  
I left all behind,  
The Grand Prize was mine—  
No. 9, No. 9.

At the Universal Exposition of 1889, at Paris, France, the best sewing machines of the world, including those of America, were in competition. They were passed upon by a jury composed of the best foreign mechanical experts, two of whom were the leading sewing machine manufacturers of France. This jury, after exhaustive examination and tests, adjudged that the Wheeler & Wilson machines were the best of all, and awarded that company the highest prize offered—the GRAND PRIZE—giving other companies only gold, silver and bronze medals.

The French government, as a further recognition of superiority, decorated Mr. Nathaniel Wheeler, president of the company, with the Cross of the Legion of Honor—the most prized honor of France.

The No. 9, for family use, and the No. 12, for manufacturing uses, are the best in the world to-day.

And now, when you want a sewing machine, if you do not get the best it will be your own fault. Ask your sewing machine dealer for the No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson machine. If he doesn't keep them, write to us for descriptive catalogue and terms. Agents wanted in all unoccupied territory. WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE BY Michael Staebler, Ann Arbor, Mich.

FREE. OUR NEW Gold Watch worth \$100.00. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted heavy, solid gold hunting case. Both ladies and gent's sizes, with works and cases of equal value. One person in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, are free. All the work you do is to show what we send you to those who call—your friends and neighbors—and then you always receive in valuable trade for us, which holds for years when once started, and thus we are repaid. We pay all express, freight, etc. After you know all, if you would like to go to work for us, you can earn from \$20 to \$60 per week and upwards. Address, Stinson & Co., Box 512, Portland, Maine.

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The Finest Line of Druggist's Goods!

In the City, at the LOWEST PRICES

Can be Seen at Goodyear's, DRUGSTORE,

No. 5 South Main Street, Ann Arbor.

# A MAN

UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THE COUNTRY, WILL OBTAIN MUCH VALUABLE INFORMATION FROM A STUDY OF THIS MAP OF

## THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILWAY,

Including main lines, branches and extensions East and West of the Missouri River. The Direct Route to and from Chicago, Joliet, Ottawa, Peoria, La Salle, Moline, Rock Island, in ILLINOIS—Dayton, Muscatine, Ottumwa, Oskaloosa, Des Moines, Winterset, Audubon, Harlan and Council Bluffs, in IOWA—Minneapolis and St. Paul, in MINNESOTA—Watertown and Sioux Falls, in DAKOTA—Cameron, St. Joseph and Kansas City, in MISSOURI—Omaha, Fairbury and Nelson, in NEBRASKA—Horton, Popple, Hutchinson, Wichita, Belleville, Abilene, Caldwell, in KANSAS—Pond Creek, Jenness, Kingfisher, El Reno, in the INDIAN TERRITORY—and Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, in COLORADO. FREE Reclining Chair Cars to and from Chicago, Caldwell, Hutchinson and Dodge City, and Palace Sleeping Cars between Chicago, Wichita and Hutchinson. Traverses new and vast areas of rich farming and grazing lands, affording the best facilities of intercommunication to all towns and cities east and west, northwest and southwest of Chicago, and Pacific and trans-oceanic Seaports.

### MAGNIFICENT VESTIBULE EXPRESS TRAINS,

Leading all competitors in splendor of equipment, warmed by steam from the locomotive, well ventilated, and free from dust. Through Coaches, Pullman Sleepers, and Dining Cars daily between Chicago, Des Moines, Council Bluffs and Omaha, with Free Reclining Chair Cars between Chicago and Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, via St. Joseph, or Kansas City and Topeka. Splendid Dining Hotels (furnishing meals at reasonable hours) west of Missouri River. California Excursions daily, with CHOICE OF ROUTES to and from Salt Lake, Ogden, Portland, Los Angeles and San Francisco. THE DIRECT LINE to and from Pike's Peak, Mt. Royal, Garden of the Gods, the Mountain Cities, Mining Camps, Sanitariums, and Scenic Grandeur of Colorado.

### VIA THE ALBERT LEA ROUTE,

Solid Express Trains daily between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, with THROUGH Reclining Chair Cars (FREE to and from those points) and Kansas City. Through Chair Car and Sleeper between Peoria, Spirit Lake and Sioux Falls, via Rock Island. The Favorite Line to Pipestone, Watertown, Sioux Falls, and the Summer Resorts and Hunting and Fishing Grounds of the Northwest.

THE SHORT LINE VIA SENECA AND KANKAKEE offers facilities to travel between Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Lafayette, and Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Minneapolis and St. Paul.

For Tickets, Maps, Folders, or desired information, apply to any Coupon Ticket Office in the United States or Canada, or address:

E. ST. JOHN, General Manager, CHICAGO, ILL. JOHN SEBASTIAN, Gen'l Ticket & Pass. Agent.

Leading all competitors in splendor of equipment, warmed by steam from the locomotive, well ventilated, and free from dust. Through Coaches, Pullman Sleepers, and Dining Cars daily between Chicago, Des Moines, Council Bluffs and Omaha, with Free Reclining Chair Cars between Chicago and Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, via St. Joseph, or Kansas City and Topeka. Splendid Dining Hotels (furnishing meals at reasonable hours) west of Missouri River. California Excursions daily, with CHOICE OF ROUTES to and from Salt Lake, Ogden, Portland, Los Angeles and San Francisco. THE DIRECT LINE to and from Pike's Peak, Mt. Royal, Garden of the Gods, the Mountain Cities, Mining Camps, Sanitariums, and Scenic Grandeur of Colorado.

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Having bought the word yard and feed business of George H. Huzzard, we propose to keep

WOOD OF ALL KINDS Kindling Wood, Baled Hay and Straw, Flour and Feed of the best quality, Charcoal, etc. Goods delivered to any part of the city. CASH PAID FOR CORN and OATS

The firm will continue the truck business of C. H. Jones as before. Orders by telephone promptly attended to.

Clark & Jones, 33 East Huron St.

Telephone 14. One door west of Firemen's Hall. H. C. Clark. C. H. Jones.

NEW FIRM

EBERBACH & SON, DRUGGISTS AND PHARMACISTS,

No. 12 South Main Street

DEALERS IN Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs,

Artist's and Wax Flower Materials Toilet Articles, Trusses, Etc.

PURE WINES & LIQUORS

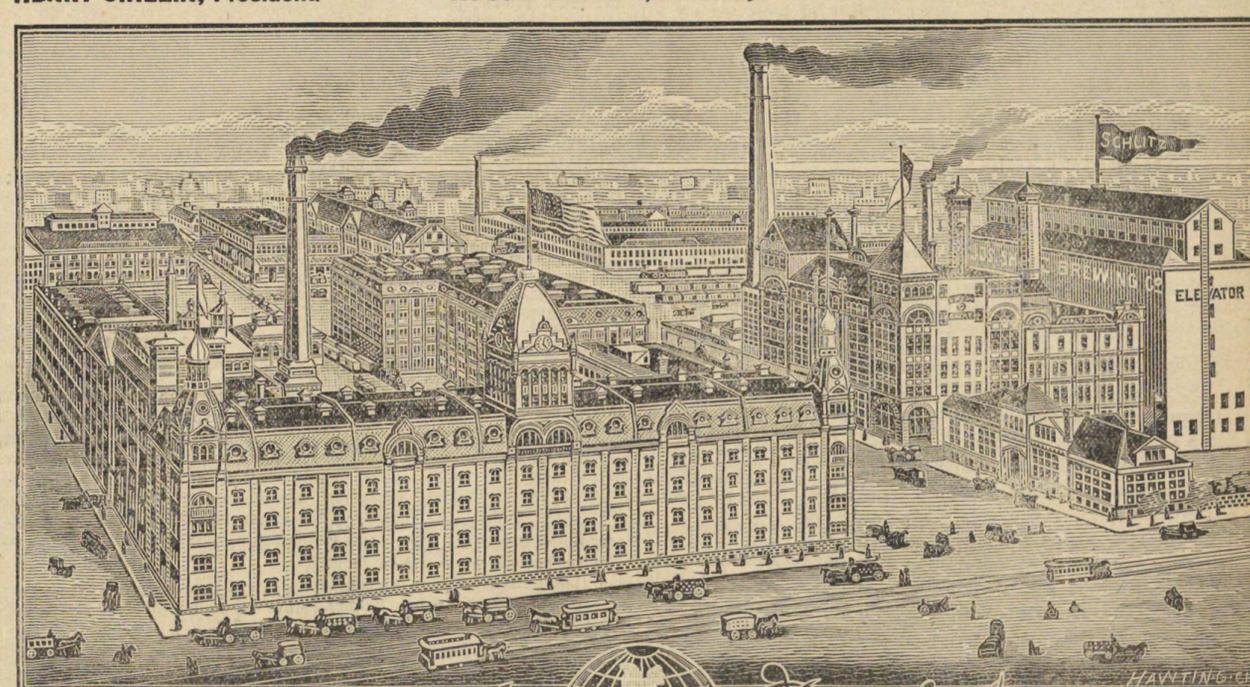
Special attention paid to the furnishing of Physicians, Chemists, Schools, etc., with philosophical and Chemical Apparatus, Bohemian Chemical Glassware, Porcelain Ware, Pure Reagents, etc. Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Prepared at All hours.

NEW PERKINS HOTEL

JUST OPENED At the Old Stand Cor Grand River and Cass Avenues, Direct Street Car Connections from all Depots. Rates, \$1.25 to \$2 per day

DETROIT.

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KEG-BEER BRANDS: BUDWEISER, PILSENER, WIENER, ERLANGER, CULMBACHER. "SCHLITZ-BRAU,"

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ANNUAL CAPACITY: ONE MILLION BARRELS OF BEER.

Schlitz Beer is sold the World over and has a world-wide reputation for being the best; it is warranted to be pure, wholesome and palatable, and brewed from the choicest Hops and Barley-Malt.

The entertainment of the G. A. R. by Detroit proves conclusively that that city can provide for large crowds. It proves that Detroit could provide for the national conventions, and steps should at once be taken to get the next democratic national convention to meet in Detroit.

The New York republicans are not entirely harmonious. President Harrison and me-too Platt have lately gone into copartnership, and Platt's henchmen now get the offices. The most notable instance is the New York city collectorship where a republican had to resign because he was too much of a civil service reformer and Fassett a warm supporter of Platt was given the place. The supporters of Warner Miller, who fell outside the breastworks in 1888 that Harrison might be president, have on their war paint and in the words of an old song, "There may be trouble yet, you bet."

The nomination of Mr. Dickinson would not surprise many of his friends who know how high he stands in the good opinion of certain powerful Democratic leaders in the East and the South. And why would not Don make a bang-up Presidential candidate? He has youth, brains, vigor, courage, magnetism, and nearly all the other essential qualities of an ideal popular leader; and it is almost certain that he would run better in New York than either Cleveland or Hill. He is free from any factional entanglements, and his public record—like his private life—is stainless.—Lansing Journal.

OUR readers will find a plain and straightforward statement from Capt. Manly on our second and third pages in the form of a letter to the board of managers of the soldiers' home in Grand Rapids. The statement bears the impress of honesty. The board must stand up and answer. Why was Quartermaster Shank reinstated if three members of the board bore witness to his incompetency? Why was his insubordination not sufficient to secure his dismissal? Why was his salary increased? Did Shank pay more than the market price for articles? Did he buy more provisions than needed? Did he raise salaries unnecessarily? Evidently there is need of an investigation. It should be thorough. The Soldiers' Home is a great expense to the State. No rottenness should be tolerated in its management.

Competitive examinations for the federal service in Indiana—the second term campaign has not yet hit the state as it has the New York custom house—are bringing many democrats into the offices, much to the disgust of the republican workers. In Carroll county complaint is made that the democrats outstrip the republicans in the examinations, which shows, says the Civil Service Chronicle, that the stupidity and ignorance of the country is not all confined to the former. This situation "is galling" to the Delphi Journal; "it is an outrage on the republicans who work in the trenches, and would it be remarkable if it led to disaster?" Another "galling" fact, according to the Chronicle, is that under the new secret ballot law vote-selling and hoodle-handling are now pretty dead industries in the state. This may explain why Dudley is weary enough of politics to resign from the national committee.—Springfield Republican.

Pension Agent Harvey, of this state, reports 31,904 pensioners living in this state June 30, of whom two are widows of soldiers in the Revolutionary war and 226 are widows of the war of 1812, 11 are survivors of that war and 1,226 are children. Some 3,550 new names were added to the rolls and 1,598 stricken off. The Revolutionary war was over 110 years ago, and yet two widows of veterans of that war are in this state drawing pensions to-day. Which would strongly indicate that young girls sometimes marry old veterans long years after the war is over for the purpose of drawing pensions after their death. The pension laws should be amended in this respect. There is no very valid reason for pensioning them, as they were not even born at the time the pensions were earned.

EMANCIPATION DAY.

(Concluded)

the privileges, all the immunities of the law. Work out now the salvation of your race, whereunto the God of Nature has given you the brains, the hands and the ability, according to His will. Be masters over yourselves. Think, act and do as becomes your manhood. Make yourselves indispensable adjuncts of a new civilization in which you may "quit yourselves as men."

Mr. President, thanking you for the courtesies of the platform extended to me to-day, allow me, in behalf of the city of Ann Arbor, to extend most hearty greetings to all her guests and yours who are here within her walls. This free American city bids me, her servant, say to them all: We welcome you in the name of our common humanity; we welcome you in the name of our common liberty; we welcome you in the name of our common equality before the laws.

In the afternoon Rev. Max Smith, of Richmond, Ind., opened the exercises with prayer. F. Merchant, an Ypsilanti Afro-American, was the first speaker, and proved a very eloquent one. He traced the gradual abolition of slavery in the north, and of the 250,000 colored soldiers who had fought to preserve the Union. He dwelt at length on suffrage and the fact that the ballots should be admitted and honestly counted.

Hon. E. P. Allen said the negro had made strides forward in the battle of life exceeded by no people which had preceded him. Twenty-five years ago he was as much a stranger in this land as a child in Egypt. Last year he paid taxes on \$400,000,000 of property. Then only one in a thousand could read; now fifty per cent can read. Capt. Allen went at length into the congressional debates at the beginning of the war, and described the events which led up to the Emancipation proclamation, and paid a glowing tribute to Lincoln. He finished as follows:

"In conclusion, my friends, if to review those days shall bring remembrances of what a race has suffered from oppression, and lead men to hate more than ever before injustice, then it is well. If in full view of all the terrible past, high resolves and noble aspirations for the future are born, then will new blessings follow in its wake. Let us all, then, firmly resolve, each for himself, that he will be a better citizen and more ardent lover of his country than ever before. We will countenance no public wrong. And above all we will not tire or yield until everywhere in this broad land, from snow to sunshine, and from ocean to ocean, wherever floats the banner of the nation, there every citizen shall be free to act and speak in a lawful manner his belief upon all questions."

Rev. Fr. Goldrick opened his speech by putting his audience in good humor with the remark that if what Capt. Allen had just said was true, viz., that all the vessels, ships and boats of all descriptions in Europe and America could not carry back to Africa all the colored babies born in these United States in one year, then we might logically conclude that there cannot be many old bachelors and old—well, not their fault—among the colored people of this great republic. He was reminded of the story of the Irishman from the west of Ireland and the colored man. The Irishman was from the province of Connaught, and when he landed in Castle Garden he soon ran across a colored man and immediately exclaimed, "What sort of a countryman are you, sir?" "I'm a colored man," came the response. "Misjudging the sound of the word, 'Oh, by the good sticks,'" said the Irishman, "shake hands; I'm from that country myself."

Now, there is a very genial, affable colored man in this town by the name of John Loney, and to a favorable understanding between myself and that gentleman on the evening of March 17 I am here today. I was hurrying to reach the depot to board the train for Detroit, to be in time to join a celebration made up of the sympathizing friends of a down-trodden people beyond the sea. After thanking the gentleman for hastening my trip by a ride in his bus, or for the favor granted, he said, "Oh you can do me a favor some time." I said I would if I could, but I never thought the favor asked would be in the form of a speech. This colored man surely knows how to take time by the forelock. However, I am pleased to be here to-day, and I congratulate you on this very successful celebration, so nicely conducted and well ordered. It is a pleasure to be here, for you are celebrating the triumph of a principle dear to the human heart—the principle of freedom, of liberty. First, it is grand for the individual and the race, and, second, it is grand because of the man who granted it. I say grand for the individual, because the emancipation has raised him to his proper sphere, it has placed him on a level with the rest of mankind, placed him where he belongs. It has struck and shattered the disgraceful chains of slavery and removed the last vestige of a mistaken Christianity. The great principle enunciated in the Declaration of Independence, that all men are created equal, should have been supplemented with the statement that all men are created in the image and likeness of God, as we read in the book of Genesis, and if created in the image and likeness of God, why should they be denied the privileges accorded them by Almighty God? The system which binds men in slavery is directly opposed to the law of God and the law of nature. I say it is grand for the race, for now you can act together, pull together, work together. In union there is strength, and now that you are united as a race, and free, the limit of your possibilities is not in the power of man to define. As a race, you are in a way to carve out for yourselves honor, prosperity and distinction. I say it is grand because of the man who granted it. The emancipation was not the work of titled nobility, nor did it, when it came, smell with the trappings and paraphernalia of royalty; but it came like a thunderbolt and came from the hands of one who was a lowly worker himself, from one who had walked in the paths of labor and knew where true honor lies; it came, and here is wherein we

particularly rejoice, from a hard-working American citizen, from the hands of that noble soul and honored martyr, Abraham Lincoln. Ever honor and revere that name, have his memory engraved on your hearts and teach your children to do the same. As Moses led the Israelites out of the land of bondage and away from the tyrannical jurisdiction of Pharaoh, so did this second Moses of the colored people, Abraham Lincoln, by the stroke of his powerful pen, sever the foul fetters of serfdom and open the broad field of promise and prosperity to the down-trodden colored race. If, as we know, the colored people owe a lasting debt of gratitude to this republic, on the other hand, our country cannot be unmindful of the assistance given by those 186,097 colored soldiers in the late civil war. History eulogizes them for their bravery and aptitude for military life. How mighty, indeed, the change! In 1860 the number of slaves, or human chattels, in the United States was 3,953,760. The system of American slavery was based on the inferiority of the African race. Thanks to an All-Wise Ruling Providence, the act of emancipation wiped away this foul stigma from the fair face of this grand republic. Thank God, on May 13, 1888, a law was passed by the Brazilian Congress, and promulgated by the princess regent, Ysobel, abolishing forever slavery in Brazil, liberating 723,419 slaves, ending for all time slavery on the American continent, so that to-day there is not a human being in the broad and long expanse of America, north, south or central, but can say, "My soul is my own, my child will not be taken from me and sold like an animal." No more has the poor colored man to watch, as the sad song tells us, the hours till eleven, twelve o'clock, while his little babe is dying, bereft of mother by the foul chattel sale, and plaintively cry, "If there's any place in heaven for poor black slave, I pray thee let my baby die and go." (Here large tears streamed down the faces of many of the older listeners.) To-day you are freemen, with all the rights and privileges of a free and liberty-loving people. Enjoy them, love the government that bestows them on you and don't abuse them. Make proper use of the advantages of civilization and employ to the best of your ability the many sources that both art and nature place at your disposal. To relax your minds from serious consideration for a moment, I will now narrate a story about the colored man, which contains a moral worthy of your consideration. A doctor was one day riding with a companion through one of the southern states, and after quite an up-hill drive they came to a level surface, where they found a colored man sitting contentedly on a log, while in the middle of the passage way stood his mule and cart and blocked the road. The two travelers asked if they could do anything for him. He said, "Oh, yes; please help start that balky mule." "I'll do it without help," said the doctor, and getting out of the buggy he came to the beast and with a hypodermic syringe he gave the mule an injection of morphine. In about ten seconds the mule raised his head, switched the air with his tail and started down the road like a cyclone. The colored man, immediately taking in the situation, started after the procession as fast as his heels could carry him. About a mile down the road the travelers saw a colored man before a cabin, evidently waiting for them; he was the identical man who made the mule chase, and as they came near he shouted, "Boss, have you any more of that kind of stuff you gave that mule?" "Oh, yes," said the doctor. "How much did you give him?" "About 10 cents' worth." "Well, here," said he, holding out his arm, "give me 25 cents worth, a double dose. I want to catch that mule. He has a good start on me, but I'll get speed in this colored man if it costs me a whole dollar." (Some of the audience laughed so heartily that they fell off their seats.) Though this man did not understand the cause and effect problem as well as you do, his example was excellent. Be up and doing and if possible become master of the situation. Be faithful, sober and industrious citizens of a republic which has liberated you, which has fought and bled for you, which offers you a home and guarantees you respect abroad. Remember, grateful colored people, all nationalities, irrespective of religious or political faith, fought, bled and died in defense of the sacred principles you this day lovingly commemorate. The colored man is no longer a chattel, but a free agent, owing no allegiance or support to any political party other than the one which will serve, in his honest conviction, the best general interests of the people. They are intelligent beings and cannot afford to become tools in the hands of selfish, tricky politicians. Religiously the colored people prove to be very reverential. Physically they are a well developed race, and with the educational advantages at their doors will soon show the high standard of their intelligence. This has been conclusively proved by the able remarks delivered here to-day by one of your own race, Mr. Merchant, of Ypsilanti.

In thanking you for your kind attention, I will conclude by saying: Colored citizens, endeavor to prove yourselves worthy of the blood that was shed in defense of your rights, and, while endeavoring to be in every way faithful subjects of the grandest government under the canopy of heaven, be not disturbed by the petty race prejudice, and other unpleasantness you may now and then encounter from those so-called Americans who seemingly forget the golden motto, liberty of conscience and equal rights to all men, that is emblazoned on the ample folds of the Star-Spangled Banner, which God grant may ever wave o'er

this land of the free and home of the brave.

Rev. Fr. Goldrick was followed by Joseph Beard, of Adrian. Mr. Beard was eloquent and had a good voice, but parts of his speech were highly inflammatory, as when he spoke of the colored people gaining their rights at the mouth of the shot-gun. His appeal for education was well timed and eloquently put.

Paul G. Suekey, of the Hausfreund, concluded the speech-making. He came to this country with the idea that the colored man was regarded as the equal of the white man. He found this true in theory, but not in practice. The only way to gain that equality was to take advantage of opportunities, to educate themselves.

Cyrus G. Luce has shied his castor into the ring and is a candidate for Senator Stockbridge's shoes in the United States senate. The senator's shoes are not very large, but we don't think Luce will have the pleasure of filling them. A new pair may have to be ordered to fit the feet of either Don M. Dickinson or George L. Yapple.

The Latest Washtenaw Appointment.

Mrs. Maria Gooding, the new member of the board of control of the "State Industrial Home for Girls," from this county, was born in York, of this county. Her father, Caleb Moore, one of the early settlers of that township, held positions of public trust up to the time of his death, a few years ago.

Mrs. Gooding graduated from the State Normal School in 1864, and for a time after had charge of the Saline school. Marshall LeBaron and E. P. Allen were members of the same class.

Mrs. Gooding was more surprised at her appointment than any of her friends or acquaintances; all immediately, recognized her peculiar fitness for the position, rendered so, by that happy balance, which is maintained by active practical life—with habits of study and broad reading. These are the women in need in such positions as this one, almost forced upon Mrs. Gooding—she naturally felt a hesitancy in assuming a position so capably filled, as it had been by Mrs. Cooley; but those who know Mrs. Gooding, feel that these duties will be performed with the same modest ability and faithfulness and that Washtenaw's share of one of the burdens of the state, will be conducted in a manner to sustain the good name she has already acquired.

The Teachers Resolve. The teachers attending the Institute at Dexter, adopted the following resolutions:

We, the teachers of Washtenaw Co., having assembled in the capacity of a County Teachers' Institute at Dexter conducted by S. T. Morris, M. J. Cavanaugh and J. L. Skinner, do adopt the following resolutions:

1st. That the departmental plan of constant work in the manner of academic instruction, which involve the mutual co-operation of teachers and instructors, is conducive to more benefit than accustomed plans of the previous instructors, is our unanimous voice.

That the hearty interest of the teacher bears testimony of good work on their part and an appreciated ability and zeal on the part of the conductors.

2d. Be it resolved that we tender our most sincere thanks to the instructors for the interest manifested by them in our work and the aid they have given us.

3rd. Be it resolved that the grading system of the Washtenaw county schools, as effectually introduced by Commissioner Cavanaugh, secretary of county board of examiners, bears good results and is the first step towards union, whereby the district schools will bear the same relation to the high school as the high school to the university.

Signed, M. FLETCHER, JOHN HOY, J. VAN DUSEN.

Card of Thanks.

I desire through the columns of the Argus to express my thanks to the very many kind and sympathizing friends who showed by many acts of sympathy, by flowers and other remembrances the esteem in which they held my beloved wife and their sympathy in my recent sad bereavement. C. W. VOGEL.

The Artistic Millinery Store will move to 38 South Main street, September 1st.

Do You Want to See

the newest styles and largest assortment of CARPETS in an entire new line?

You will find them at Koch & Henne's

Do You Want to Buy

first-class clean goods at the lowest rock bottom prices?

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FURNITURE and CARPETS for student's rooms? Do you want to see an assortment bought especially for this purpose, at a BARGAIN.

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a display of all the newest novelties in FURNITURE of every description at a price that is within your reach?

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56, 58 and 60 S. Main St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

**A PRICE WELL WORTH QUOTING!**

16 Pieces 40 inch WOOL CHECKS, regular price 50c, Our Price, **29 CTS.**

A NEW LINE OF FALL NOVELTIES IN WOOL DRESS GOODS, REGULAR PRICES ELSEWHERE 60c AND 65c, WILL BE RAN AT **50 CTS.**

One-Price and that the Lowest.

**E. F. MILLS & CO.,** 20 SOUTH MAIN ST.

**GAS STOVES.**

**PERFECTLY SAFE!**

**EXPLOSION OR FIRE IMPOSSIBLE**

AT \$1.50 PER M. GAS MAKES THE CHEAPEST, SAFEST AND MOST CONVENIENT FUEL THERE IS.

The cost for stoves in constant use is less than coal or wood and but slightly more than DEADLY GASOLINE.

**A FINE LINE OF STOVES**

May be seen at the office of the Gas Co., where full information and references to over sixty users will gladly be given.

**THAT OLD GASOLINE STOVE**

May be changed to a good Gas Stove at slight cost.

Investigate Before You are Burned.

**Ann Arbor Gas Co.,**

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Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

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## Great Bargains!

- No. 1.**  
3000 yards of printed Cotton Chalks, Best Make, at 5c per yard.
- No. 2.**  
3000 yards of Columbia, printed Cotton Serges, at 9c per yard, worth 12c per yard in a regular way.
- No. 3.**  
25 pieces of Atlantic F. Cashmeres, at 25c per yard, 36 inches wide and a beautiful line of colors.
- No. 4.**  
20 pieces of All-Wool Henrietta at 50c per yard. 40 inches wide and all the new shades.
- No. 5.**  
35 pieces of Plaided and Striped French Organdies, Fast Black, Newest Patterns and lowest prices. The handsomest line of these goods ever shown in this city.
- No. 6.**  
40 pieces of Striped Zephyr Gingham at 10c per yard. The same goods are sold by ordinary dealers at 15 cents.
- No. 7.**  
100 dozens of Ladies, Full Regular, Fast Black Hose, at 25c per pair. These goods cost more to import than we have made the price.
- No. 8.**  
Black Dress Laces. We are showing 40 different styles ranging in price from \$1 to \$5 per yard, and to say that that they make the most genteel dress for a lady is simply stating the truth. Our stock will supply the material needed.
- No. 9.**  
Reefers and Blazer Jackets, and we have put ourselves in position to supply the demand from the Plain Black Cheviot to the Natty White Yacht Cloth. All made in the latest style, coupled with the lowest prices.

**No. 10.**  
Kid and Fabric Gloves, Mitts, Hosiery, Laces, Ruchings, Muslin and Knit Underwear. Our stock of these articles will afford you genuine satisfaction as it supplies your wants at very low prices for good goods.

# BACH, ABEL & CO.,

26 S. MAIN STREET.

## RINSEY & SEABOLT'S BAKERY, GROCERY AND FLOUR AND FEED STORE.

We keep constantly on hand  
BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, &c.

For Wholesale or Retail Trade.

We shall also keep a supply of

### OSBORNE'S

### GOLD DUST FLOUR.

J. M. Swift & Co.'s Best White Wheat Flour, Rye Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Corn Meal, Fed, &c., &c., &c.

At Wholesale and Retail. A general stock of

### GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

constantly on hand, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as at any other house in the city.

Cash paid for Butter, Eggs, and Country Produce generally.

Goods delivered to any part of the city with out extra charge. **Rinsey & Seabolt.**

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Franklin of Phila..... 3,118,713.00  
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London Assurance, Lond'n 1,416,788.00  
Michigan F. & M., Detroit 257,608.00  
N. Y. Underwriters, N. Y. 2,596,679.00  
National, Hartford..... 1,774,505.00  
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J. T. WHITING, Gen'l Agent,  
Dock and Office, 32 West Avenue St., near Griswold, Detroit, Mich.

### LOCAL BREVITIES.

President Angell sails for home September 2.

Prof. and Mrs. Hempf welcomed a baby girl, Wednesday.

The child of Joe Cox died last Friday and was buried Sunday.

Lodholz's grocery, on Broadway, is having a new roof put upon it.

The sidewalks to the Ann Arbor depot it is said will be built shortly.

Ed. Lockwood, of Sharon, got 2,000 bushels of wheat from seventy acres

The value of the sparrows killed in this county, last week, was \$97.09

The Manchester village taxes have all been collected except that on two non-residents.

P. W. Carpenter was elected senior warden of the Knights Templar last Tuesday evening.

Ann Arbor was treated to horse car yesterday. The engine of the electric line broke down.

Mrs. A. Otto moved her millinery goods, Monday, in the store formerly occupied by Mrs. Munyon.

The Maccabees of Wolverine tent of Ypsilanti, will parade that city in full-dress uniform this evening.

A thresher the other day expressed his surprise that in spite of the dryness of the season, oats were so plump.

The little baby daughter of August Tessler, of West Third street, died the first of the week, aged seven weeks

The Dundee fair will be held Sept. 8, 9, 10 and 11. The premium list has just been received at this office.

The terms of Evert H. Scott, John N. Sheehan and Phillip Bach, as members of the school board expire this year.

Miss Maggie Walsh died yesterday after a long illness, aged forty-nine years. She was a sister of ex-Sheriff Walsh.

The Courier came out on Monday this week to allow some of its employees vacations during the encampment at Detroit.

A ten pound boy at the home of S. Rosenthaler, Its' lucky for Rosy that the students are absent or his own cigar bill might run heavy.

The farmers are jubilant all over the county over the big yield of wheat. A number of farmers have over thirty bushels to the acre.

George J. Nissly, of Saline, expects to employ twenty or thirty hands during the fruit evaporating season and to care for 250 bushels of fruit a day

The Ann Arbor Light Infantry keep up their interest in drills since the encampment, the correct way of making a company of which the city may be proud.

Haeussler's drug store in Manchester came near burning on Tuesday of last week, owing to a lamp falling, but was saved by the Manchester fire department.

Mr. and Mrs. William Baxter desire to return thanks to the kind and sympathetic friends in the time of their affliction in the loss of their little daughter, Lillian Mae.

Ralph Hauser had three hand saws ten chisels, two planes and a lathing hatchet stolen Tuesday night, from the house of Isaac Reynolds, on Broadway, where he was working.

J. J. Parshall, A. A. Crozier, and John Schenk have been appointed commissioners to examine the peach trees of the township and to destroy those which have the disease of yellows.

The marshal reported during July twenty-nine arrests, as follows: disorderly, 2; vagrant, 2; drunk, 14; larceny, 9; violating city ordinance 2. All of those arrested either pleaded or were found guilty.

A man named Van Riper, who lives near Foster's, and had been at the G.A.R. reunion, was doing the Rip Van Winkle act on some steps on Ann street, Wednesday. He was taken to jail and got off with one day.

Miss Lillian De Forest died Monday, of consumption, aged thirty-three years. She was a devoted daughter of an amiable and unselfish character and was a member of the Episcopal church. The funeral services were held on Wednesday.

William Snowden, a Ypsilanti colored man, bowled up lively Monday and had several quarrels, finally he tried to pick a quarrel with the band was run in, fined \$3 and \$5.15 costs which were paid and he returned to his native heath.

Four races will be held at Milan Saturday, August 15, under the auspices of the Milan Driving Park association; a yearling trotting race, a running race, a 3.10 class trotting and a 2.40 race. The races will be called at two o'clock sharp.

A couple of Howell men were in the city Wednesday, selling their wool. They finally got into a fight on N Main street, which brought them in to justice court and it cost them just \$5.20 each to get out. Their wool crop was not profitable this year.

Isaac Reynolds, of Broadway, got into a dispute with Mrs. Ritz over her cow which got into the yard of his mother-in-law, and finally knocked her down. Mrs. Ritz swore out a warrant and Reynolds was arrested on a charge of assault and battery.

On each side of the highway leading from Dexter to Ann Arbor for three or four miles out of Dexter the white daisy has obtained a foothold. It is one of the farmers' greatest pests, and you don't believe it ask any Western New Yorker or indeed any New Yorker.

John Neithammer, who works for John F. Lawrence, Esq., was thrown out of his wagon, while getting into it, on Main street, Tuesday. He hadn't got hold of the lines when the horses started. He struck on his head and was rendered insensible for some moments.

Among the losses adjusted last Thursday by the directors of the Wash tenaw Mutual insurance company were Frank Sweetland, Sylvan, barn and contents, \$1,508.67; J. T. Hallock, York, barn and contents, \$193.93; James Monaghan, Ypsilanti town damages to barn, \$18; Mary Rabbitt Dexter, damage to smoke house, \$21

Henry Wilmot, city bill poster, has taken issue against the vandals who remove from his boards posters and handbills before the purpose of their exhibition has been attained. There is a state law to punish such offenders which he has reproduced on a handbill and posted throughout the city. Those concerned had better give heed to it. He intends to avail himself of the protection of this law.

Now that there is so much said about the youngest soldier in the late war The Sentinel will put in a word for an Ypsilanti boy, who seems to be too modest to speak up for himself. Mr. A. D. Smalley, of Pontiac, a conductor at present on the Pontiac and Port Austin railroad, a resident of this city at the time, enlisted in the 27th Michigan Infantry, Co. D., as a drummer, at the age of 11 years and a little over, went to the front, and served till honorably discharged. He is not blowing a trumpet about it either.—Ypsilanti Sentinel.

Mrs. Louisa Sackett has given to the First Presbyterian church of this city an organ which is now being built by Farrand & Votey, of Detroit. It will be ready for use by the first of January. This will be a four-thousand dollar instrument and equal to any in the city. Farrand & Votey have just finished the "Memorial Organ" for the First Presbyterian church of Detroit, which is pronounced to be one of the finest organs in the West.

The potatoe bug has not been as numerous this season as common, at least that is what several farmers have told us and they attribute as a reason the presence of large numbers of the "Lady bug," which is their enemy. As our farmers expressed it, the Lady bug is a regular suck egg as far as the eggs of the potatoe bug is concerned. If this proves to be a fact we should encourage the ladies by all means. He plead guilty before Justice Butts and paid \$10 fine and \$3.20 costs.

A house-martin, robbably in search of a good place for a nest, got into the globe of the electric light on the corner of Main and Washington streets, one evening recently, and a crowd was soon gazing up at the bird and commenting upon its perilous situation, for it was almost time to turn on the electric current. Mr. Noble was informed, and he dispatched a messenger to the electric works, and soon one of their men arrived on the scene, lowered the lamp and released the fluttering and nearly exhausted prisoner. So the saying that "corporations have no souls" does not apply to the Thompson Huston electric company at all events.

Members of Arbor tent of the Maccabees have been notified that they must meet at their hall at seven o'clock, next Tuesday morning, prepared to leave the hall at half-past seven for the M. C. depot, to take the special train for the great Maccabee Jubilee at Jackson. Members who appear in the eparade of the Knights at Jackson will have their railroad fare paid by Arbor Tent. The fare for the public on this special train will be sixty cents for the round trip, good for August 11th only. This is a fine opportunity for a cheap pleasure trip to the Central City for both Maccabees and the general public, and one which may not occur again for years.

Pat O'Brien's barn in Augusta town ship was struck by lightning during the heavy storm Wednesday afternoon and burned to the ground with contents, including his span of horses. He had just put the horses in the barn and was on his way to the house when the lightning struck, looking around he saw that the barn was on fire, and went back to get the horses out, but they were on the floor of their stalls stunned and could not be moved. Insured for \$800.—Milan Leader.

Our readers have been told of the great improvements made by Mr. and Mrs. Nowlin in the Cook house, of this city; how every room has been overhauled, repapered, painted, refurnished and carpeted. The newspaper writers of the city had a chance to see the rejuvenated Cook, Sunday, when a dinner was given to the writer and their ladies. The dinner was an excellent one as all the dinners served there under the new management are. After dinner a tour of the rooms was made and everything found in most excellent order, neat clean and comfortable. In fact, the new Cook is quite elegantly furnished. One can hardly recognize the old rooms in their new garb.

Mrs. Harry Webster, who lives on West Main street with her mother Mrs. Preston, is not a widow, neither by the grace of the courts nor by the icy fingers of death. But she wanted another husband and she got him too. The marriage license was procured and contained the name of Fred Piert a young man of this village as bride groom, and on the Glorious Fourth they twain were made one flesh by Justice Doyle—or at least as near as flesh as possible under the existing circumstances. They both told Mr. Doyle that there was no legal impediment to their marriage. So Mr. and "Mrs." Piert lived happily together until Tuesday of last week, when husband No. 1 put in an appearance and blocked the wheels of this unholy alliance. The matter has been settled by Mrs. Webster agreeing not to live with No. 2 any more.—Milan Leader.

### Pittsfield.

Wm. Jarvis had one of the fore legs of a valuable horse badly injured by a barbed wire fence, which the horse in some unknown manner came in contact with.

Some wheat has been thrashed up to date, with a fair yield per acre and mostly of good quality.

Mr. J. Kepler had 489 bushels of wheat thrashed off a 15-acre field, as good a yield as I have heard of so far. Wheat will not average anything like that, however. I would not estimate it higher than 20 bushels to the acre in Pittsfield on the average.

Corn is, in my opinion, very backward, a good deal of it not being tasseled out yet.

Mr. J. H. Webb is among those who Detroit visitors during the present week.

## SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.

The success of this Great Cough Cure is without a parallel in the history of medicine. All druggists are authorized to sell it on a positive guarantee, a test that no other cure can successfully stand. That it may become known, the Proprietors, at an enormous expense, are placing a Sample Bottle Free into every home in the United States and Canada. If you have a Cough, Sore Throat, or Bronchitis, use it, for it will cure you. If your child has the Croup, or Whooping Cough, use it promptly, and relief is sure. If you dread that insidious disease Consumption, use it. Ask your Druggist for SHILOH'S CURE, Price 10 cts., 50 cts. and \$1.00. If your Lungs are sore or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cts.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Four new houses with every modern convenience, on Hill street and Forest avenue. Inquire of Henry Richards, 9 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich. 52-54

### Estate of Thomas Parks.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court, for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the fifth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.

Present, Edward D. Kline, Circuit Judge, acting as Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas Parks, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Henry C. Parks, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that administration of said estate may be granted to Henry Simmes, as executor or to some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the thirty-first day of August instant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Argus, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

EDWARD D. KLINE,  
Circuit Judge, acting as Judge of Probate.  
[A true copy.]  
WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.



### AGAIN TO THE FRONT.

## BARGAINS IN SEASONABLE GOODS

Glance your eye over the list and see what you can use.

- All sizes in Black Hose at 10c a pair—or three pair for 25c.
- All sizes Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers at 25c a garment or 50c a suit.
- All sizes in Boys' Outing Shirts at 35c each.
- The best Workingmen's Pants, warranted not to rip, cut large and roomy, at 75c a pair.

See our show window for the best Bargain in Straw Hats, Men or Boys—  
YOUR CHOICE, 25 CENTS.

## THE - TWO - SAMS L. BLITZ.

### GREAT MARK-DOWN CLOSING OUT SALE OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

Regardless of cost or value. A bold move for a four weeks' trade, COMMENCING ON SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 11th, at 8 o'clock. Before we ring down our curtain on this Great Sale we are determined to have sold Ten Thousand Dollars worth of Fine Dry Goods.

**THREE SPECIAL ITEMS.**  
50 PIECES FRUIT OF THE LOOM COTTON at 8c a yd.  
SHIRTING PRINTS, BEST QUALITY, at 3 1-2c  
LONSDALE CAMBRIC, BEST QUALITY, at 10c

**200 PAIRS FINE CURTAINS,**  
Purchased from an Importer at 50c on the dollar to close the lot. We bought them at Half Price and will give you a benefit. You can buy \$3.00 and \$3.50 Fancy Muslin Curtains for \$1.49 a pair. You can buy \$2.00 and \$2.50 Coin Spot and Fancy Muslin Curtains for 99c a pair. You can buy Fancy Curtains with Silk Stripes Dado worth \$5.00 and \$6.00 for \$3.00 a pair. Big lot Nottingham Lace Curtains at 59c a pair. 15 pieces Coin Dot Curtain Scrim, 40 in. wide, at 5c a yd. 35 pairs Elegant Chenille Curtains at \$5.50, \$6.00 and \$7.00 a pair.

EVERY MORNING OF THIS SALE THE FIRST TWENTY PURCHASERS OF \$3.00 OR OVER WILL RECEIVE ONE PAIR FINE LINEN TOWELS.

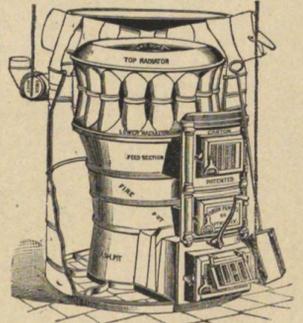
## SCHAIERER & MILLEN

Leaders of Low Prices and Always the Cheapest.

== PERHAPS ==  
While calling on your friends  
**YOU HAVE NOTICED**  
Incidentally some of the pretty Furnishings of their house. The spirit of envy that came you bravely fought and subdued. You realized that to be honest and honorable you must live within your means. You are at  
**DIETERLE'S**  
A few days later with a friend, assisting her in the selection of some pieces of PARLOR or BED-ROOM FURNITURE. You have no thought of yourself, yet the  
**LOW PRICES**  
Given your friend compel your attention. The expression of surprise and pleasure that comes over your face is good to see. You have discovered that you can have this and that, and that without going beyond your means or losing your self-respect. Hereafter take nothing for granted.  
**Dieterle's Facts Cost Nothing.  
His Furniture Little More.**

## STEAM, HOT WATER and HOT AIR HEATING.

- REFRIGERATORS,
- ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
- WINDOW SCREENS
- AND DOORS.
- GAS AND GASOLINE STOVES.
- PLUMBING,
- GAS FIXTURES,
- GLOBES,
- GARDEN HOSE
- AND REELS.



## SCHUH & MUEHLIG, HARDWARE,

31 S. Main Street, Ann Arbor.  
P. S.—Call and see our new line of Cooking Ware.

# Syrup of Figs



## ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.  
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.  
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

# SULPHUR BITTERS

## THE GREAT German Remedy

### TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those deathly Bilious Spells depend on SULPHUR BITTERS, it will cure you.

Do you suffer with that tired and all gone feeling? If so, use SULPHUR BITTERS; it will cure you.

Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and workshops; clerks who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined indoors, should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and sickly.

If you do not wish to suffer from rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS; it never fails to cure.

Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it.

Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS.

Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send three 2-cent stamps to A. P. ORDWAY & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy free.

## BEAL & POND Insurance Agent

No. 4 South Main St., Ann Arbor.

The oldest agency in the city. Established a quarter of a century ago representing the following first-class companies.

Home Ins. Co. of N. Y. \$7,000,000

Continental Ins. Co. of N. Y. 4,207,200

Niagara Ins. Co. of N. Y. 1,735,563

Glard Ins. Co. of Phila. 1,132,488

Orient Ins. Co. of Hartford 1,419,522

Commercial Union of London 12,000,000

Liverpool, London and Globe \$4,000,000

Rates low. Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid.

## MONEY

can be earned at our NEW line of work, rapidly and honorably, by those of either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We start you. No expense to you. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is an entirely new and highly wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are wanted from \$25 to \$40 per week and more as a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and terms you desire. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & O'NEILL, BALTIMORE.

## MANHOOD RESTORED.

WANTING the Wonderful Spanish Remedy, is sold with a Written Guarantee to cure all Nervous Diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, in either sex, caused by over-exertion, youthful indiscretion, or the excessive use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately lead to Infirmary, Consumption and Insanity. Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price \$1 a package, or 6 for \$5. With every \$5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sent by mail to any address. Circular free. Mention this paper. Address: MADRID CHEMICAL CO., Branch Office for U. S. A. 417 Dearborn Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

FOR SALE IN ANN ARBOR, MICH., by Mann Bros., Druggists, 39 South Main St. J. J. Goodyear's Drug Store, No. 5 South Main St.

## AGENTS WANTED TO ENTIRELY NEW BOOK

The most wonderful collection of practical, real value and every-day use for the people ever published on the globe. A marvel of money-saving and money-earning for every one owning it. Thousands of beautiful, helpful engravings, showing just how to do everything. No competition; nothing like it in the universe. When you select that which is of true value, sales are sure. All sincerely desiring paying employment and looking for something thoroughly first-class at an extraordinary low price, should write for description and terms on the most remarkable achievement in book-making since the world began.

SCAMMELL & CO., Box 5063, ST. LOUIS or PHILADELPHIA.

## N. G. BUTTS, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Real Estate and Collection Agent. OFFICE: In Masonic Block.

## COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

[OFFICIAL.]

COUNCIL CHAMBER, Ann Arbor, August 3, 1891.

Regular meeting.

President Cooley being absent, the Council was called to order by the City Clerk.

Roll call.

Present—Ald. Mann, Martin, Allmendinger, Fillmore, O'Hearn, Ferguson, Taylor, Rehberg, and Kitson—9. Absent—Ald. Wines, Herz, Hall, and Pres. Cooley—4.

A quorum being present, on motion of Alderman Kitson, Alderman Taylor was elected president pro tem.

The minutes of the previous meetings were read and approved.

### PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS.

To the Common Council:

The Board of Public Works respectfully report and recommend, that the following sidewalks be ordered built: On the west side of Spring street from Summit to Chubb streets, and on the north side of Chubb street from Spring street to the entrance of the Catholic cemetery.

By order of the Board of Public Works. W. J. MILLER, Clerk.

Referred to Sidewalk Committee.

### REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

#### FINANCE.

To the Common Council:

Your Committee on Finance respectfully report that they have had the following bills under consideration and would recommend their allowance at sums stated.

#### CONTINGENT FUND.

W. J. Miller, salary	66 66
E. B. Norris	25 00
Martin Clark, quarter salary, inspector	25 00
or Jacob Stark, quarter salary, janitor	25 00
W. J. Miller, supplies	2 20
Telephone and Telegram Commission	39 58
S. W. Beakes, three months' salary	25 00
William Herz, painting and varnishing	50 00
Frank Sutherland, labor	37 65
E. F. Mills & Co., carpet and matting for Council chamber	67 75
Ann Arbor T. H. Electric Co., street lights	540 00
Ann Arbor T. H. Electric Co. city clerk's office	2 00
Sid W. Millard, printing	5 00
Miss Josephine Henion, typewriting	2 50
Total	\$ 875 69

#### STREET FUND.

Nelson Sutherland, salary	66 66
Smith Motley	50 00
George H. Schwab, estimates on bridges No. 2 and 3	6 00
John Burns	1 12
James Tolbert, freight on lumber	6 75
Moffatt, Eatherly & Co., lumber	49 28
William Herz, signs for bridges	4 00
Gustave Walters, labor	38 40
James Burns	27 90
Frank Shultz	33 90
Micouel Kinney	30 15
Michael Schneider	27 15
Wm. Kuehn	38 15
Patrick McCabe	30 90
Joseph Hutzel	30 15
Charles Rudke	37 65
Charles Hintz	21 60
Willis Clark	28 25
Wm. Nimpf	28 50
Dwight	28 50
Henry Alger	6 00
Herman Bucholz	12 00
David Taylor	3 00
Frank Gates	5 25
Frank Sutherland, labor	4 43
Geo. Collins estate, cement	5 20
John Miller, labor	3 45
Peter Peterson, labor	3 45
J. A. Herzberg, salary	15 00
Matt. Luypold, labor	2 40
John Shiplock, labor	3 90
Henry Radke, labor	3 00
Fred. Geisler, labor	9 90
Charles Hill, labor	10 00
Valentine Alger, labor	7 50
Abram Tice, labor	9 00
Edward Butler, labor	1 10
Anton Spies, labor	9 90
Karl Yarnold, labor	1 50
Joe Bull, labor	1 50
H. Kitzrege, teaming	3 00
Eugene Williams, labor	9 90
Richard Burns, teaming	55 65
Zenus Sweet, teaming	45 50
P. D. Rogers, teaming	61 85
Nelson Sutherland, teaming	25 28
Emil Baur, teaming	3 00
S. Wood & Co. lumber	93 57
Heinzmänn & Laubengayer, salt	1 85
Washburn county, stone	2 00
Schub & Muehler, supplies	33 68
John Baumgardner, stone	81 37
Total	\$ 1,387 80

#### FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND.

Fred Siple, salary	60 00
C. A. Edwards, salary	40 00
Louis Hoelzle, salary	40 00
Henry McLaren, salary	40 00
Charles Carroll, salary	40 00
Morgan Williams, salary	40 00
Edman Wilson, salary	8 00
Robert Ross, salary	8 00
Louis Weinmann, salary	8 00
John Kinney, salary	8 00
Wm. Weeks, teaming	3 00
Heinzmänn & Co. supplies	3 00
Clark & Jones, straw	1 60
Mrs. B. Beam, washing	4 00
D. Malloy, repairs, harness	1 00
Charles Raef, straw	1 00
Geo. B. Schwab, plans for hose tower	8 00
W. J. Miller, express and freight charges	6 60
Co. Hoops and Ladder Co.	1,000 00
Geo. Jedicke, hay	8 75
H. D. Edwards & Co., two pipes and shut-off nozzles	45 00
E. B. Preston & Co., metal polish	2 50
Total	\$1,382 84

#### POLICE FUND.

James R. Murray, salary	65 00
David Collins, salary	50 00
Clarence Tice, salary	50 00
Frank J. Crompton, special police	2 00
Charles Tollever, cleaning office	1 75
J. A. Pohemus, use of hack	1 00
Mrs. B. Beam, washing	4 00
D. Malloy, repairs, harness	1 00
Charles Raef, straw	1 00
William Herz, painting and papering marshal's office	16 00
Total	\$ 191 25

#### POOR FUND.

S. Blitt, clothing	1 00
T. E. Burger, nursery	2 00
Doty & Feiner, shoes	1 50
John Goetz & Son, groceries	2 98
John Goetz, Jr.	1 00
Wm. Clark, drying	1 50
W. F. Lohholz, groceries	16 64
Wm. H. McIntyre	7 80
Rinsey & Seabolt	4 54
Caspar Rinsey	3 94
Wm. G. Snow, hack to county house	1 00
Jacob Werner, groceries	1 00
Mrs. Evans, aid	6 00
Miss Shaw, aid	6 00
Total	\$ 50 20

#### RECAPITULATION.

Contingent Fund	\$ 875 69
Street	1,387 80
Fire Department Fund	1,382 84
Police Fund	191 25
Poor	50 20
Total	\$3,888 38

Respectfully submitted, E. G. MANN, WM. HERZ, Finance Committee.

Ald. Mann moved that the report be accepted and adopted and warrants

ordered drawn for the same, which motion prevailed by yeas and nays as follows:

Yeas—Ald. Mann, Martin, Allmendinger, Fillmore, O'Hearn, Ferguson, Taylor, Rehberg and Kitson—9. Nays—None.

### SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT.

STREET FUND. Jacobus & Son, building fence and sidewalk \$ 114 07

CEMETERY FUND. Jacobus & Son, building fence, forty-eight rods 141 60

Total 256 67

Respectfully submitted, E. G. MANN, WM. HERZ, Finance Committee.

Ald. Mann moved that the supplementary report be accepted and adopted and warrants drawn for the same, which motion prevailed by yeas and nays as follows:

Yeas—Ald. Mann, Martin, Allmendinger, Fillmore, O'Hearn, Ferguson, Taylor, Rehberg, and Kitson—9. Nays—None.

### ORDINANCE.

The second reading by sections of an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance relative to the Use of Street Railway Cars by the Public."

### STREET.

To the Hon. Common Council of the City of Ann Arbor, Mich.:

Your Committee on Streets has had the following recommendations from the Board of Public Works under consideration:

To appropriate \$350 for a culvert on Hill street; \$350 for a culvert on Fifth street; \$450 for a culvert on Felch street; \$350 for coping on South University avenue and for tile culvert on Washtenaw avenue.

In regard to the culverts we think that inasmuch as the streets are little frequented and a small outlay for planks and timber would put them in as good a condition as new, it is not advisable at this time to undertake the construction of entirely new culverts.

The coping on South University avenue is a matter which may be deferred until next year to advantage, owing to a press of more necessary improvements claiming immediate attention.

As regards the bridges No. 2 and No. 3, we recommend that No. 2 be repaired with timber as suggested by the Board of Public Works, and that an estimate of the cost of a substantial iron bridge be submitted for No. 3. The tile culvert on Washtenaw avenue is unnecessary for the present, as the old one will last another year.

E. G. MANN, WALTER L. TAYLOR, A. P. FERGUSON.

Ald. Mann moved that the report be accepted and the committee discharged from the further consideration of the same, which motion prevailed.

### REPORTS OF CITY OFFICERS.

CITY TREASURER'S REPORT FOR THE MONTH ENDING JULY 31, 1891.

To the Common Council of the City of Ann Arbor:

Balance on hand as per last report \$2,307.83

#### MONEY RECEIVED.

Contingent Fund—Murray of fees 10.65

Contingent Fund—Miller, licenses 10.50

Firemen's Fund—Chief Siple 13.00

Belmont Tax Fund, from County Treasurer 76.84

Total \$2,408.82 \$2,408.82

#### MONEY DISBURSED.

Contingent Fund—\$1,175.82

Street Fund 1,603.17

Firemen's Fund 395.94

Police Fund 180.50

Poor Fund 87.91

Water Fund 2,595.00

Cemetery Fund

Total \$6,133.34

#### BALANCE ON HAND.

Contingent Fund overdrawn \$ 14.32

Street Fund, overdrawn 3,629.75

Firemen's Fund \$1,878.13

Police Fund 661.03

Poor Fund 1,381.79

Water Fund 994.71

Cemetery Fund 188.53

Soldiers' Relief Fund 694.40

University Hospital Aid Bond Fund 840.00

Nelson Sutherland, teaming 404.04

Dog Tax Fund 100.00

Total \$6,618.58 \$4,218.11

Total balance on hand \$2,370.8

Respectfully submitted, S. W. BEAKES, City Treasurer.

ANN ARBOR CITY, August 1, 1891.

To the Common Council:

This is to certify that there is a balance in this bank to the credit of S. W. Beakes, City Treasurer, the sum of Twenty-three hundred and sixty-nine and 66-100ths dollars (\$2,369.66).

Respectfully, CHAS. E. HISCOCK, Cashier.

The Treasurer's report was received and ordered spread upon the minutes.

The reports of the City Clerk, City Marshal and Superintendent of the Poor were read and ordered placed on file.

Bids being opened for printing the Council proceedings in pamphlet form, the following bid was received:

W. J. Miller, City Clerk, Ann Arbor, Mich.

DEAR SIR: We will furnish 50 copies of Council proceedings, in pages as per sample furnished last week, using the matter as appears in the Courier, for twenty-five cents per page.

Respectfully, J. E. BEAL.

Ald. Martin moved that the bid of the Courier be accepted and the contract awarded it, which motion prevailed by yeas and nays as follows:

Yeas—Ald. Mann, Martin, Allmendinger, Fillmore, O'Hearn, Ferguson, Taylor, Rehberg, and Kitson—9. Nays—None.

### MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Ald. Martin:

Resolved, That the sum of five hundred dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated from the street fund for the repair of river bridge number two.

Yeas—Ald. Mann, Martin, Allmendinger, Fillmore, O'Hearn, Ferguson, Taylor, Rehberg, and Kitson—9. Nays—None.

By Ald. Martin:

Resolved, That the Board of Public Works do advise this Council of the sum of money required to build and construct a suitable iron bridge across the Huron river at bridge No. 3.



Copyright, 1890.

Fashion's favorite fad, centers in that famous, fascinating game—lawn tennis.

But there are women who cannot engage in any pastime. They are delicate, feeble and easily exhausted. They are sufferers from weaknesses and disorders peculiar to females, which are accompanied by sallow complexions, expressionless eyes and haggard looks.

For overworked, "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequalled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic. It's the only medicine for women, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee from the makers, of satisfaction in every case, or money refunded. This guarantee has been faithfully carried out for years.

### Report of the Condition

OF THE Farmers' & Mechanics' Bank AT ANN ARBOR, MICH.

At the close of business, May 4, 1891.

#### RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts \$244,507.27

Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc. 7,191.77

Overdrafts 2,460.96

Due from banks in reserve cities 39,426.49

Bills in transit 4,884.50

Furniture and Fixtures 3,600.10

Current expenses and taxes paid 1,642.37

Interest paid 2,834.32

Checks and cash items 816.78

Nickels and Pennies 53.49

Gold 7,742.20

U. S. and National



PERSONAL.

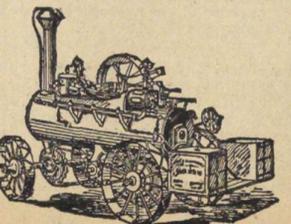
Edward Seyler is at Bay View. Miss Alta Parker is visiting in Lansing. W. W. Watts went to Grand Rapids Tuesday evening. J. H. Ryan returned from West Superior, yesterday. Ald. Louis P. Hall has returned from his trip to Alaska. County Treasurer Brehm is expected back from Duluth, Tuesday. Charles Jones, of Wichita, Kansas is visiting old friends here. Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Walker returned from Grand Rapids Friday. Mrs. Charles Weissert, of Hastings is visiting Mrs. Wm. Allaby, jr. Ernest Monahan, of Chicago, is visiting his uncle, George Clarken. Miss Jennie Foster is making some friends in Detroit happy by a visit. Mrs. Edward Duffy, of Pittsburgh Pa., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Gallick Mrs. E. E. Beach, of Chicago, is visiting at her father's, Mr. Jay Taylor's. Mrs. E. Cook and daughter, of Portland, Oregon, are visiting Mrs. D. M. Tyler. Mary and Sarah Clarkson have returned home from their visit in Manchester. Mr. and Mrs. Van Buren, of Manistee have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Moses Seabolt. Dr. Rominger and wife have returned from their visit to Wurtemberg Germany. Miss Mattie Otto is home again at J. S. Schairer's, from West Point, Nebraska. H. B. Shoemaker, now on the Chicago Times, was visiting in the city this week. Postmaster Beal, after taking in the encampment at Detroit, visited in Alpena. Mr. and Mrs. Killelea, nee Minderman of Milwaukee, Wis., are visiting friends in the city. Mr. and Mrs. George N. Henion are visiting in Clinton, Ill., and Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Judge Babbitt is again an Iron Mountain visitor. Legal business called him there. William Bain, of Webster, was in the city yesterday, on his way home from Dundee. Mrs. M. E. Brinknell, of Logansport, Ind., is visiting friends in the city for a couple of weeks. Chas. Manly, jr., arrived Thursday evening of last week, having driven from Grand Rapids. Mrs. Edwards, nee Lucy Volz, of Baltimore, Md., is visiting her parents for a few weeks. Mr. and Mrs. N. P. Jacobs, of Chicago, are visiting their mother, Mrs. Jacob Storms for two weeks. Hon. Lyman D. James, of Williamsburg, Mass., is visiting his cousin, J. L. Babcock, on N. Division street. Miss Eva Schairer, of Saline, who has been visiting in Nebraska, for the past few years, arrived home, Monday evening. Mrs. Henry Tatlock and daughter Louise, returned Friday from a four days' visit in Detroit with Mrs. Dr. Wells. John Smith and daughter, Miss Kittie, of Ann Arbor town, leave Saturday for a two weeks' trip around the lakes. Hon. William Steufer, wife and son of West Point, Nebraska, are here visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Schairer. Mrs. Tina Gooch, of Selbina, Mo. who has been visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. P. N. Tagge, returned home Wednesday. Benjamin Brown and daughter, Miss Matilda Brown, left Monday for a three weeks' outing, going first to Albion by carriage. Dr. W. D. Billmeyer, of Chattanooga, Tenn., who with his wife are visiting ex-Sheriff Wallace, of Saline, was in the city this week. Miss Gracie Jennelle, of Detroit, has escaped the crush in that city this week, by spending pleasant days with friends in this city. Rev. Peyton Gallagher returned Tuesday from Windsor, Canada, where he was assisting Rev. Canon Hincks at All Saints church. Mrs. Wiley R. Reynolds, with her sister, Mrs. Stanley, and Prof. Stanley are visiting Mrs. E. J. Babcock, on North Division street. Letter Carrier Ware was called by telegram to Rochester, N. Y., Wednesday afternoon, to see his father, who is not expected to live. Mrs. L. K. Goulette, of Reed City who has been making a prolonged visit with her relatives in this city returned home Tuesday. Mrs. Essie Smith, nee Pitkin, and children, arrived Monday evening, from Baxter, Kansas, on a visit to her mother, Mrs. Julia Pitkin. Gilbert S. Pitkin, of Petrolia, Ont. arrived in the city last Saturday evening and left with his wife and child for New York on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas East, of Pittsfield, arrived in New York, Tuesday, where they took the vessel, City of New York, for London, England. Mr. and Mrs. Myron Mills, of 18 Summit street, west, are enjoying a visit from Mr. Mills' sister, Mrs. Ball of Beatrice, Neb., who is accompanied by a young son and daughter. Miss Emma E. Banfield, the eminent teacher of penmanship in the city schools the past year, and who by the way, is the author and patentee of a new and improved copy-book for students in penmanship, which she has introduced into the schools of this and other states, and which gives promise of being not only a great boon to the struggling and innumerable chirographist, but a bonanza for herself, has just returned from a visit to Detroit, probably a combination of business and pleasure. Milan. Miss Ellen Horton is quite ill. Miss K. Knight is visiting friends in Quincy. Miss Fannie Day is visiting friends in Ypsilanti. Mrs. Lucy Clark is visiting friends in Ypsilanti. Dora Smith is entertaining guests from out of town. Mrs. Wallace has returned from her Western trip much refreshed. Miss Julia King has returned from a month's sojourn in Tennessee. Miss Grace Huntington is entertaining a friend from Minnesota. A large number of Milan people left for Detroit, Monday morning. Chas. Kelsey's new house is completed and it is a fine residence. Charles Wilson and wife have returned from their northern trip. George Hanson, of Calumet, is visiting Milan friends for a few days. Mrs. Chas. Thompson gave a tea to a few friends Thursday afternoon. H. W. Edwards has returned to Milan and will settle here for good. Prof. G. A. Dennison, of Ypsilanti visited Milan friends, Thursday and Friday. Master Kenneth Markham, of Ann Arbor, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. G. R. Williams for a few weeks. John Oliver has traded his house and lot in Milan for a small farm in Agusta. The family will move in the fall. Mr. and Mrs. Hulbert, of Minnesota who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Rouse for a few days, left for Ann Arbor Monday afternoon. Mrs. Webster, of Milan, was married to Mr. Piert, the Fourth of July. Mr. Piert's honeymoon was of short duration, as Mr. Webster returned and did not like being the hero of an Enoch Arden poem, so Mrs. Webster had to make up her mind last Tuesday that three hearts couldn't beat as one. It wouldn't work at all. The husbands have vanished. She is living with her mother. Happy Hoosiers. Wm. Timmons, postmaster of Ida-ville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines, combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: "Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite, and felt just like he had a new lease of life. Only 50c a bottle, at Eberbach & Son's, Ann Arbor; and Geo. Haussler's, Manchester; drug stores. Alas!—She—"You lack energy and push. Every man is the architect of his own future." He—"Yes, but the girl's father is the contractor." Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills Act on a new principle—regulating the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new discovery. Dr. Miles' pills speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles, constipation. Unequalled for men, women, and children. Smallest, mildest, surest! 50 doses, 25 cts. Samples free at Eberbach & Son's. A false diagnosis.—Miss Cropper—"How do they tell the age of horses?" Jack Cropper—"By the teeth." Miss Cropper—"Oh, yes; whether they are artificial or not." Is He Your Friend. Is the family doctor your friend? How many unnecessary visits does he make you? How many days does he keep you sick that you ought to be at your work, and so doing how many hard earned dollars does he extort from you. Would it not be better for you to place your trust in Sulphur Bitters? Try them, they will be a mess and a large bill which you have true friend. Saving you a long sick hitherto paid some avaricious doctor.—Editor State Journal. Had gone to the Wall.—"How did Wall street get its name? There's no wall there." "Yes there is. I went to it about a month after I began to speculate." A Fearful Heritage. Gentlemen:—My wife and babe, four teen months old, and a boy of five have suffered for years from hereditary scrofula or King's evil, and would frequently break out in sores. I have employed the best physicians, but found nothing to relieve them until I tried Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup. Have used fourteen bottles, and find to my astonishment they are entirely cured. Words cannot describe the value of your medicine as a blood purifier. I shall recommend it to all who are troubled from impure blood. JOHN MUELLER-WEISS, JR., Dealer in groceries and provisions Alpena, Mich. Prepared only by the Charles Wright Medicine Company, Detroit, Michigan For sale by all druggists.

Accidents. Mrs. Bassett fell in Saline July 28 and broke her arm. Mrs. Brogan, of Saline, broke her arm on Tuesday last week, falling upon it. George Haarer, of Freedom, was thrown to the ground, July 27 and the wheel of his wagon passed over him, fortunately without injuring him. Clarence Schierle, of Clinton, was kicked by a colt on Wednesday of last week. Although his skull was fractured just over the eye, he will recover. Allie Baker, son of Mrs. C. Fosdick of Saline, had his arm crushed by a car wheel, while working for the Lake Shore, in Toledo. He is at home with his mother at present. As Green Johnson and his wife were returning to their home from church last Sabbath, their team became unmanageable and ran down the steep hill by the Johnson school house. The carriage was overturned and the occupants thrown out after being dragged some distance. No bones were broken but Mr. Johnson was severely bruised and his wife did not entirely escape injury.—Dexter Leader, July 31. Mr. John Beranek met with what came very near being a serious accident on Wednesday evening at about ten o'clock. While working with a chisel an inch in width, it slipped and was thrust into his wrist, severing several arteries and blood vessels, causing the loss of so much blood that Mr. Beranek fainted. He was taken at a late hour of the night to Dr. C. W. Mead's office where the wound received proper care.—Ypsilanti Commercial. The Great French Remedy. Dr. LeDuc's Periodical Pills from Paris, France, act only on the generative organs in females, and positively cure suppression of the menses (from whatever cause) and all periodical troubles peculiar to women. A safe, reliable remedy, warranted to promote menstruation or money refunded. Should not be used during pregnancy. A large proportion of ills to which ladies are liable is the direct result of a disordered or irregular menstruation. Ask any druggist. Price \$2. Eberbach & Son, Sole Agents for Ann Arbor. Robert Stevenson & Co., Wholesale Agents. County Personals. Virgil Robison, of Manchester, is visiting in Dakota. Miss Louise Taylor, of Goshen, Ind. is visiting in in Manchester. Thos. Moran, of Grand Rapids, is spending his vacation in Manchester. Fred McMullen, of Corunna, has been visiting his father, James McMullen of York. D. W. and Wilmer Losee, of Whitaker, have been visiting friends in Saginaw. Mr. and Mrs. G. Josehans, of Blissfield, have been visiting relatives at Mooreville. Miss Florence Merriman has returned to Manchester from Wichita and Ottawa, Kansas, where she had spent two years. Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by Eberbach & Son, Ann Arbor, and Geo. Haussler, Manchester. Births. Born to Mr. and Mrs. Ben Mott, of Salem, July 25, a boy. Dr. Sanford, of York, celebrated the arrival of a son, July 28. A little daughter was born to E. J. Jenter, of Manchester, July 26. Ed Moehn, of Bridgewater, rejoices over a daughter, born July 29. Mr. and Mrs. D. Reeves, of Saline had a little daughter added to their family. Mrs. Richter, of Salem, and a twelve pound girl have both been happy since July 27. Cuaranteed Cure. We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and your money will be refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottle free at Eberbach & Son's Ann Arbor; and Geo. Haussler Manchester; drug stores. Large size 50 cts. and \$1.00. Deaths. Mrs. Mary Peckham died at her home in Salem, July 26, aged seventy-two years. She was a member of the Congregational church and a consistent Christian lady. Israel Boardman for thirty years a resident of Sharon, died at Evans Lake, Lenawee county, where he had made his home for the past twenty years, on July 22, aged 89 years. Fred Staebler, of Manchester, died suddenly of hemorrhage of the lungs, July 28, aged thirty-seven years. He was eating an apple when he was seized with a fit of coughing and in a few moments was dead. Hibbard's Rheumatic and Liver Pills These pills are scientifically compounded and uniform in action. No gripping pain commonly following the use of pills. They are adapted to both adults and children with safety. We guarantee that they have no equal in the cure of Sick Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Biliousness; and, as an appetizer, they excel any other preparation. For sale by John Moore.

Mooreville. Mr. John Culver has gone to Battle Creek to visit a brother. A little more rain would be acceptable, although crops are looking very well. Miss Etta Fuller is visiting her sister, Mrs. Aaron Sanford for a few weeks. Mrs. Root, of Jackson, is here, visiting her sisters, Mrs. E. B. Ford and Mrs. Scott. Mr. James Miller is again to work at perpetual motion and is sure this time of success. Miss Cora Bunting, of Willis, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Dickerson last week. Died, July 30th.—Leila, daughter of Charles and Cella Lane, aged four years and five months. Mrs. Oakley and Miss Maud, of Ypsilanti, are visiting old acquaintances in this locality at present. Rev. James Fisher and wife, of Owosso, are visiting old friends here and enjoying the country air. Joseph Shutes, of Kalamazoo Co. was on our streets last Saturday, shaking hands with old friends. Marriage Licenses. The following marriage licenses were taken out of the office of the county clerk since Thursday of last week. Henry M. Dittler, Hancock.....29 Minnie M. Frank, Ann Arbor.....20 Martin F. King, Saline.....27 Edna V. Aldrich, Pittsfield.....21 Henry Vickers, Chelsea.....28 Florence Brown, Dexter.....19 Walter Dennison, Ypsilanti.....23 Anna L. Green, Ypsilanti.....24 Arthur Nowland, Ann Arbor Town.....21 Edna Savage, Ann Arbor.....17 Eisele's Cancer Specific. This celebrated salve and ointment, prepared by Mrs. E. M. Eisele, cures old sores of long standing, fever sores and most varieties of cancer. As a curative agent it has worked wonders to the joy of the patients and surprise of intelligent physicians. Address Mrs. E. M. Eisele, 12 Catherine street, Ann Arbor, Mich. Enclose postage stamp for circulars. Quite Correct.—Auditor of Western Railroad—"What's this I find in your accounts - \$200,000 for stationery?" Bookkeeper—"Yes, sir. That's what it cost us to build the stations along the line." Startling Facts. The American people are rapidly becoming a race of nervous wrecks and the following suggests the best remedy: Alphonso Hempling, of Butler, Pa., swears that when his son was speechless from St. Vitus dance, Dr Miles' great Restorative Nerve Cure cured him. Mrs. J. R. Miller, of Valparaiso and J. D. Taylor, of Logansport, Ind. each gained 20 pounds from using it. Mrs. H. A. Gardner, of Vista, Ind., was cured of 40 to 50 convulsions a day, and much headache, dizziness back ache and nervous prostration by one bottle. Trial bottles, and fine book of marvelous cures, free at Eberbach & Son's, who recommend and guarantee this unequalled remedy. The Egoism of Genesis.—Fond Mother—"Don't you want to see the evening papers, Mortimer?" Minimus poet—"Why, is there anything about me in them?" Fond mother—"Not that I know of darling." Minimus Poet—"Good heavens, mother, then what on earth do I want to see them for?" For Over Fifty Years Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. About the nearest to perpetual motion that anybody has yet come, is the old fashioned country debating society. The Housekeeper's Friend. A friend in need is a friend indeed and such a friend you will always find in Sulphur Bitters? They cured me of dyspepsia, when I had given up life in despair and was almost at death's door. They are true friends of the sick.—Mrs. R. Crague, Hartford, Connecticut. Summer Boarder—"I think, considering the price I pay and the poor accommodations you have, you might at least treat me with respect." Mr. Hayfork—"Well, mum; to tell the truth, I can't feel much respect for people what pays the big prices I charge for the sort of accommodations I give." A Sure Chance to Make Money. Mr. Editor:—I am delighted with my success selling soap. I cleared \$6 the first day. Every person is anxious to buy, when they see how good and cheap it is. I have sold 300 pounds a day, easily; this makes me a profit of \$6 a day, which is big wages for a girl. My brother-in-law is selling soap, and doing splendid. This is a grand chance to make money, as anyone can get 300 pounds of elegant soap by sending \$5 to the Ohio Soap Co., New Concord, Ohio. Write them, and they will no doubt assist you, as much as they have me, as they are very accommodating. This letter may seem foolish to you, Mr. Editor, but times are hard, and there may be hundreds of your readers glad as I was of a chance to make money; and every person can sell what every person wants to buy. LAURA LEWIS. Ancestral Comparisons—"Miss Blew budd (proudly)—"My grandfather was a Virginia Taylor." Newby—"Indeed! Well, to be equally candid, mine was a Jersey City butcher."

And Still they Go -:-  
Cheaper than Ever.  
Our great reduction sale for June has been a great success and now we propose to give our customers, and the public in general, a still greater benefit for July,  
NOTE THE CHANGE  
All Straw Hats will be sold at One-Half Price.  
100 Boys' and Youths' Single Pants (former price \$2 to \$6) to be closed out for \$1.00 each during this sale.  
We still have a good assortment left of Men's Suits at one-third former price.  
All light colored and fancy Alapaca Coats and Vests still go at one-half former price.  
There is a good line of Children's Suits left at one-third off former price, also a lot of Children's Waists at one-half price.  
Mothers bring in your boys from four to fourteen years of age and secure one of these great bargains before they go.  
DO NOT FORGET THE PLACE,  
- THE J. T. JACOBS CO., -  
27 AND 29 MAIN STREET,  
EXPORT. EXPORT. EXPORT. EXPORT.  
THE NORTHERN BREWERY.  
Try HARDINGHAUS' Celebrated Export Beer.  
BOTTLED EXPRESSLY FOR TABLE USE.  
TELEPHONE No. 101. HERMAN HARDINGHAUS.  
FARMERS  
BUY THE  
BISSELL'S PLOW  
WITH  
REVERSIBLE SHARES  
AT  
Rogers' (-) Agricultural (-) Warehouse,  
27 DETROIT STREET, ANN ARBOR.  
WHEN AND WHERE  
TO BUY A  
CARPET  
Is a Question Constantly asked at this Season of the Year by all HOUSEKEEPERS.  
BIRRELL & CLIFTON  
Only Request a Call to Answer Them Both. For  
QUALITY, STYLE AND PRICES  
They Can't Be Beat, and Are Now Waiting to  
Convince You at  
105 Michigan Ave., Detroit, Mich.  
THRESHERS, ATTENTION!  
We have 30 of our celebrated all-four-wheel driving  
TRACTION ENGINES  
That we will dispose of direct to threshers, thus saving them the agent's commission. The best and strongest Traction Engine made. We also manufacture Engines, Boilers, Saw and Picket Mills and the famous Maud S. Pump.  
SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICE LISTS.  
LANSING IRON & ENGINE WORKS, LANSING, MICH.



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Educates young men and women to maintain themselves in independence, save money and accumulate wealth. Business, shorthand, penmanship, English, Language, Elocution and Mechanical Drawing Departments. Illustrated Catalogue free. W. F. JEWELL, President. F. R. SPENCER, Sec'y.