

## TWO BARGAINS

### BARGAIN 1.

Contains about ten dozen Mother's Friend Shirt Waists for Boys, neat patterns and fast colors. The regular price is 50 cents. Until they are all sold the price will be

25 CENTS.

### BARGAIN 2.

## BOYS' WASH SUITS

At 50c, 75c, \$1 and \$1.50.

Everyone in the lot worth 33 per cent more. They are not only cool and comfortable suits for summer wear but are also economical suits. In neat stripes with large sailor collars—strictly fast colors.

We are making prices on summer weight clothing that will interest you.

**Noble's Star Clothing House**  
35 SOUTH MAIN ST.

## BIG REDUCTION

IN MEN'S AND WOMEN'S

## Tan Shoes

WAHR & MILLER,

The Shoe Men.

BUSY STORE

Schairer & Millen.

Bargain News . .

## Shirt Waist Sale

The Best Values Ever Shown.

300 Stylish Up-to-date Waists Marked Down About Half Price to Close Out.

### FIVE SPECIAL TABLES . .

. . . At 29c, 39c, 69c, 89c and \$1.

Children's Ready-Made Dimity Dresses, your choice 25c each.

### READ THE LOW PRICES WE MAKE ON DRESS SKIRTS.

- Ladies' White Duck Skirts at \$1.25 each.
- Ladies' Linen Crash Skirts at 98c each.
- Ladies' Fancy Check Skirts at \$1.25 each.
- Ladies' Black Brocade Skirts at \$1.48 each.
- Ladies' Fine Black Mohair Skirts at \$3.50 each.
- 10 Dozen Ladies' Wide Trilby Drawers made of Lonsdale Cambric, with Ruffle 5 inches deep, at 25c a pair.
- 75 Empire Night Robes at 48c each.
- 100 Silk Twill Umbrellas, the \$1.35 kind, for 98c each.
- 5 Dozen Pretty Lawn Wrappers, the \$1.50 kind, at 98c each.

A Good time to buy Table Linens.

300 Remnants and Mill Ends Bleached and Cream Table Linens at Less Than Half Price.

## SCHAIER & MILLEN

Ann Arbor's Greatest Bargain Store.

## A HORRIBLE TRAGEDY

Occurred Tuesday Morning in Bridgewater Township.

### ONE DEAD, ONE DYING

A Drunken Lothario and an Unfortunate Domestic

Meet Death From Pistol Shots.—Niles N. James Shoots Martha Miner Then Commits Suicide.—Mysterious Tragedy.

Bridgewater, one of the most staid and quiet townships of the county, with its fine farms and farmers, has been furnishing a number of sensations recently. Close upon the miniature cyclone which played havoc on Sol. Tate's fine farm, comes a horrible tragedy enacted on an adjoining farm, that of Charles Gadd, who resides four miles northeast of Clinton, consisting of an attempted murder and suicide. Martha Miner, a domestic employed by Mr. Gadd was shot by her lover, Niles N. James, familiarly known as Sam James, while in her room at about 5 o'clock Tuesday morning. James immediately turned the revolver upon himself and his death resulted instantaneously.

The tragedy was discovered by Mr. Gadd when he returned from doing his chores at the barn Tuesday morning. Not finding Miss Miner, whom he had called when he started for the barn, he again called her, with no response. Going upstairs to the room he called again and she answered in a weak voice. He asked her if she was sick and she said "yes." He asked her where she was sick and the reply was "All over." He asked if she was too sick to get up and again the weak reply came "yes." Opening the door a horrible sight met his gaze. On the bed fully dressed lay the body of James, with his legs extended straight out, and writhing on the bed, covered with blood and clad only in undergarments was the unfortunate Martha Miner. Without stopping a moment the horrified farmer quickly ran across the road to his son's house to call assistance. The neighbors quickly came but little of the details of the tragedy could be learned.

The girl was still conscious when the neighbors got there, but in agony. A portion of her brains were oozing through a revolver wound in her temple. Her eyes were almost bulging from her head and she was covered with blood. The walls were stained with blood as if she had attempted to grope her way about the room, and the bed was literally soaked with it. She lay with her head on the shoulder of the dead man but writhing and struggling in great agony. She was asked if James shot her and she said that he did and that "it was the Lord's will that done it." She remained conscious for an hour, during which time she stated that James had been concealed in the house since Saturday night.

It is supposed that the tragedy occurred while Mr. Gadd was at the barn, as no pistol shots were heard, and Mr. Gadd has a quick ear. The barn is some distance from the house. James' body was still warm. The revolver with which the deed was done lay between his arm and his side as it probably fell after he placed it close to his temple and pulled the trigger. It was a 32 calibre revolver and is believed to have belonged to the girl. Three chambers were empty, but only two shots completed the tragedy, the other chamber, it is believed, not having been loaded.

Martha Miner was 28 years of age, and had been employed by Mr. Gadd for about five weeks as his housekeeper. She was a good housekeeper and seems to have been well liked, the only thing heard against her being her infatuation for James. For several years she had resided near the Gadds, on a small farm, living alone with James. Her sisters objected strongly to this and the little property which had been left by their parents was divided among them. Martha is known to have had \$300 in the bank four months ago, and all that can now be found of hers is about \$100. James is believed to have spent the rest. He was a big good-for-nothing man, standing a full six feet high and with enormous feet. He was a painter by trade, 20 years older than the girl, and had a wife and family in Ohio, who had left him on account of his dissolute habits. He didn't work much, preferring rather to dissipate. For some time he had lived alone in a shanty in the woods not far from the scene of the tragedy.

James was about the Gadd house Saturday between 4 and 5 o'clock, and Mr. Gadd asked him in to supper. After supper he and Martha walked down the road together and he was not again seen alive by any of the Gadd families. The girl, however, stated before she became unconscious, that he had been concealed about the house, without Mr. Gadd's knowledge, since Saturday night. Sunday Mr. Gadd and the girl went to church and the girl had two of James' shirts in the wash Monday.

Dr. J. L. Tuttle, of Clinton, was

called to attend the girl. She was still alive at 7 o'clock Wednesday evening, but the doctor stated that if she lived she would be insane. The bullet was removed from her left temple Wednesday, it having passed almost entirely through her head. A medical examination showed that she was not encephalic, so that reason for the tragedy was absent.

One peculiar feature of the case is the fact that the doctor thinks two pails of water must have been thrown upon the bed. The woman had been freshly washed and her hair was wet with water, as well as blood. The bed was also soaked with other water and blood. The water pitcher in the room was full of water and there was no pail there. How did the water get on the bed? A heavy club was also found in the room. Justice James Benham impanelled a coroner's jury made up of excellent jury material and an inquest was at once held upon the body of James. Charles Gadd and his son Charles L. Gadd, Dr. J. L. Tuttle and Mary Rodgers were sworn as witnesses and the jury rendered a verdict that James came to his death by his own hand by shooting himself through the right temple with a 32-calibre revolver.

The curious may vainly speculate over the causes which led up to the tragedy. It is thought by some that instead of attempted murder and suicide, it is a case of double suicide, each having shot themselves, the same revolver being used. Under this theory the girl must have first shot herself and then James must have taken the revolver and applied it to his temple. Both shots were at the closest range and fired in about the same relative position. The shot which killed James had gone a little farther back in the head and produced instantaneous death.

Another theory advanced was that the girl, despairing of getting out of the clutches of the good-for-nothing lover, had done the shooting. Against this theory is her statement that James did the shooting and the position of the revolver when found, which lay between James' arm and side as it probably would have fallen after the last shot. The girl, in the horrible situation in which she was found, was hardly in condition to carry out a deliberate plan to put the bonus of the shooting on James.

It seems to be the general impression that the tragedy was planned between the two and the girl's expression, when asked why James shot her, that "it was the Lord's will," is one of the main props of this theory.

Still another theory is that the girl had finally made a stand against giving James any more money, he having spent nearly all her property, and that he shot her in an attempt to make her give up more money. He was apparently ready to leave at the time of the shooting, while she was evidently just getting up. He was fully dressed, his coat buttoned up and his hat on his head when the shot entered his head. In his pockets were a comb and one cent, showing the low condition of his exchequer.

James was buried in Clinton at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, Rev. D. H. Ramsdell officiating at the grave. The expenses of the funeral were guaranteed by an Ohio brother. He leaves a wife and two sons, the oldest 16 years of age, at Middlebury, Ohio.

### The "Yellow Kids" Trolley Party.

When the "Yellow Kids" gave their famous dancing party last April one of the most conspicuous banners carried by them in their grand march was "We are all the Mayor's friends." It is a feature of Mayor Hiscock's character that he does not forget his friends and when it was announced to the ladies by that gentleman that the Ypsilanti motor car was at their disposal for a trolley party, Friday evening last was selected as the date on which it should be held. At 7:15 p. m. about 50 ladies and gentlemen (mostly ladies) boarded the car at the corner of Main and Huron sts. and were rapidly whirled off to Ypsilanti. After a delightful ride they arrived at Ypsi about 8 o'clock. There dainty refreshments had been provided to which the party did ample justice. Shortly after 9 o'clock the start on the return trip was made and an impromptu dance was given in the aisle of the car, the older members of the party going through the Virginia reel much to the amusement of the younger ones who watched the performance from seats on the windows or any old place they could perch onto. The party was a success and the mayor was voted a "jolly good fellow" by all who attended it.

### Violently Insane.

Mrs. Frances Coombs, of Augusta, was brought to the county jail yesterday noon by her husband and Deputy Sheriff C. W. Greenman, suffering from an attack of dangerous insanity.

For two weeks past she has acted in a strange manner and has not tasted food since Monday. Six years ago she had a similar attack and was taken to Pontiac insane asylum, returning from there much improved. She chased the family out of doors with a club and when the officers put her into the safety cell she fought like a tiger and her screams could be heard a long distance. The unfortunate woman is 30 years of age and has five children. There is not room at the Pontiac asylum for another patient so she will have to remain in jail for safe keeping.

## IN BROAD DAYLIGHT

A Bold Thief Burglarized A. M. Clark's Residence.

### OPERA HOUSE SOLD

Will Be Improved and Have a New Manager.

A Big Fortune for Someone.—How They Save Money in Flint.—Many Divorce Suits Being Filed.—Other News.

A bold daylight robbery was committed at the residence of A. M. Clark, No. 47 S. Division st., Ann Arbor, on Saturday morning. At about 8:30 Miss Alta Clark, who was down in the cellar with her mother, heard a noise in her bedroom upstairs, and going up found a negro there. "What are you doing here?" she asked. He made no reply, but rushed out of the front door and along the street, Miss Clark following him for three blocks and yelling "stop thief!" at the top of her voice. The fellow got away however, with his plunder, which consisted of two gold watches, two gold pins and two pocket books.

The police department was notified and started in pursuit which had in the meantime been followed up by two boys on wheels along the Ypsilanti road. The Ypsilanti police were notified and the thief was captured near Carpenter's Corners by Officer Cash Warner, of Ypsilanti, with all the stolen property on his person.

It was found that his name is Louis W. Peak, a negro, who had just finished a 90 days' sentence in the Detroit house of correction for larceny. He was taken before Justice Pond Monday, and examined. He was bound over to the circuit court and in default of bail, he was remanded to jail.

The Times had the following account of Peak's sayings after he was captured:

On the way to the jail Peak said to Warner: "It is a good thing for you that you had a revolver or I would have given you a fight, or if I had a revolver I would have used it. I saw you long before you saw me. You can go back home and tell your friends that you captured as bad a coon as there is in this part of the country," and Sheriff Judson substantiated this latter statement.

"It was that young fellow on the bicycle that gave me away to you," continued Peak to Mr. Warner.

"No," said Mr. Warner, trying to evade the question.

"Yes, it was. I know who gave me away. I thought he was following me out of Ann Arbor and when he passed me up the road I had a good notion to knock him in the head, take his bicycle and go on. I wish I had now. Then that girl that screamed so up at Ann Arbor. I ought to have choked her in the house so that she could not cry and then I would have been all right. It was her yell that brought out the whole neighborhood and let them see who I was. I wish I had choked her."

### OPERA HOUSE BLOCK SOLD.

Louis J. Lisemer the Purchaser.—It Will Be Improved.

On Saturday last the opera house block, the store adjoining it and the vacant lot back of the jail now used as a wood market was sold by the W. M. White estate to L. J. Lisemer, editor of the Times and Hausfreund-Post. It is understood that the purchase price was not far from \$80,000. Mr. Lisemer will form a joint stock company after the style of the Katherine Building Co. and the Washington Building Co., which will have control of the property.

Anything that will bring a change in the management of the opera house from that which has characterized it for the past few years will be heartily endorsed by the theater going public, and it is believed that a change will result in a more liberal course being pursued in the future, and in the improvement of the house both for the comfort of those who attend it and of the actors who play in it.

### Will Change Its Telephone Connection.

When the new State Telephone Co. gets its lines in operation in this city, the offices in the court house and the county officers will have a new connection with the outside world. A representative of the company has been quietly at work for the past week or two going from one place to another, and has in that time interviewed every supervisor in the county, each and everyone of whom has pledged himself to support the action of the committee on buildings and grounds which will be taken at a meeting to be held this afternoon.

At that meeting a contract will be signed by the committee on behalf of the board of supervisors whereby separate and independent telephones will be placed in the offices of the county clerk, judge of probate, register of deeds, county treasurer and prosecuting attorney, and in the sheriff's office at the jail.

Subscribe for the Argus now.

### RAN AWAY FROM HOME

Because Her Husband Was All the Time "Nagging" Her.

Marshal Sweet received a letter Thursday night of last week from a man in Au Sable by the name of Charles W. Witter, who stated that his wife Bertha had left him July 17, taking with her their two years old daughter, and that the Bay City police had informed him that she had gone to Ann Arbor. He urged the marshal to locate his wife, who was a respectable woman as far as he knew, and declared that he was almost crazy about her disappearance.

Patrolman Armbruster located Mrs. Witter Friday morning and she was taken to police headquarters where she was questioned closely. She said that her husband had been suspicious of her and by his continually stirring up trouble had made living with him so unpleasant that she could stand it no longer. Her husband had accused her of being too familiar with a doctor who was attending her, but his assertions she said were entirely groundless. She said that she would not go back to live with Witter. The latter was wired to the effect that his wife had been found but replied saying that the marshal should do nothing but send him her address.

Mrs. Witter was advised to return home and her husband got some good wholesome advice in a letter that was sent to him.

### A BIG FORTUNE FOR SOMEONE

Who Can Prove Himself Heir of "John Smith," Deceased.

Charles Dougherty, of Ypsilanti, is advertising for the heirs of John Smith, deceased, who was born in Ypsilanti in 1840 and after becoming a young man worked at the brickmaking trade. He went to Pennsylvania in 1862, where he entered the army. After the war closed he went to the Pacific coast and from there to Arizona where he died five years ago.

There is a big fortune awaiting these heirs, according to Mr. Dougherty's story, which was made by Smith in Arizona, and no one has yet claimed it.

To the Times Mr. Dougherty said: "The fortune runs way up into the hundreds of thousands, so I am informed by the Trust Co., of which I am acting as agent in this matter. He used to live here, that is certain, and he ought to have some relatives around here or some whose whereabouts can be learned. I know there will be a lot of claimants but they must have some proof. The name being so common makes my work all the more difficult."

### How They Do Things in Flint.

While in Flint last week City Clerk Mills made a discovery which is decidedly interesting to the average taxpayer as a comparison between prices paid and amount of work accomplished. That city is doing considerable paving and fixing up of its streets and has in operation a No. 4 stone crusher of the same make as the one used in this city but it is larger than this one doing one-third more than the one here. But the striking thing about it is that it is so arranged that one man does all the work about it, while in this city there were 16 men on the payroll when it was in operation. Thus less work was done in this city for \$24 per day than was done in Flint for \$2 and \$3. In that city the crushed stone is raised out into raised bins instead of onto the ground, thus allowing the wagons to be filled without handling the stone twice. No trips are lost, for the wagons dump their loads into the crusher and then draw off another load of crushed stone. That matter is worth investigating. A saving of \$125 a week on stone crushing is considerable of an item.

### Many Divorce Suits.

Bills for divorce are coming in and being filed in the circuit court pretty fast these days and there bids fair to be a large crop of these chancery cases at the fall term of court.

Two more have been added to the list the past week. On Friday Mrs. Maria Brazee, of Ypsilanti, filed a bill for divorce from Henry Brazee, to whom she was married Dec. 21, 1860, and by whom she has seven children. In her statement she says she was compelled to leave him Dec. 9, 1895, because of his continued ill-treatment of her. She avers that he threw her out of doors, called her vile names and tried to drown one of the children.

Mrs. Belle Burnham, of Saline, sues James Burnham, a printer, for divorce, on the ground of desertion. The couple were married Feb. 26, 1893, and have one child three years old. Burnham deserted his wife just one year after they were married and has not since contributed to her support. He lives somewhere in Ohio.

### Warning to Old Soldiers.

Old soldiers throughout the country are warned to be on the lookout for a smooth tongued swindler who represents himself to be the agent for a soldier's paper published in Toledo. He approaches old veterans of the late war, and in order to get them to subscribe, he offers them as a premium a set of silver spoons or a pair of spectacles. There is no such paper published and the old veterans should be on their guard against this rank fraud.

# More

Medicinal value in a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla than in any other preparation. More skill is required, more care taken, more expense incurred in its manufacture. It costs the proprietor and the dealer but it costs the consumer less, as he gets more doses for his money. More curative power is secured by its peculiar combination, proportion and process, which make it peculiar to itself. More people are employed and more space occupied in its Laboratory than any other. More wonderful cures effected and more testimonials received than by any other. Sales and more increase year by year are reported by druggists. More people are taking Hood's Sarsaparilla today than any other, and more are taking it today than ever before. More and still more reasons might be given why you should take

# Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. \$1 per bottle. Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.

## WASHTENAWISMS.

Sylvan farmers are through harvesting. Chelsea is to have a new grocery in the near future. Dexter Congregational church is being repainted and renovated.

Vincent Gray, of Manchester, had 17 chickens killed by a mink the other night.

Some Chelsea strawberry growers have been blessed with a second crop of berries.

Perry Barber, of Chelsea, is able to be about again after a serious attack of erysipelas.

The cottages at Cavanaugh and North Lakes are all of them full of visitors these days.

Warren Nutten, of Lima, had his arm broken the other day by a kick from a horse.

Miss Libbie Rawson will teach the fall term of school in the Katner district, Bridgewater.

A new steel bridge has been placed over the river west of Chelsea on the Michigan Central.

An art class has been formed in Milan which will be instructed by Prof. H. P. Whitney, of Adrian.

A Chelsea youth wears a live pinch bug fastened to his shirt front with black thread as a stud.

E. D. Lane, of Chelsea, has gone to Fultonham, Ohio, to reside. He has charge of a mill in that place.

The interior of the Chelsea M. E. church has been much improved by the paint and paper that has been put on it.

The bicycle path between Chelsea and Cavanaugh Lake is an assured fact and work will be commenced on it at once.

James Hogan, of Bridgewater, threshed a field of wheat one day last week from which the yield was excellent.

There were 321 1/2 bushels of strawberries shipped from Dexter this season according to Express Agent Keith's figures.

Green peas are so cheap in Chelsea that the grocers cannot get enough to supply the demand, the growers refusing to pick them at the low prices paid.

Fr. Heidenrich, of Manchester, gave the eight altar boys of St. Mary's church, an outing to Wampler's Lake Tuesday of last week, greatly to the delight of the boys.

The Saturday evening concerts given by the Dexter Cornet Band are proving a great success financially. The last one held netted the boys \$22 on the ice cream that was sold.

At the union services in the Congregational church, Chelsea, the other Sunday evening, a boy choir assisted in the singing for the first time, much to the pleasure of the congregation.

A very hard rain and hail storm passed through a part of the section of county around Iron Creek Friday week, doing much damage in the way of threshing out wheat and cutting corn.

The Manchester Enterprise says: "Certainly our citizens do not have to go out of town in search of a quiet place to rest, these haying-harvest days. The streets, excepting mornings and evenings, are as quiet as a country graveyard."

The Chelsea Waterworks Co. has issued a notice to its patrons that it is prepared to obtain for them fire insurance in thoroughly reliable companies on dwellings, barns and contents, at a little less than half the ruling rates in Chelsea for the past five years, as Chelsea is now listed as one of the very best protected towns, by waterworks, as far as extended in Michigan.

Four Chelsea men recently went out to North Lake to fish. When passing Wm. Stevenson's hay field, they helped themselves to enough hay for the day. If they had only left their names, Mr. Stevenson might know where to go to put out his team when in Chelsea. They told him they had taken the hay and also said that it was a pity that it was not better as it had bleached some.—Chelsea Standard.

Cigarmakers' Union, No. 366, of Chelsea, has elected the following officers for the ensuing six months: President, Louis Burg; vice president, J. S. Hoefler; financial and corresponding secretary, C. L. Staffan; treasurer, F. B. Schlusser; recording secretary, J. A. Eisenman; trustees, G. Weick, J. S. Hoefler and L. Burg; finance committee, J. A. Eisenman, L. Eisenman and L. Burg; sergeant-at-arms, L. Eisenman.

The dates for the Plymouth fair are Sept. 14-17.

Mrs. Mary E. Fourman, of Milan, has been granted a widow's pension.

B. Whitaker has been elected treasurer of the Sylvan Christian Union.

The Saline Observer would like to see the corporation lines of the village extended.

Thomas Judd, of Ypsilanti, had his foot injured Thursday of last week through a beam falling on it.

Mrs. Mary Markham, of Whitaker, died Thursday afternoon of last week aged 59 years, and was buried Saturday afternoon.

C. H. Carver, of Saline, fell while pitching hay Thursday morning of last week and dislocated one of the small bones of his ankle.

The second annual picnic of the K. O. T. M. and L. O. T. M., of Jackson and Ingham counties, was held at North Park, Pleasant Lake, yesterday.

Mrs. Mason, of Dundee, 70 years of age, while walking near the barn Saturday, was severely bitten on the foot by a rattlesnake over three feet long.

Loone, the seven year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Howe, of Ypsilanti, fell off the steps while playing one day last week and broke her arm at the elbow.

Lavere, the four years old son of Mr. and Mrs. Al. VanGieson, of Bridgewater, fell off a wagon rack Tuesday of last week and broke his right arm at the elbow.

The Ypsilanti mineral bath company recently shipped two gallons of mineral water to St. Louis, Mo., and a barrel of the product to Burlington, Iowa, on orders received.

Martin Smith, of Bridgewater, has sold this season in Saline 3,326 quarts of strawberries, 865 quarts of raspberries, and has a large crop of blackberries yet to dispose of.

Chas. Bunkleman, an old and respected German farmer living one mile west of Dundee died at his home Friday of heart disease. He was well known throughout that vicinity.

Asa B. Sanford, an old settler of York township, died at the residence of his son, Dr. Geo. E. Sanford, Wednesday morning of last week. The funeral was held at the Baptist church Friday afternoon, Rev. D. Q. Barry, of Saline, officiating.

The following officers of the Mooreville lodge of I. O. O. F. have been installed for the ensuing term: N. G., Herbert Brownell; V. G., John Moon; secretary, F. J. Warner; warden, U. J. Warner; conductor, O. M. Sangree; inside guard, V. E. Davenport.

Little Henry Leffelhardt, of Adrian, has been taken to Ann Arbor to have an operation performed to straighten his feet. He is three and one-half years old, his father is insane, and the expense of the operation will be paid by the county.—Clinton Local.

Thompson Grimes, died Tuesday morning at his residence in Pinckney from a sudden paralytic stroke. Mr. Grimes was a highly respected citizen of Pinckney and his death was quite unexpected. He was born in Cortland county, N. Y., in 1824, and came to Michigan in 1846, settling in Pinckney, where he has since resided and has done much toward building up the town.

Roy Ford, of Mooreville, has a curiosity in the shape of a winged animal, which he found in a box of lemons bearing a mark from India. The body is about as large as a lead pencil and 2 1/2 or 3 inches long. Head flat with two long thread like feelers and two other shorter ones and more like horns. Its wings are 1 1/2 or 2 inches wide and 2 inches long, it has six legs and is of a cinnamon color.

When we advertise that we will guarantee Dr. King's New Discovery, Eucletic Bitters, Bucklen's Arnica Salve, or Dr. King's New Life Pills, it means that we are authorized by the proprietors to sell these remedies on a positive guarantee, that if purchaser is not satisfied with results, we will refund the purchase price. These medicines have been sold on this guarantee for many years and there could be no more conclusive evidence of their great merit. Ask about them and give them a trial. Sold at Eberbach Drug & Chemical Co., Ann Arbor.

**Bald Heads Not Consumptive.**  
"There is one satisfaction a bald headed man can have," observed a physician, "and that is that there are hundreds of chances in his favor that he will never die with consumption. There seems to be some kind of a connection between bald heads and sound lungs. If a man is prematurely bald it shows that there is something abnormal with him, but it does not show that there is any trouble with his lungs. Indeed, it shows that the lungs are all right. There is another thing in connection with consumptives, and it is an old woman's saying that a consumptive man or woman will never comb their hair gray. By this is meant that the consumptive will die before his or her hair becomes gray, and it is a safe rule to go by. My observation is, and it is the same with many others, that consumptives have a very full growth of hair; indeed, if one looks into the matter with any care, it will be noticed that their hair is very heavy in comparison with others."—Ex.

**Troubled for Three Years.**  
"Having been troubled more or less for the past three years with kidney difficulties, Hood's Sarsaparilla was recommended to me. I began taking it, and after using three bottles I was completely cured. I gladly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to anyone." ALEX. M. AGENS, Ludington, Michigan.

**HOOD'S PILLS** cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

Pain has no show with Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

What an Ocean Steamer Carries.

The famous steamship Great Eastern, historically associated with the first efforts to lay Atlantic telegraph cables, has hitherto been regarded as the largest vessel ever launched. Its laurels as a sea leviathan, however, are of late endangered. The new ocean freighter, Pennsylvania, although scarcely attaining the external measurements of the former celebrated ship, will carry far more cargo. The capacity, indeed of these new freight ships is a matter for astonishment to a landsman.

The Pennsylvania, for example is rated at twenty thousand tons burden, and will carry loads such as may be briefly itemized thus:

160,000 bushels of wheat in bulk, equal to three hundred and twenty car loads, or sixteen trains of twenty cars each.

1000 tons of flour, eighty carloads. 4000 boxes of bacon, seventy-five car loads.

3000 tierces of lard, forty eight car loads. 1300 bales of cotton, forty car loads. 1200 heads of live cattle, eighty car loads.

3500 quarters of dressed beef. In addition there will probably be a thousand tons of miscellaneous merchandise, say eighty car loads more; in all not less than seven hundred and eighty car loads, or thirty-nine long trains of twenty cars each.

Nor is the above by any means the load of this modern ark. The Pennsylvania will have accommodations for eight hundred to one thousand steerage passengers, as also for a crew of one hundred and fifty men and fifty cattlemen, with food and fodder for all.

In the fuel bins, too, there will be carried a burden of 1300 tons of coal, or more than one hundred car loads.

If we were to say that the entire agricultural product of sixty New England towns, or twenty Western counties, could all be stowed away in this mammoth ship, we should not exceed the facts.

**Origin of "Mr." and "Mrs."**  
The history of the origin and development of the little Mr. and Mrs. is rather interesting. When the ordinary Christian names had nicknames derived from their owner's trade, or his dwelling place, or for some personal peculiarity, tacked on there was as yet no "misters" in the land. Some John Bull accumulated more wealth than the bulk of his own fellows—because, perhaps, a landed proprietor or an employer or hired laborer. Then he began to be called in the Norman-French of the day the "maister" of this place or that, of these workmen or of those. In time the "maistre," or "maister," became a prefix to his Christian name, and he became Maister Bull and his wife was Maistress Bull. Gradually the title was conferred upon any kind—by mere possession of wealth or holding some position of more or less consideration and importance.

In Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia and America, the five great continents, Shaker medicines are being used by suffering humanity for the cure of sickness and disease.

Never was there such a universal demand, never such wonderful results. Shaker Digestive Cordial, a cure for indigestion, is prepared from herbs and roots, and is a natural remedy, which cures by aiding nature and not by fighting her.

Shaker Digestive Cordial makes those fat, who have become thin by not digesting their food.

It restores the spirits and the appetite of those who are dejected and fagged out from the wearing effects of indigestion.

It relieves the symptoms of dyspepsia, and, after using for a reasonable time, finally cures the complaint.

Sold by druggists. Trial bottle 10 cents.

**Kill Your Fish.**  
Always kill fish as soon as they are taken from the water, by a sharp blow with a baton or stick on the back of the head. They keep better, eat better, and are in all respects better than those that suffer just before dying. The best fishermen in Europe and America know this—the suffering of any animal before dying always tends to make the meat unwholesome and sometimes poisonous.—Williamston Enterprise.

Burdock Blood Bitters never fails to cure all impurities of the blood, from a common pimple to the worst scrofula sore.

**The Will and the Method.**  
A game called poker is charged by an official of the American Surety company with responsibility for a majority of the embezzlements that take place in the United States. It does not require any familiarity with the sport mentioned, which is, we believe, much like golf, except that the object is to get your opponent instead of a ball into the holes, to justify the belief that the Surety man confounds effect with cause. The embezzlers stake stolen money because they are dishonest, and the particular medium of their operations can hardly be charged even with complicity.—New York Times.

**Eating Between Meals.**  
Eating between meals, says a wise doctor, is a bad habit for one to acquire. It will certainly injure the digestive process and soon upsets a natural, healthy appetite for regular meals. It is a very easy habit to get into and is rather difficult to break up. If any eating is indulged in between meals, perfectly ripe, fresh fruit is the least harmful kind of refreshment.

**L. A. W. Route to Philadelphia Meet.**  
From Toledo, Fort Wayne and Cleveland via Pennsylvania Short Lines, the cool and comfortable route through Pittsburg, over the Alleghenies, via Harrisburg and Lancaster. Excursion tickets on sale Aug. 2d, 3d and 4th. Open to all. Find out about them by addressing F. M. BUSHONG, Trav. Passenger Agt., Detroit, Mich., or C. L. KIMBALL, A. G. P. Agt., Cleveland.

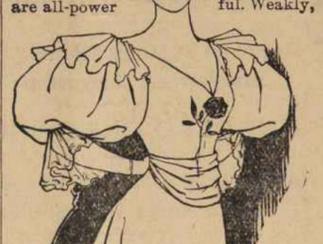
**To Cure Constipation Forever.**  
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

## WOMAN'S POWER.

It Shapes the Destinies of Men and Nations.

Where Men Are at a Disadvantage, and "Only a Woman Can Understand a Woman's Ills."

Woman's beauty, love and devotion, rule the world. Grand women; strong mentally, morally and physically, whose ambition and magnetic influence urge men to deeds of grandeur and heroism. Such women are all-powerful. Weakly,



sickly, ailing women have little ambition; their own troubles occupy their thoughts, and their one object is to get well.

They have no confidence in themselves, and only too often lose faith in their physicians.

All irregularities, whites, bearing-down pains, nervousness, headache, backache, "blues," distaste for society, sounds in ears, palpitation, emaciation, heavy eyes, "all gone" feeling, dread of impending evil, sleeplessness, etc., should at once be removed and vigorous health assured.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has for twenty years saved women from all this. Hear this woman speak:—

"I wish to publish what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash have done for me. I had falling of the womb and leucorrhœa, and they have cured me of both. I am a well woman. I suffered dreadfully with such dragging pains in the lower part of the back and extending around the body, irritation of the bladder, pain when walking and painful menstruation; I weakened terribly. I had been treated by three doctors without much help, and it only took five bottles of your Compound and three packages of Sanative Wash to cure me. I can recommend them to all women suffering with complaints like these."—MRS. VANNATA, 3927 N. Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.

**Ants and Their Uses.**  
During 12 months spent in the Australian colonies in the years 1870-1, I had more opportunities than were pleasant of studying the habits of ants. These insects, as is well known, are not only a nuisance, but an absolute pest in hot countries. They march in myriads and destroy everything in their road. In justice to the ants, I am bound, however, to admit that I have found them useful in more ways than one. For instance, I bought an opossum skin rug from a native. I soon became painfully aware of the fact that it literally swarmed with fleas and other vermin. In vain did I exhaust my stock of pepper. Even turpentine seemed to have no effect beyond increasing the reckless activity of these irritating settlers.

At last, in despair, I threw my rug down on an ant hill. In less than half an hour every flea and objectionable parasite was eaten, but the rug was full of ants. I therefore hung it on a mimosa bush, and as soon as the ants found they were suspended they hastened to leave the rug and descended by the bush as best they could.

Again, I had killed a snake in Tasmania and wished to clean and bleach the skeleton, which I intended to have mounted as a necklace. I left the body near an ants' nest. In a few hours there was not a vestige of flesh on the bones. The sun soon did the rest.—Gentleman's Magazine.

**Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.**  
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

**Bombs In Russia.**  
There was great excitement one day at a small Russian port on the Baltic. The captain of a newly arrived foreign vessel was arrested for the alleged crime of having attempted to bring a large number of dynamite bombs into the country of the czar. They brought the unhappy man before the judge, who happened to be one of the few intelligent men in the town.

"Where are the bombs?" said the judge.

"On board the ship," said the police.

"There is a small cargo of them."

"Go and fetch one," said the judge.

"It is dangerous to touch it," said the police.

"I cannot convict," said the judge, "unless I have the material evidence. Bring me a bomb."

With much trepidation and many precautions they at last brought one on a cushion of cotton wool. The judge laughed a most unjudicial laugh.

"That," he said, "is a cocoanut."

And so it was.—London Tit-Bits.

**WHAT YOU WANT.**  
Chance for Cheap Trip East. Excursion tickets to Philadelphia will be sold via Pennsylvania Short Lines from Toledo, Fort Wayne and Cleveland, Aug. 2d, 3d and 4th. Full information free upon application to F. M. BUSHONG, Trav. Passenger Agt., Detroit, Mich., or C. L. KIMBALL, A. G. P. Agt., Cleveland.

**Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.**

WE WILL SEND YOU THE MICHIGAN FARMER AND THE ANN ARBOR ARGUS Both One Year for Only \$1.75.

You can find no Agricultural paper that will give you as much solid, practical matter devoted to the farm as 'The Michigan Farmer' with its 20 pages filled each week with articles from the most practical and successful farmers in the country. The market reports are so complete and reliable as time and money can make them. Send direct to The Michigan Farmer, Detroit, Mich., for a free sample copy.

Address all subscriptions to THE ANN ARBOR ARGUS, ANN ARBOR, MICH.

## FOR THE SUMMER WEATHER

ORDER

## Pure Export and Lager Beer

OF THE ANN ARBOR BREWING CO.



Your trade solicited and all orders promptly filled. Either in bottles or kegs. TELEPHONE NO. 101

STOCK RAISERS, FARMERS, LUMBERMEN, MINERS, MANUFACTURERS, MERCHANTS.

## MONTANA

"The Treasure State."

PERSONS looking for locations are invited to investigate the opportunities offered to all classes in one of the most resourceful States in the Union. Address the Secretary of the Board of Trade, GREAT FALLS, Montana, Secretary of Board of Trade, KALISPELL, Montana, Secretary of Board of Trade, HELEN, Montana, Secretary of Board of Trade, BUTTE, Montana, or F. I. WHITNEY, G. P. & T. A., G. N. Ry., St. Paul, Minnesota.

"THERE IS SCIENCE IN NEATNESS."

BE WISE AND USE

## SAPOLIO

CANDY CATHARTIC **Cascarets** CURE CONSTIPATION. REGULATE THE LIVER. ALL DRUGGISTS. ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or scribe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York.

## AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher on every wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years. LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought and has the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher on the wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

**Do Not Be Deceived.**

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which even he does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought" BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher. Insist on Having The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

TO END COAL STRIKE.

Operators Meet to Discuss True Uniformity Plan.

MAY DISAGREE ON DIFFERENTIAL.

Thick Vein Operators Will Fight a Cut—Ambition of De Armit and the Arbitration Commission—Labor Leaders Meet at Wheeling—General Assessment on All Organizations May Be Levied—General Situation.

Pittsburg, July 27.—The long looked for conference of the Pittsburg coal operators at which the joint arbitration commission fully expects to adopt a plan which will settle the big miners' strike, was called for 11 o'clock Tuesday morning in the court house, but owing to the slowness of the operators to gather, it was almost noon before it was called to order. It is the largest meeting of the kind ever held in this district. The convention being an open one, miners, officials and many interested citizens are on hand as spectators. The operators present represented practically the entire district.

"True Uniformity" Plan. As yet the "true uniformity" plan, which is being urged by the arbitration commission, is the only one presented for action by the conference. While the operators generally are apathetic and have little faith in the successful consummation of the commission's wish, they are ready and anxious to discuss and adopt some plan of arbitration which will bring about peace and put the miners to work. True uniformity calls for cash payments for every 2,000 pounds of coal mined every two weeks, abolishment of company stores and a uniform screen. The differential between the thick and thin vein coal and between Ohio and Pennsylvania coal may also come up for consideration.

Will Fight the Cut. The operators in the thin vein coal say the 14 cents difference in favor of thick coal is too much, and some go as far as to say it should be cut one-half. This cut, if attempted, will be fought by the thick vein operators and may be the first rock on which the conference will split, as all the other points mentioned have been granted as proper in former conferences and conventions. There are 106 railroad mines in the Pittsburg district and these are operated by eighty-nine firms. Thirteen of these are said to mine and control almost 90 per cent. of the coal mined in the district. The ambition of the arbitrators and W. F. De Armit, the father of the uniformity agreement, is to have 95 per cent. of the eighty-nine operators agree to adopt a system or standard of doing business.

Meeting Called to Order. W. F. Murray called the meeting to order at 11:20 a. m. by nominating Alex Dempster for chairman. Colonel W. P. Rend named George W. Schieudberg, but he declined and Mr. Dempster was chosen to preside. General John Little was chosen vice president. He made a short address, saying the board was here as citizens and had no personal interest in the coal business. They hope by conciliation and mediation to bring about a settlement between the contending factions. State lines had nothing to do with the question. They had the power to settle the controversy. As Pittsburg went so would go the other states. After electing Marshal H. Reno secretary of the meeting a committee was appointed to take up the proposed uniformity agreement, revise it to suit the changed condition since its first formulation and report to the conference later.

CONFERENCE OF LABOR LEADERS.

General Assessment May Be Made to Maintain the Strike. Wheeling, W. Va., July 27.—The conference of executive officials of the numerous labor organizations of the country, called to meet in Wheeling at noon, for the purpose of considering ways and means to win the great coal strike, assembled at Traders' Assembly hall with President Samuel Gompers in the chair. All outsiders were excluded, but a statement will be given out after adjournment. Reports received by the strike leaders do not bear out the situation they depicted Monday night on what they claimed were reliable advices that over one-half of the West Virginia miners were out, and it is seen that another and even more determined effort must be made to bring about a general strike in the West Virginia fields.

The conferees are now considering the advisability of levying a general assessment on all organized labor for the maintenance of the strike and striking miners. Some of the leaders say that in the event it is seen to be impossible to bring about a general strike in West Virginia the conductors, firemen and brakemen will be asked to refuse to man trains carrying the West Virginia coal. This measure, however, is a last resort and is a weapon that will probably not be used until nearly everything else is tried and fails. Already it is settled that one result of the Wheeling conference will be the flooding of the West Virginia coal fields with miners' organizers. The officials and organizers of nearly all the union organizations of the country will join forces with the United Mine Workers in the effort to organize the West Virginians and bring them out.

Situation at Canonsburg. Canonsburg, Pa., July 27.—The Boone mine is still closed waiting a settlement of the present trouble. The Enterprise mine is also closed. The mine of Cook & Sons at McGovern is closed. The shut down is only temporary and no effort will be made to operate the mine until the injunction notices have been fully served against the leaders of the encamped strikers. About 100 of the strikers camping at the mine returned to their homes Tuesday morning. They will return just as soon as the mine opens again. About 100 strikers are still on the scene. The strikers are of the impression that they have about succeeded in gaining the object of their mission here.

Forced to Quit Work. Moweaqua, Ills., July 27.—Monday night a large body of Pana and Moweaqua miners, headed by a drum and rifle corps, marched on the Assumption shaft and forced the men who were loading coal for the local trade and

threshers to cease work. Tuesday morning when the whistle blew not a miner went to work. The farmers are very bitter in their denunciation of the miners inasmuch as they have contributed to their cause very liberally.

Under the County's Protection. Fairmont, W. Va., July 27.—At Watson Tuesday locks were put on all the gates and deputies called for, which makes every mine in the county under the county's protection. This is done by the operators so the county will be responsible if any of their property is burned. At Beechwood, Hites, Monongah, West Fairmont and New England, men went in Tuesday, and from all appearances no more men will join the strike.

Miners Go Out En Masse. Parkersburg, W. Va., July 27.—The miners in the Monongahela region have gone out en masse, and news from the southwest and the Great Kanawha valley is to the effect that the miners have banked on Governor Atkinson's good will and struck. There is great excitement.

TO PROTECT AMERICANS.

Company of Infantry May Be Sent to Circle City, Alaska. San Francisco, July 27.—In response to a telegraphic inquiry as to whether he could spare a full company of infantry for the establishment of a post at Circle City, Alaska, for the protection of American interests, General Shafter, commanding the department of California, has notified Secretary Alger that a company could be easily organized at twelve hours' notice for service in Alaska, and asked for full instructions.

General Shafter expected to receive final instructions Tuesday, and is prepared for an order to dispatch his company north immediately, in order that it may reach the Yukon before navigation closes. He expressed the opinion that the company would leave here on a special train for Portland, Ore., and that it will probably be joined there by a company from the department of the Columbia. The officers to accompany the company will be a major, surgeon, captain, and two lieutenants, all of whom have been selected from volunteers. Until final instructions arrive and the matter has been finally settled officially, General Shafter declines to state what company of his regiment has been chosen, or by whom it will be commanded.

COURT-MARTIAL ORDERED.

Major Buckner of the Ninth Illinois Battalion in Trouble. Chicago, April 27.—Major Buckner, commander of the Ninth battalion of the Illinois National guard, is to be tried by a court-martial at the Lake Front armory Thursday afternoon. The charges against the major are: Conduct unbecoming an officer, and conduct contrary to good order and military discipline.

Colonel Turner, commandant of the First regiment, preferred the charges, which grew out of differences about transportation accommodations furnished their respective commands to and from the Springfield encampment. Major Buckner's command is composed of colored men and he claims his men were forced to ride in old dilapidated cars that had not been cleaned for a long time and which were dangerous, while the First regiment was furnished Pullman cars. He made a protest and he and the commander of the First regiment got into a controversy.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Ann Arbor, Mich., July 27.—Nathan James, a farm hand, Tuesday shot and fatally wounded Martha Miner, a domestic, and then killed himself. A lover's quarrel is supposed to have been the cause. The tragedy was enacted at the home of James' employer, Charles Gadds, in Bridgewater township. James, who is about 50 years old, is said to have kept Miss Miner secreted in Gadds' house for several days. The girl is dying. James killed himself instantly.

PRIEST'S GRAND ARMY POST.

LaPorte, Ind., July 27.—State Commander Dodge Tuesday granted the application for the organization of a G. A. R. post at Notre Dame, the seat of Notre Dame university. The membership of the post will be composed wholly of Catholic priests, and Notre Dame will enjoy the distinction of possessing the only Grand Army organization in the United States composed of priests who have won distinction in the field.

JUDGE COOLEY IN A SANITARIUM.

Ann Arbor, Mich., July 27.—Ex-Judge Cooley was taken to Flint Monday. He is at the Oak Grove hospital, the private sanitarium of Dr. C. B. Burr, ex-superintendent of the asylum at Pontiac. His sons Thomas and Charles accompanied him. Dr. Thomas Cooley, his younger son, will attend him until the end comes. Ex-Judge Cooley is never violent and his mental condition is clearly due to overwork.

LOWEST PRICE OF SILVER.

New York, July 27.—Silver was lower Tuesday than ever before. Until the decline of recent date the lowest prices were those of March 3 and 5, 1894, at the time of the closing of the Indian mints. The opening quotations Tuesday were: Bar silver, 58 1/2; Mexican dollars, 45 1/2; and the closing was 58 1/4 and 45 1/2, respectively. The local dealers can assign no other reason than lack of demand.

FIRE AT JOLIET.

Joliet, Ills., July 27.—The River block was destroyed by fire at 2 o'clock Tuesday morning. Six industries occupied the block, as follows: Joliet Electric Clock works, Builders' Supply company, Reamer Cornice Works company, Joliet Cornice works, Troy Steam laundry, and Challenge Printing Inks works. The total loss is about \$30,000, with insurance to cover about half.

UNDERBID BY AMERICANS.

London, July 27.—In the house of commons Tuesday Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state for India, in reply to a question why the East Indian railway, owned by the government, had purchased 7,708 tons of rails from the Maryland Steel company of Baltimore, said the lowest British bid was 2675 higher than the American tender.

EXECUTION AT PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, July 27.—Pasquelio Dadario was hanged in the county prison Tuesday morning for the murder of Modestino Moffo. The drop fell at 10:08 1/2. The victim of the murder was a 3-year-old child. The crime was one of the most brutal in the police records of Philadelphia.

ADRIAN PRESS ITEMS.

Joseph E. Gage sues Pittsfield township, Washtenaw, for \$5,000. He struck a hole in the road when he fell from his wagon. He swears that it was a defective hole and he has been defective ever since.

The Ypsilantian is grateful to the mayor for a mess of speckled trout. The mayor of Ypsilanti will please look us squarely in the eye. Now then—when you took those trout, did you, or did you not, spit on the times of your spear, as the law requires?

Lewis, the Urbana forger, arrested in Washtenaw, was given a sentence of eight years in the penitentiary. The sum of the forgeries was about \$250,000, which moves the Washtenaw Times to the reflection that \$31,250 a year "is pretty good wages." Yes, a little less than that of the "advance agent of prosperity."

But for the established credibility of the Ann Arbor Courier, the Press would refuse to believe the charge brought by that paper against two Ypsilanti aldermen, who are stated to have been caught "using water, against the rules." As it is undoubtedly their first offense, we trust the penalty will be suspended. It is unlikely that they will transgress again.

A year ago, after an entertainment with great financial results, the Ypsilanti Ladies' Library building was burglarized of the whole "fat take." On the heels of the last annual success came the annual burglar; but this time he "fell off his wheel." He was in the building on time, but was surprised at the pronounced and emphatic manner in which the \$100, lately cleared, was not there.

At Geddes, Washtenaw, last week, fishermen saw as plain as day, a woman with a red skirt lying at the bottom of the pond. A spear brought up a chunk of flesh and a smell that would have made a limburger cheese microbe throw up its commission. That smell led a thousand people by the nose. The pond was drained and—phew! some slaughterhouse refuse in an old red tatter, told in language for the deaf, the story of the tragedy.

An intoxicated Ypsilantian with a revolver and knife called on Fr. Kennedy the other evening, and loudly implored the good man to save him from himself. The priest throttled the snakes and disarmed the man, who seemed to feel himself in the position of the new settler, who, to save himself from the panther caught him by either paw, with a tree between himself and the beast, and yelled to "sonny," "In God's name come and help me let this panther go."

Last night a lady attempted to take a flying leap from the car at the corner of Main and Huron sts. A header was the result, and the young lady was so mixed up that she went two blocks in the wrong direction before coming to herself.—Washtenaw Times.

Certainly, and a "header" is the regular result with many ladies in leaving the street car. A friend of ours expected his wife down town, and watched for her. A lady dismounted from a car a block away and we said, "There is your wife." "That is not my wife," said our friend, "my wife always gets off before the car stops, faces rearward and falls down." In a few minutes another car appeared, a lady sprang off, face to the rear, and fell down. "That's my wife!" said our friend, jubilantly, "didn't I tell you?" And so it was.

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY FOR CONSUMPTION.

This is the best medicine in the world for all forms of Coughs and Colds and for Consumption. Every bottle is guaranteed. It will cure and not disappoint. It has no equal for Whooping-Cough, Asthma, Hay Fever, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Cold in the Head and for Consumption. It is safe for all ages, pleasant to take, and, above all, a sure cure. It is always well to take Dr. King's New Life Pills in connection with Dr. King's New Discovery, as they regulate and tone the stomach and bowels. We guarantee perfect satisfaction or return money. Free trial bottles at Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co., Ann Arbor. Regular size 50 cents and \$1.00.

PLAGUE PECULIARITIES.

During the cholera plague of 1865 the greatest mortality at Rome and Madrid was on Sundays; at London and Berlin, on Wednesdays, at Paris, on Saturdays.

SWISS SAVINGS BANKS.

Switzerland has as many as 557 savings banks, in which 1,196,549 persons, or more than a third of the total population, are depositors.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by The Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co., Ann Arbor, and Geo. J. Haussler, Manchester.

JUSTIFIABLE JOY.

It is a custom among the Methodist preachers to open their annual conferences with the hymn:

And are we yet alive To see each other's face?

In a certain town where the conference was held the preachers were treated with extraordinary hospitality. Every housekeeper had the table groaning with fried chicken and yellow gravy. All the choice fowls were killed off to satisfy the white cravated epicures. The day after adjournment the evening paper of the town had a picture showing two scrawny looking young roosters peeping at each other out from under the barn and then, crossing their necks, saying:

And are we yet alive To see each other's face? —Buffalo Express.

DO WOMEN SHAVE?

"I should think they do," said a dealer in cutlery whose specialty is safety razors.

"You would be surprised at the number of them who come in here to buy safety razors and accessories—as presents for brothers, cousins or sons, they are usually careful to explain. But they require the most minute directions for the sake of their male relatives, of course, as to the way in which the razors are used. But they mostly bear on their faces marked evidence of a personal necessity for a mustache and whisker demolisher. I can tell them at once, even though they come thickly veiled. "On one occasion a ragged little street urchin came in and asked for one of our best safety razors. I could not refrain from asking him if he wanted it for himself.

"Oh, no," he replied. "It is for a lady outside! She is going to give me sixpence for buying it. I say, gu'nor, do you think I'll get any more jobs like it if I wait outside?"

"Without thinking I told him he might; but, alas, he was doomed to disappointment, for with a persistence worthy of a better cause he made himself obnoxious to every woman who looked into our windows by asking her if she wanted a razor, and we had finally to threaten him with a policeman in order to drive the knowing young rascal away."—Pearson's Weekly.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED.

By local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

PRETTY LOW.

Revenge carried beyond the grave is instanced in the obituary notice, written by a Tennessee editor, of a man who died owing him a ten years' subscription for his paper. He said that the deceased had fallen so low in his mortal life that he had to climb up hill to get into perdition.—Kansas City Times.

A JOYOUS MOMENT.

"There is my last poem," said the young but melancholy contributor. "Thank the Lord!" replied the dignified editor as he clung to his chair that he might not dance a hornpipe.—Detroit Free Press.

Physical strength and energy contribute to strength of character, and both may be had by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

MRS. MALLORY FATALLY HURT.

Baltimore, July 27.—Mrs. J. D. Mallory, wife of the oyster and fruit packer of this city, was thrown from her carriage and sustained fatal injuries. Mrs. Mallory fell on her head, and when picked up it was found that she had entirely lost the use of all her limbs.

WORTH WHILE REMEMBERING THIS.

You can get reduced rate tickets to Philadelphia via Pennsylvania Short Lines from Toledo, Fort Wayne and Cleveland, Aug. 2d 3d and 4th. For details address F. M. BUSHONG, Trav. Passenger Agt. Detroit, Mich., or C. L. KIMBALL, A. G. P. Agt., Cleveland.

CASTORIA.

The fact is the signature of Dr. H. H. Plummer is on every wrapper.

MAY REDUCE CAPITAL STOCK.

Holders of Preferred Stock in a Big Company Are Anxious.

Detroit, July 27.—Holders of preferred stock in the Michigan-Penninsula Car company are anxious on account of a threatened reduction of the capital stock of the big car building concern. The corporation which was formed in 1892 by consolidation of five car building and iron working concerns has been doing little business the past three years in proportion to its capital stock, which consists of \$3,000,000 common and \$5,000,000 preferred stock. The latter guarantees dividends but has no voting power. Senator McMillan and associates are heavy holders of the preferred securities. Colonel F. J. Hecker and Charles L. Freer are said to have gained a controlling interest in the common stock and in the \$2,000,000 of bonds issued by the company. The plant is said to inventory perhaps \$3,000,000.

No Gripe Pills. When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in with Hood's. Easy to take and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists. 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Our Premium Offer. \$3.25 FOR \$1.75. Every reader should know and understand this extraordinary offer. It means money in their pockets. The Farmer is Interested! The Gardener is Interested! The Housewife is Interested! The Flower Grower is Interested! WHY? We have arranged with the world-renowned seedsmen, JAMES VICK'S SONS, Rochester, N. Y., to furnish their celebrated seeds and Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine one year, which will be given to each new yearly subscriber of the Ann Arbor Argus, upon receipt of only \$1.75 cash. OUR OFFER IS THIS: VEGETABLES. 1 pkt. Beet, Imp. Early Blood Turnip 5c, Cabbage, Early Summer 5c, Carrot, Chantenay 5c, Celery, White Plume 5c, Corn, Evergreen 10c, Cucumber, Early White Spine 5c, Lettuce, Early Curled Simpson 5c, Musk Melon, Hackensack 5c, Onion, Danvers Yellow Globe 5c, Peas, Charmer 10c, Parsnip, Hollow Crown 5c, Radish, French Breakfast 5c, Spinach, Long Standing 5c, Squash, Summer 5c, Hubbard 5c, Salsify (Vegetable Oysters) 5c, Tomato, McCallum's Hybrid 5c, Turnip, Strap-Leaf Red-Top 5c, 18 pkts. Vegetables \$1.00. FLOWERS. 1 pkt. Asters 10c, Sweet Peas 5c, Nicotiana 5c, Candytuft 5c, Balsam 15c, Bachelor Button 5c, Dianthus 5c, Petunia 10c, Soliglossia 5c, Scabiosa 5c, 10 pkts. Flowers 75c. Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine one year. The magazine has been greatly improved for 1897, and is up to date on all matters pertaining to Flowers, Vegetables, Plants, Shrubs, Roses, Lawns, Gardens, Plants in the house, etc. The department of correspondence is very valuable. Price, per year 50c. THINK OF IT! ALL THIS! 18 Packets Vegetable Seeds as named \$1.00, 10 Packets Flower Seeds as named .75, Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year .50, The Ann Arbor Argus, 52 weeks 1.00. \$3.25 for Only \$1.75 Cash. \$3.25. Now is the time. Send your order at once to THE ARGUS OFFICE, ANN ARBOR, MICH.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK. At Ann Arbor, Michigan, at the close of business, Oct. 6, 1896. RESOURCES. Loans and Discounts \$507,856 17, Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, etc. 604,758 15, Overdrafts 831 57, Banking House 20,500 00, Furniture and Fixtures 8,417 32, Other Real Estate 19,920 98, CASH. Due from banks in reserve cities 77,245 71, Due from other banks and bankers 112 60, Checks and cash items 1,742 81, Nickels and Cents 467 19, Gold coin 36,162 50, Silver coin 2,900 00, U. S. and National Bank Notes 52,614 00, \$1,233,528 80. LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in \$50,000 00, Surplus fund 150,000 00, Undivided profits less current expenses, interest and taxes paid 4,085 41, Dividends unpaid 469 00, DEPOSITS. Commercial deposits, subject to check 187,233 27, Savings Deposits 730,842 76, Savings Certificates of Deposits 102,023 39, Due to Banks and Bankers 7,595 00, \$1,233,528 80. STATE OF MICHIGAN, I, ss. County of Washtenaw. I, Charles E. Hiscock, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. CHAS. E. HISCOCK, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of October, 1896. MICHAEL J. FRITZ, Notary Public. CORRECT ATTEST: Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, W. B. Smith, Directors. Capital, \$50,000. Surplus, \$150,000. Resources, \$1,000,000. Transacts a general banking business; buys and sells exchanges on New York, Detroit and Chicago; sells drafts on all the principal cities of Europe. This bank, already having a large business, invites merchants and others to open accounts with them with the assurance of the most liberal dealing consistent with safe banking. In the Savings Department interest at the rate of four per cent. is paid semi-annually, on the first days of January and July, on all sums that were deposited three months previous to those days, thus affording the people of this city and county a perfectly safe depository for their funds, together with a return in interest for the same. Money to loan on approved securities. DIRECTORS.—Christian Mack, Daniel Hiscock, Willard B. Smith, W. D. Harriman, William Deubel, David Rinsey, L. Gruner. OFFICERS.—Christian Mack, President; W. D. Harriman, Vice-President; Chas. E. Hiscock, Cashier; M. J. Fritz, Ass't-Cashier.

FREE FREE FREE A Positive Permanent Cure for WEAK MEN! We mail FREE to suffering mankind a recipe of the greatest Restorative on earth (for young or old), suffering from premature decline from any cause. A Positive, Permanent cure for Sexual Weakness. Nervous Debility in any form. IT CURED ME, IT WILL CURE YOU. This is no scheme to extort money from anyone. When we mail you this recipe we also enclose catalogue of our latest Music Publications, etc., etc. By handing same to someone interested you fully repay us for our trouble. One Good Turn Deserves Another. If you are a sufferer, write at once for full particulars and recipe of this simple remedy that cured me (and hundreds of others). It will Cure You. Mailed FREE, in plain envelope. Address STANDARD MUSIC CO., (Mention this paper.) Wabasha, Minn. FIRE INSURANCE. CHRISTIAN MACK, Agent for the following First Class Companies representing over twenty-eight Million Dollars Assets, issues policies at the lowest rates. Aetna of Hartford \$9,192,644.00, Franklin of Phila. 3,118,713.00, Germania of N. Y. 2,700,729.00, German-American of N. Y. 4,065,968.00, London Assurance, Lond'n 1,416,788.00, Michigan F. & M., Detroit 287,608.00, N. Y. Underwriters, N. Y. 2,596,679.00, National, Hartford 1,774,505.00, Phenix, N. Y. 3,759,036.00. Special attention given to the insurance of dwellings, schools, churches and public buildings terms of three and five years.

The Ann Arbor Argus

BEAKES & MINGAY, PROPRIETORS.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY FOR \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.

Entered at the Post-Office, in Ann Arbor, Mich., as second-class matter.

FRIDAY, JULY 30, 1897.

From all sections of the county the reports come in that haying and wheat harvest are about completed and both crops are exceptionally good in quality and quantity.

There is one sure thing about the passage of the tariff bill and that is that it will increase the cost of living. Sugar will cost more, clothing will cost more, lumber will cost more, crockery will cost more, soap, sodas and salt will cost more, oranges, bananas and lemons will cost more—a majority of the articles of common consumption will cost more.

THE POOR MAN PAYS THE TAX.

The republican governor of Michigan sent the following characteristic Pingree telegram to President McKinley on the occasion of the passage of the republican tariff bill last week:

"I regard the duty on lumber, hides and sugar as unrepugnant, unpatriotic and unfair. The lumber now used goes largely into small homes and farm houses and to a class already greatly overtaxed.

"The laborer wears as many shoes as the millionaire and must contribute twice as much towards the tax on hides. He must use as much sugar and pay as much toward the duty on sugar.

"It is grossly unfair to make the poor pay as much per capita as the rich toward the support of the government. Property and not human stomachs should be reached. Property is protected by our laws and should pay for its protection."

This is not democratic campaign talk, although it sounds very much like it and contains very much more truth than poetry. The protective tariffs are usually constructed upon the theory of protecting the rich. The tariff rates are fixed by high paid lobbyists, men of keen intellect who can argue their masters' cases well in committees. The poor man cannot afford to lobby. No man can gain under protection, unless some other man loses.

Protection is for the purpose of causing certain men to gain. The rich man sees to it that he is the gainer and the poor man foots the bill. Of course the rich man backs up his case with specious arguments. He is not after the almighty dollar, not he. He is a philanthropist, pure and simple, and all the money he spends in campaign contributions and for high priced lobbyists is spent purely for the benefit of the laborer. That is his side of the case, but who believes it? The tariff is a tax on consumption. The poor man consumes nearly as much as the rich man, while the rich man owns very much more property than the poor. Therefore the rich want the tax on consumption so that the poor man will be compelled to pay relatively a much larger portion of it. And the poor man votes for such a policy—it must be out of pity for the rich man.

The first estate ever probated in this county, was that of George W. Noyes, of the village of Ann Arbor. The petition was filed April 2nd, 1827. In the inventory of the effects of the deceased are the following items:

- One pair of boots, new, \$4.00
One pair of boots, old, 1.00
One pair of boots, old, .50
One pair of shoes, old, .75
Five pairs of socks, woolen, 1.87
One pair of mittens, old, .50
In those "good old times" nothing evidently got away.

All the papers were written out in full, sometimes in a beautiful hand, and opposite each signature is a wafer covered by a piece of paper adhering to it, which combination constitutes "ye old time" seal.—Ann Arbor Courier.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth, Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children's teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Teaching Children to Be Honest. A very generous hearted lady resides at Bloomington. She lost her gold watch and chain at a picnic recently. It was found by a little boy and she wanted to reward him, so her sister loaned her a quarter, but feeling that was too much, she gave him the large sum of five cents after getting the quarter changed.

M. C. R. R. Excursions. Epworth League Training Assembly, Ludington, Mich., July 20 to August 16. One first class limited fare for round trip. Dates of sale, July 12 to 29. Limited to return until Aug. 17, 1897.

Camp Meeting, Island Lake, Mich., July 29 to August 31. One and one-third first class fare for round trip. Dates of sale, July 27 and each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday thereafter until Aug 31. Limit to return Sept. 1, 1897.

Ordered a New Trial. On Tuesday County Clerk Schuch received a remitter from the supreme court in the case of James Linnen vs. Paris Banfield, John V. Sheehan and David Collins, reversing and vacating the judgment of the court below, and remanding the case for a new trial. At the time the case was tried Judge Kinne took the case from the jury and ordered a verdict in favor of the defendants. The case arose out of the arrest of James Linnen for the burglary of John V. Sheehan's store. Afterwards the persons who stole the goods were arrested in Detroit and the goods found in their possession. Linnen then brought suit for damages for false imprisonment.

SOME RARE OLD WILLS

In the Washtenaw Probate Office That Have Not Been Probated.

While prowling about the court house one day last week on the never ending quest for news, the Courier scribe wandered into the probate office, and on asking for something strange, new or interesting, was referred to a drawer in the safe, from which he drew forth a number of ancient and musty wills; which had been deposited—some of them—many long years ago, and either forgotten by those who deposited them, or their existence was never known by the heirs and legatees of the deceased. Some of these wills have never been opened, while others have been. Some are carefully wrapped in the dark brown wrapping paper of half a century ago, and sealed with the old fashioned sealing wax, some are simply folded and sealed as they did before envelopes came into use.

The oldest will in the lot is one made Jan. 2nd, 1839, by Wm. McCormick, of Salem township, Geessee and Phoebe Renwick being the witnesses. This will has been opened.

Next comes the will of John Wilson—residence not given—dated Nov. 14th, 1839, witnesses Charles E. Stewart, Alex. Davidson and E. C. Allen. Will opened.

Will of Mary Ann Bartlett, of Saline township, filed in 1846. Will opened.

Will of John Callis, of Scio township, dated Feb. 22nd 1853, executor Thos. Smith, witnesses, Richard Ness and Thomas Richardson. Will opened.

Will of Lyman Casey, filed April 1st, 1854. Sealed and residence not known.

Will of Louisa Alexander, of Lodi township, dated Oct. 18, 1851. Witnesses Daniel and Betsy Lyon.

Will of Lamson Watkins, of Ann Arbor city, filed Dec. 17, 1859. Unopened.

Will of Charles B. Porter, filed May 4th, 1858. Unopened.

Will of John Starkweather, Ypsilanti, filed 1859. Unopened.

Will of Lawrence Monaghan, of Lyndon, filed Oct. 15, 1861. Unopened.

Will of Franklin B. Trudor filed April 23rd, 1861. Unopened.

Will of Eliza Wise of Ypsilanti, filed January 23rd, 1866. Opened.

Will of Polly Ellsworth, Sylvan township, filed Sept. 9th, 1864. Opened.

Will of Washington Irving Smith, Ann Arbor, filed May 23d, 1861. Unopened.

Will of John W. Flower, of Ypsilanti, filed Sept. 26th, 1863. Unopened.

Will of Cornelius Gillespie, filed May 2nd, 1866. Unopened.

Will of Ann Marray, filed May 3rd, 1858. Opened.

Will of David McAfferty. Date of filing not given. Unopened.

Will of Louis North, of Lodi, filed Nov. 23rd, 1853. Unopened.

Will of Samuel Cooper, Lima township, filed March 4th, 1853. Unopened.

Will of John Hargerty, of Northfield, filed Oct. 20, 1863. Not sealed.

Will of James Burns, of Ann Arbor city, filed April 25, 1861. Sealed.

Will of George Young, of Ann Arbor city, filed Nov. 21, 1843. Not sealed.

Will of John Vorheis, of Ypsilanti, filed April 1st, 1863. Sealed.

Will of James P. Jones, of Sharon, filed May 23rd, 1862. Not sealed.

Will of Edward Greenin, of Superior township, filed May 23d, 1863. Not sealed.

Will of Phoebe Ruckman, filed Oct. 10th, 1866. Sealed.

Will of Isaac Rowe, of Superior township, filed April 12th, 1867. Sealed.

These are some of the oldest wills now on file in the probate court, and so far as we can learn all the testators are dead, and why these wills have never been looked after by the heirs of the parties making them, we do not know. No doubt that many estates have been divided among heirs, which had been given away by wills, and were some of these wills looked up, there might be some important discoveries made.

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NOBLES' REVENGE.

HE GOT EVEN WITH THE AUTHOR OF THE SPECIAL DELIVERY STAMP.

The Actor's Letter of Congratulations to Postmaster General Vilas Withdrawn For Sufficient Reasons, Which Appear In This Story.

Milton Nobles, the actor and author, and Senator Vilas were schoolmates in Madison 35 years ago, and they went from the schoolhouse to the war together. Nobles thinks a good deal of his old schoolmate and is proud of the distinction he has won among the great men of his party.

When the special delivery stamp made its appearance, Senator Vilas, who was then postmaster general, received many complimentary letters, among them one from Nobles. The rest of the story is best told by the author himself:

"When I wrote this letter of congratulation to the general, I hadn't had occasion to use or receive any of the stamps, but the idea seemed to me to be a good one. I was spending a week at home in Brooklyn at the time. One bitter morning about 8 o'clock I was awakened by what seemed to me to be the ringing of all the fire bells in Brooklyn. Shoving my head out of the second story window, I could see a muffled figure on the steps below jerking the bell with savage fury. 'What is it?' I asked. At that moment the bell wire broke, and the figure fell backward down the steps. The snow was knee deep, and the wind was blowing 50 miles an hour. As the figure rolled down the steps I could hear some choice specimens of explosive English in a familiar accent, mingled with something about 'letter, special delivery.' After removing chains and bolts I opened the outer door, and the messenger blew into the vestibule in a sheet of snow.

"'What is it? What have you got?' 'Letter.' 'What the Helen Blazes are you bringing a letter here for at this time of night?' 'Special delivery, sir, please.' 'I backed into the hall and slid my hand all over the wall, trying to find the matches. The vestibule was full of snow, and I had commenced sneezing.

"'Come in and shut the door!' I yelled. Bang went the door and it went my match just as I had got the gas turned on. The messenger bumped up against me in the dark, stepped on my toes and shook a shoveful of snow off his shoulders about my feet, filling my slippers and dropping down my back, signing the book, pushing the messenger out and bolting the door. Then I went up stairs with my prize. I examined the first one stamp carefully. It was the long blue that I had received. Then I devoted about five minutes to wondering what the dickens it was all about. After a time it occurred to me to open it and see. The handwriting was unknown, but the refrain was familiar. Here it is:

"SHEBOYGAN, Wis., Jan. 19.

"Milton Nobles, Esq.:

"DEAR SIR—You will doubtless be surprised at receiving this letter from an entire stranger. But I feel that I was born to be an actor.

"I am but 22, 5 feet 9, light curly hair, blue eyes and have played several parts with the Sheboygan Amateur society. I include notices. My family object to my going on the stage, but I feel that it is my duty, and as I would only join a first class company my friends urged me to write to you. Should like to play larger parts. I saw you play in Milwaukee last fall. Can come any time. I have also written a play. Could you lend me \$30? Yours to command, L. ARTHUR JONES.

"(Stage name—E. Forrest Melnotte.)

"P. S.—The new special delivery stamp has just got here, and I put one on to see how it works.

"By the time I had finished reading this letter I had a chill. Three hours later I had such a cold that I could not open my eyes. I remained in my room for treatment for three days. On the fourth day I became convalescent, and the first labor I performed was the writing of the following letter:

"BROOKLYN, Jan. 25.

"Hon. W. F. Vilas, Postmaster General, Washington.

"DEAR SIR—Quite recently, in a moment of unguarded enthusiasm, I wrote you a letter congratulating you upon the brilliant stroke of genius made manifest in the promulgation of the special delivery stamp.

"Recent events have given me a wider knowledge of the subject and opened my eyes to the pernicious consequences likely to follow your desire to withdraw my letter and enter a protest against your making any use of the same as an apparent endorsement of your new departure or with a view to your securing a situation in the future. This need not necessarily interfere with our friendship, but between friendship and business the line must be drawn somewhere, and I choose, for reasons conclusive to myself, to draw it at the 3 a. m. special delivery. Very truly yours,

"MILTON NOBLES.

"I cut the special delivery stamp from the Sheboygan letter and pasted it on to the envelope, and, including both in another letter, I sent them to a friend in Washington with a few lines of explanation and instruction. The next stormy night my friend, following instructions, hired a special messenger, and at 3 p. m. he began ringing Postmaster General Vilas' doorbell. First a servant came, then the general's secretary, but the messenger was firm; he must see the general. Thinking probably that war had been declared in Haiti and a midnight session of the cabinet called, the general slipped an ulster on over his nightshirt and went down to the door. The messenger shoved the letter into his hand and bolted on a double quick.

"The obnoxious stamp has not been called in, but I had my revenge on the postmaster general."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Obliging.

"Madam," said Meandering Mike, "hev ye got any cold coffee?"

"No," replied young Mrs. Torkins in a tone, "my young Mr. Torkins in a few minutes and I'll put some in the refrigerator and cool it for you."—Washington Star.

THE ONLY WHITE BUFFALO.

Seen and Chased by Indians and Hunters, but Never Caught.

During the summer of 1875 bands of Indians returning from a hunt far out on the plains brought in stories of having seen at different times and in different places, and always in the center of a large herd, a white buffalo. They had used their best horses in the effort to overtake it to no purpose, never being able to get anywhere near the animal. At first we did not pay much attention to these stories, but still it kept cropping up from different camps, and at last, in the fall of 1875, I myself had a chance to verify the truth of the report. I had been sent on duty north along the Red Deer river, and was camped near a large band of Blackfeet, who were hunting south of that river. The buffaloes had moved north in vast numbers, and the prairie was black with them.

I had gone out one morning with a party of Blackfeet to see one of their hunts, and also to try and kill for myself. My horse was a good one and much faster than any belonging to the Indian hunters. I had got detached from the party, becoming tired of the slaughter, and must have been at least 20 miles from camp, when I made for a small clump of timber not far off, intending to build a fire and roast a portion of some buffalo meat I had on the saddle with me. As I approached the wood a band of about 100 animals burst out of the brush and made off to the south, and, yes, most certainly, in the middle of them was a white buffalo. Although they were a quarter of a mile away, there could be no mistake about it. He was there as large as life and quite white and running like a deer. There was no time to much more than take in the scene, but I gathered up the reins and was after him, determined to bag that buffalo or kill my horse.

Oh, what a race it was, mile after mile! And, although all the band, with the exception of about a dozen, had split off and gone in different directions, the white animal, with his body-guard of about a dozen kept at about the same distance ahead. I could catch a glimpse of him now and then, and there was no doubt he was snow white. Get within shot I began not for many miles. At last they could not tire, and, although my horse tired also, I had good hopes of coming up and getting a shot. Alas, for such a chance! Of a sudden my horse lurched forward on his nose, sending me over his head on to the prairie and turning a somersault himself, missing me by only a few feet. He had put his foot into a badger hole and brought my hopes of a white robe to a sudden end.—Forest and Stream.

Milan.

WITHOUT A COMPASS.

Various Ways of Correctly Guiding the Course of a Vessel.

Gustav Kobbe contributes an article to St. Nicholas. Mr. Kobbe says:

Sailors talk of the wake of the ship. When a vessel is running free—that is, with the wind dead astern—she will leave a straight wake, or she is not running a straight course. When she is "on the wind," her canvas full, not shivering—when she is

"As near as she will lie By keeping full and by—

her wake will be at an angle greater or less, according to the force of the wind and the speed of the vessel. This angle measures what we call the ship's "lee way"—that which she loses from a true course. With a vessel hove to in a gale the leeway becomes very large and is called the "drift."

Coasting craft shore by the line of white surf on the shore or in thick weather by its roar as it breaks on the beach or rocks. They haul in to catch the sound, then keep off until they lose it, and then haul in again to a central line and maintain it. An old sea dog once told me that one thick night, coming up along the coast with a head wind so that they had to tack in and off shore, they sailed their tacks, or ran their "legs," by candles—running off shore long enough to burn out two candles, but burning one for the inshore leg, so as to avoid standing in too close.

The Alaska steamers on the inside route between the main coast and the numerous outlying islands steer, even in running through the narrowest channels, by the varying echoes of the paddles from the shores.

A given course can also be run by soundings, or, rather, by a line of soundings. In entering New York harbor keep in, say, 15, 20, 40 fathoms, no less, until you get 10 fathoms. If then the lead shows fine white sand, look out for Sandy Hook lightship. Coarse yellow sand will land you on Fire island.

The Gravitation Theory.

In one of his lectures before the Lowell institute, Boston, recently Professor G. F. Wright combated the supposition that the conclusions of modern physical science are free from difficulties and clear of all doubt. Instead of such being the case, he declares, is leading deeper and deeper into mysteries and substituting instead of single mysteries an ever increasing multitude for each one. He instanced in illustration the Newtonian theory of gravitation as involving paradoxes of this day unexplained, arguing that if bodies act upon each other at a distance without any intervening medium then a thing can act where it is not, which is an absurdity, while, on the other hand, if there is a material medium filling all space, and a gravity is transmitted through that by a push rather than by a pull, then the transmission ought to occupy some appreciable time, but this it does not do, and at any rate, if its action is not absolutely instantaneous, its velocity must be at least fifty million times greater than that of light. Moreover, every effort to represent gravitation as the result of a push from behind involves absurdities of various kinds. In fact, Newton's final conclusion was that the philosophy of gravitation is absolutely inconceivable and its action paradoxical.

YPSI-ANN ARBOR BICYCLE PATH

A Dispute as to Which Road Shall Be Followed.

The subscription list opened by the Times to secure a bicycle path between Ypsilanti and Ann Arbor has been successful and the \$500 necessary to complete the work has been all subscribed. It is proposed to have the work done under the supervision of the local branch of the L. A. W., and at a meeting held last week it was unanimously decided to follow the middle road, that being the shortest route and affording the best entrance into Ann Arbor, besides having the advantage of costing less per mile in construction. Since then some opposition has arisen from several contributors outside the L. A. W., the claim being made that their contributions were made on the supposition that the south or "motor line" road would be used, the last named road having fewer grades. To settle matters another meeting will be called at which every contributor will be entitled to vote as to which route shall be followed. When this question is settled the work of building will proceed.

Proposals for Sewer Construction.

Office of the Board of Public Works June 22d, 1897.

Sealed proposals will be received at the City Clerk's office until 5 o'clock Saturday, July 31st, 1897, for building a sewer in Lateral Sewer District No. 7, on W. Liberty to Seventh st.

Bids to be made on the proposal sheets furnished by the Board of Public Works and must be made in accordance with sewer specifications of the City of Ann Arbor. Specifications and blanks can be had at the City Clerk's office. Plans and office on file in the City Engineer's office.

GLEN V. MILLS, Clerk of the Board of Public Works. GEO. F. KEY, City Engineer. 29-30

Oliver Optic's Will.

There were no public bequests in the will of William T. Adams (Oliver Optic). It was very brief and was written in the author's own hand, under date of April 21, 1885. "As a simple token of my high esteem and regard, to my son-in-law, Sol Smith Russell and George W. White, I give \$1,000 each." All the remainder of his estate, including his copyrights and other literary property, bequeaths to his daughter, Mrs. Alice Adams Russell, the wife of Sol Smith Russell.

Milan.

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"As near as she will lie By keeping full and by—

her wake will be at an angle greater or less, according to the force of the wind and the speed of the vessel. This angle measures what we call the ship's "lee way"—that which she loses from a true course. With a vessel hove to in a gale the leeway becomes very large and is called the "drift."

Coasting craft shore by the line of white surf on the shore or in thick weather by its roar as it breaks on the beach or rocks. They haul in to catch the sound, then keep off until they lose it, and then haul in again to a central line and maintain it. An old sea dog once told me that one thick night, coming up along the coast with a head wind so that they had to tack in and off shore, they sailed their tacks, or ran their "legs," by candles—running off shore long enough to burn out two candles, but burning one for the inshore leg, so as to avoid standing in too close.

The Alaska steamers on the inside route between the main coast and the numerous outlying islands steer, even in running through the narrowest channels, by the varying echoes of the paddles from the shores.

A given course can also be run by soundings, or, rather, by a line of soundings. In entering New York harbor keep in, say, 15, 20, 40 fathoms, no less, until you get 10 fathoms. If then the lead shows fine white sand, look out for Sandy Hook lightship. Coarse yellow sand will land you on Fire island.

The Gravitation Theory.

In one of his lectures before the Lowell institute, Boston, recently Professor G. F. Wright combated the supposition that the conclusions of modern physical science are free from difficulties and clear of all doubt. Instead of such being the case, he declares, is leading deeper and deeper into mysteries and substituting instead of single mysteries an ever increasing multitude for each one. He instanced in illustration the Newtonian theory of gravitation as involving paradoxes of this day unexplained, arguing that if bodies act upon each other at a distance without any intervening medium then a thing can act where it is not, which is an absurdity, while, on the other hand, if there is a material medium filling all space, and a gravity is transmitted through that by a push rather than by a pull, then the transmission ought to occupy some appreciable time, but this it does not do, and at any rate, if its action is not absolutely instantaneous, its velocity must be at least fifty million times greater than that of light. Moreover, every effort to represent gravitation as the result of a push from behind involves absurdities of various kinds. In fact, Newton's final conclusion was that the philosophy of gravitation is absolutely inconceivable and its action paradoxical.

Take a Lake Tour to Island of Coog Breezes.

Go to Mackinac Island, Mich., via the Coast Line. The D. & C. new steel passenger steamers leave Toledo, Mondays and Saturdays, 10:30 a. m., and Tuesdays and Thursdays, 4:30 p. m. From Detroit, Mondays and Saturdays, 11:00 p. m. Wednesdays and Fridays, 9:30 a. m. Send 2 cents for illustrated pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

A SIMPLE TIRE REPAIR.

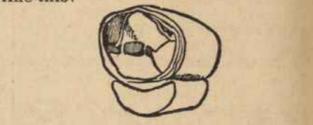
Punctures in the well known Morgan & Wright tire are mended about as easily as a man would close a hole in his finger with a bit of court plaster. Inside of the inner tube of the tire lies a long strip of tubing rubber, like this:



By injecting M. & W. quick-repair cement through the puncture into this inner tube, and then pressing down on the tire with the thumb, like this:

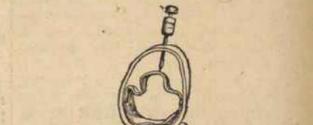


the repair strip inside of the tire with the cement, thus closing the puncture, like this:



Very simple, but—now every rider should remember these two "buts," or he will fail:

Before injecting cement, pump up the tire. If you don't, the inner tube will be flabby, like this,



and the cement will not get inside of it, where the repair strip lies.

When you have a puncture, get right off. Riding a tire flat, when it has a tack or nail in it, may damage it considerably.

WANTED, FOR SALE, ETC.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Three farms, one close to Ann Arbor, 85 acres, first class buildings, another in Lima, 100 acres, well timbered and good buildings, and the third in Lodi, 40 acres, good ample buildings. Call on or address Wm. Ostus, Box 1861 Ann Arbor, Mich.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1897, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Christian Rayer, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 20th day of January next, and that such claims will be heard before said court on the 20th day of October and on the 20th day of January 1898 next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days. Dated, Ann Arbor, July 20, A. D. 1897. H. WIRTH NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.

YERINGTON'S COLLEGE.

St. Louis, Michigan, will open its seventh year SEPT. 27th, 1897. COURSES—TEACHERS', COMMERCIAL SHORTLAND, PENMANSHIP, ENGLISH, MUSIC, ELOCUTION AND PHYSICAL CULTURE.—TUITION—For any or all studies in the college, 12 WEEKS, \$10; 24 WEEKS, \$16; 36 WEEKS, \$21.—THE COMMON BRANCHES (ARITHMETIC, GRAMMAR and GEOGRAPHY) with PRIVATE LESSONS IN MUSIC, and ALL FREE CLASS DRILLS, for above tuition.—THE COMMON BRANCHES with All Free Class Drills (without Private Lessons in Music) only \$15 a year.—FREE CLASS DRILLS ARE: PLAIN and ORNAMENTAL PENMANSHIP, READING, SPELLING, LETTER WRITING, MUSIC ELOCUTION, PHYSICAL CULTURE, DEBATING and PARLIAMENTARY WORK.—Students may club where they have use of BOARDING HOUSE complete, for 50 cents a week and furnish their own provisions for a table.—All studies in the college handled by PROFESSIONALS. OUR COMMERCIAL and SHORTLAND graduates hold the best positions in our HARGED cities. Not one of our TEACHERS' COURSE has failed a TEACHERS' Examination during the

# This Should Interest YOU!

READ THE FOLLOWING LETTER:

Messrs. Wadhams, Ryan & Reule, Ann Arbor, Mich.  
Gentlemen:—We closed our entire stock of suits to Mr. Ryan today, and your portion, amounting to \$3,164.00, is now on the way. We trust our loss will be your gain.  
Yours respectfully,  
L. ADLER BROS. & CO.

THE ABOVE MEANS

\$3,000 Over Three Thousand Dollars \$3,000

Worth of Suits purchased of L. Adler Bros. & Co., makers of the

## BEST CLOTHING IN THE WORLD.

At our own figure. "Everything comes to him who waits." To you who have WAITED UNTIL NOW for your new suit THE TIME HAS COME when you can save dollars by securing one of our bargains.

### THE TEST FOR THE BUYER IS COMPARISON.

We ask you to compare our prices on these suits, and if we are not dollars lower than you will find them elsewhere, we do not ask you to buy.

375 Children's Suits at One-Fourth Off. Stiff Hats, 96 Cts. Each. Our Display Window is full of them.

28 and 30 S. Main St., Ann Arbor, Mich. **Wadhams, Ryan & Reule**

## WAHR'S BOOKSTORE

## WALL PAPER

We are receiving daily our new line of Wall Paper for the coming season. We offer the following low prices:  
Good Paper, 3c per roll.  
Silver Effects, 5c per roll.  
Best Ingrain Paper, 5c per roll.  
Heavy and Best Quality, 8c, 10c, 12c per roll.

## GOOD WINDOW SHADES

All complete for 15c each. Largest assortment in the city.

## GEORGE WAHR

Opposite Court House, Main Street, ANN ARBOR, - MICHIGAN.

Friends of the Argus who have business in the Probate Office are asked to request Judge Newkirk to send the advertising necessary to the probating of estates with which they are connected to the Argus office.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

**RULES FOR BICYCLE WOMEN.**  
To mount the wheel with perfect grace, first see the pedals are in place—The right and center half around. The left the nearest to the ground. Draw back and wheel a little, thus, to give its proper impetus. Your hands upon the handle bar should be as dainty touches are. Then press with right foot till you see the inside pedal rising free. Don't be in haste. The pedal ring. Describes the circle, sinks from sight. But ere it meets your foot once more You're mounted, and the lesson's o'er.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

There are 46 patients at the University hospital.

Wallace G. Palmer has been appointed hospital sergeant of the A. A. L. I.

During the month of August the banks of the city will close at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, instead of at 4 o'clock as at present.

A small cyclone visited the southern end of Bridgewater township Monday and scattered haystacks, fences, etc., around like chaff.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of next week the colored people will have a big celebration in Ypsilanti. Emancipation Day will be observed Monday.

A blazing awning over Jerry Collins' store on E. Ann st., called out the fire department Wednesday afternoon. No damage beyond a hole in the awning resulted.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will have charge of the men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Sunday afternoon at 2:45. Be sure and attend.

A small blaze caused by a gasoline stove called the fire department to a house on S. Ashley st. yesterday morning. Some clothing and cooking utensils were destroyed.

Elmer J. Cowan, infant son of John H. and Mary Cowan, of Ann Arbor town, died Wednesday, aged 2 months and 3 days. The funeral was held yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from the house.

The Ann Arbor Milling Co. on Tuesday took in the first new wheat at its elevator in Owosso. The berry was plump and fine, a bushel weighing 59 pounds. The price paid for the wheat was 88 cents.

The amount received for taxes the second week of collection was \$3,899.57, as follows: Thursday, \$1,010.49; Friday, \$619.28; Saturday, \$590.78; Monday, \$168.83; Tuesday, \$548.82; Wednesday, \$961.87.

Byron Cady, of the north side, had two ribs broken and a bad gash cut in his head by the giving away of a hay rack on which he was hauling some people of the island, Saturday, where a picnic was being held.

Perry Watling, a well known farmer living in Ypsilanti town, was overcome by the heat Saturday afternoon while in Ypsilanti city, so that he fainted. Dr. Hueston soon revived him, however.

Mrs. Abigail Weller-Shaffer, who came to Lodi with her parents when five years old and later moved to Livingston county, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Richard Bristol, in Fowlerville, last Friday, aged 74 years.

On Sunday connection was made between Detroit and Ypsilanti on the New State Telephone Co.'s lines, and a 10-cent toll established between the two cities. Ypsilanti now has connection with Detroit, Mt. Clemens and Monroe over the New State lines.

Ten of the compositors in the Ann Arbor printing offices have erected a neat cottage on the banks of the Huron river at the outlet of Strawberry lake at Hamburg Junction, next door to C. G. Cook's cottage, which they will occupy as a harbor of refuge during the hot weather.

A dog owned by Levi Lee, of Dexter, bit Frank Showerman, of Ypsilanti, in the leg as he was passing through Dexter recently, and Mr. Showerman instituted a suit against Mr. Lee to recover damages for the bite. The case was settled in Ypsilanti Wednesday by Mr. Lee paying Mr. Showerman \$75. The dog has been killed as he is too expensive a luxury.

Some parties from Toledo have recently been visiting Ann Arbor with a view to locating and establishing a factory for the manufacture of glassware. They have submitted a proposition to Mayor Hiscock, who requests that all parties interested in securing another manufacturing industry for this city will meet at the council room this evening at 8 o'clock.

George B. Shetterly will again be landlord of the St. James' hotel, having secured the lease and will reopen it to the public Friday, Aug. 5. Mr. Shetterly was the first landlord of the hotel after it was renovated last year and the success he then made of the hotel he will again accomplish by keeping the house up to the good standard of excellence he then established.

Remember "Everybody's social No. 3," to be given by the Y. M. C. A. on Friday evening, Aug. 6, at Mr. Day's lawn, 104 S. Main st., at head of Packard st. This will be one of the largest events of the season and everyone should be present. Among the evening's entertainment will be fireworks and a balloon ascension by Prof. DeMonke. Ice cream and cake will be served for 10 cents. The music will be furnished by Becker's Military Band, which you will all be glad to hear. It furnished the music at the last social and was the attraction of the evening.

The Landwehr Unterstuetzungs Verein will hold a picnic at Schallhorns grove on the motor line next Sunday.

The summer normal school opened its four weeks' session in the high school Monday. There is an enrollment of 65 this year.

J. L. Skinner lost his suit against G. A. Watkins, state agent of the Penn. Mutal Life Insurance Co., and will appeal the case to the circuit court.

Bishop Cranston has appointed Rev. W. H. Shier, of Detroit, presiding elder of the Adrian district M. E. church, in place of Rev. L. P. Davis, lately deceased.

Martin Schaller's store on E. Washington st. is to rent, the reason is that Mr. Schaller will soon move his stock of goods to the Vandawarker store on S. Main st.

The excursion of the season will be run on Aug. 3, under the auspices of the Woman's Relief Corps. Only 90 cents to Detroit and return; \$1.40 to Port Huron and return. Special train leaves Ann Arbor at 7:12 a. m., Aug. 3. Don't forget the date. See small bills for particulars.

L. E. Champlain, of Ypsilanti, manager of the mineral bath house, has been seized with the Alaska gold fever, and will start for the Klondike region next February, which is as soon as anyone can get into the gold fields. He is not anxious to go alone but would like a party of four or five with him. Who wants to go?

Friday afternoon as Ferdinand Hochrein, an employee of the Ann Arbor gas works, was tarring some gas pipes with hot melted tar, the pipe on which he was working burst and the hot tar was thrown violently into his face and eyes. He was seriously burned, but Dr. Breakey, who is attending him, thinks that his eyesight will be saved.

The Northside Island Park Association gave a well attended and very enjoyable social at the island in the Huron river near the boulevard last Friday evening. The island was nicely decorated and lighted with Chinese lanterns. Music was furnished by the Gilt Edge Band. The social was a financial success and it was a late hour before the crowd dispersed.

Such enormous quantities of black raspberries are being gathered in southern Michigan this season that the prices received for them in the Chicago market often fail to net the shipper the cost of the packages alone. Many growers have devised inexpensive evaporating plants to dispose of the surplus berries, and it is estimated that over one-half of the crop will find a market as dried fruits.

E. S. Serviss, of the Ann Arbor Laundry, has instituted suits against eight students, in Justice Pond's court for non-payment of their laundry bills. The first suit was tried Friday and the defendant, a young man named Adams, confessed the debt up to a certain amount and paid it and the costs into court. The sum was accepted by the plaintiff's attorney and the case was dismissed.

A cyclist who rode in from Whitmore Lake Thursday night of last week, reported that some one had placed two stones, about as large as a man could lift, in the bicycle path. They were placed in such a way that if the cyclist missed one, he would have to strike the other. Some means ought to be found for detecting those who evidently intend to injure the wheelmen. There is a little something on the other side that should be spoken of. The bicycle path was not intended to be a race track. Several kicks have been registered against scorches who make riding on the path unpleasant for ladies and unexperienced riders by showing off their speeding qualities.—Times.

William W. Shier, a graduate of the law department of the U. of M., class of '94, was drowned in Detroit river Sunday afternoon by the capsizing of a rowboat off Sugar Island. Two others were drowned at the same time. All might have been saved had it not been for the cowardice of a yachtsman, who refused to go to their aid as he was afraid they might swamp him. Mr. Shier was 24 years of age, and was a bright, promising young attorney. He had been for two sessions of the legislature a committee clerk, and after the adjournment of the late legislature had formed a law partnership with W. L. January, under the firm name of Shier & January.

William Jones got a two days' sentence from Justice Pond Tuesday for a plain drunk.

Francis Stofflet has sold his house and lot, No. 80 S. Fifth ave., to Mrs. Roach, who will move into it at once.

The State Agricultural Society has come out from under its cloud of indebtedness and will hold a fair at Grand Rapids, Sept. 6 to 11.

Laurine R. Sanford, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Sanford, died Sunday evening and was buried at the Dixboro cemetery Monday.

The Water Works Co. has contracted with Geo. R. Haviland for a number of his fire extinguishers to be put in at the works, so that there need be no fear of a sudden fire getting started and shutting off the water supply.

The annual meeting for the election of officers of the W. H. M. S. of the Methodist church will be held at Mrs. Fardon's, Washtenaw ave., at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Ice cream and cake served. A cordial invitation extended.

It is noticed that children on one side of the street always want their play ground on the opposite side. How like children are the older grown who think that their lot and their business are the hardest, while their neighbors have the easiest places.

Mrs. Annie Besant, the well known English lecturer and theosophist, will deliver an address in this city Friday, Aug. 6. She advocates the eradication of evils which afflict the race, by the principles governing reincarnation, in which she firmly believes.

First Assistant Postmaster General Heath has made public the amount allowed for clerk hire in the larger post-offices in Michigan. The amount apportioned in Ann Arbor is \$4,700, divided as follows: Assistant postmaster, \$1,100; money order clerk, \$800; distributing and registering clerk, \$800; mailing clerk, \$800; three stamping clerks, \$400 each.

S. L. Kilbourne, of Lansing, has filed a petition in the Ingham county circuit court in which Reuben Kempf of the Citizens Bank, of Chelsea, asks that Receiver Stone of the Central Michigan Savings Bank be required to pay him dividends on rediscounted notes which he holds, made by Breisch & Osband and by the Hart Milling Company and amounting to \$11,000.

An order from the probate court was given Tuesday, which sends Cora Mullaly to Ann Arbor at the county expense, to have her eyes operated on. She is about 11 years of age, and her father, Peter Mullaly, is in the Kalamazoo asylum. Cora's eyes are very bad, caused from a severe cold taken when a small child. One eye it is thought will have to be taken out.—Adrian Telegram.

The late P. T. Barnum once said: "If you have ten dollars to put in good use, put up one for the article and the other nine for advertising. I can out-talk any man but a printer. The man that can stick type and the next morning talk to a thousand people while I am talking to one, is the man I am afraid of and I want him for my friend." P. T.'s maxim was evidently a good one to judge by the results that crowned his efforts in the advertising line.

On Tuesday next, Aug. 3, an excursion will be given to Detroit and Port Huron under the auspices of the Woman's Relief Corps department of Michigan. The train will leave Ann Arbor at 7:12 a. m., fare to Detroit for the round trip 90 cents; to Port Huron and return, \$1.40; the train will leave Ypsilanti at 7:35 a. m., fare to Detroit and return, 75 cents; fare to Port Huron and return \$1.25. Children, half fare. Returning, the train will leave on arrival of the steamer at M. C. depot, Detroit, at 8:45 p. m. The two rear cars of the train will be reserved for Ann Arbor parties.

Arrangements for the excursion to be given by the different societies connected with the Bethlehem church are now complete. The excursion, which is to Detroit and Put-in-Bay, will take place Wednesday, Aug. 4. The train will leave the Michigan Central depot at 7 o'clock standard time, and returning will arrive at 9:10 p. m. The trip down the lake to Put-in-Bay will be made on the steamer Frank E. Kirby which will be waiting for the excursionists on the arrival of the train in Detroit. The round trip fare to Detroit is 90 cents; to Put-in-Bay, \$1.50; children under 12 years of age half price.

Excursion to Lake Erie Park and Toledo.

Sunday, Aug. 1, the Ann Arbor Railroad will run an excursion to Toledo at the extremely low rate of 75 cents, leaving Ann Arbor at 10:25 a. m. Children under 12 years of age half the above rate. Bicycles and baby carriages carried free. Returning, special train leaves Toledo at 6:30 p. m.

**Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair. DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE.**  
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 Yea's the Standard.

# Now is Your Chance

We prefer to sell our . . .

## Spring and Summer SUITS

At a loss this time of the season rather than carry them over until next year and for that reason have cut every suit in our establishment to the lowest price. **THEY MUST GO. WE NEED THE MONEY** and a loss at the time is almost better than a profit earlier. We can't avoid this

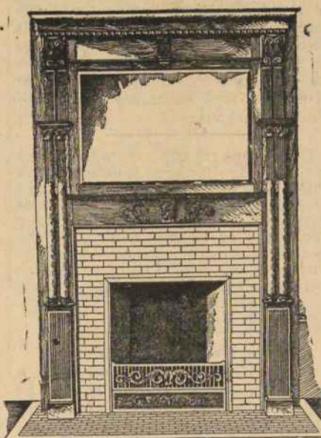
## MONEY LOSING SALE

And there is no use crying. We must have the ready cash and will have it if

### EXTREMELY LOW PRICES WILL DO IT.

# Lindenschmitt & Apfel

37 SOUTH MAIN STREET.



Mantels, Grates and Tiling.

ARE YOU BUILDING?  
If so we would like to have you come and look over our stock of BUILDERS, HARDWARE, FURNACES, GLASS, MANTELS, GRATES and TILEING. We would also like to give you figures on all kinds of TIN and FURNACE WORK. After seeing the quality and getting the prices of our goods we feel assured that you will be inclined to do business with us.  
Big Reduction on Bicycles. One-fourth off on Hammocks.

The Leading Hardware.

# MUEHLIG & SCHMID

31 S. Main Street, Ann Arbor, Mich.

## Wedding Presents

We have taken particular pains this year with our selection of prices of CUT GLASS and SILVERWARE, which are appropriate wedding gifts.

## MANTEL CLOCKS

This is one of the most appropriate gifts. We have our shelves full with the latest designs and works that we guarantee.

# Haller's Jewelry Store

46 South Main St.

TO USERS OF GASOLINE

When you want a free burning Gasoline that does not smoke or foul your stove, try DEAN'S "RED STAR," the finest made.

**DEAN & CO.**  
44 S. Main St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

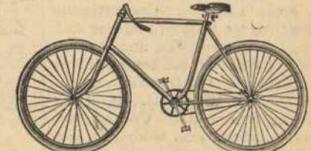
Embalmer and Funeral Director.  
Wood, Cloth and Metallic Caskets.  
Calls attended day or night.  
No. 8 E. Liberty St.  
Residence, 75 S. 4th Ave.  
Phone 129. ANN ARBOR, MICH.

# THE ARGUS,

You will get your money's worth.

Only \$1.00 per year.

Dealers Wanted



(SEE THAT CURVE.)

## KEATING

Dealers—We want your trade if we haven't got it, and will guarantee to keep it if we do get it, for Keating quality is your kind of quality—if you are particular; and our prices are your kind of prices if you are economical. Write us.

Catalogue. **STUDLEY & JARVIS,**  
Factory, Middleton, Conn. GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

J. R. DOOLITTLE DEAD.

Bright's Disease Carries Off the Ex-Senator.

DEATH OCCURS AT EDGEWOOD, R. I.

He Was There on a Visit to His Daughter When the Summons Came—Was an Intimate Friend of Abraham Lincoln and One of the Founders of the Republican Party—Of Late Years He Had Practiced Law in Chicago.

Providence, R. I., July 27.—Ex-United States Senator Doolittle of Wisconsin died at 9:30 o'clock Tuesday morning at the home of his daughter, at Edgewood, near this city. Bright's disease was the cause of death. He was 82 years of age.

The funeral arrangements have not yet been announced other than the body will be taken to Racine, Wis., the late home of Judge Doolittle.

James R. Doolittle was born on a farm in the town of Hampton, in the neighborhood of Lake Champlain and not far from the Vermont line, on Jan. 3, 1815. Judge Doolittle was the sixth in line of descent from Abraham Doolittle, who was sheriff of New Haven county, Conn., in 1648. When 4 years of age his father moved to western New York. He was graduated at Geneva (now Hobart) college in 1834. He adopted the law as a profession and having been admitted to the bar in 1837, opened an office at Warsaw, N. Y., in 1841. The only public office the judge held in New York was that of district attorney of Wyoming county. He early became interested in politics.

Strongly Opposed to Slavery.

In 1851 he went to Racine and found himself in a whig district. Yielding to the pressure of many friends he ran as the Democratic candidate for circuit judge in 1852 and was elected. He resigned in 1856 and devoted his time to the law. He was strongly opposed to slavery. In 1844 he supported Polk over Clay for president, but in 1847 he introduced into the Democratic convention the famous "cornerstone" resolution upon which the Free Soil party was formed in New York, and in 1848 he followed the fortunes of Martin Van Buren, the Free Soil candidate. He supported Franklin Pierce in 1852.

The repeal of the Missouri compromise which followed Pierce's election and the position assumed by Stephen A. Douglas toward the admission of Kansas and Nebraska operated to drive anti-slavery Democrats out of the party. Thus Judge Doolittle became one of the founders of the Republican party. He was elected to the United States senate as a Republican from Wisconsin, Jan. 28, 1857.

Friend of Abraham Lincoln.

Judge Doolittle was a great friend of Abraham Lincoln and he was in sympathy with Lincoln's administration. In 1863 he was again re-elected to the United States senate from Wisconsin. In 1865 a radical change in the Republican party caused Mr. Doolittle to leave it. May 28, 1866, the legislature of Wisconsin adopted a resolution asking him to resign his seat in the senate. He delivered a scathing speech denouncing those who had passed the resolution and refused to resign. In 1871 he was the Democratic candidate for governor and was defeated. Since that time he has been a Democrat. In 1886 he ran for congress in the First district and was defeated. Of late years Judge Doolittle practiced law in Chicago and resided most of the time with his daughter, Mrs. Frindel of Racine. A year ago he was stricken with la grippe and never fully recovered.

Colonel J. Fenton Seymour Dead.

Denver, July 27.—Colonel J. Fenton Seymour died Tuesday of Bright's disease. He was born in New York state in 1832, and came to Colorado in 1860 with his brother-in-law, the late ex-Governor Chaffee. In the early days Colonel Seymour operated stage lines. Later he engaged in mining. He owned the rich Slide mine at Boulder and other valuable properties.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

NATURE'S CYCLE PATH.

The Sandy Shore of Lake Erie is Admirably Fitted For Wheeling.

Most of us at one time or another have basked for awhile upon some sandy beach of ocean or lake. We have bathed in the surf, gathered shells upon the shore, and thus whiled away many idle hours, but it was reserved for the bicycle to make us really acquainted with those stretches of beach and shore which seem to have been purposely prepared by kind Mother Nature as a glorious cycle path. Whether or not she originally intended it for wheels, she certainly spends a great deal of her time in keeping the path in repair, and those active servants of hers, wind and wave, rain and sun, are kept very busy at work upon it all the time.

This long and varied path stretches in its entirety hundreds of miles along our ocean shores and around the borders of our great lakes, but the particular bit with which we became familiar during happy summer weeks, and to share in whose delights I would tempt others, is a comparatively small portion on the southern shore of Lake Erie. It begins with the extreme end of Cedar point, which with its long arm holds in a portion of Sandusky bay, and extends eastward 15 miles or more up the shore. This sandy shore continues all the way to Cleveland and beyond, but because of some intervening piles of rock one cannot ride the whole 50 or 60 miles. The shorter distance is, however, enough for a summer day's ride, especially if one takes it comfortably and leisurely and appropriates to himself the countless joys spread before him.—Grace Wickham Curran in St. Nicholas.

Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

PISO'S CURE FOR BURNS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Taste Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

ABBREVIATIONS.

Time Saving That May Not Be Productive of Good Habits.

Our public school children are beyond doubt taught nowadays much that interests and helps them, all of which was unknown to their parents at the same age.

And this instruction is given in a manner to beguile the little people into the royal road to learning, so that it is a common occurrence to have a child burst into tears at the fear of missing a day in school. Yet—there must always be a yet—are they learning refinement with the rest of the desiccated knowledge offered as their pabulum?

In the very scientific algebra taught throughout New York state and compiled by an instructor in the Normal school, "to save time," the highest common divisor is spoken of as the "H. C. D.," and the least common multiple is the "L. C. M." What time is saved, and why? And isn't such teaching inculcating the vulgarity, later on in life, which speaks of "photos" and "bikes" and "buses," if not of "pants" and "gents."

If this system of abbreviating everything is taught in our schools, we will simply have to stand the jeers of the refined foreigners at our being in too great a hurry to make money to even speak the language properly.

As great as we are, our fault lies in this rushing frantically over everything.

What the far seers are trying to teach is repose—a taking of time for all the refined things of life, and yet, if this principle of "chopping" the language is taught at the very base of our life, the public school, what can be expected of these children when they grow up?—Philadelphia Press.

It gives me great pleasure to express my faith in Carter's Cascara Liver Pills. They are the only medicine I ever take, and they always do their work well, and do just as you say, do not gripe or sicken, and leave the system strengthened and toned up. They give me a good appetite and refreshing sleep. I recommend them to all my friends, ANNIE BIRAY, Chicago. For sale by H. J. Brown.

Watch Chain of Human Bones.

Cyrus O. Thornton, a farmer living a few miles out of Bolivar, has an odd watch chain. It is made of human bones. The chain consists of eight links, each a trifle more than an inch long, connected by plated rings. The chain is about ten inches long and has been highly polished by years of wear and glistens like ivory.

Thornton secured the chain at Petersburg, Va., in 1864. He was a member of Company E, Fiftieth New York Engineers. A member of the Twenty-first New York infantry made two chains while confined in Libby prison and on his release met Thornton and sold him one chain for \$50 in greenbacks. Thornton has forgotten the maker's name. The bones were taken from amputated arms and legs, and it required 18 months' time to carve out the chains. For many years after he came home from the war Thornton wore the chain every day, but for several years he has worn it only on Memorial day and at Grand Army reunions. Some of his neighbors once laughed at the idea of the bones being taken from human bodies, and he sent the chain to a surgeon, who examined it and pronounced it to be of human bones.—Fall River News.

Eczema in any part of the body is instantly relieved and permanently cured by Doan's Ointment, the sovereign remedy for all itches of the skin.

An Ancient Telephone.

Edison may read with interest that in 1783 M. Linqnet de la Bastille issued a prospectus, published in the "Correspondence Secrete," London, 1788 (volume 14, page 302), of "a singular machine or experience of the propagation of sound and the voice through tubes prolonged to a great distance." If it succeeded, he announced, people would be able to maintain with their sweethearts and friends at a distance of some hundreds of leagues a conversation which would "become somewhat public on the way, but by suppressing the names no one would be in the secret of the interlocutors." But it is not recorded that the scheme was put into practice. In a paper published in L'illustration for 1854 by M. Charles Bourseul he says: "Let us imagine that a person speaks near to a mobile plate sufficiently flexible not to lose any of the vibrations produced by his voice, and that this plate interrupts and establishes accordingly communication with a battery. Then we might have at a distance another plate which would give at the same time the same vibrations. An electric battery, two vibrating plates and a wire would be sufficient." In apportioning the honors of telephonic discovery M. Bourseul at least would seem entitled to a share.—New York Tribune.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

That Lame Back can be cured with Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTER. Only 25c.

There is to be seen at Schwarzenberg, in Saxony, a linden whose trunk is 25 feet in circumference, and two others at Schoneberg, one 16 feet and the other 14 feet in circumference.

If you stand a palm in the window, be careful that you turn the pot around every day, so that one side of the plant does not get the sole benefit of the sun's rays.

The hottest part of the globe is the great desert of Africa, where the thermometer registers 150 degrees F.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

JOSHED ALL NATIONS.

THE EX-KING OF THE FAKIRS TELLS HOW TO MAKE A LIVING.

Rich After Having Done Only Four Days' Work In Thirty Years—How He Got His Nickname—Corn Salve For Russians and Perfumed Beans For Frenchmen.

Tick Lowndes, the ex-king of the fakirs, having become rich, left off traveling on his fiftieth birthday, married a young wife and settled down in Philadelphia, "because I was born there," he says in explanation of this strange thing, "and I believe a man ought to give the town he was born in a show."

For nearly 30 years Lowndes, circumnavigating the globe 11 times, beamed upon the world's population through his Moses P. Handy whiskers, and, in his own words, "joshed 'em all, white, black, red, brown and yellow," into providing for his luxurious existence and for his eventual wealth. He got his nickname of Tick from the solid gold watches he used to sell to countrymen for the nominal sum of two bits.

"Maybe you think they won't go," he would bawl, holding up one of his watches when purchasers were backward. "That's where you're 'way off. Listen to this one tick." And he would imitate the ticking of a watch with his mouth so that the sound could be easily heard by those on the outer limits of the crowd around his torch illuminated carriage. Success and seniority gave him the title king of the fakirs, by which he was known until his retirement.

"I often hear no account chaps talking about how hard it is to get along in this world," said Lowndes when he was here. "They make me weary. The world is easy—easy"—snapping his fingers as if the subject was too silly to talk about. "When I was a small boy, playing marbles and shabby and peg top, I looked about me and saw all hands breaking their necks trying to earn a living—struggling, sweating, worrying, working like the devil, every one of 'em."

"It was positively painful for me to watch 'em, although I was only in knee breeches. I made up my mind right then that I had a heap too big a capacity for fun to wear myself out working, and I determined to make the world my oyster. Well, I've been nibbling on the oyster ever since, and the only work you could call work that I ever did was four days of coal heaving down in the stokehole of a Japanese steamer on which I was a stowaway. How's that for a record—only four days' work in 30 years! Don't I look it?"

Tick did look it. He was a perambulating jeweler's shop. Diamonds glittered all over him—not the sort of diamonds he used to put into his Pandora envelopes. It was acknowledged that he looked prosperous all right.

"Now you'll be astonished, but the worst jays I ever struck anywhere in the world are the Russians. I think I sold about five tons of axle grease corn salve for a ruble an ounce box on one trip through southern Russia. All the men in Russia have corns. They all wear heavy cowhide boots—the ordinary folks, I mean—which I suppose accounts for it. I felt almost ashamed the way those Russian folks fell over each other to buy my ordinary axle grease of commerce for their corns, and the worst of it was that in the larger towns, where I staid for three or four days, the yaps that had bought the stuff on the first day of my arrival came to me before I left and told me gratefully that the grease had entirely cured their corns. Why, I was regarded as a public benefactor throughout the whole Russian empire."

"I found the French pretty easy ones, too, especially in the smaller towns. The first time I hit France I was selling West Indian perfumed beans. They were the ordinary American beans that they don't know how to cook in Boston, despite all this talk of Boston as the town of beans. I dyed the beans blue and soaked 'em over night in cologne. I used a Mexican vaquero's make up on this trip and sold the beans a dozen for a franc, with a long spellbind about the perfume lasting for 1,000 years, and so on. It was like finding money, this bean fake in France.

"All of the South Americans, from Panama to Patagonia, are pretty easy to gold brick. All over South America I sold thousands of gallons of whitening tonic to make the hair of breeding white. I made it of nights as I went along out of any old thing that wasn't harmful—dandelion roots, wild cherry bark and such stuff. The governments got after me finally for it, though, and that's the reason the half breeds of South America are still reddish in color. Their governments wouldn't let 'em buy enough of my whitening stuff, you see. "The Mexicans'll buy anything. You may not believe it, but I sold thousands of dollars' worth of common bar soap for removing grease spots on one trip down there, notwithstanding the fact that the duds worn by the people who bought the soap were as much on the G string order as the law of the land would permit. I sold 'em safety razors that cost me a quarter each wholesale for \$3, which was about as low down as ever I played it, as any man who ever used a safety razor will admit.

"I would have made a million out of the natives of the Fiji islands if the jealous white residents down there had not choked me off. As it was, I cleaned up a good bit of money on the scheme. I traded off blue spectacles with the Fijis for cochineal. Cochineal at that time was about worth its weight in silver. The Fijis went crazy over my stock of goggles, and I had several of the islanders gathering cochineal for me until the consuls hunted me out.

"I was cooking up a scheme to sell the Kaffirs some stuff to straighten their kinky wool and make it look like the white man's hair, but the white people down there wouldn't stand it, although there was millions in it."—Washington Cor. New York Sun.

FAITH AND THE UNIVERSE.

A trembling star that steals along, Vast night's belated wanderer; A pale ghost by the splendor strong Of Venus and Jupiter:

A world forlorn, with one sad moon To light across the unsounded deep Her clouded orbit and, the swoon Of her dream shaken, shuddering, sleep.

Is this the place where one should say Was found a creed for all the spheres— That truth's sole sun is the weak ray That fits thro' our embarrassed years?

No thought of God august, benign, Born of hope's reason's, puzzled strife, May fully the veiled force define Which feeds the roots of boundless life. —Joseph Truman in Spectator.

A SPIDER FIGHT.

It Was Fast and Furious and to the Death. I once had a spider pet of a kind the books enabled me to identify. He was a fine, big fellow. I caught him in the garden, carried him home, and for nearly two months he and I took a close interest in each other, he for the flies I introduced to him and I for the amusement he introduced to me. I kept him in a milliner's box, letting him out when I visited him, specially delighting myself with allowing him to drop from one hand by his fine spun thread, and then either compelling him to climb back again by apparently eating his own ladder.

One day I captured another spider of the same species. I kept him for a few days in a separate box, and then, with the kindly idea of companionship, I introduced him to Tiger. I have seen dogs fight; I have seen chancier fights and slay his man; I have seen rams fight till, with his skull crushed in, one lay dead at the foot of the other; I have seen men fight; I have seen women fight—at least, they once were women—till they became a confusion of blood and hair and shredded garments; but the fullest sense I ever realized of mad, murderous passion let un governably loose, centered in one destroying aim and summoning every physical energy to its devilish service, I realized when those two spiders rushed to mortal combat. I stood in boyish terror as their tangled legs dropped off, torn by mutual raze, and as, with vicious dexterity, they struck each other with their poisoned fangs, using for their own destruction the weapons and appliances with which nature has provided them for the capture and slaughter of their prey, I visibly turned pale.

Tiger was the victor, but even while with brutal wrath, all mangled as he was, he bit and spurned his dead and limbless foe, he was seized with symptoms I took to be paralytic, and in a minute or two I helped him to his death. And this fearless gladiator was afraid, I remember, and never would tackle, a big bluebottle fly. What is courage?—Manchester City News.

Mothers, Do You Know

that Syphilis and many so-called soothing syrups and most remedies for children contain opium in some of its forms, and that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons? If not then remember these are facts, and avoid them as you value your child's life. Carter's Cascara Cordial is a purely vegetable article, carefully prepared, and will relieve your child of that sour stomach, which induces diarrhoea, relieve constipation and bring natural and healthy sleep, such as nature intended. Get a bottle from your druggist and you will be delighted by the results. Price, 25 and 50 cents. For sale by H. J. Brown.

Grant as a Boy.

The late Colonel Jesse E. Peyton in his book of reminiscences thus described his first meeting with General Grant: "In the year 1838 I was working as a boy in a country store at Flat Rock, Bourbon county, Ky. Ulysses S. Grant was then a boy, living at Georgetown, O., not many miles distant. One day Grant drove over to Flat Rock with the niece of my employer. Grant was then 16 years old, awkward, ungainly, determined, industrious and very poorly dressed. He drove a vicious horse. The night after his arrival at Flat Rock he slept with me in the store. It was a cold night, and we boys kept close to the lee of the counter.

"In the morning Grant asked me if he could assist me. I said 'Yes.' He helped me take down the shutters and sweep out the store and put stock in place. After breakfast he drove off. I heard from him afterward of his drive home. Before he had gone far from Flat Rock his horse ran away, and finally brought up with a crash in a fence corner. Nothing broke. Grant jumped out, seized the trembling horse by the bridle and tied his handkerchief over the beast's eyes. He drove the horse blindfolded all the way to Georgetown, O."

For earache, put a couple of drops of Thomas' Electric Oil on a bit of cotton and place it in the ear. The pain will stop in a few moments. Simple enough, isn't it?

Colonial Fear of Lawyers.

In the columns of the New York Gazette of Sept. 8, 1786, there was a paragraph lamenting the increase of lawyers as threatening to the future prosperity of the community and degrading to freemen. "An honest trade in former days," said the writer, "was all that people of common ability and education were ambitious of, but now no profession is gentler but the lawyer and the merchant. The lawyers are now creeping into every post of importance and thrusting themselves wherever there is a vacancy. Our congress, our assembly, are crowded with them, and even in our great commercial convention there are five lawyers to one merchant."

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. \$1. All druggists.

CASTORIA. The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE FOLDING BED.

It Is Still an Object of Suspicion to Many Hotel Visitors.

"I'm sorry, sir," said the polite young up town hotel clerk to the grum looking guest, "but I haven't another room in the house tonight. If you could use this till morning, I'll fix you up right for tomorrow." But the inducement persuasively delivered failed to work and the grum looking man went away.

When he had got over the threshold, the suave clerk smiled a sort of pensive smile and said: "You can't do anything with these fellows. It beats the world how a man will let his prejudices drive him out into the night to seek inferior accommodations. And yet this man looked like he knew better too."

"What was it dissatisfied him?" "Nothing in the world except that in the only room he'd have there was a folding bed. You see we are crowded now and there are but few vacant apartments. He is a crank on the subject of folding beds because in modern times two or three human beings have been caught in them when they folded up inopportunely and had their lives crushed out. I pleaded with him that no such disaster could happen here, for nowadays folding beds are made with patent catches that absolutely prevent them from manslaughter. No matter how sorely a bed such as we have should yearn to close up on its slumbering victim those catches forbid. I told him all this, but it had no effect."

"Are most people imbued with this prejudice?" "Yes. I think a majority of the traveling public has that feeling, and I do not believe the time will ever come when the folding bed will gain the full confidence, much less the affection, of the American people."—Washington Post.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

E. B. NORRIS

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Does a general law collection and conveyancing business. A moderate share of your patronage respectfully solicited. Office 16 E. Huron Street, upstairs.

Real Estate for Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF Washtenaw—ss.

In the matter of the estate of Edward H. Clark, deceased. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned administrator of the estate of said deceased by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1897, there will be sold at public vendue to the highest bidder, at the late residence of said deceased, in the City of Ann Arbor, in the County of Washtenaw, in said state, on Saturday, the 21st day of August, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased), the following described real estate, to-wit: Lot one (1), block one (1), south of Huron street, in the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan, range (2) east.

LEONHARD GRUNER, Administrator.

HUMPHREYS' CURES

- No. 1 Fever, Congestion. No. 2 Worms. No. 3 Infants' Diseases. No. 4 Diarrhea. No. 7 Coughs & Colds. No. 9 Headache. No. 10 Dyspepsia, Indigestion. No. 11 Delayed Periods. No. 12 Leucorrhoea. No. 13 Croup. No. 14 Skin Diseases. No. 15 Rheumatism. No. 19 Catarrh. No. 27 Kidney Diseases. No. 34 Sore Throat. No. 77 Grip & Hay Fever.

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at Your Druggists or Mailed Free. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25cts., 50cts. or \$1. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY. Made a Well Man of Me. THE GREAT 30th Day. FRENCH REMEDY produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unite one for study, business or marriage. It is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, by mail. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, \$1.00 per package, or six for \$5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address: ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 271 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale at Ann Arbor, Mich., by Eberbach Drug and Chemical Company.

SANTAL-MIDY. In 48 hours Gonorrhoea and discharges from the urethra are cured by Santal Midy Capsules, without inconvenience.

AN ACCIDENT.

Mr. Quintus Hummel, of 118 Michigan Ave., Detroit, tells a War Story of his own Experience, and the Result.

(From Detroit News.)

Our representative called at 118 Michigan Avenue, the residence of Mr. Quintus Hummel. Mr. Hummel is a veteran of the late war, and received, in the campaign, an injury which has given him much pain and suffering since. He belonged to a Michigan cavalry regiment and his horse becoming frightened one day reared up, throwing him backward. In falling he struck his spine on a sharp stone, inflicting a deep cut over five inches long. The injury affected the kidneys. About two years ago the left kidney started to bleed, and has been doing so ever since. Mr. Hummel, in a few pointed sentences, gave our representative the following account: "The accident of my 'war days' left me in bad shape; pain in my back and spine rendered me almost useless, and I was compelled to give up work entirely. I could not turn over in bed without assistance. I have spent hundreds of dollars in various ways trying to find relief. Physicians have told me my spine was honey-combed for 13 inches. I had given up in despair, never hoping for relief, when a friend told me about Doan's Kidney Pills, and they have done me a world of good. The pains have disappeared from my back, and the bleeding of my kidney has almost entirely stopped. I know I can never be entirely cured, as I would have to be a new man, but Doan's Kidney Pills have done more to make me feel like a new man than all the other things I have tried during past years. I have not had any recurrence of the pain or bleeding since taking them."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents, by mail, from Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

RINSEY & SEABOLT'S BAKERY, GROCERY

AND FLOUR AND FEED STORE.

We keep constantly on hand BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, &c. For Wholesale or Retail Trade.

We shall also keep a supply of OSBORNE'S GOLD DUST FLOUR.

J. M. Swift & Co.'s Best White Wheat Flour, Rye Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Corn Meal, Feed, &c., &c., &c.

At Wholesale and Retail. A general stock of GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS constantly on hand, which will be sold on reasonable terms as at any other house in the city.

Cash paid for Butter, Eggs, and Country Produce generally.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city with extra quickness.

Rinsey & Seabolt

ANN ARBOR RAILROAD

TIME TABLE.

Taking Effect May 23, 1897.

Trains leave Ann Arbor by Central Standard time.

NORTH. SOUTH.

8:43 A. M. 7:30 A. M.

\*12:15 P. M. 11:25 A. M.

4:50 P. M. 8:40 P. M.

\*9:10 A. M. \*8:15 P. M.

\*Trains marked thus run between Ann Arbor and Toledo only.

\*Trains marked thus run Sundays only.

All other trains daily except Sunday.

E. S. GILMORE, Agent

W. H. BENNETT, G. P. A.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME

Taking Effect July 4, 1897.

GOING EAST.

Detroit Night Ex. .... 5 50 a. m.

Atlantic Express. .... 7 30

Grand Rapids Ex. .... 11 10

Mail and Express. .... 3 47 p. m.

N. Y. & Boston Sp'l. .... 4 58

North Shore Limited. .... 6 45

Fast Eastern. .... 10 05

GOING WEST.

Boston, N. Y. & Ch. .... 8 12 a. m.

Mail & Express. .... 9 18

Fast Western Ex. .... 1 55 p. m.

G. R. & Kal. Ex. .... 5 55

Chicago Night Ex. .... 9 40

Pacific Express. .... 12 30

O. W. RUGGLES H. W. HAYES, G. P. &

HANDY GOES TO PARIS.

Named as Special Commissioner to the Exposition.

NOTABLE RECESS NOMINATIONS.

Terence V. Powderly Is Renominated Commissioner of Immigration—Will Have to Take Chances on Confirmation When the Senate Meets Next Winter—Robert J. Tracewell of Indiana Nominated for Comptroller of the Treasury.

Washington, July 27.—The president Tuesday made three notable recess nominations, with several of less importance. First is that of Major Moses P. Handy, editor-in-chief of the Chicago Times-Herald, to be special commissioner of



MOSES P. HANDY. The United States to the Paris international exposition of 1900.

Hardly second in popular interest is the reappointment of Terence V. Powderly to be commissioner of immigration. Powderly failed of confirmation by the senate, but it is evident the president means to stand by him despite all protests.

Will Assume His Duties.

Mr. Powderly will now assume the duties of the office and take chances on confirmation by the senate next winter. Major Handy's new post will take him to Paris about Sept. 1. He will work on the \$25,000 provided for the place in the urgent deficiency bill and will organize all the American interests preliminary to the selection of the full board of United States commissioners.

Robert J. Tracewell of Indiana was nominated for comptroller of the treasury, as forecasted in these dispatches a day or two ago.

JAPAN MAKES REPLY.

Enters Strong Protest Against Action in Hawaii Against Her Rights.

Washington, July 27.—Toru Hoshi, the Japanese minister to the United States, has replied to the communication of Secretary Sherman of July 10 regarding the proposed annexation of Hawaii to the United States, and its tenor clearly shows that the Japanese government will continue to oppose and protest against such annexation. He says the imperial government has no hesitation in admitting the predominant influence of the United States in the Hawaiian islands, but that predominance, so long existing unquestioned, he regards as a reason against the disturbance of the status quo.

He urges that the absorption of Hawaii by the United States would be the signal for the revival in Europe of dormant territorial ambition in the Pacific and the last vestige of native autonomy would disappear. He quotes Secretary Bayard to the German government in regard to respecting the well established rights of third parties and says that the Japanese government has large unliquidated claims against Hawaii for what it deems to be clear and deliberate violations of treaty, and it "cannot admit that any alteration in the Hawaiian status would in the least tend to relieve Hawaii of liability." Minister Hoshi concludes as follows:

"Therefore, I have the honor to repeat that Japan has absolutely no designs of any kind whatever inimical to Hawaii and no motive in her dealings with that country except to secure by legitimate means the due observance of just obligations."

Errors in the Tariff Bill.

Washington, July 27.—Inconsistencies in the new tariff act, which are multiplying under the close scrutiny of the treasury officials, can only be harmonized by numerous appeals to the court. Now it is found that section 262 places the duty on plums at 25 cents per bushel, and section 264 fixes the rate at 2 cents per pound. Another section fixes the rate of duty on hides of cattle at 15 per cent ad valorem and admits raw skins free. The question involved is the classification of calf skins, it being contended that commercially calf skins are not classed as hides of cattle and hence are entitled to a free entry.

Removal of Congressional Library.

Washington, July 27.—The removal of the large collections of the congressional library from their present quarters in the Capitol building to the magnificent new congressional library will, now that congress has adjourned, be vigorously entered upon. This undertaking will involve the closing of the library at the Capitol to the public for some weeks because of the noise, dust and confusion incident to the displacement of so great a mass of books.

Terrific Hailstorms.

Omaha, July 27.—Specials from interior points give accounts of terrible hailstorms in various sections of Nebraska. At Franklin the wind blew a hurricane. Several houses were unroofed and a grain elevator was destroyed. At Kearney much minor damage was done in the city. Reports from the country have not been received, so damage to crops can only be guessed at.

Wanted for Murder.

Denver, July 27.—Cloyd Margell, aged 20, has been arrested at Woodland Park and is held here awaiting a requisition from Iowa. He is wanted in Marshalltown, Ia., on a charge of murder, a boy being the victim. A reward of \$500 was offered for the murderer, and there is said to be a strong case against him, though he professes to be entirely innocent of any crime whatever.

MULLIGAN'S LAST DAY

A TERROR OF THE WEST WHO MADE HIS TAKING OFF MEMORABLE.

He Killed a Friend Who Tried to Persuade Him to Surrender—Brought Down by a Bullet From a Militiaman's Rifle. One of Mark Twain's Desperadoes.

"His name was included in the little list of Nevada desperadoes made by Mark Twain in 'Roughing It,'" said the Nevada pioneer. He did not say "Mark Twain," by the way, but "Sam Clemens," the name by which all old Nevadans and Californians knew the famous humorist. The pioneer was talking of men of his time who had died with their boots on, and Billy Mulligan was the character who just now was to the front. Some of the hostile mix ups and shooting matches in which that young Irishman had taken a hand had been related, and now the narrator had come to the day of his taking off.

"Billy Mulligan had run a long string and lasted a good while for a man of his temper and practices, for he was tough out and out," continued the pioneer. "His neck was in danger in the days of the San Francisco vigilance committee, and he ran some narrow chances with the law and lynchers afterward. He was a brave, desperate man, handy with weapons, and would fight 'at the drop of the hat.' But he pulled through all trouble until the time came, which seems sooner or later to befall almost every desperado, when the strain of danger and the effect of constant drinking and excitement got the better of his nerves and judgment. When a desperado gets that way, there are two courses that he may take—quit the country, quit drinking and get to work at an honest calling or stay and get killed. The last was what Mulligan chose, but he kept the business in his own hands and forced the pace to the end.

"It was at Carson City that the end came to Billy Mulligan. The cards had gone against him all night. The liquor he had drunk had made him ugly as he walked out of the Esmeralda saloon one morning. Next door was a laundry, and a Chinaman, ironing clothes, lifted his face to the window just as Mulligan was passing. Without a word the desperado drew his pistol and fired through the glass, blowing the Chinaman's brains out, then went on to the hotel where he was staying, and up stairs to his room in the top story. The door of his room opened near the head of the stairway, and when the sheriff's officers came to arrest him for killing the Chinaman he stood them off with his revolvers. They knew it meant certain death to some of them to try to rush up the stairway, and they stopped at the foot to consider. John Coleman, a particular friend of Mulligan, who was with them, tried to persuade him to surrender.

"No use, John," said Mulligan. "I shan't be taken alive. This is my last day, and the game'll end right here. You keep away and don't get mixed up in the trouble."

"Coleman was working along up the stairway as he talked, with the object, perhaps, of getting near enough to the desperado to disarm him.

"Stop where you are, John," said Mulligan. "One step nearer and I'll kill you."

"Coleman made another step forward, and Mulligan shot him through the heart. He permitted the others to take the body away, keeping them covered with his pistols all the time. A crowd gathered in the hotel and the public square which it faced, and plans were discussed for capturing Mulligan, but his character for deadly desperation was such that volunteers were scarce. At last it was decided to call out the militia company and take the desperado in his stronghold by regular assault.

"The troops were mustered in double line in the public square, facing the hotel and waiting the order to advance. Through the window of his room in the third story Mulligan could be seen now and then as he walked to and fro between the stairway and the window, keeping watch against a surprise in either direction. Then, as the face of the desperado appeared once more at the window, one of the soldiers fired with his rifle, killing him instantly. It was an unexpected shot which undoubtedly saved several lives that would almost certainly have been sacrificed in carrying the room by storm.

"Billy Mulligan was a New Yorker by birth and was a typical representative of the old time California 'tough' gambler—a class which got its tone and manners from the New York of the volunteer firemen and 'Dead Rabbit' days. Quick of motion—some of them could pick a fly from the wall with the thumb and finger four times out of five—stern and short spoken except where it was part of their game to be suave, rough and tumble fighters, fashionably dressed, with more of ornaments than southern gamblers often wear and distinguished by heavy black mustaches, they ran their course in San Francisco, which was headquarters from which they went to the new mining communities, to stay while these flourished or until they were driven out. They had their day—most of them were shot or hanged, or they died in want. Here and there, stranded in some out of the way western community, some decrepit survivor is found of the old gambler desperado class of which Billy Mulligan was a shining example."—New York Sun.

Fully Cared For.

"Do you have mice in your house, Parker?" asked Wicks. "Yes; lots of 'em," said Parker. "What on earth do you do for them? I'm bothered to death by them at my house." "What do I do for 'em?" said Parker. "Why, I do everything for 'em—provide 'em with a home, plenty to eat, and so forth. What more can they expect?"—Harper's Bazar.

AS THE SUN WENT DOWN.

Two soldiers lay on the battlefield at night when the sun went down. One held a lock of thin gray hair, And one held a lock of brown.

One thought of his sweetheart back at home, Happy and young and gay, And one of his mother left alone, Feeble and old and gray.

Each in the thought that a woman cared, Murmured a prayer to God, Lifting his gaze to the blue above, There on the battle sod.

Each in the joy of a woman's love Smiled through the pain of death, Murmured the sound of a woman's name, Though with his parting breath.

Pale grew the dying lips of each, Then, as the sun went down, One kissed a lock of thin gray hair, And one kissed a lock of brown.

—Town Talk.

THE DEMAINE DYE.

"Tell," the girl pleaded coaxingly, with her soft cheek against his.

"Ask me anything but that and I will grant it," answered her lover. "That is a matter which concerns my honor, and so not even for you can I—"

"Oh," she interrupted pettishly. "I am sick of hearing that cant about your honor. You only promised your father, and I am sure if he had known me he would have told me, but you—you are as hard as adamant. You can't care for me properly, or you would do what I ask you—the very first thing I have ever asked you," she ended pettishly.

Alan Demaine smiled at the pretty exhibition of childish wrath. Then he said gravely, yet firmly:

"It is no use, Elsie. You are causing both yourself and me needless pain by constantly teasing me on this matter. Once and for all I cannot tell you, so now let us talk of something pleasant. What is the last new gown like?" he ended, smiling lovingly down at her.

The girl looked at him, a curious glance, half menace, half malice, then, veiling her eyes, drooping before his ardent glance, she allowed herself to be coaxed, flattered and petted into a seemingly forgetful mood.

"I wonder why the little witch is so eager to know the secret—a trade secret too?" thought Demaine to himself that night as he smoked a quiet cigar. "A childish whim, I suppose, or woman's curiosity."

And, so thinking, he dismissed the subject from his mind.

But he would not have dismissed it quite so easily if he could have looked into a distant chamber in another part of the house and seen a little fury excitedly pacing the floor and murmuring to herself:

"I will get to know it yet, whether by fair means or foul it matters little, but I will get it, and then—"

"I must be off to the works at once," Alan said next morning to his mother and sisters. "Tell Elsie, when she comes down, that I am awfully sorry not to be able to take her for a drive, as we arranged yesterday, but something unexpected has turned up, and I am compelled to attend to it. No eye like the master's—eh, mother?" he finished laughingly.

Mrs. Demaine looked fondly at her son.

"You are just like your father," she said proudly. "It was aye duty before pleasure with him, but I'll tell the lassie, Alan, and maybe you'll be home by dinner time."

"I can't say, mother," he answered cheerily; "only wait for me."

And then they heard the hall door close and knew he was off. The day wore away. Elsie declined Enid Demaine's offer to drive her in place of Alan and went off for a long walk by herself. Enid and Cicely looked curiously after her as she walked down the drive, and then Cicely said half dreamily:

"I do think there is something odd about Elsie. I wish Alan had not fallen in love with her. Do you know," lowering her voice to an awestricken whisper, "I'm afraid she is not trustworthy."

When Alan came home that evening, he seemed in uproariously good spirits. He laughed and chatted and joked and teased until his mother declared that he was "fey." After dinner he invited Elsie out on to the terrace, to "see the moonlight," he declared mendaciously.

Very fair and sweet the girl looked in her pretty white gown of some shimmering material, and so her lover evidently thought, for he suddenly caught her to his breast and rained passionate kisses on her brow and lips. Then, just as suddenly, he thrust her from him and stood facing her in the moonlight. The girl was half frightened at his manner.

"What is the matter, Alan?" she asked timidly.

"Nothing, my pet," he replied in his old manner; "only you looked so bewitching I think I lost my senses."

"I think you did," she retorted coquettishly. "Alan," she continued earnestly, "do you really and truly love me?"

He looked at her curiously, then, recollecting himself, replied:

"What a foolish question to ask! How many hundreds of times have I told you the old, old story?"

"But," she persisted, raising her face to his, "I never, never can believe it until you tell me that secret."

His face darkened at her words.

"Did I not tell you last night that your persistency was worse than useless?" he retorted, looking coldly down at her.

"Well, then," she answered passionately, "until you do tell me I will never marry you—never!"

There was a long silence between them. Finally the man broke it.

"Do you mean what you say?" he asked in a low, tense voice.

"Certainly," she responded in a hard, determined tone. Then, changing her manner to one of winning sweetness: "But I know you will tell me. You

could never, never be so cruel as to refuse."

He turned away and began pacing the lawn in an undecided, wavering fashion, quite unlike his usual firm step. The girl followed him and laid one hand on his arm.

"Tell me," she whispered beseechingly. Then she raised herself on tiptoe and kissed him.

"I cannot resist," he murmured, then stooped suddenly and whispered something into her ear.

"Is that all?" she asked, in evident surprise. He nodded.

The next afternoon Elsie refused all offers of companionship and went off for a solitary stroll. As she approached a little wooded copse about half a mile from the house a young man sauntered slowly toward her.

"Well, what success this time?" he demanded, without troubling to make any preliminary greeting.

"Wait a minute, Hugh," the girl answered. "I am quite breathless with hurrying. That tiresome Enid wanted to come with me. And I wasn't at all sure of Alan not coming too."

The man stood for a minute or two in silence, then glanced at his companion impatiently.

"I have got it," she answered quietly, returning his glance.

His whole face changed and glowed with triumph.

"You little darling, you clever little darling," he exclaimed, and then took her in his arms and kissed her passionately. She lay quite passive in his embrace, her dark eyes gleaming with tenderest love.

"Now we can marry," he whispered. "But you have not told me yet, Elsie. Are you sure you have got the exact details?"

"It is all written here, word for word, as Alan repeated it to me," she replied.

He read the paper greedily which she handed to him, then placed it in his pocketbook and drew a deep breath of relief.

"So that is all the secret of Demaine's wonderful purple dye," he said. "Well, I rather think now that the monopoly is destroyed. Won't the old fashioned firm be astonished when they find themselves undersold in the market by a dye exactly like their own."

And he laughed a cruel laugh of triumph. "I always hated Demaine," he continued, "always. This will be splendid revenge, besides making all our fortunes. But come, Elsie," he added, "it is time we were moving. I'll see you to the park gates, and then I must get back to town."

A month passed away, and Elsie was still visiting the Demaines, still outwardly engaged to Alan, of whom nevertheless she saw very little.

"Hugh," Elsie said to her lover one evening, "don't you think"—and then she stopped in confusion.

"Think what?" said Hugh idly, without looking at her.

"That it is not very nice or pleasant for me to be staying in Alan's home, when I have—betrayed him?" she ended bravely.

"I don't see what else you can do," retorted Hugh lazily, "unless you go back to your aunt's."

The girl crimsoned to her brow.

"Couldn't we be married now?" she whispered in shamed tones.

He looked at her sharply, then replied: "Look here, Elsie, it is best to be straightforward, so we may as well end this farce at once. I am engaged to my cousin Marian, and we are to be married next month."

There was a long silence. Up in the bright blue heavens a bird was caroling merrily, and in a strange, mechanical manner Elsie counted five daisies which were in a cluster at her feet. Then she spoke:

"So you just used me as a tool, Hugh?"

"Yes," he acquiesced shamefacedly. She laughed—a strange, hard laugh.

"It does not hurt very much after all—not very much," she repeated piteously, and then without another word turned and left him.

When Alan Demaine reached home that night, his mother and sisters met him with the news that Elsie had been suddenly summoned to meet her aunt. "Though when she got the letter I'm sure I don't know," added Enid suspiciously. Her brother made no reply, but went straight to his own room, and there, on the toilet table, lay a tear stained note.

"I have been a wicked, deceitful girl," the letter ran, "and now the greatest punishment I have to bear is the knowledge that I have brought ruin upon you." Then followed an explanation concerning her curiosity about the dye, and the note ended with a plea for forgiveness.

In reply Alan wrote as follows: "My forgiveness you have fully and freely, and I sincerely wish you every happiness in the future. You must not distress yourself about 'ruining me,' as the 'secret' (?) which I told you concerning the purple dye is no secret at all, but a very ordinary chemical preparation well known in the trade. Forgive me for deceiving you. I overheard your conversation with the scamp who used you as his tool, and I could not resist my little piece of revenge. The Demaine dye is a secret still, so you may cease fretting about that. My mother, who knows nothing, sends you her love. In a day or two I shall simply tell her that the engagement is dissolved."

Three months after the dispatch of this letter Alan's manager ceased from troubling, for the new firm failed irremediably.

"Hang it all!" said Hugh to his confidential assistant. "We have got the correct ingredients, man. It must be in the mixing that we fail."

And when his speech found its way to Alan's ears he simply laughed. "It was Delilah who failed," he said to himself, "not the mixing." And then, with a new, glad hope springing in his heart, he joined his sisters and his sisters' friend Monica in the drawing room.—London Sun.

A Plucky Minister.

Sir John Drummond Hay was a fine horseman, and on one occasion, having been to interview the Moorish foreign minister at El Araish, 60 miles from Tangier, he desired to catch the outgoing steamer which left next morning. He had arranged that four relays of horses should be in readiness for his return. On obtaining his reply he rode off. His escort, thoughtfully provided by the governor of El Araish, were early in the race left behind. They declared that Sir John, after outracing them, "spread large wings and flew away." He wore a loose cape. On arriving at the town of Azaila, half way to Tangier, he discovered that his relay was locked up in the stable, and, summoning some loafers, he battered in the door, obtained his mount and rode on till he came up to his own pony. On reaching the river he jumped his pony into the ferryboat and out again on the opposite side and finally reached Tangier, having ridden the distance in five hours.

On another occasion, when out with his children, a fanatic attacked him and one of his children, and Sir John struck the man with the cane he carried such a blow as stretched him seemingly lifeless on the ground, only vouchsafing the remark, "Take away the corpse." The crowd drew back, and the bigoted "pilgrim" was taken to the hospital. So severe was the cut given by the cane, a present from Sir Walter Scott to Sir John's father, that we are told that the basha sent to inquire the nature of the weapon which had caused so dangerous a wound. The companions of the fanatic interceded for him, and Sir John, only too ready to listen to them, had his assailant spared the bastinado.—London Spectator.

Tell Your Wife

to take Carter's Cascara Cordial for Indigestion, Dyspepsia and Habitual Constipation. It will cure her and tone up her entire system. It makes rich blood and gives a good appetite. Price 25 cents. For sale by H. J. Brown.

Pitcher's Castoria. Children Cry for

A Day With Verdi.

On Verdi's recent birthday—his eighty-third—the veteran composer was seen at 5 o'clock in the morning at the weekly market at Placenza with several sheep which he had brought to sell. He also wished to buy a cow and some vegetables, and so spent the entire day surrounded by farmers and tradesmen. At 6 o'clock in the evening he invited the whole assemblage into the inn and gave them a fine supper.

There is no other remedy on earth so simple, so effectual, so natural, in the cure of summer complaint in all its forms, as Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry.

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose." At all druggists.

Lucky.

"The codfish," said the professor, "lays considerably more than 1,000,000 eggs."

"It is exceedingly lucky for the codfish that she doesn't have to cackle over every egg," said the student who came from the country.—Pick Me Up.

Handel's Memory.

Handel had one of the most phenomenal musical memories ever known. He knew by heart over 50 operas from beginning to end.

Blood Humors.

Whether itching, burning, pimply or blotchy; whether simple or chronic, are relieved and may be cured by the use of Carter's Herbal Ointment, the best salve for skin diseases. Small doses of Carter's Cascara Cordial should be given to clear out the system and purify the blood. These remedies are sold for 25 cents. For sale by H. J. Brown.

CASTORIA.

The fam- ible signature of J. C. Atchafalca is on every wrapper.

Defies the Grand Jury.

Chicago, July 27.—Alderman Mangler again defied the grand jury, ignored Judge Neely's order to answer the questions relating to the supposed effort to buy his vote on the General Electric ordinance, and was taken before Judge Dunne charged with contempt. But he did not go to jail. The court followed Judge Neely's example and ordered the alderman to return to the grand jury room and either answer the question put to him or show cause why he should not go to jail for contempt of court.

Illinois Firemen's Tournament.

Monmouth, Ills., July 27.—The state firemen's tournament met here Tuesday. The city was lavishly decorated and the streets thronged with people. The parade in the forenoon was a fine one, about twenty-five departments being in line. The prize of \$25 for the best appearing team was awarded to the Dixon hook and ladder team with honorable mention for the Mount Carroll hose team.

Chronic Dyspepsia Cured.



AFTER suffering for nearly thirty years from dyspepsia, Mrs. H. E. Dugdale, wife of a prominent business man of Warsaw, N. Y., writes: "For 28 years, I was a constant sufferer from dyspepsia and a weak stomach. The lightest food produced distress, causing severe pain and the formation of gas. No matter how careful of my diet I suffered agonizing pain after eating. I was treated by many physicians and tried numerous remedies without permanent help. Two years ago I began taking Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills and Nervine. Within a week I commenced improving, and persisting in the treatment I was soon able to eat what I liked, with no evil effects. I keep them at hand and a single dose dispels any old symptoms."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address, DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

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PETOSKEY, "THE 300," MARQUETTE AND DULUTH. LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and Return, including Meals and Berths. From Cleveland, \$18; from Toledo, \$15; from Detroit, \$13.50.

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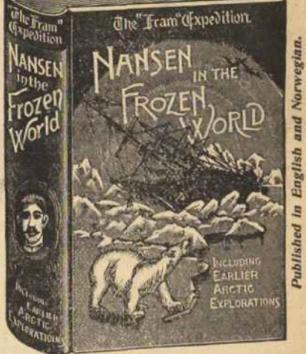
Connecting at Cleveland with Earliest Trains for all points East, South and Southwest and at Detroit for all points North and Northwest.

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The Evening News, Detroit.

# The Store

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Such tall Stock Cleaning as we're indulging in now has never found its like or equal in the history of

### COMMERCIAL HOUSECLEANING

We propose that all reasonable goods shall go out of The Store and GO OUT QUICKLY.

To hasten their departure we will give an

# 8 DAYS SALE

Commencing Saturday this week, July 31st, which will cover every dollar's worth of summer goods in our possession, making

## Prices Peculiarly Providential to Purchasers

If there's a need you have for summer wear come Saturday or any of the following six days.

See Prices on Big Bill.

# MACK & CO.

52 S. Main St., Ann Arbor.

### Commissioner's Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of William McCollum late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the late residence of said deceased, in the Township of Bridgewater, in said county, on Tuesday the 15th day of October, and on Wednesday the 16th day of January, 1898, next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, July 19, 1897.  
JAMES LINDSLEY,  
JOHN MCCOLLUM,  
Commissioners.

# KOAL

ORDER YOUR COAL OF M. STAEBLER. OFFICE: 11 W. Washington St., Phone No. YARDS: M. C. R. E., Phone No. 51.

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### MONEY TO LOAN

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Real Estate and Loan Agency, over Ann Arbor Savings Bank.

## Crockery Sale

Five Stock Patterns of Decorated Dinner Ware to

### CLOSE OUT AT HALF PRICE

FOR THE BALANCE OF JULY.

### John Maddock's Fine Porcelain

In Cobalt Blue Ware, Fern Leaf Pattern, Pansy Pattern, Dove Gray Pattern, Brown Poppy Pattern.

These goods are all marked exactly Half Price to close out and make room for new goods.

Also a lot of

### HAMMOCKS

AT REDUCED PRICES.

Ice Cream Freezers Very Cheap.

## ADAMS' BAZAAR

13 S. MAIN ST.

### PERSONAL.

F. A. Howlett is at Cavanaugh Lake for a few days.

Miss Amelia McLaren is spending the week in Detroit.

Mrs. C. Waldron, of S. State st., has gone to Bay View.

Miss Rena Stofflet has gone on a month's visit to Chicago.

Prof. T. A. Bogle returned yesterday from Seattle, Wash.

Mrs. Rockwell is visiting her daughter Mrs. Lathrop, in Dexter.

Mrs. Charles S. Millen will spend the next two weeks at Frankfort.

Dr. E. D. Brooks has been spending the past few days at Three Rivers.

The Misses Kreubler, of Jackson, are visiting Miss Lou Gerstner of N. Fifth ave.

W. W. Watts returned from his trip to the northern part of the state Wednesday.

Mrs. T. F. Hill is spending several weeks on Middle Bass island, Lake Erie.

Mrs. F. A. Howlett and family return home from Cavanaugh Lake next Monday.

Mrs. Alexis Angell and children are at her father's, Judge Cooley's, for the summer.

Walter H. Hill, of the University hospital, is enjoying a week's vacation at Chelsea.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dengler left Friday for a ten days' stay at Cavanaugh Lake.

Chas. Goodwin, of Fourteenth st., has gone to visit his daughter at Crown Point, Ind.

Mrs. S. W. Beakes left this morning to visit Mrs. Martin Lawson in Detroit for a few days.

Miss Matilda H. Brown has returned home from her trip to Northville, Walled Lake, etc.

Miss Laura Greve, who had been visiting at Manchester for three weeks, returned home Friday.

Mrs. E. W. Sears was called to Akron, Ohio, Wednesday night on account of the death of her mother.

S. C. Andrews, a former Huron st. bookseller, has been visiting in the city this week. He is now located in Chicago.

The Misses Eliza Armbruster and Emma Weibrecht have returned from a very pleasant visit with Chelsea friends.

Miss Mabel Galbraith, of Flint, who has been the guest of Miss Nellie Mingay for the past five weeks, returned home Wednesday.

The Lyra Maennerchor is camping at Weidenmann's grove, Whitmore Lake, and it is needless to say the boys are having a big time.

Prof. and Mrs. G. Patterson, accompanied by their children and maid, left Tuesday morning for Frankfort, where they will spend a month.

Mrs. T. W. Mingay, daughter Nellie, and Miss Mabel Galbraith returned home from a 10 days' outing at Island Lake on Tuesday evening.

Mrs. J. Lyman Jones, of Indianapolis, Ind., formerly Miss Anna Flynn, is in the city visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. R. Flynn, of Washtenaw ave.

James S. Handy, law '97, and wife have gone to Lansing. From there they will go on to Chicago, where it is probable that Mr. Handy will locate.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Travis and family left Tuesday for a two weeks' trip to Mackinac and the Chequamegon Islands and other northern points in that vicinity.

Mrs. C. J. Reimold, of Saginaw, who has been visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Schairer and other relatives in this city for the past month, has returned home.

Dr. and Mrs. A. C. Nichols and daughter Cornelia, and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bennett and son Harold have been at Cornelian cottage, Island Lake, since Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Brown left Wednesday for a trip up the lakes to Duluth from Detroit on the Anchor line steamer. From Duluth they will go to Minneapolis. They will be gone two weeks.

Judge Cooley on Monday went of his own motion to Oak Grove Sanitarium, at Flint, for rest and treatment. His many friends in Ann Arbor hope that the change will be beneficial to his general health.

Prof. and Mrs. A. C. Blakeslee, of the Michigan School for the Blind at Lansing, are visiting Mrs. Sarah E. Marshall, 38 Monroe st. Prof. Blakeslee is at the head of the musical department of the school.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Mills and family have gone on a trip by steamer up the Canadian shore to the Georgian Bay. They were on the steamer Cambria which was wrecked near Sarnia at 1 o'clock Wednesday morning.

Jno. O. Jenkins, of Detroit, is in Ann Arbor shaking hands with old acquaintances. He rode over from Detroit on his wheel in company with Charles Ayres and E. Nord, both of whom returned home on the train yesterday afternoon.

Prof. Henry C. Adams has been obliged to postpone his trip to Europe, his 6-year-old son, Carter, having fallen from a tree Friday evening and broken his arm. Prof. Adams was wired to return from Washington, where his family was to have joined him Monday.

Judge of Probate Newkirk has stuck to business so persistently since he took his seat on the probate bench that he thinks he deserves "a day off". So from Wednesday next, Aug. 4, until Aug. 17, his seat in the probate office will be vacant and the genial judge will go a fishing and visiting. A pleasant trip to you, judge.

Miss Alta Beal has gone to Gregory for a few days' visit.

Charles W. Wagner has returned from his visit to Wequetonsing.

J. D. Ryan has returned from a pleasant trip up the lakes.

Mrs. R. Dunster and daughters are staying at Whitmore Lake.

John Heinzmann and family are away on a visit to Bay City.

D. T. McNeil has gone to Kokoma, Ind., for a ten days' vacation.

Miss Gertrude Pyle, of Lima, will remove to this city in the near future.

Mrs. William R. Morse, of E. Catherine st., has gone to Chicago for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Beal went to Howell Tuesday to visit friends for a few days.

Wm. H. Dunlavy, of Dexter, has been visiting friends in the city for a few days.

W. W. Wedemeyer was the guest of his friend E. J. Ottaway at Petoskey last week.

Miss Lillie L. Dodge, of Conneaut, Ohio, is visiting Mrs. G. N. Guthrie for two weeks.

Wm. Goodyear and family are enjoying a vacation at their summer cottage on Portage Lake.

Mrs. J. A. Brown and son Harry went to Jackson yesterday for a week's visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Dodsley who have been visiting at Fargo, N. D., returned home Tuesday.

Gottlieb Schleicher, of Sandusky, Ohio, is visiting his nephew Fred G. Schleicher for a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Fischer and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Baxter are at Juniper cottage, Island lake, this week.

Marshal Sweet went to Port Huron Wednesday to attend the state meeting of sheriffs and police superintendents.

G. D. Bouton is in the city and will look after the affairs of the New State Telephone Co. until they are in shape.

The Misses Eva L. Herbert and Anna Reilly, have gone to Detroit, Cleveland and other points to spend their vacation.

Mrs. Thomas Page and daughters, who have been residents of Ann Arbor for the past year, will return to their former home in Pontiac.

Charles S. Andrus, who graduated from the literary department this year, has secured the position of superintendent of the Charlotte schools.

Arthur Sweet received a flattering notice in the Railway Age for the efficiency of his patent drilling machine for boring holes in street railway iron.

Messrs. and Mesdames Gottlob Schneider, Gottlob Luick, John Kuebler and August T. Sinke, Mrs. J. Hoffstetter, Oscar Luick and several children spent Sunday at Juniper cottage, Island lake.

Jams D. Cook, who for the past six months has conducted the St. James hotel in this city, and which under his management has been recognized as one of the best and neatest hotels in the city, has been compelled by force of circumstances to close up the business. Mr. Cook and family, who made many friends during their short stay here, have gone to their old home in Chicago.

### THE FARMERS' PICNIC.

It Will be Held at Whitmore Lake, August 28.

The executive committee of the Farmers' Picnic Association of Washtenaw, Livingston, Oakland and Wayne counties has made arrangements to hold the annual picnic at Whitmore Lake, Saturday, Aug. 28. The speakers who have been chosen for the occasion are: Gov. Hazen S. Pingree, ex-Gov. Cyrus G. Luce, and Rev. L. P. Goldrick, of Northfield. Vocal and instrumental music will be provided for the entertainment of those who will be in attendance and it is expected that there will be the largest crowd and the best time at this picnic of any that has ever yet been held.

Arrangements are in progress with the Ann Arbor and Grand Trunk Railroads by which the rates of fare will be so cheap that everyone can attend. Further particulars will be given in future issues.

### Settled Their Difference.

At the meeting of the water committee of the common council, the board of public works, and the officers of the Water Co. held Friday night an adjustment of the matters under discussion, namely, the wetting down of the streets when it was necessary to do the work on them and the sprinkling of the city parks was thoroughly discussed and settled.

On the suggestion of Mr. Hutzel it was decided to have the water company put in an extension meter to measure the water used on the parks, the company agreeing to do the work at cost and furnish the water at the same figure. In the matter of wetting down the streets, Mr. Hutzel suggested that the firemen do the practice, which is allowed them under the terms of the contract, on the streets where work has to be done. This idea was favorably received. Dr. Hale objected to a promiscuous using of the fire hydrants, and it was suggested that it be made a fineable offense for anyone not connected with the fire department to tamper with the hydrants.

Daniel Lambert, the most noted example of obesity recorded in medical annals, was born in 1770 and died at the age of 40 of excessive fat. His weight was 739 pounds.

As early as the time of Alexander II of Scotland a man who let weeds go to seed on a farm was declared to be the king's enemy.

That *Lame Back* can be cured with Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTER. Only 25c.

### THE CIRCUS IS COMING.

The Great Barnum & Bailey Show in Ann Arbor, Aug. 17.



ARNUM & BAILEY'S Greatest Show on Earth will arrive in Ann Arbor on Tuesday, Aug. 17. This great exhibition this year is of a character entirely new to the residents of this city.

To briefly mention some of the prominent features would occupy considerable space. Suffice it that three rings, three elevated stages, a huge racing track, and much novel aerial apparatus are required to show the varied entertainment composing this year's new show. There are menageries, hippodromes, triple circus, horse fair, 70 trained horses performing in one ring at one time, a giant, midget, the famous Orissa twins, a team of 40 horses, and other features.

There are many reasons why the exhibition this year is better than any other that has preceded it, as the menagerie is almost entirely new and boasts every strange and curious zoological specimen. There is also in the collection the largest Bengal tiger ever seen in America. There are besides scores of animals not on exhibition anywhere else, such as an eland, addis, giraffe, Niger antelope, wart hog, water bok, gorilla, blue-nosed mandrill, guib, giraffe, saddleback tapir, horned antelopes, rhinoceros, and others.

Of the circus performance there is also much to be said, and its strongest claim is probably that the performers are all champions. Among the artists that have been brought over from Europe are the most dashing and accomplished equestriennes ever seen in this country.

Besides there is the wonderful troupe of 70 trained horses, all of which perform in one ring at one time, which, when exhibited in New York last winter, created the greatest furore of enthusiasm. And still there remains the remarkable animals—Johanna, and the big mandrill—amazing alike to scientist and naturalist and a stumbling-block to doubters of the Darwinian theory. Twenty-four elephants, too, are a great feature, as that number was never seen before in one tent.

The Barnum & Bailey Show has come to be one of America's permanent institutions, and merits more than the smiling reference called out by the ordinary circus. It is worthy of serious thought—not only for itself, but more when one considers what exceptional ability a man must possess who controls the entire army of men and women who give the exhibitions. The street parade is called the Return of Columbus to Barcelona and contains a reproduction of the great discoverer, the ambassadors of the time, with the nobles, couriers and chivalry of 400 years ago and a wondrous 40 horse team.

### Cheap M. C. R. R. Excursions.

\$4.00. Ann Arbor to Niagara Falls and return, via Michigan Central railroad. Tickets good going on special trains leaving Ann Arbor at 7:15 a. m. and 9:00 p. m. August 5th, returning on regular trains, except Nos. 5 and 15, not later than August 9th.

\$9.50 to Alexandria Bay and return. Tickets good going on special trains named above, returning not later than August 12th, 1897, on regular trains except Nos. 5 and 15. Full information given at M. C. ticket office.

### MICHIGAN G. A. R.

There are 382 Posts with 16,096 Members in Connection.

Col. C. V. R. Pond of Grand Army headquarters, has forwarded his semi-annual report as assistant adjutant-general and assistant quartermaster-general to national headquarters at Omaha, Neb. No delinquent posts are shown in the department. There were in good standing in the department Jan. 1, 32 posts, with a membership of 16,096. The gains during the term ending June 30, last, have been posts, 4; muster in of new members, 340; from transfer from other posts, 171; from reinstatement of delinquents, 492; making a total of 903 members.

The losses have been for the same period: By death, 177; by honorable discharge, 36; by transfer to other posts 133; by suspension, 572; by surrender of charter, three posts and 43 members; making a total loss of 961 members. This leaves the showing for the department at the present time, 383 posts, a gain of one; 16,038 members, a decrease of 58 from the last winter report. This shows a marked increase in the interest shown by the veterans in Michigan in G. A. R. matters for the entire net loss, and the gains by muster and reinstatement almost equaled the loss by death and suspensions.

### Grand Eastern Excursion.

Grand excursion to Portland, Me., via Niagara Falls and White Mountains by daylight, leaving Ann Arbor by special train at 7:15 a. m., August 6th, arriving at Niagara Falls at 4:15 p. m., leaving Niagara Falls at 6:20 p. m. and arriving at Portland, Me., at 7:41 p. m. the next day. Also leaving Ann Arbor by special train at 9:00 p. m., August 5th, arriving at Niagara Falls at 5:00 a. m., August 6th, leaving Niagara Falls at 8:20 p. m., August 6th, and arriving at Portland, Me., at 7:41 p. m., August 7th.

Tickets good to return within twelve days, including date of sale. Rate \$11.50 for round trip. An opportunity to take in, in one single trip, the grandeur of Niagara Falls, the Green and White Mountains and the New England coast.

H. W. HAYES, Agt.

### THE BENNETT WILL CASE.

It Has Been Adjourned Until Sept. 15 Next.

The much talked of will case of Mollie Bennett, of Ypsilanti, in which Jerome Schermerhorn, a mulatto, who worked the Bennett farm claims that the whole property of the Bennett estate was left to him, came up for hearing in the probate court on Saturday.

On March 6, 1896, Mariette Bennett died and there has been trouble ever since over the estate, which amounts to \$9,000. Schermerhorn, who worked for the Bennett family many years, put in a claim against the estate, and received a judgment of \$400. After this suit Schermerhorn claims he found proof that a will was drawn leaving all the property to him. It is claimed the will was made Sept. 1, 1895, but had been destroyed by some one.

The following are some of the provisions claimed to have been in the missing will: That the real estate and household goods should go to Jerome Schermerhorn; that the will was not to be shown until nine months after date, and that \$200 was to be set aside to buy a marker to be placed over the Bennett lot in the cemetery.

The case was opened in the morning, but the lawyers in the case, O. E. Butterfield for Schermerhorn, and Capt. E. P. Allen and John P. Kirk for the heirs at law, got into a wordy war and Judge Newkirk adjourned the case until 1:30 p. m.

When the case was called at that time three witnesses were examined. They were Knapp and Rome, the two subscribing witnesses to the will, and Sweeting, the man who copied it. On being asked to make another copy of the will in the presence of the court, Sweeting declined to do it that afternoon as he was indisposed, but he swore that the writing in the will exhibited was his, and said that he had no objections to copying it later as some one read it.

Capt. Allen tried to have the case dismissed on the ground that there was no will nor copy of the will proven and agreed to submit the case just as it stood, but that was not agreed to. The case was then adjourned until Sept. 15 when further developments in the case will doubtless be made.

### FOLLOW THEIR OLD PASTOR.

Parishoners of St. Paul's Church, Detroit, Form a New Congregation.

There is to be a new German Evangelical church organized in Detroit, and it is probable that Rev. J. G. Hildner, who resigned recently the pastorate of St. Paul's church because of a strife that had been waged between members of the church for some months, will become the pastor.

The nucleus of the membership of the new organization will consist of dissatisfied persons who until recently have been members of St. Paul's church.

For the present, meetings will be held in the Church of the Good Shepherd on Vinewood ave., which has stood idle for some time past, but has been renovated recently for the use of the new congregation. The first meeting was held Sunday evening, when an organization was effected.

Since Rev. Mr. Hildner resigned many of his former adherents have withdrawn from St. Paul's church, until the number has reached about 35 families, beside a number of pew-holders not members of the church.

The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, numbering about 60 members has withdrawn from the church also and will join with the new congregation.

A meeting of the Christian Endeavor Society was held in the Church of the Good Shepherd Sunday afternoon.

It has not been definitely decided whether the Church of the Good Shepherd will be used permanently as a meeting place and there is a plan on foot to build a new church on the boulevard. However, until the organization is fully perfected nothing definite in this respect will be decided. The Church of the Good Shepherd is not used and it is probable that it can be secured as long as desired, though it is not in the best possible condition.

St. Paul's church has not decided on a new pastor.

### The Big Fish in Crystal Lake.

Conductor W. R. Hibbard, of the Ann Arbor road, is known to be a very reliable man. Within the last ten days he spent a day at Crystal Lake, which is ten miles this side of Frankfort. He, with five other gentlemen, one of whom was D. Riley, the Ann Arbor commercial agent, went out on the lake on a small steambot.

"In two hours time," said Mr. Hibbard, "we caught 617 perch, weighing 412 pounds. Some perch weighed almost three pounds. The greatest trouble we had in catching the big fellows was to get them. The big perch lay in 30 feet of water. About them there was a great shoal of perch 8 and 10 inches long. The only way to get to the big ones was to throw out a line with a sinker as far as possible, and draw in immediately, and a big perch was on the line every time. The water is very clear in Crystal Lake. In looking over the side of the boat lots of bass weighing 15 pounds could be seen swimming along the bottom. They are hard to catch. There are also many white fish in the lake, but they cannot be caught by a hook and line. I imagine there must be some fly that would attract them, but what it is has not yet been discovered."—Owosso Argus.

### Marriage Licenses.

John M. Kirn, 38, Ann Arbor; Mary Kirn, 20, same.

Charles F. Bortz, 22, West Sumpter; Mary Macks, 24, Ypsilanti.

Marion Lyon, 21, Ypsilanti; May Blakeslee, 18, same.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

### THE SUGAR BEET.

Some Valuable Information About This Important Farm Product.

In these days of close search for a profitable crop to raise on the farm, the merits of the sugar beet as a money maker cannot afford to be passed over by the wide-awake careful farmer without receiving more than a passing scrutiny. The southern half of Michigan, at least, is in the beet producing belt of the United States, and Washtenaw county is admirably situated for the business. Ann Arbor with its two railroads and excellent shipping facilities would make a fine central point for a factory and the business could undoubtedly be made a profitable one, especially under the present rise in the price of sugar.

The following interesting and valuable facts regarding the sugar beet, its culture and importance have been given out by the secretary of agriculture and are worthy of careful perusal:

"When we take into consideration the fact that in the year 1896, the total amount of sugar manufactured in the world was 7,707,500 tons, of which 4,960,000 tons was produced from the sugar beet, it will at once be apparent that this plant is one of the most important which can be cultivated in the United States.

"Careful experience in this country has developed the fact that the sugar beet will produce the best results in a latitude where the average isothermal line of 70 degrees Fahrenheit, averages for the months of June, July and August; this line does not follow latitudinal lines but varies in accordance with other conditions.

"The trouble with American farmers has been, and is now, that those who live north of the cotton belt are brought into direct competition with the low price of wages in India, and Russia as well as China and Japan, and there has been an over production in the food products, which has caused prices to be lower than can be profitably maintained by the United States.

"The people of the United States are expending over \$109,000,000 a year for imported sugar, the larger part of it being bought of Germany. The output of the product from the sugar beet in Germany during the year 1896, amounted to 1,800,000 tons. Lands can be made profitable to raise this product when worth \$75 to \$100 per acre, whereas the same lands as now farmed, in northern Nebraska, for instance, are farmed at a loss at a valuation of \$20 per acre. For example, take an acre of French culture of this plant, we find that they pay \$40.55 alone for fertilizing, which in most of the regions of the United States named, does not have to be used; the total cost of farming a French acre of sugar beets as given by French statisticians is \$70.61, the crop when harvested amounting to 25 tons of beets, which is sold at the factory at \$5 per ton, making \$125.00; if we then deduct the cost of culture, it will be seen that the profit from an acre in France is \$54.39. Experiments in the United States show that the beet may be raised in this country at a maximum cost of \$34.30 per acre, but if we allow laborers \$1 per day, with the rental value of land at \$5.00 per acre, it will cost \$49.50 per acre. The price received here for beets at the factory is something less than in France amounting on the average to \$4.50 per ton; but the product in this country can be made equally as great as that of France or any other country on earth; and the percentage of sugar in the beet is as great in the United States as in any other country.

"There are quite a number of manufacturing in the United States, and they are all doing a good business; three being in California; two in Nebraska; one in New Mexico; and one in Utah; and those at the present time building, are, one at Rome, N. Y., one in Wisconsin, and three in California. The great sugar king, Claus Spreckles, is building a factory at Salinas City, California. There are in Germany now in operation, 397 factories; in France, 355; Austria-Hungary, 216; and in Russia, 277.

"The enormous investments in this industry in the old world and the avidity with which capital is reaching out to it, assures the American farmer that there will be a ready sale for his product to manufacturing which will be built in his vicinity as soon as the farmers are ready to furnish a sufficient amount of beets to guarantee the establishment of a factory.

"The sugar beet industry is in fact no longer an experiment, but has proven a great success, as is shown by figures given, that about two-thirds of the sugar produced in the world comes from this plant.

"The subject is so elaborate that it cannot be treated in a short article, but if those reading this article will address the National Information Bureau, 1420 New York Ave., Washington, D. C., full details will be sent as to the proper culture of beets; the proper kind to cultivate; the machinery to use; and a thorough treatise upon this subject; which information will be gladly furnished free of cost."

### CASTORIA.