

Thirty-three and One-third per cent.

We have placed on sale

One Hundred and Fifty

Children's KNEE PANT SUITS

AT

1-3 One-Third Off 1-3

These are splendid values at the regular price

We wish to impress upon your mind that we do not resort to the deceiving method of marking up our goods, but give you this discount from their actual worth.

We have also placed on sale

20 DOZEN of SUSPENDERS

At two pairs for twenty-five cents.

Our bargains in Children's Suits are unequalled.

NOBLE'S STAR CLOTHING HOUSE

35 SOUTH MAIN STREET

THE BEST,
THE LARGEST,
THE CHEAPEST,

And Latest Styles in Black and Tan Shoes at prices to suit the buyer. We have also received 200 pairs of Misses' and Children's **SAMPLE SHOES.**

WAHR & MILLER,

48 S. MAIN ST.

JOHN WAHR.

GEO. H. MILLER.

There is going to be a Sale of

SUMMER GOODS

at the Busy Store of

SCHAIRER & MILLEN,

During the Month of July, commencing Saturday, July 7, at prices lower than they have been in 50 years.

And why not take advantage of this sale? Watch the low prices we make on all Summer Goods.

Thousands of Dollars Worth of Summer Silks, Dress Goods, Challies, Satines, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Waists, Duck Suits, Print Wrappers and Lace Curtains, Marked at the Lowest Prices ever heard of in Ann Arbor.

We will sell 50 Navy Blue and Light Print Wrappers, worth \$1.00, for 58c each.

500 yards Wide Linen Laces at 5c a yd.

1,000 yards Point Venice Laces at 10 and 15c a yd.

50 pieces Pin Dot Swiss Muslin at 10 and 15c a yd.

20 pieces Dimity Muslin at 10c a yd.

25 pieces White India Linen at 5c a yd.

100 English Gloria Umbrellas at 59c each.

50 Duck Suits in Light and Dark Shades at \$2.85 each.

100 English Gloria Umbrellas at 59c each.

25 pieces 45-inch Black Embroidered Flouncings, 4 1/2 yds. for 75c.

One Lot Ladies Laundered Shirt Waists, July price 75c each.

5 pieces 9-4 Unbleached Sheeting at 16c a yd.

5 pieces Black and Navy 45-inch all wool Storm Serge at 39c a yd.

LADIES! You have been looking for Silk Gloves that will not wear through at the "Finger Tips" in one or two wearings. We have them, the "KAYSER PATENT."

Please call and take notice of the Low Prices made for this July Clearing Sale.



SCHAIRER & MILLEN, Leaders of Low Prices.

THE CAMPUS TUNNELS

Subterranean Steam Pipe Connections for the University Buildings.

JUDGE T. M. COOLEY TO THE PRESIDENT.

Some Interesting Jail Accessions.—Deputy Sheriff's Damp Dive.—To Improve the Mail Service.

Shot Through by a Meteor.

Mr. Cramer, who runs the Ypsilanti end of the Daily Times, is a bright, racy scribe; but it is to be feared that he neglected to wear a cabbage leaf in his hat on the hot day when he wrote that a colt belonging to J. A. Burtis was on Tuesday "found dead with a hole as large as a 7 1/2 hat extending completely through the body of the animal downwards at a point directly behind the fore shoulders," and the accounts for it on the theory that the poor brute had been struck by a meteor. The Argus has no wish to pose as an alarmist, but the weather has been extremely trying and Mr. Cramer's friends should not, out of delicacy, hesitate too long in getting him before the probate court. Awful sorry! Mighty fine boy.

Ways that are Dark.

Under a state contract with the A. Harvey's Sons Manufacturing Company, of Detroit, the work of connecting the various University buildings by steam pipes laid in subterranean conduits has been begun. These conduits will be 6 1/2 feet deep by 5 feet wide and when all is finished one may walk bolt upright beneath the surface from the new boiler house to every building about the campus.

The boiler house on the east side will be torn down, a new boiler house built on the west side and the boilers removed there. Two new ones will be added, making fourteen in all. The boiler house will be large enough to admit of an electric light plant, which will be placed later, the wires to occupy one side of the conduits and the steam heating pipes, the other. For the purpose of these improvements an appropriation of \$44,000 was made by the legislature. The smoke-stack, or chimney, of the boiler house will, it is said, be 150 feet high.

Judge Cooley to President Cleveland.

Judge Thomas M. Cooley, of this city, the greatest living expounder of constitutional law, has written the following letter to President Cleveland:

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, }
July 15, '94. }

President Grover Cleveland.

Honored Sir—Now that the great strike in which your official intervention became so necessary has been clearly shown to be a failure, I beg to be allowed to express my unqualified satisfaction with every step you have taken in vindication of the national authority and with the restoration of law and order which has followed or is now in progress. The caution and deliberation with which you have proceeded are, I think, worthy, like the accompanying firmness, of highest praise, and I am specially gratified that a great and valuable lesson in constitutional construction has been settled for all time with remarkably little bloodshed. You, and the attorney-general also, have won the gratitude of the country, not for this generation only, but for all time, and that God may bless you for it is the sincere prayer of

Your obedient servant,
THOS. M. COOLEY.

Ann Arbor and Anarchy.

A rumor spread from the Ferdon lumber yard, Tuesday, that a dynamite plot of deep, dark and devilish proportions had been unearthed, proving positively that anarchy has had its quarters in the city. That we have not been blown in the direction of the New Jerusalem, is curious.

While removing lumber, Foreman Banfield found at the bottom of a pile which had stood for over a year, two mysterious-looking packages, which he eyed with some suspicion, and finally submitted to the inspection of some railroad men. They at once jumped away from him as though he had the small-pox and told him to go to—some other place, with his bundles of mysteries; that they had no objection to

his taking a sky trip, but had no stomach for his companionship; that in short, those packages contained dynamite. It was very rash and thoughtless to make this statement, for Banfield immediately felt the marrow leaking down the hollow of his backbone, his knees knocked together like those of a skeleton, and in his fright he came near letting the deadly stuff drop from his nerveless grip. However, he managed somehow to hang on, and he staggered away, sweating like an ox yoke, to a safe place, where, having said grace, and left some written directions as to where he wanted such pieces of him as could be found, buried, he unwound the packages and found them to contain electric belts. The packages were old, and appeared to have been placed where they were found, by ancestral hands or by aboriginal tramps.

Ypsi's Contribution.

The population of Ann Arbor has this week been increased four, by contributions from Ypsilanti. The newcomers were escorted to the most reliable hotel in the city—The Hotel Brenner. Racially they were evenly divided, two being white and two shaded. John Henry, colored, is here on the charge of holding a muscular controversy with an officer, in which he was only second best; that's coming within one of winning first prize.

Powell, also colored, has a first name, but is a little choice about uncoiling it during the hot weather. He responds to a first-class drunk and is glad to be in out of the sun.

A one-armed tramp is one of the quartette. Now as to this gentleman—well, he is just a plain tramp.

The fourth is no tramp. She is a woman and is known by the name of Mattie LaFere. But Mattie LaFere, fears neither gods, devils nor deputy sheriffs, when she is "tight." She is here as star actor in a case of large "drunk." Ex-Turnkey Pat McCabe, knows Mattie quite well. She was once outside of more grape-wine twist than she could peaceably handle and McCabe gathered her in—that is he gathered her in some, and she gathered him in, the rest of the time. They had won two or three falls apiece, when ex-Sheriff Dwyer, who was enjoying the fun as much as a man of his size could, called out to Mattie to "baste him one in the forehead." It was scarcely said so soon as done, for, quicker than a red squirrel can dodge a streak of lightning, Mattie let out with her right and caught McCabe between the eyes, and, it is safe to assert, he saw more comets than Prof. Watson discovered during his long and successful career as a trapper of heavenly tramps. The LaFere was finally landed home, without the help of the militia, after a hard struggle.

More Carriers Wanted.

It has long been felt and known that the mail carriers at Ann Arbor were over worked, and that a large portion of the city which is clearly entitled to free delivery, is not granted that desirable boon by Uncle Sam.

Ex-Postmaster Beal made several attempts to secure additional carriers and showed up the condition here to the Washington authorities in a manner that ought to have brought relief, but the government would make no changes because of the hard times and the constantly increasing expenses over receipts in running the country.

Postmaster Beakes has now opened up a cannonade on Washington in the same line. He has had a census taken of the districts outside of the free delivery and finds 581 houses, together with the University Hospitals and Observatory in the 4th ward, and a factory in the 2d ward. He also finds that when the students are here, nine months in the year, that Ann Arbor has over 15,000 inhabitants, and that because of the fact that nearly 4,000 of these are young people away from home, that the city receives more mail than any other place of 15,000 inhabitants in the entire United States. That while the receipts are about \$29,000 per year in money, the same as Bay City, the receipt of mail matter is far greater than any other post office located in a city of this size.

The carrier's loads average about 45 lbs., and often reach 55 lbs each; even during vacation period loads weighing 52 lbs. are taken out. There are no other carriers anywhere in the state forced to take such enormous loads. And even then the mail could not be delivered did not all the carriers return to the office in the evening and hand out mail to

callers therefor. At times fully 100 people at each of the six windows have been found waiting for the evening mail. At no other city do all the carriers have to return to the office evenings to do this work.

There are some instances of injustice in the present free delivery districts. For instance, when the present routes were established there were no inhabitants on S. Ashley st. between Madison and Jefferson sts. Now it is densely inhabited, the entire distance having been built up within a few years. And according to the ironclad P. O. rules no person, it even only ten feet from the established free delivery line, can have his mail delivered.

Postmaster Beakes has asked for four new carriers, two of whom shall be mounted carriers to supply the outlying districts, and everybody in Ann Arbor hopes he will secure them. It will be simply doing justice to Ann Arbor.

Where Strikes Are Not Known.

It is particularly pleasant, especially amid the din and tumult—the general unsettledness and dissatisfied condition of affairs throughout the entire country, to discover some little resting spot where peace and harmony, tranquility and prosperity reign undisturbed. It is an example of what honest purpose rightly directed and a determination to succeed is able to accomplish, under the most adverse condition and difficulties. The subject of this sketch is

THE STORE.

under the management of Walter C. Mack.

At the beginning of the present year, when times were gloomy and the outlook discouraging, as never before, when in the mouth of every merchant was the prediction: "this will be the dullest spring Ann Arbor has ever known." Instead of being governed by these discordant notes of warning and preparing themselves to meet such a condition of trade by reducing expenses and cutting down their salary list, they adopted an exactly contrary plan to meet such an emergency. Calling his forces together, Mr. Mack explained to them, that it was his determination to make this "the greatest season The Store has ever enjoyed"—"never mind about the times," he said, as the proposition fell upon many incredulous ears. "Washtenaw county is big enough—her resources are large enough, the people are intelligent, will be economical enough in such times as are upon us, that with the extraordinary effort we will make and the splendid merchandising we propose to give them, they will readily recognize our efforts, and their advantage, and will respond in a way that will be a mutual benefit to all."

Having adopted this plan for the season no time was lost in executing it to the fullest extent. With plenty of capital at their command, the markets were ransacked for their best values, great lines of seasonable goods were bought in unbroken lots at prices never before obtainable—nothing that had the merit of a big bargain was allowed to escape and goods were piled up in The Store—filling its great capacity—and this too, with a paralysis of business coming upon them. The goods had to be sold—that was certain. No carrying purchases beyond the season, and to do this they could resort to but one means—tell the people what they have got, let the people know what they have been doing in the way of buying goods, let them know just what they expected to do in the way of selling them. For this, they relied entirely upon printer's ink. Not in homoeopathic doses but in gigantic quantities, enough to tell their story in every household of the county. The great trade-tide at once began to flow Ann Arborward, raising higher and higher—each day submerging all previous sale records, all attempts at competition. This season's remarkable retelling, this rapid assembling and disbursing of large quantities of merchandise, illustrates how thoroughly equipped they are to take advantage of every commercial condition in any part of the country, renders it impossible for any house in the whole country to undersell them, renders it all together improbable for any local house to meet the marvelous merchandising at The Store. It was these advantages combined with an indomitable will that has made the first half of the present year the most successful in its history.

A GREAT MID-SUMMER SALE.

As a fitting ending of this remarkable season they are now preparing for a great mid-summer sale to close out all odds and ends of their great purchases; but more especially to close out their entire line of Carpets and Draperies—they advertise in these lines of goods—prices this country has never known, and as it is their intention to clean out this entire department in the next few weeks the public can look for something startling. This will be all the more appreciated in the city where housecleaning is now in full blast in preparation for next year's college year. Too much cannot be said of those special sales as well as their Saturday sales, which bring a concourse of people to Ann Arbor in the course of the year and make The Store what it really is—Washtenaw Co.'s Trading Center.

ROUNDBABOUTS.

A telephone connection has been made with the light house. Keeper Gussenbauer can now answer in person all requests for more light or new fish stories.—Monroe Democrat.

John Kanson, of Monroe, to show unto others that he was a lithe, springy fellow, jumped from a load of hay and harpooned his left leg deeply between the knee and the hip.

Night sharks at La Salle, last week, "sharked" Shurley's saloon out of \$15 worth of cigars and whiskey. The faucets were left open and out gurgled the good red liquor.

The Monroe Democrat notes the recent capture in Frenchtown, of a pure white red squirrel, from which it is to be feared that temperance is not doing that perfect work in Monroe county that it should.

Tramps caught at Lansing are put at work pounding stone. It is hoped by this means to reduce the number of tragic political squinters who during the campaign will be anxious to address the people. There should be more stoneyards.

While Max Hoffman, of near Carleton, was engaged on the 4th of July, in hurrahing for the buzzard of liberty, thieves loaded up with eight excellent hams which they discovered in his house, and he has since felt that the blood of the fathers was shed in vain.

Ben Duvall, a Monroe tough, whose recent occupation has been to quarrel, fight, get drunk and insult ladies, picked a quarrel the other day, was licked within an inch of his life, arrested and sent to Detroit for 60 days. There is more justice in Monroe than she is accused of.

In reference to the Republican nomination for congress in this district, Mr. Fellows did not, with the modest (?) custom of some politicians, remark "if my friends are desirous that I should run," and so fourth, etc., but squarely stated that he was in the race to win it if possible; and with characteristic energy he is pushing his canvas.—Morenci Observer. Yes, the Argus knows that boy,—jerked him around by the collar when he was a kid; pointed out the way he ought to go, and since then he has "went it." Started as a newspaper scribe but fell from his high estate, like Lucifer from heaven, and became a lawyer; has a hundred pound body and a voice like the crack of dawn; can project it further into space than lightning can travel these days; beat any other congressional candidate on the job, which is saying a good deal, taking into account the numbers and talent engaged; right smart lawyer; sharp lawyer; probably will not be nominated, be licked like sin if he is.

Proceedings of the Board of Public Works. [OFFICIAL.]

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, ANN ARBOR, MICH., July 18, 1894. [

Regular session.

Called to order by Pres. Keech.

Roll called. Present Messrs. Keech and Clark.

Absent. Mr. Schuh.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

The matter of the Ann Arbor Street Railway Company, concerning the dangerous condition of the overhead trolley wires, was referred to the Street Commissioner, to ascertain from the City Attorney what steps should be taken in the premises in putting the wire, etc., in a safe condition.

Mr. Clark stated that the City Assessor requested him to bring the matter of assessment rolls for spreading assessments of the lateral sewer taxes before the Board.

Referred to Mr. Clark and the Assessor.

A communication from the Ohio Valley Fire Clay Company was read, stating that they would exchange smaller pipe for the city's 24-inch pipe, was received and filed.

The Clerk was directed to cause notice to be given the property owners on the south side of West Huron street, between Main and Ashley streets, to build sidewalks heretofore ordered.

On motion the Board adjourned.
W. J. MILLER,
Clerk.

Read This.

Mr. W. H. Butler, with Mr. Chas. R. Whitman, has money to loan upon Real Estate security, in sums of \$100 to \$3,000, at low rates of interest and easy terms. Call early. First come first served. Office over the Post-office. 30-tf.

Milan.

Rev. C. Case is in Mooreville this week. Mr. C. M. Fuller has a large music class. Mrs. A. Allen visited Ypsilanti this week. Mrs. C. Sill is visiting Detroit friends this week. Mrs. T. Dexter is visiting friends in the country. Mrs. Frank Guy is quite ill with throat trouble. Dr. and Mrs. S. Chapin visited Ann Arbor, Thursday. Mrs. O. A. Kelly is visiting friends in Detroit this week. Mrs. Geo. Minto left for Vernon, Mich., Saturday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. M. Barnes and son are visiting friends in Quincy. Mr. J. Dexter is entertaining his parents from Williamston. Mr. G. W. Sly, of Detroit, gave his Milan friends a call Monday. Mr. M. Day and wife are entertaining guests from out of town. Three persons united on probation at the M. E. church, Sunday. Several of the Milan people will indulge in a trip to Petoskey in August. Mrs. R. Gauntlett, of Detroit, visited Milan relatives the last of the week. Mr. Alvin Wilsey, of Ann Arbor, gave his Milan friends a call, Monday.

B. Botman, of Toledo, was the guest of Editor A. B. Smith and wife last week. The Chautauqua Circle will meet at Mrs. G. R. Williams, Saturday afternoon. Mrs. C. M. Fuller is the guest of Miss Lena Bliss at Stoney Creek this week. Mr. E. Farrington is Milan's night watchman in place of J. Lockwood, resigned.

Mrs. Chas. Schmitt and family will leave in a few days for a visit with Canada friends. Mr. George Hanson, of Hancock, is visiting Milan friends and relatives for a few weeks. New potatoes 90 cts. per bushel butter 14 cts. per lb., eggs 11 cts. per doz., lard 12 cts. per lb.

Mrs. T. Horton left for her home in Saline, Sunday, after a two weeks' visit with his daughter, Mrs. E. Andrus.

A. Dexter and wife and A. Andrews and wife left for Stony Lake near Jackson, where they will tent and fish for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Hunt died July 14, after a long and painful illness. The funeral services were held at her home Monday, Rev. E. Yager, officiating.

Friday an interesting game of ball was played in Milan between the Ann Arbor Browns and the Milan club, Ann Arbor wears the laurels.

Ira Dexter died July 12, after a short illness. The funeral services were held at the residence, Saturday, Rev. J. Ward Stone officiating.

Mrs. H. Putman and daughter, Mrs. F. Hill are preparing to move to Union City. Their home on W. Main St. will be rented to Mrs. Putman's son, A. E. Putman.

V. C. Savles and wife lost their residence by fire last Wednesday morning. But few articles were saved from the flames and small insurance on house and contents. The fire caught from a defective chimney.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Dexter.

Dr. Warren spent Thursday in Ypsilanti. Miss M. Cobb entertained her friend Sunday. Mrs. Hooker and daughter were here on Sunday. R. E. Reeves was in Ann Arbor on Friday last. D. E. Waite and family were at the lakes, Friday. Tom James entertained his friend last Tuesday. The Stannards are at their cottage on the Portage. Mrs. Murdock and daughter Mamie are at the lakes. Mrs. Henry Hall has been entertaining her sons. Frank Buchanan was in Jackson one day recently. Miss Henning, of Ann Arbor, is the guest of her sister. Anna Gallagher is enjoying a visit from Detroit friends. A party of Ypsilanti people are in camp at Base Lake. Wm. Gregory and wife entertained friends last Sunday. W. E. Stocking, of Ann Arbor, was in this place, Friday. Miss Allie Pacey is the guest of friends at the lakes. Born to Mr. H. W. Newkirk and wife, a son, July 8, 1894. Geo. Reed and family are entertaining friends from Detroit. Chas. Bell, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with his sisters. Miss Gertrude Carpenter will spend the summer in Ann Arbor. Mrs. C. Seper and daughter Blanche, are home from North Lake. The Catholic people of Pinckney will hold a picnic August 15. John McLaughlin, of Northfield, spent Monday with relatives. Walter Reade and mother, of Hamburg, spent Wednesday here.

Mrs. Ellen Alley entertained friends from Hastings last week. A party from Hamburg will hold a picnic at Base lake, Saturday. Almira Ballou is spending a few weeks with her aunt at Emery. Prof. and Mrs. E. C. Thompson, of Saginaw, are visiting her mother. W. C. Rands, of Detroit, was entertained by Dexter friends, Tuesday. James Wilsey, of Detroit, has been visiting at his old home a few days. Will Taylor and sister, Sarah, spent Sunday with their uncle at Pettysville. Mrs. James Henry and daughter, Myrtle, of Pettysville, spent Sunday here. Mr. Cahoon and wife, from Barry county, have been visiting with relatives. J. O. Thompson and family will move in Mrs. Higgins' house on C street. Better do a small business, and a safe one, than a big business with sharks. Miss Maud Mellady, of Detroit, is being entertained by her Dexter friends. W. D. Fargo and wife, of St. Paul, Minn., spent the Sabbath with L. D. Alley and family. The Misses Alma and Bessie Howard are spending the week with their aunt in the village. Mrs. James Story and Mrs. John Howard entertained their brother from Ann Arbor, Sunday. The Ladies of St. James' church held their afternoon tea with Mrs. F. S. Hall, Thursday afternoon. Mr. Baldwin and wife and Mrs. Bowen, of Chelsea, were here on Sunday to attend Mrs. E. H. Carpenter's funeral. L. Van Fleet and Robert Brown now have charge of the Baptist Mission Sunday school, at the Birkett church every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Died at her home in Dexter township, July 13, 1894, aged 60 years, Mrs. E. H. Carpenter, after an illness of several months. The services were held at the house, Sunday afternoon, and the remains were laid to rest in the Hudson cemetery.

Their Name is Legion.

Reader, there are many blood purifying medicines. There is but one Hood's Sarsaparilla. Do not allow high-sounding advertisements or other devices to turn you from your purpose to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, because in this purpose you are right and will not be disappointed in the result. Hood's Sarsaparilla is an honest medicine, honestly advertised, effects honest cures, and gives every patron a fair equivalent for his money. What more can you reasonably ask? A fair trial guarantees a complete cure. Salem.

Miss Tena Packard is on the sick list. The farmers are finishing up their haying and wheat harvesting which has come in a mixture this year. Misses Mollie and Mabel Corson, of Ann Arbor, are the guests of their uncle and aunt, C. P. Wheelock and wife. Mrs. Mary Quackenbush has recovered sufficiently from her recent illness to enable her to go out to church again. Mrs. Nelson Smith died at her home Sunday morning, July 8th, aged 76. Funeral Tuesday, at 10 o'clock at the West M. E. church, and burial in the M. E. cemetery, Rev. Shannon officiating.

A Million Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption Coughs and Colds. If you have never used this Great Cough Medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co., Ann Arbor, and Geo. J. Haussler's drug store, Manchester. Large bottles 50c. and \$1.

Superior.

Albert Kimmel has his barn completed. Clarence Green, of Detroit, is spending his vacation with his sister, Mrs. A. L. Wilber. Geo. P. Leonard, of Ann Arbor, called on friends in this vicinity one day last week. A. L. Wilber has purchased a new canopy top buggy of O. E. Thompson & Sons, of Ypsilanti. Mr. Wm. Hough, of Pinckney, familiarly known as "blind Billy" is visiting friends here this week. The Superior brass band serenaded Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Burrell, on Tuesday evening of last week and a fine time was had. Chas. Sweitzer, Christian Miller, Mr. and Mrs. A. Lutkey and Mr. and Mrs. G. Kercher and family attended the dedication exercises of the new Lutheran church at Sumpter, last Sunday. Monthly Pains cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. Sold by all druggists. S. B. Basford, of Carthage, S. D., was taken sick in Sioux City. He procured two bottles of Parks' Sure Cure for the Liver and Kidneys. He says: "I believe Parks' Sure Cure excels all other medicines for Rheumatism and Urinary disorders." Sold by Eberbach & Sons.

Spain has over 400 islands in the eastern seas, mostly comprised in the Philippines and Moluccas. Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke your Life Away. Is the truthful, startling title of a little book that tells all about No-to-bac, the wonderful, harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure. The cost is trifling and the man who wants to quit and can't run no physical or financial risk in using "No-to-bac." Sold by all druggists. Book at Drug Stores or by mail free. Address: The Sterling Remedy Co., Indiana Mineral Springs, Ind.

Emery.

Miss Hattie Koch, of Detroit is spending the summer with friends here. Miss Almira Ballou, of Hudson is spending a few weeks with friends in this neighborhood. Huckleberries are getting ripe very fast, and would be a much better crop if there could be some rain. Mr. Henry Robinson and Charlie Galligan have a new Separator and expect to go threshing this summer. Mrs. Sauder and two daughters from Detroit have been visiting their uncle, Mr. George Zeeb, for the past two weeks.

Five Reasons Why You Should Use the Pyramid Pile Cure.

First, it cures every form of piles without a particle of pain. Second, it cures without any inconvenience or detention from daily work. Third, its effects are lasting and not simply a temporary relief. Fourth, it is the cheapest and safest pile cure before the public. Fifth, it is entirely harmless, containing no mineral poisons, and cannot harm the most delicate.

It has been thoroughly tested by physicians in every state in the union and is recognized by the best authorities as the safest, surest and cheapest pile cure known.

When it is remembered that usually piles is a most difficult, obstinate disease to cure, the results obtained from using a single package are certainly remarkable to say the least. People who have been annoyed with piles for many years are astonished at the prompt results always secured.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is made by the Pyramid Co., of Albion, Mich., and is now also for sale at all drug stores, together with a treatise on cause and cure of rectal diseases.

IN THE DAYS OF TOM SAYERS.

Labouchere's Description of Scenes at a Prize Fight Thirty Years Ago.

Among my many sins I have attended a prize fight, and for the outpour of rank blasphemy and reckless blackguardism it ran an execution at Newgate or Horseonger Lane jail very close. The police were dead against prize fights, which were excuses for a gigantic form of extortion. Two ruffians of the lowest class contracted to batter one another about in order to extract the guineas from the swells, the toffs and the supporters of the "noble art of self defense." A programme had to be secretly arranged, a special train had to be secured for the army of men, the swells about town and the scum of the metropolis, who lived upon the excitement or the pelf of prize fights. There was a certain official connivance to these illegal "mills." The editor of Bell's Life in London constituted himself the arbiter on these occasions. This was the organ of the prizefighter. The editor received the stakes deposited, acted as referee and afterward described the fights in a jargon delightfully humorous. "Tapping the claret," "One in the bread basket," "A rouser on the conk," were all phrases invented by the editors of Bell's Life.

The night before it was necessary to go to a sporting pub to get "the office" and to receive for a valuable consideration the special railway ticket. The vigil of the fight was usually spent in the "wild west," for in those days there was no closing hour. Restaurants and public houses could keep open as long as they liked. Races were run in the Haymarket at 3 o'clock in the morning, and about 4 or 5 the "swells," all in evening dress, would assemble at the railway station, each one in charge of a specially appointed protector.

The scene at the railway station was indescribable. The officials made themselves scarce, and the station was handed over to mob law. On the platform the pocket of every unprotected man or youth was emptied, and when the train started amid a chorus of obscenity and blasphemy no one knew the destination. It might be a deserted chalk pit, or an old quarry, or a lonely wood, or a river marsh. Suddenly the train would stop, and away went the excursionists tramping over field and meadow. The principals were muffled up. The attendants carried the ropes and stakes, and when the ring was pitched every one who had a sovereign left was felled to buy the colors of the favorite—a silk handkerchief that could not have cost fourpence.

I forbear to describe the hideous blasphemy that soiled the morning air or the mad execrations during the mill. When a champion's eye was bunged up with a blow, his second lanced it and then sucked it into fighting condition. I have seen many a brave young fellow faint at the hideous sight of a prize fight—soldiers, most of them, who would have gone to battle without flinching.—London Truth.

Rail Road Notes.

J. W. Hailey, of Batavia, N. Y., conductor on N. Y. C. Railway, and one of the best known men on the road, says of Parks' Tea: For ten years I have suffered from constipation. Tried everything and found nothing of lasting value. Hearing so many talking of Parks' Tea, I tried it without much hope. The first dose moved my bowels easily and now I am cured. It works like magic. Sold by Eberbach & Sons.

"Hood's Vegetable Pills are the best for biliousness and foul stomach that I know of." O. J. EATON, Lima, Mich.

Ripans Tablets; a standard remedy Ripans Tablets banish pain. Ripans Tablets cure scrofula. Ripans Tablets are of great value. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.



Salt Rheum

On my hands often forced me to stop work. When I took two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures the flesh had all healed and the skin had become smooth and my hands have been perfectly well since. Mrs. E. F. NISKERN, Delavan, Wis. Hood's Pills are safe, harmless, sure.

BATTLE IN THE HEAVENS.

Strange Visions Which a Kansas Church Member Swears He Saw.

In the way of seeing sights and viewing visions a Dickinson county farmer has laid claim to first prize. He has a statement that is not only unique in every respect, but is told with startling attention to detail. H. W. J. Smith, a long time resident of the county, living seven or eight miles from town, publishes in The Evangelical Visitor, the church organ of the Brethren in Christ, printed here, this week over his own signature and attested by an affidavit a story of his strange visitation. He says that in company with B. W. Blue, a neighboring farmer, a few nights ago he stepped out of the house at Andrew Thompson's, three miles from Manchester and 15 from Abilene. As they looked at the sky, which was clear, suddenly something like a large luminous ball appeared in the northeast about 30 degrees above the eastern horizon. "Is it a comet?" "Is it a meteor?"

The questions were asked simultaneously. "But," says Mr. Smith, "there was no time for answer. Just then it shot westward, meteorlike, about three degrees and immediately returned on the same line to its first position. We had only time to say, 'It merits watching,' when it opened as a casket with a hinge, presenting on its right a cross—most beautiful, golden, corrugated and furnished. At the left of this was a living man clad in citizen's style, with a plain crown on his head. His form was symmetrical, his countenance bright and permissive—a perfect son of man.

"The casket soon closed, and away it went to the eastern horizon like a meteor. There it oscillated as if for time to be emptied and refilled, returning on the same path to its original place. It opened, presenting a portly man, with sword and scabbard on his thigh, a cross on his breast and on his head a crown of many glittering jewels, like stars. He looked beautiful, but was partly hidden by an obtrusive rider on a black or dark horse.

"These were hidden or overshadowed by a haughty woman in costly royal attire, who seemed to rule over both. Then these were eclipsed by the coming of a military leader with sword in right hand, elevated ready to strike, the scabbard cast away, a cross on his right breast and a square and compass on his left. On his head was a military hat, the crown blended with the man's hair. On each side of the man's head was a horn, and a cross was erect behind him. He stepped out and forth and began action, never stopping to rest or turning his back on the enemy. He retreated eastward to within about five degrees of the horizon, then began to advance with heavy martial tread, like one tramping the wine press and wielding his sword.

"About 11:40 p. m. as we stood watching the phenomenon, blood was seen to stream forth from the casket and spread far and wide, apparently 200 miles in extent. Mr. Blue, who is a veteran of the war, said it was like the blood of the battlefield, only a deeper red. The warrior seemed at times to be in blood to his knees and above. "At 12:15 I retired, but Mr. Blue remained watching until 2 a. m. and says the warrior was yet parading the skies and was joined by another, who advanced to meet him from the east. The casket vanished after this warrior stepped out. Myself and Mr. Blue saw the first and second scenes. Others saw part of the second. Mr. Thompson and Mr. Blue saw all the second."

Mr. Smith adds to his statement, "morally sworn," as he says, as follows: "I hereby certify the above to be given as penned as seen by me. Others may have seen more or less points."

The Visitor, usually very conservative on such matters, calls attention to the description editorially.—Abilene Cor. St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Bad Habits of Sleeping. Persons can easily get into bad habits of sleeping just as well as eating or drinking. When the healthy body has had its required amount of sleep, it announces the fact by causing the sleeper to awake, and if from habit or desire more sleep is taken at that time it is an excess, just the same as overloading the stomach is an excess in eating. Insomnia or sleeplessness can very often be traced to impairment of the digestive organs.—New York Dispatch.

Columbus Discovered America, We Keep it Clean With Santa Claus Soap. Sold everywhere made by THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY Chicago.

SAVE REGULARLY On a Plan, and Deposit your Savings in the STATE SAVINGS BANK ANN ARBOR, MICH. 4 Per Cent paid and Interest compounded every Six Months. A. L. NOBLE, Pres. WM. ARNOLD, Vice Pres. ROBERT PHILLIPS, Cashier.

"HE THAT WORKS EASILY, WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." CLEAN HOUSE WITH SAPOLIO

Fruit Farms in Washington "TEN ACRES ENOUGH." Apples, Pears, Peaches, Plums, Grapes and Berries of Superior Flavor, Aroma, Color and Size. Strawberries grow tons to the acre. Blackberry bushes grow to the house-tops. Currants are picked from step ladders. Cherries often grow in thick bunches like grapes. Raising fruit is a neat and clean business, and specially adapted to persons who need outdoor labor of regular but not heavy character. For further information address F. I. WHITNEY, G. P. & T. A. G. N. E. J. St. Paul, Minn.

MANHOOD RESTORED! "NERVE SEEDS." This wonderful remedy guaranteed to cure all nervous diseases such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nightly Emissions, Nervousness, all drains and loss of power in Generative Organs of either sex caused by over-exercising, youthful errors, excessive use of tobacco, opium or stimulants, which lead to Insanity, Consumption or Imbecility. Can be carried in vest pocket. \$1 per box, 6 for \$5, by mail prepaid. With a \$5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold by all druggists. Ask for it, 1235 North Dearborn. Write for free Medical Book sent sealed in plain wrapper. Address NERVE SEED CO., 2333 Temple, CHICAGO. For sale in Ann Arbor, Mich., by H. J. BROWN, Druggist.

Tell Your Friends That the best paper for anybody living in Michigan, who does not care for a daily, is THE SEMI-WEEKLY DETROIT JOURNAL. 104 PAPERS FOR ONLY \$1. The well-known COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER has been consolidated with THE SEMI-WEEKLY DETROIT JOURNAL, and the combined merits of the two publications make a newspaper that cannot be excelled. Send for Sample Copies. 25 Cents Pays for a trial subscription of three months. Liberal commissions are allowed to those securing a club. Send for particulars. The Semi-Weekly Detroit Journal and Commercial Advertiser

THE ANN ARBOR BREWING CO. Take pleasure in announcing that their Export and Lager for May, are the finest that they have ever offered to the public. The most preferable on account of their age and purity. Bottled especially for Family Use. EXPORT BEER LAGER BEER Ann Arbor Brewing Co. TELEPHONE No. 101

C. W. VOGEL, HAVING REMOVED MY SHOP CHOICEST CUTS OF STEAKS. TO KRAFF'S PLANING MILL All kinds of MEATS AND SAUSAGES. I am now better prepared than ever before to do all work in wood turning and pattern making with neatness and dispatch. ALPHEUS H. ROYS. Fresh lard always in stock. Poultry in season.

SAYS HE WAS HYPNOTIZED.

Odd Defense Made by a Man, Who Claims a Spinster Made Him Propose.

Harris Woronow, a young jeweler, doing business on Grand street near Graham avenue, who was arrested on an order issued by Judge Van Dyck in the city court in connection with an action for breach of promise brought by Miss Sophie Goodman, a middle aged spinster, who lives in Essex street, New York, was released today in \$1,000 bond through the efforts of his counsel.

The case is one of romantic interest, and Woronow's many friends will read it with astonishment. In her affidavit Miss Goodman says she met the youthful jeweler in May, 1892, in New York, and that the acquaintance ripened quickly and resulted in mutual love and attachment; that he continually expressed his love for her and promised to make her his wife. The plaintiff claims the jeweler was in the habit of drinking to his prospective bride.

Miss Goodman says she waited a reasonable time for Woronow to keep his promise and marry her, and then she learned to her dismay that he was in love with another girl, who was said to be young, handsome and wealthy. Woronow met the younger girl while on an extended trip and was smitten at once and proposed marriage.

Finally, Miss Goodman says, Woronow told her of his love for the other girl and sent her a letter in which he said: "Do not trouble yourself any further about me. I will not and shall not marry you under any circumstances. If you persist, however, in threatening to arrest me, I will sell out my business and leave with my old sweetheart and fly from the state, where neither you nor any court would do me injury. You had better seek another husband and trouble me no further. Life with her is much sweeter to me than with you. This is my final answer."

Miss Goodman says her whole future is blighted because she was known everywhere as Woronow's future bride.

The young jeweler says that when the case comes up for trial there will be some spicy details. He declares that he was hypnotized by the spinster, and that under her mesmeric influence he was led to propose marriage while all the while he loved another but sweeter girl. He says he thinks she got him to propose solely to gain possession of a certain wedding ring which she saw in his show window.—Brooklyn Citizen.

WILL HE GET HER?

The Khedive of Egypt Wants to Marry One of the Sultan's Daughters.

The young khedive of Egypt is having a very uncomfortable time in Constantinople and is doubtless sorry that he ever went there. The sultan appears to take malicious delight in making the young man feel his inferiority and has carried this so far as to refuse to allow his daughter to be given in marriage to the common Egyptian pasha who owes his position to the support of infidel Englishmen. The khedive's mother, however, continues assiduously to intrigue in the harems on her son's behalf, and as she is admittedly a very clever woman it is believed that her persistency will ultimately be rewarded by success.

The sultan at present has only two recognized daughters of marriageable age. One is 13 years old, and the other is 10. It was suggested early in the negotiations that the sultan's daughter is forbidden by unwritten law to marry outside the limits of the Ottoman empire, but his majesty himself promptly disposed of that argument by declaring that Egypt is an integral part of his empire, and it is certainly recognized as such by all the European powers. If the sultan should relent, the marriage will take place in Constantinople after the khedive, by his suzerain's gracious permission, has taken a short holiday trip through Europe.

Unlike the khedive, young King Alexander was treated by the sultan with the greatest distinction and has returned to Serbia more persuaded than ever that he is the greatest man in Europe.—Constantinople Letter.

UNEASY ABOUT HIAZINTOFF.

He Attempted to Kill a Privy Councillor and Has Escaped From Custody.

Private advices from St. Petersburg say that great uneasiness prevails in court circles there over the escape of the young man Hiazintoff, who a couple of months ago attempted to kill Privy Councillor Polyedonozoff. When in prison, Hiazintoff's demeanor was so strange that he was sent to an asylum for the insane and there kept under observation night and day in special care. On June 27 he pleaded that the terribly hot weather was killing him, and in consequence he was for the first time allowed to take exercise in the asylum grounds with the other inmates. On the same afternoon he managed to escape, evidently with the connivance of somebody within the asylum, and nothing has since been heard of him.

The uneasiness referred to is due to the belief that Hiazintoff will most certainly be heard from sooner or later in connection with some desperate deed. He is a militant nihilist, imbued with a fanatical belief in the necessity for shedding the blood of tyrants who stand in the way of the regeneration of his country, and he is utterly reckless of his own life. The police are confident that he will not attempt to leave Russia and are equally certain that he will not long remain idle.—London Cor. New York Sun.

Religious Enthusiasm Offended.

Eliza Bangs and Lucy Green, negroes, came up before the recorder yesterday afternoon for fighting.

"Why did you hit her, Lucy?" Judge Calhoun asked.

"Cause, your honor, she up en tell that preacher not to give me any communion when he passes 'round de bread an wine yesterday."

Judge Calhoun wrote a \$3 fine opposite her name.—Atlanta Constitution.

THE SIMPLIFST CURE FOR INDIGESTION,

As Well as the Safest and Cheapest.

The new medical discovery, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, digest the food instead of making the worn out stomach do all the work, give it a much needed rest, and a cure of dyspepsia is the natural result.

You get nourishment and rest at the same time because these Tablets will thoroughly digest all wholesome food taken into the stomach whether the stomach works or not. A cure is certain to result because the digestive organs are given a chance to rest and recover their natural vigor and tone. The Tablets are then no longer required.

To show the manner in which the remedy acts on different people and how quickly and effectually it cures stomach troubles we present a few recent cases.

Mr. S. O. Wondly, of Peoria, Ills., writes: I was unable to eat anything but the plainest food, and even that often distressed me, but since using one box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets I can eat anything and everything I want.

Mrs. Samuel Kepple, of Girty, Pa., writes: I have been entirely relieved of my stomach troubles by your Tablets. I suffered three years with sour stomach and gas at night. I am thankful for them.

Mrs. A. E. Bowen, Barnard, Vt., writes: I think Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are the best thing for Dyspepsia I ever took. I will recommend them to anyone trouble as bad as I was.

Stuarts Dyspepsia Tablets will not disappoint because they cure Dyspepsia surely and lastingly by causing the food to be properly assimilated, and cure constipation by producing the proper quantity of bile. Prepared by Stuart Chemical Co., Marshall, Mich., and sold by all druggists at 50 cents per package.

HER LAST HALF YEAR.

A Chicago Woman Who is Passing the Final Six Months of Her Life Royally.

Heroes do not always die on battlefields. We all know that, but now and then the truth of the statement is exemplified in a manner that is forceful. One evening there came into the room where I sat a beautiful woman tastefully attired. Her eyes were unnaturally brilliant, and in her cheeks there flamed a color like a stain of blood. I recognized her at once as a well known and highly successful teacher in one of Chicago's public schools. There was something about her appearance that surprised me, for heretofore upon the occasions when we had met she had been notable for the plainness, not to say the shabbiness, of her attire. The rich velvet of the cape she wore and the feathers on her elegant hat caused me to exclaim:

"Why, how handsome you look! What have you struck?"

"Death!" was the answer. "The doctors have told me today that I have an incurable disease and cannot possibly live longer than six months. I have scrimped myself all my life to save money to buy books and cultivate my mind. I am through with all that. Now I am going to take a hand at the material pleasures. If I have but a half year to live, I'll live royally."

Since that time she has wasted rapidly, but the room where she lies is full of flowers and objects of beauty. The gowns she wears are creations of beauty, and she allows no mourning nor any allusion to her fate in her presence. She faces death with an absolute heroism that makes one want to applaud rather than to weep. This manifestation is not so grand as the manifestation of moral courage might be, but there is something about it which makes the blood tingle a bit.—Chicago Herald.

Refused \$60,000.

Two wealthy Bostonians who were greatly interested in photography recently discovered in Paris a maker of lantern slides who possessed a secret method which gave results of extraordinary brilliancy when the pictures were thrown on a screen. They saw at once that there were no such lantern slides produced on this side of the Atlantic and proposed to each other to acquire the secret from the Parisian owner. They found that he was by no means anxious to dispose of it.

Then they determined to tempt him with a large amount of money. They agreed to offer him the sum of \$60,000 for his secret and to agree that it should not be used commercially, but only in an amateur way. They were ready to pay even more, but that was their formal offer. To their surprise the Frenchman replied that he would not sell his secret for any amount of money—that it was his alone; he had never revealed it to any one, and he intended it should die with him. He seemed, in fact, as destitute of the scientific spirit as he was of the desire for money.—Boston Herald.

Does Hoke Say the President Will Veto It?

Hoke Smith's organ, the Atlanta Journal, declares that the present tariff bill will never become a law, as the president is a Democrat, an honest man, and a patriot, and the bill is neither Democratic, honest nor in the interest of the people of the United States.—Nebraska State Journal.

All the State Militia at Chicago. SPRINGFIELD, Ills., July 10.—Upon the request of Mayor Hopkins, of Chicago, Governor Altgeld has ordered out all the remaining regiments of militia in the state, and directed them all to go to Chicago.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

(OFFICIAL)

COUNCIL CHAMBER, ANN ARBOR, July 16, 1894.

Regular session.

Called to order by President Wines. Roll called. Present Ald. Bodmer, Martin, Almendinger, Wood, Snyder, Ferguson, Brown, Manly, Taylor, Kitson, Prettyman, Pres. Wines.—12.

Absent—Ald. Wagner.—1. The Journal of the last session was approved.

COMMUNICATIONS.

FROM THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

To the Common Council:

The Board of Public Works would recommend that owing to the dangerous condition at the present time of the overhead construction of the Ann Arbor Street Railway Co's wires, there having already occurred two breaks that have been dangerous to life and property, and the close proximity of the wires to the ground, it is the opinion of this Board that the Common Council should take action in having them removed or put in a safe condition.

By order of the Board of Public Works. W. J. MILLER, Clerk.

On motion of Ald. Prettyman, the Board of Public Works were directed to confer with the Ann Arbor Street Railway Company as to making safe their overhead construction of trolley wires, etc.

PETITIONS PRESENTED.

Of Michael Staebler, asking that a license be granted him, he now being proprietor of the Germania Hotel bar.

Referred to the Committee on Bonds. Of James L. Babcock and ninety others, asking the Common Council to confer with the Toledo, Ann Arbor and North Michigan Railway Company in the construction of an over-head crossing bridge on Williams street over the said company's tracks.

Referred to the Committee on Streets. Of Mrs. Ed. C. Jacobus and others, asking that a sidewalk be ordered built on the south side of Benjamin street from Mary street to the west line of Block No. 4 of the John F. Lawrence addition.

Referred to the Committee on Sidewalks.

Of O. M. Martin and others, asking that two artificial stone crosswalks be built on the west side of Fifth Avenue across Liberty street, on the south side of Liberty street across Fifth Avenue.

Referred to the Committee on Sidewalks. Clerk Miller reported that he had received communication from the Commissioner of Railroads, S. R. Billings, notifying the Michigan Central Railway Company, also the city, that the over-head crossing bridge on Detroit street is out of repair.

Received and filed. A petition signed by Wm. Biggs and six other residents and property holders of the sixth ward, asking that the sidewalk grade substantially as it now is since the recent leveling and filling on Washtenaw Ave. in front of Mrs. Coon's place remain as it now is.

On motion the floor was granted to Prof. Hinsdale and Mr. Bullis.

The petition was referred to the Sidewalk Committee.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

FROM THE SIDEWALK COMMITTEE.

To the Common Council: Your Committee on Sidewalks would report that there being a necessity for the grading and construction of sidewalks where stated, your committee caused to be prepared and herewith submit the proper resolution ordering the same and recommending that it be adopted. Respectfully submitted,

H. J. BROWN, ARTHUR J. KITSON, C. J. SNYDER, H. MANLY, D. F. ALMENDINGER, Sidewalk Committee.

Accepted and leave being granted the following resolution was offered:

By Ald. Manly: Resolved, That the grading and construction of the sidewalks hereinafter mentioned is deemed and declared a necessary public improvement.

THEREFORE, It is hereby ordered that plank sidewalk be graded, built and constructed on and along the following streets and in front of the following property in the city of Ann Arbor, viz:

- On Ingalls street, along the east side, in front of the Sigma Phi Fraternity's property. On Kingsley street, north side, in front of the property of Mrs. A. S. K. May, and along the south side in front of Dr. J. W. Keating's property. On Madison street, north side, in front of the property of Charles H. St. Clair. On South Thayer street, in front of the property No. 39. On Ann street south side, along the Hunt property, sidewalk to be built 4 feet in width. On Lawrence street south side, along the Hall Estates property. On Flaxey street, west side, along the property of the Misses Ladd. On Fourth Avenue, west side, from Depot street to Summit street. On Washington street south side, from 12th to 14th streets. On Summit street, west side, from Main st. to Fourth Avenue, sidewalk to be 4 feet in width.

That all of such sidewalks be graded, built and constructed in the manner, within the time and of the material prescribed by the provision of an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance Relative to Sidewalks, and on the grade to be established.

Adopted. By Ald. Manly: Resolved, That the grading and construction of the sidewalks hereinafter mentioned is deemed and declared a necessary public improvement.

THEREFORE, It is hereby ordered that stone sidewalks be graded, built and constructed on and along the following streets and in front of the following property in the city of Ann Arbor, viz:

- On State street, east side, in front of the D. K. E. Fraternity, west side in front of Mrs. Martin's, and the M. E. Parsonage. That all such sidewalks be graded, built and constructed in the manner, within the time and of the material prescribed by the provision of an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance Relative to Sidewalks," and on the grade to be established.

Adopted.

REPORTS OF SPECIAL COMMITTEES.

Ald. Prettyman, chairman of the special committee on salaries of the

Board of Health, asked for further time.

On motion the committee were asked to report at the next meeting of the Council.

REPORTS OF CITY OFFICERS.

ANN ARBOR, July 16th, 1894.

To the Common Council:

I hereby certify that the pressure of water on gauge at Engine House has been as follows at times stated below:

Table with 4 columns: Morning, Noon, Evening, Midnight. Rows show pressure readings in lb. for various dates from July 3 to 16.

FRED SIPLEY, Chief Fire Dept.

Received and filed.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Ald. Kitson moved that the Board of Public Works do submit at the next Council meeting profile and estimate cost for draining East University Ave., on Church street.

Adopted.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Ald. Prettyman. Resolved, That the salary of the City Engineer, while engaged in the construction of lateral sewers, shall be fixed at one hundred dollars per month.

Adopted as follows:

Yeas.—Ald. Bodmer, Allmendinger, Snyder, Ferguson, Brown, Manly, Kitson, Prettyman, Pres. Wines.—9.

Nays.—Ald. Martin, Wood, Taylor.—3.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

Engineer Key submitted profile, drawings and specifications for the Liberty street lateral sewer.

Referred to Committee on Sewers.

On motion, the Council adjourned.

W. J. MILLER, Clerk

Hood's Gives Strength.

Ann Arbor, Mich., July 1, 1894.—Before I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I had such a tired feeling I had thought of giving up my work. Today I feel strong and am still at my work. That is not all. I had pimples on my face and am now cured. I owe this to Hood's Sarsaparilla.

MARY LEE FISHER.

HOOD'S PILLS cure indigestion.

In the Militia.

Captain—Have you ever been drilled? Private (who had seen service)—They called it drillin, but it was borin to me.—Detroit Free Press.

Hall's Hair Renewer contains the natural food and color-matter for the hair, and medicinal herbs for the scalp, curing grayness, baldness, dandruff, and scalp sores.

Why Do You Cough?

Do you not know that Parks' Cough Syrup will cure it? We guarantee every bottle. There are many Cough Syrups but we believe Parks' is the best and most reliable. Sold by Eberbach & Sons.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Two Children Injured.

St. JOSEPH, May 14.—Electric car No. 3 ran into Mrs. John Waller on the viaduct, seriously injuring her and a lady friend. The lady was wheeling a baby carriage. It was hit by the car and broken to pieces and did not awaken the baby.

It Does Not Cost Anything

To try Parks' Sure Cure. A specific cure of all diseases peculiar to women. Ask your druggist our guaranteed plan. Sold by Eberbach & Sons.

The Race Problem.

The Ministerial One—The race question seems to be as much of a problem today as it was at the close of the war. The Sporty One—You're dead right, pard. I've been follerin the hosses for 30 ye'rs, an I have jist as much trouble pickin de winner now as I had de first day I ever went to a track.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale: Dr. King's New Discovery, for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for the Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at drugstore of Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co., Ann Arbor, and Geo. J. Haussler, Manchester.

PISO'S CURE FOR

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

CONSUMPTION

The Evening News, "The Great Daily of Michigan." YOUR HOME PAPER cannot be replaced by even greater publications from larger cities; they cannot supply completely the many items of home news that are of the greatest interest, but for State, National, and world wide news, the greater paper must be looked to. The Detroit Evening News stands as the leader in the State, and should go hand in hand with your home paper. 2 CENTS PER COPY. 10 CENTS PER WEEK. \$1.25 FOR 3 MONTHS BY MAIL. The Evening News, DETROIT, MICH. Agencies in every village, town and city in the State of Michigan.

2:10 1-4 SPEED BREEDING. WILKIE KNOX 07. 2:10 1-4. GREAT INDIVIDUALITY. Fastest Stallion Bred and Owned in Michigan! Best Representative Son of Gale's Barney Wilkes, 2:23 3/4. MANOMET, 14,036, ONE OF THE CHOICEST BRED STALLIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

MANOMET, 14036. Electioneer, 125... Hambletonian 10. Egotist 5018... Sprite... Green Mount'n Maid. Belmont 64. Anreola... Dictator 113... Waterwitch. Hambletonian 10. Bertha... Clara. Blackwood 74. Starlight.

SERVICE FEE FOR 1894, Return Privilege. WILKIE KNOX \$35. MANOMET \$25. Accidents and Escapes at Owner's Risk.

GEDDES FARM, 5 1-2 Miles East of Ann Arbor on River Road. P. O., YPSILANTI, MICH.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK! At Ann Arbor, Michigan, at the close of business, May 4, 1894. RESOURCES: Loans and Discounts, \$87,350 03. Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, etc., 459,231 91. Overdrafts, 1,591 66. Banking house, 20,500 00. Real Estate, Furniture, Fixtures and Safety Deposit Vaults, 9,888 20. Other Real Estate, 4,997 07. Current expenses and taxes paid, 3,107 79. CASH: Due from banks in reserve cities, 117,221 91. Due from other banks and bankers, 3,055 37. Checks and cash items, 1,315 02. Nickels and pennies, 541 13. Gold coin, 30,000 00. Silver coin, 4,000 00. U. S. and National Bank Notes, 25,200 00. \$1,068,750 11. LIABILITIES: Capital stock paid in, \$50,000 00. Surplus fund, 150,000 00. Undivided profits, 14,396 09. Dividends unpaid, 355 00. DEPOSITS: Banks and Bankers, 75,956 09. Certificates of deposit, 5,700 00. Commercial deposits, 186,637 14. Savings deposits, 585,705 79. \$1,068,750 11.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss. County of Washtenaw. I, Charles E. Hiscock, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. CHAS. E. HISCOCK, Cashier. CORRECT—Attest: Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, W. B. Smith, Directors. Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 8th day of May, 1894. MICHAEL J. FRITZ, Notary Public.

Capital security, \$100,000 Total assets, \$1,000,000.00 Capital stock paid in, 50,000 Surplus, 150,000.00

Transacts a general banking business; buys and sells exchanges on New York, Detroit and Chicago; sells drafts on all the principal cities of Europe. This bank, already having a large business, invites merchants and others to open accounts with them with the assurance of the most liberal dealing consistent with safe banking.

In the Savings Department interest at the rate of four per cent. is paid semi-annually, on the first days of January and July, on all sums that were deposited three months previous to those days, thus affording the people of this city and county a perfectly safe depository for their funds, together with a return in interest for the same. Money to loan on approved securities.

DIRECTORS.—Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, Daniel Hiscock, William Deubel, Willard B. Smith, David Vinay, and L. Gruner.

OFFICERS.—Christian Mack, a resident; W. D. Harriman, Vice-President; Chas. E. Hiscock, Cashier, M. J. Fritz Ass't-Cashier.

STABLER & CO. Successors to Overbeck & Stabler. PHONE 141. GROCERS.

WE WILL HELP THE POOR!

How will we do it?

WHY, BY SELLING THEM

WOOD. Cheaper than they ever before bought it in Ann Arbor. Just look at these prices and will see. This is no bluff. Best Beech and Maple Blocks per cord \$2.20, best Beech and Maple four foot per cord \$5.00.

HEINZMANN & LAUBENGAYER. No. 9 W. Washington Street. Telephone No. 85.

The Ann Arbor Argus.

BEAKES & HAMMOND, PROPRIETORS.

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FRIDAY, JULY 20, 1894.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

Senator (Long Term)—EDWIN F. UHL.
Senator (Short Term)—JOHN STRONG.
Governor—SPENCER O. FISHER.
Lieutenant-Governor—MILTON F. JORDAN.
Secretary of State—LEWIS F. IRELAND.
State Treasurer—OTTO KARSTE.
Auditor-General—FRANK H. GILL.
Attorney-General—JAMES D. O'HARA.
Commissioner State Land Office—PETER MULVANEY.
Superintendent of Public Instruction—ALBERT E. JENNINGS.
Member State Board of Education—MICHAEL DEVEREAUX.

The Free Press has received a communication from "A Died in the Wool American." Poor fellow should have been sheared before this hot weather.

Yesterday the house amid scenes of the greatest enthusiasm rejected the senate amendments to the Wilson bill without division and sent the bill back to conference with instructions to the house conferees to stand firm in opposition to the senate amendments.

The bill admitting Utah to statehood received the signature of the president, Monday. Now when the people of the territory comply with the conditions of the enabling act she will take her place in the sisterhood of states, and another star will be added to the constellation which bedecks the banner of the republic.

The letter of Judge Cooley, which appears elsewhere in this issue, endorsing in strong language the course of President Cleveland in enforcing the United States statutes and suppressing lawlessness in the strike troubles, coming as it does from one of the highest constitutional authorities in the republic, is deserving of more than passing notice. In what the learned jurist says he unquestionably voices the sentiments of every thoughtful and patriotic American citizen.

The Rich heelers at Jackson were confident that by and with the influence of the prison gang they would send a solid delegation to Grand Rapids for his excellency. They had counted their chickens before they were hatched, however. At the primaries Wednesday night the Pingreeites carried off sixty of the one hundred and fourteen delegates, and this in spite of the biggest fight the prison crowd could put up. This will insure Pingree six delegates to the state convention from the city to five for Rich. Let the good fight go on.

Attorney-General Ellis has filed an opinion, affecting the salaries of judges of probate. It is to the effect that an increase of population as determined by the census, entitles the judge of probate of each county having such increase to a raise of salary from the date of taking the census—June 1. As the attorney-general is thought by some to be a thoroughly competent authority on the raise of salaries, there is a unanimous concurrence among judges whose compensation would be bettered, in the attorney-general's opinion.

The republican who cannot see that Pingree will cut a figure in the coming state convention, is as blind as a snake in dog days. Pingree has knocked a great many potato bugs off his vines during the past few days. He may not capture the state convention, but the Rich forces will have something more to do than fight flies and listen to panegyrics on the matchlessness of the Farmer

from Elba. It is written: "Riches take unto themselves wings and fly away." This may happen at the state convention. Watch the career of H. S. P.

The republican faithful have bottled up their howl about democratic discord and are devoting their full energies to an effort to keep the disgruntled and snarling factions of their own party from flying off at a tangent and becoming so separated as to prevent the laws of gravitation from operating. It is exceedingly doubtful whether they can ever be brought together in state convention unless they be corraled by the military. Even then the harmony that would prevail would probably be comparable only to the highlander's dream of heaven,—a small room containing sixteen pipers, each piper playing a different tune.

Charges were made and reiterated during the strike to the effect that railroad managers were not fairly trying to deliver the mails and traffic, but that they were conspiring to delay the same with the view of getting the government to interfere in their interest. These charges should be investigated, and if proven true, the plotters should be dealt with in accordance with the statutes provided in such cases. They have had important privileges conferred upon them with the expectation that they will faithfully perform certain duties as common carriers. They should be held, therefore, to strict accountability in the performance of these obligations and any violation of law on their part should be dealt with even more severely than in the case of the individual citizen. The charges should be investigated and justice meted out to all alike.

The conferees on the tariff bill have failed utterly to adjust their differences and have reported accordingly to their respective houses. While it is to be regretted that there is to be further delay and possibly no tariff bill at all, it is not to be wondered at that they failed to agree. The senate bill is so largely undemocratic and false to the peoples' express commands and the pledges of the party that it was not to be expected that the direct representatives of the people would accept it without very material change. On the other hand, the senators, representing nothing but the purses of members and being responsible to nobody but themselves, were hardly to be expected to surrender their own personal advantages growing out of their bill in order that the people might be benefitted or relieved from onerous protective robbery.

A BARE HOOK.

There seems to be an effort making among the republican managers in various quarters, in view of the existing unrest among workingmen, to induce them to leave both old parties and cast their fortunes with the populists. But the workingmen of the country are too wary to be caught on such a hook as they will readily understand that there is a good sized African hidden in the apparently disinterested advice. On closer inspection the republicans are not as disinterested in this matter as they would seem. The republican party has always been the party of plutocracy, and during the thirty years of its ascendancy, by its discriminating legislation it laid the foundation for much of the distress under which the country is staggering today. The workingmen had arrived at a realizing sense of this fact in 1890, when they so generally deserted the g. o. p., and two years later they were more pronounced than before in their opposition. Republican managers understand perfectly, therefore, that they cannot expect workingmen to again support republicanism to any considerable extent, and they hope to weaken the vote for democracy by urging them to cast their fortunes with the new party. Such a course as this would aid in returning the discredited republican party to power in the nation and fasten upon the country for another term of

years the self-same abuses which the workingmen repudiated with their ballots in 1890 and 1892. That labor can thus be deceived into voting in the interest of a party that has never represented its highest good or cared to understand its aspirations, no one believes. The democratic party is today as it always has been the best friend of labor among the political organizations, and the highest interests of labor will be best subserved by continuing the democracy in power. It is true that democratic control at Washington has not, to date, accomplished all that was expected of it, but this is due to the desertion of the people's cause by a few leaders in a body so evenly divided as to allow a few traitors to retard remedial legislation. But this does not signify any treachery on the part of the party itself toward its promises and the obligations placed upon it by the people. The party is still loyal to the principles which it enunciated in '92 as is shown by their reiteration in every state platform this year. These reforms are not discarded, but only deferred by the treachery of a few supposed servants of the people.

Surely they will not be brought about by returning the republicans to power. There is no valid reason, therefore, why any voter, be he workingman or other, who from principle cast his ballot for democracy should do otherwise this fall. No great reform was ever carried to a successful issue without encountering opposition and treachery where it was least expected, but these difficulties only delay their consummation. No voter should allow his mental vision to be beclouded as to the real facts of the situation.

HAD THE RIGHT.

Since the intervention of the President in the strike, much has been said, and the assertion is reiterated from one source or another daily, that the administration in its efforts to restore the reign of law and order in the strike centers, where mob rule had taken the place of the constituted authorities, acted without constitutional or statutory authority and that its acts therefore were in the nature of usurpation. That there are some good citizens who, being deceived by the misrepresentations of Gov. Altgeld and others, really believe that the President transcended his duty and authority is undoubtedly true. That they are mistaken, however, and that there is abundant constitutional and legal authority for everything done by Mr. Cleveland, is easily proven by a reference to the revised statutes of the United States.

That there should be no express provision of the constitution covering the specific case, is not surprising, but that it exists in the general or implied powers, there can be no doubt. In fact, if there was no such grant in the fundamental law it would still be understood, unless expressly denied in the instrument itself; for the reason that all government necessarily possesses the authority and obligation to perform the functions for which it was called into being and which are necessary to its continued existence. But the laws enacted by congress prescribing the method by which these constitutional powers shall be carried into effect leave no chance for discussion as to the President's authority and obligation in the premises. Sections 5298 and 5299 of the United States statutes cover the subject completely and read as follows.

SEC. 5298.

Whenever, by reason of unlawful obstructions, combinations, or assemblages of persons, or rebellion against the authority of the Government of the United States, it shall become impracticable, in the judgment of the President, to enforce, by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, the laws of the United States within any State or Territory, it shall be lawful for the President to call forth the militia of any or all the States, and to employ such parts of the land and naval forces of the United States as he may deem necessary to enforce the faithful execution of the laws of the United States, or to suppress such rebellion, in whatever State or Territory thereof the laws of the United States may be forcibly opposed, or the execution thereof forcibly obstructed.

SEC. 5299.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair

DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Whenever insurrection, domestic violence, unlawful combinations, or conspiracies in any State so obstruct or hinders the execution of the laws thereof, and of the United States, as to deprive any portion or class of the people of such State of any of the rights, privileges, or immunities, or protection, named in the Constitution and secured by the laws for the protection of such rights, privileges, or immunities, and the constituted authorities of such State are unable to protect, or, from any cause, fail in or refuse protection of the people in such rights, such facts shall be deemed a denial by such State of the equal protection of the laws to which they are entitled under the Constitution of the United States; and in all such cases, or whenever any such insurrection, violence, unlawful combination, or conspiracy, opposes or obstructs the laws of the United States, or the due execution thereof, or impedes or obstructs the due course of justice under the same, it shall be lawful for the President, and it shall be his duty, to take such measures, by the employment of the militia or the land and naval forces of the United States, or of either, or by other means, as he may deem necessary, for the suppression of such insurrection, domestic violence, or combinations.

From the foregoing it will be seen that the President not only has the authority but it is made his duty to do just what he did do and that the time when such action becomes necessary is a matter of discretion with him.

He has been sustained in the action taken also, by solemn and emphatic resolutions in both houses of congress and by an almost unanimous vote.

The press too, and public men generally, including that eminent constitutional authority, Judge Cooley, of our own city, and the great body of citizens, heartily approve of all the President has done. In fact the notion that the President lacked this authority was never well founded and passed into innocuous desuetude with the close of the "late unpleasantness."

ADDITIONAL PERSONAL.

John Wahr is at Zukey lake.
Chas. Baxter is sojourning at Whitmore Lake.
Miss M. Schnierle, of Jackson, is visiting in the city.
Miss Nina M. Davison is taking her vacation in Toledo.
Mrs. J. Bachlor, of Pentwater, is visiting Ann Arbor friends.
Mrs. A. M. Doty and daughter Nina, are visiting in Detroit.
Miss Inez Fisher, of Detroit, is a guest of Ann Arbor friends.
Miss Emma Hayley is at Bay View for a two weeks vacation.
Mrs. George Wahr and daughter started this morning for Lake St. Clair.
Mrs. R. Trouton has returned from a visit of two months at Port Huron.
The Misses Viola and Lulu Lusby are guests of Miss Laura Mills, of Pittsfield.
Prof. Perry is at Asbury Park, N. S., attending a national educational congress.

Sedgwick Dean is filling himself with coal cinders and dust, on a northern business trip.

Mrs. Charles Kempf and daughter Edith, of Washington, has been visiting relatives in Northfield.

Mrs. John O. Jenkins returned home, Wednesday, from a week's visit among relatives in Jackson.

Sam. Kinnie is hunting for a place in Minnesota that would be a good one to live in. He won't find it.

Miss Libbie Esslinger returned home Tuesday evening after a month's visit among relatives at Clinton.

Ex-Supervisor James L. Gilbert, of Chelsea, transacted business, etc., in the city, Wednesday. The etc. may be construed to refer to the fixing of his political fences for the fall campaign; but this is a mere surmise.

CUT GLASS WARE.

We have just received a large line of the latest styles in cut glass ware. When going by our store stop and look in the window.

BELTS and BUCKLES.

The Latest Designs in Silverware Novelties.

REPAIR SHOPS, Our Repair Shops are the largest between Detroit and Chicago. Only skilled workmen employed.
Haller's Jewelry Store.

Judge Kinne is inhaling the salt air of the Atlantic coast, and reinvigorating his judicial system with clam bakes.

Prof. Robinson, of Washtenaw extraction, has been re-elected superintendent of the Detroit schools. Salary a cool three thousand.

Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Kyes, son-in-law and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Matthews, of W. Huron St., who have been residing in this city since last fall, have returned to Lansing, where they formerly lived, Mr. Kyes having secured a lucrative position as clerk in that city.

D. A. Hammond will start for Marquette this evening by way of Detroit and the lakes. He goes to conduct a state examination of teachers. From Marquette he will go to Petoskey to attend a meeting of the state board of education and from there to Chicago and thence home. He will be absent until the thirtieth.

A new milch cow for sale. Enquire of Frances Gould at the old Blakesley farm, two and a half miles south of Saline.

T. & A. A. Bulletin.

For the Celebration of Orange-emen at Bay City, July 12th, tickets limited to day of issue.

Rates of one and one-half fare for the round trip will be made for the following:

For the camp meeting for Hackley Park, July 19 to Aug. 24, tickets to be sold July 15 to 20 inclusive, July 24, 26 and 28, Aug. 2d to 4th inclusive, Aug. 7th and 9th, Aug. 13 and 14th, Aug. 20th and 21st, limited to return to Aug. 25th, '94.

For the camp meeting at Haslett Park, July 25th to Aug. 30th. Tickets to be sold each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, limited to return to Sept. 17th.

For the Salvation Army annual camp meeting at Flint, Mich., June 29th to July 10th.

For the Toledo Cycle Club Races at Toledo, O., July 25th and 26th. Tickets to be sold July 24, 25 and 26, limited to July 27th.

W. H. BENNETT,
R. S. GREENWOOD, G.P.A.
Agent.

Notice.

Any person knowing of the existence of any nuisance detrimental to public health will please leave a notice with the city clerk or in writing to any member of the Board of Health, and the same will be investigated and abolished at once.

By order of the Board of Health.
DR. JOHN KAPP,
Health Officer.
H. B. DODSLEY,
Inspector.
ELI W. MOORE,
Assistant Inspector.
ANN ARBOR, June 18, 1894.

A BABY WITHOUT EYES.

It Has Two More Fingers, However, Than Are Generally Given to Little Girls.

A wonderful bit of humanity has taken up its abode at 154 Orchard street. This little girl baby was born on Saturday without eyes or optic nerve.

As if this unfortunate condition of affairs was not enough, the baby is afflicted with more fingers than is usually given to mankind. From the little finger of each hand is an extra finger of perfect shape and size, and excepting that it points in an opposite direction to the other fingers is apparently formed to remain for a lifetime.

In all other respects the little girl is healthy, weighs eight pounds and is as pretty and well behaved a child as could be found anywhere.

Its parents, Mr. and Mrs. Juda Grossman, live on the third floor at 154 Orchard street. This is the eighth year of their married life, and during that time three children have been born, who have all died.

The eyeless infant was examined in the Post Graduate Medical hospital yesterday by Drs. F. F. Reyling and Charles A. Tama before a class of 50 students. It was conclusively proved that the child has no sight whatever, the cause being the arrest of development before birth. Dr. Lander, who is attending the child, has been searching old medical manuscripts for records of similar cases, but the only success he has met with was the finding of a mere mention in an old French natural history by Bruneau of a case where a male child was born without eyes.—New York Herald.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Most Perfect Made.

Ripans Tabules prolong life.
Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.

WANTED, FOR SALE, ETC.

LOST—on Monday afternoon July 16th, 1894, one pocket ledger account book on a street in Ann Arbor or on the south Ypsilanti road to H. Platt's, then south to Milan, the finder will please send to me at Chelsea, Mich. and receive reward.
H. LIGHTHALL.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—Large new house with all modern improvements, cistern and city water in house and well near door. Will take in part payment small house or lots or small farm near city, balance on long time and low interest. P. C. Box 1313.

FOR SALE—Five acres on West Huron street. Good house, barn, orchard. Beautiful location. Will sell on easy terms. Apply to address E. D. Davis, West Huron street, Ann Arbor, Michigan.

FOR SALE AND TO RENT.—Several good farms, farming lands and city property improved and unimproved, on very easy terms. Franklin L. Parker, 24 Ann St., Ann Arbor.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—Houses and lots for sale or rent with all modern improvements. Apply at Henry Richards, No. 9 Detroit st.

FOR SALE.—30 acres on Chubb St. in acre or five acre lots or all together. Long time, small payment, 6 per cent interest. Jas. H. McDonald, 42 Moffat Building, Detroit, Mich.

PIANO TUNING.—A. D. Brown, the well known piano tuner with J. Williams, will be in the city soon. Orders left at the Argus office will receive his attention.

TO RENT.—At No. 20, S. State St. A flat of six rooms. Enquire at 18 S. State St.

TO RENT.—Furnished house heated with gas, in good order. Apply to Noah G. Butts, Room 18, Masonic Block.

WANTED.—Good tenant for very nice store on Liberty street, near State. Terms reasonable. Also flats to rent, very desirable. Enquire 18 South State st.

Special Sale!

The ladies attention is wanted during the sale starting June 2d until June 30th. I will sell trimmed hats and bonnets, valued from \$1.00 to \$7.50, from 50c up to \$5.00. All Untrimmed Hats from 10c to \$1.00. Leghorn Hats from 50c up to \$2.00, the very best quality. Come early and select the best.
Respectfully,

Mrs. A. M. OTTO,
Cor. Washington and 4th Ave.

Best Beer in the City at
Dietz's Bottling Works
Wines, Liquors, Tobacco and Cigars
16 W. Washington St. Ann Arbor.
OSWALD DIETZ, Prop.

H. KITREDGE,

No. 6 WEST ANN STREET.
LIVERY, HACK AND BAGGAGE LINE,
In the rear of Edward Duffy's grocery store. Hack to all trains, day and night. Orders for trains, parties, weddings and funerals promptly attended to. Telephone, 106 Ann Arbor Mich.



FOR FINE SOAPS

And rich and lasting Perfumes we are able to offer for your inspection an exceptionally large and elegant stock.
Soaps made from common fats or rosin are not fit for toilet purposes—be sure and buy a pure soap at our drug store.
Our perfumes we guarantee the best.

MANN BROS., Druggists,
39 S. Main St. ANN ARBOR

It is human nature to want something for nothing.

SILVERWARE

GIVEN AWAY FREE

—AT—

W. F. Lodholz Grocery Store,
Nos. 4 and 6 Broadway.

This is the way it is done: With every Cash Sale, whether it be ten cents or fifty dollars we give you a coupon showing the amount purchased, and when you have bought groceries or any goods in our line to the amount of Forty Dollars, Forty-five Dollars or Fifty Dollars YOU CAN HAVE YOUR CHOICE OF THE TWENTY BEAUTIFUL PIECES OF SILVERWARE, such as Sugar Bowls, Spoon Holder, Cream, Fruit, Caster, Berry, Pickle, Butter Dish, etc.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

Remember Everything in the GROCERY LINE Sold Cheap for Cash.

W. F. LODHOLZ
4 and 6 Broadway

LOCAL BREVITIES.

'Sotternell. The Light Infantry are to go to camp in brand new uniforms. The Hausfreund-Post has presented the Harugari with a new flag. Mrs. Duncan, of Miller avenue, has had a new roof put upon her house. The Turn Verein celebrate their twenty-fifth anniversary in their hall tonight. Harvesting on the county farm is nearly completed, and it is an excellent crop. The new flag for the court house cost \$22.80, and is a splendid one for the money. The genial face of Deputy Sheriff Pat McCabe, shed its effulgence in the city this week. None but the most devout Christian male or female, can refrain from swearing at the continuance of the intense heat. Schuh & Muehlig have the contract for various repairs and alterations in the boilers and steam fittings at the county house. Goodspeed & Sons are having a plate glass front put in their store and a twelve foot extension added to the rear of their building. The new and commodious house of Wm. P. James, corner of State and Packard, is ready for occupancy. It is constructed in the best modern style. Ann Arbor Encampment, I. O. O. F., will install officers this evening, and also exercise their goat in the initiation of two applicants for membership. Notwithstanding the recent strikes at the coal mines, our coal dealers in this city have stocked up with a full supply in all sizes of that commodity. Mr. Daniel Hiscock has completed the construction of his sidewalks on Summit streets, much to the satisfaction of residents on that thoroughfare. Miss Tilly Wall, while stepping on the dock from a boat at Whitmore Lake, yesterday, misstepped and fell into the water, but was rescued when almost exhausted. We regret to learn that that good old citizen, Isaac C. Haudy, is seriously ill. If the good wishes of innumerable friends could restore, he would be enabled to take up his bed and walk. There was a joint meeting of the Superintendents of the Poor and the Building Committee of the county at the poor house on Tuesday, and several important improvements were ordered. A petition signed by sixty residents on Maccabee hill and vicinity, for postal delivery, has been presented to the postmaster, and there is a good prospect of their request being granted. Sidewalks have been laid on the east side of Gott street from Miller avenue to Summit street, except in front of three residences. Maccabee hill is right in it in the line of progressiveness. So note it be. Wm. Frank, formerly of the Germania hotel, this city, will have a grand opening of his new restaurant at 265 Gratiot avenue, Detroit, on Monday, July 23. Good music will be in attendance. The self-closing valves recently put upon the drinking fountains in the court house have effected a saving of about nine dollars a month in the charges for water. They were ordered by the building committee. B. F. Watts now drives one of the handsomest teams in the city, having traded one of his horses in order to get a perfectly matched pair. He is justly proud of them. Hasn't asked us out to ride with him yet, but we look for an invitation at any moment. The letter carriers, during this heated term, have a hard time of it, and return from their arduous duties with rivulets of watery excretion coursing down their spines and other convenient channels, and in a generally limp condition. They have our profoundest sympathy and condolence. It will be cooler later in the season. Information received by Hon. J. T. Jacobs from his son, is to the effect that he has left Denver with his party and is at Great Falls, with baggage wagons and camp outfit, ready for a wild, free, catamount killing life. Incidentally it may be remarked that the company hope to lead a cinnamon bear into camp; that is, they hope to be considerably in the lead, toward camp, when old shaggy starts after them.

The Plymouth-Atlantis ball game will be played next Wednesday. The Independence club hold a social this evening at 45 E. Liberty street. A. J. Murray, of Ypsilanti, last Tuesday shipped 40,000 pounds of wool to Boston. The Ypsilanti Athletic association starts out with thirty names, not including that of Mattie LaFere. Martin Cook, of Ann Arbor township, died Tuesday at his home, of consumption, aged 50 years. A new plank crosswalk has been put down across Main street on the south side of Kingsley street. Mrs. Polly Bruehr, of Eaton's Mills, died last Monday, "old and full of days," lacking only two years of having reached the century mark. The Turn Verein will this evening celebrate their 25th anniversary, at their hall. Of course there will be a general attendance. The occasion is an important one. The Courier states that through the efforts of Col. Dean the old flag of his regiment, the 2nd Michigan infantry, is likely to be restored at the next encampment. The foundations for the new building on the old Hyland property on the corner of Main and Catherine streets have been laid, and the superstructure is now under way. A challenge for a game of baseball has been issued by amateurs on the east side of Main street to any who dare come to the scratch from the west side, and there is blood on the moon, but no other special developments in the matter as yet. It is the intention of the building committee of the board of supervisors to remove one more tree from the court house lawn. It is one on the south side which is partly decayed and is overcrowding two healthy neighbors. In regard to the desire of the stockholders to be allowed to discontinue the running of the depot street cars at Ypsilanti, they contemplated only abandoning its use until such a time as it could be made to pay.—Daily Times. The devotional meeting of the Young Woman's Christian Association will be held in the Presbyterian church, Sunday afternoon, July 22, at 3 o'clock. All members of the association and any interested in the work are invited to be present. Because no "squealing" cards have been addressed to the Ypsilanti water office, "giving away" "that pusillanimous neighbor of ours" for sprinkling lawns after hours, the Daily Times believes the water users are all honest. Probably, however, all are guilty, and have resolved to protect each other. Mayor Seymour, of Ypsilanti, has fired his first veto at the city council. Some rotten sidewalks around the gymnasium were ordered by the council, replaced from the contingent fund. The mayor maintains that the walks were past mending and new walks must be built from the ward funds. The top of the mayor's brain seems to be in a horizontal position. Ex-Gov. Alpheus Felch, president of the Michigan Pioneer and Historical Society, having prepared an elaborate history of the Indian tribes and treaties in this state, was in Jackson, Friday, to consult Col. Shoemaker and obtain suggestions from him with reference to this important paper, which will be printed in a forthcoming volume by the society.—Jackson Evening Patriot. Armed with a warrant, deputy Chris. Brenner started out the other day to find a colored lad who had fractured the peace and dignity of the people of the state of Michigan; also the head of another colored boy, using for that purpose a stone. The deputy walked four miles, fell in the river, and returned to find his man up in the justice office. Incidents like this greatly relieve the monotony of the hot weather and tend to keep the flies off. Wednesday morning witnessed a procession of between three and four hundred Bethlehem Sunday school children marching like a band of happy strikers toward their excursion train, in which they were soon stowed away for their trip to Whitmore Lake. There were seven coach loads of those upon whose shoulders will rest the future of the country, after those who now think they are running the universe and that it would fall down like an old barrel in the sun, if they should get separated from their breath, have become mouldy memories of the past. The young people had a great time.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Harugari and Lyra Maennerchor will hold a picnic on the 29th. Miss Mary E. Flynn gave a lawn party to her boarders Wednesday evening. Three hundred tickets and over were sold for the excursion of the Ann Arbor Rifles Wednesday. No services at the M. E. church during the next four weeks. Sunday school will be continued. The church building will in the meantime receive repairs. At the recent commencement exercises of Alleghany College, at Meadville, Ia., the degree of D. D. was conferred on Rev. C. M. Coburn, who is one of its graduates. Chicken-lovers, too proud to beg but not too honest to steal, have lately rioted on the flesh of Third ward poultry. Among losers of spring fowls are John Karberg and Geo. P. Stauch. George Sigfried, of Packard st., died Wednesday evening of heart trouble, aged 32 years. He was a young man of wide acquaintance, and there are many who will be saddened by his death. Republican county convention in the court house, next Tuesday. Repairs in the roof of the temple of justice will have to be made immediately afterward. Republican oratory is very wrenching this year. John A. Jenkins-Malloy will occupy one of the spare rooms in the Hotel Brenner for the next 90 days. He keeps his name wound up on a hose reel, when it is not needed in Justice Court to aid in the construction of a certificate of good standing. Captain Woodruff, of Ypsilanti, has caused the arrest of Ed. Reader and Ed. Wint for failure to report when the company was ordered to the armory during the late labor troubles. The case will be tried today. There will be a legal fight. A civil service examination of candidates for positions in the Indian department, will take place in Detroit today. The examination will include any persons who have the muscular strength and the patriotism to take their lives in their hands and draw salaries ranging from \$2,000 down. Incidentally, candidates are expected to know something about teaching school among the savages.

Some insurrectionary boy at Ypsilanti exploded an air gun charge at the postoffice, Wednesday, and smash went a plate glass. A militia company composed of the boy's mother armed with a shingle, should move upon his works. He is dangerous. While painting at the hospital the other day, Theodore Mast fell from his ladder, and with great presence of mind flirited his heels in the air and stuck his head in a pail of paint, thus breaking the force of the fall. Some people when they fall, fall any way at all, and are injured. A sad case of a painter is in the Argus' mind. He was lettering a sign, and falling, neglected to shove his head in a pail of paint, and the local paper said of him, "He died and made no sign." Capt. Allen comes forward in a card to the Daily Times and informs that paper that if the Washtenaw republican candidates want a combine he is "in it". This arrangement contemplates the solidifying of the Washtenaw republican forces, for the man who in the county convention shall exhibit the largest following. The Argus does not know how much the membership fee is, in the combine against the other counties; but it must be high, for thus far it only amounts to a trinity—and not a very "holy trinity" at that. Special 10-Day Excursion to Frankfort & Crystal Lake.—Round Trip Only \$5.

Thursday, July 26th, the Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan Ry. will run a special excursion to Crystal Lake and Frankfort on Lake Michigan, leaving Ann Arbor at 11:30 a. m., arriving at Crystal Lake 8:40 p. m., Frankfort 9 p. m. This special train will stop at only a few of the principal points north of Ann Arbor, so it will not be so tedious a ride as excursions usually are. Round trip rate only \$5.00 and tickets will be good to return on any regular train until Saturday, Aug. 4, inclusive. Frankfort and Crystal Lake are among the most beautiful of Northern Michigan Summer Resorts, and the extremely low rate places the trip within reach of all.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

Estate of John M. Morgan.
STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Washtenaw, holden at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the 18th day of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John M. Morgan deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Charles L. Morgan, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased may be admitted to probate and that administration of said estate may be granted to himself the executor in said will named or to some other suitable person. Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the 14th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the ANN ARBOR ARGUS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT,
Judge of Probate.
WILLIAM G. DOTY, Probate Register.
On motion the Council adjourned.

A Special Hosiery Bargain

We purchased of a jobber the other day the balance of their stock of a certain grade of Hose—84 doz. in all. These goods are Ladies' Fast Black Hose, fine gague. Seamless Foot, value 20c a pair.

We shall run the lots as follows:
Per Pair, - - - 12c
Per Half Dozen, - - - 65c
Per Dozen, - - - \$1.25

E. F. MILLS & CO.

20 Main Street.

"DEAD BROKE"

Perhaps that is the condition of your comb. If so, you might better get one of our "Unbreakables" that we replace if broken by use. It won't break you to buy one, either, 20c to 40c.

Calkins' Pharmacy
34 South State St.

New Furniture Store

—OF—
CAMP BROTHERS,
DEALERS IN
Furniture
and
Upholstering

Fine Line of Furniture in New Designs. New Patterns in Bedroom Suites never

Shown Here Before

Special attention to Fine Upholstery, and Repairing of all kinds.

57 South Main Street.

EDWARD CAMP. NORMAN CAMP.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

TIME TABLE (Revised) JUNE 10th, 1894.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.

GOING EAST	GOING WEST
Chicago, Ill. 11:30 am	Chicago, Ill. 8:00 am
Ann Arbor, Mich. 10:30 am	Ann Arbor, Mich. 7:00 am
Ypsilanti, Mich. 10:00 am	Ypsilanti, Mich. 6:30 am
Dexter, Mich. 9:30 am	Dexter, Mich. 6:00 am
Wayne, Mich. 9:00 am	Wayne, Mich. 5:30 am
Ypsilanti, Mich. 8:30 am	Ypsilanti, Mich. 5:00 am
Ann Arbor, Mich. 8:00 am	Ann Arbor, Mich. 4:30 am
Chicago, Ill. 7:30 am	Chicago, Ill. 4:00 am

GOODYEAR'S ARMY

The Flag that Wins the Battle. It's inscribed "Fair Dealing." A good motto, isn't it?—the one we have done business by for years. It may seem incredulous, but our reputation for honesty will sustain it. And when we say that we have the largest and most complete stock, that our goods are the best we can buy, that we will not be undersold, there is no one to dispute the facts.

GOODYEAR'S Drug Store

GREAT STRIKE

in prices on Light Weight Suits, Summer Coats and Vests and Odd Pants.

322 pairs of Single Pants, worth from \$3.50 to \$6, choice today (and until they are sold)
At \$3.00 a Pair.

All Light Weight Suits and Summer Coats and Vests at
One-Quarter Off.

Every White and Fancy Vest to be closed out
At Half Price.

Wadhams, Ryan & Reule.



Chronic Nervousness Could Not Sleep, Nervous Headaches.

Gentlemen—I have been taking your Restorative Nerve for the past three months and I cannot say enough in its praise. It has Saved My Life,

for I had almost given up hope of ever being well again. I was a chronic sufferer from nervousness and could not sleep. I was also troubled with nervous headache, and had tried doctors in vain, until I used your Nerve.

MRS. M. WOOD, Ringwood, Ill. Dr. Miles' Nervine Cures.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at 50¢ bottles for 65¢.

Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FARMERS' & MECHANICS' BANK

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN. At the close of business, July 12, 1894.

Table with columns for Resources and Liabilities. Resources include Loans and discounts, Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages, etc. Liabilities include Capital stock paid in, Surplus fund, Undivided profits, etc.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss. I, Frederick H. Belser, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. H. BELSER, Cashier. CORRECT—Attest: AMBROSE KEARNEY, W. F. BREAKER, EDWARD DUFFY, H. A. WILLIAMS, Notary Public.

FIRE INSURANCE. CHRISTIAN MACK,

Agent for the following First Class Companies representing over twenty-eight Million Dollars Assets, issues policies at the lowest rates.

Table listing insurance policies: Aetna of Hartford, Franklin of Phila., Germania of N. Y., German-American of N. Y., London Assurance, etc.

Special attention given to the insurance of dwellings, schools, churches and public buildings on terms of three and five years.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

D. A. MAC LAHLAN, M. D. Diseases of the EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT.

Office, cor. of Main and Washington Streets. Residence, 14 S. State Street. Residence telephone, No. 128. Office telephone No. 134. Hours: 10 a. m. to 12 and 1 to 5 p. m.

ATTORNEYS.

E. B. NORRIS, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Does a general law collection and conveyancing business. A moderate share of your patronage respectfully solicited.

G. R. WILLIAMS, Attorney at Law and Pension Claim Attorney. MILAN, MICH. Conveyancing and Collections.

DENTISTS.

W. W. NICHOLS D. D., DENTIST. In the old St. James Hotel Block. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of vitalized air.

MARTIN & FISCHER, PROPRIETORS OF THE WESTERN BREWERY ANN ARBOR, MICH. Brewers of Pure Lager Beer.

BATTLE IS DRAWN.

First Round of the Struggle of Tariff Conferrees.

NEITHER SIDE BEATS A RETREAT.

That Fact Reported to the House and Another Contest on the Same Lines the Only Probability—Points of Irreconcilable Difference Few, But Important—Two Hours' Debate Allowed in the House—Capital City Notes.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The proceedings of the full tariff conference yesterday were both brief and formal, consisting merely of a statement by Voorhees to the effect that the Democratic members of the conference had found themselves, after another effort, unable to find common ground to stand upon, and had decided to recommend a report for a general disagreement upon the bill as a whole.

Disagreement Reported in the House. Chairman Wilson met Speaker Crisp and members of the house committee on rules as soon as the conference adjourned. When the conference closed Wilson said he would not report the disagreement until today. As a result of the conference between Wilson and the speaker the committee on rules agreed on a programme for handling the tariff disagreement when it was reported to the house.

No purpose has been developed as yet to move special instructions to the committee, as it is said an insistence on the house bill is all the instructions necessary. When the bill is again sent to conference there will be no change in the personnel of the house conferrees. A house Democratic member of the conference committee outlined to the Associated Press the lines of agreement and disagreement in the conference, summarized by schedules. It added little to the information on the situation. It simply showed that agreements were possible on most of the questions and that the schedules of disagreement which brought about the total disagreement were those covering sugar, metals, iron ore and coal.

SILVER DOLLARS TO BE COINED.

Orders Given Two Mints to Begin the Work Again. WASHINGTON, July 19.—Preston, the director of the mint, by direction of the secretary of the treasury, has issued orders to the mint authorities at San Francisco and New Orleans to begin at once the coining of silver dollars and during the present month to coin up to the ordinary capacities of the mints. The silver to be first coined will be blanks and ingots, of which there is sufficient to coin about \$1,500,000 at these two mints and at Philadelphia. As soon as this supply is exhausted work will probably begin on the silver bars, of which there is a year's supply at San Francisco and New Orleans, and probably five years' supply at Philadelphia.

So far as can be learned it is not the purpose of the government to extend the coining of the seigniorage beyond a few millions, but it is stated that after coining what gold may be necessary and recouping the advanced fractional silver each of the three mints probably will be worked at their normal capacity on silver dollars for the next several months at least, and presumably to the end of the present calendar year. Whether treasury notes will be retired as fast as received for silver so far as known has not been determined.

Proceedings in Congress Briefed.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The senate agreed to the house joint resolution to accept as a gift to the nation the painting exhibited at the World's fair entitled "Love and Life," by G. F. Watts, R. A., an English artist. The Indian appropriation was taken up and a number of amendments agreed to. There was a good deal of debate on the sectarian school question, but the appropriation for the schools was agreed to. The bill was still pending when the senate went into executive session.

Pence Wants Courts Regulated.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—A resolution resulting from the part taken by United States courts in the recent strikes has been introduced by Pence (Pop.) of Colorado. It is to direct the committee on judiciary "to report to the house a bill definitely fixing the power of local courts and judges thereof in the matter of punishment of persons charged with contempt of said court and giving to such persons the right of trial by jury."

The Proposed Labor Commission.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Referring to the proposed labor commission, Labor Commissioner Wright says that the commission will have a difficult task to perform, but he does not look for a long drawn-out investigation. He said that he believes that the facts sought for can be obtained from few men and few documents.

Pension Attorney Disbarred.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Wilford H. Smith, a pension attorney of Greenville, Miss., has been disbarred from practice before the interior department. He is charged with improper, unprofessional, and illegal conduct in accepting exorbitant fees from his clients.

Sherwood Dixon Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The senate in executive session made public the following confirmation: Sherwood Dixon, to be attorney of the United States for the northern district of Illinois.

Michigan Man Gets a Job.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Eugene Parrell, of Michigan, has been appointed an inspector under the postoffice department.

Failure at Decatur, Ills. DECATUR, July 19.—G. W. Jones & Co., dealers in clothing, have made an assignment to Charles M. Allison. Liabilities, \$20,700; assets, \$24,902.

NICE PLACES TO LIVE IN.

Those New Towns of Enid and South Pond, Oklahoma.

NORTH ENID, July 19.—The war of the torch and bomb along the line of the Rock Island railroad in the Cherokee strip continues the burning of a ninety-foot bridge one mile north of Waukomis station being the latest outrage. The bridge was burned just after the passage of a passenger train going south, and was completely destroyed. The railroad company has abandoned freight traffic. Another company of United States troops from Fort Leavenworth has arrived here. Mayor Franke, of Pond Creek, has received this message from Acting Governor Lowe in reply to his request for territorial and federal aid to enforce the city ordinance regarding stoppage of trains next Saturday: "I have requested the Rock Island Railroad company and its attorneys and president to obey your ordinances through our request. I think an application for a mandamus to compel the company to stop in accordance with your ordinance would be granted."

Acting Governor Lowe has ordered the militia at once to Enid and Round Pond. There is but one company of twenty-one boys, none over 25, who never shot a gun and were just organized last week. There is consternation in their ranks at the idea of active service. The tension at Enid grows and the people seem to have no respect for the regulars, who have no orders to shoot. A large body of men was organized in Enid, and they are loudly proclaiming that they will destroy with dynamite the first train that attempts to pass through the town without stopping.

THE OLD FOOTSTOOL SHAKEN.

Earthquake Shocks Felt Along the Mississippi Valley. MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 19.—Three shocks of earthquake were felt here. The shocks made tall buildings sway like a pendulum, but no damage was done. The shocks were plainly felt throughout the lower Mississippi valley.

CAIRO, Ills., July 19.—Two distinct shocks of earthquake were felt here. Buildings swayed and glass in windows rattled, but no damage was done.

FULTON, Ky., July 19.—Three violent shocks of earthquake startled the people here. The shocks were sufficient to make buildings swing like a pendulum. Clocks were stopped, dishes rattled on the shelves and pictures fell from the walls.

NEW MADRID, Mo., July 19.—A light shock of earthquake was felt here. The vibration was of about three seconds duration.

OGDEN, Utah, July 19.—A distinct earthquake shock was felt here. Dishes were shaken from the tables, the walls of some large blocks were cracked and a general shakeup occurred. Many people were frightened into leaving their houses.

APPLETON, Wis., July 19.—An earthquake shock split the earth open at Little Chute for several hundred feet.

NEGROES DEMAND PROTECTION.

Want the Regulars Called Out to Prevent Lynchings. BROOKLYN, July 19.—A meeting was held last evening by the colored citizens of Brooklyn in the Fleet street A. M. E. church to protest against the continuance of the practice of lynching negroes in the south. Pastor W. H. Coffey presided.

The Rev. William Hunt said that in the south negroes are being lynched by the thousands and the federal or state government makes no attempt to prevent the outrages. Resolutions were adopted to the effect that as the president had already called out the federal troops to protect property in Chicago during the recent strike he should afford the same protection to the colored citizens of the south.

He Rode at Balaklava.

LONDON, July 19.—The attention of parliament has been called to the fact that there is now in Dublin an old Irish soldier named Donovan who rode in the Balaklava charge in the Crimean war, and who has only \$1.25 a week on which to support his wife and himself. He is 90 years old, his sight has failed and consequently he is in no position to help himself. The war department has replied that Donovan is receiving 25 cents a day and that this is the largest that can be granted by the royal warrant under which he served.

Chicago Is Tired of the Delay.

CHICAGO, July 19.—The following telegram was sent to Washington last evening: "To the Senate and House—The whole country demands that congress terminate the pending tariff legislation immediately. Failure to dispose of the question quickly will work incalculable loss and irreparable injury to financial and industrial interests." The dispatch was signed by twenty banks and eighty leading business houses of the city.

Proposing Secession from Rome.

CLEVELAND, July 19.—The seceders from the St. Stanislaus Polish Roman Catholic church contemplate a revolution in Roman Catholicism which shall be national if not world wide. They have appointed a Polish national church committee and will issue a proclamation to dissatisfied Poles all over the United States, inviting them to flock to the standard of another church, which will probably be that of the Armenian church.

He Wasn't Half Dead.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., July 19.—Washington E. Irving, a nephew of the famous author, was supposed to have died at Escondido and his funeral was held. With the close of the service, after friends had passed the casket, a knocking was heard from within, and the lid having been hastily removed Irving got up in a dazed condition, but soon regained his senses fully and was taken home.

Not Easy to Kill This Boy.

NEW YORK, July 19.—Ernest Smith, 11 years old, has been almost at death's door in Fordham hospital since July 1. He was taken there with his skull crushed in. The right side of the frontal bone and orbital plate were shattered and the brain matter was oozing out. Two inches of bone and two teaspoonful of brain matter were removed and the boy is now out of danger.

Opposed to Nominating a Senator.

MATTOON, Ills., July 19.—At a meeting of the Republican editors of the Nineteenth district resolutions were passed unanimously that it is the sentiment of that body that it would be unwise for the Republican party to nominate a candidate for United States senator in the state convention.

Fire Threatens a Smallpox Hospital.

DULUTH, Minn., July 19.—Forest fires are gaining in the woods back of the city. A smallpox hospital where there are four convalescents was threatened and all the patients and furniture were moved.

A STRANGE INSCRIPTION.

Domestic Traits of a Wife Fully Set Forth on a Tombstone.

The following is the inscription on a monument erected in Horsley Down churchyard, in Cumberland, England: Here lie the bodies of THOMAS BOND AND MARY, HIS WIFE. She was temperate, chaste and charitable, but she was proud, peevish and passionate. She was an affectionate wife and a tender mother. Her husband and child, whom she loved, seldom saw her countenance without a disgusting frown. Whilst she received visitors whom she despised with an endearing smile. Her behavior was discreet toward strangers, but imprudent in her family. Abroad her conduct was influenced by good breeding.

At home by ill temper. She was a professed enemy of flattery and was seldom anxious to praise or commend. The talents in which she principally excelled were differences of opinion and discovering flaws and imperfections. She was an ardent socialist, and without prolixity dispensed plenty to any person in her family. Would sacrifice their eyes to a farthing candle. Inasmuch that in 30 years' married life she often lamented that, Managre all her virtues, He had not on the whole enjoyed two years of matrimonial comfort.

At length, Finding she had lost the affection of her husband as well as the regard of her neighbors, family disputes having been divulged by servants, She died of vexation July 20, 1768, Aged 65 years and survived her four months and two days and departed this life November 28, 1768. In the 54th year of his age. William Bond, brother to the deceased, erected this stone as a weekly monitor to the wives of his parish. That they may avoid the infamy of having their memories handed down to posterity with a patchwork character.

The above is cited in Wharton & Stille's Medical Jurisprudence under the head of "Oikeomania," or morbid state of domestic affections. Under the same head is the case of Frederick William of Prussia and others, which are sometimes cases of insanity.

MEN HAVE "FUNNY WAYS" TOO.

A Woman, on Behalf of Her Sex, Asks Some Unanswerable Questions. The little peculiarities of women are a fruitful topic with some masculine writers. They continually rush into print with such questions as: Why does a woman always want to know if her hat is on straight? Why does she keep you waiting 10 minutes after she's declared she's all ready? Why does she do this, that and the other? Here's a counterblast from a woman writer: Why does a man always have lengthened and often profane interviews with his collar button? It looks like an inoffensive sort of an article to an outsider. Why does he rush through his dressing and throw everything all over the room because he's in such a hurry—he "knows he'll be late"—and then spend a good five minutes filling and lighting his pipe? Why does he never put together and fold up a newspaper? Why, when a pretty girl praises another man's "charming manners," does he say the girl is "soft"? Why does he declare that handsome and popular young actors are "sticks"? Why can he never, by any possibility, find anything he is sent to look for in a closet or drawer? Why is his headache or toothache so much worse than anybody else's ever was? Why is it always his liver that does not work instead of the Welsh rabbit and mince pie that have worked? Why will he go out after a rain without overshoes and then preach about the vanity of women? Why does it rain too hard to go to church, but not too hard to go to a dinner or theater or club on any succeeding stormy day? Why does he suppose, when he notes women's "funny ways," that women are not at the same time noticing his own funny ways?—New York Journal.

Why Does She Always Do It?

"Did you ever notice a woman mailing a letter?" asked a postman, who was talking to an acquaintance on the street car. "Well, I don't care who she is, whether she's your wife or mother, she'll go up to the mailbox just as if it was an infernal machine, look all around, and drop that letter in as if she wouldn't have anybody see her for the world. That's why some men will always step up and offer to help her; he thinks she wants assistance. It's the same if a woman hands a letter to a postman—she'll act as if she hates to have it go out of her hands."

How do you account for it?

"I don't try to account for it. It's like the way most women pay their car fare—as if they were most surprised to death at having to pay it at all, and then hanging on to it till the conductor drags it away. I guess it may be for the reason that girls aren't raised like boys to do things offhand in a business way. But it's so anyway."—Detroit Free Press.

Hill's Famous Phrase.

David B. Hill's famous phrase, "I am a Democrat," with which he began a famous campaign speech in Brooklyn some years ago, was suggested to him by a tipsy acquaintance named Charlie Fulton. Hill was walking his floor at Albany, cudgeling his brains for an introduction to his coming speech. Between his hiccoughs Fulton exclaimed, "Dave, you go down to Brooklyn, raise your right arm and say, 'I am a Democrat.'" The suggestion was adopted and proved to be a capital stroke.—Chicago Tribune.

Where She Failed.

Mande—No wonder her essay didn't take the prize. She showed execrable taste in it, didn't she? Amy—Dreadful! Why, she had it tied with blue ribbon, and that never matched her complexion.—Boston Traveler.

ROBERT E. LEE'S CHARGER.

Description of the Famous Animal Written by the General.

Few people in this broad land do not know that the late General Robert E. Lee's warhorse, Traveler, gained almost as much fame as did the celebrated Confederate commander himself. After the war an artist wrote to General Lee asking for a description of Traveler, which General Lee wrote for him. This is what the general wrote about his favorite horse: "If I was an artist like you, I would draw a true picture of Traveler, representing his fine proportions, muscular figure, deep chest, short back, strong haunches, flat legs, small head, broad forehead, delicate ears, quick eyes, small feet and black mane and tail. Such a picture would inspire a poet, whose genius could then depict his worth and describe his endurance of toil, hunger, thirst, heat and cold, the dangers and sufferings through which he has passed. He could dilate upon his sagacity and affection and his invariably response to any wish of his rider. He might even imagine his thoughts through the long night marches and days of battle through which he has passed. But I am no artist and can therefore only say he was a Confederate gray."

"I purchased him in the autumn of 1861 in the mountains of Virginia, and he has been my patient follower ever since—to Georgia, the Carolinas and back to Virginia. He carried me through the seven days' battle, around Richmond, the second Manassas, at Sharpsburg, Fredricksburg, the last day at Chancellorsville, to Pennsylvania, at Gettysburg and back to the Rappahannock. From the commencement of the campaign, in 1864, at Orange, till its close around Pittsburg, the saddle was scarcely off his back as he passed through the fire of the Wilderness, Spottsylvania, Cold Harbor and across the James river. He was almost in daily requisition in the winter of 1864-5 on the long line of defenses from the Chickahominy, north of Richmond, to Hatcher's run, south of the Appomattox. In the campaign of 1865 he bore me from Petersburg to the final day at Appomattox Courthouse. You know the comfort he is to me in my present retirement. He is well supplied with equipments. Two sets have been sent to him from England, and one from the city of Richmond, but I think his favorite is the American saddle from St. Louis.

"Of all his companions in toil, Richmond, Brown, Roan, Ajax and Quiet Lucy Long, he is the only one that retained his vigor to the last. The first two expired under their onerous burdens, and the last two failed. You can, I am sure, from what I have said, paint his portrait."

Curve Pitching.

There are some people still left who refuse to believe that a baseball can travel out of the straight line between the pitcher's box and the home plate on its way to the catcher. It has been proved again and again that a ball can be "curved" by a now well known experiment. Two stakes are set up so that the pitcher, standing behind one, cannot hit a mark on the left side of the other in a straight line, the ball passing to the right of the first.

Indeed a short while ago a noted college pitcher was offered \$1,000 by an old gentleman of his acquaintance if he could prove to his satisfaction that a baseball could be pitched in a curve. The pitcher at once set up two stakes in his back yard and curved the ball around them in fine style. But the old gentleman insisted that the whole thing was an optical delusion and is no more convinced than ever.

Every boy knows how hard it is to bat an out curve or a drop, and after he has struck out a few times wants no one to prove to him there is such a thing as curve pitching. There is little use trying to explain the theory of this performance here, as many scientific papers have written on it, which, after all, would not help a man to toss a tennis ball. The final twist given the ball as it leaves the hand makes a spinning motion, so that there is more resistance by the air on one side or the other, and the ball is forced out of a straight line by unequal pressure on one of its sides.—Godey's Magazine.

Tobacco Causes Loss of Memory.

Those annoying and unaccountable lapses of memory experienced when one is unable to recollect some well known word or the name of some perfectly familiar friend are attributed by a French physiologist to the excessive use of tobacco. This gentleman has observed that aphasia and amnesia are at present almost unknown among the gentler sex. On the other hand, he has nearly invariably found these afflictions common in men who are habitually heavy smokers, while in cases where they are only of rare occurrence he has frequently known the extraordinary lapse to have been preceded by an extra dose of the fragrant weed. It is comforting, however, to be assured by the same authority that a moderate use of pipe or cigar is in no way harmful to the memory.—Westminster Gazette.

Getting His Money's Worth.

"You look very bad, Pere Francois. Have you been ill?" "Not exactly, sir, but my barber owed me 3 francs, and I couldn't get them from him. So, in sheer despair, during the last three days I got him to shave me thrice and bleed me six times, so as to have something for my money."—Masque de Fer.

A man may float in salt water without moving his hands or feet if he has the presence of mind to throw his head back and allow the body to sink to the position which it will then naturally take.

DO not be deceived.

The following brands of White Lead are still made by the "Old Dutch" process of slow corrosion. They are standard, and always

Strictly Pure White Lead

The recommendation of "Anchor," "Eckstein," "Armstrong & McKelvy," "Beymer-Bauman," "Davis-Chambers," "Fahnestock," "Morley," "Shipman," "Southern," "Red Seal," "Collier."

to you by your merchant is an evidence of his reliability, as he can sell you cheap ready-mixed paints and bogus White Lead and make a larger profit. Many short-sighted dealers do so.

FOR COLORS.—National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors, a one-pound can to a 25-pound keg of Lead and mix your own paints. Saves time and annoyance in matching shades, and insures the best paint that it is possible to put on wood.

Send us a postal card and get our book on paints and color-card, free; it will probably save you a good many dollars.

NATIONAL LEAD CO. Chicago Branch, State and Fifteenth Streets, Chicago.

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TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY 20, 1894.

Trains Leave Ann Arbor. NORTH: 7:15 a. m., 12:15 p. m., 4:15 p. m., 9:15 a. m. SOUTH: 7:25 a. m., 11:30 a. m., 9:00 p. m., 18:15 p. m.

*Trains run between Ann Arbor and Toledo only. *Trains run Sunday only. W. H. BENNETT, S. S. GREENWOOD, G. P. A., Toledo Ohio. Agent.

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HE GOT INTO THE DIET

A MEMBER OF THE LIARS' CLUB HEARD TISZA'S LAST ADDRESS.

He Made a Bold Play and Carried His Point, and His Conscience Only Bothered Him When He Saw That He Would Be Successful in the Scheme.

The party was in conversation over its beer, of all shades and all degrees of excellence, and tales had been told in several languages and of diverse degrees of trustworthiness when the Hungarian pounced upon an opportunity—he had his glass empty first—to tell for the hundredth time of the beauties of his native Budapest.

"Budapest may be all that you claim for it, but I'll never forget an experience I had there when I fooled some of its bigwigs. It was only a few years ago, when I stopped there for a rest on my way from Paris by the Oriental express to Constantinople. I noticed an unusual excitement at the Hotel Hungaria, could see there were many strangers in town, and across the Danube, over the Schloss, floated the royal standard of Hungary as a sign that the king was there.

"During the day I heard that the ministry would resign the next day, and that Premier Tisza would make his last address in parliament. Well, you can well imagine I wanted to be in at the death and set about to secure a ticket of admission to the diet hall. Those whom I asked simply laughed at me. Tickets were at a high premium, and some to whom I applied gave me a Hungarian look of withering contempt which made me only more anxious to get there.

"But the morrow came, and I saw the chances for a peep at the show growing exasperatingly less, when I suddenly felt myself possessed of an idea. I went to the house of parliament and after much inquiry learned that the librarian of the upper house, and he alone, could admit me, and I succeeded in seeing him. 'I'm surprised,' I said to him, 'that you have made no provision for the press at a time so important as this.'

"Press?" said he. "Why, press tickets have been issued to all who are entitled to them, and if you have received none it's a mistake—an oversight." He called a servant, said something in a jargon which I could not understand and made me a bow of dismissal. The man, who was dressed to go on in the chorus of the 'Beggar Student' or the 'Black Husar,' beckoned me to follow him, led me to an inner room, where he left me with a desk, two chairs and my guilty conscience. I began to wish myself back at the hotel, with its good wine, good music and fine view on the Danube.

Umbrellas, too, are of much importance in China, because the umbrella is a mark of rank. Two large red silk umbrellas signal the approach of the governor general of a province. A red silk umbrella with three ruffles on it is the kind assigned to the four highest ranks of mandarin. The nobility of lower rank are entitled to an umbrella of red silk, but may have only two ruffles.

The two highest ranks of gentlemen commoners are entitled to a red state umbrella surmounted by a knob of tin; the third and fourth ranks have the knob of wood instead of tin, but it is always painted red. An umbrella of blue cloth with two ruffles and surmounted by a red painted wooden knob distinguishes the fifth rank.—D. V. F. in New York Advertiser.

When Louis IX, the saint, surrendered with his whole forces to the Saracens at Mansura, on the 5th of April, 1250, 1,000,000 golden bezants—equal to half that number of the lives of the day—were demanded for his freedom. But the Moslems came down to 800,000 bezants, and, in the end, by surrendering Damietta, Louis got off for 100,000 marks—equal, roughly, to over £1,000,000 sterling of today.

These golden bezants contained about 30 shillings' worth of our gold, but to go to market with would buy then as much probably as 7½ sovereigns now would. Were the scorners allowed to break forth here, he would probably tell how this high priced and saintly carcass was treated by his people when Louis died, at the siege of Tunis, 20 years later. Being hard up for embalmers, they had (according to the journal of Aubery) to quarter and boil him down in separate caldrons, and so sent but his whitened skeleton to France.—Saturday Review.

It was raining pretty hard when the old man came into the parlor. In fact, the rain was rattling on the tin roof of the porch so loudly that there could be no doubt about the weather. "Er—how is the weather out?" asked the young man who was calling on the daughter of the house. He asked in trepidation, because he knew he was not any too welcome.

The old man looked at him for a moment and said, "Clear." "And the young man cleared.—Indianapolis Journal.

A scientist suggests the use of an alloy of gold and aluminum for the making of money. He says that counterfeiting would be almost impossible, as the only alloy which can be made successfully consists of 78 parts of gold to 22 of aluminum. The product is said to be of a beautiful purple color, with ruby reflections that cannot be imitated.

CARLETON AS A REPORTER.

How the Playwright Wrote up an Account of a Primary Election.

Henry Guy Carleton, the now successful playwright, used to be a reporter on the Chicago Tribune in the good old days when Sam Medill was managing editor and Fred Hall city editor. One day he was assigned to do a Democratic primary out on "Archer road." He returned to the office at night with his face beaming with enthusiasm and with as much rapidity as his halting tongue would permit—he stuttered dreadfully—told Mr. Hall what funny experiences he had gone through. Of course Mr. Hall told him to "write it up," and that's what Carleton did to the best of his marked ability—described the odd characters at the polls, pictured the eccentricities of the old times in the ward and threw such a humorous glow over the many brawls that the objectionable features of the system of elections was lost sight of. Mr. Hall read the copy and chuckled loudly—compliment enough for any reporter—but when he had finished the report he called Carleton into his den and said, with that quiet irony for which he will always be remembered:

"Carleton, you do not seem to have learned the names of the delegates elected?"

Henry Guy was forced to admit that he had "for-for-gotten" that little incident.

"Well," resumed the city editor, with aggravating explicitness, "you go right down here to the corner of State and Madison streets and take an Archer avenue car. When you get out to the polls, you alight and hunt around in the gutter till you find one ticket of each kind voted, and then go to the nearest saloon and learn which ticket was elected."

Carleton returned to the office about 1 o'clock in the morning, and he had the right ticket.—Chicago Mail.

LANTERNS AND UMBRELLAS.

How and Why They Are So Generally Used in China.

Chinese lanterns are made of paper, silk, horn, crystal and many other materials. Those made of silk are usually richly embroidered with figures of animals, birds or flowers; those of horn are prettily decorated with paintings. Some of the most ornamental and expensive lanterns are mounted on beautifully carved frames of wood and ivory.

If a Chinese leaves his home after night without taking with him a lantern, such as is assigned to the use of the class to which he belongs, he is liable to arrest by the police.

As soon as it is dark every city seems ablaze with lanterns. They light up the homes of the rich and poor; they are attached to the angles of the pagoda; they are seen at every port and on every river. In fact, they make their appearance everywhere, and to call China the "land of lanterns" is by no means a misnomer.

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Money Value of St. Louis.

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SOLDIER'S SONG.

The camp is hushed, the fires burn low. Like ghosts the sentries come and go. Now seen, now lost upon the height A keen drawn saber glimmers white. Swiftly the midnight steals away—Reposez-vous, bon chevaliers.

Perchance into your dreams shall come Visions of love or thoughts of home. The turban night wind hurrying by Shall kiss away the half-breathed sigh And softly whispering seem to say, Reposez-vous, bon chevaliers.

Through starlit dusk and shimmering dew It is your lady comes to you. Delphine, Lisette, Annette—who knows By what sweet wailward name she goes? Wrapped in white arms till break of day, Reposez-vous, bon chevaliers.

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TRINITY SUNDAY.

Oh, for one hour of Athanasia's saint! To stand against a world in error prone. To guard the glory of the great white Throne. To answer the agnostic's shallow plaint, To hear ten doubting souls who shrink and faint. As fast as to believe on one unknown! Is

PERSONAL.

Miss Suste Dustan is visiting in Bowmanville, Ontario.

Mrs. Richard Trouton has returned from Port Huron.

Miss Mary Ryan, of Jackson, is in the city, visiting relatives.

Mrs. Stone, of S. Fifth avenue, and daughter, are visiting in Saginaw.

Miss Lillian Fields left, Wednesday, for Kalamazoo, to visit relatives.

Orlando Reimold is on a business trip through the western part of the state.

Mrs. C. W. Penny, who has been visiting in Jackson, has returned home.

Miss Wilder, of Chicago, is visiting Miss May Fisher on South Main street.

James Lewis Cooley, of Utica, N. Y., is visiting his mother on S. Fifth avenue.

Mrs. Cox, of Oil City, Ont., is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Fred Klingler.

Miss Amelia Schleede left yesterday for a few weeks' visit with friends in Toledo.

Sheriff Brenner was up in the northern part of the state this week on official business.

Chas. Bickel, of Toledo, has been visiting F. J. Schleede and family the first of the week.

Representative Mills was in the city on business connected with the county fair, yesterday.

James H. Ottley returned on Tuesday from a two weeks' sojourn in St. Paul Minnesota.

The excellent mistress of the Brenner resort spent Wednesday visiting Detroit friends.

Rev. John Stanger, of Fourth street, is entertaining his friend, Mr. Christian Coub, of New Buffalo.

The Misses Sophia and Bertha Schneider, Lizzie Covert, and Alice Staebler spent Wednesday in Detroit.

John Smoots has purchased the new building which N. S. Garlinghouse is having erected on the Miller addition.

The Clifton house, of Whitmore Lake, had the pleasure of entertaining Miss Martha Drake, of this city, this week.

William Steigelmeier went to Chelsea the first of the week, on his bicycle, to visit friends. He returned yesterday.

Dr. Heneage Gibbs and daughter, who have been courting the cooling breezes at St. Clair flats, returned home on Tuesday.

Miss Sophia Schmid has been entertaining her friends, the Misses Kirchofer, of Manchester, who returned home on Wednesday morning.

Dr. and Mrs. V. C. Vaughn left Wednesday for Buda Pesth, Hungary, where the doctor will attend the International Congress of Hygiene.

John Lentz, after spending some time with friends in Pittsburgh, will take his chance of sea-sickness by a trip on the rolling billows of the great lakes.

Dr. Vaughan, whose family are spending part of the vacation in Missouri, has been called there on account of the serious illness of one of his children.

Mr. and Mrs. Shankland, custodians of the county house, are giving complete satisfaction to the supervisors in the performance of their onerous duties.

F. P. Meyers, manager of the Chippewa baseball club, that is to play here, on the 27th was in the city Tuesday, arranging the preliminaries of the battle.

Henry Paul, of Chicago, who has been visiting his cousin, Alfred Paul, of the Hausfreund-Post, and his friend, E. H. Allmendinger, left for his home Tuesday evening.

Whitmore Lake is absorbing a large proportion of our population these days, and among those there at present are Mesdames F. H. Warren and E. A. Cadieux.

Joseph Parker returned on Tuesday evening from a three weeks outing at Strawberry lake. His successes or failures in the piscatorial line have not been divulged.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Watts and Mrs. B. F. Watts, of this city, and Mrs. W. H. Whitmarsh and daughter, of Milan, have been at the Reystone club house at Zukeky lake this week.

A trio from Pontiac, Messrs. Joseph Thorpe, Bert Merritt and Homer Osman, arrived in the city per bicycle last Sunday, and were the guests of Miss Emma Weinmann.

Mrs. D. A. Hammond and children started for White Pigeon this morning where they will spend some time with her parents and in visiting friends. They will put in some time at Klinger lake also.

DEBS SENT TO JAIL.

Accompanied by Howard, Kelliher, and Rogers.

CASE OF CONTEMPT AGAINST THEM.

The Strike Leader Declares He Will Not Give Bail and His Lieutenants Adopt the Same Tactics—Cases of Attempted Train Wrecking Continue to Occur—Dynamite Work Near Missoula, Mont.—Strikers Warned That Injunctions Are Still "On"—The Fight at the Pratt Mine in Alabama.

CHICAGO, July 18.—The injunction against E. V. Debs and his lieutenants of the A. R. U. was made returnable yesterday and the parties, accompanied by counsel, appeared in court to argue the case, but Judge Seaman seemed to know nothing of the matter, and besides proceedings were begun in which President Debs and the other officers of the union were more interested than in the injunction—proceedings in contempt, the said contempt being the entire disregard of the aforesaid injunction. The result of the case was that Debs, Howard, Kelliher and Rogers went to jail, Debs declaring that he would not give bail, but would go to jail first.

Proof of the Contempt.
The proof of the alleged contempt was in a number of telegrams in which Debs had ordered further strikes, one of which read: "Call out Air Line and let it be understood that this is a struggle between capital and labor. This is no conflict in which children or childish minds have a part. Strong men and broad minds only can resist the plutocracy and arrogant monopoly. Do not be frightened at troops, injunctions, and the subsidized press. Quit and remain firm; commit no violence. The American Railway Union will protect all whether members or not."

Advised to "Buy a Gun."
The following was sent to Courthead, South Butte, Mont., on July 2: "General managers are weakening. If strike is not settled in forty-eight hours complete paralysis will follow. Potatoes and ice are out of sight. Save your money and buy a gun." There was some argument among the lawyers, but the result of the day's work was to continue the case to Monday the defendants being required to give bonds in \$6,000 each. It was here that Debs declared he would go to jail first. Time was given him and his lieutenants, but bondsmen not appearing they were all sent to jail.

An Experiment at Pullman.
All interest at Pullman is now centered on the reopening of the works which is planned for tomorrow. While no official announcement has been made to that effect it seems to be generally understood that an opportunity will be given to the men to return to work on that day.

Got Tired of Intimidation.
Engineer Oscar E. Vardaman, harassed, beaten and pursued by a crowd of howling strikers, pulled his revolver last night and sent Albert Miles to Mercy hospital, fatally wounded. The shooting was in the stock yards district.

VIOLENCE IN THE NORTHWEST.
Some Dastardly Proceedings by Somebody Near Missoula, Mont.

MISSOULA, July 18.—The sentinels on guard at the station and railroad yards in this city saw a light on the track west of here. An officer and a detachment of soldiers were sent to the scene and found that a Northern Pacific bridge across Grant creek, two miles distant, was burning. They extinguished the flames, but forty feet of the bridge was destroyed. This is the third railway bridge destroyed within forty-eight hours and within twenty miles of this town. The eastbound Northern Pacific passenger train pulled out of the station here at 8:30 in the morning, having been held from 10 o'clock the night before, owing to the fears of the officials that an attempt would be made to wreck it.

Engineer Rodgers was at the throttle. The train had proceeded east about two miles when there was a terrific explosion. The engineer was thrown from his seat and the train brought to a sudden stop. It was evident that dynamite had been placed upon the track and exploded by means of a torpedo. A powder house near the track belonging to the Missouri Mercantile company had been broken open and two ten pound packages of dynamite stolen therefrom. The locomotive was wrecked, but the engineer and fireman were not seriously injured. The train was taken back to the depot and another engine obtained and at noon the same engineer pulled out again.

Sympathizing Boys Stone a Train.
PITTSBURGH, July 18.—When the Chicago limited pulled into the Union station from the west one of the vestibule cars had four windows broken. This damage was done just as the train pulled out of Fort Wayne. It is not known who did it, but it is supposed that boys who are in sympathy with the strikers stoned the train. No one was hurt, but the attack caused considerable commotion among the passengers.

Some More of the Same Kind.
WEST OAKLAND, Cal., July 18.—An attempt was made to blow up the local train connecting with the 9 o'clock boat from San Francisco. A cartridge of giant powder was placed on the track. It did some damage to the engine, but happily resulted in no injury to either the crew or the passengers. The train was well filled with passengers.

SITUATION ON THE WEST COAST.
Men Who Want to Work Afraid of Violence—Dynamiter Arrested.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—The Southern Pacific company continues to run passenger trains more or less regularly during the hours of daylight, but all night trains are still being abandoned. The strikers at Sacramento continue active. Several hundred men who had obeyed the order of the strike returned to work in the machine shops, but they quit again, having been intimidated by the strikers. The company insists that all men taken back shall renounce the A. R. U. Intimidation is also rife at Oakland, where non-union and other men desiring to return to work are prevented for fear of their lives. A few have returned to work, but have to be protected going to work and returning home by cavalry.

One man, supposed to be a striker and in whose possession several sticks of dynamite were found, was arrested near the railroad yards at Oakland by soldiers and taken to the city prison. The strikers have instituted habeas corpus proceedings to recover Edward Jost, one of their leaders, who is locked up in a box

car on the mole and guarded by soldiers. Jost, disguised as a sailor, was arrested at night. The soldiers found him crouching under a Pullman car in the railroad yards.

The railway company's pay car, bearing over \$150,000, passed down the Oakland mole and through the city, disbursing wages for May and June. Strikers who came to the car were told to decide whether they would return to work or not. If they elected to return their May wages were paid them. If they refused every dollar that the company owed them was handed out.

It is reported at Sacramento that General Superintendent Fillmore and the mediation committee of the A. R. U. have had a conference. Fillmore showed the committee the contract between the company and the Pullman company to run sleepers. Fillmore said the strikers could return to work without prejudice with the exception of those arrested for crime. The committee will have the contract read at the meetings of the various unions.

Acting Chairman Douglass, of the mediation committee, said: "The committee and Fillmore had a conference; it was brought about by the fruit men. The strikers have not the power to declare the strike off. It is with Debs. I have wired him the situation."

THE PRATT MINE BATTLE.

Birmingham, Ala., in a Fever of Excitement—List of Dead and Wounded.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 18.—Birmingham has been in a fever of excitement over the attack of striking miners on the non-union men and deputy sheriffs at the Pratt mines. The corrected list of dead and wounded is as follows: Dead—E. W. Tierce, chief of the guards; John Flore, a French rioter; three unknown negroes, non-union miners; Anthony Carroll, a negro miner. Wounded—George Campbell, a negro miner—will die; Roderique Reguez, a striking miner—will die; Caleb Jones, a striking miner; Phillip Stinetz, striker; Barney Anderson, negro non-union miner.

The indignation of the citizens at the outrage reached a climax when a mass-meeting was held to denounce the strikers. Strong resolutions were adopted and a committee on public safety was appointed to aid the authorities in bringing the guilty to justice. Speeches were made by prominent citizens denouncing the strikers as bushwhackers and assassins. The mines are guarded by fifteen companies of soldiers with orders to shoot to kill.

Fifty-four strikers have been arrested and fifty more will be arrested. The prisoners were brought to Birmingham and are being guarded by a strong force of deputy sheriffs at the Jefferson county jail. Two unsuccessful attempts to burn loaded freight cars were made in the Georgia Pacific yards. An attempt was also made to wreck passenger train No. 4 on the Louisville and Nashville road shortly after midnight, imperiling the lives of more than 100 passengers. All of the railroad yards are being patrolled here by soldiers and deputy sheriffs.

TWO THINGS THAT ARE NOT OVER.

A United States Judge Says One of Them Is the Injunction.

KANSAS CITY, July 18.—Judge John F. Phillips, of the United States district court, addressed the following letter to United States Marshal Joe Shelby in regard to the strike: "Information has come to me that strikers, so called, on the railways in this district, and their sympathizers and abettors, since the withdrawal of special deputy marshals, are beginning again to congregate and hang about the depot platforms, tracks, switch yards, shops, and locomotives of the railway companies, seeking by their talk, threats, and conduct to exert an influence upon the employees of the railway to induce and compel them to quit the service of the roads, and again to obstruct traffic in general.

The judge then proceeds: "If, as the misguided leaders of these men give it out, the strike is not yet over and their followers must understand that neither are the orders and injunctions heretofore issued by the United States court of this district recalled. The men who voluntarily quit the service of companies in common decency ought not to hang about the property of the roads for purposes of mischief. They should betake themselves to some other honest employment. As good citizens they owe some duty to the public." The judge then instructs the marshal to continue protection wherever it is needed, and to be vigilant in executing the law.

Holloway Retracts His Confession.

TEERE HAUTE, Ind., July 18.—Ed Holloway, who confessed that he and seven or eight miners threw the switch that wrecked the passenger train at Fontanet, has retracted his confession, which he says was obtained by the threats of the detectives. He declares that he will prove that at the time the crime was committed he was at Rosedale.

Didn't Get the Twenty Minutes.

NEW YORK, July 18.—Labor Agitators Hurley, Harrison and Sperry have been committed for trial before the United States circuit court commissioner. Hurley said that if he had twenty minutes more he would have tied up every road in the city, but he had not those twenty minutes.

Arrested for Contempt.

SPRINGFIELD, July 18.—W. E. Morris and Edward Fitzgerald, of East St. Louis; L. H. Burke, of Springfield, and Archie Parker, of Pleasant Plains, have been arrested, charged with contempt of the federal court by interfering with trains.

Want to Cripple a Railway.

DURANGO, Colo., July 19.—The coal miners employed in the San Juan and Porter coal mines have gone out on a strike. The miners have no grievance, but wish to cripple the Rio Grande road.

Vigilant Beats the Britannia.

LONDON, July 18.—The eighth race between the Vigilant and Britannia resulted in a victory for the American yacht. There was a stiff breeze, and the claim that the Vigilant was the better boat under those conditions was made good. She was nearly six minutes ahead of the Britannia at the end of the second round, when the throat of the Britannia's main gaff was broken and she went out of the race. The race, however, was conclusive of the Vigilant's speed in a good wind.

Frightful Death of a Boy.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., July 18.—Harry Weitzel, of Albany, the 16-year-old son of ex-Postmaster Joseph Weitzel, was leaning against a machine for pressing brick while it was in operation when his hand became caught in the machinery and he was drawn into the apparatus inch by inch till his arm, shoulder, head and body became a horribly mangled mass.

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