

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE WITH POSSIBLE MURDER

The Student's Bloody Hat Found on the Lawn near Where He Roomed

A Threat Found in His Room--Mexican Secret Society Said to Have Threatened Patterson, a Senior Medical Student, Who Disappears.

A mysterious disappearance with dime novel trimmings is the latest sensation. A bloody hat on the lawn, a mysterious secret society, notes of warning and an absolute disappearance with a letter found in a drawer "to be opened in the case of my death or disappearance," such are some of the accompanying circumstances.

Albert A. Patterson, who so mysteriously disappeared Wednesday, is a senior medical student, of good standing in his classes, quiet and reserved in manner and is termed a "good fellow," although it is said he liked to be alone considerably. He rooms at the house of Deputy Postmaster George Vandawarker, on E. Huron street.

Yesterday morning when Deputy Postmaster Vandawarker went out to mow his lawn he found upon it a white hat, such as Patterson wore, with a hole in it about an inch long, as if made by some blunt instrument, with hair and blood on it, the blood having trickled down into the band. On the inside of the hat was the word "Patterson."

Mr. Patterson was not to be found in his room. He was engaged to be married to a senior medical student, who roomed at the house of City Engineer Groves, just around the corner on Twelfth street. He studied with her every night and was there as usual Wednesday night, leaving her at a quarter to 12 o'clock.

The bed in his room showed that he had not gone to bed, although the bed clothing was turned back and a pillow moved as if he had started to go to bed.

Morse, a medical student in an adjoining house was awakened between 12 and 1 o'clock by a noise and scuffling on the sidewalk, but did not think it serious enough to get up.

It was Patterson's practice of writing a letter or two every night after coming back from visiting his girl and it is thought he may have gone out to mail it.

His fiancée came over to his room and hunting around through his effects found a letter in a drawer on which in Patterson's handwriting on the envelope was "To be opened in case of my death or disappearance." Then, in pencil hastily scrawled on the outside was "May 21, 12:30. Still alive." This will be understood better when the letter is read. The letter enclosed was as follows:

"I will be the only one to ever read this. So I suppose it is a silly thing to do. No one else will get to enjoy it. It's late and I suppose that has something to do with it. But I sure do feel nervous. When I was in San Antonio in the winter of '97-'98, I met with an experience. I wandered into the Mexican part of town. It's too late to tell it all. Sufficient to say I stumbled onto a meeting of an organization. I was immediately caught, gagged and tied. They went through a lot of tommy-rot, but I could see that they were dead in earnest in it all. They made me swear to a lot of things. I thought it was a sort of lark. Then they led me out through a long tunnel, blind-folded, and took me across the river then. I was leary of ever going back there to look for the place and I never saw any of those present again. I came north, enlisted and went to war, was discharged and have been here in school ever since and have never heard anything. Had almost forgotten it until I got a note some time since warning me that I had forfeited my life and it would be taken. Rats! I am ashamed to write this even for myself to read, but some way I can't shake myself free of a sort of dread. I got another note and then this last one, which I all but threw away. It don't seem possible that anything could come of it but well, something of the old dread of that night in Texas is on me and may be this will free me of it. So if I am found dead or missing our old friend Maximo has fixed it. This dreaded thing has made me feel more nervous than I did before. Sounds so posthumous. Wonder how a thin knife feels in the back. Maybe Maximo wants me to cough up again. He is not a Mexican and so more fanatic than they are. Well, peace to my ashes.

"MAY 19, 1903.
"ALBERT A. PATTERSON."

Enclosed was a brown slip of paper, Manila wrapping paper, with only the words:

III

By May 20
MAXIMO.

It is supposed that Patterson's note, "May 21, 12:30. Still alive," on the

outside of the envelope meant that May 20 had passed and nothing had happened.

Patterson had told his fiancée, about three weeks ago, of receiving the first notice from a Texts secret society he had been forced to join. She worried over it and he afterwards told her there was nothing in it, that he was just jollying her. In the light of present events, she seems inclined to believe that he said this simply to relieve her from worry.

The officers were notified and Deputy Sheriff Fred Gillen went to work on the case. No trace of Patterson has yet been found, nor anyone who saw him after he left his girl that night.

Patterson got a check for \$100 which he cashed Wednesday.

Both Patterson and his fiancée were to have graduated from the medical department next month and they were planning to be married on Commencement day.

It is reported that a Greencastle, Ind., girl to whom Patterson was formerly engaged, was writing him almost daily letters.

Patterson was from Greencastle, Ind. He was about 30 years of age and those who know him say that he is not the man who would attempt to create any sensation. He was a Phi Kappa Psi of Purdue University.

SCHOOL BOARD'S IDLE PROPERTY

A PROMINENT CITIZEN SAYS IT SHOULD BE SOLD

As Its Possession Will Not Only Cause the District to Pay Interest but It is not Paying Taxes

A citizen, whose opinion, if his name was mentioned, would at once command respect, called the Argus' attention to the reason given by the school board for their failure to sell the property on the corner of Hill street and Forest avenue.

"This property," said the citizen, "is not now paying taxes. The school board said when the Perry school was built on its present site that it would not be needed for school purposes. The only reason the board gives for not selling it and applying the proceeds on the Perry school is that they have not been offered the price that some real estate agent has told them it was worth. Now this property is very valuable residence property. If sold in all probability it would have at least \$15,000 worth of buildings put upon it. This, with the value of the land, would pay two or three hundred dollars annually in taxes. By keeping the property, it pays no taxes, and the city will be paying 4 per cent in interest on the bonds made necessary by the lack of the money from the sale as originally planned. It would not take many years of loss of taxes and interest to eat up the present value of the land."

"The land," continued the prominent citizen, who is also a heavy taxpayer, "is worth as much now as it will be a few years hence. If the board cannot get just what they think it is worth, would it not be economy to take a few hundred dollars less?"

This opinion is given here because of the respect that the Argus has for the opinion of the citizen who gave utterance to it.

LAWN PARTY FOR WOMAN'S LEAGUE

The Woman's League will be given a lawn party on Mrs. Lombard's lawn next Saturday, which will be one of the pleasantest features of the college year.

These lawn parties were given annually until the League grew so large that it had outgrown the capacity of most lawns. Mrs. Lombard, who is the fortunate possessor of very spacious grounds, has decided to revive the custom and will give this party on Saturday afternoon. A basket ball game will be one of the features of the afternoon.

Should the weather man prove so inconsiderate as to provide a cloudy sky and showers on that day the affair will be given in Barbour gym and dancing will be enjoyed.

GIFTS COMING FOR BAPTIST GUILD HALL

A \$500 CHECK YESTERDAY FROM MANISTIQUE

The Hall Will Undoubtedly be Opened in Time for September Opening of College

The Baptist Guild has received another generous gift from one of their friends which will give the Guild a generous lift toward the accumulation of the building fund. Rev. T. W. Young received a \$500 check Wednesday from M. H. Quick, of Manistique, to be used for this purpose. The fund is growing steadily and there is no doubt that the Guild house will be opened by the time college opens in September. Wealthy baptists all over the state are having the matter put before them and donations of greater or less amounts will probably be made by them.

MAYOR VEToes THE SALARIES

Gives Strong Reasons for Aldermen Serving without Pay

GRATITUDE OF THE PUBLIC

All They Expected for Good Service when Elected—The Position Should be Kept One of Honor

Mayor Brown has filed the following important veto message: To the Members of the Common Council:

Gentlemen—I wish to record my disapproval of so much of your proceedings of Monday, May 18th last, as relates to the amendment to our city charter and the appointment of a committee at the expense of the city, to make a junketing trip to Lansing to secure the passage of an amendment to our charter so as to provide for the payment of salaries to members of the Board of Aldermen, the President of the Common Council and the Mayor of the City.

The main objection to giving compensation to aldermen is of a practical character. As a rule, in the past, men in the community, of intelligence, of pecuniary responsibility, of civic pride, have been willing to serve their fellow-citizens in the capacity of aldermen; regarding the same as a public duty which they owed to the citizens of the commonwealth. When this class of men are in charge of our municipal affairs we are safe, and there are not likely to arise any municipal scandals or municipal outrages and blunders. But when the office degenerates into one of mere pay for services, there will come into these places men of different character, whose conduct will be governed by other considerations than the public interest; private ends will be subserved, public interests sacrificed and municipal government dishonored. Our best men will decline to accept office under such circumstances.

The regents of the University serve without pay. The office thus becomes one of great honor.

Our school board serves without compensation and we get the best men thereon, who are glad and proud to act.

The directors of our banks serve without pay and thus our best business men serve thereon, as a matter of pride and honor.

And so it will be with our aldermen. Unless you wish to make the position of mayor, president of the council and members of the council the object of the grafter for the single and sole purpose of grafting, you will not countenance a change in our charter along these lines.

In my judgment, we can all serve the city best by adopting a policy of strict economy, having in mind the fact that we were entrusted with the reins of municipal government without expectation of pecuniary reward, and that if we perform our whole duty to the city and the taxpayers we shall be entitled to receive their gratitude, which is all we expected when we took our oaths of office.

ARTHUR BROWN, Mayor.

A CORRECTION OF COUNCIL REPORT

An error crept into our report of the council meeting in reference to Dean & Co.'s oil tanks. Ald. Schumacher was credited with the speeches and vote of Ald. Schlenker. It was Ald. Schlenker who spoke and voted against the committee's report.

COUNTY AUDITORS FOR WASHTENAW

The Bill Being Pushed in the Legislature

AUDITORS APPOINTED

By the Two Judges and Chairman of Board of Supervisors—Provisions of the Bill

Judge Harriman and Mr. Bacon, on behalf of the board of supervisors, went to Lansing Tuesday to present to the legislature a bill they have prepared for a board of county auditors. We give a copy of the bill below. It seems to us that it is a good bill and ought to be passed by the legislature. It will save the taxpayers of this county thousands of dollars, besides people who have just claims against the county will be able to get their pay in 30 days instead of waiting a whole year. All county supplies can be bought to much better advantage when parties dealing with the county know that they can get their money at once. There will be much less chance for fraud when bills have to be presented soon after made, when the matter is fresh and when evidence of the facts in each case can be easily secured. We hope the members from Washtenaw will push this bill through at once. The idea of having the auditors appointed, instead of elected by party vote is an excellent one—in fact it is the only way in which reform can be secured in this matter.

An Act to provide for the creation of a Board of Auditors for the County of Washtenaw and to define its powers and duties.

Section 1. The people of the State of Michigan enact, That it shall be the duty of the Circuit Judge, the Judge of Probate and the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors of Washtenaw county to meet at the court house in said county on the second Monday of October, 1903, and appoint three county auditors, one to hold office one year, one to hold office two years and one to hold office three years and said Circuit Judge, Judge of Probate and Chairman of the Board of Supervisors shall meet annually on the second Monday of October thereafter and appoint one county auditor who shall hold his office three years.

Section 2. The members of the board of county auditors immediately after their appointment shall qualify in the same manner as members-elect of the board of supervisors and organize by electing one of their number chairman. The county clerk shall be ex-officio clerk of the board of auditors.

Section 3. Such board when organized shall meet in the court house at the county seat of said county on the first Monday of each month thereafter to hear, examine and allow claims against the county of Washtenaw, and shall have the same power to hear, examine and allow all claims against the county now possessed by the board of supervisors except claims arising from the action of the superintendents of the poor, drain commissioner and claims for extra compensation for the services of county officers, and no bills against the county of Washtenaw shall be audited, allowed or paid, with the above exceptions, in any other manner than is provided for in this act.

Section 4. Such board shall keep a full and complete record of its proceedings, a list of claims presented and the action of its individual members thereon and shall draw warrants upon the county treasurer for the payment of all claims allowed, which warrants shall be signed by the chairman and attested by the clerk of the board.

Section 5. A majority of such board shall be qualified to transact business and any vacancy upon the board shall be filled by the Circuit Judge and Judge of Probate for the remainder of the unexpired term. The members of this board shall hold their offices until their successors are appointed and qualified.

Section 6. The board of county auditors shall remain in session not exceeding three days in each month and each member shall receive for his services the sum of three dollars per day and six cents per mile for traveling expenses one way from his home to the county seat. The county clerk shall receive a reasonable compensation for his services, which shall be allowed by the board of supervisors or taken into consideration by the board of supervisors in fixing his salary as county clerk.

Section 7. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act shall be inoperative so far as they relate to the county of Washtenaw.

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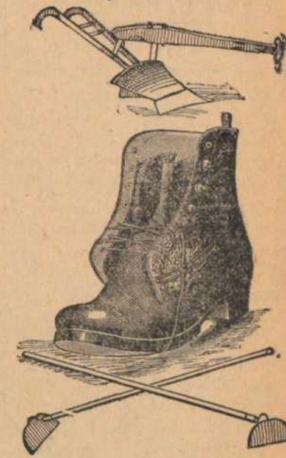
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that will delight you, and the quality is the best. If our price seems the same as other dealers our quality is better. If you need FANCY SHIRTS we have them, in Manhattan and Wilson Bros. All the new things in UNDERWEAR including the famous Ypsilanti Underwear Suits.

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If We Were Asked



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Staebler & Wuerth.

THE ARGUS DEMOCRAT AND YPSILANTI WEEKLY TIMES.

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FRIDAY, MAY 22, 1903.

Postmaster General Payne says the charge of S. W. Tulloch as to irregularities in the postoffice department are not specific. It would seem to an outsider, however, that some of the charges are sufficiently specific. For instance, he charges that two women were carried on the pay rolls, not the regular pay rolls but some other kind, who had nothing to do whatever with postal matters. They had no other public duties to perform and yet they received salaries from the public. This seems to be specific and there are various other charges which appear to be equally specific. However, it is a difficult matter to secure action on charges made against public officials. The crookedness involved generally includes people powerful enough to make it an object to the head of departments to protect them or it is to the interest of party to protect them, or some other reason sufficiently strong to prevent the rascals being brought to book. In this way investigations which are entered upon with a flourish come to naught. It is well understood by those who are observing and who have had some experience on the inside that stealing, bribery and various other forms of corruption in public life are constantly going on and that there are ways without number to cover the tracks of people engaged in such affairs. In fact it is well known that the public conscience is very, very low relative to such frauds upon the public. The public is regarded as entirely fit subject for plunder and those who successfully do it, are regarded as very cunning, shrewd and thrifty, their acts are regarded as very little out of plumb by the moral standards of the times. The greed of our people to get in financial shape to "blow themselves" is so great that the means by which they secure the wherewithal matters little. If a person overreaches himself and gets saugh, he is regarded as a poor fool because he has not been sharp enough not to get caught. Public opinion condemns him for getting caught, not for his criminal acts.

Since Supt. A. W. Machen of the free rural delivery department of the postoffice department has been removed from office, it has been discovered that he had issued orders to the carriers to obtain the names of the men, women and children on their respective routes. Just what he desired to do with these names has not as yet been developed, nor have the lists themselves been discovered. To the ordinary citizen it does not appear how the possession of these names could be of advantage or use in the legitimate business of the department. If such a list be at all necessary to the service, why should not the department get a list of all the names of all persons receiving mail at the various postoffices of the country? It is easy to see how such a list as those on the rural delivery routes could be of great advantage to mail order houses and business concerns. The public will await an explanation from Mr. Machen of his action on this matter.

A Maryland congressman asked for the establishment of a new postoffice in his district and recommended a colored man for postmaster. An order was issued for the establishment of the office and the colored man was duly named for postmaster. Such a howl immediately went up, however, as to lead the postoffice department to suggest that Congressman Jackson withdraw his request for the establishment of a postoffice at the place and this he has done and the good people will be served by rural delivery. Maryland, be it known is a doubtful state at present and there is an election coming on and it would not do to have the color line drawn there. In the far southern states it makes no difference, of course, because they are hopelessly democratic anyway. Thus does politics show up as a prominent factor rather than principle in the matter of the appointment of colored men to federal positions.

Senator Hanna has given one more bit of evidence that notwithstanding his repeated statements that he is not a candidate for president he does not propose to have Ohio tied up a year or more beforehand in the matter of state choice. He does not want the coming state convention to endorse President Roosevelt for another term. It is too early he thinks—for Hanna's purposes of course.

Government by injunction is getting around to be a weapon in the hands of labor unions. Hitherto it has been the resort of corporations largely. But at the present time the labor organizations of Omaha have invoked the injunction to restrain certain organizations among merchants and other large business concerns from practicing the boycott and various other schemes which have been supposed to be the peculiar agencies of labor organizations. Apparently the turn of the tables does not please the capitalists. Of course this turning of the use of the injunction does not make government by injunction any more defensible than hitherto, but it develops a new phase of this weapon in disputes between capital and labor.

The Philadelphia and Pittsburg papers have thrown down the glove to Governor Pennypacker and continue to violate nearly every section of his recent libel law. The North American continues to cartoon the governor even worse than hitherto. The daily papers continue to openly defy the law and the governor. As the agent of the state, sworn to enforce the law, the governor must accept the challenge thrown down to him or acknowledge that he signed this infamous piece of legislation as a bluff without any intention of enforcing it. The great dailies of the country outside of Pennsylvania also continue to lambast the governor. Even the New York Sun characterizes the law as one of the most infamous ever enacted in this country. It is evident that the Pennsylvania dailies (the law does not apply to the weeklies) intend to force the issue into the courts, believing the law will be held unconstitutional.

The telephone service of this city is apparently about as inefficient as it can well be and the tide of criticism is rising higher every day. The trouble is by no means entirely confined to defects in the mechanical devices of the system but is in large degree included in the inefficiency or unwillingness of the force handling the exchange to render the best service. The employees of the office are in many instances far from courteous, nor are they prompt at all times in answering calls. Various instances might be related in which patrons are told that no answer is returned to the ringing of the number called for when as a matter of fact the bell of the number called for is not rung at all, showing either defective mechanical arrangements or a carelessness on the part of employees, either of which it is the duty of the management to correct. The Argus is prepared to give various and specific instances of treatment extended to patrons most discourteous to say the least. It is prepared to name instances in which the person called for was sitting in plain view of the person calling and in plain view of his telephone, too, while the central office insisted to the patron calling that no answer could be obtained. Upon being informed that the person called for was in plain view and immediately by his phone and if his bell was rung he probably would respond promptly, a prompt answer to the ring was obtained. What anyone would infer from such an experience can be easily guessed. It is time some of these things were corrected.

DEFY NEW LIBEL LAW.

It is said that the newspapers of Pennsylvania are preparing to make a vigorous fight on the new libel law of that state. It seems that the weekly papers are expressly excluded from the provisions of the law and it is proposed to attack the constitutionality of the law on that ground. In the meantime the cheap and exceedingly little, narrow Governor Pennypacker is being cartooned worse than ever. To avoid this was in large measure, it seems, the reason leading the governor to sign the bill. In an editorial in the Philadelphia Press, attributed to ex-postmaster General Charles Emory, which is said to have produced a great sensation, the governor is characterized as follows: "His festering sores have been all too plain. But we could not believe that he would permit his personal grievance to blind him to all other considerations so far as to betray him

into a grave public wrong, into open disregard of his solemn constitutional obligations, into unworthy methods and artifices and into a disingenuous extenuation which, in many parts, is so puerile as to be beneath contempt. "An honest man, under the smart of a personal sting, he has proved himself so narrow, so jaundiced, and so pitifully small as to share in a great public wrong and destroy what might have been an honorable fame.

"The governor is so artless in some respects that he cannot conceal the inspiration of his act. It is ever the cartoon. He is so amazing in his littleness that he actually refers on this public paper to a cartoon in which, in his own language, he is represented as 'an ugly little dwarf,' and he says that 'put into words, the cartoon asserts to the world that the press is above the law and greater in strength than the government.' It is an illustration of the strange misconception and curious conceit which run a seam of weakness through all his fabric that he confounds his own personality with law and government."

THE AVERAGE AMERICAN.

I have felt that the events of the last five or six years have been steadily hastening the day when the Pacific will loom in the world's commerce as the Atlantic now looms, and I have wished greatly to see the marvelous communities growing up on the Pacific slope.

The thing that strikes me most as I go through this land and meet the men and women of the country is the essential unity of all Americans. Down at bottom we are the same people all through. This is not merely a unity of section, it's a unity of class. For my good fortune I have been thrown into intimate relationship, into personal friendship with many men of many different occupations, and my faith is firm that we shall come unscathed out of all our difficulties here in America, because I think that the average American is a decent fellow and the prime thing in getting him to get on well with the other average American is to have each remember that the other is a decent fellow and try to look at the problems a little from the other's standpoint.

It is the average type of manhood that makes the state great in the end. The individual—nothing can take the place of his own qualities in the community; nothing can take the place of the qualities of the average citizen. The law can do something, but the law never yet made a fool wise or a coward brave or a weakling strong.

The law can endeavor to secure a fair show for every man so far as it is in the wit of man to secure such a fair show, but it must remain for the man himself to show the stuff there is in him, and if the stuff is not in him you can not get it out of him. I believe in the future of this country because I believe in the men and women whom we are developing in the country.—President Roosevelt.

MISTAKES OF COAL MAGNATES.

Philosophers have said, from time to time, that folly dwells among the rich as willingly as among the poor. It is a surprise, nevertheless, when we see men of wealth and education behaving like children. What does the notorious Mr. Baer expect to accomplish with his narrow defiance in the coal investigation? Richard Croker asserted boldly that he worked for his own pocket all the time. Croker was clever. He knew his audience. He knew that he was meeting the taste of his supporters, in a city largely composed of ignorant foreigners and their children. But Mr. Baer and his fellow coal-dealers are on trial before a higher public opinion. It is no time for "What are you going to do about it?" "The public be damned," "To hell with reform," "It is my business," "I do as I please," and "I work for my own pocket." Such swaggering will not conciliate the large and intelligent body of men which will ultimately decide how far we are to go in altering laws which make vast fortunes so easy. Mr. Baer and Mr. Parry are not talking to immigrants or to babies. They are talking to men who know their power and consider their duty, who follow the steps which other countries have taken toward Socialism, and who are thinking profoundly about the fairest way of conducting a democracy. Where did Mr. Hanna stand on these economic questions a dozen years ago? Or even Mr. Roosevelt? In those days, such a little while ago, any effort at fairer distribution and more equal opportunity was looked upon as anarchy. Mr. Carnegie has spoken in favor of national ownership of railroads. The recent elections in Chicago and Cleveland looked toward municipal ownership of street railways. The trend is clearly toward restraint on private power. In the serious investigations which we are making, nothing could be more childish than cheap defiance. That attitude, however, seems to please the little heroes of divine right.—Collier's Weekly.

UNITED STATES LIKE ALL THE OTHERS.

The exact facts about Manchuria are known to few Americans. Probably they are not known to Secretary Hay. Yet, without facts, national sympathies and ethical principles are little better than weapons which contain no bullets. It may be interesting to talk about what Russia did, to our advantage, in the Revolution or the Civil War; but it is well to remember also that only a short time ago she met one of our unwelcome customs regula-

tions with a tit-for-tat. We do not know how strongly entrenched she is in Manchuria, or how firmly she intends to rule there. Moreover, her ideas will develop with time, and possibly diverge from what they are at present. England, with Egypt in her memory, to say nothing of opium, and we, with our far speckled record toward Mexico, have no need of any large moral words in discussing the Russian diplomacy. We imagine that Mr. Hay thinks out the situation about like this: "We know what we have, but know not what we may get. Now we have a good thing. We have a large fat trade in Manchuria. China is too weak ever to interfere with it. Russia may or may not lessen it if she gets control. China is sure to be divided up among the powers some day. The foxiest thing I can do, while I hold office, is to postpone that fated hour." There is always hypocrisy when a superior nation undertakes to control one that is inferior in strength and different in civilization. We wiped out the Indians, we sandbagged the Mexicans, we have given Cuba only a fraction of her rights, and in the Philippines our own interests are all that we very seriously consider. We prefer to deal with China, rather than with a group of powerful nations, because she can not do unto us as we do unto her. In that regard, we are like all the European nations, and we are happier than they are in the position and resources which prevent the great yellow continent from being the possible menace to us that it is to them. We find our own race questions difficult enough, simple in comparison as they are. The negroes and the Philippines, however, are a far less complicated and dangerous problem than those which Europeans face in Africa and Asia. Russia is close to a nation of myriads, which has what she wants now, and may some time be in a condition to help or to maim her. No wonder she is strengthening every position she can get. Hers is a long and deep policy. Ours is mere opportunism in comparison. It is to get the best temporary arrangements we can, from time to time. At present the sun shines, and we are making hay in Manchuria.—Collier's Weekly.

Now it is said that trouble is again brewing for Lieutenant General Nelson A. Miles. Secretary Root wants him summarily removed. He will retire on August 8th anyway, but Secretary Root is in a bigger hurry than ever since Gen. Miles gave out something relative to his recent trip to the Philippines. There was a time when the president was just as anxious as his secretary of war but friends have thus far prevented this rash step. It would scarcely be becoming in the chief magistrate to let his personal feeling toward Gen. Miles lead him into such a blunder. There is no good reason for removing Gen. Miles within two or three months of his retirement under the law.

The Detroit Journal's cartoon of Gov. Pennypacker of Pennsylvania on a keen run away from a hornet's nest labeled The Press which he has hit with a club called Libel Law is a good one and most timely. The distracted governor is surrounded with the pestiferous things which he has stirred up and if we mistake not he will be stung out of all resemblance to a dignified governor before he gets through with the trouble his libel law has brought upon him.

The supreme court has very properly, the Argus believes refused a writ of error in the case of Joseph M. Miller, who is serving a life sentence for the murder of Miss Carrie M. Jennett in Detroit about a year ago, to which murder he pleaded guilty. It was an atrocious and brutal affair and Miller now claims that he confessed under pressure and that he did not commit the act of which he confessed himself guilty.

All indications now point to the entire failure of all efforts to secure legislation establishing the primary election in place of the present primaries. The measure has been betrayed in the house of its pledged friends and the people will have to speak louder than they have before they will secure this reform.

Governor Bliss has got his courage up to the point of vetoing the bill legislating Deputy Game Warden Brewster out of a job. The governor is right in vetoing this measure. Legislating for revenge is bad business at best and the governor's intervention of his veto is a proper thing in this case.

The Onion.

The onion has a virtue to which thousands of people will swear. This is its ability to ward off attacks of malaria in any form and to cure cases as rapidly as the strongest doses of quinine.

Wine and Amethyst.

The ancients believed that wine drunk from an amethyst cup would not intoxicate.

Border Justice

Samples of Legal Wisdom Dispensed by Judge Roy Bean.

How a Bad Man From the Cherokee Nation Was Suppressed. Reminiscences of a Unique Character.

When Judge Roy Bean of Langtry, Tex., died the other day the most noted exponent of the majesty of the law in the southwest passed to his reward.

Like other pioneer statesmen and "first citizens," he ran a saloon. It was called the Jersey Lily and was a popular institution in Langtry, a one street frontier town nestling in a deep canyon of the Rio Grande where the railroad crosses the big river.

A favorite method of punishing offenders in ordinary cases was requiring them to pay their fines by purchasing beer at the Jersey Lily saloon and treating the crowd. Two dozen bottles of beer was a moderate fine.

A noted story of Judge Bean's early career is thus narrated by Major Hor-



"HOLD UP YOUR HANDS," SAID STOKES.

ace Bell in his "Reminiscences of a Ranger." It concerns California life in the fifties:

While the celebration was at its height a smooth faced young man of exceedingly polite and graceful demeanor rode up, dismounted and entered Roy Bean's saloon. The newcomer leaned against the bar and carelessly surveyed the scene. While quietly looking on he was roughly accosted by a ruffianly looking man, who, taking a position directly in front of the young fellow and surveying him from head to foot, said, with a contemptuous grin:

"Well, where in thunder did you come from?"

"Why, I just arrived from Los Angeles."

The quiet demeanor of the young man enraged the bully, and he became still more overbearing, declaring himself "the wild wolf of the Arkansas."

"I was the bloodiest man in the Cherokee Nation," said he. "I am a half breed Cherokee, I am, and I belong to the Ridge party. I killed three Mexicans on my way out here. I killed a soldier at Fort Yuma, and I've been here three weeks and ain't killed anybody yet. I'm going to give these Mexicans a chance to have a funeral, and if you open your mouth I'll kill you."

Roy Bean was watching the proceedings from behind the bar. His sympathies were with the young man, and he quietly slipped a small derringer into his hand, and when the bully resumed his insulting remarks and threats he coolly looked at him and said:

"You are not dangerous, and I don't think you will hurt me."

Then the storm broke. The bully jumped up and, cracking his heels, cried to the crowd:

"Get out of the way! I am going to shoot!"

A general rush was made for the doors, and as the desperado reached to draw his pistol the young man, with a quick movement, placed the barrel of the derringer which he had been holding against the breast of the bully and said:

"My dear sir, hold up your hands or I will kill you."

The bully had found his master and mechanically obeyed the command.

"Now," said the young man, "unbuckle that belt and let your six shooter fall." The bully obeyed without a murmur.

"Hold your hands behind your back. I am going to hold the hot end of this cigar in your nose until it goes out. If you flinch or attempt to take it out I'll make a funeral for these Mexicans."

Stepping back to the bar, the young hero said: "My name is Joe Stokes, and I can whip any man in California who doesn't like me. I like to 'lay' for such soft snaps as 'the wild wolf of the Arkansas.'"

THE GLENADEUM ELECTS OFFICERS

In choosing Arthur Abbott president Friday, the Glendale society of the high school insured its success for the ensuing term. Mr. Abbott has been an enthusiastic worker in the Glendale during the past year, and the fact that he was a member of the Junior Ex. proves his ability as a student. The other newly-elected officers are as follows:

Vice President—Albert Wurster. Secretary—Lucile Higgins. Treasurer—Quincy Fowler. Marshal—Leopold Scott.

The program was an interesting one and consisted in a character sketch of Emperor William, by Albert Wurster; paper, Miss Mary Purcell; current topics, Arthur Cole; speech, "The Irish Land Question," Harold McNitt.

The subject for discussion was: "Resolved, that inter-collegiate football promotes the highest interests of colleges." The negative was supported by Messrs. Todd and Barrack, the affirmative by Messrs. Reibling and Wurster. The judges decided in favor of the affirmative.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, causing catarrh of the bladder, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles almost always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often through the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Advertisement for Detroit & Buffalo Steamboat Co. featuring a woman holding a boat and text: \$300 SAVED TO ALL POINTS EAST AND WEST VIA THE D & B LINE. "Just Two Boats" BETWEEN DETROIT & BUFFALO. Daily Service. DETROIT & BUFFALO STEAMBOAT CO. COMMENCING MAY 11th. Improved Daily Express Service (14 hours) between DETROIT AND BUFFALO. Leave DETROIT Daily . . . 4.00 P. M. Arrive at BUFFALO . . . 8.00 A. M. Leave BUFFALO Daily . . . 5.30 P. M. Arrive at DETROIT . . . 7.00 A. M.

Advertisement for Freckles: We guarantee Stillman's Freckle Cream to positively remove freckles or we will forfeit \$50. The remedy is harmless, painless and absolutely certain. It removes freckles, blackheads, blotches and all skin blemishes, makes the skin clear, smooth and velvety, permanently restoring healthful complexion. Write for Beauty Book or send 50 cents for trial jar. A written guarantee with every jar. The Madam Revere Co., 100 Miami Ave., Detroit, Mich.

Advertisement for Santal-Midy: These tiny CAPSULES are superior to Balsam of Copaliba, Cubebis or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience. Sold by all druggists.

COUNCIL RAISES SALARIES OF FIREMEN AND THE POLICE

They Also Recommend the Various Charter Amendments

They Let Paving Contracts for Liberty St. and Fourth Ave., Make Appropriations and Let Oil Tanks Stay

Monday night's meeting will go down into history as the salary-raising council. And yet if any one individual is picked out hardly anyone will say that his salary is raised too much, but in the aggregate the amount looks large. Tabulated, it is as follows annually:

	Present	Future Increase
Mayor and Aldermen	\$1,500	\$1,599
Assessor	1,000	1,500
Firemen	6,812	7,574.40
Police	3,200	3,875.96
Janitor	295	249.60
Total	12,807	14,803.96

The salary raising did not commence until long after the usual hour for adjournment had arrived, for probably at no council meeting since Ann Arbor first became a city has a greater mass of business come before a single council meeting.

Lennane Bros. were given the contract for paving Liberty street and also S. Fourth avenue. Their figures for Liberty street were \$24,820.50 and for Fourth avenue \$6,528.48.

Including the paving, last night's council meeting appropriated at least \$36,400.

The meeting opened with the mayor's veto of the Glen avenue storm sewer, because the appropriations had not been made. No attempt was made to pass the matter over the veto.

At the request of the cemetery board Louis C. Steinke was appointed police officer at Forest Hill cemetery without pay from the city.

MANY PETITIONS.

A request for a grade on Hickory street by the University which wants to make improvements at the hospital, was referred to the city engineer.

The board of education petitioned for a sanitary sewer for the Philip Bach school, while L. D. Carr wanted 14-foot lawn extensions on Church street, Oakland avenue and Arch street.

Property owners on the east side of Gott street petitioned for a storm sewer.

A petition was presented for a sanitary sewer from Allen's creek to Sixth street, and also a petition from a part of the signers asking that their names be taken out.

Fourteenth street residents wanted a pond caused by filling the street drained.

Phillip street residents wanted a sidewalk.

The teamsters wanted their pay every Saturday night.

An electric light on the corner of Volland and Fourteenth streets was asked for.

Dr. Hall presented a petition to change the alleys between Lincoln and Baldwin avenues. This was granted.

Neighbors asked that the nuisance of rubbish from the Homeopathic hospital operating room being dumped on the hospital property be abated.

PAYING CONTRACTS LET.

The Liberty street paving bids figured up as follows:

Lennane Brothers	\$24,820 50
Schneider	25,127 50
Kneal	25,462 00
Clancy	25,781 00

The contract was awarded to Lennane Bros. by a vote of 9 to 6, the noes being Ald. Schlenker, Kearns, Miller, Johnson, Schumacher and Bangs.

Ald. Johnson said it took ten votes to let a contract.

Ald. Kearns: "I appeal from the decision of the chair."

There was considerable discussion of the number of votes required, but the appeal was not put.

The bid of Lennane Bros. was \$2.19 1/2 for the asphalt block, an increase of 3/4 cents over what they charged on State street, for Medina stone 75 cents, an increase of 5 cents, for Berea cub 46 cents, the same as last year, for headers 47 cents, an increase of 7 cents, for excavation per cubic yard 40 cents, an increase of 20 cents.

Ald. Johnson said in considering Mr. Lennane's bid the kind of work the city is getting ought to be considered. Mr. Kneal's pavement on Huron street looks well in comparison with State street. Any man who looks over State street knows that it is a bad job of paving.

Ald. Hutzel said there are bad spots on State street. After any little rain there are mudholes that will splash a buggy all up. He hardly saw how Mr. Lennane made a difference of 100 per cent on excavating on what he did a year ago.

Engineer Groves stated that Mr. Lennane had told him that he would have men here within a week to put State street in shape. The city had held back \$1,500 of Lennane's money.

Ald. Kearns moved to lay the matter on the table, but the chair decided that Ald. Douglas had the floor.

Ald. Douglas asked the city attorney if the council would have to accept the lowest bidder. The city attorney said it would if he could give bonds, if it accepted any of the bids.

Ald. Douglas introduced a resolution giving the paving contract to Len-

ane Bros.

Ald. Hutzel said that this pavement is an injustice to the city as a whole. This city is paying entirely too much for paving. Saginaw block is sold for \$13.75. There is a great difference between this and \$70 for asphalt block.

Ald. Coon said there was no question but that the people of Liberty street knew what they wanted.

The resolution then passed, 9 to 6.

The bids on paving Fourth avenue from Liberty street to Huron street were as follows:

Lennane Bros.	\$6,528 48
Kneal	6,685 12
Schneider	6,721 36
Clancy	6,757 80

Ald. Hutzel offered the resolution awarding the paving to Lennane Bros. and Ald. Kearns said he would not vote for it because the block in front of the court house was not included. The motion carried 11 yeas, 4 nays, the nays being Ald. Schlenker, Kearns, Johnson and Bangs.

ESTIMATES ON SEWERS.

The city engineer estimated that the proposed sanitary sewer on W. Jefferson and S. First streets would cost \$1,264.20, of which \$55.80 belonged to the city to pay. He also estimated that the grading of Church street and the taking care of the storm water from Israel avenue would cost \$2,080. This was laid on the table till the budget was made up.

He estimated that the storm sewer from Allen's creek to the intersection of E. University avenue and Packard street would cost \$11,822.

It was moved to lay this matter on the table. Ald. Fischer wanted the matter referred to the sewer committee. This matter has got to be attended to and we are in as good condition now as we will be two years from now.

Ald. Coon agreed that this matter would have to be attended to sooner or later.

Ald. Schlenker said the mayor has shown us the small amount of money we have to spend.

The motion to lay on the table carried 9 to 6.

FIXING THE BOOKS.

Ald. Douglas made some important recommendations from the finance committee, which were adopted. Several new funds were created, viz., park fund, sidewalk fund and street lighting fund. The street fund was sub-divided into five divisions, (a) cleaning streets, (b) cleaning pavements, (c) repairing streets, (d) new pavements, (e) special appropriations. The sidewalk fund was sub-divided into three divisions, (a) building walks (b) grading and (c) repairing. The board of public works were requested to send to the finance committee time-sheets or pay-rolls for them to audit and the treasurer was requested to be in his office from 3 to 6 on the Tuesday after council meeting to pay these accounts as audited either a blanket warrant to be drawn on the treasurer for the whole pay roll or separate warrants.

WEEKLY PAY ROLL.

After this was passed the council took up the petition for weekly pay of laborers. Ald. Hutzel and Johnson argued for time checks. Ald. Schumacher said that all city attorneys had told them right along that no bills could be paid unless ordered by the council. Ald. Kearns suggested that the council meet every Monday night to audit laborers bills. Ald. Johnson and Douglas gave notice of proper amendments to the rules to allow this to be done.

NEW ORDINANCE.

The sidewalk ordinance was amended so as to include in the cement walk district the south side of Hill street between Packard and Sybil.

DEAN & CO.'S OIL TANKS.

The ordinance committee and city attorney reported on the petition for the removal of Dean & Co.'s oil tanks that

1 Under the charter the council may locate oil tanks and warehouses.

2 That Dean & Co.'s tanks were erected by permission of the council and cannot be removed except by being declared a nuisance in a court of chancery.

3 They found the warehouse in good order.

4 Since the burning of the barn the fire danger had greatly lessened.

5 The insurance companies did not deem the risk extra hazardous.

6 The warehouses compared favorably with buildings used for such purposes elsewhere.

The oil tanks were exposed and unsightly and the committee would recommend that Dean & Co. be required to wall in the tanks and cover the same with a steel roof.

Ald. Coon moved the adoption of the report.

Ald. Douglas said covering the tanks only added to the danger. It simply confined escaping gas from the gasoline and hence increased the danger of explosion. The walls were a good thing but the top ought to be open to the air.

Ald. Schumacher. Why don't the committee follow the orders of this council? We instructed you to draft an ordinance. Why are you not brave enough to do as you are told? You are building a fool's monument.

Ald. Fischer explained that they acted under city attorney's advice.

Ald. Hutzel understood the committee was to investigate. Personally he knew that this had always been a nuisance, but if we can't go into court and prove it we can't remove it. The roof was to be properly ventilated.

Ald. Schumacher. It was prophesied by Mr. Dean that Liberty street would be ruined if a livery stable was allowed there that Packard street would be ruined by street cars. He got out injunctions and litigated it. Mr. Dean would not tolerate these tanks in his block for one minute. None of these who signed his petition would tolerate it in their blocks.

The report was adopted 12 yeas to 3 nays. Ald. Schumacher, Kearns and President Walz voting no.

Later on in the evening Ald. Hutzel moved to reconsider. The report he said might not be so strong as to make Dean & Co.'s rights perpetual.

City Attorney Kearney said if the thing was a nuisance it could be abated at any time by the courts. The report was reconsidered but was again readopted by 11 yeas to 4 nays, Ald. Hutzel joining in the nays.

CHARTER AMENDMENTS.

A number of amendments to the charter were approved by the council. They provided for

1 A police commission with entire charge of the police to consist of 3 members, one to go out each year.

2 That the mayor, president of the council and aldermen should have a salary of \$100 each per year.

3 That the city assessor's salary should not exceed \$1500 a year.

4 That no saloons should be permitted east of Division and Detroit streets and south of Fuller street.

5 That paving petitions should be signed by the owners of a majority of foot frontage instead of a majority of the owners.

6 That claims for damages must be filed with the council within 30 days instead of six months after the accident occurs.

The amendments were lengthy ones made so by the number of sections that had to be amended to establish a police commission.

Ald. Coon said he was unable off-hand to comprehend all the amendments and wanted further consideration of them put off.

Ald. Douglas thought the amendments should be printed and looked over before being finally adopted.

City Attorney Kearney explained that the legislature was about to adjourn.

Ald. Hutzel wanted any provision dividing the city as to saloons made definite so that succeeding councils could not drive men out of long established business.

Ald. Coon thought due consideration could not be given the matter. Amending a charter was ticklish business.

Ald. Johnson said that if the council's action about Dr. Rose's saloon did not stick, it would if this amendment was passed.

Ald. Kearns said he would not vote to give a council power to say that there should be no saloons in Main street.

City Attorney Kearney said if his contentions were right the council had that power now.

Ald. Kearns: "What's the use of amending the charter then?"

Ald. Fischer made an appeal for the passage of the charter amendments. If the council did not want all these amendments, let them pick out what they did want.

The police commission passed, 12 yeas, 3 nays, the nays being Schlenker, Hutzel and Coon.

The salaries amendment passed 12 to 3, the nays being Douglas, Hutzel and Coon.

The assessors' salary, the paving amendment and the damage claim amendment passed by 15 yeas each.

The saloon amendment, after it was fixed up naming the district, passed by 13 yeas, 2 nays, Schlenker and Bangs.

WIDENING SEVENTH STREET.

On motion of Ald. Hutzel it was decided to pay \$100 each to G. Frank Altmendinger and John Kajuska for land to widen Seventh street from Madison to West street. Ald. Coon did not think the city ought to pay for land to widen streets, as it should be donated or paid by property benefited.

MANY WALKS ORDERED.

One of the largest consignments of cement and tar sidewalks ever ordered at one time were unanimously voted by the council.

On motion of Ald. Schlenker the street commissioner was ordered to tear up dangerous sidewalks after 48 hours' notice.

deserved more pay than the fire department, but he wanted the matter to come up in the proper order, recommended by the fire commissioners, and moved that the resolution be referred to the fire commissioners.

Ald. Schlenker thought that ten per cent was large enough raise at this time.

Ald. Kearns said twenty per cent was little enough.

Ald. Coon said that in years past, the council had attempted to help the fire department and had taken some action, but the fire commissioners thought the council had gone too fast without consulting them.

Ald. Johnson wanted to go on record to give these fellows more money, whether the fire commissioners wanted to give it to them or not. They had been at the fire commissioners ever since last summer and hadn't got anything yet. Now they had gone to the chairman of the fire committee, who had introduced this resolution.

President Walz said it would be no more than right to refer the matter to the fire commissioners for recommendation.

The motion to refer was lost by 7 yeas, 8 nays. The yeas were Ald. Douglas, Gill, Hutzel, Coon, Goodyear, Robinson and Walz.

Ald. Coon wanted to increase the janitor's salary.

Ald. Douglas: "If you keep on like this the city will not have any money to make any improvements and unless the head of the department recommends the increase, I cannot vote for it."

Ald. Schlenker wished to amend by including the police in the resolution and making the raise 10 per cent. Ald. Coon seconded this, but afterwards withdrew his second.

Ald. Grose did not think the police department ought to be included. He did not think any class of people took as great risks as the firemen. The policemen can go to shows and operas, the firemen cannot.

The 20 per cent raise for the firemen was voted by 9 yeas to 6 nays. The yeas were Douglas, Gill, Schlenker, Coon, Goodyear, Robinson.

POLICE WERE RAISED.

The policemen's salaries were immediately raised 20 per cent by a vote of 9 yeas to 6 nays, the nays this time being Ald. Douglas, Gill, Grose, Coon, Goodyear and Robinson.

NEW LIGHTS ORDERED.

Two new lights were ordered on motion of Ald. Schumacher, on the corner of Monroe and State and the corner of Fifth and Huron.

Ald. Grose presented a long report on garbage and said the Rendering Works had a capacity to dispose of the garbage and would discuss the matter with the council. He referred the whole matter to the council.

The committee on Fairview cemetery reported in favor of painting the fence, re-plating part of the cemetery, filling in and sodding many of the walks.

OTHER APPROPRIATIONS.

Ald. Schumacher moved that the city attorney name three aldermen to go with him to Lansing to get the charter amendments through, at the expense of the city.

The city attorney said some one should be appointed who could go. He was unable to go this week. Ald. Schumacher changed his resolution to have the mayor go and name the three aldermen.

Schlenker's motion to appropriate \$250 for taking up the cobble stone gutters on Liberty street between Ashley and First was passed, the surface water on Ashley street to be connected with the storm sewers and proper curbing provided for to enable the property owners to have the usual lawn extensions.

Ald. Schlenker's motion was also passed to appropriate \$150 for the grading of a sidewalk.

After two or three other small resolutions the council adjourned.

MADE YOUNG AGAIN.

"One of Dr. King's New Life Pills each night for two weeks has put me in my 'teens' again writes D. H. Turner, of Demseytown, Pa. They're the best in the world for liver, stomach and bowels. Purely vegetable. Never gripe. Only 25c at A. E. Mummery's and H. F. Miller's, druggists.

NO CUTTING DOWN.

This City on the Same Plane with Metropolitan Cities.

There are few persons in this community who will not be glad to know that the Adam Forepaugh and Sells Brothers Enormous Shows are coming here with all the great features with which they startled the metropolitan cities at the beginning of this season.

It has been the custom of so many shows to exhibit in some large city and then travel on the reputation made in such city by giving a programme far in advance of the one they exhibit while traveling through the country. Whatever else may be said about the Forepaugh-Sells Show there is a certainty that when they say anything the utmost reliance may be placed upon their statement. They pledge themselves to repeat the same performance here, complete in every detail with all the great star and champion performers and new and exclusive features. If this programme does not satisfy everybody who sees it they must be harder to please than are those who live in the largest cities in the country. They will exhibit here on Tuesday, May 26.

The Argus-Democrat has news from all over the county. \$1 per year.

GOOD WORK BY HUMANE SOCIETY

Twenty-Five Animals Put Out of Misery

WERE FIVE CONVICTION

For Cruelty to Animals—Seventy Horses Cared For—The Other Work of the Society

The annual meeting of the Ann Arbor Humane society and the Society for the Protection of Children was held at the high school on Monday, May 4.

President N. W. Cheever gave an encouraging report of the general work of the society for the past year. Among other things going to show the extension of the society's work and influence, he had been asked to go to Coldwater and address a public meeting in the interest of the newly formed Humane society at that place. He reported a pleasant reception, an enthusiastic meeting and good results expected.

Mrs. Bach, the treasurer, reported about \$100 on hand, with the exception of the Mrs. Davis fund, of which the income only is used in expenses. No unusual expenses had been incurred during the year. Fourteen copies of "Our Dumb Animals" had been subscribed for and placed in the different school buildings.

President Cheever and the other active officers of the society were re-elected with the exception of Executive Officer F. H. Warren, who expects soon to remove from this city. He gave a detailed report of his humane work for the past year, most of which was outside of his work as chief of of police, of which the following is a summary: Teams and horses ordered put in barn, on account of standing out too long in bad weather, 30; horses blanketed, 40; horses ordered given better care, 13; horses examined, 25; cattle examined, 111; animals killed, account of sickness or injury, horses 1, cattle 2, dogs 10, cats 9, pigs 1; dogs killed, apparently mad, 2; arrests and convictions for cruelty to animals, 4; arrests and fines for shooting squirrels, 1; better care ordered and secured for children, 1; a man at the Fair Grounds was stopped from allowing a dog to jump from a high ladder; teams drawing paving brick were required to reduce their loads from 400 to 300 brick.

The society passed a resolution appreciative of the faithful and efficient services of Officer Warren, which had been given freely and without remuneration from the society, and voted him a gold medal.

A resolution was also passed expressing appreciation of the active interest in the work of the society shown by Officer Harris Ball.

At the meeting of the board of directors, Mr. Orton M. Kelsey, chief of police, was appointed executive officer for the society.

QUICK ARREST.

J. A. Gullidge of Verbena, Ala., was twice in the hospital from a severe case of piles causing 24 tumors. After doctors and all remedies failed, Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly arrested further inflammation and cured him. It conquers aches and kills pain. 25c at A. E. Mummery's and H. F. Miller's, druggists.

The Argus-Democrat has news from all over the county. \$1 per year.

For rent—100 acre farm, Lodi township, Sec. 10. Write to 508 N. Washington avenue, Saginaw, Mich. 19

DR. FRUTH

The Most Reliable and successful specialist in the treatment of all Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood diseases of every nature upon the latest scientific principles, has visited the neighboring towns since 1890, cures the cases he undertakes and refuses a fee from the incurables. This is why he continues his visits year after year while other specialists have made a few visits and cease to return.

He Particularly invites all those cases which have been neglected, badly treated or pronounced incurable. Patients who are doing well under the care of their own physicians need not call on us, as our province is to treat those who can not find relief otherwise. No money required of responsible parties to commence treatment.

Dr. Fruth through years of experience has perfected the most infallible method of curing all diseases and weaknesses of men, youthfulness and all effects of abuses and excesses, improper life and solitary habits which ruin both mind and body, unfitting for business, study, society or marriage. A perfect restoration guaranteed under legal contract in writing, backed up by abundant capital to hold for my promise. It costs no more to employ an expert than to risk your life with an inexperienced physician.

I also Cure all curable cases of Catarrhs, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidney, Heart, Stomach, Bowels, Bladder and Skin Diseases by a treatment that has never failed in thousands of cases that have been pronounced beyond hope.

Every Case of Piles, Fistula, Rupture and Varicose Veins cured without detention from business. Sexual weakness, Syphilis, Gonorrhoea and stricture a specialty.

Remarkable Cures of old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but personal consultation is preferred.

Remember Date of visit. Come early crowded. A friendly call may save you future suffering. It has made life anew to thousands who had been pronounced beyond hope. Bring sample of your urine, for examination. Reference: Drexel State Bank.

D. O. FRUTH, M. D., Chicago, Ill. 3716 Lake Ave.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes.

Safe. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. Buy of your druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10-000 Testimonials. Sold by All Druggists.

CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO. 3100 Madison Square, PHILA., PA. Mention this paper.

MORE LIVES ARE SAVED BY USING Dr. King's New Discovery

Consumption, Coughs and Colds Than By All Other Throat and Lung Remedies Combined.

This wonderful medicine positively cures Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pneumonia, Hay Fever, Pleurisy, LaGrippe, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup and Whooping Cough. NO CURE. NO PAY. Price 50c. & \$1. Trial Bottle Free.

WAGONS

In buying a wagon for carrying loads to the mill or city, buy the best, the STUDEBAKER is by all odds the BEST.

CARRIAGES

High Grade carriages are built by me. Those who have them are suited with them. You will be, if you buy of me. The prices will suit you. We sell also high grade harnesses.

A CURE FOR \$10.00

Dr. Fruth will make his 5th regular monthly visit to Ann Arbor, Cook House, Saturday, May 16th, and all sufferers, including those who have been unable to pay the doctors regular fees, will be examined and if found curable will be treated until cured for \$10.00, medicine included. This does not mean \$10.00 a month, but \$10.00 for a complete cure and no further fee will be asked. But in order to obtain the benefit of this generous and very low rate it will be absolutely necessary to begin treatment on the date of the doctor's next visit to Ann Arbor, May 16th. The doctor accepts no incurable case and guarantees a cure in all cases he undertakes. Office hours 9:30 a. m. to 3:30 p. m. One

LET THE PUBLIC KNOW WHAT PUBLIC OFFICERS DO

What Is the Use of Open Doors If Matter Must Not Be Published

School Board Should Expunge From Their Records a Resolution Censuring the Making Public Their Meetings--Letters of the People

To the Argus:

Like many other citizens, I have been astounded at the effort of the majority of our board of education to hide the board's proceedings from the light of day. The Argus deserves the commendation of every sincere friend of our schools in taking a strong stand in favor of publicity.

The people, who pay \$60,000 a year in school taxes, should not be kept in ignorance of what is being done by the board. They are entitled to the fullest knowledge of its proceedings. In fact such publicity is absolutely essential to the success of our public school system, which must always be kept close to the people. Any attempt to apply dark-lantern methods to its management must inevitably result in disaster.

The people of Ann Arbor owe a debt of gratitude to Trustee Cavanaugh who gave the newspapers the first intimation of what was being done with reference to Prof. Pattengill. The moment the matter was made public the alumni and the citizens generally arose as one man in defense of this splendid teacher, who has done more than any other living individual to give the Ann Arbor high school the proud position it holds in the educational world. Like his beloved associate of many years, Prof. W. S. Perry, whose death was an almost irreparable loss to our schools, Prof. Pattengill has given the best effort of a life-time to their up-building. And yet, had Mr. Cavanaugh not given the newspapers the facts, this veteran educator might have been quietly dropped or forced to resign, in spite of the existence of a practically unanimous sentiment in favor of his retention.

For doing the public this valuable and timely service, Mr. Cavanaugh is condemned by resolution of the same board that was compelled by public sentiment to re-engage Prof. Pattengill by unanimous vote. Among those whose votes were recorded in favor of this arrogant resolution of censure were the members of the teachers' committee who had squarely reversed themselves in the face of enraged public opinion and without giving any reason for their action.

Under the circumstances, could anything be more ludicrous than this resolution of censure of Mr. Cavanaugh for giving the public the truth? We can conceive of a Quay or a Penny-packer favoring such action, but we are confident from expressions heard on every side, that the citizens of Ann Arbor have viewed it with nothing short of contempt.

TAXPAYER.

To the Editor of the Argus:

I do not believe in rushing into print, but your article in your issue of May 19 is so unjust and unfair that I cannot help answering it. There was no reporter of the Argus present at the meeting except Mr. Beakes stood in the doorway for a moment or so. I judge therefore that Mr. Cavanaugh made the report that was published. I am gratified that Mr. Cavanaugh is now so strong an adherent of Prof. Pattengill. If the committee were wrong in their report asking Mr. Pattengill to resign, Mr. Cavanaugh certainly was for he made the motion to have the committee's report concurred in, which the records will show. Also, when I made some remarks that in my opinion it would seriously affect Mr. Pattengill's health should anything of that nature come upon him unawares, Mr. Cavanaugh answered "We were not there to act on sympathy," to which I replied "No, but for justice and right." Now as regards the matter becoming public at the time it did. After Mr. Beal's motion to refer the matter back to the committee to consult with Mr. Pattengill, it was mentioned that it would not be best to have the matter published until it was settled, and had there been reporters present the request would have been made to them, and I have not the slightest doubt it would have been granted. As to secrecy. There never, to my knowledge, has been a session since I have been on the board behind closed doors. The public are always welcome and I think I voice the sentiment of every member of the board in that regard.

Respectfully,
EVART H. SCOTT.

The Argus gives Mr. Scott space for his criticism on the Argus article. At the same time it would have him understand that the article he deems unjust and unfair was not written by Mr. Cavanaugh, but was written by Mr. Beakes, who heard Mr. Cavanaugh's speech and who assumes full responsibility for the article. As to who made the motion to adopt the teachers' committee report last Friday that has nothing to do with the matter. Mr. Scott says Mr. Cavanaugh did. Mr. Cavanaugh emphatically denies this and gives the name of the member who, he says, did. The Argus did not state who did and does not

care, as that is a matter of no moment whatever. The question is, has the school board the right to censure the publication of the board proceedings. The logic of saying that the meetings of the board are always open to the public and then that the publication of the proceedings should be censored is not apparent. And the resolution of censure should be expunged from the records.

There is much unwritten history about this whole matter that is in possession of the Argus, which convinces this paper that had it not been for the publicity given the matter, so that the board had an opportunity of finding out that the public were of one mind in recognition of Prof. Pattengill's worth, the recommendation of the committee would have been adopted. Publicity made the board of one mind. Hence it is that the Argus maintains that the censure of publicity should be stricken from the minutes of the school board.

Editor Argus:

Dear Sir--Now that we have awakened from the nightmare of the past few days and our honorable school board has properly adjusted the principalship of our high school, let us as citizens of Ann Arbor and fathers and mothers of its youths, look calmly into this thing which threatened and may perhaps again threaten the high standing of our school.

It has always been a cause of deep regret that capable men do not remain in the profession of teaching, but merely use that profession as a stepping-stone for something more lucrative. Can we any longer wonder why this is so? Now, if we really want efficient teachers to remain in the profession we must make it a paying one. Is there any other business requiring general education and long preparation before entering it that would not yield more than \$1,800 a year income after a perfectly capable man has devoted 25 or 30 years of his life to it? Should it not be the last thing we could ever think of doing, i. e., to ask a beloved and thoroughly efficient principal to resign just because Greek is no longer fashionable and there might arise a possibility of his having a leisure hour, or to propose reducing the salaries of capable and perfectly satisfactory teachers whose whole lives have been devoted to the welfare of our school simply to save a few dollars? Are we not willing to pay a legitimate school tax? Can we afford this kind of economy? Let us learn the lesson that the past has been struggling to impart to us, viz., that teachers are worth more than their hire and that if we want to have capable people remain in the profession we must make it a paying one and we must know the value of those whose lives have been devoted to the work and raise their salaries if necessary to retain them. I am sure I only give voice to the sentiment of our citizens when I claim that our best economy requires us to maintain the high standing of our schools and that we cannot spare any of our very capable staff of high school teachers for any paltry reason.

MRS. C. GEORG.

A Way Open.

MANY AN ANN ARBOR READER KNOWS IT WELL.

There is a way open to convince the greatest skeptic. Scores of Ann Arbor people have made it possible. The public statement of their experience is proof of the like of which has never been produced before in Ann Arbor. Read this case of it given by a citizen:

Mr. Edwin Wooley, contractor and carpenter, of 618 Fountain St., says: I was subject for years to attacks of headache, or pains through the joints and kidneys, generally of a dull, heavy aching nature, but often when the weather changed or when I moved awkwardly they became sharp twinges of pain. As I was doing work which required stooping it was very painful, exceedingly so if I caught cold, which as a rule settled in my loins. I tried various remedies but was never successful in obtaining any permanent benefit until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. At the time my back was troubling me a great deal, but shortly after I began the treatment the aching abated. When I finished it I was cured. This was months ago and up to date there has been no recurrence of the trouble.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

Read the Argus-Democrat, the only democratic paper in the county, \$1 per year. Subscribers new.

FROM THE TEACHERS' COMMITTEE

PROF. SLAUSSEN THEY SAY KNEW NOTHING OF THEIR REPORT

Committee claims That Public Pressure Had Nothing to Do With Changing Their Report

Editor Argus:

Will you kindly do your share in correcting certain erroneous impressions that prevail in various quarters by publishing the following facts:

1st. The first report of the Teachers' Committee recommended the re-engagement of the entire corps of High School teachers, including Prof. Pattengill, and an increase of salaries in several instances. This report was made after a long conference in which each teacher's case was fully discussed with the Superintendent.

This report was not accepted by the board, but referred back to the committee, with the understanding that a reduction must be made in the amount asked.

The falling off in the Greek classes had been very marked for two or three years, until at the present time the beginning class in Greek had dwindled to two.

This, coupled with the fact that Prof. Pattengill was not performing all the duties of high school principal, and as we supposed, did not wish to assume them, led us to make the recommendation we did. We had no expectation that definite action would be taken by the board, until, after ascertaining the board's feeling in the matter, we should be enabled to have an interview with Prof. Pattengill, as it was well understood that the committee's powers were merely advisory.

The board did exactly as we had reason to expect they would do, after the explanation which accompanied the report had been given them.

The records show the following action as taken by the board.

"Trustee Cavanaugh moved that the recommendation of the Teachers and Text Books Committee be concurred in."

Trustee Beal offered as an amendment that the case of Prof. Pattengill be referred to the Teachers and Text Books Committee, they to have a conference with Mr. Pattengill and see if some understanding could not be reached." The amended motion prevailed.

Our meeting with Prof. Pattengill was an amicable one, and we found him perfectly willing to assume the increased duties, although we had mistakenly assumed otherwise. Our report recommending that he assume these increased responsibilities was made and signed before we had seen a single petition and was not taken because of any pressure brought to bear upon us, but because as a committee we have always desired to do that which would commend itself to our sense of right.

From the above it will be readily seen that the whole matter could have been easily adjusted had it been allowed to follow the usual course adopted by all school boards under similar circumstances, and not been prematurely published.

The result would have been exactly the same as at present and much trouble been saved to all concerned, if the article in Friday's Argus could have been withheld, as we have no doubt it would have been if the editor had been present when the request was made to that effect.

2nd. Prof. Slauson's first intimation of the Teachers and Text Books Committee's recommendation to the board in Prof. Pattengill's case came when he listened to the reading of that report in Friday's meeting of the Board of Education.

We feel that it is due to Prof. Slauson that this statement be made public.

3rd. No change has been made in Prof. Slauson's relation to the schools. He still remains Superintendent of Schools, and this position, here as elsewhere, gives him full charge of all the schools, the high school included.

Mr. Pattengill's position remains the same in name as before, but he now is given and assumes the full duties and responsibilities of high school principal.

ANNA B. BACH,
EMMA E. BOWER,
E. F. MILLS,
Committee on Teachers and Text Books.

A NEW HOUSE IN LYNDON

Lyndon, May 18.—Miss Gertrude Webb spent Sunday at home with her parents.

Emmett Hadley is building a fine new house.

Mrs. L. K. Hadley is able to be out again after her recent illness.

Miss Nora Reed closed a very successful term of school in District No. 10 last Thursday. Miss Reed goes to Grand Rapids soon, where she has secured a position.

Miss —llia Gibney returned home last week from a two weeks' visit among friends and relatives in Ann Arbor and Detroit.

Miss Rose Glenn, of North Lake, is working for her brother, Emery, north of Gregory.

Mrs. L. Allen went to Ann Arbor last Tuesday to have a cancer removed from her face.

Mrs. John Webb and sister, Mrs. Wm. Glenn, spent last Friday with relatives in Chelsea.

CIRCUS ANN ARBOR 26

Tuesday, MAY

SHOW GROUNDS BETWEEN PACKARD AND STATE STREETS

UNAPPROACHABLE IN GRANDEUR—ALL POWERFUL AND MIGHTY IN MAGNITUDE
AMERICA'S REPRESENTATIVE, METROPOLITAN SHOWS

Adam Forepaugh & Sells Brothers'

COLOSSALLY CONSOLIDATED

MENAGERIES, CIRCUSES AND HIPPODROMES

JAS. A. BAILEY, PETER SELLS, LEWIS SELLS, W. W. COLE,
EQUAL OWNERS, OPERATORS AND MANAGERS.

You may place implicit reliance in the plain and positive statement that there is absolutely nowhere available material for the organization of anything to compare with these

STUPENDOUSLY COMBINED SHOWS

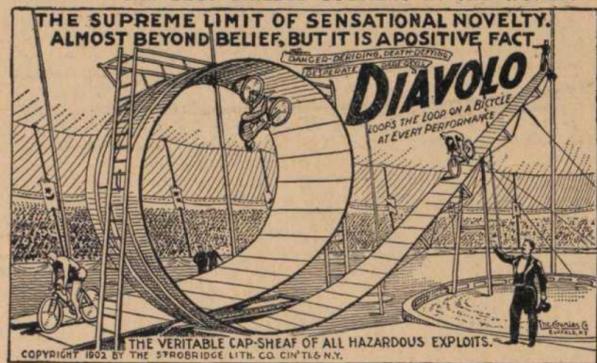
In either Quantity or Quality OF RARE SENSATIONAL, SUPERB, INSTRUCTIVE, MORAL AND AMUSING ENTERTAINMENT. They have GARNERED FROM EVERY QUARTER OF THE GLOBE

ALL THE WILDEST AND RAREST SAVAGE CREATURES
ALL THE GREATEST ARENIC ARTISTS AND ANIMAL ACTORS

GREATEST IN QUANTITY, GRANDEST IN QUALITY

Attraction Extraordinary The Pride and Glory of American Infantry. The Aurora Zouaves

Just returned from a triumphant conquest of Europe, where the nobility and royalty pronounced them THE BEST DRILLED SOLDIERS IN THE WORLD.



SENSATION'S LIMIT REACHED AT LAST. THE WONDER OF ALL WONDERS. THE SUPREME MARVEL OF TWO CONTINENTS

Danger-Defying, Death-Defying, DESPERATE, DARE-DEVIL DIABOLO

NAYES, THE CYCLE

STANTON'S MIRTH-PROVOKING GIANT AND GAME ROOSTER COMBAT

In addition to a Countess of Champion Circus Celebrities, in the 3 rings, on the 2 stages and in the vast enclave of the dome. Its Mammoth Double Menageries a University of Natural History. Its Huge Double Hippodromes a Colossal and Genuine Race Course.



On the forenoon of exhibition day there will pass through the principal streets AN ALL NEW AND MAGNIFICENT FREE STREET PARADE including an Allegorical Representation of the War of the Nation. TWO PERFORMANCES DAILY, RAIN OR SHINE, IN NEW PROCESS WATERPROOF TENTS. ADMISSION ONLY 50c. CHILDREN UNDER 9 YEARS, 25c. Doors Open at 1 and 7 P. M. for the Menageries and Grand Promenade Concerts by Morric's Massive Military Band. Arenic displays 1 hour later. On exhibition day Numbered Coupon, actually Reserved Seats, may be secured at the regular prices at

DAWSON BROS. DRUG STORE, 102 EAST HURON STREET

OLD FASHIONED YPSILANTI WILL

Ypsilanti Town, May 20.—Mrs. Freeman, after a severe illness, seems to be improving.

Dewitt Sherwood, of the Detroit Medical school, after a week's vacation at home, returned Tuesday for hospital work.

Mrs. D. V. Harris is quite sick. Her extension to his barn and will re-shed the spring far down the slope and rebuild and generally repair the barn.

The Ladies' Helping Hand society met with Mrs. Dallas Pierce last Thursday. There were 45 guests.

Mrs. Pierce is to be congratulated on the success of the day, all the appointments being well ordered and pleasing. The picturesque old farm with the steep banks sloping to the river, the bucket that would travel on a wire to the spring far down the slope and return filled with ice-cold water, all helped to make the day long to be remembered. The next meeting will be with the president, Mrs. F. Stockdale, on the afternoon of June 12.

Rev. and Mrs. Stanley Shaw have returned from a trip to Toronto, where Mr. Shaw received a degree at the M. E. college.

The Tuttle school, taught by Miss Grace Crittenden, will close next week. Friday afternoon there will be exercises by the school followed by a picnic. Ice cream will also be served.

There will be Decoration Day exercises by the Tuttle school next week Saturday at the Udell cemetery.

It is quite probable that an Ann Arbor student will be selected to go to Washington to study sociology during the summer vacation. The names of two young ladies have been selected by Prof. Cooley and forwarded to the head of the department. If selected the young lady will spend the summer in Washington under direction of the superintendent of the bureau of charities. If the work is satisfactory to both sides she will be made superintendent of a division of the work. At present Miss Ida Green, '02, is superintendent of a division of the bureau of charities, and the head of the bureau, Chas. F. Weller, is a graduate of the University of Michigan with the class of 1894.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take 2 or 3 Exative Bromo Quinine Tablets.
All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

DR. FRUTH

Can be consulted privately at the Cook House, FRIDAY, JUNE 12th, from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m., one day only. The doctor makes no false statements to obtain the patronage of the sick and his charges are always as low as possible for conscientious, skillful and successful treatment.



DR. FRUTH

The Most Reliable and successful specialist in the treatment of all Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood diseases of every nature upon the latest scientific principles, has visited the neighboring towns since 1890, curing the cases he undertakes and refuses a fee from the incurables. This is why he continues his visits year after year, while other specialists have made a few visits and cease to return.

He Particularly invites all whose cases have been neglected, badly treated or pronounced incurable. Patients who are doing well under the care of their own physicians need not call on us, as our province is to treat those who can not find relief otherwise. No money required of responsible parties to commence treatment.

Dr. Fruth through years of experience has perfected the most infallible method of curing all diseases and weaknesses of men, youth, full follies and all effects of abuses and excesses, improper life and solitary habits which ruin both mind and body, unfitting for business, study, society or marriage. A perfect restoration guaranteed under legal contract in writing, backed up by abundant capital to hold my promise. It costs no more to employ an expert than to risk your life with an inexperienced physician.

I also Cure all curable cases of Catarrh, Liver, Kidney, Heart, Stomach, Bowels, Bladder and Skin Diseases by a treatment that has never failed in thousands of cases that have been pronounced beyond hope.

Every Case of Piles, Fistula, Rupture and all other diseases guaranteed cured without detention from business. Sexual weakness, Syphilis, Gonorrhoea and stricture a specialty.

Remarkable Cures Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but personal consultation is preferred.

Remember Date of visit. Come early as parlor cases are always crowded. A friendly call may save you future suffering; it has made life anew to thousands who had been pronounced beyond hope. Bring sample of your urine, for examination. Reference: Drexel State Bank.

D. O. FRUTH, M. D.,
3716 Lake Ave. Chicago, Ill.

G. WALKER, M. GROSSMAN,
C. BRAUN.

ESTABLISHED 1887.

Walker & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF



Fine Carriages, Coaches and Road Wagons.

We can save you dollars if you are in need of a first class Surrey, Top Buggy or Driving Wagon, all of our own manufacture. Why? Because you will not constantly be going to the repair shop. The best of workmanship and the best of material is used for the construction of our vehicles. We are headquarters for Rubber Tire Vehicles. We will equip new or old at a reasonable price. Call on us before buying elsewhere. We will sell on terms to suit.

WALKER & CO.
Office and salesroom 115 W. Liberty St.
ANN ARBOR, MICH.

OUR WALL PAPER STOCK

Remarkable for its beauty and selling quality.

Don't wait until the best has been selected, early buyers have the advantage of better selections and better service.

See Us Before Purchasing

Weissinger and Bancroft
212 E. Washington St.

LOCAL BREVITIES

Saline is making great preparations for Memorial day.

There were 19 births in Freedom during the past year.

James Martin is building a new residence in Manchester.

B. A. Morton has been granted a pension of \$40 a month.

Emmett Hadley is building a new house near North Lake.

George Parker has sold his saloon in Dexter to Thomas Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Clancy are the proud parents of a baby boy.

The Birkett pulp mill at Hudson in this county, has been closed down.

Six carloads of Manchester wool has been sold to an Albany, N. Y., firm.

Mrs. Clara G. Plympton, of this city, has been granted a pension of \$8 a month.

Wm. Herman has purchased a lot on Second street and will erect a house upon it.

The salary of the postmaster of Manchester has been increased from \$1,400 to \$1,500.

Memorial services will be held next Sunday by the G. A. R. at the Trinity Lutheran church.

Miss Lella Farlin will give her graduating recital at the School of Music on June 5.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Thomas have moved to Chicago, where Mr. Thomas has secured a fine position.

The Aged People's Home association will hold a business meeting on May 27 at the home of Mrs. Anna Bach.

W. Jones, of Chelsea, will speak at the Y. M. C. A. meeting next Sunday afternoon at the meeting at 4 o'clock.

Mrs. Lindsey, of Saline was brought by Martin's ambulance to the Homeopathic hospital for treatment Tuesday.

Ex-Mayor Copeland has been elected a member of the board of control of the Michigan Homeopathic Medical society.

The boys' branch of the Y. M. C. A. will have a picnic on Saturday afternoon. They will start from the rooms at 2:15 p. m.

Rev. Caroline Bartlett Crane, of Kalamazoo, will preach in the Unitarian church of this city Sunday morning, May 24, at 10:30 o'clock.

The school board has petitioned the council for a sanitary sewer so that they can make the proper sanitary arrangements at the Philip Bach school.

Miss Myrtal Palmer will act as organist at the Presbyterian church next year, taking the place of Miss Minnie Davis, who has tendered her resignation.

The Girls' Branch of the Y. W. C. A. will give a picnic on Saturday afternoon. Everyone is asked to bring a lunch and come and have a good time.

Mrs. Hastreiter, of S. Fourth avenue, will go to Saginaw and Bay City on Saturday. She will attend the May festival in Saginaw during her stay there.

Ex-Mayor Luick has planted a large number of wall-eyed pike in Island Lake from the fish hatchery. They will in time find their way down the Huron river.

Three of the teachers in the Saline schools will not accept reappointments, Miss Manly goes to Detroit, Miss Brookes to Kalamazoo, and Miss Gardner to Battle Creek.

Invitations are out for the wedding of Miss Farr, daughter of Regent Farr, and Dan Zimmerman, which will occur on June 2. They will reside on Israel avenue in the E. B. Hall house.

Miss Florence Rogers died at the home of Mrs. Elizabeth Kingsley, 213 S. Thayer street, yesterday. The remains will be taken to Northville on Saturday morning for interment.

Lloyd Diamond, arrested by the officers on the Whitmore Lake road at the time that Officer O'Mara was fired at, will have his examination today. He claims ignorance of the affair.

THE OLD RELIABLE

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Bock, a little daughter, on Monday evening.

Mrs. Mary Sullivan died in Northfield Saturday. She came from Ireland to Northfield over 50 years ago. Her husband died some 25 years ago and she is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Hire, of Bay City.

Geo. Bischoff has purchased the old Miller property, adjoining the third ward school and will utilize the land connected with it for gardening purposes in connection with his greenhouse.

Mrs. Wealthy Ann Williams, of Dixon, Illinois, sister of George W. Cropsey of this city, died Monday, May 18, aged 84 years. Mr. Cropsey is now the only surviving member of the family.

Robert Howard has been granted a pension of \$8 a month. He was in the U. S. cavalry service from 1850-55 and was in the Indian wars in New Mexico. The pension was secured through W. K. Childs.

Professor Fred N. Scott of the University, has been engaged by the Chicago board of education to give a course of five lectures on the teaching of English composition, at the Chicago Normal School.

David Sawyer, of Owosso, a brother of A. J. Sawyer of this city, has begun a \$10,000 damage suit against the Michigan Central, the damage being sustained while he was trying to get off at a flag station.

The fifth and last lecture for 1902-03 upon the Baldwin foundation will be delivered before Hobart Guild in St. Andrew's church next Sunday evening by the Rev. Dr. Wm. D. Maxon, rector of Christ church, Detroit.

The Chelsea council at a special session unanimously passed a resolution instructing the village attorney and Cavanaugh & Wedemeyer to carry the tax case of the village vs. the Holmes Mercantile Co., up to the supreme court.

Miss Dora Witter and Martin Weller of Ionia were married Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock at the home of Prof. and Mrs. A. McLaughlin. The newly wedded pair left immediately after the ceremony for their future home in Ionia.

Mack & Co. have recently sold about 100,000 pounds of wool directly to eastern manufacturers and expect to secure in all, this season, about 200,000 pounds. They are paying stiff prices and have made Ann Arbor an attractive market for the wool growers.

Miss Agnes Lambourn, 624 Felch St., and Mr. Clarence Walker of the 21st Battery, Ft. Sheridan, Ill., were united in marriage Friday evening at 8:30 by Rev. T. W. Young, at the bride's home. The ceremony was witnessed by a few friends from Ypsilanti, Mr. Walker's home.

Gov. B's has signed a bill raising the salaries of the probate judges throughout the state. The salary of Judge Watkins was raised from \$1,800 to \$2,100 a year. The bill for the protection of rabbits in Washtenaw and several other counties has passed the legislature. It is now unlawful to use ferrets in hunting rabbits.

Miss Lena Neebing, of this city, and Charles Hipp, of Ypsilanti, were quietly united in marriage at the Zion Lutheran parsonage Monday night by Rev. Mr. Nicklas. Miss Christine Neebing and Fred Babcock, of Ypsilanti, were the only friends who witnessed the ceremony. The newly wedded pair will reside in Ypsilanti.

Memorial Sunday will be observed with appropriate services at Trinity Lutheran church next Sunday. A sermon appropriate to the occasion will be preached in the morning at 10 o'clock by the pastor and in the evening at 7 o'clock an illustrated lecture on the Battle of Gettysburg will be delivered by W. M. McNair.

A burglar entered the home of C. C. Warner, on E. Ann street, Saturday evening during the absence of the family, but was frightened away before he had secured anything. Mr. Warner returned home about 9 o'clock and found the back door open and a window pried up. There were burnt matches on the floor and tracks through the asparagus bed, showing where someone had jumped over the back fence in getting away. Apparently Mr. Warner's return had caused the burglar to make a hasty exit.

Mrs. Sarah Walker, wife of ex-Mayor Warren E. Walker, died at her home Saturday, of dropsy. She had been ill for many months with heart trouble. Her maiden name was McDivitt and her life had been spent in Ann Arbor where she had many warm friends. Her husband and three sisters survive her. The sisters are Miss McDivitt of the public schools, Mrs. Cook and Mrs. William Wheeler. The funeral will be held at the house at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Rev. Mr. Tatlock officiating, and interment will be in Forest Hill cemetery.

Mrs. Christian Oslander died at her home, 536 W. Third street, Wednesday of paralysis, after only three days' illness. Mrs. Oslander was born in Germany in 1824 and came with her parents to this county when only nine years of age. She leaves four children—Miss Mary Oslander, Mrs. Lydia Betz, Wm. Oslander, of this city, and Edward Oslander of Detroit. She was highly respected by all who knew her. The funeral was held today at 1:30 from the house and at 2 o'clock from Bethlehem church.

When doctors fail try Burdock Bitters. Cures dyspepsia, constipation; invigorates the whole system.

SALEM PLANNING FARMERS' PICNIC

Salem, May 20.—Mrs. John Munn and Mr. E. T. Walker, members of the executive committee of the Salem Farmers' club, met with the Lyon club Tuesday to arrange for a union farmers' club picnic to be held at South Lyon on July 4.

Mrs. W. Ahrenberg, who has been seriously ill for the past month, is very much better at this writing.

Mrs. Andrew Johnson is entertaining her sister, Mrs. Harry Doan.

T. Donovan and B. Hooper spent Sunday in Detroit.

Asa Giegler met with a bad accident last week while at work in the saw-mill, having his arm broken.

An ice cream social for the benefit of the Congregational church was held at the home of Clayton Deake Thursday evening, with a good attendance.

Rev. Mr. Whitney will deliver a memorial sermon at the Congregational church Sunday afternoon.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Butler spent Tuesday in Detroit.

For Sale—Two farms on easy terms, one of 100 acres and the other of 40, good buildings with all improvements. Would exchange for smaller property. Address 112 West Liberty.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw—SS.

In the matter of the estate of John Keenan, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, William H. McIntyre, administrator de bonis non of the estate of said John Keenan, deceased, by the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the 14th day of May, A. D. 1903, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the south front door of the court house in the city of Ann Arbor, in the county of Washtenaw, state of Michigan, on Tuesday, the seventh day of July, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased), the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lot number seven (7) in block number four (4), north of Huron street, range number four east according to the recorded plat of the city of Ann Arbor, Washtenaw county, Michigan.

Dated this 22d day of May, A. D. 1903.

WILLIAM H. MCINTYRE, Administrator de bonis non.

THOS. D. KEARNEY, Attorney for Administrator.

No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma. Never fails.



The Man Who Has Confidence In Us

and puts himself in our hands cannot be otherwise than well dressed. Every Suit, Spring Overcoat, Hat or article of Haberdashery for men and boys that we bought for this season includes the very best of the best makers in the country. Not a worthy fabric or pattern is omitted—not a detail of fashion was overlooked.

You will find no better values or later styles than in the superb productions of STEIN-BLOCH CO., Rochester, N. Y.

LINDENSCHMITT & APFEL.



Our new Carpets, Rugs and Straw Matting's, and Draperies are now in

We show this season the best line in every respect that we ever had. The experience of our customers with the carpets we have sold them will be our recommendation again. Our prices are another feature that is worthy of your attention.

We sell the imported English Inlaid Linoleum.

Our assortment in Furniture of all descriptions is equally as good as of our floor coverings and draperies for this season.



MARTIN HALLER,

112, 114, 116 East Liberty Street.

KOCH'S Big Store

You probably expect to leave town during vacation. No doubt you'll want a new Suit Case or Telescope, or maybe a trunk.

We are headquarters for everything in that line. We have fine Lawn and Porch Furniture for those who intend to stay at home. Something new in Weathered Oak Porch Furniture.

Light and strong Folding Chairs and Cots for the camper. Folding Settees, Stools, etc.

We have the best goods for the least money that you can find in the city. We want to make you understand that fact, so that whenever you think of good Furniture, Carpets, Draperies and Trunks for the least money, you'll think of us.

Call and see our values when you need

Furniture, Carpets, Trunks.

Repairing, Upholstering and Refinishing Furniture a specialty.

At Koch's Big Store

300-302-304 S. Main St. Phone 50.

There's nothing like cutting close to the wholesale.

THE RACKET

Puts on no style for the customers to pay for, but gets there just the same.

All kinds of Ladies' Summer Vests and Pants, 10c to 25c each.

Men's summer underwear, 45c for two pieces.

Glass Lemo. Squeezers, 5c and 10c.

Glass Tumblers, dozen 20c. Less than dozen, 2c each.

Sunbonnets, fancy ruffled, 25c.

Smaller, but still nice, 15c.

Embroidery, 5c and 10c a yard.

Carpet Beaters, 20c.

Misses' Summer Vests, a lot to clean up, some long and short sleeves, 3 for 25c.

Jointed Fishing rods, 15c to \$1.00.

75-foot Lines, 5c each.

Fish hooks, 5 for 1c, or if you want them by the box 10c, a hundred in each box.

Spring Hinges, 10c a pair.

Best Butcher Knives, guaranteed, 15c.

The Very Best Working Shirts, 45c.

THE RACKET, 202 EAST WASHINGTON.

Wall Paper FOR A SLEEPING ROOM!

When some one says that, we invariably show them striped papers. And we have some very pretty patterns, too. Some have stripes of a contrasting color upon a plain background, in others, the stripes are covered with a net work of flowers and figures of gilt and silver. All the desirable shades are here in green, blue, pink etc., at little prices.

5c to 15c per roll

AT

WAHR'S Bookstores

E. G. HOAG.

CAME NEAR BEING BIG SHAKE-UP AMONG HIGH SCHOOL TEACHERS

Only One Vote Short of Making Big Cut in Profs. Wines' and Chute's Salaries

Falling Off in Study of Greek Reduces Prof. Pattengill's Work So That Effort Was Made to Drop Him—Teachers' Salaries Precipitates Warm Discussion

There was a warm time in the school board meeting Friday and a radical difference of policy as to hiring teachers developed. The first trouble arose over the falling off in the study of Greek in the high school, which made it very costly per pupil to teach Greek. There are only two new scholars in Greek this year and only six altogether.

The meeting was called for the purpose of hiring teachers and the teachers committee, consisting of Mrs. Bach, President Mills and Miss Bower, recommended:

1. That Prof. Pattengill be asked to resign. This was put on the ground of there being only two new scholars in Greek this year and of his receiving \$1,800 for teaching 14 hours a week.

2. The re-engagement of Prof. Wines and Prof. Chute and their salaries was left to the consideration of the board.

3. All the other teachers were re-engaged with in some cases small increases in salaries.

After the discussion the part of the report referring to Prof. Pattengill was referred back to the committee to see Prof. Pattengill and find out if he would not do more work.

Prof. Wines and Prof. Chute were re-engaged at the same salary as last year, \$1,700, but a change of one vote would have reduced their salary to \$1,500.

Prof. Pattengill has taught in the high school 27 years, Prof. Chute 30 years and Prof. Wines 24 years.

Mr. Cavanaugh was the trustee who moved that the salaries of Profs. Wines and Chute be fixed at \$1,500 each. Mr. Kyer seconded it and the vote stood:

Yeas—Seabolt, Bach, Cavanaugh, Kyer.

Nays—Deal, Mills, Bower, Scott, Eberbach.

Supt. Slauson reported that there were so many resorts on State street that it was a very difficult matter to control the high school pupils, and he therefore thought that the principal of the high school should do more administrative work so that the superintendent could do more work in the ward schools. Prof. Pattengill's work was less than formerly because of the great falling off in the number of Greek scholars.

Mr. Cavanaugh led the argument for the reduction in salaries in certain instances. He argued that Profs. Wines, Chute, Jocelyn and Montgomery should all be paid alike as they did practically the same work. Prof. Wines now got \$1,700 and Prof. Jocelyn \$1,225. He also argued that it was wrong to pay men big salaries and women small salaries for the same work. If a woman did the same work as a man she should be paid the same.

Mr. Eberbach said that Prof. Chute had written a book which had a big circulation and was quite an advertisement for the high school.

Mr. Deal thought it was not a good idea to dismiss three of the old professors at one time.

Mr. Cavanaugh said there was no danger of Profs. Chute and Wines going at a salary of \$1,500.

A table was introduced showing the aggregate increase in teachers' salaries in six years to have been over \$8,400 or nearly 25 per cent. The teachers' salaries for the various school years have aggregated:

1897-8	\$35,556 72
1898-9	37,376 28
1899-0	38,665 24
1900-1	41,544 83
1901-2	42,625 72
1902-3	43,992 19

Another table of interest is given below, showing the number of pupils each teacher in the high school has, the number of hours a week they teach and the salary of each as fixed for the coming year, excepting that Prof. Pattengill has not yet been re-engaged:

Pupils.	Hours.	Salary.
J. G. Pattengill	46 14	\$1,800
L. D. Wines	125 25	1,700
L. P. Jocelyn	191 25	1,250
H. N. Chute	120 16	1,700
W. H. Hawkes	114 20	900
Alice Porter	83 25	800
Mary E. Hunt	150 25	800
J. Montgomery	114 21	1,300
D. W. Springer	86 25	1,300
Alice E. Rothman	123 25	800
Gertrude T. Breed	116 25	800
Eliza B. Cady	58 4	300
Oscar H. Wurster	98 10	175
Anna M. Blackman	30	650
Sam Whedon	175 19	800
Sara O'Brien	114 22	600
Corra A. Robison	124 25	550
Florence Pomeroy	125 18	525
Martha T. Sturgis	137 25	650
H. Ella Bennett	98 26 1/2	650
Elizabeth Kittridge	147 19	550
Bianche Engart	191 15	300
S. A. Moran	60 15	700

Objection was raised to the \$300 paid for physical culture. Objection was also made to the \$300 for 4 hours a week teaching of elocution. But both teachers were re-engaged. An effort was made to drop Mr. Moran,

who gets a pro rata of \$700 a year, but Moran was sustained by the board.

The ward teachers were re-engaged with in a few instances a raise of \$25 a year in salary.

The total increase in salaries for the next year will be \$975.

The raises in the salaries of the high school teachers were as follows: Prof. Jocelyn \$25, Miss Breed \$25, Miss Rothman \$50; Oscar H. Wurster \$35; Miss Blackman \$25, Miss Whedon \$50, Miss O'Brien \$25, Miss Robison \$50, Miss Sturgis \$25, Miss Bennett \$50, Miss Kittridge \$50.

No reporters were present at the meeting, which was a special one, and the report given is what can be picked up from the members of the board outside and is therefore somewhat disjointed.

A determined onslaught, among other things, was made on the expense of teaching physics in the high school, it being stated that the teachers of physics received an aggregate of \$4,040 a year.

The falling off in the study of Greek is due to the fact that the University no longer requires Greek for the A. B. degree. It denotes a tendency which may eliminate Greek largely from the curriculum of a liberal education.

A SURE THING.

It is said that nothing is sure except death and taxes, but that is not altogether true. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is a sure cure for all lung and throat troubles. Thousands can testify to that. Mrs. C. B. VanMetre of Sheperdstown, W. Va., says: "I had a severe case of Bronchitis and for a year tried everything I heard of, but got no relief. One bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery then cured me absolutely." It is infallible for Croup, Whooping Cough, Grip, Pneumonia and Consumption. Try it. It's guaranteed by A. E. Mumery and H. F. Miller, druggists. Regular sizes 50c, \$1.00.

THE \$900 VERDICT ON A SALOON BOND

WAS PAID IN FULL YESTERDAY AFTERNOON

Mrs. James Got \$900 Because of Her Husband Falling Out of Buggy While Drunk

The celebrated saloon case of Anna James vs. John Schaefer, on a saloon bond, tried a year ago in the circuit court, in which the plaintiff recovered a verdict of \$900 has been paid in full.

It will be remembered that Anna James claimed on the trial that her husband, who was an habitual drunkard, was sold or given liquor by John Schaefer, and that in consequence while intoxicated he fell out of a buggy and was permanently injured.

It was shown that because of her husband's habitual drinking Mrs. James had to take in washings and work out for a living and had to partly support her husband after he was injured. The defense claimed James fell out of the buggy because of a defect in the highway. The case was hotly contested being tried by Frank Jones and Carl Storm for Mrs. James and M. J. Lehman and Frank Styers for the bondsmen.

Last week the sheriff returned the execution fully paid and satisfied.

FRENCH FAVORITES.

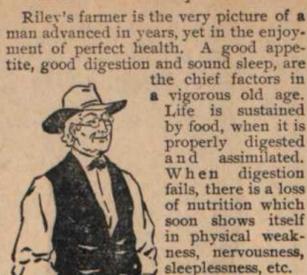
La Duo De Vene is the name of a pair of French artists that have been brought to this country by the Adam Forepaugh and Sells Brothers Shows. They do a remarkably artistic "carrying act," in which the lady rides in a full-length ball gown. It is a difficult feat of equestrianism and is exceedingly pretty to look at. They are also performers of a novelty act called Cranial Equilibrium, in which the lady is handled by partner of the sterner sex as if she were a puff-ball, and the act terminates by his standing her on her head upon his head and while she is in this break-neck position he runs around the show, with her in the most reckless sort of a manner. It is a wonder he does not break her neck, but it is safe to say, he has not done so yet. They are certainly a most remarkable pair and will be seen with the Adam Forepaugh and Sells Brothers Shows United, on Tuesday, May 26.

FOR OVER SIXTY YEARS

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays the pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world.

Read the Argus-Democrat, the best weekly. Only \$1 per year.

"I sleep well enough at night,
And the blameliest appetite
Ever mortal man possessed."



Riley's farmer is the very picture of a man advanced in years, yet in the enjoyment of perfect health. A good appetite, good digestion and sound sleep, are the chief factors in a vigorous old age. Life is sustained by food, when it is properly digested and assimilated. When digestion fails, there is a loss of nutrition which soon shows itself in physical weakness, nervousness, sleeplessness, etc.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It strengthens the body in the only way possible,—by enabling the assimilation of the nutrition extracted from food.

"I used ten bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and several vials of his 'Pleasant Pellets' a year ago this spring, and have had no trouble with indigestion since," writes Mr. W. T. Thompson, of Townsend, Broadwater Co., Montana. "Words fail to tell how thankful I am for the relief, as I had suffered so much and it seemed that the doctors could do me no good. I got down in weight to 25 pounds, and was not able to work at all. Now I weigh nearly 160 and can do a day's work on the farm. I have recommended your medicine to several, and shall always have a good word to say for Dr. Pierce and his medicines."

The Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, in paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

PROF. CHUTE ON PHYSICS TEACHING

The Expense Placed Too High at Trustees Meeting

ADDITIONAL WORK

Necessary by Physics Teachers in Preparing Apparatus for Experiments

Ann Arbor, Mich., May 16, 1903. To the Editor of the Argus:

Dear Sir—I desire to correct a few of the errors contained in the report of the meeting of the board of education held on the 15th inst.

First. It is not true that the teachers of physics receive an aggregate of \$4,040 a year. There are two instructors in this department and one of these does work in another department as well as in that of physics. The aggregate pay received is \$2,600.

Second. Profs. Wines, Jocelyn, Montgomery and Chute do not have practically the same work. Messrs. Wines and Jocelyn teach mathematics, whereas Messrs. Montgomery and Chute teach science and in addition to their class duties have large laboratories to look after and much apparatus to care for, involving a large expenditure of time and energy which certainly demands recognition.

Third. The table giving the number of hours of actual teaching done by each teacher is very misleading, in that it takes no recognition of the large amount of time it requires to prepare for effective class work in physics and chemistry, especially in the arrangement of apparatus for the many necessary experiments, a condition of things not found in other subjects. It is true that at present I have 16 classes per week; but it is also true that I am obliged in addition to this to devote the five and often six teaching hours of one day per week to the correction of about 100 note-books, an additional 10 hours per week and often more to the preparation of class experiments, at least half of every Saturday to the adjustment of the students' physical laboratory for the following week, and frequently many extra hours and large portions of vacations as well to the repairing and construction of apparatus, thereby saving the school district many dollars. It should also be stated in this connection that I have charge of the junior boys of the high school, involving no small amount of clerical work.

May I ask you, Mr. Editor, to give the above statements of facts as prominent a position in your excellent paper as you gave those incorrect statements tending to imply that I have not fully earned the amount that has been paid me in the past, and that a readjustment is now demanded.

Yours very truly,
H. N. CHUTE.

Obliging Goats.

The goats of Naples go upstairs into tenement houses to be milked, sometimes to the sixth or seventh stories.

Burma Wives.

In Burma formerly there were seven kinds of wives, of which four could not be divorced, but there was no difficulty in getting separated from any of the other three kinds.

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

WHY THE BONDS ARE NEEDED

President Mills, of the Ann Arbor School Board

GIVES FACTS AND FIGURES

To Show Why the School Board Needs \$20,000 More Bonds—The Statement is a Very Clear One

To the Editor of the Daily Argus:

In view of the fact that the board of education is about to ask the citizens of Ann Arbor for authority to issue \$20,000 in bonds, a full and explicit statement of the reasons therefore are due to them.

At the annual meeting in September, 1901, the board was authorized to purchase a site and take the preliminary steps toward the erection of a new W. S. Perry School building, to be so situated as to serve the growing population of the 7th ward while readily accessible to the children of the 1st.

It was felt that this would render unnecessary the erection of a separate building for the 7th ward, which but for this could not have been much longer delayed.

A site having been selected, the citizens were asked to vote at a regularly called special meeting held on Jan. 20, 1902, whether the district should be bonded for \$25,000 to erect such a building. 153 votes were cast, of which 129 were for and 24 against the proposition.

When arrangements were being made for the issuing of the bonds thus voted, it was found that the charter of the district contained a clause limiting the bond issue of the district to \$30,000 and, as the amount already outstanding was \$16,000, we could not legally issue but \$14,000 of the \$25,000 voted us.

Former boards had issued the bonds of the district to an amount nearly double the legal limit, but the present board did not want to take the responsibility of such a transaction. Consequently the matter was fully explained to the annual meeting of September, 1902, and that meeting passed a resolution requesting the board of education to have the charter revised so as to raise the bonding limit.

This was done and last week the governor signed the bill granting us a revised charter which admits of a bonded indebtedness not to exceed 3/4 of one per cent. of the assessed valuation of the school district. The legality of the issue being now assured, we request the district to again grant us the right to issue bonds in payment of the balance on the Perry school.

As before stated, we asked at first for \$25,000 bonds for this purpose, of which we only issued \$14,000, and the query naturally arises, "Why do you ask for \$20,000 when the unissued amount of \$11,000 was supposed to be sufficient then?"

The following figures, which were the basis for our estimate at the time will explain the case:

ESTIMATE OF EXPENDITURES FOR PERRY SCHOOL.	
Site	\$ 10,600 00
Building	32,300 00
Heating & Incidentals	6,900 00
Total	49,800 00

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS TO COVER ABOVE ESTIMATE.

Sale of old Perry school	16,000 00
Sale of bonds	25,000 00
Sale of lots on corner of Hill and Forest	6,000 00
Sale of house and lot on west side of new site	2,000 00
Total	49,000 00

THE ACTUAL COST HAS BEEN

Site	10,600 00
Building	32,305 95
Heating and incidentals	7,290 64
Total	50,196 59

ACTUALS RECEIPTS HAVE BEEN

Old Perry School	16,000 00
Sale of old buildings on the new site	933 00
Premium on bonds	303 80
Sale of bonds	14,000 00
Balance to be provided for by new bonds	20,000 00
Total	51,236 80

We have not yet been able to sell the lots on Hill and Forest avenue at what well informed real estate men think they are worth; and we do not deem it advisable to sell them for less than value.

The house and lot at the west side of the new Perry school site has not yet been disposed of, as a number of the board feel that the ground will be needed in the immediate future for a playground for the pupils. Had these two pieces of property been disposed of as originally intended, there would have been no necessity of asking the district for more than the \$11,000 left unissued of the amount originally voted us.

The sanitary condition of the old outhouses at the Philip Bach and the Eliza Jones schools call for modern closets and sewer connection at the earliest possible moment. The balance of this bond issue after paying the amount due on the Perry school will be sufficient, we trust, with what

we have saved from the appropriation voted us last September for running expenses to take care of this needed improvement.

In conclusion allow me to say that the board of education desires to be absolutely frank with the tax payers of the district and to have them feel at all times that it is their privilege to know every detail of the board's transactions. Should any tax payer wish any further or more detailed information than I have given above, it will be most cheerfully furnished him and we shall welcome such interest on the part of any citizen.

Respectfully,
EUGENE F. MILLS,
President Board of Education.

CHORAL UNION GOES TO ST LOUIS

The General Manager of Exposition Music

IS ENTHUSIASTIC

Over the Good Work of the Chorus During the May Festival—He is the Manager of Boston Festival Orchestra

The Choral Union of this city, under the direction of Prof. A. A. Stanley, is now practically sure of going to the St. Louis Exposition in 1904. Manager Stewart, of the Boston Festival orchestra, and general manager of the music for the world's fair next year, is enthusiastic over the work of the chorus here and is confident that the 300 voices will be secured to give concerts at St. Louis. The Ann Arbor singers will be chosen above any others in the country. It is the purpose of Manager Stewart to pay the railroad expenses of the chorus. According to the present outlook the plan will be successfully carried out.

"GREEN SICKNESS"

The unhealthy complexion of green sickness is changed to the rosy blush of good health by Scott's Emulsion.

Green sickness is one of the forms of blood disease found in young women. The change from girlhood to womanhood often upsets the nervous system, weakens digestion and throws the blood-making organs out of gear.

Scott's Emulsion puts new heart into pale girls. It tones up the nervous and digestive system, and feeds the blood. It is a natural tonic.

Remember that 30 per cent. of these cases go on into consumption unless prevented. Scott's Emulsion prevents consumption.

We'll send you a sample free upon request.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Joseph T. Jacobs and Elizabeth A. Jacobs, his wife, to the Ann Arbor Saving Bank, bearing date the 14th day of June, 1899, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Washtenaw county, Mich., on the 17th day of June, 1899, in Liber 99 of mortgages on page 384 at 2 o'clock and fifteen minutes p. m. on that day on which mortgage there is due on the date of this notice \$250 principal, and 28 dollars interest, and no proceeding at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the amount of said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 8 day of August, next, at the east front door of the court house, in the city of Ann Arbor, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, there will be sold at auction to the highest bidder the premises described in said mortgage or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said mortgage and the legal costs of this foreclosure. The premises so to be sold are described as follows: Lot number 49 in A. Tenbrook's addition to the city of Ann Arbor, according to the recorded plat thereof, also lot number 8 in block number 2 in Hamilton, Rose & Sheehan's addition to the said city of Ann Arbor.

Dated May 7, 1903.
ANN ARBOR SAVING BANK,
W. D. HARRIMAN, Mortgagee.

Weak?

"I suffered terribly and was extremely weak for 12 years. The doctors said my blood was all turning to water. At last I tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and was soon feeling all right again."
Mrs. J. W. Fiala, Hadlyme, Ct.

No matter how long you have been ill, nor how poorly you may be today, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine you can take for purifying and enriching the blood. Don't doubt it, put your whole trust in it, throw away everything else. \$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows all about this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

FARMERS

You can secure
Seed Barley,
Seed Oats,
Seed Corn,
Seed Beans,
Seed Buckwheat,
and all kinds of Field Seeds at the
Ann Arbor Central Mills.

Do not use damaged Beans for Seed. Keep up the grade by using choice Seed only.

Michigan Milling Co.

File 9302 12-585
Estate of Robert Trabloux.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wash- tenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 22nd day of April, in the year one thousand nine hundred and three.

Present, WILLIS L. WATKINS, Judge of probate.

In the matter of the estate of Robert Trabloux deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Eliza Trabloux, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, that administration of said estate, may be granted to Albert Bond, or some other suitable person; and that appraisers and commissioners be appointed.

It is Ordered, that the 21st day of May next, at ten o'clock sun time, in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for the hearing of said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Argus-Democrat, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

WILLIS L. WATKINS,
Judge of Probate.
[A true copy.]
Louis J. Lisemer, Probate Clerk.

9371. 12-590
ESTATE OF JOHN L. BARRINGER.
State of Michigan, County of Wash- tenaw, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 6th day of May, in the year one thousand nine hundred and three.

Present, Willis L. Watkins, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of John L. Barringer, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Frank F. Barringer, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, that administration of said estate may be granted to Harvey C. Packard, the executor in said will named, or to some other suitable person, and that appraisers and commissioners be appointed.

It is ordered, that the 2d day of June next, at ten o'clock sun time, in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said petition. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing in the Argus-Democrat, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

WILLIS L. WATKINS,
Probate Judge.
[A true copy.]
Louis J. Lisemer, Probate Clerk.

COMMISSIONERS NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASH- TENAW.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court, for said county, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Mills B. Gelston, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at First National Bank, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, on the 25th day of July and on the 25th day of October, next, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated April 25th, 1903.
S. W. CLARKSON,
J. MILLS GELSTON,
Commissioners.

25 CENTS
PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

DETROIT, YPSILANTI, ANN ARBOR & JACKSON RAILWAY. In Effect July 6, 1902. GOING WEST.

Through cars from Detroit to Jackson leave Detroit on every hour from 6:00 a. m. until 5:00 p. m. Then at 7:00 p. m. and 9:00 p. m.

Cars from Detroit to Ann Arbor leave Detroit every half hour from 6:00 a. m. until 7:00 p. m. Then at 8:00 p. m., 9:00 p. m., 10:00 p. m. and 10:45 p. m.

Cars leave Ypsilanti for Ann Arbor at 5:45 a. m. and 6:15 a. m.

Cars leave Ypsilanti for Jackson at 5:45 a. m. and 6:45 a. m.

GOING EAST. Cars leave Ypsilanti for Detroit at 5:45 a. m. and 6:15 a. m.

Through cars from Jackson to Detroit leave Jackson hourly from 5:45 a. m. until 6:45 p. m. Then at 8:45 p. m. Car leaving Jackson at 10:45 p. m. runs only to Ypsilanti.

Cars leave Ann Arbor for Detroit half hourly from 6:15 a. m. until 6:15 p. m. Then at 7:15 p. m., 8:15 p. m., 9:15 p. m., 10:15 p. m. and 11:15 p. m.

Cars leave Dearborn for Detroit at 5:40 a. m. and 6:10 a. m.

Cars leave Ann Arbor for Ypsilanti only at 6:45 p. m., 7:45 p. m., 8:45 p. m., 12:15 a. m. and 12:45 a. m.

On Saturdays and Sundays, in addition to the above the following cars will be run: Detroit to Jackson, 6:00 p. m. and 8:00 p. m. Detroit to Ann Arbor, 7:30 p. m., 8:30 p. m. and 9:30 p. m. Jackson to Detroit, 7:45 p. m. and 9:45 p. m. Ann Arbor to Detroit, 6:45 p. m., 7:45 p. m. and 8:45 p. m.

On Sundays, first cars leave terminals one hour late.

YPSILANTI-SALINE DIVISION. Leave Ypsilanti: A. M.—6:15, 8:15, 10:15. P. M.—12:15, 2:15, 4:15, 6:15, 8:15, 10:15.

Leave Saline: A. M.—7:00, 9:15, 11:15. P. M.—1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15, 11:15.

A special car will be run from Ypsilanti to Saline at 12:15 a. m. on arrival of theatre car from Detroit, for special parties of ten or more, on short notice and without extra charge.

THE DEATH OF PETER HINDELANG

Peter Hindelang, who died in Chelsea, May 11, was over 84 years of age. He was born in Alsace, France, and served for six years in the French army. He came to this country in 1846. He took up a farm in Lyndon in 1847 and from about that time was a constant reader of the Argus. He was married to Miss Elizabeth Stapish in 1847, who died in 1887. In the sixties they moved to Dexter township and about 1890 Mr. Hindelang moved to Chelsea. Four children survive him, Lewis H., of Dexter, Victor D., of Albion, Mrs. John P. Foster and Miss Frances Hindelang, of Chelsea. The funeral was held from St. Mary's church Thursday. Mr. Hindelang was one of those men whom it was a privilege to know.

A STARTLING TEST.

To save a life, Dr. T. G. Merritt, of No. Mehoopany, Pa., made a startling test resulting in a wonderful cure. He writes, "a patient was attacked with violent hemorrhages, caused by ulceration of the stomach. I had often found Electric Bitters excellent for acute stomach and liver troubles so I prescribed them. The patient gained from the first, and has not had an attack in 14 months." Electric Bitters are positively guaranteed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation and Kidney troubles. Try them. Only 50c at A. E. Mummery's and H. F. Miller's, drugists.

Read the Argus-Democrat, the best weekly. Only \$1 per year.

THUNDER MOUNTAIN.

Reports from the New Thunder Mountain Gold Fields grow steadily better. There will undoubtedly be a great rush into the district this year. Last year the news concerning the new discoveries of free-milling ore had only begun to leak out and before October more than 20,000 claims were filed.

From every quarter there will be people going to Thunder Mountain, and all will want reliable information as to the best route and how soon the trail will be open. Many who cannot go will want to invest in a good property there, and the time to do that is now when money is needed for mine equipment.

The Thunder Mountain Gold Mining and Milling Company has a splendid property of 120 acres, across which there is a tremendous vein of free-milling ore 30 feet wide and running right into Rainbow Peak. Mr. Charles J. Perkins, General Manager of the Company, spent all last summer in the district. He is now at the Company's eastern offices in New York, where he will remain until some time in May purchasing equipment and describing the property to all who wish to buy shares. He also possesses full information regarding the district and makes it a point to answer all questions about it, without charge, so that all who are interested may write and get this information free and at first hand.

The Company which Mr. Perkins represents made its first public offering of stock in January, and so many subscriptions have been received that a great deal of the equipment for the mine has been purchased and prepared for shipment as soon as the way is opened for travel.

It is estimated that fully three millions of dollars of machinery and equipment is now on the way to Thunder Mountain for various companies. One of the companies sold stock a year ago at 50 cents a share and now it is not to be bought for \$5.00 per share. Thirty other mines are opened and are getting into richer ore every day.

The property which this Company owns is second to none in the district, and the more one learns about it and its officers the greater the desire becomes to own some of its stock. For information regarding it, price of shares, etc., write to

THUNDER MOUNTAIN CONSOLIDATED GOLD MINING AND MILLING COMPANY, New York Life Building, New York City.

Pierced by Arrows

Desperate Battle of a Wagon Driver With a Band of Indians.

Perils That Beset the Old Time Freighters Across the Plains—The Pony Express.

When the pony express was established in 1860 the distance between St. Joseph, Mo., and Sacramento, Cal., was shortened by two and a half months. Prior to that time the mails were carried in a stagecoach, which consumed nearly three months in making the trip.

With the advent of the pony express the time was reduced to eight days. To accomplish this unheard of trip thirty-five men and 250 ponies were necessary. The only halt made was of two minutes' duration. This time was consumed in changing saddles and bags from one tough, sure footed, fleet little animal to another just like him. There were thirty-



CLIFF KEPT HIS SIX SHOOTER GOING.

stations along the line, with relays at each station. Each horse was forced on a swift run for ten miles and then replaced by another.

One of these intrepid riders is today a resident of St. Joseph. His name is Charles H. Cliff. Charley Cliff rode the pony express for six months after it had been in operation for a year. Twice each week he made the trip. His route led him to Seneca, Kan. There he waited for the mail back from the west and bore it to St. Joseph. When the river was high or running with ice he left his pony on the west bank and, taking a skiff, rowed across and brought up at the post office with his messages from the still unexplored west.

These pony express riders were a daring lot. The savagery of the elements and the bloodthirstiness of the Indians were to be met and conquered or evaded in a manner that would not lose time on their schedule.

Out upon the far western plains roamed their enemies, the Indians. These red skinned savages were nominally friendly. But the Springfield rifle swinging from the saddlebow and the Colt revolver carried in holster were often brought into rapid play and with deadly effectiveness upon the Indian by the daring riders skimming alone across the plains with messages from the far west.

By means of the pony express the distance between St. Joseph and Sacramento was covered in 232 hours. The usual run for each man was eighty-five miles. At first a horse was used for every twenty miles, but later double the number of animals were put into service. The equipment was a light riding saddle and bridle, with specially made pouches of "mochilas," made of heavy leather, which hung over the saddle much as common saddlebags are hung. There were four pockets, two in front and two behind each leg of the rider. Three of these pouches were locked and opened at specially designated points and under no circumstances at any other. The other was for local mail.

Cliff tells a thrilling story of his experiences. "I never knew what it was to ride at a walk," he said. "My horse was always at his greatest speed. Downhill he was allowed to slacken his pace, but on all other roads he was put through. My route was one of the best in the system, and I thoroughly enjoyed the work. There was no stopping, no hesitancy, no lagging. It was a rush from start to finish, and I generally managed to get through. At one time the snow was six feet deep along my route, and I had great difficulty keeping the trail, while the cold was intense."

After Mr. Cliff's experience as a pony express rider he became a "freighter" across the plains to Denver. He was

associated with a hundred or more drivers like himself on these freighter trains, which usually went in parties of from 100 to 175 trains.

It was on one of these trips across the plains that he was attacked by Indians and was wounded three times by Sioux arrows.

The wagon train was wending its sinuous way eastward "empty." It was in two sections. The first comprised 125 wagons and was a quarter of a mile in advance of the second, in which there were twenty-five wagons.

The wagon train was nearing O'Fallon's bluffs in the early morning. It drew up some distance from a spring and stopped to water the stock and prepare breakfast. Cliff, with a companion, left the circle of wagons after some drinking water. They neared the spring and were dipping the bucket in the cool, sparkling water. Suddenly the air became hideous with the sound of a wild medley of war whoops. Glancing up, the two white men beheld a band of seventy-five Indians advancing upon them. They took to their heels and made for the wagons as fast as their legs could carry them. Cliff was nearing shelter after he had cast aside water bucket and every other incumbrance.

Suddenly he felt a sharp pain in his back. The pain almost caused him to drop. But men will do unheard of things when life is at stake, and Cliff kept running. The Indians almost reached him, and he was forced to turn and fight for his life. He drew his Colt revolver and stood the red men off as he backed toward the wagons, suffering excruciating agony with every step. He finally reached safety, and his companion, in response to Cliff's orders, handed the wounded man his rifle.

Cliff lifted the rifle to his shoulder and, calmly taking deliberate aim at the nearest savage, pulled the trigger. The redskin dropped in his tracks. Again the cool eye sighted along the long rifle barrel. Again an Indian dropped, mortally wounded.

At this juncture one of the foremost red men stopped in his advance and, pulling his bow to its utmost length, fired at the wounded white man. The arrow struck him in the left breast. He did not fall. He continued to pour his withering fire into the advancing horde of yelling savages. Another arrow pierced the arm that was supporting the gun barrel, and the death dealing rifle dropped.

Cliff feared that his days had come to a close. His companions had forsaken him for the larger train. He stood helpless almost but for his six shooter, which he managed to keep going until it was emptied. Then he retreated toward the inclosure.

The Indians continued their advance upon the wagon train. But it was soon stopped.

The men from the larger train, attracted by the scene of excitement and the sound of firing, rushed to the rescue of their belated companion. Their advance was in the nick of time. After some sharp fighting the Indians were soon driven off, and the two trains were drawn closer together and preparations made to receive a second attack, but none came. The Indians had been defeated, and they mounted their ponies and rode away.

Cliff called to his companion and forced him to cut the arrow from his back. It was a tragic scene. The companion had not the courage to pull it out, as the arrowhead had gone into the flesh and was buried. Cliff told him to cut it out. The man said he could not.

"But you will!" was the stern word of the wounded man. "You will do it or I'll blow your head off!" And, suit-



CLIFF LEVELED HIS REVOLVER.

ing the action to the word, he presented his revolver to the man's head and bade him do as he was told.

The man obeyed, and with Cliff's knife he cut a slit near the arrowhead in Cliff's back and pulled out the arrow.

The arrows in the breast and arm were easily extracted, but Cliff's wounds were bad. He was laid in one of the wagons, and the tedious trip to St. Joseph was begun.

During the three weeks necessary to make the trip Cliff's wounds were healed, and he was able to walk about on his arrival there. The arrows he kept and still has.

SIRENS AND SONS.

Dr. F. D. Snyder of Ashtabula, O., owns the largest private starfish collection in America.

Augustus C. Carey of Boston claims to have operated a system of wireless telegraphy on the Marconi plan as early as 1886.

M. Loubet, president of the French republic, has been a keen musician all his life. When a boy, he was a member of a village band.

John D. Wing of Millbrook, N. Y., has a herd of about seventy sheep, each as black as ink. There is perhaps no other collector of these freaks of nature in the world.

Mrs. George B. McClellan, widow of the famous general, who has been residing in Europe for many years, has returned to this country and will make her future home in Washington.

Colonel William Penn Clarke, who died in Washington recently, was one of the founders of the Republican party and was appointed paymaster in the army by President Lincoln in 1863.

Colonel C. B. Wing of Cincinnati, a prosperous manufacturer, has been on the staff of every governor of Ohio for the past twenty years. He is immensely popular all over the Buckeye State.

Abe Slupsky, whose name is almost as familiar to the reading public as that of the Hon. Dink Botts, has resigned the office of collector of rates in the St. Louis water commissioner's office.

Benjamin Leo of Cleveland, the inventor of a new type of street car fender with hollow rubber cylinders along the edge, allowed himself to be struck by a car going twelve miles an hour the other day and escaped injury.

John H. Dick, an octogenarian resident of St. Paul, was sent to the poorhouse the other day at his own request. He owns a valuable Stradivarius violin, the sale of which would place him above want, but he refuses to part with it.

Jay Cooke, the veteran financier, owns several farms, and it is his pride to set before his guests at Ogontz food that he raises himself. The milk, the butter, the eggs, the tomatoes, the mushrooms, the meat, the bread, the fruit, the nuts—all come, as a rule, from his own farms or hothouses.

GOWN GOSSIP.

Many of the imported spring gowns show the skirts in double or triple flounce effects.

Silk and wool fabrics will be in favor this spring. They appear in extra widths, in monochrome dyes and in numerous fancy weaves and combinations.

Spring and summer gowns are to be flounced, frilled or ruffled from waist to hem, or from the hem to any intermediate point that may suit the figure or fancy.

The styles in dress all tend in the direction of sloping shoulders—wide collars, drop yokes, sleeves that slip off the shoulders, dropping berthas with deeply pointed fringed edges.

A number of visiting and walking costumes show the lower half of the gored skirt trimmed with milliners' folds in graduated widths, the last one at the extreme edge of the skirt being about two inches wide.

Sleeves are this season a very important factor of the gown or wrap. Both for street and house garments there is a great diversity of styles, all, however, continuing to show the upper portion small and close fitting, the sleeve from the elbow down as wide and drooping as possible.—New York Post.

TRAIN AND TRACK.

The average railway employee will get \$60 more in wages this year than he received in 1902.

The recent increase in freight rates if maintained throughout the year will increase net railway earnings more than \$150,000,000.

The ratio of operating expenses to earnings in 1902 for all the railroads in this country was 64.62 per cent. The previous year it was 64.86 per cent.

The Philadelphia Rapid Transit company is to build at Frankford avenue and Bridge street, that city, a car barn that it says will be the biggest in the world. It will have forty-three tracks within it.

A through train service from Paris to Peking was arranged recently by the directors of the Nord, Ouest and Orleans Railway companies of France and representatives of Belgian, Dutch, German and Austrian railways.

Lunacy's Effect on the Bones.

A curious medical fact was elicited at an inquest on a man who died from injuries received in falling out of bed in an English lunatic asylum. The bones of a lunatic, stated a doctor, are far more brittle than those of a person of sound mind.

The Sphinx.

Nothing is left of the nose of the Egyptian sphinx, thanks to the vandalism of tourists.

Couldn't Stand Prosperity.

A man in Buenos Ayres became insane from violent emotion on learning that he had won the big prize in a lottery. He went to a church, drew a revolver and fired at the priests.

PEOPLE WHO FLY.

The Ryan-Zorella Troupe are unquestionably the greatest aerialists ever seen anywhere in the world. Four men and three ladies have been brought together from the best of the world's circusses to present the wonderful performances which are one of the star features of the Adam Forepaugh and Sells Brothers Enormous Shows United. So swift and far their flights through the dome of the vast canvas, so graceful their every movement, and so daring their every feat, that they seem to be really superhuman and more like feathered birds than men and women. If there were nothing else on the programme of this vast consolidation of America's two greatest shows, it would be well worth the while of any amount of travel and expense to see it. They will be here on the date of exhibition on Tuesday, May 26.

Church Division.

It is stated that in the historic village of Hermannsburg, in Germany, there are four kinds of independent Lutheran churches, each of which refuses to recognize the other or to practice altar and pulpit fellowship.

Dreams.

Dreams, says a scientist, are promoted by warmth and chilled by the cold. Hence the Asiatics are rich dreamers, while the Eskimos sleep as sound as icebergs.

The Balata Tree.

It is much more difficult to bleed the balata tree, from which gutta percha is derived, than the india rubber tree. But an expert at the work can obtain from forty to fifty pounds of the gum daily.

A sump is the bottom of a mine shaft which is excavated a few feet below the floor of the bottom or lowest level to catch the seepage water. It is at this point that the pumps are connected.

No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma. Never fails.

Sitte Stove Polish advertisement with image of a hand holding a brush.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK advertisement listing services like hot water, electric cars, and rates.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN advertisement for stricture treatment with detailed text and decorative border.

ALABASTINE advertisement describing its use for walls and ceilings, and KALSOMINES advertisement for whitening.

50-PIECE DINNER SET FREE advertisement with image of a dinner set and promotional text.

To Cure a Cold in One Day advertisement for Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets with a signature.

PROF. PATTENGILL PRINCIPAL WITH ENLARGED POWERS

But the Board of Education Censured Telling of the Facts

Of Their Meeting Friday Morning—The Board Passed a Resolution Monday Night They Would Do Well to Expunge

Public sentiment has been heard from. Publicity brought it about last night that Prof. Pattengill was unanimously re-engaged as principal of the high school and given more administrative duties. But the board passed a resolution of censure of publicity, which while intended as a sop to their wounded feelings they would do well at their next meeting to expunge from their records, lest it rise up against them in the future. For if there is anything that the public is insistent upon it is that their public officers be not afraid to let the people know what they are doing.

The meeting of the board was called Monday to consider the question of principal of the high school and for the purpose of taking action on the unwarranted publication of the doings of the board meeting Friday forenoon.

Petitions for the retention of Prof. Pattengill as principal were presented and M. J. Cavanaugh presented the following resolution:

Resolved by the Board of Education that the petitions in regard to Prof. Pattengill be published and copies be sent him and that the board regret that the committee on teachers was so hasty in asking for his resignation.

The board could not quite stand for this but passed the resolution after striking out the reference to the committee on teachers.

Previous to this Mr. Beal offered a resolution censuring the member of the board who made public the recommendations of the committee on teachers last Friday.

This had reference to the squarred report that Prof. Pattengill be asked to resign.

M. J. Cavanaugh opposed the resolution. This board spends \$80,000 of the city's money, he said, and the people have a right to know what it does. The teachers committee came in before this board Friday noon and asked for the dismissal of one of our best teachers, Prof. Pattengill. Now, in order that Prof. Pattengill's friends might know what this committee was doing and in order that the public might know, as it has the right to know, what this school board is doing, I considered it my public duty to let the public know what the board did. The committee, last night, after they

had their ears to the ground and found out that public sentiment was against them, crawled. They were ashamed of what they had done and because I made their action public and thus saved Prof. Pattengill from dismissal, they are angry and want passed this resolution of censure. In other words they claim the public has no right to know of the recommendations their committee makes. What reasons have you for changing your minds since Friday? Prof. Pattengill was just as good a man last Friday as he is today. You give no reason and you can give none. But were it not for the publicity given the action of this committee asking for this dismissal they would have accomplished their purpose. Since hearing from the public, you are now ashamed of your actions and because this thing was not kept secret and you are thus prevented from carrying out your scheme, you want to censure the member of the board who thus gave the matter publicity and defeated your schemes. Prof. Pattengill today is a bigger man than ever before.

Miss Bower said that the verbal explanations accompanying the table of work done were not given.

Mr. Scott said the door at all meetings was open.

No claim was made that the report was not correct. Mr. Cavanaugh demanded the yeas and nays and the resolution of censure passed: Yeas—Beal, Bach, Bower, Eberbach, Kyer, Mills, Scott—7. Nays—Cavanaugh—1. This list is here printed, for use in case the board does not think this matter over calmly and in their sober second-thought expunge a censure for giving the facts to the public. For the public will not stand for this sort of thing for a minute. Its school board is not bigger than it is, and if its doings are to be kept secret, or if the board tries secrecy, its doom as a board is sealed. The public will not hesitate to let the board know this.

After having thus censured the telling of facts, the board unanimously re-elected Prof. Pattengill as principal of the high school and give him more administrative powers. The idea seems to be that Supt. Slauson is to take charge of the ward schools and Prof. Pattengill more largely of the high school.

IS THIS BASED ON EXACT FACTS

A PROTEST FOR HEALTH OF FICER'S ATTENTION

A Citizen Makes a Striking Complaint Against Conditions in Back Yard of Homeopathic Hospital

Editor Argus:

Some time ago I noticed in the columns of your paper that the president of the board of health was urging the people to "clean up their back yards" and "that it was many years since he had seen the alleys and back yards in such a filthy condition."

This may be true. But I should like to take him into the back yard of the Homeopathic hospital, or have him view the same from the corner of Washington and Fourteenth streets. There is an old saying that is very applicable in this case—"Those who live in glass houses etc." I would advise that our president walk down on Fourteenth street occasionally and see that back yard as we do.

Now, Mr. Editor, it is not only the sight that hurts us, there are several other things more serious. There is not a barrel that passes but what there is darry after barrel of waste paper brought out to be burned; the biggest part of which is caught by the March winds and hurled into our back yards. Still we are told to "clean up for health's sake."

Now, it seems to me that if there is no ordinance against such a thing, it is about time our city fathers were

getting around to make one. The dirty clothes are sent away to the laundry, the swill from the kitchen is put into barrels and hauled away to the pigs. But the old bandages and wads of cotton, and all the human filth that comes from the operating table is thrown out on the brow of the hill for the cats and dogs to carry portions of it all over the neighborhood.

Now, this may be all right and healthy for the patients away up in the hospital on top of the hill, but I fail to see the healthfulness of it for the people who live under the hill.

Now, if this is the way they do in large cities, and if these are the "sanitary conditions" that we hear so much about in this University city, I believe I would prefer to live in the backwoods.

Now another thing, are we allowed to burn rubbish, etc., at all hours of the day, or is there an ordinance against it? It matters not how hard the wind is blowing or what the hour of the day is, they will have a big bonfire.

Now, Mr. Editor, if these are the conditions of the hospital dump now, what will it be when the warm weather comes?

A CITIZEN.

20 HORSES FOR SALE CHEAP.

I have horses for Surrey, Driving, Truck, Livery, Hack, Express, Dray, Delivery and Farming purposes. Also one spotted horse, large spots, bay and white; 1400; sound and right.

DAN E. HOEY'S STOCK FARM, 24 Dexter, Mich.

The Argus-Democrat has news from all over the county. \$1 per year.

BARGAIN PLETHORA

Not a week now but more bargains are offered by The Store than we have space to tell about. This week the offerings are especially large and include Suits, Wash Dress Goods, Waists, Skirts, Ribbons, Handkerchiefs, Pillow Tops, Linings, Millinery, Wrappers, Men's Furnishings,

Great BAZAAR BARGAINS,

Etc., only a few of which are mentioned on this page. It is your harvest time for the securing of summer wants at little expense.

Wash Dress Goods.

Note These Great Offerings.



- 15c and 18c Dimities and Lawns, in very best styles and qualities, a lot of about 3,500 yards will be sold this week at a most remarkably low price.... 6c
- 1 Lot 25c Dimities and Lawns, marked down to close at..... 12 1/2c
- 15c Ginghams, in stripes and plaids, 25 pieces in the lot at..... 7c
- 25c Scotch Ginghams in the latest and most popular effects now selling at..... 19c
- 50c Silk Chambrays and Mercerized Cheviots, beautiful styles at..... 39c

Bargains in Linings.

- 20c Percale, black, white and colors, marked down this week..... 11c
- 25c Spun Glass in black, white and colors, all at..... 20c

Beautiful Pillow Tops.

Radically Reduced This Week.

Large Assortment of Pillow

Tops in tinted designs for outlining or to be worked long and short, never sold less than 50c, all offered in this sale 25c

Japanese Pillow Tops, Tapestry Pillow Tops in new designs at..... 25c

Lithograph Pillow Tops, representing prominent artists, most popular subjects, such as Motherhood, Suzette, Gaiety, Meditation, Music, etc., also Japanese designs, all the new "Michigan" designs..... 50c



Men's Furnishings.



- Men's Fancy Shirts, in plain white Madras, Mercerized Cheviots and Basket Weaves, with cuffs attached or detached, black and white stripes and small figures, the equal of any \$1.50 shirt in the city, at..... \$1.00
- Fine Madras Shirts in new designs, with 2 collars and cuffs, or with collars attached, also extra fine black sateen shirts worth 75c and 85c, at..... 50c
- Boys Fancy Shirts with and without collars, in all colors at 50c and..... 25c
- Men's \$1.50 Laundry red Shirts in very best, make the market affords, all red shirts for large sale..... \$1.00

Men's Underwear.

- Combination Suits for men in fine summer weight, extra good quality, fine make, worth \$1.50, marked..... \$1.00
- Men's Shirts and Drawers in fine Egyptian combed yarn, the very best in material and make, at..... 50c
- Open Knit Shirts and Drawers, cool and very absorbent and serviceable, also fancy stripe underwear, all at..... 50c

Men's Fancy Hose.

- Men's Embroidered Hose in black and tan, new designs, at..... 12 1/2c
- Men's Lace Hose in black, tan, blue and red, at..... 12 1/2c
- Men's Excellent Plain Hose, black and all colors, 3 pair for..... 25c
- Fancy Drop Stitch Hose, with embroidered polka dots and other designs, at 50c and..... 25c

Men's Neckwear.

- Come here for the naggiest and newest ideas, the largest showing and most satisfactory prices. Especially new is what you find here this week.
- Handsome 4-in-Hands in rich new designs and colors, light and dark effects..... 50c
- Wash Silk 4-in-Hands, guaranteed to laundry, perfectly 50c values..... 39c
- Midgets Strings and Bows, very attractive offering at 50 Duzen Shield Bows, the regular 25c values, are offered this week at, 2 for..... 25c
- 1 Lot Men's Cuffs, best 25c grade in the market, 2 pr for 1 Lot Best 15c Collars, for this sale only 2 for..... 15c

VISIT OUR BAZAAR THIS WEEK FOR GREAT BARGAINS.

Stationery Bargains.

- Parchment Finished Box Paper in tints of blue, pink, green and purple, worth every where 40c a box, offered in this sale at..... 21c
- "The Favorite" Box Paper in white, ruled, never sold less than 15c a box, this sale..... 7c
- "The Jewel" Box Paper in white and cream, ruled, the kind you pay 25c for, now for box..... 11c
- Commercial Note Paper in 5 quire package, good quality, cheap at 25c for a package, buy what you want in this sale, 5 quires 11c, per quire 3c

Bargains in Brooms.

- Quite a saving in a year in the amount you pay for brooms if you buy them here. The kind you have always paid 25c and 30c we are selling at..... 17c
- Mop Heads, best make, always sold for 15c and 20c, during this sale the price..... 7c
- Turkey Feather Dusters, as good as 20c will buy anywhere, while this sale lasts..... 10c
- Extension Brass Curtain Rod, extend to 44 inches, complete for..... 5c
- Needle Pointed Tacks, 500 in a package..... 5c

- Ironing Boards, large size, without stand, worth 75c, marked to..... 49c
- Ironing Boards, large size, with stand worth \$1.25, for this sale..... 80c
- Wash Boards, small size for washing small articles, for which you pay 15c 10c

Japanese Table Ware.

- Blue Japanese Sugar and Creamer, full 25c value, cut down to sell for 13c
- Japanese Tea Cups and Saucers, in blue, another 25c value, for..... 13c
- Japanese Bread and Butter Plates, in handsome blue decorations, never less than 20c, marked down to... 10c
- Nickel Tea Pots, the best nickel plating on copper foundation, the kind that brings \$1.00, marked down to... 60c
- Fancy Nickel Tea Pots, very best ware made, 2 quart and 3 pint sizes worth \$1.25 and \$1.00, priced now at 89c and..... 79c
- Te Queen Coffee Pot, with perfect non-conductor handle, 2 quart size, worth \$2.25, for this sale..... \$1.45
- Japanese Tea Pots, decorated in blue, with detachable willow handle, worth 25c, for..... 15c
- English Tea Pot, fancily decorated, very handsome ornament for the table, worth \$1.25, for this sale..... 75c

- Nickel Crumb Tray and Scraper, worth 35c, for one week only at.... 19c
- Water Bottles, 2 quart size, in plain and fancy styles, offered in this sale at..... 10c
- Water Pitchers, 2 and 3 quart sizes in heavy fancy and plain makes, worth 25c and 35c, choice this week at..... 15c
- Glass Berry Dishes, large size, very pretty style, wonderfully low priced at..... 8c
- Glass Vases, 13 inches high, fancy styles, fluted top, the kind you usually pay 25c for, a bargain you will easily recognize at..... 11c
- Glass Pickle Dishes, 8 inch size, in fancy shapes, cheap at 12 1/2c, marked down to sell at..... 7c
- Glass Creamers, choice of a dozen styles, always sold for 12 1/2c, now... 8c
- Footed Ice Cream Dishes, in imitation cut glass, handsome style, and very cheap in this sale..... 7c
- Water Sets, in white, green, brown and blue, full 75c value, rare bargains when offered at..... 43c
- Lead Water Tumblers, in 5 decorations, always \$1.00 per dozen, marked for this sale, each..... 5c
- Glazed Water Pitchers, imitation Japanese ware, 35c value, in this sale... 23c



Money to Loan on Improved Farm or City Property. Apply at Insurance and Loan Office, 2d Floor



For Poor Health

There is no health possible without pure blood, and no pure blood if the stomach is weak or disordered. Rid the blood of all impurities by making the stomach strong and healthy with

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

and good health is sure to follow. It will positively cure

Nausea, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Nervousness, and Malaria, Fever and Ague

Its past record of 50 years of cures certainly justifies a fair trial. Avoid all Counterfeits. The genuine is sold only in bottles with our Private Stamp over the neck. Your druggist will supply you.