

1-4 off

A Change in the Management OF . . .

**NOBLE'S STAR CLOTHING HOUSE**

Means a general reduction sale. Everything in the stock is to be sold at 1/4 off from regular price. Come and see if we have anything you can use. A good opportunity to supply yourself or boy with a suit. Why? Because you can save 25c on every dollar's worth of goods bought for the next two weeks. Economy is the road to wealth. CASH ONLY. NOTHING CHARGED.

## FOR TWO WEEKS

Customers surprised and delighted with our Inventory Sale. We therefore have extended the time for two weeks longer. All the Ladies' Men's and Children's Warm Shoes going at cost.

LEADERS IN FINE FOOTWEAR.

### WAHR & MILLER

48 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

## MARCH SALE OF

## ... New Spring Dress Goods

Never have such varieties been shown and such low prices offered.

- 50 pieces all wool Serges and Henriettas, Spring Shades, the 39c quality, at 25c a yd.
- 20 pieces pretty Spring Plaids, double fold, at 25c a yd.
- 45 inch wool Checks and Mixtures, worth 50c, at 39c a yd.
- 40 inch all wool, navy blue and black Storm Serges, the new price, 32c a yd.
- 35 pieces all wool Novelty Dress Goods, the 65c kind, now 39c a yd.
- Lovely Satin Finish Henriettas, the 75c quality, new price 50c a yd.
- 50 inch all wool Serges, last season's price \$1, new price 50c a yd.
- 48 inch all wool Storm Serge, would be cheap at 75c, now 50c a yd.
- High Art Novelty Dress Goods in Silk Mixtures, French and English Suitings, Checks, Plaids and Crepons, this lot of elegant Dress Goods we place on sale at 50c a yd.
- 20 pieces fancy Swivel Silks, the 50c kind, at 39c a yd.
- 30 pieces colored Kai-Kai Wash Silks at 35c a yd.

**BLACK DRESS GOODS** A great sale and a great season for Black Goods.

- 38 inch all wool black Serges and Henriettas, worth 39c, at 25c a yd.
- 40 inch black figured Mohairs, a big bargain at 35c a yd.
- 40 inch all wool black Storm Serge, the new price 32c a yd.
- 45 inch all wool black Henriettas, were 75c, new price 39c a yd.
- 50 inch all wool black Serges, last season's price \$1.00, now 50c a yd.
- 46 inch fine black Imperial Serge, a bargain at 50c a yd.
- 40 inch Silk Warp Henriettas, the \$1.25 quality, now 75c a yd.
- 48 inch all wool black Storm Serge, regular 75c quality, at 50c a yd.
- 40 inch black figured Serges, Mohair Finish, at 50c a yd.
- 48 inch black figured Sicilian Mohairs, worth \$1.00, at 65c a yd.
- 46 inch black Silk Finish Henriettas, Figured Mohairs, Figured Serges, Figured Crepons, Black Fabrics, worth up to \$1.00, the new price 65c a yd.

**BLACK CREPONS** Are the up-to-date rage. We have them the only large and representative collection in Ann Arbor.

Spring's Daintest Dress Trimmings Now Open.

**KID GLOVE SALE** 50 dozen "Etelka" 5 hook Foster Kid Gloves, in black and new spring shades, the best \$1.00 glove in Ann Arbor. For this sale 79c a pair, 79c.

5 dozen new Flannelette Wrappers, for this sale \$1.25 each.

10 dozen new Spring Calico Wrappers, full sleeve, lined waists, pretty styles, would be cheap at \$1.25, for this sale 98c each.

### SCHAIRER & MILLEN

Leaders of Low Prices

## COUNTY CONVENTION

Of Washtenaw Democracy Name D. A. Hammond for School Commissioner.

ANN ARBOR HAS A STREET COMMISSIONER.

A New Postoffice in the County.—A Sharper Falls.—The Democratic State Convention.—Goodyear Appointed Trustee of the Pontiac Asylum.—New Lodge.

Druggist Goodyear Appointed to Office.

Governor Rich yesterday sent the name of J. J. Goodyear to the state senate for member of the board of trustees of the Pontiac Insane asylum, to succeed Hon. Frederick Schmid, of this city, whose term has expired. Mr. Goodyear is the well-known druggist of this city. Mr. Schmid retires from office with the consciousness of having done faithful service for the state and to the regret of many friends who would have been glad to have him remain on the board.

A New Lodge Instituted.

A camp of the Modern Woodmen of America was instituted in this city last night by C. N. Sharrow, state deputy. It starts with a charter membership of 42. The following officers were elected and installed: Venerable consul, Enoch Sears; worthy advisor, S. W. Millard; worthy banker, W. N. Shadford; clerk, Kirk H. J. Clark; escort, W. Schwab; watchman, G. P. Stauch; sentry, G. H. Winslow; physician, Dr. E. A. Clark; managers, W. P. Stevens; Chas. Esslinger, M. H. Mills. The woodmen begin chipping under very favorable prospects.

A New Street Commissioner.

At last the city has a street commissioner. After a number of fruitless ballots, the name of Mr. Clark, of the board of public works, was withdrawn and Mr. Bullis then presented the name of Leonard Bassett and Mr. Clark finally voted, making the ballot stand Bassett 2, Weeks 1 and Mr. Bassett was declared elected. There is considerable feeling manifested about the city over the election of Mr. Bassett, summarized by one of the local republicans as due to the fact that he is a farmer, who has just moved to the city and has had no experience in the line of work he is about to pursue, that he has plenty of money and that there were numerous other candidates.

The State Convention.

At the democratic state convention held in Saginaw, yesterday, Justice John W. McGrath, of Detroit, was renominated for judge of the supreme court, by acclamation. Judge C. J. Pailthorp, of Petoskey, and Stanton D. Brooks, of Mt. Pleasant, were nominated for regents. The convention declared for free silver. In the organization of the committees Moses Seabolt, of this city, was made a member of the committee on credentials; John Strong, of Monroe, was one of the vice-presidents; Daniel Campau, of Wayne, represented the district on the committee on permanent organization and Thomas E. Barkworth, of Jackson, on the committee on resolutions.

New Post Office in Manchester Township

A short time ago Charles Cooley circulated a petition asking for the establishment of a postoffice at Iron Creek. It is customary with the department, in cases where the name of the place petitioning for an office is a common one, or very similar to the name of other places or offices in the state, to request the petitioner to send some other name by which the new office shall be known. Iron Creek might easily be confused with Stony Creek, Sand Creek, Battle Creek, etc., and Mr. Cooley, therefore, sent in several extra names. As he was doing so his eye chanced to rest on his bull dog, "Spike," and he added this name to the list. Surely enough, the department picked out the name "Spike," and the postoffice will be run under that euphonious appellation. Mr. Cooley will be the postmaster, and his dog "Spike," which has grown several inches in all directions since having had the honor of having a postoffice named after him by the United States government, will faithfully watch and guard the safe, cash drawer and Uncle Sam's property. There is but one other office named Spike in the country, and it is in Kentucky.—Tecomseh News.

Death of Supervisor Edwards.

Supervisor David Edwards, of Ypsilanti, died last evening at the Hawkins house, in Ypsilanti, aged nearly eighty years. He had represented the first district of Ypsilanti on the board of supervisors for many years and always ran ahead of his ticket. He was born in Vermont, November, 2, 1815, and removed to Ypsilanti in 1838. He was an architect and builder and for many years the principal one in Ypsilanti. He had charge of the erection of the state normal school at Ypsilanti. He built the St. Ignace court house and many other state and county buildings. About twenty years ago he retired from active work as architect or carpenter. He was one of the first alderman of Ypsilanti, served two years as mayor and as has been stated was supervisor for many years, a position which he held at the time of his death. He leaves three children, Charles F. Edwards and Mrs. Julia E. Sherman, of Ypsilanti, and Geo. F. Edwards, of Minneapolis. The funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon at three o'clock.

It Did Not Work.

A sleek, fine appearing smooth mannered fellow of good address called at the home of Deputy United States Marshal Peterson, Sunday afternoon, and represented himself as an old friend. Mr. Peterson being away the fellow promised to call again. Monday morning before Mr. Peterson had had his breakfast his "old friend" called again. It appears that the fellow had lived here for a short time some years ago and had some slight acquaintance with Mr. P. He said his name was W. H. Scott, and that he was on his way to Boston and that he had had a little bad luck, having bought a scalper's ticket in Chicago, which proved to have been stolen. He claimed the conductor took up the ticket and put him off the train at Ypsilanti.

He then wired friends in Boston, and one Kelly, connected in some way with a bank there, replied, telling him his mother was dead and to come at once, also to draw on him by draft or check for any money needed. He wished Mr. Peterson to go to the bank, therefore, and identify him. Mr. Peterson sniffed a "case," but told the fellow he would meet him at the bank as soon as he had his breakfast. Taking Marshal Banfield, Peterson went to the place appointed, but the fellow failed to appear. He had evidently become suspicious and departed, as diligent search failed to reveal his whereabouts.

In Memory of Schiller.

The entertainment next Monday evening in the Unity club series promises to be one of the best of the year. The committee of prominent German citizens having the matter in hand are making elaborate preparations to make it on a par in interest with the recent Burns' celebration, which was such an unqualified success. The Lyra Maennerchor, a musical organization that is winning for itself state notoriety, under the direction of Professor Kempf, is to be one of the most prominent features. The Zither club, constituting an instrumentation of flute, four zithers, cello, and piano, will make the sweetest and most entrancing melodies. The performers on these instruments are trained artists, and much enjoyment may be expected from their conscientious training. The program as announced will be about as follows:

1. Instrumental, Zither club.
  2. Lyra male chorus, songs from Schiller.
  3. Lecture by Professor Calvin Thomas, subject: Schiller.
  4. Ladies' chorus, songs from Schiller.
  5. Baritone solo, Mr. Bendinger.
  6. Reading poem, from Schiller, Dr. Guthe.
  7. Mixed chorus, songs from Schiller.
  8. Instrumental, Zither club.
  9. Contralto solo, Mrs. R. H. Kempf.
  10. Lyra male chorus, songs.
- German national colors will be prominently displayed, and altogether this may be taken as the most distinctively representative German literary and musical production given in this city in some years.
- Mr. Martin Haller and Mr. Leonard Gruner are sparing no pains to make this a red-letter evening, and it is confidently expected the house will be crowded.

Good horse blankets at 75c at Fred Theurer's. tf.

County Convention.

The Washtenaw democratic convention last Tuesday showed no signs of the black eye the democracy received last November. Although it came together on very short notice, it was a red-hot, enthusiastic, old-time democratic gathering and bore none of the earmarks of that apathy which republicans so longed for and which some of their write-ups, prepared days before and expressing their hopes rather than the facts, indicated. At eleven o'clock, the court room being well filled, Chairman Brown, of the county committee called the convention to order and Thos. D. Kearney was named as temporary chairman and Eugene Oesterlin temporary secretary. Mr. Kearney, on taking the chair, made an inspiring speech, thanking the convention for the honor done him, outlining the duty of the democracy and closing with the objects of the convention. A motion was then made that the chair appoint the usual committees and it was done as follows:

Permanent organization and order of business—M. J. Cavanaugh, Ann Arbor; Hiram Lighthall, Sylvan; James Forsythe, Ypsilanti.

Credentials—Chas. A. Ward, Ann Arbor; Fred Stabler, Lima; Michael Alber, Freedom.

Resolutions—D. A. Hammond, Ann Arbor; F. P. Bogardus, Ypsilanti; E. B. Norris, Ann Arbor.

The convention then adjourned until 1:30.

Upon reassembling the committee on permanent organization and order of business reported in favor of making the temporary organization permanent, which was done. The committee on credentials reported all delegations complete and no contests. The reading of report was dispensed with but the following is a list of the delegates:

Ann Arbor City—

First Ward—J. F. Schuh, E. Wagner, M. Brenner, W. H. Butler, B. F. Watts, G. Luick, J. R. Bach, M. C. Peterson, Martin Clark, Eug. Mann, W. G. Doty.

Second Ward.—M. J. Lehman, M. Staebler, Louis Kurtz, William Herz, Sid W. Millard, Chris. Brenner, Titus Hutzler Eugene Oesterlin, sr., William Wagner and John Walz.

Third Ward—C. Snyder, W. H. McIntyre, M. J. Martin, Hugh McGuire, John Ryan, Thomas Taylor, Charles Vogel, William Clancy, Jerry Collins, M. Davenport.

Fourth Ward.—J. V. Sheehan, Wm. Walsh, Moses Seabolt, Chas. R. Whitman, Patrick O'Hearn, by Arthur Brown proxy, John O'Keefe, M. Ryan, Chas. H. Kline, Henry J. Brown.

Fifth Ward.—Walter Taylor, Jas. Boyle, Thomas Godkin, Charles H. Manly.

Sixth Ward.—D. A. Hammond, M. J. Cavanaugh, Edward Duffy, E. B. Norris, Charles A. Ward, T. D. Kearney, L. J. Lesimer.

Ann Arbor Town—Fred Krause, Richard Bilbie, Walter Bilbe, Wm. Martin, C. T. Wideman, John H. Cowan, John Forshee.

Augusta—J. H. Herley, Wm. T. Russell, Dr. H. J. Post, D. L. Herley, Walter Mason, Anton Gabell, Walter Ballard, Chas. Alban, Wm. Holland.

Bridgewater—Geo. Walter, L. Shellenberger, S. Tate, Wm. Gadd, O. T. Ruff.

Dexter—Thos. McQuillan, John Clark, M. McGuire, Jacob Jedle.

Freedom—M. P. Alber, W. J. Beuerle, H. Kuhle, Frank Keobe, Frank Renan, Edward Keober.

Lima—Chas. Paul, Fred Stabler, J. H. Wade, D. E. Beech, Wm. Covert.

Lodi—Philip Blum, M. Egner, D. J. Muir, S. Cress, J. Clough, Jacob Breckle, M. Grosshans.

Lyndon—C. Miller, John Closs, Thos. Young, jr., Peter Youman.

Manchester—Henry Kirchofer, Jos. Kelly, H. Clark, Geo. Nisler, J. Kensler, A. J. Wurster, H. Schmidt, F. Hunt, Bert Logan, Frank Logan, J. F. Miller, Bert English.

Northfield—D. W. Barry, George Maulbatch, J. McElroy, Jas. O'Brien, Philip Duffy, J. Rausenberger, W. E. Sutton.

Pittsfield—F. E. Mills, Charles Rose, Herman Reyer, John Fiegle, W. H. Sheppard, S. Nordman.

Sharon—A. H. Kuhl, W. B. Osborn, Charles Clark, H. J. Landwehr.

Salem—L. D. Chapin, W. P. Lane, D. E. Smith, P. H. Mumery, Stephen Ellis.

Saline—S. Weinett, John Lutz, M. T. Alber, G. Feldkamp, D. J.

Kline, O. M. Kelsey, John Gillen, Henry Gunner, Most Reynveus.

Scio—Geo. W. Pratt, P. Fitzsimmons, G. E. Moore, Alex. Dancer, G. W. Bell, Wm. Aprill, sr., C. Knight, Fred Fiegel, J. V. N. Gregory, M. S. Cook.

Superior—Wm. Tate, John McDougal, James Gales, R. Martin, Chas. Arnold, John Shankland.

Sylvan—H. Lighthall, Frank McNamara, Dennis Leach, John P. Poster, F. Staffon, John Schenk, J. A. Eiseman, J. W. Bessel, John J. Ruffrey, Jno. Geddes, jr., Geo. Erwin, Sam. Trouten, Burt Turnbull.

Webster—John Conlan, J. Boyle, J. Welsh, John Hoy, John Coyle.

York—Alfred Davenport, James Doyle, Charles Kelsey, Wm. Clark, H. G. McIntyre, H. T. Latume, M. Davenport, John Clark, W. Coe, A. Montenin, Ira Kelsey.

Ypsilanti town—Geo. Roberts, Wallace Draper, J. L. Lowden, Geo. Crane, A. J. Murray, Horatio Benham, W. Ammerman.

Ypsilanti City—

First Ward—J. W. Babbitt, Geo. Palmer, Wm. Kirk, Jas. McGregor, Geo. J. Ament, Seward Cramer, Fred Lamb, John Martin.

Second Ward—Zina Buck, Geo. J. Preston, F. G. McCaffrey, J. H. Hodgkins, Wm. M. Smith, T. P. Bogardus.

Third Ward—Frank E. Kirk, M. T. Woodruff, Chas. Curr, D. T. Coe, Preston W. Ross, John P. Kirk, Tracy L. Towner.

Fourth Ward—J. M. Forsythe, S. A. Durand, Wm. H. Lewis, Lester Brown, M. B. Schaffer.

Fifth Ward—John Terns, Nic Max, Chas. Fulton, Geo. Riehle, L. M. Forrester, Jas. McLean, Wm. Smith.

The convention then proceeded to elect delegates to the state and senatorial conventions with the following result:

STATE CONVENTION.

Delegate-at-large, Edward Duffy, Ann Arbor; Wm. F. Lewis, Ypsilanti; Frank Staffen, Chelsea; Robert Martin, Superior; John Terns, Ypsilanti; Jacob F. Miller, Manchester; Nathan E. Sutton, Northfield; George Kohl, York; Dr. D. Zimmerman, Ann Arbor; W. H. Butler, Ann Arbor; F. E. Mills, Pittsfield; Thomas D. Kearney, Ann Arbor; Henry Stumpenhusen, Ypsilanti; J. V. N. Gregory, Dexter; John O'Hara, Ann Arbor; Michael J. Brenner, Ann Arbor; Wm. A. Russell, Augusta; Arthur Brown, Ann Arbor; Moses Seabolt, Ann Arbor; Walter H. Dancer, Lima.

SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

Delegate-at-large, James L. Lowden, of Ypsilanti; Sid W. Millard, Ann Arbor; Michael Alber, Freedom; Martin D. Reynolds, Saline; Hiram Lighthall, Chelsea, Jacob F. Schuh, Ann Arbor; Philip Duffy, Northfield; Thomas McQuillan, Dexter; Tracy L. Towner, Ypsilanti; M. T. Woodruff, Ypsilanti; J. V. Sheehan, Ann Arbor; W. H. Bilbie, Ann Arbor; John H. Hurley, Augusta; John McDougall, Superior; Amos McIntyre, York; John Kensler, Manchester; Philip Blum, jr., Lodi; Fred Stabler, Lima; Warren Ammerman, Ypsilanti; William April, Scio.

Then came the nomination of candidates for county commissioner of schools. M. J. Lehman in a well worded speech presented the name of David A. Hammond, and M. T. Woodruff, of Ypsilanti, named Dennis C. Van Buren. F. E. Mills and M. J. Cavanaugh seconded the nomination of Mr. Hammond. On the informal ballot 151 votes were cast, of which 4 were scattering, 67 were for D. C. Van Buren, and 80 for D. A. Hammond. A formal ballot was then taken, resulting in 81 votes for Hammond and 66 for Van Buren, and one blank. The nomination of Hammond was then made unanimous. Mr. Hammond being called for, appeared and spoke briefly, accepting the nomination.

The report of the committee on resolutions was then read and adopted.

Each delegate was authorized to send a proxy, but in case of failure to do so the delegation was instructed to fill any vacancies. After which the convention adjourned.

Pure New Orleans Molasses.

If you want good quality, free from adulteration use nothing but Pure Plantation Molasses, which costs no more at the new grocery, Weinman block, 37 E. Washington street.

BRADFORD & CO., LTD.

The Past Guarantees The Future

The fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured thousands of others is certainly sufficient reason for belief that it will cure you.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures Be Sure to get HOOD'S and Only HOOD'S.

Hood's Pills are especially prepared to be taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25c. per box.

Milan.

Weather warm and pleasant. Sleighing has vanished.

Editor Smith is able to be at his office once more. He looks as though he and la grippe had a hand-to-hand conflict.

School closed George Washington's birthday, and scholars and teachers were both pleased that George Washington had a birthday, and that they didn't have to be in school on said birthday.

The Milan people heard with deep regret and sorrow of the death of the Rev. J. Huntington, a former pastor of the Milan Baptist church, Monday. His death occurred Feb. 23rd and the funeral will be at Plymouth, Tuesday afternoon, at the church where he has been their beloved pastor for the last three years.

Fire, with the ringing of the fire alarm, aroused the citizens from their quiet, Monday morning. It was found that the fire originated in a corner of the freight house at the Wabash depot.

Married—Brown—Sayles. Mr. S. Brown and Miss F. Sayles were married Feb. 20, at the residence of the bride's parents, Rev. J. W. McGregor officiating.

Mrs. Homer Sill spent Sunday in Saline with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hoyt.

Miss Mamie Cady returned Monday from a three days' visit with Ann Arbor friends.

Mrs. Whitmarsh is entertaining guests from Ann Arbor.

Mrs. Hoyt, of Saline, is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. H. Sill.

Miss Forsythe visited her parents in Lodi from Thursday until Monday.

Miss Rheinfrank visited her parents in Saline from Thursday until Sunday.

Mrs. Wallace will soon have her house on County street finished and ready for occupancy.

Mrs. R. Harris, of Quincy, Mich., is the guest of her father, Mr. Lyman Burnham.

Miss Imo Whitmarsh visited Detroit friends from Thursday until Monday.

T. Wilson & Co. are repairing and improving their flouring mill.

The T. H. T. met with Allen Alderman, Friday evening.

Mrs. Anderson had a birthday party one day last week, her 78th birthday. She is residing with her daughter, Mrs. J. Gauntlett.

Mr. W. W. Wedemeyer, of Ann Arbor, gave Milan a call one day last week, looking after his political interests.

Mrs. Wm. Woolcott is entertaining guests from Maple Grove.

Mrs. A. A. Callis and daughter, from Macon, were in Milan, Tuesday.

Miss Mabel Graham is visiting Detroit friends.

Mr. S. Egner is ill with la grippe. Mr. Frank Bray is in Milan for a few days, visiting his parents.

A. E. Putnam has returned from his business tour.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Sill entertained guests Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Hinkley entertained a select party of friends on Wednesday evening.

Miss M. A. Palmer is repairing and improving her residence on Main street in many ways.

The W. M. C. had an enjoyable time, Wednesday evening, at Miss Bertha Blackmer's.

The Baptist missionary society are preparing a box to send to the Dakota sufferers.

Several of the Milan people attended the Choral Union concert at the U. of M., Thursday evening.

Surprise parties were in order last week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Jackson were the recipients of a beautiful chair, Thursday evening. It was presented to them by the Baptist society as a token of esteem.

Mr. McCoy is at home with his friends this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Sill entertained a select party of friends on Wednesday evening.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, ss. Lucas County,

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of one hundred dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c.

York.

Ira Moon is home from Detroit for a few days.

The Epworth League have some fine new topic cards for the first six months of '95.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Warner have a son since last Sunday night, the 24th inst. Mother and baby are reported doing nicely.

The personal property of Amos Hall will be sold at public auction at his farm, one-half mile south of Mooreville, on Thursday, March 7.

Misses Donna McLachlan and Blanche Forsythe visited friends in Ann Arbor last week.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Bradley, Feb. 26, a girl.

The little daughter of Ira Webster has been quite ill.

Lewis Miller expects to move in a few days onto a small fruit and vegetable farm near Ann Arbor.

Nervous People

And those who are all tired out and have that tired feeling or sick headache can be relieved of all these symptoms by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives nerve, mental and bodily strength and thoroughly purifies the blood. It also creates a good appetite, cures indigestion, heartburn and dyspepsia.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy in action and sure in effect. 25c.

Dexter Township.

Joe Alger has purchased the steam engine of M. E. Sill's paint mill and will use it to run his meat chopper with.

Alonzo Olsaver will sell at auction his personal property on his farm in Webster township, on Friday, March 1. Mr. Olsaver has rented the Phelps property on Baker street and will move there soon.

Several of our business men in our village are talking of putting electric lights in their stores, using a private plant—a boom for Dexter.

Andrew Straith returned home last Thursday, after several days' visit with Owosso friends.

Wesley Canfield, of Grass Lake, was here looking after his business last Saturday.

Patrick McCabe was with his old friends in Ann Arbor, last week.

Charles Glover and brother, of Pinckney, passed through here last Saturday, on their way to Ann Arbor.

John Schultz and family were the guests of his parents last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, of Ann Arbor, were the guests of their cousins here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Servis, of Ann Arbor, were entertained by her mother, Sunday.

W. Ackerson and wife, of Chelsea, were the guests of A. Taylor and family last Sunday.

Frank Heck, of Leslie, was here last week looking after his business.

E. Campbell and wife spent Sunday in the village with her parents.

Henry Harris and sons, of Pinckney, were entertained by her sister, Sunday.

John Pidd and wife were the guests of his sister in Dexter last Sunday.

Omar Moore, of Ann Arbor, was here last Tuesday.

George Burkhart, of Perry, was entertained by some of his friends here last week.

John Costello, jr., of Detroit, spent last Saturday with his parents.

Miss Hattie McCarthy, of Chelsea, was the guest of her friends in this vicinity, last Friday.

Mrs. B. McCauley entertained her sister last week.

Miss Bertha Gulick is visiting her friends here for a short time.

The Dexter postoffice was moved last Saturday night from John Costello's grocery store into his dry goods store.

E. A. Goodwin closed a very successful term of school in District No 3, Friday afternoon. The afternoon was spent in singing and speaking by the children.

E. Larkin was with his best chum last week.

The Podunk lyceum will be held next Thursday evening at the Podunk school house. The following is the program: Music, America; recitation, by Lois Roger; solo, by Thomas Peatt; recitation, by Dorr Queal; select reading, by Susie Olsaver; question for debate: "Resolved, that the right of suffrage should be extended to women."

Misses Clark were in Ann Arbor with their many friends last Wednesday.

Charles Bullis, of Anderson, was here last week, visiting old friends.

The remains of Mrs. Tuomey, of Kansas City, were brought here last Monday for burial.

At the reception given by the Christian Endeavor society to the Epworth League and B. Y. P. U., at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. Sill, last Saturday evening, the three societies were well represented, 125 being present. The program consisted of reading scriptures, prayer and singing, and a bountiful supper was served.

Miss Olive Pacey entertained about twenty-five of her Ann Arbor friends last Friday evening.

Dr. W. Conlon, of Chelsea, has opened a dental office over Alley & Son's store and will be here every Wednesday.

The Ladies' Aid society, of the Baptist church, was entertained at Mrs. Nettie Parker's last Wednesday, Feb. 27. Dinner was served from 12 till 2 o'clock. Committee: Mrs. Jennie Keal, Mrs. Carrie Bostwick, Mrs. Isola Peatt and Mrs. Nettie Parker.

Mrs. G. Higgins entertained her sister last Saturday.

Mrs. Charles Rockwell, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of her daughter here a few days last week.

Misses Jessie and Anna Doane entertained guests last Sunday.

Mrs. James Harkins, of Ann Arbor, was with her sister here last week.

Miss Ida Davidson and Miss Johnson were with their Dexter friends last week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Quish entertained the progressive pedro party last Wednesday evening.

E. R. Doane is recovering from a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

Rev. W. H. Walker, of Chelsea, preached at the Congregational church last Sunday.

Frank Pratt will soon move his stock of goods in the Rehm building.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Knipe rejoice now over the advent of a little son, Feb. 11th.

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale: Dr. King's New Discovery, for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for the Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at drugstore of Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co., Ann Arbor, and Geo. J. Haussler, Manchester.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by The Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co., Ann Arbor, and Geo. J. Haussler, Manchester.

FOR COLORS.—National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors.

These colors are sold in one-pound cans, each can being sufficient to tint 25 pounds of strictly Pure White Lead the desired shade; they are in no sense ready-mixed paints, but a combination of perfectly pure colors in the hands of some tinting artist.

A good many thousand dollars have been saved property-owners by having our book on painting and color-card. Send us a postal card and get both free.

NATIONAL LEAD CO. Chicago Branch, State and Fifteenth Streets, Chicago.

PISSO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

She Raises Tobacco.

A prominent Louisville tobacco merchant registered at the St. James said to a Tribune reporter:

"One of the most picturesque figures seen on the tobacco breaks at the Falls City last week was Mrs. L. J. Cutsinger, who sold a crop of excellent quality at the New Enterprise warehouse. Mrs. Cutsinger is a widow from Spencer county and comes to the city each fall or winter to make her own sales. She talks on the subject of tobacco as intelligently as the average man.

"I am informed," continued the Louisville gentleman, "that this woman plants, cultivates and harvests her own crop with the assistance of a son about 14 years of age. She knows as much about the proper care of the crop from the time the seed is sown to the cutting of the stalk as the men who come on the breaks from day to day. With all this, though, she is in every sense a woman, not even the least masculine in her tastes. Her case is one which forcibly illustrates what we can do if we are only compelled to. Ordinarily a woman would give up in despair if told she must cultivate a crop of tobacco."—Cincinnati Tribune.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption, and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at Eberbach Drug and Chemical Store, and at Geo. J. Haussler's, Manchester. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

Miss Philbrook Tries Again.

Much interest is felt throughout New Jersey in the case of Miss Mary Philbrook of Jersey City, who is employed in the office of the city counsel of Hoboken, and her application for examination to be admitted to the bar. This application was made nearly a year ago and then denied by the supreme court. Miss Philbrook had a bill prepared for presentation to the legislature at the present session. It provides for the admission of women to the bar on the same terms as the men, and accompanying the bill was a petition favoring the bill signed by 300 representative lawyers of the state. The bill was referred to the judiciary committee, which gave a hearing on Jan. 29. Mrs. Florence Howe Hall of Plainfield spoke in favor of the right of women to follow any honorable calling they chose. Miss Philbrook made a forceful and able argument on her case. Mrs. C. Kilgore of Philadelphia, who secured the admission of women to the Pennsylvania bar, made a long legal argument.

Word comes from all quarters that the newest and most satisfactory dye for coloring the beard a brown or black is Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

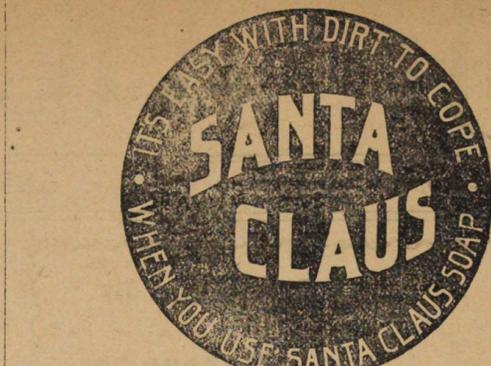
Monthly Pains cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists. Dr. Miles' Pain Pills stop Headache.

The Fine Point of Fashion.

A woman with a genius for dress said to a woman just from Paris, "I've found out one thing—that is, that if we don't put these side rosettes on our collars back of our ears, they make us look round shouldered." And the woman from Paris said: "My dear, I congratulate you on the discovery. The French always have put them back of the ears, but the trouble about transplanting a fashion is that the dressmakers who adopt it miss some subtle little point like that that makes all the difference between success and failure."

Ungracious New Hampshire.

The judiciary committee of the New Hampshire senate has dealt ungraciously and ungenerously with the bill to enable women to fill the office of notary public. This bill was introduced by the judiciary committee of the house and passed that body without opposition, but the senate committee reported on it "inexpedient to legislate." There are several women notaries in the state, and this measure included a provision to legalize the appointment and their acts.—Woman's Journal.



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A POUND OF PAPER!

The cheapest way to buy writing paper is by the pound. A large assortment of pound papers, put up in boxes, a pound in the box may be seen at the Argus office. 25 cents a pound. This is a bargain.

CALL AND SEE IT.

ARGUS OFFICE, Opera House Block, ANN ARBOR, MICH.

Advertisement for French Burr Mills and Electric Telephone. Includes images of a mill and a telephone.

Advertisement for Hercules Powder. Includes image of a powder barrel and text: 'HAVE YOU STUMPS TO GET RID OF? HERCULES POWDER WILL DO IT SAFELY, SURELY AND CHEAPLY.'

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK!

At Ann Arbor, Michigan, at the close of business, October 2, 1894.

Table with columns: RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEPOSITS. Lists various financial items and their amounts.

I, Charles E. Hiscock, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. CHAS. E. HISCOCK, Cashier. CORRECTED—Attest: Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, W. B. Smith, Directors. Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 5th day of October, 1894. MICHAEL J. FRITZ, Notary Public.

Capital security, \$100,000 | Total assets, \$1,000,000.00 Capital stock paid in, 50,000 | Surplus, 150,000.00

Transacts a general banking business; buys and sells exchanges on New York, Detroit and Chicago; sells drafts on all the principal cities of Europe. This bank, already having a large business, invites merchants and others to open accounts with them with the assurance of the most liberal dealing consistent with safe banking. In the Savings Department interest at the rate of four per cent. is paid semi-annually, on the first days of January and July, on all sums that were deposited three months previous to those days, thus affording the people of this city and county a perfectly safe depository for their funds, together with a return in interest for the same. Money to loan on approved securities. DIRECTORS.—Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, Daniel Hiscock, William Deubel, Willard B. Smith, David Kinsey, and L. Gruner. OFFICERS.—Christian Mack, resident; W. D. Harriman, Vice-President; Chas. E. Hiscock, Cashier M. J. Fritz Ass't-Cashier.

Advertisement for State Savings Bank. Includes text: 'It is not what you earn, but what you save that makes you rich.' SAVE REGULARLY. On a Plan, and Deposit your Savings in the STATE SAVINGS BANK ANN ARBOR, MICH. 4 Per Cent paid and Interest compounded every Six Months. A. L. NOBLE, Pres. WM. ARNOLD, Vice Pres. ROBERT PHILLIPS, Cashier.

DONE ON FINANCES.

Senate Has Perhaps Reached an End to Money Talk.

WOUND UP BY FOUR HOURS DEBATE

After Which Gorman Withdraws His Rider Providing for the Issue of Certificates to Pay Running Expenses—Secretary Carlisle's Figures Contradicted and a Deficit of \$60,000,000 Predicted—Some Ancient Political History Bobs Up.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—When the senate adjourned last night it was with the agreement that a vote shall be taken on the sundry civil bill at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The financial issue, which has hung like a great menacing cloud over the senate chamber for many weeks, was suddenly and permanently dissipated. For four hours there was a storm of debate in which the most conspicuous financial figures of the senate were listened to by crowded galleries. And then Gorman, whose financial amendment had brought on the contest, withdrew the proposition and the subject was summarily disposed of. A moment later Mills' proposition to repeal the laws authorizing the issue of bonds was out off by a ruling of the chair that it was out of order. Thus the financial issue which had threatened serious delay to the appropriation bills was unexpectedly swept away.

Gorman Challenges Carlisle's Accuracy.

Gorman made the principal speech in advocacy of the proposition for authorizing \$1,000,000 of debt certificates to meet treasury deficiencies. The senator called in question the accuracy of Secretary Carlisle's report of the treasury's safe condition, and declared that a deficiency of \$60,000,000 for the fiscal year was assured. Hill made a speech against the amendment which involved him in several sharp colloquies. Sherman, Allison, and Aldrich supported the Gorman amendment. Voorhees, chairman of the finance committee, opposed the amendment on the ground that it was needless, and it was directly opposed to the wishes of the president and secretary of the treasury. Mills spoke vigorously against the issue of bonds.

Lively Spat Between Hill and Mills.

The most interesting feature of the debate was the colloquies in which prominent senators joined and one of the liveliest of these was between Mills and Hill. In the course of this Mills asked Hill: "What kind of money do you believe in anyway?" "I believe in the gold and silver of the constitution," responded Hill; "I am not a Greenbacker now, and never have been."

"Not a Greenbacker?" exclaimed Mills, derisively. Then addressing Hill personally he said: "When your great state of New York in 1868 sent Horatio Seymour to the national Democratic convention it was on a platform of paying all public obligations in greenbacks. Where were you then?" There was intense energy in Mills' query, and the galleries broke into laughter. "Read that platform," said Hill.

Where Was Roderick Then?

Mills read the plank concerning greenbacks and then, turning to Hill with keen satire added: "Oh where was Roderick then? One blast upon his bugle horn were worth a thousand men."

The senators were much amused and the galleries again broke into laughter. "Of course you voted for Horatio Seymour," said Mills, again addressing Hill. The latter made no response and Gray said, sotto voce: "He was too young."

The Main Question Would Remain.

Allison then argued for the certificate scheme as a temporary matter, and Hill said: "Even if such a temporary expedient is adopted will not the question of the redemption of the greenbacks remain?" "Certainly," replied Allison. "Then is it not our duty to address ourselves to this subject?" asked Hill. Allison parried the question by simply calling Hill's attention to the absolute futility of attempting any real remedial financial legislation at this late hour in the session.

HILL HAS A DAY IN COURT.

Election of 1868 Not a Matter of Satisfaction to Democrats—Sherman's Talk.

Sherman got the floor and advocated the certificate rider. In reply to queries made by Hill Sherman said the greenbacks should not be redeemed. They were the favored money of the people. They should be kept out without reference to the wishes of the New York bankers. "I cannot understand why any one should desire to strike from our currency this most favored currency, better than gold or silver, for they are redeemable in gold and yet have the convenience of paper money."

Hill then took the floor. He first discussed the technical parliamentary status. If this financial amendment was in order then the flood gates were open and any kind of financial legislation could be added to an appropriation bill. Once upon this complicated question, and an extra session was inevitable. In the expiring hours of congress it was unwise to sweep away the ample powers of the secretary to issue bonds and give him some new and untried power that he did not want.

Hill then turned his attention to Mills' statement as to Horatio Seymour and the greenback platform of 1868. "The result of that contest is not one of congratulation among Democrats," said Hill. "Let me suggest," said Voorhees, "that Horatio Seymour carried New York by 10,000 majority over Grant in 1868."

"Yes," said Hill, "because Seymour was so enshrined in the hearts of the people of New York that he could carry the state, greenbacks or no greenbacks."

Hill read from early speeches of Sherman against greenbacks and compared the one with what he said now. Sherman said those anti-greenback speeches were made five years before the resumption act which changed everything. Hill pointed out that the danger to the treasury was not in a deficiency on current expenses, but in gold to redeem the endless chain of greenbacks. And yet this pending amendment provided funds for deficiencies alone, and gave no means of securing the gold which was the real need of the treasury.

Pugh interrupted to say that the greenback legislation of 1878 was enacted by a Democratic congress.

Gray hurried back and whispered to Hill, who then declared it was the senator from Ohio (Sherman) who was responsible for that legislation. "He was not in congress then," said Voorhees. "He was then secretary of the treasury."

"No, I was not in congress then," said Sherman.

"I will help the senator out," said Voor-

hees to Hill. "There was a senator from Ohio here at that time whose name was much like that of the present senator and he heartily supported the greenback legislation. It was Allen G. Thurman, of Ohio."

"I do not question the Democracy of Allan G. Thurman," said Hill, "but I sometimes think our western friends get unsound on questions of finance."

"And we of the west return the compliment to you of the east," said Voorhees.

BISSELL TO RETIRE FROM OFFICE.

Representative Wilson the Man Slated to Take His Place.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Postmaster General Bissell late yesterday afternoon placed his resignation as a member of the cabinet in the hands of President Cleveland, to be accepted upon the appointment of his successor. It is almost certain that Representative Wilson, of Virginia, will be the appointee.

Both Bissell and President Cleveland declared there was no truth in the talk of a difference between them, or with any member of the cabinet and Bissell, whose reasons for quitting are that his professional work at home demands his attention. The president said he would release Bissell with the utmost regret, and that all of his associates would feel that they had lost a valuable colleague.

Congressional Proceedings in Outline.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—A point of order made in the senate that the "rider" was not in order authorizing the secretary of the treasury to issue 3 per cent. certificates for the running expenses of the government when necessary, led to four hours' financial debate, which was closed by Gorman withdrawing his rider. The bill (sundry civil) was then proceeded with, the amendment being adopted to appoint a commission to take part in any international monetary conference that may be called. It was agreed that the bill be voted on this afternoon.

The house attended to some routine business and then proceeded to consider public building bills, but got into a snarl on the proposal to buy a site for a new government print shop, and dropped the whole subject. The senate amendment to the postoffice bill designed to destroy the effect of the postmaster general's order requiring railway mail clerks to live on the line of railroads to which they are assigned, but requiring future appointees to do so, was agreed to. Twenty-one pension bills were passed.

Talks in the Women's Council.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Dress reform was the theme of the discussion throughout the session of the National Council of Women. The hall was crowded as a result of the announcement of the topic, and many of the prominent members of the council contributed their views. Practical suggestions for furthering the improved dress movement were made in the report of the chairman of the dress committee, Frances E. Russell, of St. Paul, Minn.

LABOR UNION VS. SALVATIONISTS.

Attempt to Unioize The War Cry Brings on a Boycott.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 28.—The boycott of The War Cry by the Typographical Union will probably result in an organized fight against the Salvation Army by the trades unions. Steps are being taken by the union to accomplish the result, and copies of their manifesto calling on all members of unions to refrain from having anything to do with the Salvation Army have been sent all over the coast. The War Cry offices at New York and London are both under union rules, and General Booth is known to be in favor of organized labor.

At the headquarters of the Typographical Union the feeling is very bitter at the action of Staff Captain Milsaps, who discharged two typesetters because they asked General Booth to order The War Cry offices unionized. On the other hand Staff Captain Milsaps is equally obdurate. He declares he is the man who has sole control of the local office and that by going to General Booth Captain Merritt and Private Hickox were guilty of conspiracy against him (Milsaps). "They should have come to me," said the editor, "but they passed me by, went to the general and showed that they had been conspiring to defeat my purpose while working under my command. As this is a military organization such behavior could not be tolerated and I discharged them."

KASKASKIA IN A BAD WAY.

The Elements and the Law Seem To Be Combined Against the Town.

CHESTER ILL., Feb. 28.—The inhabitants of Kaskaskia are greatly stirred up over the filing of two suits in the circuit court against the president and trustees of the Commons of Kaskaskia. In 1888 the Mississippi cut its way to the Okav and forever separated the sleepy old place from the mainland. The original town was abandoned and a new site located two miles south, known as the Commons.

One suit is an ejectment brought by George B. Allison, who claims ownership of the new town site, and the other is in the nature of quo warranto proceedings instituted by State's Attorney Goddard, seeking to depose the trustees from office and declare forfeiture of charter granted in 1851. It is charged they have diverted rentals to the support of the Roman Catholic church and schools.

Doings of the Illinois Legislature.

SPRINGFIELD, Feb. 28.—A bill was introduced in the senate providing for the printing and distribution of ballots at the public expense, the nomination of candidates for public offices, and regulating the manner of holding elections and to enforce the secrecy of the ballot. A bill to provide for "pawners'" societies to loan money on chattel mortgages, was also introduced; also a bill to insure the better education of horse shoers and state supervision of the business. The bill regulating elevated railways was advanced to third reading. In the house the bill to enable counties to build hard roads (a wheelman's bill) was killed by the country members. A bill to regulate the manufacture of beer was introduced. The bill to fix the term of mayors was amended to involve only Chicago.

Aged 107 and a Great Smoker.

GLASSBORO, N. J., Feb. 28.—Arrangements are being made to celebrate the 107th birthday of Hannah Chard, the oldest woman in this state. She was born on April 20, 1788, at Ferrerl, near this place, where the celebration will take place. Five generations of her descendants will gather to do her honor. Mrs. Chard is still active and has a good memory. She is a great smoker.

LIFE LOST AT SEA.

Unknown Number of Sailors Go Down in the Storm.

WORST RECORD FOR MANY YEARS.

Philadelphia Shipping Men Do Not Remember Its Rival—Pitiable Sight at the Maritime Exchange—Three Vessels Gave Up, Having an Aggregate of Twenty-Four Men on Board—A Death Ship Sighted with Its Crew Frozen.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 25.—The loss of life at sea this winter has been greater than during any corresponding period within the recollection of the oldest shipping men along the wharves. It has been years since so many Philadelphia vessels have been lost, and the local underwriters cannot attempt at this time to figure out just what number of policies they will have to pay, as it is contended that the full and worst results of the recent storms have not yet come to light. It is a pitiable sight to stand at the entrance gate to the Maritime exchange as the doorkeeper is besieged by anxious wives and other relatives of seamen who went to sea previous to the great storm of the 7th instant, and have not yet been heard from.

Eight Souls Aboard One Schooner.

The friends of Captain Oliver, of the Philadelphia schooner Emma J. Meyer, which sailed from Charleston fourteen days ago with a cargo of railroad ties and has not since been heard from are almost prostrated with grief, as they believe the vessel has foundered and that all hands, eight in number, have been lost. The vessel would in all probability have been about off the Jersey coast at the time the storm raged. Her agents here have, however, not given up hope, claiming that she may have been driven off to the eastward of the gulf stream and being crippled has not been able to work back.

Two Others with Sixteen Men.

On Jan. 29 the three-masted schooner Marooshen, Captain F. S. Brown, laden with 225 tons of coal and manned by a crew of seven men, sailed from this port bound for Wiscasset, Me., but since that time no tidings have been had of her and it is thought likely that she, too, met with the fate of the 7th instant, and foundered with all hands. Nothing has ever been heard from the schooner Governor Ames, which sailed from Salem early in the month for Philadelphia or Baltimore. She is manned by a crew of nine men and is the best known vessel on the coast, being distinguished by being the only five-masted schooner afloat.

Probable Fate of the Dalling and Others.

The family of Captain Dalling, of the Philadelphia schooner Maggie Dalling, which was passed at sea on the 13th inst. in latitude 33-08, longitude 75-05, abandoned, water-logged and with the foremast gone and mizzen and main masts gone by the deck, has given up hopes of his safety, and many other vessels are missing and, there is little doubt, foundered in the same gale.

SIGHTED A SILENT SHIP.

The Crew Apparently Frozen Stiff in the Rigging and on Deck.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—It is the opinion of shipping men that the steamship Brunel, from Bermuda, attempted to speak with a craft at sea, the last man of whose crew had perished in the terrible cold within view of the steamship. The Brunel sighted the Yarmouth schooner Emma S. Feb. 13. The crew seemed to be in the rigging and on the decks, strangely motionless. After sailing to windward two miles the Brunel saw the British ensign, with union down, slowly mount to the masthead of the Emma S. Captain Anderson signaled: "Do you wish to abandon the vessel?" No response came. Then the words, "What do you want?" were signaled. The Brunel ran within 100 feet of the schooner, but there came no reply and the crew was motionless. After waiting in a dangerous sea for six hours the Brunel steamed off.

One Vessel That Wasn't Lost.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 25.—The schooner Kent, coal-laden, which sailed from this port Jan. 21 for Boston, and which has been numbered among the "lost," is reported arrived at Chatham, N. B.

Living Picture of a Train Robber.

STAFFORD COURT HOUSE, Va., Feb. 25.—While the defence was cross-examining Searcy, the train robber who has turned state's evidence, the counsel pulled from his pocket a bandanna handkerchief and asked Searcy to put it on like a train robber used it. Searcy asked, "Are the holes cut?" and on being told that they weren't, asked that they be cut. The lawyer said he was not posted in that business—"you cut them." Scissors were obtained and Searcy cut the holes in the handkerchief, which he then put on in the manner in which he said they were worn on the night of the robbery. Then Morgan's hat was produced and Searcy was requested to put that on and there he stood, the observed of all observers, an ideal train robber.

McBride's Election Surprised Them.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The news of the election of George W. McBride as United States senator from Oregon was a great surprise to the congressional delegation from Oregon. McBride, though well known in his state, had not been in any way mentioned for senator, and it was supposed besides that his health would not permit him to be a candidate for any office. His father, Dr. McBride, was Lincoln's minister to the Sandwich Islands in the early '60s. His brother, John E. McBride, was the first Republican congressman from the state of Oregon.

None of Them Left Now.

SERGEANT, Ky., Feb. 25.—Robert and Sam Smith and Ben and Lem Cox, sole survivors of two families that have had a deadly feud for years, met in the road near Osborne's Gap, Dickinson county, Va., and began shooting. Lem Cox is the only one left alive and he will die. This wipes out the feud and the families.

A Request to Justin McCarthy.

PUEBLO, Colo., Feb. 25.—Prominent Irishmen of Pueblo, after consultation with others throughout the country, sent the following cablegram to Justin McCarthy, M. P., in London: "Irish-Americans of Colorado request you to support the Everett bimetallic resolution Tuesday."

A Colored Woman's Club.

The Phillis Wheatley Woman's club of New Orleans is made up of colored women, who have thus banded themselves together for the purpose of improving the condition of the sisters of their race. The membership already includes 45 women, who are very intelligent and well educated. The president, Mrs. F. S. Williams, is a quadroon, beautiful and attractive and gifted with a grace of manner of which any woman would be proud. The club most suitably perpetuates in its title the name and fame of the gifted Massachusetts slave girl, among the earliest of her race in this country to show a high grade of intellect and capacity. The club has the excellent ambition to establish free kindergartens for colored children and to train young colored girls for teachers. —New Orleans Letter.

Dainty Face Veils.

Select your veil as you do your best gown, writes Emma M. Hooper in an article on "The Minor Accessories of Dress" in The Ladies' Home Journal. It may make a pretty woman homely, if taken at haphazard, and certainly can improve a homely one if bought with taste and skill. Black, brown, white and navy blue veils are all worn, but the favorite veil in Paris is one of a black ground having small white sprays and border. A cream white is becoming, unless the wearer is very pale and with faint colored eyes and hair. Black goes with all hats and is very fashionable, but it is the common opinion that it ages one. The spotted black is more becoming than the plain, and if the wearer has a modicum of color she can get along with it, provided she uses something bright about her dress or hat. To others black is becoming anyway, and fortunate are these few.

Acting through the blood, Hood's Sarsaparilla not only cures scrofula, salt rheum, etc., but gives health and vigor to the whole system.

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

BISMARCK CONSENTED.

He Was the Final Arbitrator of an English Love Match.

Appropos of the marriage of the third son of the Duke of Argyll it is related that when his affections became attached to an untitled woman he felt bound to ask the old gentleman's consent. The duke answered that personally he had no objection to the match, but in view of the fact that his eldest son had espoused a daughter of the queen he thought it right to inquire her majesty's pleasure on the subject before expressing his formal approval.

Her majesty, thus appealed to, observed that since the death of the prince consort she had been in the habit of consulting the Duke of Saxe-Coburg on all family affairs.

The matter was therefore referred to Duke Ernest, who replied that since the unification of Germany he had made it a rule to ask the emperor's opinion on all important questions. The case now came before the kaiser, who decided that, as a constitutional sovereign, he was bound to ascertain the views of his prime minister.

Happily for the now anxious pair of lovers, the "Iron Chancellor," who was then in office, had no wish to consult anybody and decided that the marriage might take place.—Kate Field's Washington.

Women as School Commissioners.

Education is, to say the very least, quite as much woman's work as it is man's. It is, in fact, the mission for which she is best suited and in which she has always accomplished the best results. She is an educator by nature. She is constantly educating, in a moral sense, those around her at home and in society, and in addition to educating her children by precept and example she has frequently to educate her husband up again to the high standards which he has learned, but has forgotten. She is not going out of her sphere, therefore, but simply enlarging it when she gives official aid and counsel to the cause of public education. If she may properly be a schoolteacher, why may she not just as properly be a school commissioner?—Baltimore Sun.

Ripans Tabules prolong life.

Ripans Tabules: a standard remedy

From early childhood until I was grown my family spent a fortune trying to cure me of this disease. I visited Hot Springs, and was treated by the best medical men, but was not benefited. FROM When all things had failed I determined to try S. S. S., and in four months was entirely cured. The terrible Eczema was gone, not a sign of it left; my general health built up, and I have never had any return of the disease. I have since CHILDHOOD recommended S. S. S. to a number of friends for skin diseases, and have never yet known a failure to cure. GEO. W. IRWIN, Irwin, Pa.

Never fails to cure, even after all other remedies have. Our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Entered at the Post-Office, in Ann Arbor, Mich., as second-class matter.



FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1895.

STATE TICKET.

For Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, JOHN W. McGRATH.

For Regents of the University, CHARLES J. PARLTHORPE, STRATTON D. BROOKS.

COUNTY TICKET.

For County Commissioner of Schools, DAVID A. HAMMOND.

"WOOLED."

That it is not only wise but imperatively necessary for everyone, if he would protect his own interests, to thoroughly acquaint himself with current issues and conditions and not rely on the biased opinions, of interested individuals and political partisans, is evidenced in a most striking manner today by the situation those farmers find themselves in who hastened to sacrifice their flocks of sheep because of the ruin to the industry predicted, for votes, by the republican press and those directly interested in buying at a low figure. They can now see wherein they have been deceived. They ought to be able to see now, if not before, that the hue and cry raised about the ruin of the sheep industry to follow from "democratic tinkering with the tariff" has not materialized and that they who believed it have been badly "wooled."

Through the scare created for political effect, thousands of sheep have been thrown upon the market at unusually low prices. But there is no evidence to warrant the belief that prices would not have equalled those of the past few years, which were deemed satisfactory, had farmers not become rattled and glutted the market. Now, the scare being over and the farmers being "short," prices are up and sheep are worth three or four times what farmers have been receiving for them. Lambs are worth from 4 1/2 to 5 cents a pound, and a load of them was sold in Milan last week which averaged 119 1/2 pounds.

Thus it will be seen that a spring lamb will bring more than \$5. Not a bad price, certainly. This, too, in spite of the "wicked" and "ruinous" democratic tariff. Those who have done their own thinking and have not accepted the predictions of the prophets of evil, are now in position to dictate their own terms for their surplus sheep.

After five years of faithful service in the interest of the schools of Washtenaw county, Commissioner M. J. Cavanaugh has declined a re-nomination, and at the expiration of his term will retire from school work and devote his entire time to the practice of the law. His rewards in that profession, financial rewards at least, will unquestionably be greater; but what will be his gain will be the loss of the schools. In no corresponding period of time have the district schools of the county made greater progress than during his administration. He has in large measure impressed his individuality upon the schools, and yet his work has been done in such a way as to offend least, and as a result his friends among the teachers, school officers and patrons generally, are legion. All of these things are indicative of the degree of ability and tact with which he has handled his work. And upon his retirement the well earned plaudit, "well done," of all these workers in the cause of education will follow him and constitute no small part of the satisfaction with which he will in future view his five years' connection with the schools of Washtenaw county.

Adjutant General Chas. L. Eaton was suddenly summoned by death, while in attendance, with other state officials, upon the funeral of Green Pack in Detroit. His death was wholly without warning, and was a great shock to his friends and the entire state. He left his home and those dearest to him apparently in the very flower of vigorous manhood, and while engaged with others in paying the last sad rites to an honored friend, he himself was summoned by the dread messenger. The impressiveness of such a happening is extraordinary, and is indicative of the mutability of human existence. Gen. Eaton was a modest man, a brave soldier, a faithful friend, and model citizen.

Judge Frazer, of Detroit, has rendered the people a service in issuing a restraining order enjoining the expenditure of \$2,500 of their money, voted by the common council to pay the bills of a lobbying junket to Lansing in opposition to the health bill. Whatever the legal phases of the question may be, his action is just and is therefore to be commended.

Postmaster General Wilson S. Bissell has resigned from the cabinet and Wm. L. Wilson has been appointed to succeed him.

A large audience attended the performance of Uncle Tom's Cabin in Tera Hall last night. The play was very well put on, the acting being much superior in many respects to what we have seen here before in this drama. Little Eva was played by quite a little tot and was very well portrayed, while Uncle Tom was one of the best representations of that role that we have yet seen. Eva's father was a very strong character, and Topsy was one of the most amusing nigger girls that we have ever seen. Her reproduction of the southern dialect was excellent and her whole get up was well conceived. The two Marks were also very good characters, and the slave dealer succeeded in making himself pretty generally hated by the audience. A feature of the performance was the presence on the stage of two immense bloodhounds said to be worth \$1,000. The variety acting and minstrel performances were very good and excited loud applause.—Quebec Chronicle. Grand Opera House, Mar. 7th.

THE MOON'S CLIMATE.

Why Our Satellite Is Subject to Great Extremes of Heat and Cold.

In illustration of the important climatic effects of an atmosphere, I need do little more than cite the case of the moon. Our satellite is practically at the same distance from the sun as the earth, and in its case also internal heat has no present effect on the temperature of its superficial portions. It would therefore seem that, so far as sun heat is concerned, the moon must be in much the same condition as the earth. But if we thence deduced the inference that the temperature conditions prevailing on our satellite bear any resemblance to the temperature conditions prevailing on the earth we should make a great mistake.

Observations of the moon's heat show that its surface is exposed to a tremendous range of temperature, extending to hundreds of degrees. It has been demonstrated that the temperature of the moon under the full glare of the sun rises to a point in excess of that of boiling water, while it is equally certain that when the sunbeams are withdrawn the temperature of the moon sinks to a point far below that with which any arctic explorer has made us acquainted. Here, then, is a globe fed just as we are, with sunbeams, and yet undergoing tremendous vicissitudes of climate, surpassing any changes endured by the earth.

The climatic difference between these two neighboring globes is certainly connected with the fact that the moon has very little atmosphere, even if it be not completely destitute thereof. Our atmosphere acts as a climatic regulator. It reduces the degree in which the intense fervor of the sun affects the earth, and it mitigates the rigor of the cold to which the earth would be exposed when the sunbeams are withdrawn. Such an ameliorating agent is absent from the moon, and hence arise those violent extremes of its climatic condition.

We thus see what potent factors the existence and the extent of an atmosphere become in determining the nature of the climate that a planet is to have. We do not know enough regarding the atmospheres of Mars, Venus and Mercury to be able to draw any certain conclusions with regard to their climates. But this we may at least affirm, that it seems quite possible for the different influences we have named to go a long way toward neutralizing the contrasts that the climates of these globes would otherwise present in consequence of the different supplies of sunbeams that they receive at their actual solar distances. So far as mere climate is concerned, it seems quite possible that appropriate atmospheres and land distributions might be adjusted on the earth and Mars, Mercury and Venus in such a manner that certain organic types might be common to all the four globes.—Sir Robert Ball in Fortnightly Review.

FROM THE CAPITAL

BIG RUSH IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

The Bond Question in a Tangle—Comes Up as a Part of Sundry Civil Bill—Another Pension Bill Vetoed.—Washington News

Washington, Feb. 28.—After working until midnight the senators were slow in arriving to-day and only a dozen were on hand when consideration of the sundry civil bill was resumed.

An amendment granting Henry Talbot, clerk of the house ways and means committee, \$2,000 for assisting the senate finance committee in its tariff work last fall was agreed to. An amendment was agreed to appropriating \$25,000 for a hospital at South Meade, S. D., to take the place of the one recently burned. This cleared the way for the long-pending contest over the financial amendment to the sundry civil bill. It is at the close of the bill and provides an issue of \$100,000,000 of certificates of indebtedness of small denominations, bearing 3 per cent interest, in order to meet deficiencies in the treasury.

"I make a point of order against this financial amendment on the ground that it is general legislation," said Mr. Berry (dem., Ark.).

Mr. Hill (dem., N. Y.) offered a further amendment that hereafter all the treasury notes when presented to the treasury shall not be reissued, but shall be canceled. Mr. Hill sought to speak in explanation of his amendment, but Mr. Mills insisted on the rule and an immediate decision on the point of order. Mr. Hill continued speaking, but was interrupted with frequent suggestions that debate was out of order. There was considerable disorder and the vice-president finally requested the sergeant-at-arms to see that order was preserved.

The vice-president was about to decide the point of order and had begun the first sentence, when Mr. Mills interrupted:

"Does the chair decline to submit the question to the senate? It is not only customary but it is the rule that questions of order shall be submitted to the senate."

The presiding officer paused in his decision. Then he said:

"In view of the remarks of the senator from Texas, the question will be submitted to the senate."

He then directed a roll-call and again called on the sergeant-at-arms to maintain order. By a singular parliamentary situation the order for the vote made the amendment subject to debate, and Mr. Gorman addressed the senate. He said that it had become evident that there was to be no financial relief unless it was made a part of an appropriation bill.

Mr. Wolcott here interrupted with the query: "Has the secretary of the treasury notified the senate that he does not want such legislation as this?"

"That is the whole question," responded Mr. Gorman, "and if the senator will permit me I will, in my own crude way, present the question of the secretary's necessities."

"Is the treasury in such condition that it can provide for the wants of the government?" asked Mr. Gorman. "Are the revenues now coming in sufficient to meet the expenditures and the appropriations we are making? If our actual expenditures are greater than our receipts we can not afford to adjourn until we meet this emergency unless congress wants more bonds sold to meet our obligations."

The speaker laid before the house today the President's veto of the bill to pension Eunice Putnam.

Mr. Cockrell of Texas moved concurrence in the senate amendment to the joint resolution prohibiting the importation of goods in bond from the United States through the free zone of Mexico. Mr. Crain of Texas vigorously opposed concurrence in the amendment, which struck out the provision limiting the western boundary of the city of Laredo, Texas, and the Pacific coast. This amendment, he declared, would in effect prohibit the importation of goods through the United States into Mexico unless the latter country abolished the free zone.

LABOR BILL SUITS ALL.

Slight Opposition in the Senate May, However, Retard Adoption.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 28.—There are no sensational remarks of any kind following the passage by the house of the arbitration bill. The favor which has been shown that measure by prominent labor leaders predicted clearly a predominating sentiment in both houses of congress favorable to the enactment of a measure in keeping with the one adopted. The framers of the bill have undoubted confidence in its welcome passport into all legitimately organized labor circles. It can be regarded now as a matter of course that no matter how slight an opposition to it is developed in the senate, that obstacle would, at this late period, be fraught with almost certain danger to the bill. Its friends, however, consider it an entering wedge of solving the labor question which, if not successful just now, is bound to bear fruit of incalculable benefit to the laboring classes before the expiration of the next session of congress.

Silver Men in Secret Conference.

Washington, Feb. 25.—A number of members of the Bimetallic league met here yesterday for conference. The greatest secrecy was maintained as to the conference. For several days, however, a rumor has been in circulation here to the effect that certain silver men were formulating a plan, which, if carried out, would result in placing a national silver ticket in the field for the next national campaign.

Strong Case Against Morgan.

Stanford Court House, Va., Feb. 25.—In the trial of the express robbers yesterday, three witnesses were examined, Mr. Percy S. Crutchfield, the express messenger who was robbed, identified Morgan, who was in court, as the robber Mr. Murray, the other express messenger, corroborated Mr. Crutchfield's statement and identified Morgan. Charles J. Searey was placed on the stand and told the story of the robbery, fully identifying Morgan.

Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.

EDUCATIONAL COLUMN.

BY M. J. Cavanaugh, Commissioner.

VOGEL DISTRICT, SCTO.

Miss Mildred Tremper and the children of the district presented the following program on Friday evening:

America, song by school; Washington's catechism, school; Memorial for 1895, Sophia Klager; Not Geo. Washington, Henry Weidmann; Washington's Physical Training, essay, Laura Schwartz; Our Colors, Lillie Stein, Luella Volz, Julia Klager; Washington and I, Alfred Wagner; Game Song, ten boys and girls; The Shuteye Train, Tillie Klager; Washington Enigma, ten girls; Questions on the Flag, school; Washington's Birthday, Casper Weidmann; Washington's Christmas Surprise, Willie Mast; Why? Minnie Mast; Flag Drill, school; Washington the Surveyor, essay, Sophia Klager; When I heard of Washington, Eddie Mast; Washington, Lewis Weidmann, Eddie Mast, Lewis Schwartz; Red, White and Blue, Julia Klager, Laura Schwartz, Sophia Klager; Geo. Washington, song, Otilie Schwartz, Mildred Tremper; Story of Washington, Anna Hanselmann; Thing I Want to See, Rudie Wagner; Our Defenders, Bertha Guenther; February Twenty-second, Stacia Schwartz; The Vow of Washington, Otilie Schwartz; Hurrah for Gen. Washington, Ada Guenther; February Twenty-second, John Stein, Casper Weidmann, Charley Larnee; Our Flag, song.

The children did well, each one filling the assigned part with much credit. Miss Tremper has shown great interest in this school, and the parents and patrons appreciate the work. She has thoroughly graded and classified the school, and the scholars show the result by advancement in studies.

LODI CENTER SCHOOL.

This school is in charge of Miss Sophia East. A splendid program was presented on Thursday evening by the teacher and children. Miss East has taken great pains with the preparation of the children for the occasion, and is entitled to much commendation for what she is doing and has done for the school. The music, by Miss Gertrude Kress, of Ann Arbor, was exceptionally good and was well appreciated and received by the audience. Mr. Simon Kress and John Grosshaus, and all others who assisted in the preparation, are entitled to much credit. The program is as follows:

Music, Gertrude Kress; song of welcome, school; Washington chatechism-school; the story of George Washington, school; song, "Children of the Union"—this song was made very attractive by each child, twenty-six of them, wearing soldier caps with a cockade of red, white and blue and by waving flags as they marched; recitation, "February 22nd," Maggie Kress; music, Gertrude Kress; "Washington's Birthday," ten little girls, dressed in white and with blue caps and each wearing a large letter painted red, which spelled the word Washington; recitation, Walter Mayer; quotation from Washington's diary; song, "The Yankee Boy," school; recitation, "Two Portraits," Bertha Mayer and I Moore; "A Bunch of Flowers," four little girls dressed in white and carrying the flower they represented; "The Little Sleepy Head," Albert Frey; "Washington as a Boy," "Truthful Washington," Mary Mayer; song, "George Washington," school; recitation, Freddie Mayer; "The Flag," Dena Frey; recitation, "The Old Farm," James Sage; "The Little Mothers," Tillie Sage, Mary Mayer, Maggie Kress and Louise Schaible—this was sung and acted out very prettily by the children; recitation, "I Can't," Freddie Mayer; recitation, Walter Mayer; Joe Sage and Albert Frey; song, "Our Flag"; recitation, "Our Washington," Mary Mayer; recitation, "I'll Try," Henry Flannigan; "Curfew must not ring tonight," Sophia East; music, Gertrude Kress; recitation, "So many Interruptions," by Jane Sage and four others who interrupted him in the speaking; recitation, "The Sick Dolly," Laura Kress; song, "Loyalty to the Flag"; recitation, "Washington," six little boys; music, Gertrude Kress; "The Hatchets," this was recited by ten little boys carrying hatchets trimmed with red, white and blue with letters on them which spelled the word Washington, they acted out the cutting of the cherry tree by Washington in a very creditable manner; the dolls' hospital,—this was acted out in a manner that was a great credit to the children; tableau, "The Doctor and Dolly," Laura Kress and F. Mayer; "The Rainbow," seven girls—was a very pretty sight—each child was dressed in white and wore a cap and sash of one of the colors of the rainbow, making in all the seven colors; song, "America," school.

The Difference Slight.

"What's this?" demanded the guest, pointing to one of the side dishes the waiter had brought.

"Sausages, sir," answered the waiter.

"I didn't order any."

"I thought you did, sir."

"I ordered sauce. Can't you tell the difference between sauce and sausages?"

"Yes, sir," said the waiter, gathering up the rejected dish with unruffled dignity. "Between sauce and sausages there is merely a difference of ages. Wish coffee, sir?"—Chicago Tribune.

A TOO MODEST WOMAN!

Is such a thing possible?

It is. Many a woman suffers month after month, whole years, because she shrinks from talking about her complaints.

Foolish do you say?

No, it is simply due to a natural, commendable modesty. Still she owes it to herself either to consult a good Physician or else to get the Zoa-Phora Medical Book on Diseases of Women and Children, and, after satisfying herself that Zoa-Phora is what she needs, obtain a bottle or a box of it and use it faithfully. Both the book and medicine may be obtained either direct from the Zoa-Phora Medicine Co., at Kalamazoo, Mich., or through your druggist. All correspondence is kept strictly confidential.

HALLER'S Jewelry Store! CUT WATCHES RATE SALE

Books for Xmas Of every Description at the NEW BOOKSTORE 19 East Washington Street.

Children's Books, Sets of Books, Booklets, Christmas Cards, Bibles, Toilet Sets, Plush Goods, Linen Picture Books. AT Schaller's Bookstore! 19 East Washington Street, Opposite Hangsterfer's.

Companion Book to Harmonized Melodies of which 275,000 Copies were sold in 4 Months. LATEST-GREATEST MELODIOUS HARMONIES! For Piano or Organ.

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\$100. WORTH OF Music for 25c.

A new subscriber to the ARGUS who pays a year's subscription in advance, can secure a copy of the above book for 10 cents.

WANTED, FOR SALE, ETC. FOR RENT—Farm of 233 acres, good fences, plenty of barn room with water in them and all in first class condition for rent, at \$3 per acre for the cleared land. Inquire of A. M. CLARK, City, or A. F. CLARK, Saline. FOR SALE—4 houses; one for \$4,000, one for \$2,800; 13 Ingalls st., \$2,500; new brick house, \$2,450; lot with cellar on S. Thayer, \$1,200. Inquire S. D. Allen, 90 E. Washington st. FOR SALE OR RENT—Large new adobe with all modern improvements, cistern and city water in house and well near door. Will take in part payment small house or lots or small farm near city, balance on long time and low interest. P. C. Box 1345. FOR SALE—30 acres on Chubb St. in acre or five acre lots or all together. Long time, small payment, 6 per cent interest. Jas. H. McDonald, 42 Motatt Building, Detroit, Mich. NOTICE—J. W. Bennett, proprietor of Dexter House, Dexter, have opened up my barn and will run a strictly first-class feed barn in connection with hotel. Will be glad to see old customers and lots of new ones, and satisfaction guaranteed. An experienced horseman in attendance. WANTED—Place as governess to children or companion, office work, or clerk, address Box 163, Ypsilanti, or E. B. E., care of Argus. WANTED—A MAN in every section at once to sell staple goods to dealers; no peddling; experience unnecessary; best side line, \$75.00 a month. Salary and expenses or large commission made. Address, with 2 cent stamp for sealed particulars, Clifton Soap and Manufacturing Company, Cincinnati, Ohio. THE ART AMATEUR Best and Largest Practical Art Magazine. (The only Art Periodical awarded a Medal at the World's Fair.) Invaluable to all who wish to make their living by art or to make their homes beautiful. For 10c we will send to any one mentioning this publication a specimen copy, with superb color plates (for copying or framing) and 8 supplementary pages of designs (regular price 50c). Or FOR 25c we will send also "Painting for Beginners" (90 pages). MONTAGUE MARKS, 23 Union Square, N. Y.

AT WAHR'S. Special Sale OF HOLIDAY BOOKS! AND FANCY GOODS!

We offer all our Sets at wholesale cost. 20 to 30 per cent. discount on all Miscellaneous and Juvenile Books. 1,000 vols. finely bound books for 25c each; 5 for \$1.00. 500 vols. Standard Authors, bound in Morocco, for 50c each. Genuine Oxford Teachers' Bible, complete ed., with maps, fine marocquo, for \$1.50. Largest collections of German and French Books in the city. All the new and popular Holiday Books at special discount. New stock of Imported Photograph Albums, Calendars and Booklets. Special Discount to teachers and Sunday School libraries. GEO. WAHR, Importer, Bookseller and Stationer, ANN ARBOR. ARGUS AUGURIES.

FRIDAY, MARCH 1—Freshman class social in Granger's hall. FRIDAY, MARCH 1—Elocution entertainment by high school elocution class for benefit of M. E. church, in high school hall. FRIDAY, MARCH 1—Political Equality club will meet in McMillan hall at 3 o'clock. FRIDAY, MARCH 1—Ladies' program given by Alpha Nu literary society. Mrs. Prof. Trueblood will read. FRIDAY, MARCH 1—J. H. W. Simpson before Engineering society, on "A Visit to the National Tube Works." THURSDAY, MARCH 2—Ann Arbor society of collegiate alumnae will meet at the residence of Mrs. H. C. Adams at 3 p. m. SATURDAY, MAR. 2—Matinee and night. Young Mrs. Winthrop at the Grand opera house. SUNDAY, MARCH 3—Rev. T. W. Young, of the First Baptist church, before S. C. A. at 4 o'clock, on "Our Present Duty." Male choir of twenty voices. MONDAY, MARCH 4—Prof. M. L. D'Ooge before Inland League. Subject, "A Summer Trip Through Scandinavia." MONDAY, MARCH 4—"Jane" at Ann Arbor opera house. MONDAY, MARCH 4—Schiller evening in Unity Club house. Paper by Prof. Thomas, music by Prof. Kempf's choir. Under general supervision of Messrs. M. Haller and Leonard Gruber. THURSDAY, MARCH 7—Democratic national convention in court house at 11 a. m. THURSDAY, MARCH 7—"Uncle Tom's Cabin" at Grand opera house. FRIDAY, MARCH 8—Lecture in M. E. church by Dr. C. M. Coburn, on "An Afternoon with Great Men." FRIDAY, MARCH 8—Final University contest to choose debaters to meet Northwestern. FRIDAY, MAR. 8—Final University contest to choose debaters to meet Northwestern. FRIDAY, MARCH 15—University oratorical contest in University hall, under the auspices of the S. L. A. WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, MARCH 27-28—Classical conference to be held in Ann Arbor. FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, MARCH 29-30—Meeting of Michigan School-master's club at the University.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The legislature has been invited to visit the University. The March term of the circuit court will begin Monday. Chas. H. Francisco has been granted an original pension. Next Monday evening at the Unity Club will be a Schiller evening. The south outside stairway at University hall has just been completed. A bright little boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Nichols, Monday. The Political Equality club meets at three o'clock this afternoon in McMillan hall. Robes and blankets at low prices for the next thirty days at Fred Theurer's, 12 West Liberty. This evening, at 7:45, Mrs. Trueblood's class in elocution will give a recital in High School hall. The T. & A. railroad company is preparing to put new ties under their tracks between Felch and Summit streets. Prof. D'Ooge lectures next Monday evening on "A Summer Trip Through Scandinavia," before the Inland League. Miss Michael Klager died at her home in Saline township, Tuesday, from pneumonia, leaving a husband and large family of children. The Neue Washtenaw Post is just a year old and a healthy lusty infant it is, with a good sized subscription list and numerous friends. A large stock of fine hand-made harness, new styles, double and single, for the spring trade, at Fred Theurer's, 12 West Liberty street. Jason C. Gillett, who settled in Ypsilanti in 1834, died in Cleveland at the residence of his son, Charles M. Gillett, aged eighty-one years. Miss Frances Button, a graduate of the high school and for some years a resident of this city, died in Detroit last Saturday, aged 26 years. Prof. E. F. Johnson lectures before the M. E. Bible class, Sunday, on "The Civil Statutes of the Israelites Fifteen Hundred Years Before Christ."

The ground was frozen over five feet deep.

There are 193 more students in the University this year than last.

The pound master is searching for dogs not wearing the license tags.

Our streets have never been in worse shape. Let us have a street commissioner.

This year's May Festival will be the best. It will cost \$1,000 more than the last.

The flag over the Light Infantry armory is at half mast on account of the sudden death of Adjutant General Eaton.

Representative Reuben Kempf, from this district, has been appointed chairman of the committee to investigate the clerks and their salaries in the various state offices.

Wednesday evening about forty members of the United Friends of Michigan surprised Mrs. F. W. Buss, and a good time was had until past midnight.

Robert Mann, of East Tawas, formerly of this city, now has a broad grin spreading all over his countenance. A little daughter has called him papa since last Saturday.

The Ladies' Missionary society of the Baptist church entertain delegates from Ypsilanti and Dexter this afternoon. An interesting program has been prepared, and tea will be served in the church parlors at 6.30.

The convention last Tuesday adopted the following resolution: "Resolved, That we commend the efficient and painstaking administration of the great school interests of the county by Commissioner, M. J. Cavanaugh and assure him of our continued confidence and esteem."

At the ensuing May Festival the Damnation of Faust will be rendered with the following in the leading solo parts: Mme. Nordica, soprano soloist, taking the part of Margurite; Max Heinrich, the part of Mephistopheles; and Rigel, the part of Faust.

Mr. H. Randall has scored another victory. His fine photographic work has been recognized by the Yale senior class through the class giving his New Haven, Conn., gallery the class pictures for this year. Heretofore the class pictures have always been made in New York.

James Hendershott died in Manchester, Feb. 20, aged 83 years. He was born in Pennsylvania, learned the blacksmith trade in New Jersey and was one of the first settlers of Manchester. A few years later, in 1838, he married Miss Catherine Dudley. One son, Mortimer, survives him.

A new military company will be organized in Ypsilanti, with John P. Kirk as captain, Frank McKeand first lieutenant, and Fred Gallup second lieutenant. Thirty members of the old company and thirty members of the proposed new company will be taken in as members of the new organization.

The annual meeting of the Farmers' Vigilance association of the townships of Augusta, Ypsilanti, Pittsfield and York will be held on Saturday, March 9, at 1:30 p. m., sharp, in United Workmen's hall, Union block, Ypsilanti. By order of the committee. L. A. Wilcox, president. J. C. Bemiss, secretary.

W. Hanke, postmaster at River Rasin, has been unable to attend to his duties for the past four weeks, being confined to the house with a scalded foot. At present he is getting about once more. Last Saturday Miss Emma Hanke and her sister Tilde came home from Jackson. Miss Emma is very ill with la grippe.

David A. Hammond, who was nominated for county school commissioner by the democrats on Tuesday, is an experienced educator, born and reared in Washtenaw county, has taught both country and village schools and been superintendent of schools. This has been his work all his life and is the reason of his nomination. He has also had much experience in examining teachers.

Miss Una Abell, who plays the beautiful part of "Edith," the blind girl, in Bronson Howard's "Young Mrs. Winthrop," at the Grand opera house, Saturday night next, is a Washtenaw county girl. She went upon the stage four years ago and is rapidly rising to a high place in her profession. She was for three seasons leading lady to Mlle. Rhea in "Josephine," and last season she played with Daniel Frohman's Lyceum Co. Miss Abell will be entertained by friends during her stay here. A party of her Detroit friends will meet the company at Ann Arbor.

PERSONAL.

Letter carrier Armstrong had a bad attack of la grippe, yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. E. Jacobus are visiting in Monroe county.

Fred Besimer and Dudley Loomis are back from a week's fishing at Strawberry lake.

Miss Lucy Tready, of Saginaw, is visiting Miss Ella A. Meuth.

Mrs. F. A. Howlett is visiting in Lyndon.

Vincent Bliss is taking a course in shorthand in Detroit.

Justice Andrew E. Gibson was in Flint and Saginaw, Tuesday.

Dr. A. C. Nichols, Elmer E. Beal, L. C. Goodrich, H. T. Morton, E. V. Hangsterfer, A. P. Ferguson and Herman F. Miller attended the Mystic Shrine meeting in Port Huron, Tuesday night.

Mrs. J. J. Goodyear is visiting in Detroit this week.

Mrs. H. Walter, mother of Mrs. J. W. Goodspeed, who has been spending some time here visiting, has returned to her home in Clarks-ton.

Major Howell, of Adrian, was in the city yesterday.

General Devlin, of Jackson, and Inspector General Walsh, of Port Huron, were in the city yesterday.

Herman Krapf is visiting in Saginaw.

F. C. Bagley, of Jackson, was in the city, yesterday.

Prof. J. C. McClenahan, of Chicago, was an Ann Arbor visitor this week.

Mrs. W. F. Armstrong went to Saginaw, Wednesday, to visit a brother.

Rev. C. M. Coburn has returned from Appleton, Wisconsin.

Mrs. Eliza R. Sunderland will speak next Sunday evening at the Unitarian church on "The Religious Thought of Goethe." This will be followed on succeeding Sunday evenings by lectures on "The Religious Thought of Victor Hugo, Carlyle, Buckle, Ruskin, Matthew Arnold and Emerson."

At Wahr's Bookstore.

New stock of wall paper for the season of 1895. New designs. New colorings.

Prices to suit the times. Papers at 5 and 6 cents a roll. Gilt paper at 7 and 8 cents a roll. Fine leather papers, 25 and 30 cents. Splendid color in Ingrains 15 cents. We hang wall paper and give estimates on interior decorating. Best window shades on spring rollers for 20 cents each. Window shades made and hung to order.

GEORGE WAHR,

Books, stationery, wall paper, Ann Arbor.

Proceedings of the Board of Public Works.

(OFFICIAL.)

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, Ann Arbor, Feb. 27, 1895.

Regular session.

Called to order by Clerk Glen V. Mills.

Roll called. Present, Schuh and Bullis.

President Clark absent.

On motion of Mr. Bullis Mr. Schuh was chosen president pro tem.

Mr. Bullis moved the adoption of the street and sewer bills for February.

Adopted as follows:

Yeas—Schuh, Bullis.

Nays—None.

President Clark entered and took the chair.

The minutes of the last regular session and special session of Feb. 16 were read and approved as follows:

Yeas—Pres. Clark, Schuh, Bullis—3.

Nays—None.

The Clerk presented the report prepared by City Engineer George F. Key and City Clerk Glen V. Mills, as directed by the Board at their last regular meeting.

Mr. Bullis moved that the report be accepted as the report of the Board and the same be presented to the Council.

Adopted as follows:

Yeas—Pres. Clark, Schuh, Bullis.

Mr. Bullis moved that the Board proceed to ballot for Street Commissioner.

Adopted as follows:

Yeas—Pres. Clark, Schuh, Bullis.

Nays—None.

The ballot resulted as follows.

George W. Weeks, 1; A. M. Clark, 1.

Pres. Clark not voting.

Mr. Bullis moved that the Board proceed to a second ballot for Street Commissioner.

Adopted as follows:

Yeas—Pres. Clark, Schuh, Bullis.

Nays—None.

Mr. Bullis offered the name of Leonard Bassett for consideration of the Board.

The ballot resulted as follows:

George W. Weeks, 1; Leonard Bassett, 2.

Pres. Clark declared Leonard Bassett duly elected to the office of Street Commissioner.

The Clerk was instructed to notify Mr. Bassett of his election.

On motion the Board adjourned.

GLEN V. MILLS, Clerk.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

The literary societies will not hold meetings tonight.

The S. C. A. meeting this afternoon will be led by Geo. Wheeler.

The joint debate between the Arena and Clio will be held in room G, next Friday night.

Miss Taylor has been obliged to leave school again, on account of sickness.

Miss May Muma, a teacher in the St. John's high school, visited our school last Thursday.

The Arena holds a special meeting this afternoon to elect officers for the month of March.

Mrs. Trueblood's class in elocution will render the following program in the chapel, tonight.

Handy Andy at the Postoffice. Samuel Lover. Miss Nellie Mosley.

A Bundle of Loves. Mary L. Gaddes. Miss Nelly Mingay.

The Obstructive Hat in the Pit. F. Anstey. Miss Pauline Wurster.

A Railroad Matinee. R. J. Burdette. Miss Parthenia Sykes.

Music, songs, etc. Selected. Mrs. Marie L. Kedsie.

A Story. Miss Mella Taylor.

Tom. Constance F. Woolson. Miss Edith J. Benjamin.

Music by the Episcopal Choir Boys. Mr. A. S. Houghton, Conductor.

PART-STATE POSES.

The Solace of Paris and Helen. Misses Russell, Stebbins, Mosley and Mingay.

The Sacrifice of Iphigenia. Misses Russell, Stebbins, Mosley, Mingay, McMonagle, Taylor, Botsford, Rogers and Wurster.

Bacchus and the Bacchantes. Misses Russell, Stebbins, Mosley, Mingay, McMonagle, Taylor, Botsford, Rogers and Wurster.

Ha! I have found you out! Miss Sykes. I accuse you of the deed! Miss Mosley.

Nydia. Miss McMonagle.

Sirens and Waking Psyche. Misses Rogers, Sykes, Mosely and Mingay.

The Gaul's Last Straits. Misses Mingay, Rogers, Sykes and Mosely.

Dance of the Muses. Misses Russell, Stebbins, Mosely, Mingay, Sykes, McMonagle, Botsford, Rogers, Wurster and Taylor.

Night Watching with Motherly care over her Children. Misses Sykes, Stebbins, Botsford and McMonagle.

F. Krause, the well known auctioneer, will attend to all sales in city or county. Orders may be left with him on Broadway or at the Argus office.

A Business-Making Book.

Every business man ought to read "Dollars and Sense," a money-making book by Nath'l C. Fowler, Jr., the leading expert on business and advertising. 18 chapters, illustrated with 100 plates, presenting every style of effective advertisements, with examples of reading notices, circulars and headlines. It tells the plain truth about advertising and exposes ineffective methods.

Any reader of the Argus who will send check, postal note or postage stamps to the value of twenty-five cents to the Trade Company, Boston, Mass., will receive the book by prepaid mail. The book may also be obtained at the Argus office for the same money.

Estate of Henry Clements.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Friday, the 1st day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Clements, deceased. Ellen Clements, executrix of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court and represents that she is now prepared to render her final account as such executrix.

Thereupon it is ordered that Tuesday, the 26th day of March, instant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed.

And it is further ordered, that said guardian be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Argus, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate. W. G. Doty, Probate Register.

ANNOUNCEMENT

We would respectfully call the attention of the public, and our friends especially, to the fact that we will open a...

Clothing, Furnishing, Hat and Cap Establishment at No. 37 S. Main St., in the store now occupied by W. G. Dieterle.

OUR MOTTO.

One price to everybody; prompt and cheerful attention to our customers. The best goods and newest styles at extremely low prices.

WE SOLICIT YOUR PATRONAGE.

LENSCHMITT & APFEL

Black Dress Goods!

The NEW TARIFF has made many changes but none of more importance than those which refer to Imported Dress Goods.

A special purchase of BLACK SERGES enables us to offer you an extraordinarily fine grade of these popular goods, equal to the best sold last year at \$1.00, for 75c.

Ask to see them.—You will not hesitate long if you wish to buy a new dress.

Is a popular price we are placing on a line of Spring Dress Goods varying from 75c to \$1.00 in actual value.

New choice style in: 52 inch Spring Cheviots, value 75c.

38 inch French Novelties, value \$1.00. 38 inch Scotch Clan Plaids, value 75c.

You are perhaps thinking of a NEW CARPET for Spring. Let us remind you that the lowest prices on Carpets are now prevailing, that they will inevitably advance, and that you will make a good investment by buying this spring.

E. F. MILLS & CO. 20 S. Main Street.

Do not neglect to attend the reduction sale of furniture at Martin Haller's. Furnish your parlors while you can buy parlor furniture cheap. Every article in the store is reduced. Come and convince yourself.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away.

The truthful, startling title of a book about No-to-bac, the only harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure. If you want to quit and can't, use "No-to-bac." Braces up paralyzed nerves, eliminates nicotine poisons, makes weak men gain strength, weight and vigor. Positive cure of money refunded. Sold by H. J. Brown, druggist.

Book at druggist, or mailed free. Address The Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago office 45 Randolph St.; New York, 10 Spruce St.

Estate of Elijah W. Morgan.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 1st day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Elijah W. Morgan, deceased. Lucy D. S. Parker, executrix of the last will and testament of Franklin L. Parker, deceased, lately guardian of said Morgan, incompetent, comes into court and represents that she is now prepared to render the final account of said Franklin L. Parker as such guardian.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 25th day of March, instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the next of kin of said ward and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed.

And it is further ordered, that said guardian give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Argus, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate. W. G. Doty, Probate Register.

Estate of Henry Clements.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Friday, the 1st day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Clements, deceased. Ellen Clements, executrix of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court and represents that she is now prepared to render her final account as such executrix.

Thereupon it is ordered that Tuesday, the 26th day of March, instant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed.

And it is further ordered, that said guardian be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Argus, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate. W. G. Doty, Probate Register.

Table with columns for various locations and times, including Chicago, Detroit, Ann Arbor, etc., with corresponding times for different services.

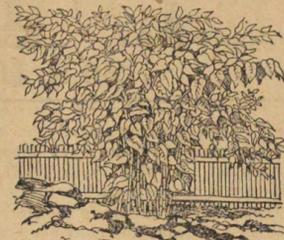
G. W. RUGGLES, G. P. & T. Age. H. W. HAYES, Chicago. Ag't Ann Arbor.



FARM AND GARDEN

THE NEW FODDER PLANT.

A Consensus of the Published Opinions on the Vegetable Wonder, Sacaline. The latest aspirant for high rank among forage plants is sacaline.



A TYPICAL PLANT OF SACALINE.

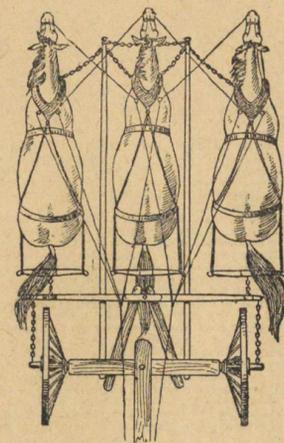
ably well. We have had no rain to speak of since the latter part of July, but this plant is as green at the end of September as it was early in July.

This plant is a perennial, hardy and vigorous, with the reputation of bearing with equal indifference extremes of heat and cold.

The foregoing makes it apparent that sacaline is worthy of trial in a small way—what, by the way, is the only way with any new thing.

For a Three Horse Team.

In some three horse eveners the swing is so great that one horse can lag and throw most of the weight on the other



THREE HORSE EVENER.

two. In others this is overcome by fastening the whiffletrees to a rigid bar, which is also objectionable.

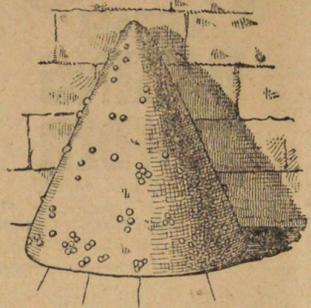
Lawn Grass Mixtures.

Professor Beal, recognized authority on grasses, says: In land not likely to suffer from dry weather and exposed to sunlight, sow June grass alone or brown bent alone, or better still, sow a mixture of the two.

MUSHROOM CULTURE.

How the Edible Species May Be Grown in Beds Made in Cellars.

Considerable interest has developed of late years among market gardeners concerning mushroom culture.

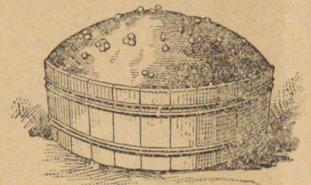


PYRAMIDAL MUSHROOM BEDS.

sires to produce his own mushrooms, has not the convenience of a greenhouse, and it is for their benefit that the following illustrations, from a bulletin issued by the United States department of agriculture, are here reproduced.

Fig. 1 represents a pyramidal shaped mushroom bed made on the top of cask bottoms, which should be at least 2 feet 6 inches in diameter.

Fig. 2 represents mushroom culture in barrels sawed into two pieces crosswise, each forming a tub. Holes are made in the bottom of each tub, and a thin layer of good soil is spread over the inside.



MUSHROOMS GROWN IN OLD CASK.

the remainder of the tub is piled up with manure well pressed down, the operation being completed by giving to the heap the form of a dome.

Mushrooms may be grown in a shelf in the stable. Strong bars of iron are driven into the walls, upon which are placed shelves of the proper size covered with earth, upon which is formed a bed that is treated exactly as those made upon the ground.

Experiments With Tomatoes.

At the South Dakota station experiments were made with seeds from green, sun ripened and normal fruit, with cuttings and with different methods of training and pruning the plants, with the following summary of conclusions:

1. There is not enough gain to warrant the additional trouble and expense of sowing tomato seeds before March 1, and for the ordinary field crop they should not be planted later than the middle of March.

Crossing Leghorns and Brahmas.

By crossing Leghorns and Brahmas you will get a bird much more meaty than the Leghorn and a much better layer than the Brahma, but you can't have all the qualities of both.

News and Notes.

Large quantities of beans are imported into this country annually.

In recent years the total exports of tobacco from all ports of the United States have averaged about 250,000,000 pounds a year.

Next to New York the largest shipments of tobacco are made from Baltimore; then New Orleans and Boston rank in order.

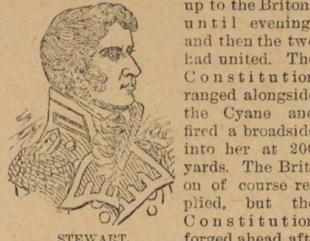
Poultry keepers are assured by an English exchange that traps baited with sunflower seed will never fail. The rats cannot resist these seed.

The biennial convention of the American Pomological society in California was a very successful affair. The society re-elected the old list of officers.

Professor Bailey of Missouri is said to have obtained more than 1,000 types of pumpkins by crossing the flowers of one kind with the pollen of another.

Triangular Fight at Sea.

Feb. 20, 1815, was the date of one of "Old Indies'" most noted battles. She had just escaped from the port of Boston, where a British squadron had kept her under blockade over eight months, and was "spoiling" for action.



STEWART.

up to the Britons until evening, and then the two had united. The Constitution ranged alongside the Cyane and fired a broadside into her at 200 yards. The British of course replied, but the Constitution forged ahead after the Levant.

A Battle on the Border.

On Feb. 21, 1862, the Union and Confederate forces on the southwestern border met in combat at Valverde, N. M. The troops on both sides were chiefly local volunteers, although the Union ranks were led by regular officers, and many of the Confederate officers had served in the old army.

Must Be Fighting Done First.

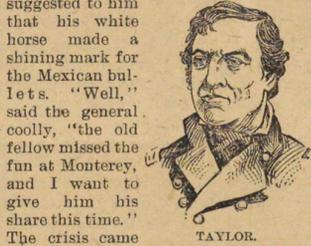
Feb. 22 is the anniversary of Major Forsyth's gallant Ogdensburg (1813) against the British attacking the village in two columns, north and west. Forsyth defended the west approach on the point beyond the Oswegatchie.

Forrest In a Fighting Rage.

On Feb. 22, 1864, General Forrest defeated Sherman's Meridian campaign, which promised much for the Union cause. The cavalry of the expedition, 7,000 strong, were to ride from Memphis through Mississippi to Meridian, destroy everything, including railroads, en route, keep Forrest's renowned corps out of the game and reach Meridian to help Sherman on the roads in rear of the Confederates in Georgia.

Didn't Count the Enemy.

Feb. 23 is the anniversary of General Taylor's great victory at Buena Vista (1847). With an army of 5,400 men, chiefly volunteers, deployed on the mountain spurs and crests of the ravines on both sides of the pass of Angostura, he awaited the attack of Santa Anna.



Early in the day Santa Anna launched his columns upon the Americans. His cavalry and infantry made repeated charges, but he had no cannon. The fighting was terrific. Mounted on a white horse, which he rode for the first time that day in battle, Taylor appeared everywhere to inspire his men.

Fight of the Hornet and Peacock.

Feb. 24, 1813, was the date of Lawrence's famous victory in the Hornet over the English brig Peacock. While maneuvering at the mouth of the Demerara river to get at the brig-of-war Espiegle he saw the Peacock bearing for him.

Cures Rising Breast "Mothers' Friend" advertisement.

Wall Paper advertisement.

Free Face Bleach advertisement.

Fruit Trees advertisement.

Marble and Granite Works advertisement.

Rinsley & Seabolt's Bakery, Grocery advertisement.

Chronic Nervousness Could Not Sleep, Nervous Headaches.

Gentlemen:—I have been taking your Restorative Nerve for the past three months and I cannot say enough in its praise. It has

Saved My Life, for I had almost given up hope of ever being well again. I was a chronic sufferer from nervousness and could not sleep. I was also troubled with nervous headache, and had tried doctors in vain, until I used your Nerve.

Dr. Miles' Nerve Cures.

Dr. Miles' Nerve is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at \$1.00 per bottle for \$5.00, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

AHEAD OF ALL MAGAZINES

this country has seen.—Albany Argus.

IN THE NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW are always found

The Right Topics, By the Right Men, At the Right Time.

THE NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW is recognized on both sides of the Atlantic as the foremost Review in the English language, and no expenditure is spared in maintaining it in its unrivalled position.

AMERICAN WOMEN receive constant and special attention. Among topics recently discussed are: "Women Suffrage in Practice"; "The Renaissance of Woman"; "Woman in Politics"; "The New Aspect of the Woman Question"; "The Modern Girl"; by the author of "The Heavenly Twins"; "The Future of Marriage"; "Evils of Early Marriages"; "The Servant Girl of the Future"; "The Financial Dependence of Women"; "Trades-Unions for Women"; "The Lack of Good Servants"; "American Life and Physical Deterioration"; "Good and Bad Mothers"; "The Tyranny of the Kitchen"; "The Amateur Nurse"; Mark Twain's Defense of Harriet Shelly etc., etc.

A NEW FEATURE FOR 1895.

The Review will publish in 12 chapters, beginning with the January number, the Personal History of the Second Empire, a historical work of unsurpassed importance, which will throw a flood of new light upon the chequered career of Napoleon III., and the influences which led to the collapse of his Empire in the gigantic struggle with united Germany, under Wilhelm I. and his Iron Chancellor. It is as fascinating as a romance, being richly anecdotal and full of information drawn from sources hitherto inaccessible, presented in the graphic and vivacious style which "The Englishman in Paris," by the same author, has made familiar to thousands of readers.

The North American Review, 3 East 14th St., New York.

E. B. NORRIS ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Does a general law collection and conveyancing business. A moderate share of your patronage respectfully solicited. Office, 16 E. Huron Street, upstairs.

FIRE INSURANCE.

CHRISTIAN MACK,

Agent for the following First Class Companies representing over twenty-eight Million Dollars Assets, issues policies at the lowest rates

- Ætna of Hartford.....\$9,192,644.00 Franklin of Phila..... 3,118,713.00 Germania of N. Y..... 2,700,729.00 German-American of N. Y. 4,065,968.00 London Assurance, Lond'n 1,416,788.00 Michigan F. & M., Detroit 257,608.00 N. Y. Underwriters, N. Y. 2,596,679.00 National, Hartford..... 1,774,505.00 Phenix, N. Y..... 3,759,036.00

Special attention given to the insurance of dwellings, schools, churches and public buildings in terms of three and five years

PATENTS

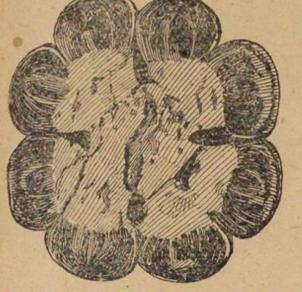
Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

C. A. SNOW & CO. OFF. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

FARM GARDEN

EARLY FIELD CORN.

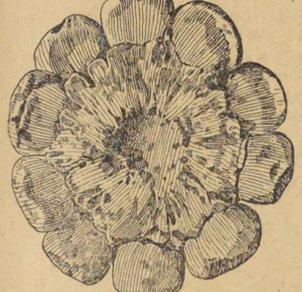
A Brief Report of a Test of Some of the Best Varieties. Last season an effort was made to find out the earliest field corn on the farm of Editor Carmen of The Rural New Yorker.



CROSS SECTION OF SMOKED FLINT. Iished clay loam. At the rate of 1,000 pounds to the acre of potato fertilizer was broadcasted before the last harrowing.

The first named began to glaze on Aug. 27. Bristol 100 Day began to glaze on Aug. 28. Whitecap Early Dent was a few days later. Joe Waite was ripe on Aug. 30. Early Butler was no earlier to mature than the preceding. White's Mammoth began to glaze on Aug. 30. Iowa Beauty developed two objections. It is late, and the ears are borne so high that the plants would lodge during ordinary storms.

The Conqueror is another variety which Mr. Carmen suggests be given a trial in a small way. The claim is made



CROSS SECTION OF CONQUEROR.

that it is "earlier than Pride of the North and a much larger yielder; gives double the fodder; has outyielded Leaming; early as Minnesota King; ear much larger, averaging nine to ten inches long and having from eight to fourteen rows." In the test under consideration it began to glaze 106 days from the time of planting.

A similar trial was made on the same grounds many years ago, resulting in favor of the two named variety, Pride of the North, so introduced by Hiram Sibley, and Queen of the Prairie, so introduced by B. K. Bliss & Sons. This variety of Yellow Dent has since bobbed up under many other names as a novelty, "the earliest dent ever introduced, and for the earliest the most prolific." But the authority quoted has not found that they were material improvements upon the old Queen of the Prairie.

Seeding Clover on Grains.

No. 34 bulletin from the Minnesota station is of interest to farmers in the spring wheat regions. The first part of this bulletin deals with seeding with clover on different kinds of grains. The results show the superiority of wheat over oats as a nurse crop for clover, a difference of a ton per acre in favor of the clover seeded with wheat.

According to this bulletin, clover hay cut at the time of full bloom contains the largest quantity of nitrogenous materials in the most valuable food forms, while clover cut at the end of the flowering contains the largest quantity of dry matter, which is poorer in the valuable nitrogenous compounds.

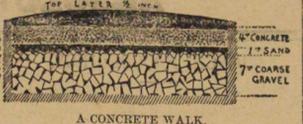
Artichokes For Rough Land.

At the Oklahoma station artichokes yielded at the rate of a ton per acre. Few plants are so productive with little or no attention whatever. As they are not injured by the mild cold of this section, they will not be dug, but in the spring hogs will be turned in to complete feeding experiments made with other cheap foods. Farmers having rough lands in the bends of creeks should by all means try a patch of artichokes in such places.

CONCRETE AND TAR WALKS.

Directions For Laying These Pavements. Formula For Mixing the Concrete.

To lay a concrete walk about 12 inches deep and the width desired fill in about seven inches deep with coarse gravel, as shown in the cut, and ram it down well. Cover this with sand or fine gravel about one inch deep. This is the



A CONCRETE WALK.

foundation for the concrete to rest on. The concrete should be four inches deep and mixed in the following manner: One measure Rosendale cement, 2 1/2 measures clean sharp sand and 5 measures stone and coarse gravel.

This should be well rammed. Before it has had time to set the surface should be scratched so as to hold the top coat. The top coat is made as follows: One part portland cement and 2 to 2 1/2 parts clean fine sand.

This is spread on about 1 1/2 inches deep and then rammed down to one-half inch. Smooth off the top with a trowel. Cover with sand, grass or anything to prevent drying too fast. Keep it covered for at least ten days. When making concrete, be very careful not to get too much water. The mass of concrete when ready for use should, with repeated light ramming, show a thin film of moisture on the surface. If properly mixed with water, it will not show a jellylike motion under the rammer.

Reclaiming the Waste Places.

Under the Carey act the states in which the arid and desert lands still owned by the government are located are entitled to 1,000,000 acres each for the purpose of reclamation. It is proposed to accomplish their reclamation through private enterprise, the states transferring the lands to settlers by whom they will be capitalized to secure the water rights necessary to make them valuable. Of the 606,000,000 acres of land still subject to public entry Colorado holds 36,000,000, Nebraska 10,000,000, Nevada 30,000,000, New Mexico 42,000,000, Wyoming 41,000,000, Montana 14,000,000, Arizona 10,492,000, North Dakota 10,856,000, Idaho 7,841,000, Washington 5,131,000 and Oregon 24,742,000. This comprises something over one-third of the public lands.

Wyoming has taken the lead in the attempt to reclaim and settle its share of arid lands, but Oregon, Montana, Washington and other western states are preparing to work along the same lines. The land when transferred from the state to the settler at from 60 cents to \$1 an acre will still be subject to a charge of from \$8 to \$15 an acre for securing water rights, and as long as there is land in the valley states still available at not much above that price the states or companies at interest will be expected to offer the most liberal inducements to settlers. There is no question of the value of irrigation as a means of reclaiming the alkali lands of the west. In New Mexico, Arizona and California such lands when properly irrigated produce fruit and vegetables not equaled elsewhere in the country. The problem of their profitable settlement is almost wholly one of water rights, says the New York World.

Treatment of Seed Oats.

It is now considered as a settled fact that the smut of oats may be absolutely prevented by treating the seed according to the Jensen plan. This is simply to immerse the seed oats in hot water for a short time, by which every smut spore is destroyed and a crop free from disease is insured. No expense is involved and but slight labor. All that is to be done is to soak the seed oats for ten minutes in water at a temperature of nearly 135 degrees—not much more or less—and then spread them where they can drain and dry as rapidly as possible. Use a thermometer to insure the right temperature, which may be regulated by adding hot or cold water, as is required.

Pure Clover Seed.

Fortunate is the farmer who grows his own clover seed and on clean land. Otherwise he is liable to have a crop of weeds as well as clover. No one ought to purchase clover seed without first testing it with a microscope and ascertaining if it is free from weed seeds.

And now comes the report that there is in the market adulterated clover seed, the extraneous matter being quartz rock ground up and colored to imitate clover seed.

Odds and Ends.

A Wisconsin farmer says that timothy has no place in a permanent pasture. He also says that no permanent pasture should be without white clover.

It is told in a bulletin from the Utah station that sowing lucern, timothy or clover in a young orchard should be discouraged.

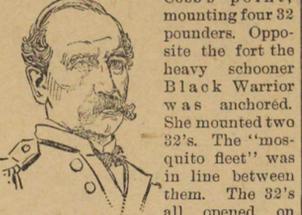
It is proposed in Kansas to adopt the plan of subirrigation as far as practical. There are about 80 species of honeysuckle, and many of them are desirable for hedge purposes.

Kansas prairie hay has made a place for itself in the markets on account of its superior excellence.

The cheapest feed this year over a wide section of country is cottonseed meal.

Dashing Into the Enemy.

Feb. 10, 1862, was the date of a naval affair known in war history as the capture of Elizabeth City, N. C. It was not of great importance except as it extended the area of Burnside's conquest at Roanoke. But it brought about the liveliest half hour's helter skelter fighting imaginable for battles on water. After the taking of Roanoke the Confederate "mosquito fleet" ran away through Albemarle sound to a refuge in Pasquotank river just below Elizabeth City. The Union commodore, Rowan, quickly gave chase with his nondescript flotilla, consisting of 12 vessels rigged for war purposes out of old ferryboats, tugs and river steamers. Regardless of hidden obstructions or torpedoes, the gallant commander pushed on and found the Confederates in line behind a fort on



ADMIRAL ROWAN.

Cobb's point, mounting four 32 pounders. Opposite the fort the heavy schooner Black Warrior was anchored. She mounted two 32's. The "mosquito fleet" was in line between them. The 32's all opened on Rowan's ships at long range, but he steamed boldly up and at a half mile ran up on the masthead of the flagship the signal, "Dash into the enemy!" Crowding on all steam and firing as they went, the Union captains sailed in. The Black Warrior fired a few rounds and then burst into flames. The gunners of the fort ran away, and by the time a naval crew got there to take their places their friends and enemies were so hopelessly mixed that they dare not fire a shot for fear of hurting their own people. The Confederate flagship Seabird started to fly away, but the Commodore Perry—fitly named—with the heroic Flusser on the bridge, ran her down and sunk her. Five out of six vessels were captured or destroyed. The hero of the day was Gunner's Mate John Davis of the Valley City. A Confederate shell tore its way into the gunroom and set the woodwork on fire. Davis had been serving powder from an open barrel, and with the flames darting about and sparks flying in all directions he threw himself across the opening of the barrel head, covering it with his body until the fire had been subdued.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

Fighting For Acadia.

Feb. 11, 1747, is noted in colonial annals as the date of a desperate struggle between New England colonists and the French in Acadia. Bands of New Englanders, numbering when united about 600, had made their way to Minas, where they were lodging in the houses of the settlers waiting for the opening of spring to commence a campaign and expel the French. In the height of the Canadian winter 350 French, led by De Villers, marched across the snow and ice from Cumberland, a marvelous journey of seventeen days. When warning reached the New Englanders at Minas, they refused to believe that the French could stand the rigor of a winter's march.

Arriving at Minas, De Villers told off ten detachments to attack the first ten houses. It was after midnight and snowing at the time, so that the sentinels on guard could not see the assailants until they were within rifle range. The French dashed through the fire, killed the sentinels and forced in doors and windows with axes. The leader of the New Englanders, Colonel Noble, arose from his bed, and with his officers fought until overpowered and killed. Noble, his brother and three others fell together. In this attack 70 of the New Englanders were killed, 60 wounded and 70 captured. The French lost 7 killed and 14 wounded. De Villers was shot through the arm. Next day the defenders of the remaining houses made several sorties to recover the ground, but finding themselves out off from their ship and stores, with only a day's food and eight rounds of ammunition in hand, capitulated. They were allowed to march out with the honors of war and return to Boston.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

A Rehearsal For Waterloo.

Feb. 14, 1814, Napoleon fought the allies at Vau-champs, covering marked by one of those strange prophetic episodes so common in the life of the man of destiny. The chief actors in it were Grouchy and Blucher, loser and victor in the side game which decided Waterloo. Blucher was beaten at Vau-champs, and Napoleon sent Grouchy, with 3,000 horse, to sweep around to his rear and block the road of retreat. At sundown Grouchy's line of sabers stretched across the road where it ascended a slight eminence, completely hemming in the retreating columns. Within a few days Blucher had lost 15,000 men and 27 cannon in hopeless battles. In despair he rode along the French front, hoping that a shot from Grouchy's carabineers would spare him the disgrace of surrendering. Aroused at last, he placed the few remaining cannon at the head of a column and ordered it to march in close mass upon the French cavalry. Grouchy had no artillery, and after waiting for the enemy to expend his best shots charged up to the muzzles of the guns. It was a useless sacrifice. The horsemen recoiled, and Blucher marched steadily on with his main column, sacrificing, however, the detachments on the flanks. Grouchy, in desperation, rode fearlessly into the enemy's ranks, sabering the Germans right and left. Blucher got through, effected a junction with reserves, and reaching Paris compelled Napoleon to yield the empire. Had either of the great marshals been killed, what of the event which turned the scale at Waterloo? GEORGE L. KILMER.

A Story of Lord Nelson.

Feb. 14 is the anniversary of one of England's famous naval battles where Nelson first displayed heroism—Cape St. Vincent, 1797. Sir John Jervis' fleet of 15 sail lay at the cape when Nelson joined him from Gibraltar, bringing news of a Spanish fleet of 27 sail under Admiral De Cordova hovering near. The Spaniards were sailing in two divisions, but on sighting the English hastened to unite. Sir John boldly drove his fleet into the opening, compelling the Spanish rear division to retreat. When the English had passed, however, the Spaniards bore up to recover ground, but Nelson, disobeying the admiral's orders to keep on, turned with the Captain and attacked the whole rear line vessel by vessel. He carried the Captain through, but with her wheel shot away, foremast overboard, rigging torn and ammunition used up. There was nothing to do but board the nearest antagonist, the San Nicholas. Nelson led the boarders, and while fighting on the decks and in the cabins of the San Nicholas the party was opened upon with pistols and muskets from the San Josef alongside. Calling men from the Captain to hold the prize, he leaped to the deck of the San Josef, followed by a crew of tried followers from his old ship Agamemnon. The San Josef yielded, giving Nelson two prizes out of five gathered in in five hours' hard fighting. The English lost 400 and won. The Spaniards lost 1,000 and ran away.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

Saving the Day at Donelson.

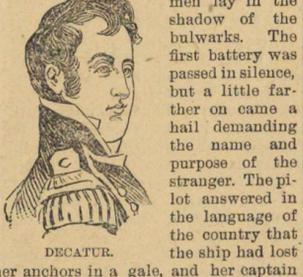
Feb. 15, 1862, decided the fate of the Confederates at Fort Donelson. Finding themselves completely hemmed in, the garrison made a desperate sortie and opened a road of retreat. Grant, after looking the ground over, exclaimed, "The position must be retaken." A column was formed, with General C. F. Smith's division on the left and Lew Wallace's on the right. The ground in front of Smith was covered with abatis, which, his men declared, "looked too thick for a rabbit to get through." Smith rode in front of the center, erect as if on review, a bold target for the Confederate sharpshooters. A soldier, describing the charge, said, "I was nearly scared to death, but I saw the old man's white mustache over his shoulder and went ahead." At the abatis the men fell in rows. The fire was awful, and seeing some wavering Smith put his cap on his sword, swung it high in the air and shouted: "No flinching now, my lads. Come on!" Picking a path among the trees, the men followed after their gallant chief up the hill and planted their colors on the breastworks—the flags of the Second, Seventh and Fourteenth Iowa and Twenty-fifth Indiana.

Wallace's division was led by the Eleventh Indiana zouaves and the Eighth Missouri under Colonel Morgan L. Smith. Colonel Smith lit a cigar and guided his men up the ascent, deploying to cover the entire front and cheering as they went. Under the crest there was a slight halt. Smith's cigar had been shot away in the climb, and taking out another he called for a match. One was handed him by a soldier. "Thank you," said he. "Take your place now. We are almost up." The men began loading and firing, and after a brief struggle on the crest, ended by the rushing of Wallace's supporting brigades, the whole line moved forward, driving the enemy back from the coveted ridge.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

Decatur at Tripoli.

Feb. 16, 1804, was the date of Decatur's gallant act in the harbor of Tripoli, the destruction of the American naval frigate Philadelphia, at that time a prize of war in the hands of the enemy. The captive was lying, fully manned and armed by the Tripolitans, under the guns of the pasha's castle, the neighboring forts and a flotilla of galleys. Decatur volunteered to board her from the decks of the Intrepid, a ship modeled after the Tripolitan vessels. Lawrence, McDonough and Charles Morris, a boy of 19, were of the party. Sailing up in the afternoon, with her men, disguised as Maltese, showing themselves on deck, the Intrepid reached the outer batteries about dark without alarming the enemy. Decatur stood beside the Maltese pilot, and the men lay in the shadow of the bulwarks. The first battery was passed in silence, but a little farther on came a hail demanding the name and purpose of the stranger. The pilot answered in the language of the country that the ship had lost



DECATUR.

her anchors in a gale, and her captain wished to run a hawser to the frigate Philadelphia and lie by her for the night. The captain of the Philadelphia consented and sent off a boat with a hawser. Decatur quickly did the same, and the boats met midway between the vessels, joined the ends of their hawsers and separated. Then the crew of the Intrepid noiselessly drew their vessel close up to the captive. As she grated alongside the watchman on the Philadelphia cried out, "Americanos!" Decatur was ready and sang out, "Board!" With Morris he sprang to the hostile deck, followed by his crew. The Tripolitans fled in a panic to the forward deck, and Decatur formed his men to charge. With one dash the enemy was scattered, some cut down while resisting, some captured and others driven over the rail. Details from the ranks of the captors then passed around the ship, and at signals from Decatur she was set on fire fore and aft.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

Insist on ARM AND HAMMER SODA in packages. BEWARE of imitation trade marks and labels. Costs no more than inferior package soda—never spoils the flour, keeps soft, and is universally acknowledged purest in the world. Made only by CHURCH & CO., New York. Sold by grocers everywhere. Write for Arm and Hammer Book of valuable Recipes—FREE.

Commissioners' Notice. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Daniel Donovan, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the late residence of said deceased, in the township of Northfield, in the County of Washtenaw, Michigan, on the 22nd day of July next, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

PATENTS. CLAIMS, TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS. CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to O. Z. CROSBY, who has had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.

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Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court of the County of Washtenaw, made on the fourth day of January A. D. 1885, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of George L. Duer, late of said County, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the fifteenth day of April, next, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on the fifteenth day of April, and on the fifteenth day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court of the County of Washtenaw, made on the 25th day of December A. D. 1894, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Nelson Sutherland, late of said County, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 25th day of June next, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on the 25th day of June next, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

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SWEET CAPORAL. ABSOLUTELY PURE THE OLD RELIABLE SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTE. Has stood the Test of Time MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED.

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END APPROACHING

Of the Notable Case Against Harry Hayward.

DEFENSE ABOUT READY TO CLOSE.

But the Trial Likely to Run Over Into Next Week—Proof That Adry Hired a Rig the Night Harry Was Held Up and Robbed—Wilson Makes a Charge Against One of Harry's Attorneys—Popular Sym. pathy Exhibited.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 28.—When the court trying the Hayward case adjourned yesterday afternoon Erwin said he expected to conclude his evidence by noon today. Nye's closing will probably come in Monday or Tuesday at the farthest. He will talk all of one day and perhaps more. Erwin expects to use a part of two days, so the case can hardly go to the jury before some time next week. The most exciting part of the court session yesterday was in the afternoon when Erwin made a final effort to get in his expert testimony regarding the alleged insanity of Adry Hayward. Again Erwin and the court held long arguments, and when it was over the attorney had managed to get before the jury the fact that several members of Adry's family had been insane; that a local physician had prescribed for a member of the family for insanity, and that he held that Adry had been the victim of insane delusions for years.

Wilson Charges Attempt to Bribe. The court stated that the attorney might try to prove total insanity by any act at any time, but not partial. The intense public feeling against the defendant was shown during the argument. Once when the court sat down upon Mr. Erwin in a more than usually forcible manner and ruled out the evidence, the crowd, composed for the most part of women, broke into wild applause and the court became angered. The evidence of the day was mostly confined to picking up shreds of testimony and fitting it in corroboration of former witnesses. The only exception was in the case of M. D. Wilson, who threw a shell into the camp of the defense again, by stating that Attorney Sweetser, of the defense, had virtually approached him with an offer of money if he would change his evidence.

Some of the Facts Brought Out. Sweetser denied it most emphatically afterward, and it will be left with the jury which to believe. Nye brought out the fact that Miss Waechter, the stenographer who had startled the state with the assertion that Blixt had said that he and Adry put up the job to kill Miss Gine, had been employed in Sweetser's office since her testimony was given. Harry Gilbert with Gosman, the liverman, brought the record of the stable to show that Harry hired a horse there the night of the hold-up at 9 o'clock, and returned it within an hour. He showed that Harry had a rig there several times that week.

Adry Also Hired a Rig. One of the incidents of the testimony was when Fred Horst, of the postoffice delivery stable swore that Adry Hayward hired a horse at 4 p. m. on the date when Harry was held up last April and returned it at 10:30. This would have given him time to take part in the hold-up of his brother and Harry was driving. The defense expects to show by other witnesses that Adry was seen near the scene of the robbery that night.

Some More Mob Demonstrations. There was an incident out of the ordinary as the prisoner was being taken from the court room to the jail. There was the usual crowd and while he was passing some one from the outside threw into the road a noose made of evergreens. The prisoner walked over it, but appeared not to notice what it was.

CANCELED THE HALL CONTRACT.

Lessees of the Savannah Masonic Temple Think Discretion Better Than Valor. SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 28.—The board of managers of the Young Men's Hebrew association, which has the lease of the hall in Masonic Temple, adopted resolutions cancelling the contract for the hall with Slattery, the ex-priest. The resolution states this action was taken as Slattery's language is calculated to incite to riot endangering the lives and property of the citizens of Savannah. There has been no renewed trouble.

Feeling runs high and Slattery received assurances from many sources that he should be protected at his lecture by citizens regardless of police or military. Savannah's good name is held to be at stake and many citizens express a determination that it shall not be said that freedom of speech is suppressed here. Slattery made formal application for permits for his wife and himself to lecture and Mayor Myers granted them.

About 1 o'clock yesterday morning four three-story buildings at Farm and Margaret streets were blown up. The explosion wrecked them completely. Unsuccessful efforts were made during the day to burn the Masonic Temple. The police have a long list of names of leaders of the rioters, and they will be arrested as rapidly as possible. One of the leaders in the police court insulted and defied the recorder, and was sent to jail for thirty days for contempt.

During the afternoon Slattery and his wife went to Masonic Hall where a large crowd of women had collected to hear Mrs. Slattery lecture. A guard of police was along, but the hall was closed in accordance with the decision of the lessees. Mrs. Slattery then went to her hotel, where hundreds of women called on her, and she held a reception. There is but one general expression of opinion among Americans, and that is that Slattery shall lecture if he desires if it takes the whole military force and the citizens to protect him. He will lecture at Odd Fellows' hall tonight.

Million Dollar Fire at Halifax. HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 28.—Several firemen were hurt, but none seriously, in the fire that broke out in the government immigration building at the deep-water terminus. It swept away all the large sheds along the wharves and destroyed their contents, the loss aggregating \$1,000,000, the Dominion government being the heaviest loser.

Denied a Labor Union's Request. BUFFALO, Feb. 28.—The attorney general has denied the application of the Central Labor union, of New York, for leave to begin proceedings to dissolve the Standard oil corporation on the grounds that it is a monopoly. The case has been pending for some time.

WARING SPEAKS HIS MIND.

Mayor Strong's Street Commissioner on the Knights of Labor.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—George E. Waring, commissioner of street cleaning, some days ago received a letter from district assembly No. 49, Knights of Labor, telling him of the resolutions adopted by the Knights of Labor, calling on Mayor Strong to remove the commissioner from office. To this letter Commissioner Waring has sent the following: "As various bodies of 'knights' and others seem likely to be recurring to the subject, it might be settled as well now as at any other time. I regard your organization as being an anti-labor organization, opposed to workingmen, and opposed to work; an association carried on in the interest of idleness.

"I believe its chief cause of existence to be that you leaders may earn your salaries by making mischief. I shall, therefore, oppose every movement emanating from you with which my official work brings me in contact until I see some evidence on the part of the Knights of Labor and labor unions of an interest in the workingmen and in the industrial interests of the community. I have no opposition to the employment of citizens, but I am opposed to the infliction of the burdens on workingmen and their cost to the people that the infamous conduct of 'organized labor' has caused."

COSTLY FIRE AT CHICAGO.

Accompanied by a Panic in Which a Dozen Girls Are Wounded.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—Fire destroyed Kaestner & Co.'s big machinery plant on South Jefferson street and half of the Crane Elevator works, together with half a dozen residence buildings. When the alarm was sounded the 300 girls employed in the building of the Lancaster Caramel company, nearby, broke into a panic and rushed down the stairs from the upper floors.

No one was killed. Among the injured, none of whom were fatally hurt, are Etta Goldman, Emma Kusick, Bessie Palzic, and Agnes McIntyre. These four were badly cut and bruised. Altogether about a dozen were hurt. The loss to Kaestner & Co. is about \$350,000; to Crane, \$80,000; to Friedlander & Brady, knit goods, \$100,000, and to various other firms and private owners, \$78,000, pretty well insured.

Legislation for Wisconsin People.

MADISON, Feb. 28.—In the assembly Hanson introduced a joint resolution by request favoring annexation of Canada. The dairy and food committee reported favorably on the bill to regulate the sale of dairy products. The substitute black-list bill was again laid over. In the senate the bill to refund to school districts interest in excess of 4 per cent. paid on loans was passed by a strict party vote. A bill granting permission to the women of Wisconsin to place a statue in the capitol park was passed. The bill relating to printing tax lists providing that where the number of descriptions exceeds 4,000 the publication shall be let by contract was killed.

Donnelly to Edit His Paper.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 28.—The Representative, Ignatius Donnelly's paper, will announce a change in its management this week. Donnelly has assumed entire editorial charge of the paper. He assigns as a reason that he has more unoccupied time on his hands than usual, and that the stringency in financial circles demands retrenchment in the management of the paper. Robert Eckford has retired as business manager and is succeeded by W. C. Lewis. Donnelly will hereafter devote his time to the paper.

Rodgers Disclaims the Language.

St. Louis, Feb. 28.—Director Rodgers, of the American Railway Union, who addressed the Trades assembly at Waltham hall Sunday, said: "The published account of what was said at Waltham hall did me an injustice in alleging that I declared myself a revolutionist and defied the courts. I am before the courts now under indictment, and I would not prejudice my cause by such a rash remark. Further than this I am not and never was a revolutionist. The words of Mr. Phelan were mistaken for mine."

The Law of Marriage in Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, Feb. 28.—Assistant Attorney General Newell has rendered an official opinion that males of 17 years and females over 14 may be lawfully married and live as husband and wife without the consent of their parents, although they could probably not procure a license to marry without their parents' consent. He says that a marriage without a license would be legal and binding, but the law would punish the minister, judge or justice who performed the ceremony.

Lawmaking in Michigan.

LANSING, Feb. 28.—Bills passed the house providing for the incorporation of the city of Petoskey; for a jury commission for Bay county, and for organization of clubs of American wheelmen. The senate in committee of the whole agreed to bills requiring a deposit of \$50,000 of the guaranty fund of fraternal beneficiary associations with the state treasurer; for the reorganization of the Detroit Fire and Marine Insurance company, and prohibiting marriage between first cousins.

Fight with a Bandit Gang.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Feb. 28.—A telegram from Checotah, I. T., is received here stating that Detective Sam Farmer and party have had a fight with the Ben Hughes gang of train robbers, in which Hughes was captured, one of his men wounded, and Snakehead, an Indian scout of Farmer's party, killed. Hughes and his gang are the men who robbed the Pacific express car at Thurber Junction last October.

Reception to General Booth.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—General William Booth was tendered a monster reception previous to his departure for Europe. The Carnegie Music hall, where the reception was given, was packed to overflowing by those who desired to wish the eminent Salvationist a pleasant and safe voyage. General Booth in his opening remarks told how the army had its beginning. He also reviewed the work of the Salvation Army in the United States.

Dairymen in Council at Rockford.

ROCKFORD, Ills., Feb. 28.—The session of the National Butter and Cheese Makers' convention was given over largely to reading papers and discussion of matters of interest to dairymen. Peter Berie, of Forest City, Ia., read a paper on the duties of the manager; J. T. Harris, of Owatonna, Minn., on the duties of the butter-maker, and J. W. Segar, of Peatonica, Ills., on the future of co-operative creameries.

STREET RAILWAYS IN ENGLAND.

How Birmingham Looks Closely After the Interests of Her Citizens.

George Francis Train's famous attempts to introduce tramways in the British towns in 1860 did not neglect Birmingham, says Dr. Albert Shaw in his "Municipal Government in Great Britain." Mr. Train was granted an experimental concession, which he failed to utilize, and in 1861 the corporation itself obtained parliamentary authority to build tramways. But nothing was done until after the general tramways act of 1870 was passed.

At length, in 1873, the council laid the first line at a cost of \$75,000 and leased it for seven years to an operating company. From time to time other lines have been built and leased, but the corporation's limits included only 8,400 acres until Nov. 9, 1891, when they were increased to 12,365 acres by the annexation of suburbs then containing some 50,000 people. Thus when the corporation's street railway system was under construction the average distance from the center to the circumference of Birmingham was only two miles, and 22 miles of tram lines are the total extent of the municipal ownership. Outside of the city's jurisdiction the operating companies have extended the lines by a still greater mileage. In the future undoubtedly these extensions will be acquired by the Birmingham corporation at a fair valuation, in accordance with the methods prescribed in the general tramways act. The present municipal lines are operated in part by horse power and in part by steam, with cable and electricity also introduced on certain routes.

The terms of rental are worthy of mention: 1. The leasing companies agree to pay 4 per cent on the full municipal investment for the first 14 years of the lease and 5 per cent for the remaining seven years. 2. The companies also pay an annual sum which at compound interest will accumulate a fund equal to the whole capital outlay at the end of the 21 years' lease. It is calculated and agreed that 4 per cent for 14 years and 5 per cent for the remaining seven years will suffice to raise the full amount of capital. Meanwhile also the companies pay all current charges for repairs and maintenance of the lines upon receiving bills certified by the city surveyor. It should be remembered that Birmingham is able to borrow at very low rates, and it is clear that these terms are profitable to the municipality. At the end of the 21 years the earning value of the franchises will have increased, and new leases can be executed on terms still more advantageous to the city. But while Birmingham has thus protected the ratepayers so handsomely it has accomplished even more in the guarding of the interests of the traveling public. Every detail as to rates of fare and character of service is described in the bylaws and regulations that the companies have to accept. The minuteness of the requirements touching duties and conduct of drivers and conductors, furnishing and lighting of cars and so on would amaze an American community.

Hearing and Seeing Plants Grow.

There are several ways of rendering the growth of plants both audible and visible, but the modus operandi in the "latest improved" experiments is as follows: In order to make the growth of a very vigorous plant visible, a fine platinum wire should be carefully attached to the growing part. The other end of this wire should be attached to a pencil pressing gently against a drum which is being driven by clock work. If the growth be uniform a straight line is marked on the paper, but the very slightest increase is shown by inclined tracing.

A slight modification of this arrangement renders the growth audible. In this experiment the drum must be covered with platinum foils of a certain width and separated from each other by spaces of about one-eighth of an inch.

These strips of platinum should be made to complete the circuit of a galvanic battery, to which an electric bell is attached. In this case the bell is kept continually ringing while the plant is growing the height of the width of the strips used and is silent while the pointer is passing over the spaces between the strips of metal. The growing of corn may be heard direct by means of the microphone, and there are those who declare that they have heard it without any artificial assistance whatever.—St. Louis Republic.

Two Savory Supper Dishes.

Cheese puffs are made by taking an equal quantity of grated cheese and bread crumbs, writes Elizabeth Robinson Scovill in The Ladies' Home Journal. Soak the bread crumbs in as much milk as they will absorb. To each pint of crumbs allow 2 eggs. Season with salt and not pepper. Place alternate layers of cheese and bread crumbs in a baking dish, add the eggs and bake about 15 minutes. Serve as soon as the dish is taken from the oven.

Cut thin slices of bread about three inches square, heap them with grated cheese, taking care not to spread it within an eighth of an inch of the edges of the square. Place them in a pan and put them in a quick oven.

Red Topped Boots.

"When I was a boy," said a middle aged man, "everybody, men and boys, too, used to wear boots. Who does not remember the pride and joy of the small boy over his first pair of boots with red tops? What delight of early youth is there now to equal it? The first pair of suspenders is all very well, but what is there like the first pair of red top boots?"—New York Sun.

Saves Time.

"Are you doing anything for that cold?" asked Raynor. And Shyne handed him a card inscribed as follows: "I'm taking the advice of every blamed fool that comes along with a remedy. What's yours?"—Chicago Tribune.

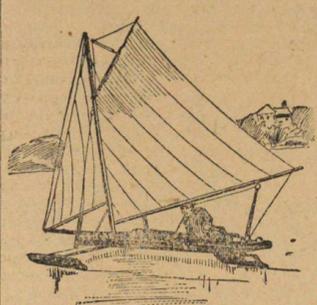
FOR LITTLE FOLKS.

BOYS' ICEBOATS.

The Young People Have Their Share of Fun on the Frozen Shrewsbury.

A Red Bank (N. J.) correspondent of the Philadelphia Times says: Ice yachting on the North Shrewsbury river has become a sport of considerable importance, and the past few years have developed many new ideas in the building and rigging of the fleet craft.

While the men are sailing their big yachts the boys are on hand with craft of their own make. The boys of the town have a club and a little clubhouse and own not less than 15 yachts, some of them built in the most approved manner, but more of them put together roughly and making anything but a thing of beauty. Still they sail, and that is good enough for the boy who builds them. Any Saturday when the school children are on hand to swell the crowd of skaters and spectators it is worth one's time to carefully look over the crowd and note what is taking place.



A man with a patent popcorn machine on wheels is popping corn and selling it as fast as he can get it in bags and take the money. Hot coffee is also on sale. Fancy skaters glide about here and there, each with a crowd of admirers. The big brother is pushing his little sister about on a sled, and ladies in chair sleds are being pushed about by admirers, who are only too glad of the opportunity to be put to such task. Rich, poor, black and white, well dressed or in rags, everybody is out, and all are happy. Now and then a small boy in a hurry bumps into some richly clad damsel. Both go flat on their backs, but it's all right. Anywhere else the boy would certainly be arrested, but on the ice everything goes.

An Alligator's Lesson In Etiquette.

Tabby, the cat, manifested great curiosity, not unmixed with jealousy, when Beelzebub, the alligator, was installed as a family pet. And she acquired the unkind habit of walking up to him at every opportunity and showing her displeasure by deliberately cuffing him with her paw. Then she would retire, showing evident satisfaction, as if she had performed a duty.

This was done once too often, for Beelzebub had evidently harbored in his memory her former insults, and this last one proved too much for his injured spirit. His eyes flashed with a yellowish light, and when Tabby was walking away he scrambled after her, seized her tail and clung to it viciously. This frightened the bully, and she started on a race around the room, taking aerial flights over chairs and tables, with Beelzebub desperately clinging to her tail. When we released the panic stricken Tabby, we were surprised to find that Beelzebub was none the worse for his wild experience, and with widely distended jaws he breathed a general defiance, but Tabby had received a lesson, and she never molested Beelzebub again.—St. Nicholas.

A Boy's Conscience.

Every boy, no matter how hasty or wrong headed he may seem, has in his heart a teacher who can always show him the way to do right if he will listen to what it tells him. Where the voice comes from or who gave it power to speak in a boy's heart one cannot say here. But it is there, and although he may refuse to listen to the voice of his mother or to any outside voice telling him of the right and wrong of his actions, he cannot altogether disregard the still, small voice which is always with him and which sometimes he cannot refuse to hear. Perhaps the voice may be very faint at first, but if we try to listen it will surely come and speak louder and clearer in the heart of every boy who wishes to find a higher, better way than he has ever known before.—New York World.

Children as Reporters.

The Chicago Tribune offers daily prizes for the best written genuine news originating with a pupil of the public schools, written out and sent in. All other acceptable matter that does not win the prize is paid for at space rates. Each child has to furnish news, or at least ideas not previously used. Each item is headlined in newspaper style. The length varies from half a "stickful" to three or four "sticks." Each is signed by the writer. It is a thoroughly creditable feature of the paper, readable and worthy older heads.—Journal of Education.

Rob's Mittens.

Our Rob has mittens new and red, To keep his hands so warm and nice When making snowballs, building forts And sliding on the ice.

One morning, coming in from play, His dear face pinker than a rose, "Please, mamma!" cried he, "can't you knit for my nose?"

—Shirley Haynes in Youth's Companion.

Heroines.

Little Dick—Mamma was reading something about a heroine. What's a heroine?

Little Dot—I don't know 'xactly, but I guess it's a girl w'at puts out the light and then gets into bed wifout pulling her feet in quick.—Good News.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, ANN ARBOR, MICH., Feb. 28, 1895. Adjourned session. Called to order by President Wines. Roll called. Quorum present. Absent—Ald. Bodmer, Wood and Ferguson.

PETITIONS.

To the Common Council: The undersigned, your petitioners, would respectfully represent to your honorable body that they are the owners of lots 1 and 2, block 4, south range, 21st in said city. That sometime in the year 1892 the Board of Public Works made a contract in writing with your petitioners to purchase the gravel on said lots. Said board agreeing to pay therefor the sum of \$250 and lower the corner stone on said premises and replace the stone foundation under the same. Afterwards said written contract was thrown up by the consent of both parties and an oral contract made between the parties by which \$250 was to be paid for the gravel and the city leave the lots graded off in good condition and grade and build the sidewalk on Ashley street. Afterwards when notice was served on your petitioners to build a sidewalk on Ashley street, they called the attention of Mr. Sutherland, the street commissioner, to the fact that the city was to build the sidewalk, he answered that it would be all right, that the city would build the walk. The city did build the walk and your petitioners were not aware until a few weeks ago when they went to pay their taxes that the expense of building the walk was charged to them and added to their taxes.

Your petitioners therefore pray that your honorable body remit such tax and hold your petitioners harmless on account of the same. PHILIP JACOB VISKE, LOUISA VISKE.

Ann Arbor, Feb. 25th, 1895. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Report of special committee, to whom was referred the matter of the cases brought against the city by Spencer Crawford, Elizabeth Wolpert, Mary Dengler, Jacob Dengler, George Dengler and Henry Dengler, for damages on account of the cutting down of North Fifth avenue, beg leave to submit the following report, in view of the fact that no grade had been established on said avenue before the excavation of the same. We therefore recommend that the sum of \$400 be appropriated from the street fund and paid to Chas. H. Kline, attorney for the above plaintiffs as full satisfaction for all damages, claims and costs of said suits.

The report was adopted as follows: Yeas—Ald. Wagner, Martin, Allmendinger, Snyder, Brown, Manly, Taylor, Kitson, Prettyman, President Wines. —10.

Nays—None.

Ald. Prettyman moved that Chapter II. of the proposed charter be stricken out.

Adopted.

Ald. Manly moved that Chapter III. be recommended stricken out.

Adopted.

Ald. Manly moved that Chapter IV. be recommended passed.

Adopted.

Ald. Prettyman moved that the words "President of the Council" be inserted after the word "Mayor," in line 1, section 1, of Chapter V.

Adopted.

Ald. Wagner excused.

Ald. Martin moved that the words "Police Justice" be stricken out in line 3, section 1, Chapter V.

Adopted.

Ald. Kitson moved that "Supervisor" be inserted after "Aldermen" in section 2, Chapter V.

Adopted.

Ald. Prettyman moved that the Common Council request Representative Kempf to use his influence to defeat the bill for the reincorporation of certain cities as cities of the third class.

The motion prevailed as follows: Yeas—Ald. Martin, Allmendinger, Brown, Taylor, Kitson, Prettyman, President Wines.—7.

Nays—Ald. Snyder, Manly.—2.

Ald. Manly moved that the Common Council request Representative Kempf to move the striking out of all of the above bill after the enacting clause.

The motion prevailed as follows: Yeas—Ald. Martin, Allmendinger, Snyder, Brown, Manly, Taylor, Kitson, Prettyman, President Wines.—9.

Nays—None.

By Ald. Manly: Resolved, That a committee of three (of which the mayor shall be chairman) be appointed to visit Lansing at such time or times as shall be necessary, and to use all honorable means to have the city charter amended, so as to comply with the proposed amendments, as adopted by this council, and necessary expenses to be paid by the city. Further resolved that the said committee use all honorable means to cause the defeat of the bill now pending before the Legislature, known as a bill to provide for the reincorporation of certain cities as cities of third class.

Upon Ald. Brown's objection the resolution went over until next meeting.

By Ald. Allmendinger: Resolved, That the action taken by the Council at its last regular meeting in regard to Prof. Charles E. Greene's salary be reconsidered.

Adopted as follows: Yeas—Ald. Martin, Allmendinger, Snyder, Brown, Kitson, Prettyman, President Wines.—7.

Nays—Ald. Manly, Taylor.—2.

The following was the motion considered at the regular meeting of the Common Council of Feb. 4, 1895: "Ald. Bodmer moved that the claim of Charles E. Greene against the city of \$500 for services as consulting engineer be allowed."

Ald. Manly objected to the consideration of the motion under Rule 20 of the "Rules of the Common Council."

Ald. Taylor offered the following as a substitute to the motion:

By Ald. Taylor: In consideration of the many services rendered to the City of Ann Arbor by Prof. Chas. E. Greene in his capacity of civil engineer, be it resolved, that the sum of \$500 be paid from the sewer fund to said Chas. E. Greene in full for all services to date.

The substitute prevailed as follows: Yeas—Ald. Martin, Allmendinger, Snyder, Brown, Manly, Taylor, Kitson, Prettyman, President Wines.—9.

Nays—None.

GLEN V. MILLS, City Clerk.

Manchester.

Prof. Evan Essery and wife entertained the senior class at their home last Wednesday evening.

Wm. Lehr, Eugene Kirchgessner and Mrs. N. Schmid went to Adrian Wednesday to attend the funeral of Mr. Chas. Arnold.

Herbert Leon Cope, a student of Albion college, and formerly of this place, visited friends in town over Sunday. Mr. Cope expects to give an entertainment in the near future and no doubt it will be well attended, as all that are acquainted with him know of his ability as an elocutionist.

The Alpha Sigma held a meeting in the high school chapel last Monday evening, which was well attended.

Albert Aylesworth, who has been living in town the past three years, is moving back on the farm.

The dance at Arbeiter hall, on Washington's birthday, was largely attended and was a very pleasant affair.

Mr. and Mrs. Schultz went to Adrian, Wednesday, to spend a few days, visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hengle, of Fort Wayne, visited his parents over Sunday.

Presiding Elder Davis, of Ypsilanti, expected to preach at the M. E. church last Sunday evening, but as he did not return from Sharon in time to do so. Mr. H. L. Cope conducted the services.

A number of young people from Saline, Jackson, Brooklyn and Clinton attended the dance at Arbeiter hall last Friday evening.

Miss Bertha Lehn, who for the past week has been on the sick list, is recovering.

The twelve delegates drove to Ann Arbor last Tuesday to attend the democratic convention.

Miss Louise Allmendinger, who had been cashier in Walter C. Mack's store, has returned to Ann Arbor.

Misses Edith Kapp, Edith Case and Jennie Campbell spent Feb. 22 at home, returning to Ypsilanti, Saturday.

Messrs. Fred Burtless and Gust Kuhl, of Ann Arbor, spent a few days in town visiting their parents.

The Union Savings bank has moved into the new bank.

Mr. Howard Macomber who has been on a business trip the past week, returned home Tuesday.

A number of ladies belonging to the Eastern Star went to Tecumseh last Thursday evening to attend a reception given by the Eastern Stars of that place.

Miss Julia Kirchofer closes the winter term of school in the Short district, Friday.

February 27 was Longfellow's birthday and the high school held appropriate exercises.

Miss Julia Schoettle went to Blissfield last Thursday, to spend a few days visiting Mr. and Mrs. Chris Marx.

Miss Kittie Hogan, of Clinton, spent Sunday visiting her friend, Miss Blanche Stark.

Miss Margaret Blosser is the happy possessor of a new beautiful upright piano.

The W. R. C. will have a box social at their rooms next Tuesday evening.

Miss Emma Engle, of Brooklyn, spent a few days visiting her parents.

Mrs. E. Green, of Ypsilanti, attended the funeral of her father, Mr. Carr, last Friday.

Last Friday afternoon the funeral of Mr. Elijah Carr took place. Mr. Carr was born in New Lebanon, N. Y., in 1809, and in 1832 came to Michigan. He leaves a wife and four children, namely, Mrs. Wm. Burtless, Mrs. T. J. Thorn, Mrs. E. T. Green, and Mr. Spencer E. Carr. The funeral was conducted by Manchester lodge, No. 148.

Last Saturday afternoon occurred the funeral of Mr. James Hendershott, who died last Wednesday at the age of 83 years. Within a short time four of our earliest pioneers and most respected citizens have been called to the better home.