

WANTS ONE BIG HOUSE

To Board and Lodge All the Students.

SOCIALISTS AT WORK

Name a County Ticket and Listen to Fogg on Student Socialism.

The W.A. & H. county convention of the Socialists held Tuesday evening at the court house and as there were only ten present who had avowed their support of the ticket there were plenty of offices to go around. 88 far as demonstrating can make a man think he has an office.

The county committee has yet to be chosen, but after D. J. Jeannerette was elected chairman of the convention and E. J. Koch secretary, the convention began. There was not the usual clamor to get on the floor before everyone else for nominations, in fact each was very considerate of the wishes of his neighbor. H. M. Wheelock was nominated for sheriff, E. J. Koch for county clerk and Wm. Berry for (register of deeds. The convention did not understand that the prosecuting attorney must have a legal education and be a member of the bar, and when they were informed of this fact by Mr. Fogg the office was left vacant, to be filled by the county committee, as well as the offices of two circuit court commissioners. Mr. O'Brien was nominated for one of these offices later. Mr. Gates and A. B. Leonard were nominated for coroners.

The feature of the evening was an address by Mr. Fogg, who said in part:

"I am a socialist at heart. You are educating the people of Ann Arbor to a fuller conception of the truth. The University here is a living example of a socialistic organization, and for that reason we have students from all parts of the country coming here for an education. The socialistic idea in the University is planted firmly there because the expenses are light. The expenses are light because the state makes up the deficiency."

He then advocated that one large club be formed for the use of all the students, where board and room might be had at cost. He advocated a common treasury scheme.

Fogg said that this country which we call a republic was nothing but a representative monarchy, that every election was a punch and Judy show. The speaker continued: "The Times and the Detroit Evening News, papers printing damnable lies continually, after they heard my driftwood story the other night in the opera house, did not even know enough to tell it over again correctly." Fogg said that he had shaken hands with almost all the noted men who would have made a fortune out of their patents of some one hadn't stolen them. "I do not object to the combinations of capital," said the speaker, "but I do object that Mr. Rockefeller, Mr. Morgan, Mr. Gould and Mr. Harriman should leave me out of their combinations, and what I want is a 'we, us and company'."

MILLER AVENUE DISTRICT NEWS

Philip Schenk has a new wheel. Mr. and Mrs. B. V. Oole and daughter, Hazel, attended the reception at the home of Mrs. Cole's brother, Albert J. Shetterly, of Miller avenue, last Thursday evening.

Tillie and George Steeb are attending the re-hearse at German school in the city this year.

Mrs. J. C. Ferguson, of Detroit, with her little son, Lee, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Marsh, for a few days.

Those of our district who attended the democratic rally at the Athens theatre last Friday evening were highly pleased with the candidates. One lady in the audience Unit evening was heard to remark that Mr. Hammond should be more popular with the ladies than even our present congressman, Henry C. Smith.

WHIMS THE SHORT (HAM) of the clock travel twice around the dial Perry Davis' Painkiller will cure a cold; will ease the tightness across the chest and hence will banish the fear of pneumonia. "Just a little cold" does not become a misery that dings until roses bloom if you have recourse to this never-failing help. There is but one Polkkiller, Perry Davis'.

To be late to cure a cold after consumption has fastened its deadly grip on the lungs. Take Dr. Wood's Norway Tine Syrup while yet there is time.

Read the Argus-Democrat

TRIED TO PAWN A SHAM DIAMOND

ON J. C. WATTS BY SUBSTITUTING IT FOR GENUINE ONE.

Mr. Watts Detected the Swindler's Attempt at Once and Game Didn't Work.

Mr. J. C. Watts prored too much for a swindler Monday. A well dressed man entered his place of business and said he wanted some money on a diamond ring, which he produced.

"I'll give you \$40 on it," said Mr. Watts, after testing the jewel. "I must have \$60, it is easily worth that."

Mr. Watts declined and the dark complexioned gentleman started for the door. "I'll take \$40, I must have the money," said he.

The sudden breaking of his first seemingly determined intention made Mr. Watts suspicious. "Let me look at the ring again," he said.

The next instant the fellow rapidly disappeared with Mr. Watts' help, for he had produced a sham diamond the second time, which only a chemical test would have discovered, but this was not necessary for the experienced jeweler.

THE DEATH OF NORMAN B. COVERT

He Died at His Home on West Huron Street

Had Resided in Ann Arbor Nearly Sixty Years, and Was Widely Known.

Norman B. Covert, a well known resident of W. Huron street, and a believer in the teachers of the future, died at 11 a. m. Wednesday, aged 84 years. He was born in Cayuga county, N. Y., Jan. 10, 1819, and was educated in the common schools until at the age of 14 he was apprenticed to the mercantile business. Fourteen months later he started out for himself, traveling through central New York. During the summers he worked at carpentering and in the winters untied medicine. In 1840 he traveled in the mid-west. In 1842 he was licensed to practice medicine, but never did so. In 1844 he came to this county, working first in Ypsilanti, York and Saline, a short time later settling in Ann Arbor, which has since been his home, working at his trade as a carpenter. He was married to Miss Ann L. Baldwin in Ann Arbor in 1849 and they had two sons. He has served as clerk and school inspector in Ann Arbor town. He was an active member of the I. O. O. F. and the county pioneer society and took a great interest in horticulture.

Mr. Covert was a man of strong beliefs, strictly honest and upright. The funeral services will be held at 4 o'clock this afternoon from the house.

CLAIMS TO BE A SHERIFF'S SON

FRANK JONES GOT HIS FELLOWS DRUNK.

And Is Alleged To Have Taken Their Money—Arrested in Detroit and Brought Back Here.

Frank Jones, who has been employed by C. J. Snyder as a teamster has been trying to demoralize his fellow workmen and when they are in a drunken condition misuse of their money and clothes.

Tuesday night he got live workmen drunk and from Charles B. Cooper it is alleged that he has stolen money upwards of \$10 and a pair of pants. Wednesday morning he left for Detroit with a car-load of horses, but was that night arrested there by Sheriff Gillen, who found the pants and money in his possession.

Jones tells so many stories that the notice do not take any stock in any of his remarks. He tried to convince them that his father was the sheriff at Benton Harbor and that he ought not to be arrested by a brother sheriff.

NAMES OF THE DETROIT HUNTERS

The Detroit hunters who were lined up at Dexter last Wednesday gave the names of AM. John Freda, J. Citric and John A. Fraby, of Detroit, and G. L. Citric and C. W. Citric, of Wayne. That line had the effect of making every hunter go out in Detroit yesterday careful. News of it spread like wildfire and the hunters who got on the D., St. A. A. & J. cars yesterday afternoon were all talking about it.

FIVE HUNTERS JT DEXTER

Erove a Farmer Into House With Guns.

PAID \$51 TO SETTLE

A Detroit Alderman Said to Have Been One of the Hunters.

Five Detroit hunters, one of whom is said to be an alderman of that city, paid \$51 into Justice Cook's court in Dexter Tuesday night, as the result of a hunting trip. They were on Chamberlain's land, near Dexter, hunting despite the signs against trespassers. The owner ordered them off, but they refused to go and he undertook to put them off. A mix-up ensued, one of the Chamberlain boys throwing a stone which hit one of the hunters' dogs. The hunters drove the Chamberlains into the house by pointing their guns at them. A warrant was obtained for the hunters before Justice it. S. Cook, but the party had taken the car for Detroit. The officers here were notified and they were taken from the car at the waiting room about 6 o'clock. Deputy Sheriff Stebbins, of Dexter, took them to Dexter and at about 11 o'clock Tuesday night they settled for \$51. They discovered that farmers had some rights which even Detroit aldermen are bound to observe.

Louis Hilsendegen passed through Ann Arbor Monday evening on his way to Greenville, Mich. He is one of the famous sportsmen of the country are assembling in anticipation of the great sport to be had there in the Michigan Field Trials the week of Nov. 1. Mr. Hilsendegen is a true sportsman and in an interview with the Argus said there is a great surprise in store for the sportsmen whose dogs are to enter these trials. John Cowley, of Milwaukee, Wis., the owner of Radfield Pride is to furnish the center of attraction by his absence. The Derby Don Trials, for which \$300 will be given in prizes and the All Age Trials, for which \$500 has been put up, will draw about 72 entries on Nov. 1. This is only preparatory to the National Trials on Nov. 11, and the North American Trials on Nov. 18. The finale of the trials will occur at Washington Court House, Ohio, Feb. 15, where a purse of \$2,000 will be given to the owner of the winning dog. Cowley has a long head and will make the orange and white English setter even more valuable than he is at present. His scheme is simply to enter his dog in the trials, where the other dogs would have the advantage of his training, and bring him out fresh at Washington Court House, Feb. 15."

A \$5,000 DOG INTERESTS HUNTERS

John Cowley only paid \$5 for his remarkable dog and within a year he was worth \$5,000. Radfield Pride has no brothers or sisters and hence he is much more valuable for breeding purposes. His intelligence has been said to be "almost human."

DIPHTHERIA OVER IN PITTSFIELD

Pittsfield Junction, Oct. 22.—The diphtheria quarantine was raised Sunday.

Very little wheat was sown in this vicinity on account of the wet weather.

School began here on the 13th inst., with A. W. Sumner as teacher.

C. Perkins sold his milk route recently to Frank Lerg.

Apples are a good crop around here, but buyers fail to put in an appearance.

This section has been fairly overrun with bands of gypsies lately.

George Freimuth and family, of Munith, visited at L. Sumner's last Sunday.

Farmers who still have their last year's bean crop are looking happy.

While on the way to his farm, south of the Smith place, Mr. Smyrthwaite's horse shied, overturning the buggy and throwing the driver into a ditch. The buggy was badly wrecked. By a miracle, almost, Mr. Smyrthwaite was unhurt. The horse had but a few scratches.

LAST SUNDAY EXCURSION TO TILKDO.

The last excursion of the season will be given by the Ann Arbor Railroad to Toledo, Sunday November 2nd. Special train leaves Ann Arbor at 10:25 a. m. Fare for round trip 75 cents. It will be a tang lime until May 1903 and those who are contemplating a trip to Toledo should not fail to take advantage of this excursion.

NEW POTATOES ARE COMING IN

THE FARMERS ARE NOW BRINGING THEM IN

At Prices Ranging from Fifty to Sixty Cents a Bushel While Detroit Prices are 62c

Potatoes according to a local dealer have gone up 10 cents a bushel, while the price in Detroit has been 52 cents for a few days now.

For the time being potatoes have taken a slight raise but the unusually large amount of potatoes that the farmers are bringing in and selling dices the consumers may bring the price down. "How much do you want for your potatoes?" was asked a farmer who was unloading from his wagon. "Fifty cents," was the reply. Another dealer up the street was selling them at 50 cents by the single bushel but said he would take 50 cents if the could sell the wagon load to one party.

Michigan farmers have kept the price up with the idea that the quantity was smaller than usual on account of the wet weather but potatoes now seem to be coming into Ann Arbor in as large quantities as usual.

THAT FADED COAT A TERRIBLE CHARGE

MADE BY ADRIAN TIMES AGAINST GEN. WOOD

Given as a Reason Why He Should Not be Elected in November

Campaign charges may now be expected. One made by the Adrian Times against Ccn. Fred B. Wood is thus referred to by E. J. Smith, some years ago on the Argus editorial staff, in the Detroit Tribune:

"It is charged by the Adrian Times against (Jen. Fred B. Wood, democratic candidate for congress in the second district, that he wears a faded overcoat. This is a frightful accusation and Wood owes it to his constituents to either deny the charge, if it is false, or get 'fif flic ticket if true. The citizens of the second district, though largely a pastoral people, are pantsuter in the matter of dress. It is difficult to conceive that any man seeking to represent the people of such a district would climb over a fence into a field in a faded overcoat to proselyte a plowman in a plug hat, white kid gloves, swell shirt front and citaw-hanmer cutaway! A faded overcoat! We can scarcely credit it, even on such excellent authority as the Adrian Times. It is a most serious charge to bring against the general, hue all we have to say about the matter is that 'if the coat fits, let him wear it.' But such a candidate should be made an example of."

OWNED UP TO TAKING \$75

Which Was \$45 More Than Was Missed.

Supervisor Munn of Salem, Has an Experience With a Hired Man Taking Munn's Money.

Supervisor John Munn, of Salem, employed a hired man recently, of whom he came to think a great deal. The family went away from home the other day leaving the hired man and a boy in the house and \$30 in a bureau drawer. When they returned, the money was missing. The supervisor suspected his man and notified the officers who went out to Salem, interviewed the hired man and finally got him to admit taking \$75, which was \$45 more than the supervisor knew had been stolen. The supervisor was averse to making a complaint against him, as he said, "he's a real good hired man."

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR TRIP TO JACKSON

Sixty members at Ann Arbor Commanery, K. T., left by special car over the D., W. A. & J. Wednesday afternoon for Jackson. Where they were guests of Jackson Commanery. Ann Arbor Commanery conferred the Order of the Temple upon a class of candidates and received great praise for the manner in which they did the work. Following the conferring of the order, an elaborate banquet was served by the Jackson Commanery. Requests were responded to with witty, brilliant speeches by members of both commands. The Ann Arbor Knights returned in the wee small hours this morning.

Read the Argus-Democrat, the best weekly. Only \$1 per year.

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A Remarkable Sale



DRESS and Walking Skirts

AT ABOUT HALF PRICE

Samples from two of the best manufacturers of Skirts in the United States. Over 200 of the finest Skirts ever shown in Ann Arbor. All go on sale THIS WEEK.

Big COAT and SUIT SELLING

Monte Carlos take the lead at \$1000, \$12.05 and \$15.00 Half Fitted Coats come next at \$5.00, \$7.00 and \$10.00 Suits, Very Quick at \$10.00, \$12.50, 15.00 to \$25.00 Misses Coats, all the new, pretty styles, at \$3.50, \$5.00 and \$7.00 New Silk Waist Sale, only 25, Black and Colors, the \$5.00 kind For a clean-up sale we make you choose \$3.50 f1 50 Black Luster, Mercerized Petticoats, 10 doz. more at .98c Petticoats of Spunglass, a great Bargain at .45c

SILKS AND VELVETS.

32 inch wide beautiful Silk Coat Velvet, Silk Pile, will not mat down. Special at yd. \$3.05 English made Velutina for Coats and Costumes, 75c, \$1.00 and 1 25 yd Special number Black Silk Velvel at \$1.00 yd 39c a yard. Black and colored Taffeta Silks 50c a yard. Black and colored Taffeta Silks 75c a yard. Black and colored Taffeta Silks, 27 in. wide, Value \$1.00 75c a yard. Black Peau de Soie Silk, \$1.00 value \$1.00 a yard. Black Peau de Soie Silk, value \$1.25 200 Pairs 104 White and Gray Blankets at .50c a pair 100 Homestead Hand Tied Comfortables at \$1.00 each

SCHAIRER ®. MILLEN, J

15th Busy Store

EVERYTHING IN RUBBERS



Can't very well do without them now. We've all kinds—Men's, Women's, Misses, Boy's, and Children's Rubbers in every style. Men's plain and self-acting; sandals, Women's storm and Croquet sandals, sandals for boys, youths and Misses and Rubbers for the Little Tots. We have regular goods in all sizes, newest lasts and we've priced them low enough to please you.

Men's Rubbers..... 40c to 75c Women's Rubbers..... 25c to 60c Misses Kubbers..... 25c to 40c Children's Rubbers..... 20c to 30c Boy's Rubbers..... 35c to 50c

It doesn't pay to have wet feet these rainy days when Rubbers are so cheap.

W A H R , Up-to-date Shoemen



ALWAYS FASHIONABLE

Always sought after because of its appearance and pleasing style, its not at all surprising that our Overcoats are the favorite again this season. The new styles those that possess every line that fashion favors, those that the tailor can seldom equal but not excel, are here in generous varieties.

If you have them from us they're right.

Staebler & Wuerth.

THE ARGUS DEMOCRAT AND EPSILANTI WEEKLY TIMES.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.

Entered at the Postoffice in Ann Arbor, Mich. as second-class matter.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1902.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET

- For Governor—LORENZO T. DITRAND, Of Saginaw. For Lieutenant Governor—JOHN F. BIBLE, Of Ionia. For Secretary of State—JOHN DONOVAN, Of Bay City. For State Treasurer—W. F. DAVIDSON, Of Port Huron. For Auditor General—DAVID A. HAMMOND, Of Ann Arbor. For Land Commissioner—ARTHUR F. WATSON, Of Oheboygan. For Attorney General—W. F. McKnight, Of Grand Rapids. For Supt. Public Instruction—W. N. FERRIS, Of Big Rapids. For Member Board of Education—CHARLES F. FIELD, Of Hastings. For Justice of Supreme Court—BENJAMIN J. BROWN, Of Menominee.

For Representative in Congress—Second District—FRED B. WOOD, Of Tecumseh.

LEGISLATIVE TICKET. For Representative in State Legislature—First District—BYRON C. WHITAKER, Of Scio. For Representative in State Legislature—Second District—JOHN P. KIRK, Of Ypsilanti.

COUNTY TICKET. For Sheriff—JOSEPH GAIXTLETT, Of York. For Clerk—PHILIP BLUM, Of Lodi. For Register of Deeds—C. R. HUSTON, Of Ypsilanti. For Prosecuting Attorney—JOHN L. DUFFY, Of Ann Arbor. For Treasurer—CHARLES BRAIN, Of Ann Arbor Town. For Coroners—BENJAMIN F. WATTS, Of Ann Arbor. CHRISTIAN V. KAIPP, Of Manchester. For Circuit Court Commissioners—FRANK JOSLYN, Of Ypsilanti. WILLIAM MURRAY, Of Ann Arbor.

LESSONS OF THE GREAT STRIKE. It goes without saying that President Koosevelt made a great hit by his interference in the coal strike and thereby bringing about arbitration of the differences between the coal operators and their 150,000 miners. The first conference showed Mr. Mitchell not only an able man, but a gentleman. It showed the operators arrogant, selfwilled and BO far forgetful of what is due the president of the United States as to flout and insult him to his face, while they refused arbitration and demanded that the army of the United States be sent into the coal fields to protect their property. The president was broad enough to take all this in a spirit becoming his station and trust to the effect the inolecent conduct of the operators would have with the public to right the matter. And he was not mistaken in his confidence in the American people. The public had been a keen and interested observer of the conference and was justly aroused over the insult put upon the president by the coal barons. From that moment public sentiment went over to the side of the miners as never before and the tide began to rise which was destined to compel the obdurate operators to bow to the inevitable. This sentiment became terrible in its insistence and the operators could not withstand it. They hastened to get under cover of a proposition to arbitrate. The result is the struggle between capital and labor that this nation has never before has been brought to a close by referring the matter to a commission of

arbitration, which should have been done months ago. The great credit for bringing this about belongs to President Roosevelt, and it has vastly enhanced his personal prestige. He has convinced the American people that he is a safe man in a great and dangerous crisis.

Another gain that has resulted is the recognition of the principle of arbitration in a manner that is destined to give it great impetus. The result is, therefore, a great gain to the cause of union labor.

The unfortunate thing about the matter is that the cause of the trouble remains. And yet there is likely to come out of this fight in the near future some attempt to remove the cause of this great trouble. For, before any such thing as permanent peace may be counted upon, there must be some power in the laws to regulate and control in the interest of the public these great trust organizations which now are able not only to conduct their business in violation of law, but to the infinite injury of the public. These concerns being chartered by the public must be compelled to conduct their business in recognition of the public as a partner.

HOUSE-CLEANING IN POLITICS. The state of Michigan is suffering today from too much republicanism. The disease is one which always results whenever any party remains in absolute control for a long series of years. The successful party under such circumstances becomes the rendezvous for all the thieves and boddlers and men who have no political principles except spoils. This is just as true of the democratic party as of the republican, wherever it is in long continued control. In New York during the continued democratic ascendancy all the scoundrels in politics joined that party. In Philadelphia today every thief and scoundrel is a stalwart republican. And so in Michigan long and unopposed republican control has fastened upon the people as corrupt and wicked as a lot of political rascals and unscrupulous ever disgraced any state. These boddlers and bribers are in the republican party because it is the majority party and in control of all the offices and all the avenues to political spoils. There is no possible way to drive them out while that party remains in such overwhelming majority. The only way to reduce the majority go low as to force the nomination of good men or suffer defeat, or by turning the control over to the opposition party. There is a reliance to do that this year without any sacrifice of principle owing to the fact that the democratic party has laid aside all partisan issues and constructed a platform on purely state issues which every honest man in the state endorses. On this platform a ticket has been put in nomination which will compare favorably in diameter and ability with any ticket ever placed before Michigan voters. That a thorough house-cleaning is needed, few will deny. A glance at some of the men who have seats in the present legislature will furnish convincing proof. One republican member killed himself in a drunken brawl in a disreputable house. Another became well known to the public by bringing suit to recover money lost in a gambling den. Still another was convicted of rape. A senator is under indictment for bribery and subornation of perjury. Still another has fled the state for the state's good and to escape arrest for perjury. This is by no means all. There is a much longer list of state officials who have been convicted or are sojourning in foreign lands. But the above list is sufficient to convince that a house-cleaning is demanded.

The number of republicans of this city and of Ypsilanti who frankly told Hon. L. T. Ditrand, the democratic candidate for governor, while he was here last week, that they intended to vote for him indicates an amount of sloughing beyond compare. There was nothing like as much in the campaign of 1890, when Governor Winans was not only elected, but the entire state ticket with him and the legislature. If the same ratio of change exists throughout the state, there will certainly be a complete turn over. This disposition to vote for Mr. Durand is by no means confined to the city. Many republican farmers who were introduced to the candidate told him they intended to vote for him, while many others contented themselves by going no farther than to say that they would not vote for him.

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SHAW ABROGATES THE LAW.

While the republicans are claiming what wonderful things that party has done for the country and how stable it has made the money market of the country, it affords a little diversion to turn the limelight on the action of the secretary of the treasury in his effort to prevent a panic in Wall street. Things had come to such a pass that a panic was imminent. Heroic measures were required to prevent it. The danger was so great that the secretary, acting on the principle that the end justified the means, actually went beyond the scope of the law in his effort to stave it off. Of his illegal course we will let the Baltimore American, a newspaper friendly to the administration and with undoubted republican proclivities, speak. It says:

"Secretary Shaw decides that in the absence of direct prohibition he may abolish the reserve clause as it applies to government deposits. No sooner thought than done—done illegally, done by riding roughshod over the acts of congress, done in such a manner as to constitute an assault upon the integrity and stability of our national banking system.

"And this from the secretary of the treasury! The man of all men who should teach respect for the wisdom and righteousness of our laws in relation to finance, goes out to loiter with the waterers of stock, the clippers of the coupons of inflation and the manipulators of markets and comes back to teach our national bank officials to entertain contempt for the reserve clause. How soon will it be before Secretary Shaw goes to still greater extremes in the execution of his fantastical ideas—ideas fraught with the elements of disaster to the nation's finances?"

"We know not; but we do know that before he has had a chance to do further mischief President Koosevelt should remove this official, who is a monomaniac on the subject of inflation and a public menace. Pack him up, Mr. Roosevelt, and send him back to Iowa, and give us a man and a financier for our secretary of the treasury."

A REPUBLICAN DESCRIPTION OF GOVERNOR BLISS.

Utterly lacking in leadership; totally unfitted for the high office of governor, his appetite for office had grown to great proportions. By corrupting caucuses and conventions; by the most damnable use of money; by promise of pap to professional tricksters and politicians; by sun-ending to a political syndicate everything of the dignity and honor of an office that in intelligent, capable and competent man would cherish, Gov. Bliss received the nomination for governor. There was no demand from the people for his nomination. The corrupt use of money made the demand. Paid hirelings nominated him and the prestige of President McKinley together with over 100,000 republican majority in Michigan elected him. Even then he ran over the heads of his ticket in this state. Now he is tempting the same fate that has always befallen him when it comes to re-election. Sentiment two years ago had pot crystallized as it is today. Then he ran 25,000 behind in a national election, when men generally vote their tickets straight. This year will be an offset when republicans will vote more independently. Sentiment is more united against boodles and railroad domination than ever before. If the "machine" insists upon forcing his renomination down the throats of a people so sick and disgusted with boodle methods, and more disgusted with his weak surrender of the dignity of his office, the "machine" must take the consequences. Gov. Bliss may be re-nominated. Snap caucuses and conventions have been held because the righteous indignation of the people was feared. There always comes a day of reckoning, however, and we believe that this will take place next November, when the people of this state will record their judgment, and we are mistaken history will repeat itself. For the sixth time Gov. Bliss will be voted a one-termer.

Castings Banner (Umbagog), June 12, 1902.

As the campaign advances the chances for a democratic congressman from the second district in the next house become brighter and brighter. Fred I. Wood is making a thorough canvass and is getting in personal touch with a vast number of the voters of the district, and it is failing in the campaign. He will get many more votes than his party will poll in the district.

OUR CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS

SKETCH OF GEN. FRED B. WOOD OF TECUMSEH

Brief Life History of An Excellent Candidate, a Good Runner, a Hard Worker and a Fine Man

Frederick B. Wood, democratic candidate for congress in the Second district of Michigan, was born in Tecumseh, Lenawee county, in 1858, a son of Edwin B. Wood, whom many of the older residents of the district will remember.



He studied law and worked at farming in the summers, returning finally to the law department of the University from which he graduated in 1884. While in college he became a member of Delta Kappa Bpillon fraternity.

He has since been in the practice of law in Lenawee and was twice elected prosecuting attorney in that republican county. He has been a democrat since he became a voter. Was made captain of the United States company in 1883 and continued in the state service till January of 1893 when he was mustered out as quartermaster general, to which position he had been appointed by Gov. Winans in 1891. He was married in 1885 and has two children.

He is a member of the Knights Templar and Mystic Shrine, Knights of Pythias and P. O. E.

More than ten years ago congress passed an act returning to the several states the moneys collected from them in the form of direct taxes for carrying on the war of the rebellion. The bill provided for the return to Michigan of \$382,000. This money had, however, never been paid over to the state until this year. Governor Bliss collected it and paid \$11,000 to an agent for collecting it. Michigan has twelve members of congress any one of whom could have attended to this matter quite as well, but it served the purpose of the governor to have a friend of his do the work in order that he might give him a big fat fee therefor. The man who got this big "graft" of the state's money was formerly Governor Bliss' private secretary. This is but a sample of the way the moneys are piled upon the people by the conscienceless republican officeholders. Does anyone think Governor Bliss would have paid any such commission under similar circumstances on such a private claim that had been recognized and allowed by the government?

There are abundant indications that the democratic campaign is moving on a rising tide. George H. Durand's "pothole" has been strategized that he leads to lean on no man in order to size up to the proper gubernatorial timber. He is an able, fearless and pleasing gentleman and if the two gubernatorial candidates could be brought together on the same stage, the infinite superiority of "Judge Durand's brother" over the ripper candidate would be so apparent as to remit in a contrast. With Mr. Durand in the Tormont chair, there will be no signing of ripper bills in the small towns of the morning at the command of the Atwoods. The Judsons be running everything. There will be no endorsement of ripperism, boodles or ringism. But this great commonwealth will be returned to the path of civic virtue and there will be a general cleaning out of the intolerable conditions now existing at Lansing.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Mopar's over pain of every sort. Thomas' Electric Oil.

Read the Argus-Democrat, the best weekly. Only \$1 per year.

OPENING OF THE "ROYAL FRONTENAC" HOTEL, FRANKFORD, MICH.

The "Royal Frontenac" Hotel the handsomest summer hotel in the north, will open its first season July 1st under the management of J. R. Hayes, the man who made Mackinac Island famous, and O. A. Brent, formerly superintendent of the Union League Club, Chicago.

Music, dancing, boating, bathing, fishing, horseback riding, golf, tennis and many other forms of entertainment will be provided. You will find Frankfort and the new hotel a most delightful place to spend your vacation.

OUT OF DEATH'S JAWS.

"When death seemed very near from a severe stomach and liver trouble, that I had suffered with for years," writes I. Muse, Durham, N. O., "Dr. King's New Life Pills saved my life and gave perfect health." Best Pills on earth and only 25c at A. C. Schumacher's. A. E. Mummary's, Ann Arbor, and Geo. J. Haussler's, Manchester, drag stores.

Sifter POLISH advertisement with image of a sifter and text: Never dries out. Polishes stove without soiling the fingers. Absolutely no waste. No odor. Does not rub off. All dealers at 5 cents for a big box.

ANTAL-MIDY advertisement with text: These tiny CAPSULES are superior to Balsam of Copaiba. Cures or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS. Purges the same diseases without inconvenience. Sold by all druggists.

Couldn't Locate the Fire SO THE BUILDING WAS DESTROYED.

The press recently described a baffling fire. Smoke came pouring from the windows of a large warehouse. Engine after engine came dashing to the spot in response to the alarm. Streams of water seemed to fairly flood the burning building, but all efforts were useless. The structure was a total loss. "We couldn't put the fire out," said the chief, "because we couldn't discover where it was located. Smoke curled from the roof and poured from the windows, but we had to work by guess. We couldn't find the real source of the fire so we couldn't put it out."



study the symptoms, which appear in heart, liver, kidneys, or other organs, and are baffled like the firemen by the smoke from the various windows of the building. They can locate the symptoms, the smoke of disease, but they can't locate the disease itself, the real fire centre.

Then there goes out the medical 4-n call. A half dozen doctors are called. They try their best, but they can't find the hidden source of disease. That generally ends it. The fire of disease destroys the building of the body. But it isn't always so. Sometimes somebody suggests trying Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and to the general amazement the fire is put out—the disease is cured.

"Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the best medicine made," writes Mr. Michael Maher, of Littlefalls, N. Y. (68 Centre St.). "I had yellow jaundice and liver trouble in November, 1900. Was almost dead, lost sixteen pounds in three weeks and my whole body was as yellow as gold, and I was sick at my stomach all the time. I gave up to die. I tried three doctors and they gave me tablets and pills, and another one some other stuff, but I went to Messrs. O'Rourke & Hurley's drug store and got your 'Golden Medical Discovery'. One bottle cured me, and I thank it and God that I am a well man."

"I am a believer in God and I know that your medicine with my prayers to God cured me. You may publish this, and my name and address."

THE COMMON SENSE OF IT. Now, how is it that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cured when everything else failed? Because it went right to the source of the disease. It found the fire and put it out. It wasn't like an engine shifting its hose to play on a new point every time a new cloud of smoke came out. It wasn't diverted by symptoms in liver, lungs, heart or kidneys. It went right for the spot where the fire probably started—in the stomach.

When a fire breaks out in a building the most natural place to look for its origin and force is in the neighborhood of the furnace, or along the line of pipes and flues by which the sparks and smoke

MONEY TO LOAN

\$1,000 and upwards at 5 per cent, on good improved farms, and on improve city property. No commission. ARTHUR BASSETT, Special Loan Agt. Northwestern Mutnal Life Ins. Co., 809 Thion Trust B. EETROIT, MICHIGAN

MORE LIVES ARE SAVED BY USING

Dr. King's New Discovery, Consumption, Coughs and Colds

Than By All Other Throat And Lung Remedies Combined. This wonderful medicine positively cures Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pneumonia, Hay Fever, Pleurisy, LaGrippe, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, and Whooping Cough. NO CURE, NO PAY. Price 50c. & \$1. Trial Bottle Free.

WAGONS

In buying a wagon for carrying loads to the mill or city, buy the best, the

STUDEBARER

is by all odds the BEST.

CARRIAGES

High Grade carriages are built by ine. Those who have them are suited with them. You will be, if you buy of me. The prices will suit you. We sell also high grade harnesses.

Geo. W. Seabold, 113 S. 4th Ave

are conducted. There's just as sound a philosophy in Dr. Pierce's location of disease as probably originating in the stomach. The stomach is the nutritive center of the body. When the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition are diseased every organ suffers: first from lack of nutrition which causes physical weakness—and next from a corruption of the blood which is made from food, because undigested substances are received into it and poison it. Symptoms of this condition may appear in the heart, liver, lungs, kidneys or any organ, while the cause is in the diseased stomach. When the stomach is cured by the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" the symptoms in heart, lungs, liver, etc., disappear, just as the smoke dies down when the fire is put out.

"I feel it my duty to tell of the wonderful good Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Favorite Prescription' have done me," writes Mrs. Ada D. Way, of Waterbury, Dixon Co., Neb. "They have cured me of liver complaint, female trouble and rheumatism. A year ago I was so miserable I felt as though life was not worth living, but to-day I feel quite different. After eating I would be taken with terrible stomach and distress in stomach and right side, which would last from three to four hours—I was almost afraid to eat anything. To-day can eat anything I want. In taking the 'Golden Medical Discovery' for stomach trouble I was entirely cured of rheumatism, which I had had for almost ten years, and had tried almost everything I ever heard of to get cured, but if I did get a little better it would only be for a time and the least exposure would bring it all back on me again. I think the 'Favorite Prescription' the best medicine ever known for women, and the 'Pellets' have no equal to my notion. I keep them in the house all the time. They are all the doctor we have had for two years. Words cannot express my gratitude."

IT PUTS THE FIRE OUT. There's no denying the fact of the cures effected by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures through the stomach diseases of other organs remote from the stomach, but which have their origin in disease of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It puts out the fire of disease because it goes to the source of disease, and cures the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. Life is sustained by food and food alone. But food will not sustain life except it is properly digested and assimilated. Blood is digested food, and its food in its nutritive form. Diseases which prevent digestion affect the quality and quantity of the nutrition extracted from food. As the food is affected so the blood made from food is also affected, and through the blood the whole body dependent on the blood for its vitality is affected. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and its allied organs, and enables the perfect digestion and assimilation of food. It purifies the blood, increases it in quantity and improves it in quality, by enriching it with the red corpuscles of health. Sometimes a dealer, tempted by the little more profit paid on the sale of less meritorious medicines, will offer the customer a substitute as being "just as good" as the "Discovery." It is better for him because it pays better, but it is not as good for you, if you want the medicine that has cured others, and which you believe will cure you.

THIS IS FREE. A 1008 page book, free for the asking. You can get the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, the best medical book ever published, free, by sending stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.M.

THE DURAND MEETING WAS A BIG SUCCESS

Every Seat in the Opera House Was Filled With an Attentive Listener.

Mr. Durand Made a Very Favorable Impression and Friday Night's Meeting Was a Vote Winner.

The most effective political meeting ever held in Ann Arbor was what the Durand rally Friday evening proved to be. Every seat in the opera house was filled and there were many more who wanted to hear. The closest attention was paid the speaker and the audience, among whom there was a very large number of thinking republicans, seemed to be highly appreciative of Mr. Durand's speech.

A reception was held at the Cook House preceding the meeting and the hotel office was crowded with people who were shaking Mr. Durand's hand. The impression he left here was very favorable indeed.

Prof. X. A. Bogle presided at the meeting and stated that the supreme issue was the overthrow of bossism, the exercise of the power of government in favor of all the people. He spoke of the demands of the people as set forth in the platform and introduced Hon. L. T. Durand as "the man who, unless all signs fail, will here more to do with their enforcement than any man in the state."

Mr. Durand's diction was fine, his manner earnest, his opinions logical. His grasp of the questions at issue indubitable. He spoke first of this city in one in which many years ago he had spent some of the happiest years of his life. He paid a glowing tribute to the University and in the course of his speech to President Angel and Judge Cooley. He came not to speak as a partisan, but simply as a good citizen on behalf of good citizenship. He spoke strongly against machine rule and against ripperism. The founders of the government never contemplated that it should be placed in the hands of those claiming political dictatorship. The question of better government appeals to everyone. He spoke of the combine in politics as great a menace to mankind as the power of that unholy railroad combination which has within its grasp the coal supply of this country. Turn the power of combination loose in politics, let it buy nominations for public office, let it control conventions, let it purchase delegates, let it purchase legislation and it is a power which will wreck the very citadel of our liberties. Integrity is the keystone of the arch of all individual and national progress. The people are honest. What the people demand of public officers is less partisanship, greater devotion to public duty and less flattery to politicians. They demand that class legislation shall cease, that the purchase of delegates shall stop, that the mailed hand of railroad and other corporations should be kept out of politics.

He spoke strongly for a primary election law so that the citizen could deposit his own silent ballot for the men of his choice, without the aid of conventions or purchasable delegates. Nor did he forget to place himself on record concerning fine ripper legislation of the last legislature. His denunciation of this newest form of political piracy, which, while as yet it has made itself felt only in three or four cities of the state, threatens every municipality. If elected to the office of governor, he promised to make it his first business to vigorously safeguard the interests of the state in this matter.

He explained the iniquities of the ripper legislation taking as an example his home city of Saginaw. He spoke of the Michigan Central's possible claim of \$25,000,000 for damages. He was named to this road becoming a chief factor in state politics. When a claim of that size was to be presented involving an interest of a million dollars per year, he said, the state should have an administration that would not let it at the threshold, fight it from the word go and down it at last.

He spoke warmly of the sentiments of Jefferson and of Lincoln and said they were the sentiments which should rule his official relations if he were elected governor.

There was the sound of straightforwardness in his address which contributes to his promises the force of a guarantee, and on the whole it was one to command the respect of political opponents, and cement the allegiance of those voters who in the ensuing weeks of the campaign will look to him for assistance and leadership in his fight to redeem the state.

Hon. Justin I. Whiting opened his speech by stating that if newspaper reports are correct this meeting differed greatly from a recent meeting here at which there were vandeville attractions and in which a recently appointed U. S. senator showed subservience to a hostile class. He confined himself entirely to state interests and made a strong plea for Mr. Durand's election and a democratic legislature to aid him in carrying out the needed reforms.

David A. Hammond, the nominee for auditor general, said the great issue before our people was the bringing back of the control of our public affairs to the people themselves. He spoke at some length on the lessons of the coal strike. If the voters of Michigan are determined to have clean, honest government they can have it. During the past few years we have had things happen in Michigan which have disgraced us not only in our own eyes, but in the eyes of the rest of the world. In Gov. Rick's time he had to ask three men to resign because they had not been honest. He spoke of the military ring under the ingree and of the money debauch in tin republican convention two years ago. He denounced the ripper legislation, especially of Detroit signed at the instance of Tom Xavin, when local appointments were handed over to the governor, one of whose appointees is now under a sentence of 15 years for breaking a bank and defrauding 8,000 depositors, and another of whom has just assembled 1,200 city employees behind closed doors to tell them for whom they must vote. He believed a greater degree of honesty is found in local governments than in the larger political divisions and that no division of the government is so well administered as the local school district. He spoke of the primary election law, the initiative and referendum and for the need of a legislature in sympathy with Mr. Durand's views.

The meeting then closed with three rousing cheers for Durand. Many stayed when Mr. Frank Fogel, a senior law student, aroused the enthusiasm of the students.

BAY CITY BONDS WERE HELD HERE

The Bay City Gas company change, hands a few months ago and just at the present time the bonds issued by it are falling due with three per cent interest.

It is an astonishing fact that nearly half of the bonds issued by the company are held by residents of Ann Arbor. A gentleman representing the gas company was in the city yesterday and stated that the old bonds were being collected at 103 in order to give holders a chance to purchase new bonds which will be issued shortly. It was also learned that of the \$65,000 worth of bonds issued by the company, \$32,000 worth are held here in Ann Arbor by individuals who possess from \$1,000 to \$5,000 worth.

GOBS LIKE HOT CAKES.

"The Pastest selling article I have in my store," writes Druggist C. T. Smith, of Davis, Ky., "is Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, because it cures. In my six years of sales it has never failed. I have known it to save sufferers from Throat and Lung diseases, who could get no help from doctors or any other remedy." Mothers and A. C. Schumacher, A. B. Mumery, Ann Arbor, and J. E. Boush, Manchester, guarantee satisfaction or refund price. Regular size, 50c and \$1.

"A dose, in time saves lives." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup; nature's remedy for coughs, colds, pulmonary diseases of every sort.

HOW ANN ARBOR WAS NAMED

A LETTER FROM DAUGHTER OF THE THIRD SETTLER.

Samuel Camp and Family Arrived at About the Same Time as Rumsey and Allen.

Editor Argus: The following letter further confirms my version of the story of the origin of the name of our city, "Ann Arbor," as narrated in the article published in the Argue and in the American Real Estate Exchange Journal for September.

Very respectfully,
NOAH W. CHEEVBR.

Grand Rapids, Oct. 6, 1902.

Dear Hoyt: It awes very nice of you to send me the clipping referring to the naming of Ann Arbor. I would like to confirm the story of Mrs. Evans, knowing as I do the literal truth of it.

My father, Samuel Camp was the third man to arrive in that unbroken wilderness. Mr. Allen and Mr. Ramsey being the other two who had only arrived the day before. The Arbor spoken of was on high ground and already was a veritable Arbor, but as there was no shelter the men adoped brush to the sides and a bark roof, making a temporary shelter for the women and the three small children of my father's. This was only for a few days until the three men could chop down trees and roll up a couple of log shanties, with only blankets for doors. I will not go into details like Mrs. Evans. I have heard my parents narrate their early life there until I know whereof I speak. The exact date when these people arrived I do not remember, but my sister next older than I was born in Ann Arbor, June 14, 1820. I am named for the two Anns, who were always dear friends of my mother.

Sincerely,
JULIA AXX POST.

MARSH WILL CASE IS SETTLED

The Jonas Marsh will case was settled late Friday afternoon by the heirs who were legatees in the will agreeing to divide all the bequests equally. The humorous side of today's proceedings were the filing and counter-filing of suits. Ellen Riley commenced a slander suit against Henry Marsh, her brother, this morning. As soon as Henry found out what Ms sister had done he filed a suit against her. Then the fierce contention began and several times court adjourned few la supposed settlement and the pacificators were tried to their utmost. Finally Henry Marsh was asked to apologize to Mrs. Ellen Riley. This he would not do, but just to be contrary he shook hands with her and called the matter off.

"INCURABLE" HEART DISEASE SOON CURED!

By the Great Specialist in Treating Weak and Diseased Hearts, Franklin Miles, M. D., LL. B.

Will Send \$4.00 Worth of His Special Treatment Free as a Trial.

To demonstrate the unusual curative powers of his new and complete special treatments by mail for heart disease, short breath, pain in the side, oppression in the chest, irregular pulse, palpitation, smothering spells, puffing of the ankles, or dropsy, Dr. Miles will send four dollars worth free as a trial to all who mention this paper.

His treatments are the result of twenty-five years of careful study, extensive research, and remarkable experience in treating the various ailments of the heart, stomach and nerves, which so often complicate each case. So astonishing are the results of his complete special treatments that he does not hesitate to offer all persons a trial free.

Xotling could be more generous. Few physicians have such confidence in their remedies. There is no reason why every afflicted person should not avail themselves of this exceedingly liberal offer, as they may never have another such opportunity. No death comes as suddenly as that from heart disease.

Mrs. A. Kronck, of Huntington, Ind., was cured after thirty physicians failed; Mrs. Flora Graeter, of Bristolville, O., after twenty-two; Jas. B. Waite, the noted actor, after a score had pronounced him incurable; Mrs. Frank Smith, of Chicago, after five leading physicians had given her up; Mr. Julius Keister, of Chicago, after Mrs. B. Parker after sixteen failed.

A thousand references to, and testimonials from, Bishops, Clergymen, Bankers, Farmers and their wives will be sent, free upon request.

Send at once for free examination blank, pamphlets and free treatment before it is too late. Address: Franklin Miles, M. D., LL. B., 203 to 209 State street, Chicago, Ill.

Mention Argus-Democrat in your reply.

Read the Argus-Democrat, the best weekly. Only \$1 per year.

NEW PHONES ABE COMING

Something About How \$40,000 Is to be Spent

TO FIT UP NEW SYSTEM

No More Ringing of Bells, and Delays Saved—Present System Long Since Outgrown.

Ann Arbor is to have as efficient telephone service as any city in the country, say representatives of the Michigan Telephone company, as soon as the new system can be installed.

Engineer Hoffman, of the Michigan Telephone company has been here looking over the new bank building now under construction at the corner of Main and Washington streets, where the Telephone company will have their quarters.

Ann Arbor has been hampered for some time by a telephone service which has been outgrown by the city and ever since that fact has been apparent to the officials of the Telephone company they have been endeavoring to remedy the existing deficiencies which have been due to the rapid growth of the company's business.

The system to be installed is what is known as the light-multiple system, which will do away with the trunking through on the various lines as must be done at present. Now when a subscriber wants a party not on the lines handled by the operator called he must wait until the operator can trunk through to another operator who handles the line desired. This necessarily causes delay and with the two offices as at present the time occupied in doing this is very marked. When the new system is put in on the third floor of the new building all this will be done away with. Each operator will have control over all the lines and thus the delay of trunking through will be eliminated. The calls are made and the appearance of a small light in the peg hole will denote that the line wanted is busy. Thus when the light disappears the person calling may get his party without the expenditure of time by the operator of making a connection before notifying the first party. The drop system used at present will be entirely done away with. Another feature of the new system will be the installation of new phones for all subscribers in order to displace the present way of calling a party. The new phones will permit calling without the ringing of a bell, thus saving time in another way. Say that the time saved by the party and the operator is a quarter of a minute on a call, then on 10,000 calls, which was the last peg count made in operating for a day's service, 2,500 minutes or 41 2/3 hours will be saved by all the subscribers each day. At present there are 1,000 subscribers responsible for the 10,000 calls, but of course their phones are extensively used by outsiders or the number of calls would not reach 10,000 a day.

The cost of the new system will be \$40,000 including the replacement of phones.

SOME NEWSY CHELSEA NOTES

Chelsea, Oct. 16.—V. V. Hoyle, of Lyndon, who has been ill for several weeks, has been removed from his home to Ann Arbor for treatment by the medical fraternity of that city.

Born, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1902, to Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Dancer, a daughter.

The Junior Stars, Chelsea's crack base ball team, are making arrangements to hold a social in the opera house Friday evening, Oct. 18. The boys expect to furnish all kinds of fun for those who attend and will have a number of booths from which they will dispose of various articles, and they expect to have an up-to-date refreshment table present. The trouble will commence at 8 o'clock sharp. Admission to the hall 10 cents.

Capt. E. S. Negus has been in attendance at the annual reunion of the famous Custer brigade in Detroit for several days of this week. The captain, according to the Herald papers, is the only surviving commanding officer of the First Michigan Cavalry.

Rev. F. A. Stiles and Mr. and Mrs. Jay Fverrett are in Detroit this week in attendance at the Baptist State Association, owing to the absence of the pastor there will be no morning service but in the evening the young people's society will have a time program at the usual hour for the evening services.

Obelsea, Oct. 17.—The republicans will open the campaign at this place next Monday evening with Hon. Milo Campbell and Hon. W. W. Wedejeyer as speakers. Jas. Harking and the Aeolian Quartet will sing.

Chelsea has a new musical organization known as Fuller's orchestra, consisting of ten pieces, and they have been engaged to furnish music for the lecture course the coming season.

"A Hunch of Koses" will be one of the attractions for the Junior Star entertainment next Monday evening.

The school report for September shows that the total enrollment is 374, of which 36 are foreign students. Three hundred and sixty-eight have neither been absent nor tardy, making the percentage of attendance 98.

Longene V. Delis will open the People's Popular Lecture course here on Nov. 1.

Philip Sieger, of this village, has accepted a position with the D. Y., A. A. & J. line at Ann Arbor, and will commence work Nov. 1.

Mrs. Wasson "ill give a musical at the Lyndon Baptist church Saturday evening, Oct. 25.

IRELAND'S POPULATION DE-PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN TOLEDO AND FRANKFORT.

Commencing July 1st the Ann Arbor railroad will discontinue its own sleeping cars and substitute Pullman Buffet Frankfort.

Sleeping Cars between Toledo and J. J. KIRBY, Gen. Pass. Agent

STOPS THIR COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLIC. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price, 25 cents.

BENJAMIN F. CONRAD DIED LAST NIGHT

ONE OF ANN ARBOR'S MOST RESPECTED CITIZENS.

The Funeral Will Be Held Monday Afternoon From the House.

Benjamin J. Conrad, one of the best in the city, died Friday night after an illness of four months.

Mr. Conrad was born in Rochester, N. Y., in 1833, and when only three years of age he came with his parents to Michigan. His parents took up land, located near Albion, from the government, and engaged in banking. Mr. Conrad attended the Albion college until he reached the age of 17 when he, with a party of others, went by the overland route to California, where he remained for 34 years and engaged in gold mining and business as a retail merchant. He returned to Michigan in 1862 and took a course in the M-ayhew Commercial college. In 1864 he was married and the following year he again went to California. In 1870 he came to Ann Arbor and went into business with Prof. J. Watson and this partnership lasted for several years until Prof. Watson was appointed to do some government work in Yek-in, China, and Mr. Conrad accompanied him on that trip.

He was at one time business manager of the Register Publishing Co. and has for the past few years been engaged in insurance business. He was a member of the board of directors of the Michigan Mutual Life Insurance Co. and also a stockholder.

He was a man of broad Christian charity, one to whom many a man has gone for help and advice when in trouble. He was a man of sterling honesty, a man whose word was as good as his note. He will be missed by a large number of people in this vicinity.

He leaves a wife and a daughter, Mrs. Lola H. Allen, and a son, Ernest, of New York city.

Monday afternoon from the house.

The funeral was held at 2:30 o'clock.

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TIMES SOLO AT AUCTION

The Real Purchaser Not Yet Definitely Known.

BIDDING WAS NOT LIVELY

Plant, Newspapers and Receipt Book of Ann Arbor Printing Co. Sold for \$10,550.

The plant of the Ann Arbor Printing Co., Dr. Chase's receipt book, the Times and the Courier were sold at auction Saturday for \$10,550. The purchaser was George F. Kenny, of Detroit, of the paper company which is the principal creditor of the company.

The plant will undoubtedly go to Richmond & Backus, of Detroit, who, it is understood, design running a branch of their Detroit establishment in this city.

The bidding was not lively. The highest bid received for the newspapers alone was \$3,500, by Kenney; for the newspapers and plant to print them \$4,500 by Kenney. The highest bid for the entire plant outside of the newspapers and receipt book was \$6,500 by George H. Bowler & Co., of Cleveland, machinery dealers, who would buy to dismantle it. Richmond & Backus bid up to \$5,600 on this. Uidhiond & Backus were the highest bidder for the plant excepting newspapers and newspaper plant, \$5,500. F. 15. Dickerson bid \$525 for Dr. Chase's receipt book, plates and copyright. Thompson fit Thomas had a bid in for \$500.

This made the various parcels figured up separately, in any way you figured them \$10,525. After a long wait the tie was decided by Mr. Kenney bidding \$5,550 for the entire plant, receipt book and newspapers, and the property was knocked off to him, the sale being subject to the confirmation of the court.

It was generally understood that the purchaser was simply making a combination bid, the plant to go to Richmond & Backus, the newspapers to Gen. Ainger, who was buying them for his son-in-law, Arthur Tomlinson, and the receipt book to Dickerson. Anyway, the Times and Courier will be sold by Mr. Kenney next week.

The price at which the machinery went was ridiculously low.

WANT LESS LIGHT FROM STREET CARS

COUNCIL WANTS ELECTRIC LINE TO BLANKET HEADLIGHTS.

Nearly \$13,000 of Bills For Paving and Storm Sewers Allowed by Council Last Night.

The council met Monday night and ordered a large amount of money paid out on pavements, sewers and grading. The bills audited that night amounted to \$12,971.89. Fennane Bros. got \$11,188.03 in addition to the \$9,483.30 already paid them on the State Street paving, leaving \$2,290.81 still due them, after a year's trial of the pavement. Olarken & Schneider received \$1,583.86 for building the storm sewer on State street from Hill street to 8. University avenue. The total cost of this sewer was \$1,067.22. C. J. Snyder was allowed \$200 on his account for grading Hill street.

A bill of \$1,800 on culvert building account by the National Bridge Co., was referred to a committee.

The board of public works were instructed to clean the pavement on Ann street, and to fix a culvert on Liberty street.

Aid. Douglas, Schlenker, Coon and City Attorney Sawyer were appointed a committee to present the bill of the city for paving Ann street to the Board of Supervisors. The city decided itself to pay 20 per cent of the cost of the paving, all the rest of the street intersection and the cost of the storm sewer.

B. J. Oroskton petitioned for a line fence and a number of citizens for a light on the corner of Main and Mosely.

On motion of Aid. Fischer the D. Y., A. A. & J. were instructed to blanket their headlights while passing through the city so that they would not scare horses.

TONSILINE
CURES
SORE THROAT.
It is safe and pleasant to take and cures
all sore throats. 25c and 50c. All drug stores.
THE TUSSELL CO., CANTON, OHIO.

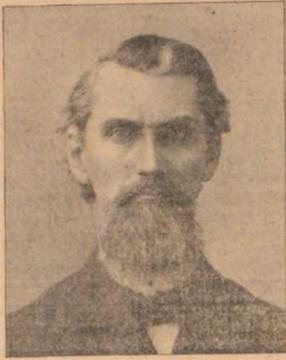
PISO'S CUPRETOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS
Best Cough Syrup. Tames Cough. Use
in H.I.P.P. Sold by Druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Reminiscences of the Picket Line

BY LIEUT. J. Q. A. SESSIONS.



1864



1893

The Th Michigan Cavalry Association has published a volume containing some of the experiences of over 100 of the surviving members of the regiment during the civil war.

A photograph of each contributor at the time he enlisted and one recently taken with pictures at Lincoln, Grant, Sheridan, Ouster and Kilpatrick adorn the volume.

The following Reminiscences of the Picket Line by J. Q. A. Sessions, of this city, formerly Lieutenant Co. D., Th Michigan Cavalry, is taken from the book. In addition to the reminiscences the book contains the following brief autobiography by Mr. Sessions.

Born Jan. 15, 1832 at Lenox, Madison County, X. Y.; received First Lieutenant commission from Gov. Austin Blair, Oct. 15, 1862 and was mustered in 7th Michigan Cavalry as First Lieutenant in Co. D, Nov. 13, 1862; was with my regiment in battles of Gettysburg, Hanover, Boonsboro, Culpeper, Morton's Ford, Brandy Station and Kilpatrick's raid to Richmond. A rebel bullet went through and knocked off my hat at Gettysburg and my horse was hit by a rebel bullet at Battle of Morton's Ford, but no wounds for me; mustered out at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., Nov. 3, 1865, and honorably discharged.

BEMINISCKXSKS OF LHH TICKET LINE.

My first experience in Charge of a picket line was on the Ohantfly Pike soon after our Brigade went into our first camp in Virginia, at Fairfax Court House, in March or April, 1863. One dark night I concluded to ascertain how reliable the pickets were to prevent unknown persons from passing the posts, on the Pike without first giving the countersign. We were picketing agatoot Moeby's guerrillas and I instructed to give an alarm if they attempted to make a raid on our lines. I commenced my trip on my horse down the Pike at the west end of our line near Centerville, going eastward. Pulling my hat down over my eyes, my coat collar turned up, I soon approached the first picket. "Halt! Who comes there?" Changing my voice to as gruff a tone as possible, I replied, "A farmer living near Fairfax; I have been to Centerville and want to get home." "Advance. Have you the countersign?" "I know nothing about countersigns, but want to get home. Can't I pass down the Pike?" "Yes, you may pass. I guess you are all right." The stunt thing occurred with variations at two other picket posts, except I was questioned more closely as to what I had been to Centerville for, etc. Of course I had been on business and I detained later than I had expected. On my route I had met a corporal or sergeant of Co. "D" and explained the trip and requested him to go with me.

When we approached the fourth post, where the boys had built a large fire out of logs, we were halted at some distance from the picket, probably as soon as we were heard coming. "Halt! Who comes there?" "Two farmers win have been to Centerville on business and want to yet home: we live near Fairfax." "Dismount one and advance." I crawled off my horse as clumsily as possible and led my horse towards the picket. I heard the click of the revolver as I had at one or two other posts. I realized that in the hands of men of so little experience the revolver was liable, to go off and I might be sorry I undertook the trip. By the time I had approached near this picket, another man had come out from the fire near the post and I was confronted by two of them.

With my hat drawn down and stooping over, they could not see my face. After several questions and answers, one said in a low tone to the oilier, "Lead him up to the fire." Of course I led to go. He stooped down and looked up into my face. "My God, lieutenant, is that you?" A shout from the boys and the fun for me was over.

I once had charge of the picket line on the north bank of the Rappahannock a few miles above Fredericksburg. About noon I visited the picket line. At the headquarters of the pickets who were in charge of a sergeant, the boys were getting dinner. There was coffee, hardtack, fried bacon, and I think a loaf of bread, which must have come down from the skies like manna, to the wandering Israelites. As the river salt two rebel pickets on horses in the shade of a tree.

"Boys," said I, "suppose we invite the pickets on the other side to come over and eat dinner with us." "Oh, they won't dare leave their posts and come over here." "Well, I am going to see what they will say about it." "Hello!" One replied, "Hello!" "We are getting dinner, come over and eat with us," giving him at the same time the bill of fare. "I will see you back all right." "Oh, no, we cant, the officer may come around here soon." "There is no danger of that, he is looking after his own dinner now."

"I can't swim," said one. "Can't you swim?" "I can swim some, but wouldn't dare try it alone." "Will you come over if I will swim across and escort you?" "After consulting together we decided. "Yes, I will try it." "Well, meet me at the bank. I will be there." He met me at the bank prepared for a swim and we passed over all right. Throwing a blanket around him, and giving him a hard tack box for a seat beside another box used for a table, he said, "By trolly, this seems queer, don't it?" "What is the matter?" "Why, we are eating dinner together today and perhaps shooting at each other tomorrow." "Well," I replied, "it is today now, let tomorrow take care of itself." He said he was eighteen years old and was raised near Richmond and that he had not had any coffee for six months, and that it was the best dinner he had received in a long time. I went back with him and though the current was rapid, nothing occurred to mar the festive occasion. Several years afterwards it occurred to me that this was one of the most indiscrete and foolish acts of my life. If he had lost courage in the middle of the stream at a seized hold of me, I was not strong enough to hold him up and keep him at arm's length, and Otoh would have gone to the bottom, and remained there for an indefinite period.

In October, 1863, General Lee advanced on our army from his headquarters in and around Uordonville, the Union army being in the vicinity of Culpeper. Our brigade (Custer's) and other cavalry covered the retreat, protecting toward Washington as far as Bull Run, and Centerville. On October 14, 1863, a portion of both armies collided at Bristol Station, a railroad station west of Bull Run. Here the rebels got the worst at it and lost two regiments, taken prisoners, besides many killed and wounded. Portions first and second battles of Bull Run Of our army crossed the Bun over the litit; bridge made famous by the in '01 and '62. Our brigade went into camp near the bridge. About dark my company ("D") was ordered to go a mile west where the second battle of Hull Run was fought, form a picket line through the woods and remain during the night. It was too dark to distinguish skulls from stales, or dead bodies shriveled in their clothing or partly covered with earth, from sticks of wood. At daylight we had a view of a battle field, a year after the battle occurred, where thousands were slaughtered. I hope I shall never see such a sight again.

We were in a Oharnal Horse of immense proportions. Our army was defeated and retreated to faintilly, lint little time could be spared by either army for burying the dead. This was evident, from appearances, in several places trenches from twenty to forty feet tang and twelve to eighteen inches deep were filled, with bodies. A lillie earth and tufts of grass were placed over them. Imagine the situation a year afterwards. The day previous it seemed quite certain there would be a third battle of Bull Run. But that night and the next day General Lee retraced his steps and went back with his entire army to his old camping grounds in and around Gordonsville. Our army followed and occupied our former positions, I he cavalry leading the way.

In the fall of 1863, after the armies under Lee and Meade had settled down again in permanent quarters, our regiment was sent to the Rappalvnoek opposite Fredericksburg on a reconi, insance to ascertain, if possible, what General Lee was doing or what he proposed to do after his rrinous defeat at Gettysburg. Soon after we arrived at the river it was reported that the rebels on the opposite side had been sending over the southern papers to one of our regiments, who had camped there a shun time previous. A very small boat, with a very delicate rudder

and a paper sail was sent across the river, with the bottom filled with papers. The rudder was set and fastened in such a way that the boat would be driven across the river by the current and the paper sail. On further inquiry we learned the boat went down stream the day before. I proposed to Captain James B. Loomis, of Ypsilanti, now living in Nome, Alaska (then sergeant-major of the regiment), that we swim across, get some of the papers and bring them back in our bate, provided the rebels on the other side were good natured and would agree to see us back all right. I said, "Hello, there, have you any papers?" "Yes, come over and get some." "Can't you send them over?" "No, we have no way now." "If two of us come over will you see us back all right?" "Yes, come on, we will see you back all right, and give you some Richmond papers." At the same time raising both hands, to indicate "no arms," and that they would receive us bare handed. This was a promise and signal along the Rappa'hannock so long as it was the boundary line between the two armies. Many a meeting of the pickets to exchange papers and Yankee coffee for Virginia tobacco was arranged in this way and not a single instance was known where either party broke his word. Loomis said he did not think he could swim across, the current was so strong. I said I was going directly over. Loomis went up stream a short distance and swam and floated across diagonally. I swam to a large rock on the bank. The rebels, including some bright look-tog officers, seeing us coming, hail flokked to the shore.

As I crawled up on the rock one of them asked, "Are you a Yankee?" "Well," I said, "my parents were born in New England. I was born in New York state, and I hail from Michigan. You may call me what you choose." "Well, who is General Meade?" The calamity of Gettysburg was still fresh in their minds. I replied, "He seems to be a man whom the rebels has raised up to put down this rebellion." "Oh, he cant do that, we can carry on the war twenty years yet." One said they could carry on a guerilla war, if necessary, for twenty years. I replied that long before the twenty years were passed they would find it did not pay and would get tired of it. This was merely good natured banter, no hostile feeling being manifested by any one. "Well," said I, "where are the papers? I think we must be going back." "All right, bring down some papers," said an officer. "We placed the papers in our hats, bade them good bye and swam back to the northern shore. Our anxiety to get Rebel papers was caused by the bombardment of Sumter by our forces. Our batteries there were knocking the fort into a big heap of rubbish and the rebels received the news several days earlier than we did.

Something Tamed.



"What did de lady say when you told her you was waitin' for somethin' to turn up?" "She turned up her nose."

Not Really So Severe.

Judge—What do you mean by saying that you have a claim upon my gratitude?

Prisoner—I gave your wife her first lessons in singing.

Judge—Then it is my pleas—I mean painful duty—to pass the heaviest sentence which the law allows for the crime of which you have been found guilty. You will be imprisoned for the rest of your natural life.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Different.

"I am happy to tell you, madam," said the lawyer to the wife of the railway accident's victim, "that your husband can recover."

"Oh, doctor, I am so thankful!" "Madam, I am a lawyer, not a doctor, and I have reference to damages, not health. He of course cannot live."—Houston Post.

Determined to Be Pleased.

"Doesn't it annoy you to have your automobile stop without giving warning?"

"A little," answered the man who takes life good naturedly, "but when it stops that way I have at least the satisfaction of knowing that it isn't going to run into anything."—Washington Star.

Cows Killed by Lightning.

Standish, Mich., Oct. 23.—During a thunderstorm here last night four valuable cows belonging to E. G. Allen were killed by lightning and a man working near was shocked, but not fatally.

The Argus-Democrat has news from all over the county. \$1 per year.

"Clothes Do Not Make The Man"

But they do make all of him

Except his hands and face during business hours.

It isn't enough that you BE allright, you must LOOK allright as well, because two-thirds of success in life lies in HAKING PEOPLE THINK YOU'RE ALLRIGHT. Not only will you BE allright but your friends will KNOW you're allright if you buy your

SUITS, OVERCOATS

MERE

You'll be wearing the Best Clothing in the city, and a Look of Well Dressed Satisfaction. It can't work any other way. Your attire will be perfect, top notch in style, the acme of fit and finish.

FURNISHINGS TOO

Cut a large figure in your appearance. When one fellow reads a stranger's character in his face, a hundred read it in his get up.

A HAT that's becoming. NECKWEAR, late and natty FANCY SHIRTS in latest fads. MENS' GLOVES in newest street styles. HOSIERY that bespeaks the up-to-date wearer. UNDERWEAR, comfortable and satisfactory.

EVERYTHING ESSENTIAL to the well dressed individual at LESS COST than the indifferent kind is sold for any where else.

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WADHAMS RYAN & REULE

NEW TURBINE MOTOR.

Inventor Says It Can Drive Sixty Fifty Knots an Hour.

Across the Atlantic in three days or less, a revolution of modern naval warfare and unheard of speed for the largest vessels afloat is what William Werner declares he has made possible by the invention of a new turbine motor. Fifty knots an hour as the minimum of speed for vessels like the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse is what Mr. Werner believes his invention will accomplish.

Mr. Werner lives in Brooklyn. He is a civil engineer and an inventor. He has a working model of his new invention that drives a small boat through the water at terrific speed and seems to bear out all that he claims for it. When seen at his home the other night by a New York Herald reporter, Mr. Werner explained that he had not applied for a patent for his device yet because he is under contract with a foreign government not to impart any information concerning his invention.

After having failed to interest American shipbuilders Mr. Werner says he sought assistance abroad to have his invention applied to some large steamship, which involved an expenditure beyond his means. The fact of his discovery having come to the knowledge of naval officials of a country which Mr. Werner refused to name, a confidential agent of that government was sent to Brooklyn to negotiate for the purchase of his secret.

Mr. Werner says that when his device is used steamship propellers will be reduced one-half in size, at the same time gaining enhanced power of propulsion. His invention, he says, has a capacity of 25,000 or 30,000 horsepower, and he is certain he can attain a speed of fifty knots an hour.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Marie Reith and Phil Becker, which will occur at the bride's home in Delhi on Oct. 30, at high noon.

The Argus-Democrat has news from all over the county. \$1 per year.

Janney Corn Huskers

Simple and Compound Traction Engines with direct and return Flue Boilers.

Olds Stationary and Portable Gas Engines.

Fire and Burglar Proof Safes and Office Furniture for sale by

H. Q. SELLMAN,

634 Hill St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Blankets

Did you ever sleep cold all night long? When you knew and felt that something was wrong, and yet were too tired and sleepy to find out what it was. Pretty mean feeling, isn't it? Bad too, because its a good way to get rheumatism. If you're wrapped in good woolen blankets, however, you'll never be troubled that way. And you wont have to pile on the cover a foot deep either, so you can hardly breathe. We've got in the finest lot of fuzzy woolly woolen blankets you ever laid eyes on. Just to look at 'em gives you a warm comfortable thrill up your spinal column. The cheapest one we sell for \$3.50 PER PAIR, its all wool and long and wide and we guarantee "Slumbers Sweet" with every pair. Others for \$3.75, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$6.50, up to \$9.00 per pair. We've also got some mighty fine Comforters, in pretty colors and well stuffed for \$1.25, heavier and better ones for 1.50, 1.75, 2.00, and 2.50 a piece. We'd like to show them to you. FURNITURE REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING.

KOCH'S FURNITURE STORE,

300, 302, 304 SO. MAIN - 'PHONE 50

% Iron Beds, Dressers, Tables, Desks, Carpets, Rugs and Draperies

FOR STUDENT ROOMS

We Have the Right Goods at the Right Prices

Martin Haller,

112, 114, 116 EAST LIBERTY STREET

THE POPULAR

FURNITURE, CARPET and DRAPERY STORE
Telephone i48 - Passenger Elevator.

50c Initial Stationery, 10c

To close out some broken lots of Fine Initial Stationery, we offer nearly One Hundred Boxes of White and Blue paper, some with the initial bund stamped in gold and colors—paper worth from 25c to 50c per box, for the ridiculously low price of

10 cents per box

at
WAHR'S Book Store
Down Town

THE OLD RELIABLE



Absolutely Pure
THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

LOCAL BREVITIES

Prof. Adams will give a most interesting talk on the Consumers' League and a Political Economy at Sarah Casswell Angell hall on Oct. 31, at 4 p. m.

Miss Katherine Eftesser and Sam HUSK were married at Dexter Wednesday night. The wedding was a very quiet one, only the immediate family being present.

The Ann Arbor Organ company is putting in a big boiler, which weighs 14 tons, with a capacity of 125 horsepower. The boiler has all the very latest improvements.

Announcements have been received of the birth of a son to Mr. and Mrs. George Sheldon, of Casskatie. Mrs. Sheldon was formerly Miss Belle Wright, of this city.

John Ombie, by his attorneys, Murray & Storm, has brought suit for trespass against Henry Conde, of York, claiming that the defendant dug a deep ditch through his meadow.

In the case of Louisa YanOrden vs. the M. C. R. R. the appearance of defendant by its attorneys, Henry Huestel, of Detroit, and John Lawrence, has been filed in the circuit court.

Mrs. Guy Henry, of Williamston, died Wednesday after an illness of three years' duration. Mr. and Mrs. Henry formerly lived in this city and had many friends who will be grieved to learn of her death.

Mrs. G. W. Miley has received word of the death of Mrs. Dauraett Corbin Meyers. Dr. Meyers passed away about five years ago and will be remembered as a graduate of the University of Michigan in 1861.

On-ill R. Pierce, the Hudson apple buyer, has purchased the apples in the orchard of Dr. W. V. Nichols for \$2,000. The buyer says these apples are among the best he can find.

Philip Levere was lined up in Justice's court on Wednesday afternoon for allowing his horse to remain in the street uncaared for all day Tuesday. He was warned by Officer Warren, but would not heed him, and consequently was locked up.

George W. Btrnham, who formerly edited a newspaper in Milan, and who was afterwards a well known National League baseball umpire and latterly a successful advertising solicitor, has broken down mentally and his friends have been obliged to send him in a retreat.

A pleasant birthday party was given in honor of Mr. Chas. Schellenner at his home, 221 Third street, Wednesday. Cards were the main feature. Miss Emily Weinniann and John Miyer winning the first prizes and Mrs. M. Sboll and Clarence Oot tin-booby prizes. A bountiful supper was served.

Edwin A. Holmes was granted a divorce Monday from Maude Holmes on the ground of extreme cruelty. The parties were married in Mowell in 1890 and have no children. Holmes charged that his wife kept him awake nights and broke up his home several times and would not let him visit his parents.

Mrs. Douisa Kittle was granted a divorce from her husband, Charles T. T. Kittle by Judge Kinne Monday afternoon on the ground of desertion. The parties were married March 17, 1860, in Fremont, Ohio, and lived together until Sept. 1804, and for the past eight years have lived apart. Kittle is now in Indiana and did not appear to contest the suit. The children are now of age.

The funeral of Mr. B. J. Conrad was held Monday at 2:30 o'clock and was very largely attended. Dr. Young preached a Short sermon and spoke in glowing terms of the life which had gone, of the man who let not his right hand know what his left hand doeth. The board of directors of the Michigan Mutual Life Insurance Co., of which the deceased was a member, attended in a body. Paul Snauble, Ohas. Worden, Chas. Hoylan and Prof. J. Montgomery acted as pallbearers. The interment took place at Forest Hill cemetery.

Thomas Krueger, the old Pwislau soldier was returned to the county jail thirty days by Justice Doty Wednesday morning for disorderly conduct. Krueger only returned two weeks ago from Detroit, where he served a term of 05 days for stealing hams.

Miss L. K. Patterson, after seven weeks of serious illness, caused by a fall at Bay View, died Saturday. The funeral services were held at the home, 226 S. Thayer street, Sunday afternoon by Rev. T. W. Young. The body was taken to St. James Monday for burial, accompanied by Mrs. Patterson and son Otis.

Mrs. Christina Tucker, mother of Mrs. Walter Dancer, of 704 Spring street, died Monday of old age, aged 85 years.

Sunday night at the First Baptist church Miss Eva Murray, Miss Cora Wallace and Minnie Mulholland were killed. During the service the choir furnished some excellent music.

Mr. Andrew Reule died at his home, 216 E. Washington street, Sunday afternoon, after a long and painful illness. The cause of the demise was tuberculosis. Mr. Reule was born in Germany in 1830 and came to this city many years ago. He has conducted a tailor shop for a long time very successfully. He leaves a wife and four sons.

Charles Kruger, known as "Oom Paul," was arrested for drunkenness and disorderly conduct Tuesday. He returned from "the works" about two weeks ago where he served a 65-day sentence for stealing hams. Knowing his weakness, several officers warned Kruger Tuesday that he would end up in jail, but he said he "guessed not."

The Mends of Eugene Senianderer, who has lost an arm as a result of the accident on the railroad some days ago, will be glad to learn that the young man is almost recovered from the operation and will be taken to his home this week. While the arm is still very tender, it is healing very rapidly and in a few weeks, the doctors say, he will be on the streets.

A teacher who is teaching in Washenaw county in a U. of M. Normal or state certificate which has not been filed, or a copy of the same, as the law provides, in the office of the commissioner of schools will be considered after November 1st, 1902, as an unqualified teacher and the contract with the school board, void. Teachers holding such certificates should attend to this at once. This of course does not apply to schools under special charter.

The new Science building is being pushed to completion. At present the seats are being put in the assembly hall. Each student will have an individual chair, which is equipped with the modern conveniences in the way of writing desk attachment, the seats being of the folding variety like opera chairs. When completed this will so far eclipse the old straight bench board benches in the old building that the upper class men will wonder more than ever how they stood the old regime.

Albert Cooper, a former employe at the Portland cafe, fell down the steps leading to the American house basement Tuesday, breaking the bones of his hand and seriously gashing his face and upper lip. Cooper started for the toilet room in the basement of the building, but caught his heel on the first step. He fell forward, striking the basement floor and was picked up unconscious. Dr. Ronneburger was immediately called and aside from the injuries named he was getting along well this morning.

An exciting runaway occurred on S. State street on Saturday afternoon. Lamb & Spencer's delivery horse became frightened at something and tore down the street at a terrific rate. Just as the horse reached Packard street a Y. A. A. & J. car was crossing S. State street. This did not check the speed of the horse, which ran at the huge obstruction at full speed, landing on the fender, where it had a free ride for several rods before the motorman could stop the car and extricate the frightened animal from its position. The wagon was scattered in pieces along the road for several blocks. The horse was not injured except for a few cuts and bruises.

NO PAY UNLESS FOUND

New Motto of the Board of Supervisors.

AS TO STOLEN PROPERTY

Board Equalized on Basis of Assessed Valuation, Which Is Over \$34,000.00.

When the supervisors met yesterday they took a fall out of the police forces of the county as they passed a resolution to fix no more bills incurred by constables and deputy sheriffs in search of property, unless the property were found.

"What is the import of such a resolution?" said the Argus reporter to a supervisor.

"Well, it strikes me it means 'Work, no pay,' pretty good motto for everybody."

"Does it mean that the supervisors are disgusted with the police force?" "Not necessarily. You know what we do hasn't any binding effect on the next board."

The resolution presented by Mr. Harriman is as follows:

"Resolved, That after January 1, 1903, the county of Washenaw will pay no bills of constables or deputy sheriffs for searching for lost, or stolen property, unless such property, is secured or a written order for such search is issued from the prosecuting attorney."

The total amount of personal assessed by the supervisors in 1902 is \$7,898,502, and the total amount of the real estate assessment is \$26,882,999, making the total assessed valuation of the county \$34,776,581. The board decided to equalize the county on the basis of the assessed valuation, the same as has been done in the past two years.

COMMON SENSE AND CONSUMPTION

The treatment of consumption is every year becoming more successful. The majority of cases can be cured if taken in time. Not more common sense is the cause of the improvement.

Fresh air, good climate, food, clothing, exercise, all these are important features of common sense treatment

As a builder of flesh and restorer of strength Scott's Emulsion is still unequalled. The special action of Scott's Emulsion on the lungs is as much of a mystery as ever—but an undoubted fact.

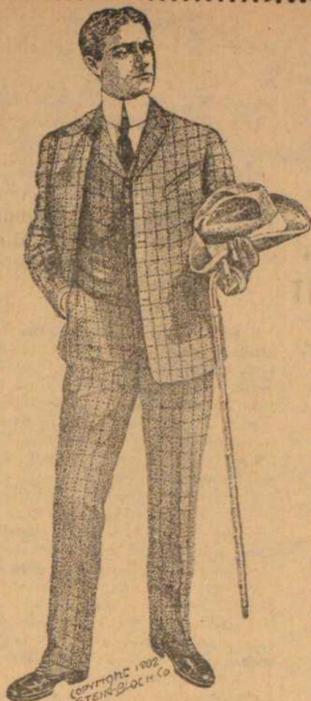
Common sense and Scott's Emulsion is good treatment.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like. SCOTT & BOWNE, 109 Pearl street, New York.

Farmers

We need Grain of all Kinds and Grades, Beans and Seeds. We especially need at this time Buckwheat, Popcorn and Timothy Seed at the Ann Arbor Central Mill? If your Buckwheat is damp or wet, bring it to us while it is sweet. Remember that damp Buckwheat will surely become musty unless kiln-dried.

Michigan Milling Co*



You'd be surprised

If you took the trouble to inquire how many of your best dressed acquaintances are not having their clothes made-to-measure at all, but are wearing

STEIN-BLOCH

READY-TO-WEAR SMART CLOTHES. The reason is plain to everyone familiar with their unmatched excellence. No custom tailor can do more for you than

Wear with Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes

No matter if you are a little "off," we'll fit you just as well as any tailor can; but our arguments here alone will not convince you—come and see the clothes and try them on; you'll never have your clothes made-to-measure again.

Lindenschmitt & Apfel.

CARRIED BUTCHER KNIFE TO BED

AND NOW HIS WIFE WANTS A DIVORCE

On Account of the Terror to Herself and Children From that Knife

A bill of complaint against Anthony Borabek, of Ypsilanti, was filed by Attorney Frank Toslyn in the circuit court yesterday for Mrs. Augusta Bombenek, alleging ill treatment and asking for a divorce and alimony. The plaintiff was married to Anthony Bombenek in 1870 at Berensdorf, Germany, and came with her husband to this country sixteen years ago.

Augusta alleges that Anthony is in the habit of carrying a butcher-knife to bed with him, keeping her and their children in constant fear for their lives. A restraining injunction is also prayed for, the plaintiff alleging that defendant, unless so restrained, will sell the real and personal property owned jointly by them.

BATTLE CREEK WATER KILLS GUINEA PIG

THE GUINEA PIG FORMERLY RESIDED IN ANN ARBOR

And Was Killed by the Drinking Water in University Laboratory, But People Still Drink Water.

Battle Creek don't know whether to drink water from its hydrants or not. People bathe in Lake Goguc, the source of the water supply, and the supreme court says they have a right to do so. Wells were drilled and a new supply obtained. As an afterthought a sample of the water from the GFO wells was sent to the University here to be analyzed. Wednesday the analysis was returned with the statement that a guinea pig which was given the water to drink died in 24 hours, but the professor thought that Battle Creek people were so tough that the water would not hurt them.

Friday Happenings.

On Friday Shakespeare, Washington and Napoleon were born, Queen Victoria was married, the battles of Bunker Hill and New Orleans were fought, America was discovered, Moscow was burned, Richmond was evacuated, the Bastille was destroyed, the Mayflower arrived and the Declaration of Independence was signed.

Early Guns.

In early firearms guns were made by hand and with great care from one strip bent round a mandril and edges welded.

Book SUES.

A royal folio has a page 19 by 12 inches; a royal quarto, 12 by 10; a royal octavo, 10 by 8; a 12 mo., 7 by 4; a 24 mo., 5 by 2; a 32 mo., 4 by 2; a 48 mo., 3 by 2.

Dextrin Comes Front Starch. Dextrin is nothing but roasted starch, and any one with a stove that has an oven attachment can make his own dextrin whenever he needs it by roasting starch to a light brown. Its best known use is to make the famous mucilage used on the back of the postage stamp.

ALL DAY LONG

you may have comparative comfort until laughter, reading aloud or nervous excitement brings on the fit of coughing which racks you until your very bones ache. Do not suffer needlessly. Even when a cold on the lungs seems to have you fast in its dreadful power, Allen's Lung Balm will loosen the mucus, allay the inflammation, heal the aching throat and help overcome the enemy completely.

Artistic Millinery Store

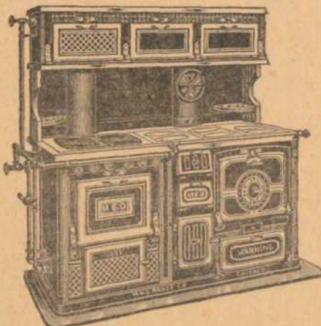
Our showing of Trimmed Millinery is so complete that you can select from our stock a becoming Hat to match any costume, and each variation of the season's best style will be found here, including handsome Lace, Flower, Leaf and Fur Trimmed Hats. Our display of Beaver Hats this week is one of the strongest features of this section. To supply the present demand the stock has been filled to extreme completeness, ranging in price from 1.50, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00 and 4.50.

ARTISTIC MILLINERY STORE,
No. 4106 SOUTH MAIN STREET,

Next to Schairer & Milieu's Dry Goods Store, Ann Arbor.

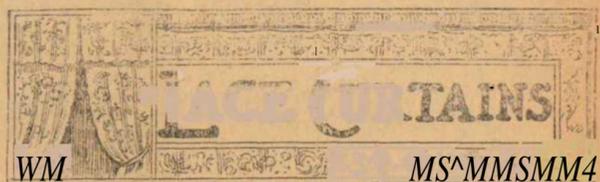
M. & D. COMBINATION RANGES

Are specially adapted for small kitchens where both kinds of ranges are used.



A Gas and Coal Range all in one stove. Call and see them.

Muehlig & Schmid's
HARDWARE.



SEE OUR NEW LINE

Of these in Ruffled or Plain, Arabian or White 75c to \$10.00 a pair.

Portiere Stripes, Figures or the Rope \$1.75 to \$8.00 a pair.

Everything in the line of Furniture, Carpets and Rugs at figures that must sell the goods. We repair, refinish and upholster furniture, especially old mahogany pieces.

HENNE & STANGER

n7, n9 W. LIBERTY ST. PHONE 443

TRUMPS COST OVER \$10,000

Board of Supervisors Want a Work House

ASK FOR LEGISLATION

So that the Tramp May Leave Washtenaw Out of His Itinerary

Tramps cost the county of Washtenaw over \$10,000 last year. So reported the committee of the board of supervisors Monday. There was very little discussion of the matter, but instead there was action. Messrs. Barriman, Whitaker and Bacon were appointed a special committee to consider the tramp question and to procure from the legislature an enabling act to permit the county of Washtenaw to establish and maintain a workhouse.

Mr. Cady, of the last year's committee, reported after full investigation that the officers' fees, jail fees and board for the persons convicted of being drunk and disorderly, otherwise "tramps," amounted during the past year to more than ten thousand dollars.

The following is the report of the committee who have taken up the tramp question as made to the board of supervisors Monday and which was made the basis of action looking towards a workhouse for tramps.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Oct. 13, 1902. To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Washtenaw County.

Gentlemen: Your committee appointed by your honorable body at the October session of 1901 to examine the dockets of the justices courts with regard to tramp and drunk arrests, also to visit the county jail whenever they deem it necessary, would make the following report.

In looking over the situation and having upon the different justices of the county your committee found that the number sent to the county jail from the smaller courts is exceedingly small. We shall, therefore, confine ourselves to the justice courts of Ypsilanti and Ann Arbor with the following results. The number committed from the four justice courts of Doty, Gibson, Childs and Joslyn were as follows:

November, 1801.	
Total number committed in Nov.	30
Average days in jail per man.	10
Total number days in jail in Nov.	300
December, 1901	
Total number committed in Dec.	74
Average days in jail per man.	11
Total number days in jail.	814
January, 1902.	
Total number committed in Jan.	28
Average days in jail per man.	11
Total number of days in jail.	1160
February, 1902.	
Total number committed in Feb.	131
Average days in jail per man.	11
Total number of days in jail.	1455
March, 1902.	
Total number committed in March	112
Average days in jail per man.	11
Total number days in jail.	1300
April, 1902.	
Total number committed in April.	28
Average days in jail per man.	11
Total number of days in jail.	260
May, 1902.	
Total number committed to jail.	19
Average days in jail per man.	11
Total number days in jail.	210
Kiue, 1902.	
Total number committed in June.	13
Average days in jail per man.	10
Total number of days in jail.	120
July, 1902.	
Total number committed in July	26
Average days in jail per man.	11
Total number of days in jail.	286
August, 1902.	
Total number committed in August.	18
Average days in jail per man.	11
Total number of days in jail.	170
September, 1902.	
Total number committed in Sept.	15
Average days in jail per man.	11
Total number days in jail.	150

Total number committed from the four courts of Doty, Gibson, Childs and Joslyn from November 1, 1903 to October 1, 1902 was 580, of which 521 were committed for being drunk and disorderly.

Total number of days these persons were in jail was 519.

Your committee was also instructed to visit the jail from time to time as they deemed it necessary and note the number of prisoners at such times confined therein. For information we would state that they have made personal examinations on the 1st and 15th of each month and noted the number present at such times with the following results:

Prisoners in jail Nov. 1.	13
Prisoners in jail Nov. 15.	16
Prisoners in jail Dec. 1.	32
Prisoners in jail Dec. 15.	35
Prisoners in jail Jan. 1.	34
Prisoners in jail Jan. 15.	41
Prisoners in jail Feb. 1.	64
Prisoners in jail Feb. 15.	41
Prisoners in jail March 1.	27
Prisoners in jail March 15.	38
Prisoners in jail April 1.	37
Prisoners in jail April 15.	11
Prisoners in jail May 1.	8
Prisoners in jail May 15.	9
Prisoners in jail June 1.	11
Prisoners in jail June 15.	8
Prisoners in jail July 1.	14
Prisoners in jail July 15.	6

Prisoners in jail August 1. 5
Prisoners in jail August 15. 5
Prisoners in jail September 1. 9
Prisoners in jail September 15. 8

Your committee further report that the officers fees and jail fees and board for the persons convicted of being drunk and disorderly, otherwise "tramps," amounted during the past year to more than ten thousand dollars.

ME LITTLE GIRL IDENTIFIES ASSAILANT

ASMUN IS BOUND OVER TO THE CIRCUIT COURT.

For Enticing a Little Girl to His Room—His Examination Held Today.

Charles H. Asmun, who was arrested Oct 10 for enticing little Ruby Patterson to his room the previous evening, was brought before Justice Doty Friday morning and testimony was taken which would substantiate the charge alleged if it be proved. Not until recently was the testimony of a child allowed, when a statute was passed to the effect that a child under ten might be allowed to testify if in the opinion of the magistrate the child was telling the truth. Justice Doty allowed little Ruby's testimony today. The child is the daughter of Joint's H. Patterson, a senior law student, and is peculiarly attractive. She has large sorrowful eyes and yet a liveliness about her manner that is decidedly winning.

The defendant wished to hold the examination over until 1 p. m., when it was expected that his father would arrive, but he did not appear so Asmun was held to the circuit court, December term, with \$1,000 bonds and two sureties.

The touching incident of the examination was when the little child was told to identify the charged man. She went down the aisle and then coming back pointed her finger at Asmun, saying, "That is the naughty man."

READING MATTER FOR THE BOYS

Ann Arbor, Oct. 18, 1902. Editor Argus—Hiring this past year I have been sending reading matter to the Reformatory at Ionia. There are several hundred men and boys in this institution, the youngest 15 and the oldest 78, but the great bulk are between 15 and 20 years of age.

This leading matter has been greatly appreciated as letters from the inmates very clearly indicate. But a plea has been made to me for more reading matter suitable for boys of this age. These boys, many of them, have had no instruction, no parental care and in this institution are having the first opportunity or their lives for education.

One of the inmates says in a letter, "I was pleased a few days since when one of my 'boys' (he is 12 years old) after writing his spelling lesson, handed me his slate saying, 'Mik at that, twenty words and every one of them spelled right!' The boys in my class are hard at work now writing their first essays. We have just finished the History of the Revolution and War and I have assigned them different subjects connected with that history. Their efforts would be amusing if they were not so pathetic. They are trying very hard and I would be glad to read their matter could be sent them to interest them in better things."

I am preparing to send another box of reading matter and if there are any who have back numbers of the Youth's Companion or other books and magazines suited to the needs of this class of readers I would be very glad to include them with my donation. Such literature can be brought to my residence any time within the next two weeks.

Dr. MAUY WOOD-ALLEN, 1317 Washtenaw avenue, Ann Arbor, Mich.

ANN ARBOR R. R. STEAMERS. The Ann Arbor R. R. Co's Car Ferries are now sailing on regular schedule between Frankfort and points on west shore Lake Michigan.

One steamer leaves Frankfort at 9:00 p. m. daily except Sunday for Keweenaw and Manitowoc, Wis.; another leaves Frankfort 9:30 a. m. Monday, Wednesday and Friday, for Sturgeon Bay, Wis., and Menominee, Mich., and 9:30 a. m. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Manistique, Mich. The public will find this route a desirable one between lower Michigan points and points in Northern Wisconsin and the Upper Peninsula, and the fares lower than via any other line.

HIS LIFK IN PERIL.

"I just wanted to have gone all to pieces," writes Alfred Bee, of Welfare, Tex., "billions and a lame back had made life a burden. I couldn't eat or sleep and felt almost too weak to go to work when I begin to use Electric Millers, but they worked wonders. Now I sleep like a top, can eat anything, have gained in strength and enjoy hard work." They give vigorous health and now life to weak, sickly, run-down people. Try them. Only 50c a box. O. Schumacher's, A. E. Miller's, vs. Ann Arbor, and George Hweussler's, Manchester, drug stores.

GREAT SERMON BY MR. SPIERS

Delivered in the Loud Lecture Course Sunday Night

AN IMMENSE AUDIENCE

Was Present at the Methodist Church to Hear It—His Subject Was the Face of Jesus Christ

Robert Spiers, secretary of the Presbyterian Board of Missions, of New York city, delivered one of the finest lectures ever heard in the Loud Lecture course before a crowded audience at the M. E. church Sunday night. His subject was, "The Face of Jesus Christ." Mr. Spiers spoke with great earnestness and force.

Everything in the Christian religion of the birth of Christ, he said, is founded on the Light of the Knowledge of the Glory of God seen through the face of our Saviour. When we are bidden to behold the face of His physical face, there is nothing that we can see. No one knows about his looks. When we speak as we do now of the Face of Jesus Christ we mean not his eyes, his nose or other physical features as we see them in the human face but we use the words simply in their metaphorical sense, as they convey the concrete truths of the gospel. The greatness of our religion comes because there is a vital and living relation between it and the face of our Savior.

The gospel is made up of two facts, two axioms without which Christian religion would be nothing today. The beauty of our Christian religion is that it is not founded on the sands of the stream that wash away, it is founded on historical occurrences that happened nineteen hundred years ago. The first of these two facts is that the gospel has to do with the face that was. Today the gospel deals not with a face that was but with the face that is.

The face of Christ is not only of history, but it is also of the conscience and the more we keep open our hearts the more we see of the divine light of his face.

In our poor, common, sinful lives we often measure our selfishness and our purity of heart against his. But we only find that we are not of the same stuff. We often hear his death spoken of as a great sacrifice, just as if some great and noble person of our own kind had died for mankind. We say that man who denounces himself as unworthy before us is greatest. But Jesus Christ defied anyone to find impurity or sin in him. He was faultless and did not need to ask forgiveness, if he had done so he would have been of our common, sinful makeup, if we cannot see in him the light of the knowledge of the glory of God we need indeed be blind.

Christ characterizes purity, love, forgiveness and humility as the four essentials of the Christian man. We owe all our conceptions of these four essentials to the face of the master.

The power of Jesus Purist to judge aright is questioned by none of us. Let any man stand before Jesus Christ once and all his meanness goes forever. Some are afraid to look upon the face of Jesus Christ, fearing that their higher life will die. But when we stand before that face and look upon its light the higher life lives and it is low in us, dies. My fellow students, can you, on any of us, afford to live out of the glory, if the face, of Jesus Christ?

If Women Only Knew

What a Heap of Happiness it Would Bring to Ann Arbor People.

Hard to do housework with an aching back.
Hours of misery at leisure or at work.

If women only knew the cause.
Bachache pains come from sick kidneys.

Doan's Kidney Pills will cure it.
Ann Arbor people endorse this.

"Mrs. George Carpenter, of No. 1133 Forest Avenue, says: 'The pains across my loins were so severe at times that I could hardly straighten or bend. The twinges often extended under my shoulders blades and down my thighs. I also suffered a good deal from severe cramping of the muscles of my limbs. Headache and dizziness were of frequent occurrence. I used a number of different medicines, but they did not do me any good. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills so highly recommended for troubles like mine that I went to Eberbach & Son's drug store and procured a box. I soon began to feel better and improved steadily until cured.'"

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, DOAN'S, and take no other.

Scald head is an emblem of the scalp very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Doan's Ointment; quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 25 cents.

Read the Argus-Democrat.

HOW MEN SHOULD DRESS.

THE CORRECT FORMS FOR BUSINESS, EVENING.

How to Me Well Dressed at Small Cost—Valuable Advice to Our Readers of the Sterner Sex Who Appreciate Good Personal Appearance

A decent regard for the requirements of fashion, without going to the foolish extremes of foppery, is incumbent upon all men, and upon all young men especially. Custom has dictated certain forms of apparel for the various occasions of daily life, and one should endeavor as far as possible to accede to these rules. Here are the principal forms tip to date:

The business suit for general wear during business hours, mornings, sporting events, and assemblies of men, comprises a covert or large model overcoat, a sack or cutaway coat; a waistcoat of same material as the coat, or a fancy pattern with the cutaway; and trousers to match the Back coat, or to match or of fancy materials with the cutaway; a Fedora or Derby hat is worn, a Derby with the cutaway coat.

What is called semi-dress, for informal events during the day and for church and on Sunday, may be an overcoat, black cutaway coat, waistcoat to match; or of a dark fancy small pattern, with trousers of worsted or cassimere in a gray shade. The hat should lie a high silk or Derby.

To dress for a day wedding, a call, a reception or a matinee, one should wear a black overcoat, double-breasted frock coat, a double or single-breasted waistcoat to match or of white, duck, and dark irousers. The prescribed hat is the high silk.

The full dress, for all formal events in the evening, weddings, receptions, formal dinners, the theatre, requires a large model overcoat, the well known full dress coat; a white double-breasted waistcoat, or a black one if preferred; and trousers to match the coat. The opera or crush hat is the regular thing and it is most convenient.

Not every one of our readers among the men can always follow the above rules, but in this land of democracy every man of them may be called at some time to obey them. It will be observed that not many suits are required, and with foresight and economy it is as easy to be clothed well as to dress poorly. And this brings us to the practical side of the matter.

We extracted the above information as to men's dress from a booklet issued by the English Woolen Mills Company, whose Michigan headquarters are at 220 and 252 Woodward avenue, Detroit Enterprise, "that rams the spark of civilization into the same of accomplishment" is a valued asset of the English Woolen Mills Co. Sixty-five years ago, since farmers and wool growers in Australia; four and one-half years later woolen manufacturers at Leeds, England, and in wick, Scotland; to-day tailors and woollen merchants in the United States and Canada. With a business reaching from 01 nail to ocean. A true and practical translation of "from mill to man," from weaver to wearer direct. A perusal of their booklet, which they will gladly mail free to any address, will open the eyes of many who have been paying fancy prices for clothing. In the first place it contains all the various materials of which men's clothing is made. Secondly, it illustrates and describes the latest styles of dress for men. Lastly, it gives prices which are invariably low. The English Woolen Mills Company is a very large firm with many branch houses, it can afford very small profits on each sale when the aggregate of sales is so large.

A visit to the establishment at Detroit, 221 and 222 Woodward avenue, just above Grand River avenue, and not far from Grand Circus Park, will live those in charge there an opportunity to demonstrate the advantages of buying from this house. They show the visitor suits from \$15 up guaranteed to lie the best for the money to be bought anywhere. Such a visit should be made by all who can possibly do so. But for those who cannot, the mail order department of the English Woolen Mills Company offers extremely convenient facilities. "Mail to your order on approval" is their equitable plan for clothes buying. The customer's protection is complete. He has the privilege of returning all at the arm's expense if unsatisfied. Factory, or to the purchaser's idea if not full value for the price. Samples and complete self-measurement equipment are sent for the asking. When requesting samples, the writer should state, as definitely as possible, the kind of samples wanted, about what price and any other information he can give. This will help the house to serve him intelligently. Express charges are prepaid to any point.

It is well known that the essential elements in the most expensive tailors' best creations and those of many others are identical, but the difference in price is vast. This is a store of uniform satisfaction, there can be no exception by reason of the system employed. The clothing is guaranteed to suit, or money returned.

The book issued by the English Woolen Mills Company will interest and instruct, and every man who desires to dress well and to save money in so doing should send for it and read it. It includes to purchase of the home he will find that the high reputation of the firm is well illustrated in the numerous prompt and fair treatment it will accord him. SIXTERS RATES TO UPPER PENINSULA.

You can save money by purchasing your "Hunters" tickets from agents of the Ann Arbor Railroad. Their route to the upper peninsula is via Frankfort, thence via Car Ferry to Menominee or Manistique; connecting at Menominee with the C. & X.W., C. M. & St. P. and W. & S. Rys. and at Manistique with the Soo Line and D. S. S. & A. Ity. Ask agents or write J. J. KIRBY, G. P. A., Toledo, Ohio.

TO HELP THE MINERS FAMILIES

Mass Meeting of Labor Unions Last Night.

GOOD SPEECHES MADE

Collection Taken For Miners Families—Strike Ended But Suffering Still Continues.

The mass-meeting at the army Monday night did not bring out as large a crowd as the worthiness of the cause for which it was called warranted. There was, however, quite an attendance of the union men of the city, and it is evident that Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti will do their share towards relieving the destitution in the mining regions growing out of the prolonged strike and the consequent suffering in the families of the unemployed. Those who were not present or who have not been called upon may send their contribution to the committee through the Argus if they so desire.

President Fay, of the Federated Labor Union stated the purpose of the meeting and called upon Mayor Copeland to preside. The mayor said he considered it an honor to preside over the meeting called for such a purpose and he only regretted that more were not present to add their mite to the good cause. He presumed that the reason there were not more present was that people looked upon the strike as ended and did not stop to think that the suffering from the long abstention from work was not much relieved by the ending of the strike. He called upon David A. Hammond to speak.

Mr. Hammond stated his sympathy with the purpose of the meeting. He considered it fitting that our substantial sympathy should be expressed for those who suffered for the cause of better living for the miners, and for their wives and children. In all great movements like this one those who suffered most were the wives and the children of whom the world hears the least. But it is true in all great movements no important victories are won or any considerable advance made without this attendant suffering. But in this instance, the great victory which organized labor has won over organized greed is worth for the cause of labor all that it has cost. Labor is to be congratulated not only upon its victory but also on the wisdom it had displayed in placing at the head of the United Mine Workers of America such a great man as John Mitchell has proven himself to be. Though 15 of the best years of his life had been spent in the work of a common miner, and although he lacked the education and the training of the schools, John Mitchell is still an educated man and able to cope with the best intellects that the millions back of the coal mining concerns have been able to employ. He has not only in all relations proved himself a gentleman, but also a man possessed of greater powers than any of those pitted against him. Chances of success or failure seemed to be even up to the time of the conference with the President but there the coal operators destroyed their chances by their arrogance and their insulting language to the President; this had aroused public sentiment which had become so insistent that the operators were forced to concede arbitration. He paid a tribute to President Roosevelt and his courage in stepping outside of established precedent to take up the cause of the suffering people. The victory was not only for the mine workers and organized labor in general but for the great mass of the people. It meant that organized labor in the time to come would be no more important factor not only within its own sphere of activity but in public affairs in general, that it is destined to be an important factor in bringing government back to the people.

He spoke of the influence of the high paid employees of big corporations in influencing nominations and legislation. He spoke of the advocacy of the initiative and referendum by the labor organizations as a recognition of the necessity of such legislation in order that the people may retain the direction of public affairs in their own hands.

An important lesson that all labor organizations should learn from this successful battle for their rights is the absolute necessity of putting at the head of their organizations the ablest and most conservative men within their ranks and then following their leadership. He closed with an appeal to those present to aid to the extent of their ability the suffering mine workers and their families.

Judge H. Wirt Hewkirk commended President Koosovell and also the miners for putting a man of such great ability as Mitchell at their head. He detailed the causes which led up to the strike. He told of the miners' lives, of their hardships and of what he himself had seen in the mine regions, and how the lives of the mine workers and their families were narrowed and darkened by the conditions which surrounded them. He told of the great loss of life and limb in the employments.

In the course of his very interesting speech, Judge Hewkirk said that it

Gray?

"My hair was falling out and turning gray very fast. But your Hair Vigor stopped the falling and restored the natural color."—Mrs. E. Z. Nicommo, Cohoes, N. Y.

It's impossible for you not to look old, with the color of seventy years in your hair! Perhaps you are seventy, and you like your gray hair! If not, use Ayer's Hair Vigor. In less than a month your gray hair will have all the dark, rich color of youth.

50c bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle, free and will express the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

was net a crime to be a millionaire but some rich men think that the men who work with their hands have no rights they are bound to respect.

Col. John P. Kirk said he was a firm believer in labor organization and labor radons. He said that he had recently been employed as arbitrator in several cases where if the men had gone to their employers as individuals their heads would have been chopped off before midnight. The non-union man must light his battles single handed. Today the vast combinations of capital can only be met by strong labor organizations. He said that the great majority of the men enlisted in the recent war came from the labor classes. They were not forgetful of their duty to their country in time of peril and they ought not to be forgetful of members of this class when they are in need of aid. He thought the miners ought to have wages enough for comfortable homes, to enable them to send their boys to school rather than out to work in knee breeches and enough to keep their girls out of the factories until they were old enough to distinguish between right and wrong. He told of the laws of Pennsylvania, made by the mine operators, under which the miners families could not recover for loss of life, or the miners for loss of limb.

Rev. Henry Tatlock said the purpose of organization is the development of the individual, to help each one of you to develop the highest and best that is within you. Are strikes caused because wages are not as high as formerly, or because the hours are longer? No, they are caused because we want to live better lives than formerly; we are not content to be mere machines; we want more freedom from the necessity of toil and labor.

Ev. Mr. Neumann expressed his sympathy with the miners. Mayor Copeland announced that the Current Topics club of the Y. M. C. A. had postponed Prof. Thompson's lecture on the Legal Aspects of the Coal Strike until next Monday so as not to interfere with this meeting. The mayor also said that an active committee was soliciting funds for the suffering families of the miners and a collection was taken up for that purpose.

Exchange

What you DON'T WANT

For Something

You DO WANT.

Sell

What you DON'T NEED

And Buy

What you DO NEED.

Probably you have several articles for which you have no use. There are people who are looking for just such articles, and who have what you want. To bring you and them together is easy, and costs but a few cents. A want advertisement in

THE DETROIT EVENING NEWS & MORNING TRIBUNE

will do it. All advertisements appear in both papers, giving a circulation of 100,000 copies daily, or one-fourth larger than all other Detroit dailies combined.

Rate-1c a Word, Wash with Order

Try a "Want" ad, and you will be glad you did. The Detroit Evening News and Morning Tribune are sold in every town and village in Michigan.

The Evening News Ass'n, Detroit, Mich.

DO YOU GET THIS

Detroit Sunday News-Tribune

Michigan's greatest Sunday newspaper? Beautiful color effects, high-class miscellany, special articles, latest news, this is the "Australians, etc.; 5 cent" a copy.

WILSON'S

New Green Bone, Shell and Vegetable Cutter

for the Poultryman.

Also Bone Mill for making phosphate and fertilizer at small cost for the farmer, from 1 to 40 horsepower. Farm feed Mills grind fine fast and easy. Send for circular.

WILSON BROS., Sole Mfgs., Easton, Pa.

DETROIT, YPSILANTI, ANN ARBOR & JACKSON RAILWAY. In Effect July 6, 1902. GOING WEST.

Through cars from Detroit to Jackson leave Detroit on every hour from 6:00 a. m. until 5:00 p. m. Then at 7:00 p. m. and 9:00 p. m. Cars from Detroit to Ann Arbor leave Detroit every half hour from 6:00 a. m. until 7:00 p. m. Then at 8:00 p. m., 9:00 p. m., 10:00 p. m. and 10:45 p. m. Cars leave Ypsilanti for Ann Arbor at 5:45 a. m. and 6:15 a. m. Cars leave Ypsilanti for Jackson at 5:45 a. m. and 6:45 a. m. GOING EAST.

Through cars from Jackson to Detroit leave Jackson hourly from 5:45 a. m. until 6:45 p. m. Then at 8:45 p. m. Cars leaving Jackson at 10:45 p. m. run only to Ypsilanti.

Cars leave Ann Arbor for Detroit half hourly from 6:15 a. m. until 6:15 p. m. Then at 7:15 p. m., 8:15 p. m., 9:15 p. m., 10:15 p. m. and 11:15 p. m. Cars leave Ypsilanti for Detroit at 5:45 a. m. and 6:15 a. m.

Cars leave Dearborn for Detroit at 5:40 a. m. and 6:10 a. m.

Cars leave Ann Arbor for Ypsilanti only at 6:45 p. m., 7:45 p. m., 8:45 p. m., 12:15 a. m. and 12:45 a. m.

On Saturdays and Sundays, in addition to the above the following cars will be run: Detroit to Jackson, 6:00 p. m. and 8:00 p. m. Detroit to Ann Arbor, 7:30 p. m., 8:30 p. m. and 9:30 p. m. Jackson to Detroit, 7:45 p. m. and 9:45 p. m. Ann Arbor to Detroit, 6:45 p. m., 7:45 p. m. and 8:45 p. m.

On Sundays, first cars leave terminals one hour late.

YPSILANTI-SALINE DIVISION.

Leave Ypsilanti: A. M.—6:15, 8:15, 10:15, P. M.—11:15, 12:15, 2:15, 4:15, 6:15, 8:15, 10:15.

Leave Saline: A. M.—7:00, 9:15, 11:15, P. M.—1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:00, 9:15, 11:15.

A special car will be run from Ypsilanti to Saline at 12:15 a. m., on arrival of theatre car from Detroit, for special parties of ten or more, on short notice and without extra charge.

THE POSTAL NEEDS ANOTHER WIRE

B. J. Xalby, general superintendent of the Postal Telegraph Co., S. M. Baker, superintendent of construction, and H. J. Kinnucan, superintendent of the fifth district were in Ann Arbor Monday making arrangements for stringing another wire here on account of the increase in business.

The gentlemen left at noon for Detroit, but before leaving Gen. Supt. Nalby, whose headquarters are in Chicago, said to the Argus: "We are looking over all the important stations between Chicago and Detroit with a view to putting in five additional wires as early as our construction department can attend to the work. Our business necessitates more wires and we have been driven to put them in or handle less business."

Little Ethel—Mamma, Mrs. Next-door's children are playin' house in their garden. Mayn't we play house in ours? Mamma—Certainly. Little Ethel—That'll be lovely. Then we can quarrel over the back fence just like real neighbors.

"Say," whispered the conductor to the intorman, "that fat slob with the jag says if I want his nickel I'll have to whip him to get it. What'll I do?" "None but the brave deserve the fane," replied that worthy as he put on full speed in an effort to run over a dog.—Houston Post.

Mrs. Dimpleton—Why don't you get your life insured? Dimpleton—What's the use? I'm well enough, and I'll probably outlive you. Mrs. Dimpleton—Well, you always did look on the dark side.—Washington Times.

"Professor, I want to ask you a question, if you please." "Certainly. Let me hear it." "I want to ask you if your experience leads to the belief that a person who eats a Welsh rabbit should sleep in a hare mattress?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Patient—What would you advise me to do for dyspepsia, doctor? Dr. De Quick—Well, if you want it real bad hire a cheap cook and eat irregularly. Two dollars, please!—Chicago News.

Every man must blow his own horn nowadays, and judicious advertising is the great horn that enables many to make themselves heard in the din of competition.—Jewelers' Circular-Weekly.

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if everyone knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

BUSINESS University DETROIT, MICH. The best place in America for young men and women to acquire a Business Education. Includes Mechanical Drawing or Penmanship, Typewriting, and more. Session begins September 1st. Catalogue Free. W. F. JEWELL, Pres. P. B. SPENCER, Sec.

THREE AUDITORS ARE WANTED

To Audit Bills Instead of Supervisors Doing It.

RUN ON COUNTY TICKET

Each to Serve Three Years—Present Board of Supervisors Making Record for Innovations.

Our Board of Supervisors want a Hoard of County Auditors. The spirit of reform is ripe this year. Monday the board declared for a workhouse for tramps; today they declare for a board of three auditors to meet on the 10th of each month to audit all bills against the county. If this provision should be made law, as the law desires, the duties of supervisor would be largely if not almost entirely confined to his own township. It is believed that this method would bring about a better financial system.

On motion of Supervisor McCullough of Ypsilanti, a committee consisting of Messrs. Whitaker, Bacon and H. N. Riman was appointed to secure the necessary authority from the legislative body. It is proposed that this board should be elected by the county at large, each member to serve three years and one member's term to expire each year, the first members to be elected for one, two and three-year terms. This is the system in force in many states.

Franklin J. Fletcher was re-elected superintendent of the poor Tuesday afternoon. The printing of the proceedings was awarded to the Argus-Democrat and the Chelsea Herald for \$2.80 a pamphlet page, they being the lowest bidders.

WERE GIVEN A BIG OVATION

VICTORIOUS BALL TEAM ENTHUSIASTICALLY RECEIVED

Defeated Charlotte 12 to 0—Were Sky Rockets, Red Lights and Good Speeches

The Ann Arbor high school football team met and defeated another enemy. Last Saturday in a game with Charlotte, they brought up their score from 123 to 135, and held their opponents' record down to zero. It was a hard-fought game, for the Charlotte men were strong and speedy, and most of them had played together for several years. They were determined to win, and the visitors had to fight for every yard gained. The average weight of the Charlotte eleven was greater than Ann Arbor's and had their training been as thorough, the score might have been reversed.

No one on the Ann Arbor team was seriously injured, and Captain Hickey was the only man who did not play during the entire 50 minutes. Dodds' finger, which was broken in the Detroit Western game, caused him considerable inconvenience at times, yet he played a very hard game.

At 10 o'clock Saturday night the victorious eleven returned, and the ovation they received was one which they ought not soon to forget. When they stepped off the train at the M. C. depot they were greeted by the glare of many fireworks and the deafening cheers of nearly a hundred of their enthusiastic admirers. Coach Taft was placed upon the shoulders of two big men, and thus the procession, whose way was lighted by the blaze of colored lights, marched on State street. While on the way the students fairly yelled themselves hoarse. They gave the various high school yells, counted the score, gave nine rousing rahs for Coach Taft and Manager Joeelyn, and for each member of the team. The big crowd halted at the high school steps and here speeches were given by Manager Joeelyn, Coach Taft and Captain Hickey.

Prof. Joeelyn was the first speaker, and amid the wildest cheering, he told how the victory was won. He said the team of 1902 was the strongest the high school had ever had, and predicted that it would lead the championship. In fact, he said that Coach Taft had given it as his belief that the local eleven could out-do every other team now in the interscholastic race. Coach Taft was the next speaker, and he told the crowd that Ann Arbor had that day put up the gamiest light he had ever seen in a high school game. However, he warned the players against being over-confident, for he said that they would have to defeat several other strong teams before they could claim the championship. Captain Hickey then mounted the steps and in a few words he thanked the students in behalf of his men for the ovation which they had tendered the returning team.

This closed the speech-making. The crowd now called for Dodds, but it was found that the doughty half-back had escaped trader cover of darkness.

HONEST ABE, U. S. M.

THE RURAL MAIL CARRIER ON HIS DAILY TRIP.

Makes a Short Stop at Widow Patterson's and Hears of an Elopement. Ben Johnson Seeks Advice Concerning a Tombstone.

[Copyright, 1902, by C. B. Lewis.]

EVERYBODY along the Three Mile road knows Farmer Patterson to be an obstinate man and one bound to have his own way about things. He is a widower with three daughters, all old enough to be married and all having sweethearts. As they were high spirited girls, I figured that Uncle Mose



"SUE COMES TO ME OUT IN THE ORCHARD."

might have trouble on his hands, and when I drove up to his gate the other day I realized that he wasn't happy. He began jumping up and down and swearing as soon as he saw me, and it was ten minutes before I could get at what ailed him. He finally quieted down a little and said: "Abe, it's them gals of mine, an' I can't stand still."

"What's happened to the girls?" "One day last week Sue comes to me out in the orchard lookin' as humble as a cat an' says: "Daddy, Joe Fowler has asked me to be his wife."

"But you won't be," says I. "For why?" says she. "Because I don't like the shape of his nose. It's got a hump in the middle, an' I won't have it in our straight nosed family."

"She hums a tune to herself an' walks off without another word, an' then comes Kate. "What do you want?" says I. "I want to marry Jim Green," she says.

"But I forbid you to." "For why?" "Because he's got yaller front teeth, an' I won't have no such teeth eatin' fried pork over my table."

"Kate whistles to herself an' goes off, an' up comes Maggie an' says: "Dad, I'm goin' away soon."

"Where to?" "To Stimpson's Corners. Will Stimpson has asked me to marry him, an' I've said yes."

"Then you'll be disappointed." "For why?" "Because he's got a cock eye, an' this is no cock eyed family. If you three girls don't simmer down an' stop your nonsense, I'll cut a peach tree sprout an' give you all a lickin'."

"That's what I said, Abe," continued Uncle Mose as he grabbed at his hat and slapped it against the fence, "an' everybody knows I'm a man of my word. Them gals was as quiet as mice till yesterday afternoon, when I went down cellar to clean up a little. I hadn't got to work before the door was locked on me, an' when I yelled to know what was up they calls out altogether:

"Goodby, dad! We can't stay here no longer!" "What did they mean by that?" I asked.

"Why, durn my hide, they meant they was goin' off to git married! Yes, Abe, them three fellers drove up in three buggies, an' them gals left me locked up an' rode away with 'em, an' I never got out of the cellar till this mornin'." They went off bag an' baggage, an' they are married by this time, an'—an'—

And Uncle Mose was so mad that he lay down and rolled over on the grass and got up and trampled down a bed of pink hollyhocks. I knew I could say nothing to him, and so I quietly drove away. There was one more incident before I finished the day's drive. Farmer Ben Johnson, who lost his wife a year ago by being gored to death by a bull, was out in the front yard talking with a tombstone man as I drove up. They were having a spirited argument, and Farmer Ben turns to me and says: "Abe, you are the United States, the American eagle, the star spangled banner an' the Goddess of Liberty all rolled together, an' you ought to know everything. You know I'm a widower, don't you?"

"Yes."

"Been a widower for eleven months, but expect to be married in two weeks. I'm feelin' it my duty to buy a tombstone for my wife's grave."

"That's correct." "She was a good woman an' a hard worker."

"I've heard so."

"Always up early in the mornin' an' never goin' to bed till her work was done."

"Yes."

"Made more carpet rags an' soft soap than any other woman in the country."

"I guess that's so."

"But it was her fault, Abe—her own fault—that she got in the way of that bull an' met her death. The funeral cost me \$50, an' I've had to hire a woman to run the house, an' taken all together, I'm thinkin' if I pay \$10 for a

elnc gravestone for her it's plenty enough."

"I think he ought to take marble at \$30," says the tombstone man.

"Zinc at \$10," says Farmer Johnson. "What d'you say, Abe?"

"You remember her with affection, fion't you?"

"I do."

"And you left the bars down for the trail to get out?"

"I did."

"Then make it artificial stone for \$15."

"Hanged if I don't!" says he, and he was closing the bargain when I drove away. M. QUAD.

The Bench Was Barred.

A king's counsel was appearing, in a case of slander which was being heard before a certain judge with whom outside of court he was on the best of terms.

The chief witness was a woman, who appeared to testify to the alleged slander.

"Now, madam," began the K. C., "please repeat the slanderous statements made by the defendant on this occasion just as you heard them."

"Oh, they are unfit for any respectable person to hear!" was the emphatic response as she looked indignantly at the barrister.

"Then," said the K. C. coaxingly, "suppose you just whisper them to the Judge."—London Answers.

Poet* of Today.

"And so you are a poet?" smiled the young lady as they sat beneath the dappled shade of the oak tree by the lane and watched the horse flies and other insects that were not charge* extra on the bill.

"I try to be," was the rather modest rejoinder of the young man.

"Ah," she suggested, "what we need now is more poets like good old Omar the tentmaker."

"Very true," assented the young man, "but the circuses have been consolidated to such an extent that no more than one poet could make a living by providing them with tents."

Truly the path of literature is a rocky road today.—Judge.

Careless Editor.

"Why did they discharge the Sunday editor?" asked the exchange man of the Daily Yellow Hammer.

"Oh, he was too careless," explained the editor whose duties consisted of marking in the cross in the picture to show where the bloodhounds lost the trail. "He paid \$50 for an article on 'Ancient Greek Sandals Becoming Popular In High Society.'"

"I don't see why he would be discharged for that."

"You don't? He thought it was 'sandals' instead of 'sandals'."—Baltimore American.

Felt It Keenly.



Thirsty Tom—By gum, I missed a treat at that free concert last night! Dis here paper says the music was simply intoxicatin'!

A Convenient Quantity.

"People always like a man who never kicks," said the person who is endeavoring to make the world brighter and better.

"Of course they do," answered Mr. Bliggins. "They have every reason to like him. He simply stands aside without protest and lets them help themselves to what belongs to him."—Washington Star.

Reason Enough.

"Porpus Is awfully good to that new baby of his, but his wife can't get him to push it around in its carriage."

"Why not?" "He's too fat to reach the handles."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

She Couldn't Stand It.

"Why was it that they couldn't get along together?" "Oh, he stuttered so badly that she never had time to wait around and get in the last word."—Chicago Record-Herald.

On the Shore.

"How sweet it would be to live alone with you in yonder lighthouse!" he whispered tenderly.

"Yes," she murmured abstractedly, "and do light housekeeping."—Smart Set.

Horseless Power.

Grandma—I declare, grandpa's foot is as good as an automobile!

Grandpa—It's beginning to feel like an automobile—feels as if it might break down any minute.—Flick.

WILL GET ANYTHING THAT HE WANTS THAT IS WHAT JUDSON TOLC CHELSEA REPUBLICANS' After Explaining In His Speech That He, Townsend and Alpe; Were Not In a Deal. William Jud* n is blossoming out as a speech maker. It will be remem- bere I th.it at the Jackson ratification meeting after Tawnsend's nomination the credit for the nomination was given to Washtenaw and the crow<I demanded to hear from the congressmaa maker and would not desist until Judson made them a speech. He repeated this performance at the Chelsea republicai meeting Monday night, at which speeches were made by W. W. W. Wedemeyer and others. Wedemeyer'a 9]peech is aw to have been a fine Hon. on., of his best. Judson also spoke His speech is said to have been in substance: There is no dee between me and Charlie TOWJJ-end. There is no deal MMWween me and Alger. But if there is anything I want I'll get it." For Sale—35 acres of standing timothy hay on the Jane Lamb ostate\ Ann Arbor Town. Apply to Charles Awrey, Adm'r. box :o, Ann A/or. Telephone 500.

When You Think Of the periodic pain which many women experience with every month it makes the gentleness and kindness always associated with womanhood seem to be almost a miracle. While in general no woman rebels against what she regards as a natural necessity there is no woman who would not gladly be free from this recurring period of pain. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well, and gives them freedom from disease. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, free. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Write without fear and without fee to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. Mrs. T. Dolan, of Madrid, Perkins Co., Neb., writes: "I was cured of painful periods by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and his Compound Extract of Smart-Weed. I think Dr. Pierce's medicines the best in the world." "Favorite Prescription" has the testimony of thousands of women to its complete cure of womanly diseases. Do not accept an unknown and unproved substitute in its place. The sluggish liver made active by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

AMERICA'S FAMOUS BEAUTIES Look with horror on skin eruptions, blotches, sores, pimples. They don't have rhini. iv r will wvy one who uses Hii-R-iden's Arnica Salve. It glorifies the twee. Eczema or Salt Rheum vanish before it. It cures sore lips, chipped hands, chill-!ins. Infalible for Piles. 25c at A. C. SdiuinaclKT's, A. E. Mummery's, Aim Awtrix, and Geo. J. Haeussler's, Manchester, drag stores

STAT OF MICHIGAN' I County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said county, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Hhoda R. Boyd late or said county deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at L. D. Carr's Office, city of Ann Arbor, in said county, on the 2nd day of January, and on the 1st day of April next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive examine and adjust said claims. Aated Ann Arbor, Oct. 1st, 1902. L. D. CARR, J. P. P. A. I. LOWELL, J. P.

A Generation Ago Coffee could only be bought in bulk. The 20th Century way is the Lion Coffee way—sealed packages, always correct in weight, clean, fresh, uniform and retaining its rich flavor.

OF EXCEEDING INTEREST TO EVERY FARMER. Plowing is at best a hard proposition. The Wonder Plow Truck, which are easily attached to any plow, will absolutely make plowing easy, even in the hardest soil. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price \$5.00 set. No farmer can afford to be without it. Agents wanted. WONDER PLOW COMPANY. ST. LAIR, MICH.

"BREVITY IS THE SOUL OF WIT." GOOD WIFE! YOU NEED SAPOLIO

ASTHMA, CATARRH AND RHEUMATISM. I cure all forms of those dreadful diseases caused by Specific Germs or Uric Acid poison in the blood which affects the Head, Throat, Lungs, Heart, Liver and Kidneys, in persons of all ages and both sexes, by a new and original method of home treatment. I have cured thousands and will cure you. I send 15 days trial free address Dr. A. S. Core, 68 Dexter Bid. Chicago

BLOOD POISON On account of its terrible effects, blood disease is called the king of all diseases. It may be either hereditary or contracted; so while it may not be a crime to have the disease, it is a crime to permit it to remain in the system. It may manifest itself in the form of Scrofula, Kezema, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, itchingness of the skin, eruptions or blotches, ulcers in the mouth or on the tongue, sore throat, falling out of hair, disordered stomach, and a general depression of the system. If you have any of these symptoms don't neglect yourself. You have no time to lose. Beware of 'old fogy' treatment—beware of mineral poisons—beware of Quacks and Fakirs. OUR NEW MUTHO N I T M E N T is guaranteed to cure this disease, never to return. Bank Bonds will protect you. Our treatment is not injurious in any way, but reaches the very root of the disease and eliminates all poison from the system. The symptoms of disease gradually disappear. The blood becomes pure and enriched, the whole system is cleansed and purified, and the patient feels prepared anew for the duties and the pleasures of life. CUBES GABANTB80 OR NO PAY. MS Ycars in Detroit. 250,000 Cured. Consultation Free. Quessioa Blank (or Home Treatment and Books Free). DRSKENNEDY&KERGAN Cor. Michigan Ave. and Shelby St., Detroit, Mich. K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K

AN EVENT AT THE SOO

THEY CELEBRATE COMPLETION OF THE POWER CANAL.

DOINGS TO CONTINUE THROUGH FOUR DAYS

COMMEMORATING GREATEST ENTERPRISE OF ITS KIND.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Oct. 23.—Today begins the great four-day celebration of the completion of the immense power canal, and a time which it is proposed shall live in the memory of all who may be so fortunate as to attend. From the beginning to the end of the festival season the people of the Soo are assured of a series of events that will appropriately commemorate the greatest enterprise of its kind in the world. For four years they have waited for a realization of that seemed too much like a dream to be true, and now that the time has come for the final dedication of the work little else is thought or spoken of. An outline of the program is as follows:

On Thursday night an informal banquet in the Iroquois hotel will be given by the Consolidated Lake Superior Power company to about 350 guests.

Friday will be children's day. The forenoon will be given over to an inspection of the canal and powerhouse by the officials and guests of the company and the general public.

In the afternoon the children's parade will be given.

Friday evening the company will give a general reception and grand ball to the citizens of the city at the armory.

Saturday, the real opening day, will be ushered in by a plan which Chief Engineer Von Schon insists on keeping under his hat. He says there will not be a man, woman or child in the Soo but will wake up with the celebration very forcibly called to their attention in an audible way.

The feature of the morning, the athletic parade, promises to be the greatest display of marching bodies the Soo or the upper peninsula ever witnessed.

At 11:30 there will be a naval parade on the river of all shipping in the harbor.

The opening ceremony will occur at High noon. Luncheon will be served in the powerhouse immediately after the ceremony, and this is to be followed by speaking in the powerhouse, where an auditorium with a seating capacity of over 2,000 will be arranged.

Following the ceremonies at the powerhouse and the speaking will come the industrial parade, which will consume the balance of the afternoon.

At night will occur the illumination of the powerhouse and canal and city.

Saturday night the company will tender to their guests at the armory a banquet, beginning at 8 o'clock, as it is planned to have the function at midnight.

On Sunday special services will be held in the churches of the city.

This canal is a triumph of engineering skill and industrial enterprise, the greatest hydraulic power plant in the world. Starting in the lower arm of Lake Superior, it passes straight through the heart of the city, and by a magnificent true curve debouches into the St. Mary's river a mile below the rapids.

Wonderful Energy.

The canal is 203 feet wide at the water's edge and carries 22 feet of water. It is to produce energy aggregating over 50,000 horsepower. The interior of the canal is made perfectly smooth and true so as to offer the least possible friction. The upper 4,000 feet are through solid sandstone, where the cut is 30 feet deep to give the required level for the canal. This immense excavation is as clean cut as the mark of a square testing rod through a roll of butter. Over 6,000 feet pass through clay and sand, and to make this as nearly perfect as the rock section, all below the water level is planked like the deck of a ship.

Went Off at the Wrong Time.

Muskegon, Mich., Oct. 23.—Eliza Everts, aged 12 years, was shot in the breast with a single-barrel revolver which would not go off, except at the wrong time. The cap on the nipple would not explode, so he took hold of the barrel of the revolver with his right hand and placed the hammer on a fence rail. It went off and the ball penetrated the breast. His condition is not serious.

MICHIGAN BRIEFS.

Sugar Beets in Plenty.—The sugar beet industry is in a flourishing condition at Royal Oak this fall. Thousands of bushels of beets are being hauled in by teams for shipment to the factory at Rochester.

Bust of Washington.—The Ypsilanti chapter of the D. A. R. will give to the public schools Friday afternoon a bust of Washington, the speech of presentation to be made by Mrs. J. A. Watling, past regent of the order, and the response to be by Superintendent Austin George.

Old Soldier Seriously Injured.—A. A. Udell, a veteran of the civil war, better known as "Major," fell from the roof of a house that he was working on at Three Rivers and smashed his bones in his hip, besides badly injuring him otherwise. His condition is critical.

Sweater Saved Him.—Emory, the eight-year-old son of R. A. Whiting, a Grand Trunk engineer at Jackson, poured kerosene on the furnace fire to make it burn brisker, and the flame immediately enveloped him. He had on a sweater, which prevented fatal burns, although he was badly scorched.

MINERS WOULDN'T DO IT.

Were Asked to Sign Contracts Not to Trouble Non-Union Men.

Shenandoah, Pa., Oct. 23.—The men who reported for work at the Mill Creek Coal company Wednesday morning were told that they would have to sign a contract before being reinstated. A few of them signed the paper as requested, but many refused to sign and returned home. Superintendent Jones was called up on the telephone at his home at Hazelton last night by an Associated Press correspondent and asked the nature of the contract which the men are requested to sign. He said:

"We simply ask the men to sign an agreement to the effect that they will not interfere in any way with non-union men or with the men now at work."

A number of men declared last night that they will not sign a contract of any kind.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 23.—Three Italians, who have been working at the Dodge washery of the D. L. & W. Co. during the strike, were set upon by a mob as they were returning from work last evening and given a bad beating. Two of them were rescued by the city police and taken to the Lackawanna hospital. The third, Joseph Braun, got away from the crowd before the police arrived and ran to Bellevue. Four men set upon him and after beating him into insensibility threw him over a fence into the yard of a dwelling, where he was found in a pool of blood. His injuries, while serious, will not prove fatal. No arrests have been made.

Hazelton, Pa., Oct. 23.—Mistaken for a non-unionist, Camelia Isabeck, a union miner, was badly beaten upon returning to his home at Cranberry yesterday from Pittsburgh, where he had been employed since the strike began. His alleged assailants, two men from the city, were arrested by a detail of soldiers and brought to town, where they were placed under bail for court. A woman who witnessed the assault tried to prevent the soldiers from arresting the men by pointing a revolver at them.

DANES REJECT THE TREATY.

U. S. Will Not Secure Danish West Indies Islands.

Copenhagen, Oct. 23.—The landing yesterday rejected the second reading of the bill providing for the ratification of the treaty between Denmark and the United States in regard to the cession of the Danish West Indies to the latter country. The vote stood 32 to 32, a tie.

The announcement caused the greatest excitement in the house and demonstrations on the part of the spectators.

St. Thomas, Oct. 23.—The rejection yesterday by the Danish landsting of the treaty providing for the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States has been received quietly, and up to the present time there has been no popular expression of feeling or demonstration. The local press has not yet commented on the matter. A large section of the population of the islands is very disappointed at the receipt of the news, believing that its hopes of prosperity have been shattered. A smaller, but strong, section of the islanders is jubilant and hopes for a renewal of prosperity under the old flag and with the aid of the motherland.

Some anxiety is felt as to what course the laborers of the island of St. Croix will take, the feeling there being decidedly in favor of the sale. The Danish cruiser Ingolf is at present at Christiansted, St. Croix.

Another Treasurer Alleged Short.

Monroe, Mich., Oct. 23.—The investigation into the accounts of City Treasurer S. W. Lauer has caused a decided sensation, revealing an apparent shortage of about \$16,000. The cause is given as business reversals. His bondsmen are responsible men and will cover the shortage. Mr. Lauer is interested with his father in the grocery and saloon business and was one of Monroe's most popular young men. He was city treasurer in 1898 and 1899, and his father succeeded him in 1900 and 1901, the son being elected for the third time this spring.

A World's Record.

Memphis, Oct. 23.—A world's record was made at the Memphis trotting track Wednesday afternoon in the first race, a free-for-all pace to wagon, with amateur drivers, Edith W., driven by Frank O. Jones of Memphis, and Fred S. Wedgewood, handled by C. K. G. Billings of Chicago, were the contestants, the former winning both heats, each being paced in 2:05%. The judges announced that this was a new record for two heats for a mare.

MINOR TELEGRAMS.

One Body in Ruins.—The Teepee hotel at Fairview, B. C. was destroyed by fire Wednesday. One body was taken from the ruins and seven other persons were fatally injured.

Trouble Among the Lawmakers.—A free fight between Czechs and Germans in the Austrian reichsrath Wednesday was only averted by the president suspending the session.

To Remove Bible From Schools.—J. B. Billard of Topeka, Kan., brought suit against the board of education to compel the removal of the Bible reading from the public schools. The case is causing much interest in legal circles.

Two Georgians Honored.—The commission appointed by Governor Chandler of Georgia to designate two of Georgia's prominent citizens, whose statues shall be placed in the statutory hall in the national capitol at Washington, have agreed upon Alexander H. Stephens and Dr. Crawford H. Long, the discoverer of anesthetics.

Italian* Wouldn't Like It.—In a dispatch from Rome the correspondent of the London Daily Chronicle says the Italian government has been informed that the American senate is disposed to pass a bill excluding illiterate immigrants from the United States. This news has created much feeling, says the correspondent, as such a bill would exclude three-fourths of the Italian immigrants to America.

12 GREAT ATTRACTIONS

Two Extremes Meet in Our Cloak Room FOR SIX DAYS

Monday, Oct. 27 till Saturday Night Nov. 1

THE WORLD'S BUFIEST MIDGETS

The Smallest Married Couple on Earth.

MAJOR I. C. W. Winner

Age 32 Years
Height, 36 Inches
Weight, 42 lbs

Brilliant Conversationalists



An Attraction of which The People never tire

MRS. N. G. W. Winaer

Age, 23 Years
Height, 35 inches
Weight, 40 lbs

A High Class Attraction

The World's Greatest Bargains

Coats tSuits Furs

\$5.00

FOR - \$10.00 - COATS

Monte Carlo, Half Tight Fitting
Silk and Satin-Lined throughout. Excellent Kersey Cloth, Black, Castor and Tan. Style and Workmanship Perfect

\$25.00

FOR LADIES' SUITS

Worth \$30.00 and \$35.00
Every New Model, all the popular fabrics and colors in Perfect Fitting, graceful conceptions from this country's best makers.

\$5.00

For Fur Boas and Scarfs

Worth \$7, \$7.50 and \$8.
Sable and Isabella Fox Boas. Sable Opossum Scarfs, finished with tails and streamers. Beautiful Nutria and genuine Marten Scarfs and Boas.

*89c For PETTICOATS, Worth \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00

250 Dozen of them, made from the finest Mercerized materials in our own Factory for the Wholesale Jobbing Trade, all of them in our very best styles, not one of which has ever been offered for less than \$1.50 and many worth \$2.00, make a truly sensational offering when priced at 89 cents. **SEE! IT'S ON TV!**

Satisfaction or Money Back 1 ACIAL/luL ^>Q&U |~S|J?9 Established 1887

Steel Trust Investing Millions.

Iron Mountain, Mich., Oct. 23.—At a cost of several million dollars, the Oliver Mining company, subsidiary to the steel trust, has under way the most extensive series of "deadwork" operations ever carried on in the mining region. In preparing for the future it is sinking six great shafts, all of which will be put down to a considerable depth and of large dimensions. One of these—the new Chaptin shaft here—will be the terest bore ever made in the region. Its dimensions inside timbers will be 10.5x23 feet. At the Norrie mine, at Ironwood, a shaft is being sunk to a depth of 2,000 feet; a third, at the Savoy, will be 1,500 feet deep.

Disease in Michigan.

Lansing, Mich., Oct. 23.—Reports to the state board of health from representative physicians in active general practice in various parts of the state show that rheumatism, neuralgia, tonsillitis, bronchitis and diarrhea, in the order named, caused the most sickness in Michigan during the past week. Meningitis was reported present at 3 places, whooping cough at 13, smallpox at 15, measles at 18, diphtheria at 32, scarlet fever at 72, typhoid fever at 80, and consumption at 223 places.

The Argus-Democrat has news from all over the county. \$1 per year.

Old Sea Fighters to Be Sold.

Washington, Oct. 23.—Owing to the objections made in the past to the sale of the sloop of war Vermont and other condemned vessels which figured in the war of the rebellion, Secretary Moody and Assistant Secretary Darling have reconsidered the plan of selling the monitors Nahant, Lehigh, Montauk, Canonicus and Jason at the League Island navy yard until after congress shall have had an opportunity to make special provision to that end. These vessels have been condemned as useless for naval purposes. The old iron gunboat Monocacy, whose cruising for many years past has been necessarily confined to the quiet waters of the Peiho, the river which connects Peking with the sea, has also outlived her usefulness and will undoubtedly be stricken from the naval list in a short time.

Shamrock III Under Way.

London, Oct. 23.—Preliminary work on the Shamrock III is progressing. Like her predecessor, she will be close up to ninety feet, the water line limit, but she will be much shorter over all. The new challenger will also be less in all other taxed measurements, and under the rules would receive a time allowance from the Columbia.

Read the Argus-Democrat, the only democratic paper in the county. \$1 per year. Subscrib: A new.

CHAT ABOUT MILAN PEOPLE

Milan, Mich., Oct. 21.—Tack Frost put in sonic line work in this vicinity Sunday night.

Willie Selmiit is once more on the list of civil service applicants.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hulbert, of Minneapolis, Minn., and Mr. and Mrs. Ransom Rouse, of Saline, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bouse.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Wardle have gone to England, where they expect to visit relatives during the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bowman are entertaining guests from out of town.

Mr. Joseph C. Mittlei: was brought home from Ypsilanti Friday seriously ill. It is hoped that he will soon recover.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Knight are entertaining guests from out of town.

Miss Ahna Sill is quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. G. K. Minto gave an elegant party Friday evening in honor of Fred Steidler's return from Montana.

Dr. Mary Williams was out of town the first of the week on business. Dr. and Mrs. Baldwin are entertain-

ing guests from Monroe.

Morris Day is quite ill. O. M. Fuller (Mine) up from Detroit over Sunday and spent the day with his family at Atty. ami Mrs. G. It. Williams'.

Mr. and Mrs. AVilmer Butler have returned to their home in Detroit.

R. Wilcox is having the lawn in front of his new residence nicely graded.

Webb Iltackmer, who has been quite ill, is able to be out agate.

X. W. Barnes is on the sick list.

Miss M. Murray has returned from her visit in Tecumseh.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Smith and daughters spend Sunday at Mr. and Mrs. Eiviu Fuller's.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Dexter entertained friends Sunday.

REGISTRATION NOTICE.

The township board of registration of Ann Arbor township will be at the town hall on Saturday, Nov. 1, 1902, to register all new qualified electors.

Order at Board of Registration.

Cider barrels at IVshner's, 113 W. Huron street, opposite waiting room. Read the Argus-Democrat, the best weekly. Only \$1 per year.