

ANN ARBOR ARGUS-DEMOCRAT.

VOL. LXVIII.—NO 8

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1933.

WHOLE NO 3571

CITY ATTORNEY FALLS DOWN IN HIS ATTACK ON WHITTAKER

Refusing to Aid in Bonding the City Without a Vote of the People

Mr. Sawyer's Own Arguments Logically Carried Out Would Show That It is Not Necessary for the City to Bond

City Attorney Sawyer has rushed into print with an open letter to Representative Whittaker, who declines to introduce the amended bill drawn by Mr. Sawyer to bond Ann Arbor for \$25,000 unless certain changes are made, and in the middle of Mr. Sawyer's long flow of words we discover that the only change that Mr. Whittaker asks is that the people should be permitted to vote upon the issuing of bonds before bonds are issued.

This is little to ask, but it was enough to rouse Mr. Sawyer's ire and Mr. Sawyer says: "You ask me to make certain changes in the bill as though I was the man that made the bill, and I was the common council that passed it, and I was the city that needed the relief, and I was the only man concerned in it."

If Mr. Whittaker thought this he was really not so far out of the way as Mr. Sawyer might now have the public believe. Mr. Sawyer did draft the bill. He made impassioned speeches to the council to secure their endorsement of it, he bullied those aldermen who didn't know as it was the thing to do. He claimed that it was the only thing they could do. He told them that the city owed so much money, that they could not collect taxes unless they first paid it. If this bill was not Mr. Sawyer's whose was it? If Mr. Sawyer is not the common council why does he usually occupy about half the time at council meeting arguing for this or that measure?

If it is the city that needs relief why not permit the city to say so? Why not let the city vote on it? If there are others besides Mr. Sawyer concerned in this bill, as there certainly are, why not let them have some voice in it? Why not let the people on whose homes the bonds will constitute a mortgage say whether they want the bonds or not?

Mr. Sawyer endeavors to shield himself behind the common council. If he was technically following the orders of the council, those orders were obtained by his connivance and, as every alderman knows, by his earnest pleadings in the council chamber.

Mr. Sawyer misstates the charter provisions when he says: "The Andrews case drew the attention of our banks, and the city officials to the fact that there was no authority vested in the common council to issue orders unless the city was in funds or unless the common council had allowed just claims against the city, and included them in the prior annual June budget, in which case they might issue orders upon the treasury payable upon the first of February thereafter, to the extent of the claims allowed by the city and included in the annual June budget."

To sustain this contention, Mr. Sawyer refers to section 186 of the charter. We have quoted this before. Nothing is said in it about orders being permitted without funds in the treasury after the June budget is passed but not permitted before that date. What is said, and all that is said, on the subject is:

"But the common council may allow just claims against the city, and may issue orders therefor on the treasurer, or payable on presentation from any moneys then in the treasury on the first day of February thereafter; but such second named class of orders shall not, in any fiscal year, exceed the aggregate taxes levied in such year for the payment of the same."

Nothing is here said that orders shall not be drawn until after the first Monday in June. Nothing was farther from the intent of the framers of the charter. The charter plainly says the aggregate amount of orders drawn in a fiscal year must not exceed the amount of money on hand and the aggregate amount of taxes levied in that fiscal year. That is the restriction upon the city's floating indebtedness. It must have none at the end of its fiscal year. It had none at the end of the last fiscal year and with ordinary economy it will have none at the end of its next fiscal year and that without bonding for a penny.

Later on in support of his contention as to the amount of money that the city needs to bond for Mr. Sawyer states that an expert was employed who went over the books and reported that the overdraft would be July 15 approximately the sum of \$25,000, adding, "I have not the exact figures before me." That is one of the troubles of this administration, it never seems to have exact figures before it. It gave the legislature which passed the

\$40,000 bonding act to understand that Ann Arbor had an overdraft of approximately that amount, when the exact figures showed that at the time and at the end of the fiscal year, a few days later, the city had not a penny's overdraft, and that deducting from the money it had in the bank all the city owed to the school and other funds, the city still had a balance on hand.

So far from having exact figures on hand, the city funds were in its reports actually short over \$30,000 which had been paid out of city funds for a district improvement, when there was ample money in the district fund to make good this shortage in the city funds. The council's expert confirmed the Argus discoveries as to the condition of the funds which made it possible to claim an overdraft when there was none and the council very properly put this \$30,000 back into the city funds where it belonged, thus leaving the city funds with cash on hand.

Mr. Whittaker is positive that the information he had received from Mr. Sawyer and the mayor was that there was an overdraft of \$40,000, that it was necessary that the bonding bill be passed quickly so that the overdraft could be made up before February 1, as an overdraft on that date was illegal. This has been shown so positively was not the case that the administration does not now claim an overdraft on February 1.

Then another tact was taken. There was no overdraft but there was going to be one. It would amount not to \$40,000 but to \$25,000 by the time the taxes were collected, by July 15. It was absolutely necessary to bond for this amount as all overdrafts were illegal.

Under the persistent pounding of the Argus and the quoting of section 186, showing that all the restriction on the allowance of bills was that they should not exceed the taxes levied in the fiscal year in which they were allowed, and that the taxes would suffice to care for the overdraft, Mr. Sawyer has now taken another reef in his sails. Overdrafts are allowable as soon as the budget is made up in June. The estimated overdraft on that date, according to Mr. Seyler, is \$16,106.88. Yet Mr. Sawyer is still asking for \$25,000, when according to his latest admission \$16,000 would suffice. Why issue ten-year interest-bearing bonds for \$25,000 when \$16,000 would suffice according to their own theories?

Having forced him down from \$40,000 to \$25,000 and having an admission that at the date he fixes as the limit at which overdrafts are allowable only \$16,000 will be due, the Argus does not despair of convincing him that even the necessity for paying interest on this \$16,000 for a series of years does not exist.

The city taxes last year were over \$73,000. This is many thousands of dollars higher than the average city expenditures for the past ten years, or the past five years, and to this will be added about \$9,000 liquor taxes. With economy and the levy of the same taxes this year as last, this year's taxes should suffice to wipe out the overdraft that is such a bugaboo to Mr. Sawyer, an overdraft which has for many years existed just before taxes are collected and which has been one of the best safeguards against the extravagance that a plethoric treasury begets. If this is so then there can be no necessity for issuing bonds which will require the payment of interest not for two or three months as is the case with overdrafts but for from one to ten years.

But to the task of proving to Mr. Sawyer that as he has already practically admitted that \$24,000 of the \$40,000 bonds he wanted are not necessary, he might as well admit that the other \$16,000 are not either.

Section 186 says plainly that the council may allow orders payable on the first day of February. This is the only class of warrants that the mayor and clerk have ever signed. The only restriction on the amount of such orders is, in the words of the charter that the aggregate "shall not, in any fiscal year, exceed the aggregate taxes levied in such year for the payment of the same." What is the city's fiscal year? Does it begin with June as Mr. Sawyer intimates in his talk of a June budget? Not at all. The charter expressly states in section 170: "The fiscal year shall commence on the first day of February in each year." Nothing said about June. Mr. Sawyer admits that after the tax levy

is made the council may audit bills even if it has no funds on hand, provided the aggregate does not exceed the aggregate of taxes levied. It speaks of the fiscal year both as to the aggregate of orders and as to the aggregate of taxes.

But supposing for the sake of argument, which of course we do not admit as a matter of fact, that Mr. Sawyer is right in his contention that the council cannot allow bills until after it makes the tax levy, still there is no necessity for bonding. For the council can make that tax levy at its next meeting. There is no direct provision in the charter as to when the tax levy for any fiscal year shall be made, excepting Section 181 states that the city clerk shall certify it to the assessor "on or before the first Monday in June in each year." The council may make up its tax levy, its June budget as Mr. Sawyer calls it, any time between February 1 and the first Monday in June in each year. The earlier it makes it up the more time the city assessor will have to perfect his tax rolls. So that granting Mr. Sawyer's contentions as to orders drawn prior to the tax levy, the council has in its power to get around that by making the tax levy for collection in July at once. But, as we have stated this distinction of before and after the budget is not recognized in the charter, and is only gotten up by Mr. Sawyer as a specious method of getting around a plain charter provision.

THE FUNERAL OF JAMES GORE

Whitmore Lake, Feb. 17.—The funeral of James Gore which occurred today at St. Patrick's church was attended by a very large concourse of his friends and neighbors. Mr. Gore was foreman of the East Side Lumber company, of Toledo, for 14 years and was held in such high esteem by that company that they closed down their factory employing 200 men for two days while he attended the funeral of his brother, John Gore, of Northfield, two years ago. Mr. Gore was 48 years old and is the fourth member to be called to that bourne from whence no traveler returns out of six children, three boys and three girls. Mr. Gore leaves a wife and two children, a brother, sister and mother, who with this whole community mourn his loss. The funeral exercises were held at St. Patrick's church this morning by Rev. Fr. Goldrick, who with his eloquent discourse drew copious tears from his audience.

David Gore, brother of the deceased, lives in Northfield, and we are sorry to announce that he too, during this trying ordeal, is under the doctor's care.

The Argus-Democrat has news from all over the county. \$1 per year.

A DANGEROUS FIRE FOUGHT BY ANN ARBOR FIREMEN

The Big Oil Tank of Dean & Co. Was On Fire at 2 O'Clock Wednesday Morning

A Barn Five Feet Away Was Consumed and Two Horses Were Burned In It

Ann Arbor had a very narrow escape from an exceedingly disastrous fire at an early hour Wednesday, a conflagration which if it had gone a little farther would have eclipsed anything in the history of the city.

At 10 minutes before 2 o'clock that morning an alarm of fire was turned in to the fire department and met with a quick response, but when the department arrived on the ground the barn of Mrs. Philip Visel at the foot of William street, on Allen's Creek, was burned to the ground. It was all ablaze when discovered and immediately fell in. Two horses were burned alive. The barn was occupied by Fred Haas and contained buggies, etc., beside the horses. He is fully covered by insurance with King's agency. The barn had been built for very many years.

About five feet from the barn was Dean & Co.'s big kerosene oil tank, which holds when full about 19,000 gallons of oil and which last night had in about 6,000 gallons. The tank was blazing when the department arrived. There is no wood about it but the intense heat caused it to spring leaks and a hard fight ensued to control the fire at this spot. For 15 feet beyond

this big tank were three smaller tanks containing gasoline, each said to be full and containing in all about 30,000 gallons of gasoline. A number of streams of water were kept playing on these tanks for had one of them exploded the rest would and 30,000 gallons of gasoline would have flowed down Allen's creek blazing high in the air and destroying mills and all other buildings in its wake. And where would the brave firemen who actually did prevent this catastrophe, have been? They were up within 15 or 20 feet of the tanks pouring water upon them.

During the fire a line of hose was run across the Ann Arbor tracks. While water was being thrown through this hose a train on the Ann Arbor passed over it at high speed, catching the hose and carrying it nozzle and all as far south as State street. Fireman Edwards had hold of the nozzle at the time, his glove was frozen fast to it, and he was thrown about 20 feet.

The city owes the firemen much for their successful efforts in saving the oil tanks and should at least see that they get their pay. For although the city has money in the bank the firemen have not had any money since before Christmas.

CLAIMS DAMAGES CANNOT BE HAD

FOR OVERDRIVING TEAM HIRED FOR SUNDAY RIDING

On the Assumption That Sunday Contract Illegal—The Famous Walker-Mellish Case Up Again

A writ of error has been issued by the supreme court in the suit of Walker vs. Mellish, the famous horse case which was tried here a year ago. There will be a very interesting question in the case for all livery keepers. Two students hired a team on Sunday to go pleasure riding. The team was overdriven and was taken sick. Walker recovered damages. The case is appealed on the theory that the contract for the hire of the team for pleasure riding having been made on Sunday was an illegal contract and damages could not be recovered for a breach of it. The suit was brought on the assumption that the students had in their contract agreed to give the team reasonable care and to drive them in a prudent and careful manner. If Walker loses the case the livery keepers will have still less protection for Sunday riding than they now believe themselves to have.

BOTH WANTED TO GET A DIVORCE

John Schlupp and Mrs. John Schlupp, nee Miss Agnes Ulrick, no longer desire to be Mr. and Mrs. John Schlupp. No sooner had Mrs. Schlupp's attorneys filed a bill for di-

vorice Tuesday afternoon and secured a temporary injunction restraining him from disposing of household goods or drawing money on deposit, than the attorneys of Mr. Schlupp appeared on the scene to file a bill of divorce for him against Mrs. Schlupp. As Mrs. Schlupp's bill was already filed, the husband's bill was not filed.

Mrs. Schlupp sets up their marriage May 5, 1896, the birth of four children of whom two are living, the youngest being nine months old. She charges extreme cruelty and that for three weeks previous to Feb. 13, he refused to speak to her and that on the evening of that day he called her abusive names and drove her into the street with her two children and that she was afraid to return home. She says that Mr. Schlupp owns the house on W. Liberty street, worth six or seven hundred dollars and has over \$800 on deposit in the bank. She wants a divorce, permanent alimony and the care, custody and education of her two baby girls.

UNIVERSITY MEN SPEAK TO FARMERS

At the grand round-up of the State Farmers' Institutes at Owosso, Feb. 24-27, the following University professors will give papers: Prof. H. C. Adams, "Trusts"; Prof. Kenyon L. Butterfield, "A Campaign for Rural Progress"; Prof. C. H. Cooley, "Indeterminate Sentences for Criminals"; Prof. A. B. Hutchins, "Practical Suggestions Regarding Real Property Law"; Prof. C. A. Davis, "Timber Plantations and Their Care"; President James B. Angell, "Farming and Education."

February Shoe Sale!



On Feb. 1st we will commence our great

Per - 25 - Cent Discount Shoe Sale

This is the one great Shoe Sale of the entire year—a time when we clean up the season's surplus stock—the shoe sale for which you have been watching, and waiting. To reduce our stock we make a discount of 25 per cent. Shoes for everybody. Remember the date and get your shoes.



JOHN WAHR, The Up-To-Date Shoeman.

Terms Cash--No Goods Charged.

218 S. Main St.

Phone 17.

Special January Prices!

Before taking inventory we wish to reduce our stock

See the Rockers we are offering for \$1.50 \$2.00 and \$3.00. The Couches for \$5, \$8 and \$10. The Chiffoniers for \$6, \$8 and \$10. The Parlor Tables for \$1.50, \$2, \$3 and \$5. The Bed Room Suits for \$15, \$20 and \$25. White Iron Beds \$2.25, \$3.00, \$4 and \$5. Side Boards and Buffets \$12, \$15 and \$20. Lace Curtains 75 cts \$8 a pair. Portieres and Rope Drapes at a big cut. Carpets 17c to 98c. Rugs 75c to \$29. These are only a few leaders. Come and see the rest.

Henne & Stanger

117 and 119 West Liberty St. - Phone 443

50-PIECE DINNER SET FREE

Wonderful inducement to sell our Swan Baking Powder. Every purchaser of a pound can of Swan Baking Powder under our Plan No. 65 will receive this beautiful Water Set, consisting of pitcher and six glasses, full size, free. Latest cut glass pattern. Remember this Water Set is given absolutely free to every purchaser of household articles as described by our Plan No. 65. To ever lady who sells fourteen cans of Swan Baking Powder under Plan No. 65, with the inducement of this beautiful Water Set free to each purchaser, we give a handomely decorated 50-Piece Dinner Set or a 24-Piece Tea Set, absolutely free. We do not require any money in advance. Simply send us your name and address and we will forward our different plans and full information. You will be surprised to see what can be accomplished in a few hours' work. We will allow you fifteen days to deliver the goods and collect the money before paying us. We allow large cash commission if preferred. We pay all freight. We also give Bedsteads, Tables, Couches, Chairs, Sling Waist Patterns, Musical Instruments, Lace Curtains, Rocking Chairs and hundreds of other useful and desirable articles, for selling our goods. Write for Plans and full information. SALVONA SUPPLIES COMPANY, 1137 and 1139 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo. We assure our readers that the Salvona Supplies Company is thoroughly reliable.—Editor.

Read the Argus-Democrat

Your last opportunity in

MEN'S Overcoats

Our Overcoat Sale this year has been a grand success—but it must end soon. The dollars we cut from the prices have brought the natural and expected results—the Overcoats have been selling rapidly. But the next few days will mark the end of your opportunity to buy Splendid Overcoats at reduced prices. The varieties remaining, while not extensive, contain some of the greatest values we offered, and for the man who wants to be well equipped for the remaining cold weather and all that next winter will bring, these coats offer an excellent and economical solution.

"The Gotham"

Staebler & Wuerth.

THE ARGUS DEMOCRAT AND YPSILANTI WEEKLY TIMES.

PUBLISHED BY The Democrat Publishing Company, G. A. HAMMOND, President, S. W. BEAKES, Secy. and Treas.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1903.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

The democratic county convention for Washtenaw county, Michigan, will be held at the court house in the city of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the 5th day of March, 1903, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the office of county school commissioner and to elect 22 delegates to the state convention called to meet in Detroit March 10, and to transact such other business as may come before the convention.

The different townships and wards in the county are entitled to representation in the convention as follows: Ann Arbor City—

Table listing wards and townships with their respective delegate counts. Includes Ann Arbor City wards (1-8), Ann Arbor town, and Ypsilanti town wards (1-5).

JUDGE GROSSCUP ON TRUSTS.

The lecture by Judge Grosscup, a judge of the United States court of appeals, Chicago, before the Good Government club Saturday evening, on "The New Nation," was a masterly effort. The judge read from manuscript, but did not confine himself to his manuscript at all closely.

Among other things the judge holds that the withdrawal of the people from proprietorship in the industries of the country is one of the great evils of trust control of those industries. In this connection he said:

"A normal bank deposit represents the surplus that accumulates between periods of investment; the money let loose in the changes of investment; and the working capital needful to existing active enterprise. But I know of no reason for the growth of such normal deposit much beyond the rate of growth of population and general wealth. A comparison of these growths is significant. The growth of population from 1880 to 1890 was about 20 per cent; of general wealth about 25 per cent. Compared with this, during this first decade of somewhat active consolidation, there is found a growth of bank deposits of about 73 per cent. The growth of population from 1890 to 1900 was about 20 per cent, of general wealth about 23 per cent. Against this, during a period covering an increased activity of the consolidation idea, the deposits grew 85 per cent. And during the five years covering the climax of consolidation, though the increase in population and wealth went on at the rate of about 20 or 25 per cent per 10 years, the increase in the deposits—measuring again by decades—was at the rate of more than 100 per cent. Can anyone explain this disproportion—beginning with activity in consolidation and rising rapidly as consolidation increased—except upon the inference that the people, having little confidence in existing trust organizations, have been thus cut out from ownership?"

This condition of things, Judge Grosscup looks upon as very harmful. Any kind of industrial organization which drives the mass of people out of proprietorship and converts them into employees is undoubtedly a movement in the wrong direction. It has been the proud boast of this nation in the past that it was a nation of proprie-

tors. But trust organization is changing in large degree this source of stability of our people and converting them into a people working for wages. Judge Grosscup looks upon this condition as a breeder of the spirit of socialism, which he sees rapidly growing among the American people. He said: "We must expect men who do not see their way to an improvement of their conditions under old forms of industrial liberty, will entertain sympathy for a system that promises something new. The separation of labor from proprietorship—the separate mobilization, of these two forces as enemies, instead of their commingling in common interests—is the most un-republican and menacing fact that now confronts the American people."

It is undoubtedly true that the American people have advanced far on the road to socialism and it is equally true that conditions in the industrial world have made them socialists in governmental matters. The American people are not naturally socialistic, but they have been forced into the path of socialism by the trend of events.

Judge Grosscup in the latter part of his address declared that the legislation now pending in congress is inadequate and will not accomplish the purpose for which it is ostensibly enacted. He declared that there must be a known uniform basis of incorporation and the people must be assured by the mere fact of incorporation, that the assets and proposed stock issue conform to the known legal basis. Then he declared the corporation so organized must be subjected to visitation by some department of the government. This he held should be done in addition to the publicity required by the pending legislation. The pending laws he said were inadequate because they make no change in the basis of corporate organization, nor do they provide for visitation. They exhibit no purpose—at least no controlling purpose—to widen the proprietorship of the country. The publicity proposed is confined to the gathering and publication of statistics, valuable, possibly, to the speculator or the trained investor, but ineffective and worthless to the ordinary man who may be seeking ownership. What chiefly is needed—the intervention of the government as trustee, not as mere news-gatherer; a guaranty that when a corporation is created its creator has seen to it that it is fairly organized, not mere statistics of hap-hazard corporate organization, that the people cannot comprehend—is absent from the bills. In short, the measures pending miss sight of the prime mischief to be remedied, and the remedies to be adopted.

Secretary Root in a recent New York speech declared that after thirty years trial negro suffrage is a failure. The secretary is right in the views of very many thinkers who would have been unwilling to admit the fact at any time during the past thirty years trial. It was a mistake to handle the suffrage problem as it was handled and thousands are now willing to admit the fact. There should have been a period of preparation for the right of suffrage. It was nothing against the negro that he was not fitted for the right of suffrage when it was thrust upon him. It was too much to expect that he was prepared. Self government has been a matter of slow development among the Anglo Saxons. And even at the present time there are many features of popular government that need improving to say the least even at the hands of the white race. It was not to be expected, therefore, that men could be taken right out of slavery and made immediately into competent self-governing citizens.

If this morning's reports from Lansing be true, namely, that Governor Bliss, on account of the opposition among the senators, will not appoint Tom Navin a member of the Jackson prison board, it is well. There are better men whom the governor may appoint and whose appointment will not arouse the feeling that this appointment would certainly create. The elevation of Navin to a public position of trust and responsibility would not be creditable to popular government. There have been, no doubt, other men in prominent station with no better records than Mr. Navin, but even that is no excuse for the appointment of Navin. No one desires to place a straw in the way of Navin in any legitimate effort he may make to be a man and a good citizen, but when any man seeks preferment at the hands of his fellows, seeks a position as a public representative, he must expect the public will examine his armor.

ANTI-TRUST PROGRAM COMPLETED.

The Elkins anti-trust bill has passed both house and senate and as it is a part of the administration trust program will of course receive the president's signature. It is not nearly so radical, a measure as many desired. In fact it is doubtful whether it will accomplish much in the way of more efficient control of the great trust organizations. Nevertheless it has been passed in response to the demand of the people that something be done to curb the greed and arrogance and law-breaking of the trusts. Public opinion has not been sufficiently insistent on the matter to insure anything stronger or more radical from congress. And, inasmuch as these great financial concerns put up much of the sinews of war when a campaign for re-election is on, congress is not disposed to curtail any of their privileges unless the public clamor is sufficiently strong to indicate that the trusts can be defied and the election carried without the favor of the trusts.

There are three parts or divisions of the new trust legislation. The Nelson department of commerce measure, the Elkins bill which requires transportation companies to publish their rates and provides a fine for those who give or take rebates, and the Nelson publicity amendment which provides for reports from all corporations engaged in interstate commerce and which have a capitalization beyond a certain figure. If the department of commerce measure is at all effective and performs the duties assigned to it, it ought to gather into its possession information which in the future will enable congress to have at its command information and records and facts which will be very valuable when the next step is taken in the matter of control of the trusts. But the value of the department to the public will depend largely upon whether it is administered fearlessly in the interest of the public or simply in a perfunctory sort of a way calculated to do as little as possible for the people and leave the trusts as completely as possible to their own ways of doing business. If the department is administered from within the shadow of the aggregated pile of trust money, it will not advantage the people very much. It is always important to insert these potential "ifs" for it is well understood that great wealth has means of influencing public officials to the detriment of the public service.

The hopeful thing in all this trust program is not so much that the legislation passed by congress is all that can be desired by the public, but that any legislation at all has been enacted. It is well known that the trusts desired no legislation at all and the majority in congress was ready to do the trust bidding by letting the matter entirely alone. But the president has been more responsive to public opinion than congress. He has forced the hand of congress. He has been complained of for interfering with the action of congress, but it has been to a good purpose and he will not be severely censured, therefore. As a result, some progress has no doubt been made.

LITTLE PROSPECT FOR PRIMARY REFORM.

As time advances the probabilities of anything like an effective primary election law being passed by the present legislature become beautifully less. The same old gang that did primary reform to death two years ago are on murder bent this session. The same rigger gang is back of the legislative gang, too. It looks now as though the special acts for Wayne and Kent counties will be killed off and no legislation of this kind passed. All this goes to show how utterly irresponsible legislators are to public opinion unless that opinion be expressed in thunder tones. The desire for a primary election law is very general on the part of the rank and file of the voters of the state. Nevertheless the republican state convention inserted a plank in its platform which showed conclusively that the party had no intentions of doing anything adequate for the people on the question. Nevertheless the people upheld the republican party and consequently they have no kick coming even though no reform of the present corrupt and unrepresentative caucus and convention system is secured. It was pretty clearly made known during the canvass that no primary reform was intended unless the demand of the people should become so insistent that it could not be defied with safety. No such condition has manifested itself and consequently it is not probable

that any adequate law will be passed and probably none at all.

A great trouble with our manner of taking the judgment of the electors is that we have no means of voting directly on any question or principle in general practice. We are accustomed to vote for party tickets instead and so the party label comes to mean more than principle or issues. On this particular question, could it be submitted to the people directly, it would undoubtedly carry by an overwhelming majority. Yet because of the inability to get it directly before the people their wishes are defied from session to session in the interest of the bosses and corrupt politics. Direct legislation would tend to overcome this condition of things and materially aid the people in working their will into legislation. Direct legislation, or rather the machinery enabling the people to resort to it, would tend to make our representatives, so called, more responsive to the public will. It ought to be incorporated into our constitutions and laws.

HOMEOPATHIC TRUST LEGISLATION.

The congressional situation as to trust legislation is somewhat confusing and difficult for the public to understand. The Rockefeller telegrams would seem to indicate on their face that the Standard Oil trust at least fears the effect of the publicity clause of the senate trust measure. Still, of course, it is altogether possible that this particular trust sent these telegrams purposely to influence congress favorably toward the Elkins bill, fearing that if that measure is not enacted some more strenuous measure may be. The democrats in congress appear to regard the senate measure as an entirely harmless measure intended to accomplish nothing in the way of regulating and controlling the trusts, but simply to deceive the people, and cause them to remain quiet for a time. But there are many who think the president is too honest a man to enter upon such a piece of legislation for any such purpose. But of course it must be remembered that President Roosevelt has a very strenuous desire to succeed himself in the presidential office and that under such circumstances his scruples may not be as alert on the subject as they otherwise might be. The proper handling of the trust question is an issue of the greatest magnitude. The wealth back of these overgrown financial syndicates wields a tremendous influence and this influence will undoubtedly be thrown against any adequate control or interference with their present monopolistic management of their various industries. Then the time at the command of congress is short for any well digested legislation on the subject. Again, it is well known that the most influential members of the senate are against any interference with present trust conditions. It scarcely seems possible, therefore, that all the trust influences in congress are to lie still and permit any legislation which will in any considerable degree interfere with the present prerogatives, or methods of doing business, of the trusts. It is pretty safe to assume, in view of all these facts, that any trust busting legislation passed this session will be of the homeopathic kind.

HAD THINGS IN COMMON

FOR OVER THIRTY YEARS AND NEVER A WORD

Of Discord—Both Brothers Died Without Wills and the Same Spirit of Harmony Actuates Their Families.

For over 30 years the two brothers, Fred B. Braun and Chris Braun, lived together in Ann Arbor town and enjoyed things in common. Both brothers had families of their own, but there never was a division of their real or personal property. Both died within a comparatively few days of each other and their property is now being settled up through the probate court, including \$2,500 of personal property and 284 acres of fine land, valued at \$14,200.

In spite of the fact that there are two families interested the two estates will undoubtedly be settled up without the slightest trace of feeling anywhere and in a most amicable spirit. This item ought not to be an unusual one, but it is and the spirit which binds these relatives together is in strong contrast with the grasping spirit too often exhibited in such cases.

Hundreds of lives saved every year by having Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house just when it is needed. Cures croup, heals burns, cuts, wounds of every sort.

JUDGE GROSSCUP ON TRUSTS

WOULD HAVE GOVERNMENTAL SUPERVISION OF THEM

Capital Should Represent Only Assets So That People May Safely Invest in Them

Judge P. S. Grosscup, the eminent jurist of Chicago, lectured Saturday in the Good Government Club course to a very fair audience. In his opening remarks he said that he came, not to entertain, but to deliver a message. His message, he remarked, was upon the trust question.

In the course of his lecture he said: "The pre-eminence of Washington, of Lincoln, of McKinley, was due to the fact that upon one thing was concentrated their conscience, convictions, and their efforts. And it is characteristic of the American people as a body that they will do but one thing at a time. The trust question will soon demand imperatively the undivided attention of the public."

"The tendency in labor in modern civilization has been from the simple toward the complex. This is shown by the extended division of labor now where before the same article was begun and finished by one man. On the other hand the tendency in proprietorship has been from the complex to the simple, from diffused to concentrated ownership. Consolidated companies have been organized and proprietorship reduced in extent. Consolidated companies are capitalized, not on basis of actual property value, but upon earning value. Consolidation is not to be objected to because it is consolidation, nor because it makes men rich. But it is to be objected to because, on account of dishonest management, the majority of the people distrust it as a means of investing their capital, and are therefore kept from being proprietors."

The lecturer showed by statistics that bank deposits had increased as consolidation went on, out of all proportion to the increase in population; that is, the public had become to a large extent lenders, rather than investors, avoiding the risks, and foregoing the profits of proprietorship. The wealth amassed by the borrowers, in a short time, gave rise to the suspicion, on the part of the people, that they had been wronged. This suspicion opened people's minds to socialism, first, then public ownership, as a cure for the trouble. The time is coming when the people must decide for or against socialism, an untried form of government which destroys industrial liberty, the heart of American institutions.

In this connection the speaker continued:

"But socialism is not the cure. The cure lies in extending proprietorship, by changing conditions so that profits will depend solely upon the vicissitudes of business. The laws of the United States should be changed so that the mere fact of incorporation would be an assurance that the stock has an asset value. Americans are naturally investors, proprietors, and wait only for the assurance that a corporation has been fairly organized to invest."

"The laws at present pending before congress exhibit no purpose to widen proprietorship of the country. But as soon as the people are awake to the real issue, the time to act has come. When they are face to face with socialism or some other non-republican form of government American patriotism will win the day for American institutions."

Judge Grosscup's remedy was stated in his own words as follows:

"There must be a known uniform basis for corporate organization. The public must be assured, by the mere fact of incorporation, that the assets and proposed stock issue, have been adjusted to conform to the known legal basis."

"A corporation organized on the basis just stated should be subjected to the further power of visitation by some department of the government. This is not intended to, nor does it, take the place of so-called publicity. It means only that as trustee for the stockholding public, some department of the government should be charged with taking note of dangers in sight, and armed with power to adequately meet them. It need not take the form of hurtful inquisition into the corporation's affairs; it need not be injuriously paternal. But it must be adequate—fully adequate—to protect the men and women who wish, not simply with their hands, but with their savings and pecuniary means as well, to re-enter the industries of the country. "I would add to this, provision for interesting the wage-earners of the corporations as part proprietors."

ESCAPED AN AWFUL FATE.

Mr. H. Haggins of Melbourne, Fla., writes: "My doctor told me I had consumption and nothing could be done for me. I was given up to die. The offer of a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption induced me to try it. Results were startling. I am now on the road to recovery and owe all to Dr. King's New Discovery. It surely saved my life." This great cure is guaranteed for all throat and lung diseases by A. E. Mummy and H. F. Miller, druggists. Price 50c and \$1.00.

Read the Argus-Democrat, the best weekly. Only \$1 per year.

The Keystone of Good Health is pure food. Lion Coffee is all coffee—no glazing of eggs or glue to conceal defects and cheapen its quality. Fresh and uniform, rich in flavor, because always in sealed packages—never in bulk.

PREFERS A SOUSA MARCH

To a Soothing Symphony of Beethoven.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S

Musical Taste As It Appears to Prof. Lockwood—Mrs. Roosevelt Fond of Classical Music.

Prof. Lockwood, of the School of Music, in speaking of his Washington visit, says that he thinks President Roosevelt would prefer a march of Sousa's to a symphony of Beethoven. In other words, according to the standard of the musicians, President Roosevelt is not especially a musical man. Symphonies are not strenuous enough for him.

On the other hand, Mrs. Roosevelt is musical. She is responsible for the series of concerts given at the White House of classical music. She was the first of the ladies of the White House to institute such concerts, which are common in European courts.

Prof. Lockwood has played before the Roosevelts twice. Six years ago, when the President was governor of New York, he played for them, and the only time he saw Roosevelt grow enthusiastic over any music was when he played a rhapsody from Liszt. The then governor came over to him exclaiming: "Do play that over again. That's fine."

Prof. Lockwood says the President looks much more serious, more grave, than he did six years ago. The professor was shocked at the change in Mrs. Roosevelt. Six years ago she was fresh. Now she wears a very tired look. The social cares of her position evidently wear heavily upon her.

THE DEATH OF DR. B. B. SUDWORTH

Dr. Bishop B. Sudworth died Sunday afternoon at his home, 520 Forest avenue. The cause of the demise was old age. Dr. Sudworth leaves a wife, son and daughter. The daughter lives at the home and the son in Washington, D. C. Dr. Sudworth moved here several years ago from Kalamazoo and has invested in quite a good deal of Ann Arbor real estate since he moved here. He built the block on Washington street which is occupied by Gaudy and J. F. Schuh and owned a number of residences. Dr. Sudworth was the son of Abram Sudworth and was born in Canada 73 years ago. He graduated from Victoria college in 1853, from the Pennsylvania Eclectic in 1865 and from the University of Michigan in 1883. At one time Dr. Sudworth was county physician here.

HAVE YOU A SORE THROAT? Don't let it run on—it may prove dangerous. Go to your druggist and ask for TONSILINE. TONSILINE is the greatest throat remedy on earth. Tonsiline not only cures Sore Throats of all kinds, very quickly, but is a positive, never-failing and speedy cure for Sore Mouth, Hoarseness and Quinsy. It's the stick in time. Don't neglect to use it. 25 and 50 cents at all druggists. THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

PISO'S CURE FOR BRUISES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

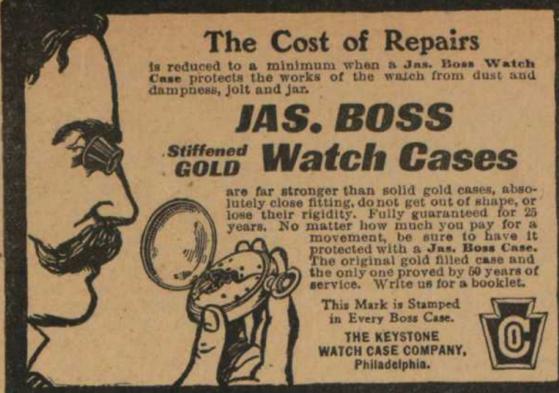
The Cost of Repairs
is reduced to a minimum when a Jas. Boss Watch Case protects the works of the watch from dust and dampness, jolt and jar.

JAS. BOSS
Stiffened GOLD Watch Cases

are far stronger than solid gold cases, absolutely close fitting, do not get out of shape, or lose their rigidity. Fully guaranteed for 25 years. No matter how much you pay for a movement, be sure to have it protected with a Jas. Boss Case. The original gold filled case and the only one proved by 50 years of service. Write us for a booklet.

This Mark is Stamped in Every Boss Case.

THE KEYSTONE WATCH CASE COMPANY, Philadelphia.



ZION LUTHERAN CHURCH HOUSE

Will Be Built This Next Spring

NEW BRICK BUILDING

Plans for Which Are Now Being Drawn—The Object to Promote Friendship and Socialibility

The plans for a hall, which the people of the Zion Lutheran church will build in the spring, are being drawn by Sauer, the architect.

The building which is being used at present for a hall is to be moved to the back of the lot and a new brick building is to be erected on the spot where the old one now stands.

The building is to be 36x32 feet in size. It is to be built of building brick and will be most attractive in appearance. The interior is to be divided into three rooms by sliding partitions. There will be one room set aside for an auditorium another for a committee and dressing room and a third for a reading room. The old building will be converted in the rear and will be used for a kitchen and dining room.

The rooms are to be fitted up comfortably and will make an attractive meeting place for both young and old. The reading room will be supplied with the best of literature and will be varied enough to suit most tastes. The young people's meetings and the Ladies' society as well as any church meetings will be held here.

The object in erecting this building is to engender friendship and socialibility among the church members. The building will add one more to Ann Arbor's already long list of beautiful public buildings.

A QUARTER OF A MILLION DOLLARS

HELD BY THE UNIVERSITY IN TRUST FUNDS

Rapid Growth of the Funds Held for Scholarships and for Specified Purposes from Gifts

There was over a quarter of a million of dollars in the trust funds in the hands of the treasurer of the University of Michigan, at the close of the last fiscal year. The exact amount was \$260,588.18, which was \$16,000 more than was in the trust accounts one year earlier. Since 1894, the funds deposited with the University treasurer, as gifts to the institution, and as endowments, the incomes of which are to be used for specified purposes, and funds contributed for the maintenance of scholarships and fellowships have been increased rapidly. At the close of the fiscal year in 1894, the balances in the trust and gift accounts amounted to less than \$10,000; a year later the sum was over \$57,000; in 1899 they amounted to \$87,000; in 1900 to \$231,000; and in 1902 the total was beyond the quarter-of-a-million point.

The exact balances in the University treasury to the credit of gifts and endowments, at the close of the several business years since 1890, are as follows:—

June 30.	
1890	1,130 85
1891	5,595 94
1892	22,011 03
1893	10,632 61
1894	8,246 79
1895	57,643 83
1896	63,096 40
1897	52,617 55
1898	75,417 14
1899	87,933 30
1900	231,808 93
1901	243,890 61
1902	260,588 18

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price, 25 cents.

\$12,000 FOR POSTOFFICE SITE

Included in Appropriation Bill at Washington

ANN ARBOR'S POSTOFFICE

Prospects Are Bright Through the Efforts of Congressman Smith to Get Public Building for This City

The house committee on public buildings at Washington has included in the omnibus public building bill which was reported out Saturday \$12,000 for a site for a government postoffice at Ann Arbor. This provision was put in the bill at the instance of Congressman Smith and in all probability will be passed in this form at this present session of congress. Among other Michigan cities getting appropriations in this bill are Battle Creek, Owosso and Traverse City. Owosso gets \$5,000 for a postoffice site.

It now looks as if through Congressman Smith's efforts Ann Arbor would get a government post office building.

RECEPTION AT DR. CROOKER'S

A very pretty reception was given at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Crooker Friday evening by the Young People's Religious Union and the King's Daughters. The house was prettily decorated with carnations in red and white and asparagus fern. The parlor in which the reception committee stood was in red and the back parlor and library in white.

Light refreshments were served in the dining room. The table was very dainty with its decorations of delicate green ferns and a graceful bouquet of pink carnations.

There was a large number of guests present and everyone enjoyed a very pleasant evening. Gordon's orchestra furnished a delightful program of music during the evening.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props. Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Traux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnam & Marvin, Wholesale-Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

TWO NEW RURAL ROUTES

Have Been Granted to Ann Arbor

THEY WILL RUN NORTH

One More is Wanted to Take in Pittsfield and then the Farmers in This Section Will All be Happy

Two new rural routes have been granted to Ann Arbor to be known as rural delivery routes No. 5 and 6. General Supt. A. M. Machen notified Congressman H. C. Smith in this effect last week and the congressman has just forwarded the information to Postmaster Pond. These two new routes are north of the city and will start operations April 1. The exact routes cannot now be given as the inspector who laid them out has not yet furnished the local office with maps of them. They deliver mail, however, in Ann Arbor town, Northfield and Webster and include Fosters in the route.

The one route south through Pittsfield, which was desired has not yet been granted. This route is one of the most needed as the mail on it would be much heavier than that on most of the other routes and it is hoped that it may yet be granted to complete the rural delivery service in this section. There is a dispute between the Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti offices over half a mile on this route, which both offices need to make up a proper route, and it is probably this dispute which has delayed the laying out of this route south.

After April 1, Ann Arbor will have six rural mail delivery routes. As has been said above, when it gets seven this section will be pretty well covered.

CAROLINE MILLER ALBERT WENK

WERE MARRIED BY REV. MR. NICKLAS.

Only the Immediate Family Were Present at the Pretty Wedding.

Miss Caroline Miller and Albert Wenk were united in marriage Thursday evening at 8 o'clock by Rev. A. L. Nicklas, in the presence of the family at the bride's home on N. Division street, the ring service being used. The bridal party stood under an arch of smilax and roses. Miss Emma Miller, sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid, and G. A. Niehaus as best man. The bride wore a very becoming blue traveling gown and carried bride's roses.

After the ceremony the family sat down to an elaborate wedding supper. Mr. and Mrs. Wenk will reside at the old homestead on N. Division street.

Read the Argus-Democrat.

Baby

Weighed Only Five Pounds.

Restless, Cried Day and Night.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Did Wonders, Cured Her.

A little over two years ago I had a little, nervous baby who weighed only five pounds at birth. At first she was restless and cross and after she was four weeks old she cried day and night, and would not sleep without narcotics. She was so nervous that we did not dare to move when she did sleep a short time, as she would wake screaming as though she was going to have a fit. We called a doctor; he called it infantile colic; said he could relieve her, could not cure her. After a short time the effect of his medicine wore off and I was in despair. I tried all known home remedies and innumerable patent medicines. At last I gave her Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and she was easy and slept without narcotics. Since that time I have used a dozen bottles and would not be without it. I am now giving it to another baby and it has the same effect, immediate relief always.—Mrs. Vincent Zidek, Verona, N. D.

"Three years ago I was taken with nervous prostration, which brought on heart trouble, and my heart would palpitate at every little noise. I had smothering spells so that at times I would nearly sink away. I got one bottle each of Dr. Miles' Nervine and Heart Cure and I could feel good results from the first few doses. They have since effected a permanent cure. I recommend Dr. Miles' Remedies to all who suffer as I did."—Mrs. G. C. James, Fairmont, Nebraska.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny CAPSULES are superior to Balsam of Capivi, Cubeb or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience. Sold by all druggists.

DR. FRUTH

of New York, late surgeon in the Provident Medical Dispensary of New York City, the well known and successful specialist, will visit ANN ARBOR, SATURDAY, FEB. 21, 1903. Consultation free and confidential at the COOK HOUSE, from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. One day only.



DR. FRUTH

The Most Reliable and successful specialist in the treatment of all Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood diseases of every nature upon the latest scientific principles, has visited the neighboring towns since 1890, cures the cases he undertakes and refuses a fee from the incurables. This is why he continues his visits year after year, while other specialists have made a few visits and ceased to return.

He Particularly invites all whose cases have been treated or pronounced incurable. Patients who are doing well under the care of their own physicians need not call on us, as our province is to treat those who can not find relief otherwise. No money required of responsible parties to commence treatment.

Dr. Fruth, through years of experience has perfected the most infallible method of curing all diseases and weaknesses of men, youthful follies and all effects of abuses and excesses, improper life and solitary habits which ruin both mind and body, unfitting for business, study, society or marriage. A perfect restoration guaranteed under legal contract in writing, backed up by abundant capital to hold for my promise. It costs no more to employ an expert than to risk your life with an inexperienced physician.

I also Cure all curable cases of Catarrh, Liver, Kidney, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, and Skin Diseases by a treatment that has never failed in thousands of cases that have been pronounced beyond hope.

Every Case of Piles, Fistula, Rupture and Stricture cured without detention from business. Sexual weakness, Syphilis, Gonorrhoea and stricture a specialty.

Remarkable Cures which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but personal consultation is preferred.

Remember Date of visit. Come early crowded. A friendly call may save your future suffering; it has made life anew to thousands who had been pronounced beyond hope. Bring sample of your urine, for examination. Reference: Drexel State Bank.

D. O. FRUTH, M. D., 145 Oakwood Boul., Chicago, Ill.

The "Best" Light

Is a portable 100 candle power light, costing only 75c. per week. Makes and burns its own gas. Brighter than electricity or kerosene. No odor. No noise. No danger. Over 100 styles. Lighted instantly with a match. Every lamp warranted. Agents Wanted Everywhere.

THE "BEST" LIGHT CO.
106 E. 5th Street, CANTON, OHIO.

Ground Feed

Saves corn and grows and fattens faster. The best mill for corn, with or without stalks, and all grains. It is the

KELLY
Duplex Grinding Mill.

Crushes and grinds to any fineness. Always uniform. Has machine made. Runs on any power. Easy running. Double set gears. Force feed and regulating. 4 sizes. Catalog FREE. THE G. S. KELLY CO., Dept. 99, PINEFIELD, OHIO.

WELL DRILLING MACHINES

The kind every well posted man uses. Why not buy the latest and best? Old style machines are "out in it." Our latest ones are great money earners. Address:

Loomis Machine Co., Tiffin, Ohio

MORE LIVES ARE SAVED BY USING

Dr. King's New Discovery

Consumption, Coughs and Colds

Than By All Other Throat and Lung Remedies Combined.

This wonderful medicine positively cures Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pneumonia, Hay Fever, Pleurisy, LaGrippe, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup and Whooping Cough. NO CURE. NO PAY. Price 50c. & \$1. Trial Bottle Free.

WAGONS

In buying a wagon for carrying loads to the mill or city, buy the best, the

STUDEBAKER

is by all odds the BEST.

CARRIAGES

High Grade carriages are built by me. Those who have them are suited with them. You will be, if you buy of me.

The prices will suit you.

We sell also high grade harnesses.

Geo. W. Seabold,

113 S. 4th Ave

HIGH SCHOOL ATHLETICS

The Mass Meeting at the High School

PROSPECTS ARE BRIGHT

The Omega Promises to be a Good Number—Senior Class Elect Officers—A Dozen Orators

There was a large and enthusiastic crowd present at the athletic mass meeting in the high school Friday afternoon. Prof. Jocelyn, manager of high school athletics, Pres. Barnet, of the Athletic association, ex-Captain Hickey, of the football team, Captain Heath, of the track team, and "Jack" Robinson and "Jim" Nufer, of the U. of M. track team, were among the speakers. Their purpose was to stir up interest among the students in athletics, and their speeches were of the stirring kind.

The outlook for track athletics in the high school for the coming season are very bright. Nearly all of the old men are back, and many of the new men are showing up well. Among the best of the new men is George Howard, the high jumper, who has more than equalled the interscholastic record of 5 ft. 6 in. The loss of Stuart in the hurdles and dashes will be keenly felt, but fortunately there are many other good men for those events.

There was no debate at the Cleaneadum meeting Friday, owing to the fact that two of the debaters could not be present. The remainder of the program, however, was excellently rendered, and was as follows: Speech, "Presidential Candidates for the Coming Campaign," L. C. Todd; paper, "Current Events," Miss Edith Taylor; biological sketch, "Andrew Carnegie," Miss McNaughton; paper, "The Possibilities of Wireless Telegraphy," Leopold Scott; Cleaneadum News, Arthur Cole. The critic's report was given by Quincy Fowler. The meeting adjourned at 9 o'clock.

The high school S. C. A. social Friday night was largely attended, and was a very enjoyable affair. There were games and music, and refreshments were served toward the close of the evening. There was a valentine box, and the feature of the evening was the reading of some of the valentines by Miss Pomeroy. The social broke up at about 10 o'clock.

On account of the well-directed efforts of L. C. Todd, managing editor of the Omega, and the associate editors, work on the 1903 annual is now progressing very smoothly. Many articles and stories of real literary merit have already been secured, and the grind department promises to be the best in years. There will probably be a greater number of group pictures than in any previous edition, and the athletes will receive especial favor. At the last meeting of the Cleaneadum it was decided that a group picture of the society should appear in the annual.

The high school oratorical contest this year promises to be a very interesting affair. There will be at least a dozen contestants and the range of subjects treated will be wide. There will probably be one preliminary contest, and the final contest will be held the last Friday in March.

Perhaps one of the best all-around athletes in the high school who has lately come into prominence is Carl Schulz. Mr. Schulz's popularity as a tennis player was clearly proved the other day, when he was barely defeated for the position of manager of the team of 1904. He is good at baseball, and is a very strong track man, having few equals in the hurdles and dashes. Although rather light, he is an excellent football player, and would have gotten a place on this year's team but for his heavy school work. By entering track athletics next spring he will greatly enhance Ann Arbor's possibilities of winning Michigan's interscholastic championship.

MYSTERIOUS CIRCUMSTANCE

One was pale and sallow and the other fresh and rosy. Whence the difference? She who is blushing with health uses Dr. King's New Life Pills to maintain it. By gently arousing the lazy organs they compel good digestion and head off constipation. Try them. Only 25c at A. E. Mimmery's and H. F. Miller's, druggists.

RICHMOND-BACKUS INCREASE CAPITOL

The business of the Richmond & Backus Co. has grown so rapidly that even the new seven-story building at the corner of Woodard avenue and Congress street and their large printing establishment in Ann Arbor are inadequate, and steps are now being taken to find a new location with increased manufacturing advantages. It has also been decided to raise the capital stock to \$200,000.

It was in 1842 that the firm of Richmond & Backus began business in the city of Detroit, and for 61 years they have enjoyed uninterrupted business career. Changes have taken place as year by year the volume of trade increased, and the plant has moved from one location to another, always keeping in the business heart of the city, and by the reliable quality and high standard of excellence which has at all times characterized their work. The business at first was purely and simply a book bindery. From the natural development of business this led to the manufacture of blank books, and this still later on to the putting in of a printing plant, and then to the carrying in stock of business supplies, until today the firm is noted the country over as a headquarters for office supplies, stationery, blank books and printing.

The firm as now constituted was incorporated on Tuesday, Feb. 10, 1885. The report of the recent secretary-treasurer at the recent meeting was one of the most flattering and encouraging ever made by the company, showing almost unexampled prosperity, which is undoubtedly due to conservative yet aggressive and skillful business management.

The officers of the company are: Theodore L. Backus, president; C. E. Richmond, vice-president; Charles F. Backus, secretary-treasurer and general manager; John H. Gould and Robert J. Menzies, directors. The firm employs about 200 people.—Detroit Journal.

PEARLS BECOMING SCARCE

It is reported that a famine of pearls has set in, due to the large demand for these lovely gems. It is claimed that no other stone is so becoming to youth and beauty, but the majority of people throughout the country are not able to purchase these costly gems. However, as long as they enjoy good health they are far richer and will always look better than if they possessed all the pearls in the world. If you have lost the precious possession—health—you should try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters because it is recognized as the best health maker in existence. It will cure headache, nervousness, indigestion, liver and kidney troubles and malaria, fever and ague. Our Private Stamp is over the neck of the bottle.

WILL WELL AND TRULY TRY

The following jurors for the March term of the circuit court have been drawn to be in attendance March 9 at 9 o'clock:

Ann Arbor city—George L. Moore, William F. Rehuss, Wesley E. Howe, Vet Armstrong, Newton Felch, D. A. Tinker, Ben Ream.

Ann Arbor town—J. M. Braun, Wm. F. Smith.

Augusta—James P. Cosgrove, Bridgewater—Arthur Crane.

Dexter—John G. Lutzer, Freedom—F. H. Loebbe.

Lima—Charles M. Morse, Lodi—Christian Wuerth.

Lyndon—Clarence Rowe, Manchester—Adam J. Wurster.

Northfield—Charles E. Bird, Pittsfield—William Paul.

Salem—John D. Haywood, Saline—Walter Smith.

Scio—Fred C. Fiegel, Sharon—William Fletcher.

Superior—John Shankland, Sylvan—John Keelan.

Webster—John A. Cushing, York—F. E. Reese.

Ypsilanti city—James E. McGregor, T. M. Thompson.

Ypsilanti town—W. S. Draper.

Energy all gone? Headache? Stomach out of order? Simply a case of torpid liver. Burdock Blood Bitters will make a new man or woman of you.

Read the Argus-Democrat, the only democratic paper in the county, \$1 per year. Subscribers new.

FELL FROM AN ELECTRIC CAR

CHARLES MCKERNAN HAD NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH

He Was Unconscious for Hours and Was Picked Up by the Last Car Saturday Night

Charles McKernan, who is employed in the University electrical department, fell from an electric car on Saturday evening and sustained serious injuries.

He had been spending the evening in Ypsilanti and took the midnight car for home. He was standing on the rear platform when the car lurched to one side and Mr. McKernan was thrown off. The accident occurred at the Country club grounds. The conductor did not see McKernan fall and he was not missed from the car by anyone. When the next car, which was the last car for the night, went back to Ypsilanti, the powerful search light showed a man's hat on the track and the car was stopped to find out whether there had been an accident and found McKernan lying unconscious close beside the track. His head was badly bruised and his back was injured. He was put on the car and taken to Ypsilanti, where he remained unconscious until 9:30 Sunday morning.

Muehlig's ambulance was sent for and the injured man was brought to his mother's home on Ashley street. If the last car had not found him he would undoubtedly have frozen.

THE POSTOFFICE SHORT OF CARRIERS

The Ann Arbor postoffice is just now short of mail carriers. Mail Carriers Donnelly and Blum are on the sick list and Carrier Farnum has a lame leg so that he is unable to walk. Substitute Greenman has gone to Wilmington, Delaware, as a witness. One of the other substitutes is doing work as extra carrier until July 1, so that the office is left with but one regular substitute, where three are needed. Carrier Farnum is driving Horse Carrier Baxter's route with Clerk Dumm to assist him in delivery. Carrier Baxter has taken a foot rest and Charles Kusterer has been appointed temporary substitute carrier to bridge over the emergency.

New Way to Polish a Stove.

No Waste—Odor—or Dirt.

By sprinkling Sifter Stove Polish on the stove and then rubbing with a damp rag and gently brushing with a dry cloth, a brilliant, jet black lustre is obtained. Sifter Stove Polish comes in a large box with a perforated top, through which the polish is sifted just like peppering a breakfast. Sifter Stove Polish is made of pure powdered graphite, which is not affected by fire, produces the most brilliant polish, and when applied, won't rub off. It is odorless. It never dries up. It does not require soaking in water before using. A 10 cent box of Sifter Stove Polish will polish more stoves than three times its cost in any other polish. Get Sifter Stove Polish of any dealer at 5 cents a box, a 10 cent box contains more than twice as much. Insist on the yellow label with the hand.

EDITORS, STREET LOAFERS

And Curb-stone Orators Differ With Mayor

SO THE MAYOR SAYS

He Was Quite Worked Up Over Finances at the Meeting of the Council Last Evening

It is a mortal offense to differ with Mayor Copeland on questions of city finance. If his impassioned utterances at Monday night's council meeting are to be taken as representing his views only "editors, street loafers or curb-stone orators" will differ from him.

Ald. Fischer inquired as to the state of the city's finances during the debate on the street lighting bill.

Mayor Copeland answered the question addressed to the clerk. He said that we have money on hand but it doesn't belong to us. If we collect all the money due us we will have on March — only five or six thousand dollars to pay \$13,000 bonds due. "It is up to the editors of papers," continued the mayor, "to find ways to pay them. It is easy to sit in your office and say how to run a city when you haven't any money. We have now in the bank \$16,000 and \$11,000 of that belongs to the state, county and school district. The banks have said they won't pay our warrants. I don't think they mean it all as a bluff. On the first of March when we have paid out the district school, county and state funds there will be five or six thousands dollars in the treasury and \$13,000 of bonds due. Not a penny more can be found. I will defy any editor, street loafer or curb-stone orator to find a penny."

The mayor's face was pretty white as he uttered these words in his most impassioned manner, but he failed to explain how he met this same difficulty last year, before the heavily increased tax levy of last summer had put the funds in better shape now than they were last year.

City Attorney Sawyer read section 186 of the charter and said it provided that the council should make up its budget in June and then after that was done it could draw warrants on the taxes levied in the budget although not collected. It is the duty of the council if it wants to pass a bill of this kind to provide funds to pay it. After the budget is made up in June you can draw on it, but until that is done you can't draw against it. [The Argus defies the city attorney to find anything in the charter which says the council can allow any warrants after the budget is made up that it can't allow before. Nowhere in the charter is any such distinction made. The source of all the city's financial difficulties is the apparent determination of the administration to read things into the charter that are not to be found there.]

Mr. Sawyer continued: The charter limits the taxes to one-half of one per cent on the assessed valuation. The city has always drawn up to the limit and today it is taxed up to the limit. There is no way under this charter how you can increase the taxes unless you submit the question to the people. [Why not submit any such question to the people? Who are more vitally interested than they?—Ed.] If you put these bills in the June budget you will have to reduce the expenses in some other way.

Ald. Coon said there was serious objections to allowing these orders as the bank would cash orders as long as there were any funds in the treasury. Then how would we pay our county and school taxes?

Mayor Copeland again addressed the council, merely reiterating his former position.

Ald. Grose said every man who had a bill against the city was entitled to have something to show for it. If he couldn't do anything else he ought to be permitted to discount his order if he wants to.

Ald. Fischer thought the lighting bill might be laid over to the next meeting.

Ald. Grose said he didn't see anything to be gained by that. These people were trying to run their plant here out of money due them from the city. He didn't think the council ought to hold them up.

Ald. Hamilton said that possibly some editor could find another \$25,000.

The electric light bill was allowed at \$702.80, the \$37.37 allowed for extra lighting during four months having been deducted by the company. The company also, according to the lighting committee's report, agreed to hire a competent man at their own expense to trim the trees.

When the question came up of adopting the report, Ald. Douglas objected to permitting the company to trim trees without restrictions. Ald. Hamilton moved to strike that part of the report out but the report was adopted, 6 yeas, 4 nays.

The January bills were allowed after a motion to except the election expenses had been lost, by a vote of 10 yeas.

Ald. Fischer wanted to know what had become of the charter amendments.

Mr. Sawyer stated that the committee had instructed him to draw

some amendments and he had done so. He didn't know who had the report, the mayor or some other member of the committee.

Ald. Fischer said it looked to him as if the chairman or some other member of the committee had that report and didn't intend to make it.

Ald. Grose said he was chairman and he had been laboring under the impression that the mayor and city attorney would call a meeting of the committee at their convenience.

The committee was given further time.

On motion of Ald. Coon the council by a vote of 10 yeas decided to buy 30 city directories for \$45.

On motion of Ald. Douglas the sidewalk tax of W. W. Wheelock was remitted.

SKETCH OF ROSWELL WATERMAN

FOR OVER SIXTY YEARS A RESIDENT OF WASHTENAW

One of the Earlier Business Men of the City—A Man Whose Life Was Worthy of Emulation

Roswell Waterman died at his home in this city, No. 502 E. Washington street, February 17, 1903, aged 85 years, 10 months and 15 days. Mr. Waterman was born in the state of New York, April 2, 1817, and came to Michigan in 1835 from a farm on the Ridge Road upon the shore of Lake Ontario in the town of Richfield, Wayne county, New York. Mr. Waterman married Sophronia Maria Noble, a daughter of Sylvester D. Noble, who then lived on W. Huron street in this city. Miss Noble came with her parents to Ann Arbor in 1835, from Syracuse, N. Y. Mr. Waterman and Miss Noble were married February 22, 1842, by the Rev. John A. Baughman, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, at the residence of the bride's father, a small frame house located on the north side of W. Washington street, near the old Lutheran church.

Mr. Waterman then owned a farm in the town of Bronson in Branch county, Michigan, and Mr. and Mrs. Waterman soon after their marriage went to this farm in a stage coach (there being no railroads at that time) and lived for a while. They returned, however, to Ann Arbor and Mr. Waterman for several years in company with his brother David, carried on the dry goods business in a building owned by them on the corner of Main and Huron streets, which is now occupied by the Farmers & Mechanics Bank. Some years later Mr. Waterman built a brick store on the west side of Cook's old frame hotel. This was the first brick store built in that block and at the time of the great fire, in which most of this block was burned, this brick store saved the Cook hotel.

In 1845 Mr. Waterman bought for a residence a lot on the east side of Fifth avenue between Liberty and William streets, now occupied by Dr. Rominger, and paid \$100 for the lot, and he built a dwelling house on this lot, which they occupied until he purchased his farm of 160 acres, in 1847, in the township of Pittsfield, about two miles southwest of Ann Arbor. Mr. Waterman and his sons carried on this farm until he moved to the city of Ann Arbor in September, 1874. Since moving to Ann Arbor Mr. and Mrs. Waterman have owned a cottage at the Methodist resort at Petoskey and have spent the summer months there and the rest of the year at their home in Ann Arbor.

Mr. Waterman leaves surviving him his widow, Sophronia M. Waterman, his daughter, Mrs. Permelia Monroe of Ann Arbor, and his sons, Noble R. Waterman, Edgar D. Waterman of Salt Lake City, Utah, and George E. Waterman of Ypsilanti, and there are also several grandchildren and great grandchildren now living.

Mr. and Mrs. Waterman, it may be truly said, have been among the substantial and valued citizens of this community. Mr. Waterman was a successful merchant, farmer and business man. Mr. and Mrs. Waterman have always maintained and exhibited all the cardinal virtues during their long and busy lives. They have been members of the Methodist Episcopal church during their married life and have aided much by their regular attendance upon all its services and by financial assistance to maintain this strong church in this community.

Mr. Waterman did much to aid the soldiers in the field during the Civil War and to maintain and preserve this government.

He has left a family of children and grandchildren who are strong, vigorous and worthy citizens in every respect. Mr. Waterman has always maintained a deep interest in all political, social, moral and religious questions that affect the welfare of the community. He has always been temperate, honest, patriotic and devoted to those principles and institutions that tend to maintain the highest welfare of the state and the nation.

NOAH W. CHEEVER.

A usual compendium of sporting statistics is the "Police Gazette Sportsman's Annual" for 1903. It contains records of all the prominent pugilists, athletes, bicycle and rowing men, including all the principal features in the trotting and racing world and history of the yacht races for the American's cup. It is a veritable encyclopedia of sporting information, profusely illustrated and sells for 10 cents.

THE TREASURER'S REPORT

At the End of Ann Arbor's Fiscal Year

CITY IS NOT BANKRUPT

It Had Money on Hand on February 1, According to the Administration's Own Showing

Treasurer Newkirk filed his report for the month ending Jan. 31, Monday night with the council. He had on hand at the end of the fiscal year \$19,366.66. Of this \$12,628.81 belonged to the school district and \$3,070.86 to the county and state, a total of \$15,699.67, leaving \$3,666.99 in the city, paving and sewer funds with \$4,424.39 uncollected taxes. His balances were reported as follows:

On hand city funds.....\$ 3,934 67

On hand paving funds..... 31,257 46

Total on hand.....\$35,192 12

Overdrawn sewer funds..... 15,699 66

Balance on hand.....\$19,366 66

As the Argus has stated the \$15,699.67 school, state and county taxes should be taken out of the city fund. On the other hand the sum of \$30,189.55 paid for the State street paving out of the city funds and which on Feb. 2, after the Argus expose, was ordered transferred back to the city funds was not transferred at the time the treasurer's report was dated. Making these obvious corrections the report would stand:

On hand city funds.....\$18,424 55

On hand paving funds..... 1,067 90

School and county taxes.... 15,699 67

Total on hand.....\$35,192 12

Overdrawn sewer funds.... 15,699 67

Balance on hand.....\$19,366 66

Remembering that this was the state of affairs at the end of the last fiscal year, one cannot help wondering why the city wants to issue bonds for current expenses or why the city should have been held out to the world as bankrupt. Why was it, then, that the idea was pressed upon the legislature that it was absolutely necessary to bond for \$40,000 before February 1, or the city would be bankrupt on that day?

SIX CARRIERS ARE OFF DUTY

Sickness Plays Havoc With Ann Arbor Postoffice

The Clerks Who Are Also One Shy Are Carrying Out the Mail

The postoffice force is badly crippled by illness. Six carriers or substitutes are off duty and one clerk. This makes quite a hole in their working force. Carriers Donnelly, Blum and Farnum have been ill all the week. Substitute Greenman is in Delaware as a witness. Assorting Clerk Clyde Elliott was taken sick Tuesday. Carrier Christman and Kelly were too sick to carry mail Wednesday.

Assistant Postmaster Vandawarker was delivering the State street mail today. Clerk Charles Dunn has been carrying the fifth ward mail, while Carrier Ware has been substituted on Carrier Blum's route. Special Delivery Messenger Rob Moore has been carrying Farnum's mail and David Groh has been substituted as special delivery messenger.

Carrier Kelly started out with his mail, but hadn't got farther than Dr. George's when he was positively forbidden by the doctor to go farther and the office notified. Clerks Elmer E. Beal and A. A. Pearson finished his delivery. Mail Clerk George Sanzi has also done some carrying. The night clerks have been working 18-hour stretches.

Can't Be Separated

SOME ANN ARBOR PEOPLE HAVE LEARNED HOW TO GET RID OF BOTH.

Backache and kidney ache are twin brothers.

You can't separate them. And you can't get rid of the back ache until you cure the kidney ache.

If the kidneys are well and strong, the rest of the system is pretty sure to be in vigorous health.

Doan's Kidney Pills make strong, healthy kidneys.

Mrs. Joseph Buechler of No. 314 Second St., says: "I had pain through my back and kidneys. I could not lie or rest comfortably in bed and in the mornings felt unrefreshed and tired. The kidney secretions became affected, unnatural and distressing. I doctored a great deal, but met with little or no success. Doan's Kidney Pills procured at Eberbach & Son's drug store, in a short time entirely rid me of the trouble."

Sold by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

A FIRE AT DR WOOD-ALLEN'S

What might have been a serious fire but for the prompt use of a chemical extinguisher occurred at the home of Dr. Mary Wood-Allen at 10 o'clock Wednesday night.

Miss Pomeroy, a high school teacher, who is making her home with the doctor this winter, accidentally overturned a piano lamp by which she was reading. The oil from the lamp immediately caught fire, flowing under the door into a hall, and under a folding bed, setting on fire the curtains of the bed and the woodwork of the bed and door.

Miss Pomeroy did not lose her presence of mind, for instead of yelling "fire," as the majority would do, she called for Mr. Wood-Allen, who was in an adjoining room. By the prompt use of a chemical extinguisher the fire was put out before it had gained any headway. Had it not been for the extinguisher the fire would have soon attained such violence that the house would have been badly damaged if not entirely destroyed before the fire department could have arrived. As it is the loss is slight and is fully covered by insurance, and the fire department were not called out on the coldest night we have had this winter.

BORACIC ACID IN THE MILK

Charge Made That Boarding House Keepers Use It

WANTS MILK INSPECTION

Inspector for State Dairy and Food Commission Thinks Ann Arbor Ought to Appoint One

J. R. McCall, of Kalamazoo, state dairy inspector, has been stopping at Hotel American while he inspected the dairies in this vicinity. He seems to be very thorough. The result of his work will be printed in the monthly report published by the dairy and food department. The state is doing a good work in its fight for pure food. Mr. McCall thinks Ann Arbor should have a milk inspector. He says there is no city in Michigan in proportion to its size, that uses as much milk as Ann Arbor does, and therefore only pure milk should be furnished. In conversation with a gentleman who has given much attention to this subject, Mr. McCall was told, the greatest danger of adulteration by the use of preservative, boracic acid and like preparations, occurs after the milk leaves the hands of the milkmen. "Do you think," said the gentleman, "that if boardinghouse keepers, have a gallon or two of milk left, that they are going to let it spoil? Not much. They will make it keep for the next day. The only way to detect this adulteration is to have a boarder take away from the table a sample of milk. I have known this to be done in a number of cases."

THE LIBERTY ST. PAVEMENT

Practically Ordered by the Council Monday Night.

The Liberty street paving passed the council Monday night, the second step towards paving this spring being taken. The first step was securing a petition signed by a majority of the property owners. This was presented Monday night and the council ordered the board of public works to furnish plans and specifications for the pavement so that bids may be asked. The pavement is to be of block asphalt.

COMMON SENSE AND CONSUMPTION

The treatment of consumption is every year becoming more successful. The majority of cases can be cured if taken in time. Not more medicine but more common sense is the cause of the improvement.

Fresh air, good climate, food, clothing, exercise, all these are important features of common sense treatment.

As a builder of flesh and restorer of strength Scott's Emulsion is still unequalled. The special action of Scott's Emulsion on the lungs is as much of a mystery as ever—but an undoubted fact.

Common sense and Scott's Emulsion is good treatment.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like. SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

WHO WILL RUN FOR MAYOR

The Political Atmosphere Not Very Clear.

MANY ARE UNWILLING

To Allow Their Names to be Mentioned—And There Are Now Believed to be No Active Candidates.

Never were city politics more quiet. Never has the public taken a more active and general interest in city matters, but the candidates for city office, if we except the clerkship, are not in evidence and the spring election is only a few weeks away.

There has been some talk, of course, about mayor, but there are no active candidates in the field. Mayor Copeland says he won't run, but there is quite a general suspicion afloat that in the end he will be found upon the republican ticket. Other republicans who have been mentioned for mayor are George Apfel, W. E. Stimson, D. T. McNeil and Aldermen Hamilton, Coon and Jenny. Some of these have denied being candidates or being willing to accept, if nominated.

The names already mentioned on the democratic side for mayor are Arthur Brown, Andrew Reule, J. D. Ryan and ex-Mayor Gottlob Luick.

Many of the aldermen have expressed an unwillingness to stand for re-election, but it is believed that most of them will again be candidates.

SAD SUICIDE OF A STUDENT

HE SHOT HIMSELF IN THE TEMPLE

Left a Letter Saying He Was Insane—No Cause Known for the Rash Act

At one o'clock Wednesday afternoon Orlando G. Pepper, a first year student in the dental department, shot and killed himself. The young man, who was 21 years of age, lived with his widowed mother at 636 S. Thayer street.

Before the suicide occurred the young man had been chatting with his mother. He seemed perfectly rational. Shortly after he had left the room a pistol shot was heard from the upper portion of the house, and rushing to the attic the student roomers found the dead body with a bullet hole in the right temple.

The suicide left the following note: "Goodbye, dear mother and friends. I am going to kill myself because I am insane."

Although Pepper had been attending classes regularly and received all his credits for the work of the past semester, still despondency over his studies is considered to be the cause of the deed. He was a hard working student, but found the work difficult and progressed slowly.

Dr. Robert B. Howell, demonstrator of dental mechanism, who was one of the young man's instructors during the past semester, said when informed of the suicide:

"Mr. Pepper was a good student. If you should tell me that one of the members of my class had committed suicide, he is the last one I would have thought of. Now that the act has been done and I can look back over it I can see, perhaps, why it might have occurred. Pepper was a peculiar fellow. He was so quiet that his peculiarity was not noticeable. It showed itself in a gloomy, morose manner. Pepper was a hard working student, very conscientious, yet he never seemed to get ahead very well. He is not the kind of student whom I should think would have found his theoretical work easy. He certainly had to study very hard to get his practical laboratory work for me."

The family of the deceased moved to Ann Arbor some time ago from Pontiac in order to educate the children. The eldest daughter, Miss Olive Pepper, graduated from the University last year, and at present holds a position of instructor in the University of Illinois.

The suicide of Mr. Pepper at this time recalls vividly the sad death of Miss Agnes Inglis and that of Albert Klein, which occurred just a year ago.

The funeral will be held at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon and will be private. The body will be taken to Dansburg Saturday afternoon, where services will be held.

The sister of the unfortunate had arrived today.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership between the undersigned existing before and up to the 1st day of November, 1901, thereafter was and now is dissolved, and that it was and still is agreed that the last named party below shall collect any and all debts due the firm

Dated, February 7th, 1903.

EMANUEL L. SCHNEIDER.

WM. R. SCHNEIDER.

For Rent—A farm of 100 acres, on middle Ypsilanti road, one-half mile from city limits. Will rent cheap for next two months or work on shares.

ROBT. McCARDY.

WELCH POST G. A. R. WILL CELEBRATE

Welch post, G. A. R., will celebrate Washington's Birthday in Odd Fellows' hall on Monday evening, Feb. 23. The following are invited to be present: All members of Welch post and Woman's Relief Corps and their families, all veterans of the Civil War in the city not members of the Post, and their families; the Spanish War Veterans, and Company I, M. N. G., and their ladies. Admission 10 cents to apply on expenses.

Program: 6:30 p. m., oyster supper; 8 p. m., musical entertainment and recitations; 9:30 p. m., dancing until 12 o'clock, the old quadrilles being a special feature.

WASHTENAW CLERKS AT LANSING

From a neat little Michigan Legislative Handbook received with the compliments of Representative Whitaker we find that there is one Washtenaw committee clerk in the Senate and one clerk and one messenger in the House. George Wackenhut, of Chelsea, is clerk of the following Senate committees: Industrial Home for Girls, Industrial School for Boys, School for the Blind, School for the Deaf, State Asylum. Arthur G. Judson, the state oil inspector's son, is clerk of the House committees on Education, Northern Asylum for the Insane, Public Health, Roads and Bridges, School for Blind, State House of Correction, and Upper Peninsula Prison. Byron T. Miller, of Milan, is a House messenger.

E. W. Groves

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

FARM TO EXCHANGE.

If you have good city property to exchange for a good farm of 80 or 100 acres address

9 C. M. FELLOWS, Saline.

For Rent—I have concluded to quit farming and move to town so want to rent my farm on shares for a term of years, on sections 9 and 10, Seco. Postoffice, Dexter. Phone 541, two rings, Ann Arbor. G. A. PETERS.

FARM FOR SALE.

Seventy-three acres of land, containing six acres of timber, rest plow land; good buildings and well fenced; two miles southwest of Ann Arbor. Address Christian D. Steeb, Ann Arbor, Mich. apr 1

Wanted—Men to learn barber trade. Tools, diplomas, positions, and board given. Years saved by our method of free work and expert instructions. Write today. Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ills.

Read the Argus-Democrat, the best weekly. Only \$1 per year.

BOYS WANTED! We want a boy in every town to work for us after school hours and on Saturdays. Over 3000 boys now at the work. Some make \$10.00 to \$15.00 a week. SATURDAY EVENING POST

ANY BOY who is willing to devote a few hours each week to this work can earn many dollars selling The Saturday Evening Post. Among neighbors and relatives. He can begin at once. Absolutely no money required to start. Write us today and we will send the first week's supply of ten copies free. These are sold at 5 cents each, and will provide capital to order the next week's supply at wholesale rates. \$225 in Extra Cash Prizes Next Month. Booklet containing photographs of some of our most successful boy agents, with letters telling how they work, sent free. The Curtis Publishing Company, 484 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Cuban Orange Lands

Located near Havana, on railroad and macadamized highway, well watered by streams, level fertile soil. Ten acres of this land, with little labor, will produce more dollars than 200 acres of the best land in the United States. The climate is perfect, the average temperature being 71, while the highest is 85 and the lowest 49. There is no healthier country on the globe since sewerage was put into Havana. Lands sold on long time without interest or taxation. Ask for booklet. Address, CUBA COLONY CO., Limited, Kingman Block, Battle Creek, Michigan.

A Cheap Fountain Pen That Is Good

A dollar Pen that's as good as most two dollar ones. That's our "Special" pen. Large size barrel, 14 karat gold pen. Fine, medium, coarse and steel points. Come in and try one—We'll be glad to have you see what a good Fountain Pen a dollar will buy

AT

WAHR'S Bookstores

LOCAL BREVETS

The Country club will give a party next Monday evening at their club house.

The Manchester banks have \$492,390.65 on deposit with \$553,660.20 resources.

Manchester's three rural mail carriers handled 23,182 pieces of mail in January.

Mrs. Anna Page died in Chelsea Thursday after a lingering illness from erysipelas.

A social will be given in St. Thomas hall on Feb. 25 to the parishioners and their friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hoffman of Seventh street are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby girl.

There have been eight Presidents of the Council since that office was established, all of whom are living.

The Owl club have moved to their new rooms in the Savings Bank block and are very comfortably situated.

The railroads of Michigan earned \$45,700,224 in 1902, an increase of \$3,552,340 over the preceding year.

Mrs. Harriet R. Mead, who died in Salline last week at the age of 81 years, was one of the early settlers of that place.

Lawrence J. Damm, who has been with Gies, in Detroit, so many years, has returned to this city, where he will locate again.

An informal party of the Masonic fraternity will be held in their hall Monday evening, Feb. 23, with dancing from 8:30 to 1 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Basil Seevey, of Washington, D. C., are the proud parents of a baby boy. Mr. and Mrs. Seevey formerly resided here.

Germania lodge, No. 476, D. O. H., will have a masquerade Monday evening, February 23. Admission 50 cents, ladies in mask free. Spectators 25 cents.

The committees for the Masonic dance which is to be given next Monday evening are hustling and propose to give the fraternity a most enjoyable time.

Every Knight Templar in the city should so arrange his affairs that he will be able to attend the special convocation next Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock sharp.

"Some Things to Remember on Washington's Birthday" is the subject of an address which Wm. K. Childs will give at the Unitarian church next Sunday noon.

A. E. Reynolds, of this city, got first prize on his fox terrier, Trixie, at the bench show in Detroit, and second prize on Prince Alert, in the novice class of pointers.

Susan Sleight, aged eight years, died at the home of her parents, 427 Thompson street, Tuesday morning, of diphtheria. The funeral was held at 4 o'clock from the house.

Only one examination in the eighth grade of the county schools will be held this year. This will be May 8 and 9. The state department of education has dropped the February examination.

L. D. Carr has just returned from San Antonio, Texas, where he left his wife at a sanitarium for the winter. Mr. Carr reports San Antonio as practically a northern city, the northern element being in control.

Two actors have been taken down with the small pox in Jackson. They believe they were exposed by a Kalamazoo traveling man. The actors are Mr. and Mrs. William Echols, of the Echols-Van Etten stock company.

The 73d birthday anniversary of Valentine Alger was appropriately celebrated last Saturday evening at his home on Wall street. All of his children and grandchildren were present and a lovely time was enjoyed. A fine set of dishes was presented to Mr. and Mrs. Alger. Two of Mr. Alger's daughters, Mrs. Dunn and Mrs. Westinger, reside in Howell.

William C. Jacobus has returned from California with golden reports for the Ann Arbor Placer Mining Co. He was greatly impressed with the prospects of the company and the richness of the placer mine.

David Gore, a former resident of Whitmore Lake, died Sunday at Toledo. The remains were taken to Whitmore Lake on the 9:30 train Tuesday and taken to the Northfield Catholic church, where the funeral services were held.

The telephone wires on Main street will be moved from the center of the street to the new arms being placed on the street railway poles. This will make the telephone service better as the live wires in the street will have less effect upon them.

The heirs of Theophilus Larned were gratified to receive payment through President of the Council Haarer for a life insurance policy in the Phoenix Mutual which had lapsed in 1874 after three payments. They have written a letter of thanks for prompt settlement.

Dr. Smith performed a difficult operation Friday upon Dr. Morden for Bright's disease. The operation was a great success and great hopes are entertained for the patient's ultimate recovery. Dr. Morden is a brother of Mrs. J. L. Chapman.

The fancy dress carnival that was to have been given at Harris hall Feb. 21, has been postponed until after Easter, owing to the illness of some of the ladies who had it in charge. Any who have purchased tickets can have their money refunded.

One effect of the fire in Chelsea last week is that the Chelsea water works will change from a standpipe system to the direct pressure system. Instead of rebuilding the fallen water tank the village will install another pump and the water will be pumped directly into the mains.

Ed. Spaeth had a bad scare Wednesday night by the blowing up and overturning of an apparatus for thawing out frozen pipes, containing gasoline. The oil caught fire and made Spaeth hustle. It was extinguished without damage further than causing Spaeth's hair to raise on his head.

The Fire Commissioners Saturday purchased a team of handsome bays for \$362.50 for use in the fire department in the place of the big black team which they have sold to Gottlob Hanselman for \$250. The black team did not prove to be exactly what was wanted for the fire department.

Wm. Dupslaff and Miss Caroline Raab were married Tuesday evening by the Rev. A. L. Nicklas at the parsonage. The contracting parties were accompanied by Henry Raab and Miss Mary Kaercher. The happy couple will take up their residence at the home of the parents of the groom on First street.

Bert Eddington, age 21, of Milan, and Sadie Vealey, age 20, also of Milan, were married Saturday afternoon by Justice Doty in County Clerk Blum's office in the presence of Lute Bortles and Mrs. Ella Bortles, both of Milan. The bride is said to have been one of the prettiest girls ever married in the court house.

There will be extra national music at the Unitarian church Sunday morning in honor of Washington's Birthday. In the series of discourses which Mr. Crooker is giving on "The Sermon on the Mount," he will discuss next Sunday morning the questions: "Can we live its teachings? Is it a practical rule of life?"

Dr. C. G. Darling, of Ann Arbor, and Peter M. Miller, of Ypsilanti, are two of the incorporators of the Detroit Life and Liability Insurance Co., which has just organized with \$100,000 capital stock. The company insures lives against sickness and injury, indemnifies employers against injury or death by accident of their employees.

The Consumers' League will hold a meeting for the election of officers on next Tuesday at Harris hall. Every lady who is interested in the work of the club is asked to be present. Exhibitions of the garments which bear the Consumers' League label will be made by the various merchants handling them in this city.

The Rev. S. S. Marquis, of Detroit, will preach in St. Andrew's church, next Sunday, both morning and evening. In the evening he will preach a special sermon to young people under the auspices of the Hobart Guild, taking as his subject "The Liberty and Bondage of Habit—Some Things from my College Experience."

Forty relatives surprised Mr. and Mrs. John Tracy last Saturday evening. Cards were played and prizes were given. Mrs. Homer Godfrey received first ladies prize and Mr. Harry Garland first gentlemen's prize. Miss Anna Stang and Thomas Beatty of Salline got the booby prizes. A delicious supper was served.

Edward Taylor, a stranger to the city, was brought before Justice Doty Friday, charged with stealing a bolt of blue cloth valued at \$18 from Fulde, the tailor, Thursday afternoon. He waived examination and was bound over to the circuit court. Taylor stole the cloth and ran down street with it. Chase was given and deputy through the instrumentality of Deputy Sheriff M. J. Martin, Taylor was caught.

NOTICE

On the Thomas Blake farm two miles east of Ann Arbor on Geddes road, will be sold at public auction Tuesday, Feb. 24, 1902, at 9 o'clock sharp: 5 horses, 4 cows, 131 sheep, 10 pigs and farm implements.

THE OLD RELIABLE



ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

Henry Schmid, one of the old residents of Lima, died Thursday after an illness of long duration, aged 66 years. His death was hastened by the death of his daughter, Mrs. W. Lutz, which occurred four weeks ago. He leaves a wife and five children. The funeral was held on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock from the house and at 10:30 from the Salem church in Seio.

Chairman Green and Secretary Creech of the republican county committee have issued a call for a republican county convention at the court house Wednesday, Feb. 25, at 11 a. m., to elect 21 delegates to the state convention in Detroit, March 6, before which Judge E. D. Kinne will be Washtenaw's candidate for supreme court justice. The convention will also name a candidate for county school commissioner.

Twenty-nine different men have been mayor of Ann Arbor, of whom 12 are living and 17 are dead. All of the last nine mayors are living. Judge W. D. Harriman is the oldest living mayor. He was first elected mayor in 1870. He was mayor again in 1883 and 1884. Judge Kinne is the second oldest, having been elected in 1875 and 1876. Then comes Dr. John Kapp, who was elected four times, in 1880, 1881, 1882 and 1885.

Someone stole the large thermometer in front of Miller's drug store on Main street late Sunday night. The thermometer was fastened to the building by five large screws and the thief had evidently been armed with a good screw-driver. The thermometer cost Mr. Miller \$10. Its value, however, is probably not what attracted the thief. If anyone should see this thermometer he should give Mr. Miller information of its whereabouts, as many people have been using it to keep track of the weather and greatly miss it.

MARRIED AT ST. PATRICK'S

MR. WILLIAM HALLEN AND MISS EMMA WELCH

A Large Number of Officiating Clergymen—A Large Reception After the Wedding

Yesterday at St. Patrick's church, Northfield, Mr. William Hallen and Miss Emma Welch were united in the holy bonds of matrimony. Rev. L. P. Goldrick officiated, assisted by Revs. Frank Kennedy, Jos. M. Condoford, Richard Grace, John Ryan and Thos. Hennessey. Mr. Jas. Welch was best man, and Miss Anna Hanlin bridesmaid.

Amid the cold winds and low temperature glowed the bright fires of love and friendship, for church as well as festive board was thronged with their many happy relatives and friends. Children of the oldest and most respected families of the parish they were sent on life's roadway with many a hearty wish and congratulation.

After the ceremonies a reception was tendered at the bride's home, where a tasty banquet was ready for the numerous friends. Valuable and many were the gifts that streamed in from all quarters, tokens of the high appreciation in which they are held. They will reside in Northfield, and will be at home to all after their little honeymoon trip.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Eighty-acre farm 4 miles south of Ann Arbor; 6 acres of timber, house, barns, well, spring and orchard. Can be bought cheap. Inquire of MRS. C. WALLACE, 505 N. Division St.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

"THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER."

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea" or

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE

All druggists or by mail 125 cts. and 50 cts. Buy 10 day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, Box 293, Le Roy, N. Y.

He Who Conquers Prejudice

Is a great man and participates in many benefits that are denied to an obstinate prejudiced person.

Stein-Bloch SMART CLOTHES

Are daily dissipating prejudice from reasonable men's minds [against] Ready-to-wear Clothes. If you who read this imagine that only your tailor can give satisfactory apparel, come to us, and after seeing, trying on, and

Stein-Bloch Clothes

You will be freed from a prejudice that has cost you much needless expenditure in the past. There are some tailors who can make-to-measure as good as Stein-Block Ready-to-wear, but they are forced to charge you more than double the price of Stein-Block Smart Clothes without giving you one jot more style, more service or more intrinsic value than you'll find in the

STEIN-BLOCK SMART SUITS and OVERCOATS

LINDENSCHMITT & APFEL



UPRIGHT 1902 STEIN-BLOCH CO.

A PRETTY WEDDING AT MRS. KOCH'S

MISS CORNELIA KOCH AND MR LUCIUS ALLEN, WED

The Decorations Were Beautiful and a Pretty Wedding Reception Was Held

One of the prettiest home wedding of the winter occurred Wednesday evening at the home of Mrs. Christine Koch, when her daughter, Miss Cornelia, was united in marriage with Mr. Lucius Allen, of Newcastle, Pa., in the presence of the relatives and intimate friends.

The house was prettily decorated with palms, ferns and flowers. The parlors were decorated in palms and ferns, the color scheme being kept entirely in the green. The sitting room and dining room were in red and green, carnations and smilax being used in the decorations.

The guests were received by Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Koch and Mrs. Balletero.

The bridal party entered the parlor at 8 o'clock to the sweet strains of Lohengrin's wedding march, which was rendered by Mrs. Eugene Koch, who also played Cavaleria Rusticana softly during the service. The beautiful ring service was read by Rev. A. L. Nicklas as the bride and groom stood in the bay window before a bank of green palms, ferns and vines. The Misses Malvina Koch, sister of the bride, and Delia Allen, sister of the groom, acted as bridesmaids, and Mr. Henchett, of Big Rapids, as best man.

The bride looked charming in a beautiful gown of French mull elaborately tucked and trimmed in Valenciennes lace. She carried an arm bouquet of white roses.

The bridesmaids both wore dainty white gowns and carried pink carnations.

The bride presented the bridesmaids with silver spoons and the groom gave the best man an opal and pearl scarf pin.

After the ceremony the guests sat down to an elaborate wedding supper in the dining room. The table was prettily decorated in red and green. The candles in the candelabra on each end of the table were shaded in red and a graceful bouquet of red carnations occupied the center of the table and red ribbons and smilax was gracefully draped from the chandelier.

A large number of beautiful presents attested to the popularity of the bride and groom.

Miss Koch is a graduate from the Ann Arbor high school and has for the past eight years been the book keeper at the furniture store of her uncle, John Koch.

Mr. Allen graduated from the U. of M. last June from the literary department. Before his graduation he received an appointment as expert chemist for the Portland Cement Co. at Newcastle, Pa. Both bride and groom have a wide acquaintance in Ann Arbor and their friends wish them the happiest of journeys through married life.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen left that evening for a short trip before going to house-keeping at Newcastle. They will visit Niagara Falls and Jamestown, N. Y.

The out of town guests were Miss Maude Allen and Miss Heidt, of Lansing, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Allen, Miss Della Allen and Herbert Allen, of Jamestown, N. Y., and Mrs. H. Nichols, of Chicago.

All the healing balsamic virtues of the Norway pine are concentrated in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Nature's own remedy for coughs and colds.

For Rent—On shares, three farms in Webster township. Good land good buildings. E. Cranson, Dexter.

Here's a How'd'ye do!

The other day we heard a man say that he didn't know we ever repaired furniture or finished or upholstered it. Seemed very much surprised when we told him that we were in the business. Said he thought we only sold furniture. Of course we couldn't pardon such ignorance. So we got pretty strenuous in telling him all about it. In our great eagerness we pounded him on the back and stepped on his toes, till he really didn't know whether we were urging him to buy gold-mining stock or whether we were talking politics. Now in case there might be anyone else like this man who doesn't know, we take this opportunity of assuring him that we do repair, upholster, and finish furniture. Not alone do we assure him that we do it, but that we do it the best it can be done. Also we do it the cheapest. We've got the facilities and we've got the men. If you've a couch or old side-board that needs repairing or refinishing, just let us show you how well it can be done and how cheap. WE'RE THE PEOPLE. THAT'S ALL.

KOCH'S FURNITURE STORE

300-302-304 S. Main St. Phone 50.

The Argus-Democrat \$1.00 per Year

K&K&K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K

BLOOD POISON

If you ever contracted any Blood Disease you are never safe unless the virus or poison has been eradicated from the system. At times you see alarming symptoms, but live in hopes no serious results will follow. Have you any of the following symptoms? Sore throat, ulcers on the tongue or in the mouth, hair falling out, itching pains itches of the skin, sores or blotches on the body, eyes red and smart, dyspeptic stomach, sexual weakness—indications of the secondary stage. Don't trust to luck. Don't ruin your system with the old foggy treatment—mercury and potash—which only suppresses the symptoms for a time only to break out again when happy in domestic life. Don't let quacks experiment on you. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT is guaranteed to cure you. Our guarantees are backed by bank bonds that the disease will never return. Thousands of patients have been already cured by our NEW METHOD TREATMENT for over 20 years, and no return of the disease. No experiment, no risk—not a "patch up," but a positive cure. The worst cases solicited.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

OUR NEW METHOD TREATMENT will cure you, and make a man of you. Under its influence the brain becomes active, the blood purified so that all pimples, blotches and ulcers disappear; the nerves become strong as steel, so that nervousness, bashfulness and despondency disappear; the eyes become bright, the face full and clear, energy returns to the body, and the moral, physical and sexual systems are invigorated; all drains cease—no more vital waste from the system. The various organs become natural and manly. You feel yourself a man and know marriage cannot be a failure. We invite all the afflicted to consult us confidentially and free of charge. Don't let quacks and fakirs rob you of your hard-earned dollars. WE WILL CURE YOU OR NO PAY.

We treat and cure NERVOUS DEBILITY, SEXUAL WEAKNESS, EMISSIONS, SYPHILIS, GLEET, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, KIDNEY and BLADDER DISEASES, and all diseases peculiar to men and women. Cures guaranteed.

READER! Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you contemplating marriage? Has your blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? No matter, who has treated you, write for an honest opinion. Free of Charge. Charges reasonable. Books free.—"The Golden Monitor" (Illustrated) on Diseases of men "Diseases of Women" "The Wages of Sin" "Varicocele, Stricture and Gleet." All sent Free sealed.

No medicine sent C. O. D. No names on boxes or envelopes. Everything confidential. Question list and Cost of Treatment, FREE, for Home Cure.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

148 SHELBY ST. DETROIT MICH.

SMALLPOX IN AUGUSTA

Three Families Have Suffered From It

SCHOOL HOUSE CLOSED

The Disease Is of a Mild Type—This Make Two Townships in the County in Which It Exists

Smallpox is now in two localities in this county. The case in Freedom has already been described in these columns. In Augusta there have been several cases and a new one has just broken out.

Michael Keinkaup, who lives two and a half miles east of Whittaker, is down with the disease. Mrs. Frank Merritt, who lives on the same road nearer Whittaker, has just recovered from it. But these were not the first to get the disease for it was in the Smith family, on the county line road, between Washtenaw and Wayne. They lived in this county so that the case was one for the county to take charge of.

The Childs school house in Augusta has been closed for the past two weeks on account of smallpox.

Dr. Smith, of Willis, has been attending all these cases. The cases have been of a rather light description and all are about recovered excepting Weinkaup, who has just come down with the disease, but who is also said to have a light case.

Owing to the interest taken by the supervisors in the contagious disease bills the question of what it is costing the county in Augusta is naturally interesting, but the Argus was unable to get any details. A gentleman from Augusta said he heard that it would cost \$50 a day.

CONSOLIDATION WAS PUT OFF

D. Y. A. A. & J. WILL NOT BE ABSORBED

By the Detroit United Who Are Evidently Trying to Beat Down the Price

The following New York dispatch to the Journal would go to indicate that the D. Y. A. A. & J. is not yet to be absorbed by the Detroit United Railways. Reading between the lines it would seem that as the Argus predicted it was simply a question of price.

New York, Feb. 13.—Chairman H. A. Everett and President Hutchins of the Detroit United railway have left New York after completing all the essential details for the merger of the Detroit United company, the Lake Shore electric road and the Detroit & Toledo Short Line by means of a holding company. The accidental presence in the city of S. F. Angus, treasurer of the Detroit, Ypsilanti, Ann Arbor & Jackson railway, created the impression that this property would also be included in the deal, but it is stated on the best authority that there is no such present intention.

The Lake Shore Electric Railway Co. is to be included in the merger, and is now undergoing a reorganization which those interested in the road say will put it in the best of condition financially and prepare the way for making it the finest electric road property in the United States. It is claimed that the conditions of the territory which it traverses are peculiarly favorable to electric business.

The new company may be called the Michigan Securities Co., although the name is not yet decided upon. It is likely to be more than a mere holding company, as it will take charge of the properties under long term leases, assume fixed charges and guarantee a certain dividend. The company will not be formed until all the details of the reorganization of the Lake Shore line are worked out.

Among those interested in the properties it is said the natural ultimate disposition of the Detroit, Ypsilanti, Ann Arbor—Jackson line is absorption by this combination. However, it is not now in such condition as to make its acquisition desirable. The cost of constructing the road was out of all proportion to the necessities or profits of its traffic.

The clearing up of the affairs of the Lake Shore road, it is said, will leave Everett and his friends free to proceed with the reorganization of their telephone properties in Ohio.

President J. C. Hutchins, of the Detroit United Railway, was seen on his return from New York and said his visit there had nothing to do with the formation of any securities company, nor has any such plan been discussed. There has at various times been some tentative talk regarding the desirability of more closely knitting together the various properties of the Detroit United Railway system, but nothing definite has been decided even on that line. As for the Ypsilanti road, Mr. Hutchins says it was not mentioned during his stay in New York.

The Argus-Democrat has news from all over the county. \$1 per year.

IMPORTANT SUIT IN DELAWARE

An important railroad suit is on at Wilmington, Delaware, to which several Ann Arborites have been summoned as witnesses. The road interested is the B. & O. The case is a test one and is over some dentist chairs consigned to an agent of the chair company at Ann Arbor, who claims not to have been notified of their arrival until he had lost some sales through their non-arrival. H. W. Hayes and Charles Greenman and Frank Ryan, now of the Ypsilanti postoffice, are among the witnesses from this section to prove the mailing of postal cards to the agent here, which were not called for and hence returned to the road. The witnesses will have a nice trip of it.

ARRESTED AS TRANSIENT TRADER

Callaghan & Co. Will Fight the Ordinance

CLAIMING IT VOID

One Law Book Man Has Another One Arrested Under the New Ann Arbor Ordinance

The new transient traders ordinance is in the court. C. E. Barthell, who sells law and medical books at 326 S. State street, has made complaint before Justice Doty under this ordinance against A. S. Clark, who comes here twice a year for Callaghan & Co., the large law book publishers of Chicago. Callaghan & Co. have for years maintained an agency in this city for the sale of law books at the beginning of each semester and have been in Schleede's store on State street ever since Schleede removed from down town.

The new ordinance, which was passed last December, imposes a license fee of \$7 a day for the first 20 days and \$5 a day thereafter.

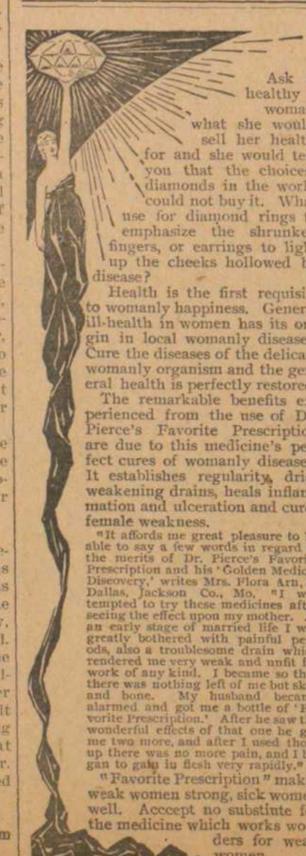
Mr. Clark immediately appeared in court with his attorney, M. J. Cavanaugh, pleaded not guilty, and the case was set for February 20.

Callaghan & Co. will fight the ordinance to the end. Mr. Cavanaugh gave notice this morning that the ordinance was void and said that if it was good that Barthell himself came within its definition of a transient trader and had violated the ordinance, which defines a transient trader as a person "who occupies premises within the city for a temporary period and is not assessed for taxes in the city and who offers goods, wares or merchandise for sale."

Some of the law students are talking of holding an indignation meeting as they claim that the Callaghan & Co. agency here has enabled them to buy their text books cheaper.

The ordinance is one in which quite a number of merchants are interested and the fight that will ensue over its validity will be watched with considerable interest. This is probably the only question in the case.

It's a mistake to imagine that itching piles can't be cured; a mistake to suffer a day longer than you can help. Don's Ointment brings instant relief and permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.



Ask a healthy woman what she would sell her health for and she would tell you that the choicest diamonds in the world could not buy it. What use for diamond rings to emphasize the shrunken fingers, or earrings to light up the cheeks hollowed by disease?

Health is the first requisite to womanly happiness. General ill-health in woman has its origin in local womanly diseases. Cure the diseases of the delicate womanly organism and the general health is perfectly restored. The remarkable benefits experienced from the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription are due to this medicine's perfect cures of womanly diseases. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"It affords me great pleasure to be able to say a few words in regard to the merits of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' writes Mrs. Flora A. of Dallas, Jackson Co., Mo. 'I was tempted to try these medicines after seeing the effect upon my mother. At an early stage of married life I was greatly bothered with painful periods, also a troublesome drain which rendered me very weak and unfit for work of any kind. I became so thin there was nothing left of me but skin and bone. My husband became alarmed and got me a bottle of 'Favorite Prescription.' After he saw the wonderful effects of that one he got me two more, and after I used those up there was no more pain, and I began to gain in flesh very rapidly."

"Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong, sick women well. Accept no substitute for the medicine which works wonders for weak women.

DAMES AND DAUGHTERS.

Mrs. Agnes Lewes, the real wife of George Henry Lewes, died near London recently, aged eighty-one.

Mrs. Squiers, wife of the American minister to Cuba, is trying to organize a society for prevention of cruelty to animals.

Mrs. Alice M. Ruble, member of the lower house of the Colorado legislature, made the nominating speech for Henry M. Teller for United States senator in Denver.

Miss Susan B. Anthony will soon place all her books and documents relating to the woman question in the Congressional library in a special alcove to be devoted to this purpose.

Mrs. Nellie M. Moore of East Pepperell, Mass., a cousin of Abraham Lincoln, is preparing a family genealogy. Her father was born in the same log cabin in which the great president was born in 1809.

Mrs. Caroline White in behalf of the Women's Society For the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals in Philadelphia, of which she is president, has lately presented medals to a number of policemen in that city who had rescued animals from cruel treatment.

Mrs. M. A. Biddy of Catawissa, Pa., has been appointed tax collector of Catawissa borough by the court to fill out the unexpired term of her husband, lately deceased. This position is held by no other woman in the state. She gave bond in the sum of \$20,000.

Mrs. L. H. Greenwald, the only woman weather forecaster, has just completed her sixteenth consecutive year as the observer for the United States weather bureau at York, Pa. She has the best equipped observing station in the volunteer department and is thoroughly versed in the science pertaining to her work.

GOWN GOSSIP.

The habit back skirt will be included among next season's styles.

Very handsome laces are largely used this winter to decorate fur neck scarfs and muffs.

Lace and chiffon in every possible guise are still lavishly used for trimming and draping silk, satin, velvet and moire evening toilets.

There are worn this winter a great many varieties of Louis XIV. and Louis XV. coats, which in some form or other always remain in fashion.

The Alice Roosevelt, the Maude Adams, the zarina and the Du Barry are the names of four of the picturesque broad brimmed hats that will appear at Easter tide.

Gold and silver braids used in simple or intricate fashion, together with a whole regiment of tiny corresponding buttons, are features of some of the fashionable models for spring tailor costumes.—New York Post.

TRAIN AND TRACK.

On the railroads in Canada it is necessary to keep over 600 snowplows in operation every winter.

The three most important railroads of Yucatan are to be combined under the name of the Consolidated Railroads of Yucatan.

It is estimated that the new railroad mileage laid in 1902 amounts to 6,026 miles, the largest for several years. The estimated mileage for 1903 is 9,000 miles.

The courts of New York have invariably, when the question has come before them, announced that it was a principle of the common law that it was the duty of railroad companies to furnish passengers with seats.

POULTRY.

The more active breed the less the liability to fatten.

An orchard that is at the same time a poultry yard will yield more fruit of a better quality.

One of the very best egg producing rations is wheat and oats with milk and bran mash well cooked.

If chickens are allowed to roost before they are ten or twelve weeks old, their breasts often get crooked, and their growth and appearance are spoiled.

Never fasten the nests to the walls. No poultry house can be kept clean of lice as long as the nests are in a position which prevents their being thoroughly cleaned.

COLLEGE AND SCHOOL.

Professor A. H. Buck, one of the oldest members of the faculty, has made a gift of \$25,000 to Boston university in real estate.

Albert Shiels, principal of a New York public school, has been offered the principalship of the normal school which the Argentine Republic is about to organize in one of its principal cities.

In Austria religious instruction is compulsory in all schools. The head teacher must belong to the faith of the majority, and the teaching of religion is under the direction of the religious bodies.

MONEY MATTERS.

The average factory hand gets \$1.40 a day and creates \$3.75 worth.

The savings bank deposits of the United States equal the national debt multiplied by three.

The average life of \$1 and \$2 bills from issue to redemption as mutilated currency is a little more than two years.

The Imperial budget of Germany for 1903 is \$616,243,183, which exceeds the annual income of the government by \$54,980,434, which amount must be borrowed.

Woodman's Narrow Escape From Wolves

Wolves have not in years been so numerous in the country bordering on Lake Superior as they are this winter. Much loss has resulted to farmers in stock killed, and in several instances men have been killed. Edward Folkson, a settler near Highland, recently had an experience with the fierce brutes that was within a minute of time of ending fatally.

Folkson went out into a piece of timber a few days ago to cut wood. He was only a mile and a half from home and was unarmed, except for an ax. His dog accompanied him.

About 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon he heard a wolf howling some distance away, but paid little attention to it.

Fifteen minutes after the wolf was heard Folkson's dog, which was hunt-



THE WOLVES GATHERED AROUND THE TREE.

ing in the timber on his own account, rushed up to his master, evidently in mortal terror. A minute later the howling of a pack of wolves only a few hundred yards away broke the echoes of the forest.

Folkson did not await further developments, but ran to a convenient tree and was soon safe among the branches.

He had acted none too soon. The wolves broke from cover within 100 feet of him and rushed straight for the tree where he was perched. There were seven in the pack, full grown timber wolves, evidently maddened with hunger. They were on the trail of the dog, which had struck into the woods.

The canine, evidently endeavoring to protect his master, remained near the tree, and the wolves fell upon him and tore him to pieces, devouring his carcass.

After finishing their repast they turned their attention to Folkson and rushed around the tree, howling and leaping at the lower branches. Tiring of this, they sat around in a semicircle and began a siege.

This lasted about two hours and a half, and then, one by one, they trotted away.

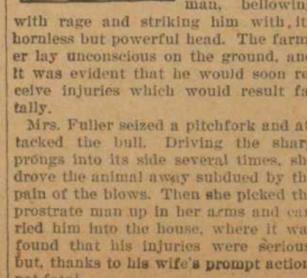
Woman Saves Husband From a Mad Bull

Another instance of woman's heroic devotion to those they love must be recorded. The episode happened in New Jersey, and the act done was to aid one who was dear to the person voluntarily entering danger. In it, however, the rescue was accomplished without any injury to the rescuer.

In this case a woman saved the life of her husband from an infuriated bull.

Henry Fuller, a farmer living about five miles from Chester, went out in his barnyard a short time ago early in the morning. Mrs. Fuller, in the house, soon heard the snorting and bellowing of the bull, which had been dehorned because of its vicious nature. Realizing that something serious had befallen her husband, she ran from the house. Entering the barnyard, she found the bull standing over the man, bellowing with rage and striking him with its hornless but powerful head. The farmer lay unconscious on the ground, and it was evident that he would soon receive injuries which would result fatally.

Mrs. Fuller seized a pitchfork and attacked the bull. Driving the sharp prongs into its side several times, she drove the animal away subdued by the pain of the blows. Then she picked the prostrate man up in her arms and carried him into the house, where it was found that his injuries were serious, but, thanks to his wife's prompt action, not fatal.



My Hair

"I had a very severe sickness that took off all my hair. I purchased a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor and it brought all my hair back again."

W. D. Quinn, Marseilles, Ill.

One thing is certain,—Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the hair grow. This is because it is a hair food. It feeds the hair and the hair grows, that's all there is to it. It stops falling of the hair, too, and always restores color to gray hair.

\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

CONDEMNING LAND FOR PARKS

Henning Property and Cat Hole Property.

PETITIONS WERE FILED

By the City in the Circuit Court Saturday Asking for a Jury to Award Damages

Two lengthy petitions were filed in the county clerks office Saturday by City Attorney Sawyer to condemn land for the city of Ann Arbor.

The first petition is to condemn the land owned by Edwin Henning which is adjoined by Block 18 of Ormsby and Page's addition, being bounded south by the Michigan Central right of way, on the west and north by Broadway and on the south and east by the west line of State street as originally platted.

The other petition is to condemn the land about and including the cathole. The land thus sought to be condemned is Lot D, Block 3, R. S. Smith's 3rd addition, part of which is owned by Marion M. Wheelock, John Mathews, mortgage and part by Wm. A. Moseley and Sarah his wife; Lots 1 and 2 in Block 2 south Range 13 east, owned by the estate of John Laughlin, Horace G. Prettyman and Jennie, his wife, also claiming to be owners; Lots 3, 4 and 5 in Block 2 south, Range 13 east, and land lying east of it to the east line of the west 1/2 of the northwest 1/4 of Section 28, Town 2 south, Range 6 east, of which the estate of George Lant, Sr., and Horace G. Prettyman and wife both claim to be owners, and lot 114 of R. S. Smith's third addition, owned by the estate of Sylvia E. Smith.

The city asks that summons be issued against the parties named and that a jury be empaneled to determine the necessity of the condemnation, to fix the value of the lands and to determine to whom the same should be paid.

NEARLY FORFEITS HIS LIFE. A runaway almost ending fatally, started a horrible ulcer on the leg of J. B. Orner, Franklin Grove, Ill. For four years it defied all doctors and all remedies. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve had no trouble to cure him. Equally good for Burns, Bruises, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25c at A. E. Mummy's and H. F. Miller's drug stores.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. Thos. D. Kearney, Attorney State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw—SS. In the matter of the estate of Bernard Keenan, deceased. Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, executor of the estate of said deceased, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, A. D. 1903, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the south front door of the court house in the city of Ann Arbor, in the county of Washtenaw, in said state, on Tuesday, the 17th day of March, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of death of said deceased), the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lot number twelve (12), in block number three (3) north, range number four (4) east, according to the recorded plat of the city of Ann Arbor, Washtenaw county, Michigan. Dated, Ann Arbor, January 30th 1903. PHILIP DUFFY, Executor of the Estate of Bernard Keenan, Deceased. THOS. D. KEARNEY, Attorney for Executor.

GOWN GOSSIP.

Jacket bodices will be used for spring gowns for girls.

Ombre or shaded silk evening toilets, fancy waists, stockings and ribbons appear among the season's novelties.

Fleece lined piques in white, pink, ciel blue and other delicate colors will be a popular material for spring shirt waists.

A wool costume is the most desirable of all the serviceable designs, and the new spring importations show a great variety of designs.

In the exhibits of fine French hosiery are black, white and delicately colored silk stockings with the monogram on the instep, either in embroidery silk or delicate lace medallions.

The Russian blouse, with and without the peplum or skirt below the waist (which finishes all of the regular blouses a la Russe), will rival the open fronted fancy jackets in favor during the season before us.

Fringed or pinked ruches, milliners' folds, both wide and narrow; dangling gimp fringes, chatelaine effects, brandebourgs, silk cord and chenille frogs and braids, and passementeries and appliques are among the spring styles in dress and jacket garnitures.—New York Post.

FOR OVER SIXTY YEARS

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays the pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw—SS.

In the matter of the estate of Jonas Marsh, deceased. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of said deceased, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the county of Washtenaw, on the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1903, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the south front door of the court house in the city of Ann Arbor, in the county of Washtenaw, in said state, on Wednesday, the 11th day of March, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the sale), the following described real estate, to-wit:

Beginning at the southwest corner of section number eleven, town two south, range five east, thence north on the west line of said section two hundred rods; thence east eighty rods; thence south two hundred rods to the south line of said section; thence west eighty rods to the place of beginning; containing one hundred acres of land, it being the west half of the southwest quarter and the south twenty acres of the west half of the northwest quarter of section number eleven.

Also, beginning at a point on the east and west quarter line of section number ten, town two south, range five east, forty-four chains and forty links west of the east quarter post of said section number ten; thence east along the quarter section line forty-four chains and forty links to said quarter stake; thence north along said section line twenty-six chains and twenty-two links; thence west parallel with the quarter line sixteen chains and twenty-five links; thence north parallel with the section line ten chains and fifty links; thence west to the Huron river; thence along the southerly bank of said river to a stake standing on the southerly bank of said Huron river, north fifty-two degrees and fifteen minutes west, twenty-two links from a white oak tree twenty-two inches in diameter; thence south fifty-two degrees and fifteen minutes east along the east bounds of Robert Giles' addition to the village of Scio to an angle in said plat; thence south to the place of beginning, being a part of the northeast fractional quarter and of the south part of the northwest fractional quarter of section number ten.

Also, the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section number twenty-three, town two south, range five east.

Also, commencing at the northwest corner of section number twenty-four, town two south, range five east, running thence east seventy-two rods; thence south eighty rods; thence west seventy-two rods; thence north eighty rods to the place of beginning, it being thirty-six acres of land off the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of said section number twenty-four, all in the township of Scio, Washtenaw county, Michigan. January 23, 1903.

W. D. HARRIMAN, Administrator with the will annexed. THOS. D. KEARNEY, Attorney for Administrator.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. Thos. D. Kearney, Attorney State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw—SS. In the matter of the estate of Bernard Keenan, deceased. Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, executor of the estate of said deceased, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, A. D. 1903, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the south front door of the court house in the city of Ann Arbor, in the county of Washtenaw, in said state, on Tuesday, the 17th day of March, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of death of said deceased), the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lot number twelve (12), in block number three (3) north, range number four (4) east, according to the recorded plat of the city of Ann Arbor, Washtenaw county, Michigan. Dated, Ann Arbor, January 30th 1903. PHILIP DUFFY, Executor of the Estate of Bernard Keenan, Deceased. THOS. D. KEARNEY, Attorney for Executor.

GOWN GOSSIP.

Jacket bodices will be used for spring gowns for girls.

Ombre or shaded silk evening toilets, fancy waists, stockings and ribbons appear among the season's novelties.

Fleece lined piques in white, pink, ciel blue and other delicate colors will be a popular material for spring shirt waists.

A wool costume is the most desirable of all the serviceable designs, and the new spring importations show a great variety of designs.

In the exhibits of fine French hosiery are black, white and delicately colored silk stockings with the monogram on the instep, either in embroidery silk or delicate lace medallions.

The Russian blouse, with and without the peplum or skirt below the waist (which finishes all of the regular blouses a la Russe), will rival the open fronted fancy jackets in favor during the season before us.

Fringed or pinked ruches, milliners' folds, both wide and narrow; dangling gimp fringes, chatelaine effects, brandebourgs, silk cord and chenille frogs and braids, and passementeries and appliques are among the spring styles in dress and jacket garnitures.—New York Post.

FOR OVER SIXTY YEARS

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays the pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world.

For Sale—Woodland—22 acres of good standing timber on section 29, Northfield; 1 1/2 miles east of Whitmore Lake road. T. J. DE FORREST.

DETROIT, YPSILANTI, ANN ARBOR & JACKSON RAILWAY. In Effect July 6, 1902. GOING WEST.

Through cars from Detroit to Jackson leave Detroit on every hour from 6:00 a. m. until 5:00 p. m. Then at 7:00 p. m. and 9:00 p. m. Cars from Detroit to Ann Arbor leave Detroit every half hour from 6:00 a. m. until 7:00 p. m. Then at 8:00 p. m., 9:00 p. m., 10:00 p. m. and 10:45 p. m. Cars leave Ypsilanti for Ann Arbor at 5:45 a. m. and 6:15 a. m. Cars leave Ypsilanti for Jackson at 5:45 a. m. and 6:45 a. m. GOING EAST.

Through cars from Jackson to Detroit leave Jackson hourly from 5:45 a. m. until 6:45 p. m. Then at 8:45 p. m. Car leaving Jackson at 10:45 p. m. runs only to Ypsilanti. Cars leave Ann Arbor for Detroit half hourly from 6:15 a. m. until 6:15 p. m. Then at 7:15 p. m., 8:15 p. m., 9:15 p. m., 10:15 p. m. and 11:15 p. m. Cars leave Ypsilanti for Detroit at 5:45 a. m. and 6:15 a. m. Cars leave Dearborn for Detroit at 5:40 a. m. and 6:10 a. m. Cars leave Ann Arbor for Ypsilanti only at 6:45 p. m., 7:45 p. m., 8:45 p. m., 12:15 a. m. and 12:45 a. m.

On Saturdays and Sundays, in addition to the above the following cars will be run: Detroit to Jackson, 6:00 p. m. and 8:00 p. m. Detroit to Ann Arbor, 7:30 p. m., 8:30 p. m. and 9:30 p. m. Jackson to Detroit, 7:45 p. m. and 9:45 p. m. Ann Arbor to Detroit, 6:45 p. m., 7:45 p. m. and 8:45 p. m. On Sundays, first cars leave terminals one hour late.

YPSILANTI-SALINE DIVISION. Leave Ypsilanti: A. M.—6:15, 8:15, 10:15. P. M.—12:15, 2:15, 4:15, 6:15, 8:15, 10:15. Leave Saline: A. M.—7:00, 9:15, 11:15. P. M.—1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15, 11:15. A special car will be run from Ypsilanti to Saline at 12:15 a. m. on arrival of theatre car from Detroit, for special parties of ten or more, on short notice and without extra charge.

ELECTRIC LINES HAULING FREIGHT

PRESIDENT HAWKES THINKS THEY WILL NOT DO IT

The question of freight hauling on electric lines is not only attracting the attention of the best minds in the electric railroad business, but the managers of steam roads have done some hard thinking by reason of its possible competition. There is a wide difference of opinion as to the advisability of the electric roads undertaking it.

"I do not believe it ever will be done," said J. D. Hawks, president of the Detroit, Ypsilanti, Ann Arbor & Jackson R. R., in the Detroit Free Press. "By that I mean the handling of anything but light package freight, which is really more in the line of express business with freight charges. When it comes to the question of handling all kinds of freight, including stone, coal, etc., there are many matters to be taken into consideration. There are only two ways to do it. One is by the single unit system, the single car, and the other, is in trains. If the first were adopted it would require as expensive underneath equipment as the passenger cars, the pay of a motorman, etc., to say nothing of the necessary increase in the power house machinery to move these cars. Then the element of time enters into the question. In most of what we would call the trunk electric lines of the state, in fact of all the states, the engineers have sacrificed everything to time for the rapid transit of passengers. Where preparations are made for fast business, it means more expense in the building and maintenance of the roads—more solid roadbed, heavier rails and heavier cars, and more power. To handle general freight would interfere with the time question. It would be next to impossible to make the time unless the roads were double tracked with frequent turnouts at that.

"Take the train idea. An electric locomotive costs as much as a steam locomotive, its life is not as long and it is useless until the juice is turned into it. And it takes juice to run them. I can tell you. No, I do not believe it is the province of the electric lines to interfere with the steam roads in carrying heavy freight. A light package business is all right and is really a necessity in any well-operated suburban electric line. It has been my observation that the electric lines instead of hurting the freight business of the steam roads have thrown to the steam roads fully as much if not more than they have taken away from them. The lines are also feeders for the steam lines in the passenger business.

"In my opinion the day is coming when cheaper electric lines than those now being operated will be built as branch lines or feeders to the main electric and steam lines, reaching the parts of the rural districts now inaccessible to the steam roads. On these lines the element of fast time will not enter into the matter as much as on the main or trunk electric lines, and it will then be possible for these roads to haul to and from these rural districts freight for the steam roads. I think this is one of the evolutions that is coming, but, as I said before, I do not think that you will see the electric lines enter the general freight business."

GIGANTIC OCEAN LINER

Cedric of White Star Line Has Nine Decks.

THE LARGEST SHIP EVER BUILT.

External Dimensions of Latest Triumph of Belfast Builders Identical With Those of the Celtic, but Structural Differences Provide Increased Passenger Accommodations—Novelty in Staterooms.

The White Star Steamship company's leviathan Cedric, the largest ship ever built, which will soon arrive at New York on the completion of her maiden voyage, is under the command of Lieutenant Haddock, R. N. R., C. B. Liverpool people are accustomed to the presence in the Mersey of great steamships of the transatlantic lines, but in the case of the Cedric they are showing an unusual interest. Engineering and shipbuilding circles in Europe and America are also unusually interested in the advent of the Cedric, says the New York Commercial Advertiser.

The Cedric is the greatest triumph of the Belfast builders, Harland & Wolff. The external dimensions of this ship are identical with those of the Celtic, but by reason of structural differences to provide increased passenger accommodation the gross tonnage of the former vessel has been slightly increased. The Cedric is 700 feet in extreme length, 75 feet in breadth, 49 1/3 feet deep, with gross tonnage 21,000 tons and displacement 38,200 tons. The propelling machinery consists of two sets of quadruple expansion engines driving twin propellers. There are eight double ended steel boilers capable of working to a pressure of 210 pounds to the square inch, and the vessel is designed to attain a speed of about seventeen knots at sea. She has nine decks, is built on the cellular double bottom principle and is so divided into numerous watertight compartments, exceeding all official requirements, that a maximum of security is obtained.

The Cedric has accommodations for 350 first saloon, 250 second saloon and about 2,000 third class passengers. Her crew will consist of 335 men, 92 of whom will be in the engine room. She has four masts and two funnels. The height of the funnels is 131 feet above the keel; their diameter is 14 feet 3 inches by 11 feet. The Cedric and Celtic, like their forerunner, the Cymric, are intended to cater for the large and increasing class of travelers who prefer to sail in a vessel of good moderate speed rather than in what is known as "a flier." The Cedric will have, in addition to the ordinary staterooms, suits consisting of bed, sitting and bath rooms, enabling those who can afford to pay for the privilege to enjoy all the privacy and comforts obtainable on shore. There are also single berth staterooms, a novelty first introduced in the Oceanic and Celtic. The first class dining saloon is a very handsome apartment. Situated on the upper deck, it extends the full width of the ship (75 feet) and has a seating capacity of 340. The library is luxuriously furnished, and the smoking saloon is spacious and well appointed. The accommodation for the second saloon passengers is aft, on the upper and bridge decks. It is excellent not only in regard to the bedrooms, baths and lavatories, but the dining saloon, library and smoking room are exceptionally attractive and comfortable apartments.

The ventilation throughout is effected by a system of electric and steam fans, as well as by natural means. The third class passengers have large dining rooms, besides comfortably furnished sitting and smoking rooms. There are separate galleys or kitchens for all three classes of passengers, also separate pantries equipped in the most approved modern style. The Cedric is also well provided with such essentials as music, electric light, electric bells, etc., and the cuisine is an object of special care. The dead weight carrying capacity of the Cedric is 18,400 tons. In external appearance she differs little from her sister ship. One needs to see alongside her one of the giants of fifteen or twenty years ago to realize how great a stride has been made in size alone during the interval.

Present For General J. B. Gordon. F. M. Hill of McKinney, Tex., who served during the civil war under Quantrell, and B. S. Ellis of Caddo, L. T., who served under General Bedford Forrest, both horsemen, have selected a beautiful blood bay horse, 15 1/2 hands high, six years old, without a blemish, perfectly trained and gaited, to be presented to General J. B. Gordon as a present from ex-Confederates at the reunion to be held in New Orleans in May next, says a special dispatch from Guthrie, Okla., to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. This horse is now in the possession of Ellis at Caddo and will be shipped to New Orleans ten days before the reunion, to be ridden by General Gordon in the procession.

Device to Perfect Ship Signaling. Announcement has just been made at a meeting in Montreal of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph company that it promises to revolutionize the signaling to ships. Marconi has almost perfected an apparatus to measure the distance between a ship at sea and a station on land, says the New York Times. This will be accomplished by means of a movable disk, which will be affected by the current from the ship. Naturally the further the ship the weaker the current. The disk will have stationary marks, which will thus register the exact distance from ship to shore. Stations will be established all along the St. Lawrence river and gulf to Belle Isle.

DAUGHTERS OF THE REVOLUTION

The Daughters of the Revolution held a most interesting meeting Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Wm. Brown, of E. Kingsley street.

The paper of the afternoon was read by Mrs. Hutchins and was a most able and brilliant one. The subject was "Aaron Burr."

The election of officers which was left uncompleted at the last meeting was finished yesterday. Mesdames Carhart, Babcock and Pond were re-elected to their old offices. Mrs. W. H. Waite was elected historian, and Mrs. Murfin and Mrs. Richards delegates to the Continental Congress, which is to be held in Washington on Feb. 22. After the business of the afternoon was concluded, a social hour was enjoyed by the members of the club.

BETTER THAN GOLD.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by A. E. Mummy and H. F. Miller.

THE PERSONALLY CONDUCTED, \$6.00 A BERTH, TOURIST PARTY

is what you should look into if going to

CALIFORNIA, OREGON OR WASHINGTON

—ON THE—

\$33.00 RATE FROM CHICAGO

In fact the guide accompanied or so called personally conducted party, is "the only way" to travel to get the full benefit of the overland trip at the reduced rate. The semi-weekly

JUDSON-ALTON EXCURSIONS

in particular fulfill all the requirements of this special service, namely: through cars, clean wholesome beds, good fast time, Rocky Mountain scenery, a select and intelligent company, and information enroute. Information not only on history and scenery, but also about land, investments, irrigation, etc. So often have our excursion managers gone back and forth over the route that they are among the best informed men on the subject of western property. Particularly they know everything about the railway trip, relieving their passengers of the care of baggage, train connections and the responsibilities of travel.

The Judson-Alton parties have back of them the guarantee of the Chicago & Alton, Missouri Pacific, Denver & Rio Grande and Rio Grande Western Railways, the Southern Pacific Company, the Oregon Short Line and Oregon Railway and Navigation Company.

If you want to know more about the Judson-Alton Excursions cut off the coupon on the right, fill out the blank spaces and mail it to Mr. Geo. H. Lennartz, Agent, 349 Marquette Building, Chicago, Ill.

Cut on this line, fill out the blank spaces plainly and fully and mail this coupon to Mr. Lennartz. Name, Address, City, State, Probable date of departure, etc.

READ THE Most Liberal Subscription Offer Ever Made

BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WE ARE ENABLED TO OFFER

For a Short Time Only A Handsome Set of Five Books and a Year's Membership in the American Musical Association, BOTH ABSOLUTELY FREE, to new subscribers and subscribers renewing their subscriptions to

ANN ARBOR ARGUS-DEMOCRAT

READ THE TITLES

Note the Prominent Authors



These illustrations show Style of Binding

- Set No. 1. Popular Fiction: Black Rock, Three Men in a Boat, Elizabeth and Her German Garden, House of the Wolf, Sign of the Four. Set No. 2. Standard Classics: Lorna Doone, John Halifax, Sketch Book, The Scarlet Letter, Autocrat of the Breakfast-Table. Set No. 3. Poetic Masterpieces: Longfellow's Poems, Holmes' Poems, Whittier's Poems, Lucile, The Princess. Set No. 4. For Girls: Black Beauty, Flower Fables, Laddie, and Miss Toosie's Mission, Alice's Adventures in Wonderland, Uncle Tom's Cabin. Set No. 5. For Boys: Little Lame Prince, Try Again, Water Babies, Rollo in London, Tales from Shakespeare. Set No. 6. Religious: Pilgrim's Progress, Imitation of Christ, Kept for the Master's Use, Daily Food for Christians, Paradise Lost.

No More Liberal Offer Was Ever Presented to the Public. The books alone would cost you \$1.25. They are printed from new, perfect plates, on good quality of book paper, and are bound in strong cloth stamped with a beautiful design in attractive colors, and the popular vocal and instrumental music published in twelve successive issues of Conkey's Home Journal, if purchased in sheet music form, would cost you \$6.00.

FOR \$2.00 WE OFFER YOU A Year's Subscription to ANN ARBOR ARGUS-DEMOCRAT \$1.00 A Year's Subscription to CONKEY'S HOME JOURNAL .50 A Year's Membership in the AMERICAN MUSICAL ASSOCIATION 1.00 A Set of ANY FIVE BOOKS from the above List of 30 Titles 1.25 A Total Valuation of \$9.75, All for \$2.00

Conkey's Home Journal is one of the best family magazines published. It contains from 36 to 63 pages, is printed on good paper and is beautifully illustrated. The home departments are as follows: Lessons in Home Millinery, Home Dressmaking, an Up-to-Date Pattern Department, Lace and Embroidery Making, Interior Decoration, Domestic Science, Plants and Flowers and a Department of Music. The home departments are all conducted by well-known specialists and the special articles and short stories are by such famous authors as

- OPHELIA READ, STANLEY WATERLOO, MAUD HOWARD PETERSON, MARY J. STAFFORD, FLORENCE HULL WINTERBURN, Senator A. J. BEVERIDGE, MADAME PATTI, MADAME SARAH GRAND, LILLIAN BELL, IRVING BACHELOR, JACK LONDON, FRANK SPEARMAN, LONDON KNIGHT, Senator CHAUNCEY DEWEY, CARMEN SYLVA, Queen of Roumania, HENRY IRVING DODGE, ONOTO WATANNA, EREN E. REXFORD, MRS. M. L. STEGFRIED, FREDK. B. STEVENSON, OUIDA, ELLA WHEELER WILCOX, COUNTESS OF WARWICK.

The Department of Music contains each month a song, waltz or two-step for the piano or organ and practical lessons in piano playing and vocal training by eminent Chicago teachers. The newest and best features are continually added and improved and there will be many features in Conkey's Home Journal this year that can not be noted in advance. It will always be one of the very best.

The American Musical Association has a membership of over 50,000. The object of the Association is to furnish its members sheet music, folios, instruction books and every variety of musical literature at discounts ranging from 50 to 90 per cent. For 24 cents extra we will send you a copy of the American Musical Association's catalogue, which lists over 40,000 titles of standard classical and popular vocal and instrumental selections, all of which are subject to immense discounts when purchased from the Association. The catalogue also contains a list of about 5,000 pieces which are sold postpaid to members for only 6 cents per copy. The catalogue lists a new and magnificent line of pianos, organs, violins, mandolins and other musical instruments. The regular price of a membership in the American Musical Association is \$1.00, but by special arrangement it is given free with the above offer. The Association publishes in each issue of Conkey's Home Journal a complete list of titles of new, up-to-date music, which may be obtained from the Association at less than half the regular price.

The ARGUS-DEMOCRAT Is the Oldest and Leading Local Weekly in Southern Michigan

Now Is the Time to Take Advantage of This Wonderful Offer

For it will be withdrawn as soon as our stock of books is exhausted. SAMPLE SETS OF THE BOOKS MAY BE SEEN AT THIS OFFICE.

Argus-Democrat, Ann Arbor, Mich.

Name of Paper, I enclose herewith \$ for a year's subscription to a year's subscription to Conkey's Home Journal, a year's membership in the American Musical Association and Set No. of the books described in your offer. Name, Street, City.

IGNORANCE OF PUBLIC OFFICERS

As to Duties a Cause of Poor Government

PROF. FAIRLIE'S TALK

Before the Ladies' Union Yesterday—He Opposes Partisan Politics in City Matters

For the second time this year the Ladies' Union departed from their usual routine and listened to an address by a man Wednesday afternoon. Dr. Fairlie, assistant professor in administrative law, gave a very interesting talk on "Municipal Government."

His talk was very general in nature and gave the club women a good and clear idea of the government of cities. Prof. Fairlie told of the development of cities and outlined the functions of government, and discussed the defects and failures of cities. He said cities are not new, we find that there were cities in ancient history, many of them as large as those of the present day. Municipal activities declined after the decline of the Western Empire. At the end of the eighteenth century cities began to revive and began to grow both in size and number in England and other European countries and in our own country. This growth has never stopped. It continues to grow until one almost fears what it will come to in the end. At the beginning of the eighteenth century there were only eighteen cities of 10,000 population and at the present day there are over 200 cities of 200,000 inhabitants and the smaller cities have increased in proportions which are strikingly significant. Our own country has had its own share of growth. The large population of cities forces upon the authorities matters which tend to increase the comfort and safety of the citizens and to render city life more like the life led by those living in smaller towns. It forces them to keep in touch with the latest scientific secrets and to apply them for the public benefit.

Prof. Fairlie told of the improvement in city officials. The uniformed, well disciplined police force has taken the place of the old nightwatchman who cried the hour and the state of the weather. The well equipped fire department has taken the place of the old bucket brigade, the health officer is ably assisted by a corps of competent men, these are the protecting forces of a city, besides those who do much more for the comfort both material and aesthetic by the laying out and paving and cleaning the streets, furnishing a pure water supply, street railway system and lighting. These matters are being taken up more and more by municipal authorities. The authorities are carrying on a great host of charitable institutions, public schools, which are supplemented by high schools, public libraries, museums of art and sciences, etc. In all of these things the citizens should show the greatest interest.

The opinion abroad is that the government of American cities is an absolute failure. This idea is erroneous. However, many mistakes and failures are made. The cause of the most frequent failure is the corruption of public officials. Many times the officials are utterly dishonest, but it is a mistake to lay all the emphasis on that evil. It is usually the outcropping of fundamental faults. Unless some such scandal is to come to light as has within the last year in St. Louis and Minneapolis, most cities are inclined to think their conditions perfect.

Another fault is that of ignorance on the part of the public officers. Not illiteracy nor lack of general education but ignorance on the points pertaining to the government of the city. It is the fault of the citizen in electing such officers and this is the ultimate cause of municipal degeneration.

A great error arises from conducting municipal elections on national party lines. In Europe this condition never exists, but the elections are the results of purely local campaigns. Cambridge, Mass., is an example of this sort of municipal government and the result is eminently satisfactory. The Municipal Voters League of Chicago have done much for pure municipal politics in that city and the result is one of the best city councils in the country. Such an organization is only a success when supported by a large number of intelligent citizens.

Prof. Fairlie in closing severely criticized the matter of not announcing candidates for office longer before the election. "An election is to be held in about six weeks, yet I have heard no whisper as to who are to be the candidates for office."

The talk throughout was interesting and the points were clear. At the close of the meeting the president announced that at the next meeting there would be a travel talk by the old president of the society, Mrs. Sunderland.

MILITARY LANDS WANTED.
\$5.00 paid persons telling who has one, whether I buy or not.
R. K. Kelley, Kansas City, Mo.

The Argus-Democrat has news from all over the country. \$1 per year.

DEATH OF ROSWELL WATERMAN

AT THE RIPE OLD AGE OF 85 YEARS.

He Celebrated His Sixty-Fifth Wedding Anniversary Last Year.

Mr. Roswell Waterman, one of the oldest and most highly respected residents of this city, died Tuesday at the ripe old age of 85 years from pneumonia.

Mr. Roswell Waterman was born in Otsego county, N. Y., in 1817. In 1835 he accompanied his parents to Detroit and thence to Bronson, where he bought 80 acres of land from the government. In 1837 he was married to Miss Elsie Rose, with whom he celebrated their sixty-fifth wedding anniversary last year. In 1841 he engaged in mercantile pursuits for a few years, but afterward returned to his favorite life on the farm and purchased a fine farm in Washtenaw county.

Mr. Waterman has been an active member of the Pioneer society since its organization. He has been a member of the First M. E. church for a number of years. He was many years ago a captain in the state militia.

Those who knew him will always retain a kindly affectionate memory of him.

The funeral was held on Thursday afternoon from his late residence, 502 E. Washington street, at 2:30 o'clock.

ANN ARBOR'S MANY FACTORIES

Only Six Cities in Michigan Have More

SMALL BUT NUMEROUS

Nearly 1,200 Wage Earners Employed in Them—The U. S. 1900 Census Upsets Preconceived Notions.

Ann Arbor, according to the 1900 census abstract just issued, has 231 manufacturing establishments with a capital of \$1,304,694, and employing an average number of 1,187 wage earners who receive \$462,181 in wages. The material used cost \$1,238,269 and the manufactured product is worth \$2,340,138.

Ypsilanti has 110 manufacturing establishments with a capital of \$898,161, employing an average of 681 wage earners who receive \$233,013 wages. The materials used cost \$725,907 and the finished products were worth \$1,318,793.

Chelsea had 40 establishments with a capital of \$207,550, employing 188, with \$70,415 wages, paying \$123,785 for material and turning out \$293,452 of finished products.

Contrary to preconceived notions the census shows only six cities in Michigan with a larger number of manufacturing enterprises. These cities in order are Detroit, Grand Rapids, Saginaw, Bay City, Kalamazoo and Jackson.

There are 16 cities which employ a larger number of workmen and 22 cities with a larger capitalization. There are only 14 cities which pay more each year in wages. There are 17 cities which turn out a larger value of finished products.

WHAT HAPPENS IN SALEM TOWNSHIP

Salem, Feb. 18.—The funeral of Mr. Elam Worden, who had long been a sufferer with consumption, was largely attended at Pebbles church last Monday afternoon.

The Sunday school social held at Charles Rider's last Thursday evening was well attended and a good time enjoyed especially by the young people.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Lane entertained the Echoes last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Roberts will take possession of their new home, the old Walker farm, in the near future.

Mrs. Dr. Hooper and little daughter, of Detroit, are spending a few days with Mrs. Hooper's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. Davison.

Mrs. C. Bennett lost a valuable cow last Monday.

Miss Jennie Vanatta has returned to Detroit. She came out to attend the funeral of her uncle, Elam Worden, and made her parents a visit of a few days.

Miss Martha Wilkinson, of California, is making her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Wilkinson, a short visit. She will go to Chicago next week to get new ideas in millinery.

Mr. George Nullar returned from Montana last Sunday, where he has spent the past year with his three sons. He says if he was a few years younger, Michigan could not hold him.

WEBSTER NOTES OF INTEREST

Webster, Feb. 17.—Mrs. G. H. Winslow will entertain the Ladies' Missionary society at dinner on Thursday, Feb. 26.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Chamberlain entertained the Webster Farmers' club at their home on last Saturday. A very enjoyable time is reported.

A number of Websterites attended the German social held at F. Strehle's in Delhi, Tuesday evening.

Miss Mae Ball will give a party to a number of invited guests on Thursday evening.

Fred Bird, our genial mail carrier, who has been confined to the house, is improving.

Quite an improvement has been made in the interior of the Webster Congregational church by the addition of new cushions and new choir chairs.

The concert which was to be held in the church this month is postponed until next month on account of so much sickness.

EMERY.

Emery, Feb. 17.—Mrs. Carrie Isherwood, who has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Burd, has returned to her home in Toledo.

Mrs. Lucinda Treadwell, who has been spending some time at South Bend, Ind., has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Burlingame will entertain the Pedro club on Thursday evening.

Miss Bertha Wilkinson spent Saturday and Sunday at South Lyon.

The Maccabees will give a necktie social at Chas. Naylor's next Wednesday night. The proceeds will be used for paying on their piano. All are cordially invited.

Mr. and Mrs. Bart Winans gave a dinner party to a number of their friends on last Tuesday.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republicans of Washtenaw County will meet in the Court Room at the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, February 25, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing 21 delegates to the State Convention, to be held at Detroit, Friday, March 6, 1903, and to nominate a candidate for County Commissioner of Schools, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Each township and ward is entitled to one delegate for each 50 votes or fraction equal to or exceeding half of the number cast for governor at the general election held November 6, 1900, as follows:

DELEGATES AT COUNTY CONVENTION.

- Ann Arbor (216), 4.
- Augusta (415), 8.
- Bridgewater (230), 5.
- Dexter (187), 4.
- Freedom (242), 5.
- Lima (225), 5.
- Lodi (286), 6.
- Lyndon (173), 3.
- Manchester (550), 11.
- Northfield (335), 7.
- Pittsfield (227), 5.
- Salem (293), 6.
- Saline (452), 9.
- Scio (462), 9.
- Sharon (220), 4.
- Superior (268), 5.
- Sylvan (682), 14.
- Webster (210), 4.
- York (511), 10.

Ypsilanti town (257), 5.

- Ann Arbor City—
- First ward (470), 9.
- Second ward (539), 11.
- Third ward (507), 10.
- Fourth ward (437), 9.
- Fifth ward (191), 4.
- Sixth ward (311), 6.
- Seventh ward (272), 5.

Ypsilanti City—

- First ward (426), 9.
- Second ward (262), 5.
- Third ward (365), 7.
- Fourth ward (217), 4.
- Fifth ward (344), 7.
- Total, 215.

By order of the committee.
FRED W. GREEN,
Chairman.

FRANK W. CREECH,
Secretary.

Dated, Ypsilanti, February 12, 1903.

REPUBLICAN WARD CAUCUSES.

The republican electors of Ann Arbor city are requested to meet at the following named places on the evening of Tuesday, February 24, 1903, at 7:30 o'clock, standard time, for the purpose of electing delegates to the republican county convention of the day following and for the transaction of such other business as may appear. The number of delegates to which each ward is entitled and the places for holding the caucuses are as given below:

- First ward, nine delegates, caucus at O. M. Martin's office.
 - Second ward, eleven delegates, ward voting place, Ashley street.
 - Third ward, ten delegates, basement court house.
 - Fourth ward, nine delegates, Firemen's hall.
 - Fifth ward, four delegates, engine house.
 - Sixth ward, six delegates, engine house.
 - Seventh ward, five delegates, Fred Weinberg's shop.
- By Order of City Committee.
Ann Arbor, Mich., Feb. 17, 1903.

Read the Argus-Democrat, the best weekly. Only \$1 per year.

Introducing To the Ladies of Ann Arbor and Vacinity

The Celebrated

Dorothy Dodd

Finest Made SHOES

THIS WEEK it is with extreme pleasure we present to our ladies a Shoe, which, though new to Ann Arbor, is one that has been thoroughly tested and received the approval of the finest trade of the eastern metropolitan cities. This Shoe is called the Dorothy Dodd, and embodies the highest perfection of the shoemaker's art. We have them in house, street and dress styles, priced

\$3.00 & \$3.50

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY THIS WEEK. NOTHING SHOWN BUT DOROTHY DODD SHOES.



NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS



A magnificent showing of irreproachable excellence in style and quality as well as the broadest variety ever seen in our dress section. All the newest novelties—and there are many charming ones this season—all the popular plain colors in the correct shades are here in greater profusion than ever before. Nobody interested in Spring Dress Goods can afford to miss seeing this sumptuous display.

- Hair Line Stripe Mohair, in black, blue and cream, for waists and shirt waist suits for... 50 c
- Black and White Mohair Shepherd's Checks, very new and decidedly stylish for waist and shirt waist suits.. 50 c
- Black, Blue and Cream Mohair, with white and black polka dots..... 50 c
- Evening Shade in Mohair, fine weave, all colors, big values at..... 50 c
- Plain Cream Mohair, Sicilian Cloth, now in popular demand, 90c, 75c & 50 c
- Lace Stripe Mohair, black and blue, with raised white stripe representing one of the spring's new ideas... 85 c

- Black Mohair, plain, special values in opening sale at \$1.25, \$1.75c, 50c, & 25 c
- Black Sicilian 44 and 50 inches wide, special showing at \$1.00 and..... 85 c
- Tan Sicilian, extra quality, 50 inches wide..... \$1.00
- Shepherd's Checks, black, white, blue and white and brown and white in three grades to sell at 25c, 50c and. 85 c
- Pinhead Dots, on black, blue & cream ground, 42 inches wide, at..... 65 c
- Voile Cloth is enjoying large consumption now for gowns and waists, here in four grades, in black, blue, tan, gray, red, Cadet blue, 50c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and..... \$1.50
- London Twine Cloth in plain colors and mixtures, 50 inches wide, black and all colors, \$1.65, \$1.50 and.... \$1.00
- Fancy Voile Dress Goods, fancy mixtures in blue, green, tan and gray.. 85 c
- Canvas Cloth, black, blue mercerized finish, all wool..... \$1.00
- Wool Crepe du Chine in tau, green, gray and black..... \$1.00
- Fine Prunella Cloth in black, no better values in the department than are presented here at \$1.65, \$1.35 & \$1.00
- Basket Cloth, for suitings, 52 inches wide, in black only..... \$1.50
- Crash Suitings, in smooth and knotted thread, 54 inches wide, plain colors and mixtures, \$1.25 and 90 c

\$5.00

For choice of any WINTER COAT

in our cloak room now

We have about 50 Coats of the better class left, worth all the way from \$15 up to \$35. We have decided to let them all go now at for choice..... **\$5.00**

Children's Coats One-Half Price

\$40
\$35
\$30
Fur Coats
\$19.00



Mack & Co.

Money to Loan on Improved Farm or City Property. Apply at Insurance & Loan office, 2d Floor