

THE INTEREST WAS VERY GREAT

In the School Election Monday

WHEN PUBLICITY WON

The Winning Ticket Probably Polled a Majority of the Women's Votes as Well as the Men's

The school election Monday resulted in one of the biggest votes, if not the largest, ever polled at a school election in this city. Two years ago, when the Judson fight was on, the only time that a political fight was made for school position, the vote was considered exceptionally large, in fact was stated in the paper at that time as being more than double the usual vote, but it numbered 1,160. This is just 248 less than it was yesterday. Two years ago two ballot boxes were started with separate clerks and inspectors, but this was not tried yesterday and all went into a common box. The hours of election, too, had been shortened to four hours. This had no bearing on the result, but many voters arrived too late to get in the line, which, as it was, held the ballot box open 10 minutes after the state hour. Probably the greater part of the vote that arrived too late would have voted with the majority and the only effect of having kept the polls open another hour would have been to have swelled the big majority obtained by the regular caucus ticket.

The Argus stated before election that the caucus which nominated a ticket the Monday before election was a representative caucus. The result of the election bore out this fact. There were people at that caucus from every ward and every part of the city, and from every walk in life. That is what makes up a representative caucus. It was a large caucus, just as there was a large vote at the election. The same thing that brought the people out to the caucus brought them out at the election. The caucus declared for the fullest publicity; it demanded that the school board trust the people and the election reiterated this same demand. The platform of the caucus won the fight.

As was stated yesterday the straight vote for the caucus ticket was 758, for the ticket variously called the Women's ticket and the Herbst ticket 290, and for the ticket which appeared yesterday morning, after the battle was well under way 152. The split tickets netted votes for the candidates as follows: Harriman 173, Bower 148, Copeland 143, Goddard 120, Mann 96, Miller 74. The great effort of the day was made for Miss Bower and the chief point of attack was Mr. Miller. Yet Mr. Miller won by 303 votes over Miss Bower.

Nearly if not quite half the vote cast was cast by women. There was a much larger percentage of the women who were entitled to vote who cast their ballot than there was of the men.

Prof. Goddard was not put on what is called the Herbst ticket with the intention of electing him. It was to bring votes to Miss Bower. When the battle had been half fought, the Mann ticket was brought out. Mr. Mann was not there hustling for votes and no one had any idea that he would be elected at that stage of the game, so that his vote is no index of his popularity. His ticket was also intended to help Miss Bower and also by this time it was seen that Prof. Goddard, whose views as expressed in the Argus, pleased the people, possessed considerable personal strength and it was hoped that Mr. Mann's name at the head of a ticket would catch votes enough to possibly pull Mr. Goddard through. Mr. Mann's name did catch votes for the other two and if his friends had had any idea that he was genuinely in the race would have caught many more. As it was, his friends for the most part could see that under the circumstances a vote for him would simply weaken the regular ticket without electing him, and did not vote for him.

The majority of the women voted for the ticket that was elected. So did a majority of the men. Men and women have the same interest in the schools and their reasoning is not so widely different that they should be expected to vote so very differently at an election.

Another thing that the election showed, as has been shown many times before in this city is that the Argus is with the people. The Argus believes that the people are generally right. It has faith in them and it strives to keep with them. In other words it aims to be the people's paper, "fearless as is public opinion, with convictions on public questions, as has the public, with its columns open to those of its readers who hold contrary convictions providing they will sign their

communications that all may have a fair hearing.

The school fight of yesterday was fought mostly on principle. Those who were defeated were simply borne down by standing in the way of public opinion which had a definite object in view, a definite platform to forcibly call to the attention of all its public servants. Votes cast against them were not cast from personal unfriendliness but simply because they had not firmly planted themselves on this occasion upon the people's platform.

The people have a right to be trusted with affairs that belong to them, and they will be shown unmistakably that they will enforce that right.

NINETEEN DIFFERENT STATES

Sent Students to Ann Arbor High School

8 FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Did Likewise—The Most Cosmopolitan High School in Country—Facts From Superintendent's Report

Some interesting facts concerning our schools are found in Prof. Slauson's annual report.

During the past four years 283 Ann Arbor high school students have entered the various departments of the University.

During the past year there have been students in the high school from nineteen states other than Michigan and from eight foreign states and territories and from 77 towns in Michigan.

Room is needed in the high school for permanent seats for all below the senior class.

The pernicious habit of two or more persons "studying together" often results in students falling into a helpless condition.

An addition is needed to the high school building.

Work in manual training is distinctly helpful in all other branches.

The salary schedule of grade teachers makes no provision for experience gained elsewhere than in Ann Arbor. As it is now the teacher starts at \$300 a year and advances \$25 a year until in the fifth year her salary is \$400. There is then no increase until the eighth year and from then on there is an increase of \$25 in alternate years until in the fifteenth year the maximum of \$500 is reached.

During the past year there were 2,457 pupils enrolled in the schools as follows: High school 616, Eighth grade 106, Perry school 372, Bach 328, Mack 332, Jones 247, Fifth ward 137, Tappan 322.

There are 63 teachers employed, of whom 20 are in the high school.

Gertrude Marsh holds the banner for attendance, having been neither absent nor tardy for six years, while Nellie Fields and Fred Wahr hold the five-year record.

The number of pupils taking various studies in the high school the past year has been as follows: English 479, Latin 276, German 122, French 58, Greek 14, algebra 415, arithmetic 148, geometry 121, trigonometry 33, chemistry 116, physics 116, zoology 70, botany 89, astronomy 14, bookkeeping 77, civil government 72, commercial law 16, commercial correspondence 10, elocution 83, English literature 46, English grammar 58, U. S. history 83, U. S. history and civics 19, English history 26, Greek history 74, medieval history 28, modern history 23, Roman history 90, rhetoric 103, political economy 11, physical geography 25, shorthand 45, typewriting 30.

DRANK TOO MUCH HARD CIDER

James Barrie and Charles Porter were hired by Justin Coon, of Seio, to dig a field of potatoes. Tuesday they found that they needed something to counteract the effects of the heat and procured some cider from a neighboring farmer. This worked so well that they became exceedingly boisterous and Mr. Coon found it necessary to call the sheriff by telephone and ask that he come out and take the men in charge. He did so and Wednesday they were brought before Justice Gibson and committed to jail for 20 days each.

CHILDREN IN PERIL

Some of the most anxious hours of a mother's life are those when the little ones have the croup. Foley's Honey and Tar is a safe and effective remedy that never fails. "My boy would have died from membranous croup if it had not been for Foley's Honey and Tar," writes C. W. Lynch, of Winchester, Ind.

For sale by A. E. Mummery.

WANTS ADDITION BUILT TO ANN ARBOR HIGH SCHOOL

High Water Mark In Attendance Reached Ten Years Ago

Supt. Slauson Thinks High School Would Draw Foreign Students If Facilities Increased

Supt. Slauson in his annual report calls attention to the need of an addition to the high school and increased educational facilities in order that the high school may forge way ahead of its rivals, who have been catching up. We will let the professor tell the story in his own words:

During the past year this department (the high school) has enrolled students from seventy-seven towns in Michigan, from nineteen states other than Michigan, and from eight foreign countries and territories. Thirty-seven per cent of those enrolled were non-residents, and thirty-five per cent of the non-residents came from outside Michigan. The enrollment, 616, was 27 in excess of that of last year.

During the past four years 283 Ann Arbor high school students have entered the various departments of the University of Michigan. Of these only 190 have been graduates of the school and have entered "on recommendation." Approximately, 50 of the graduates from the University, each year, are our former students. From these facts may be seen to what extent the local High School is performing the function of a preparatory department for the University.

The attendance in the High School reached its highest mark in 1893, ten years ago. It was then 737. During the next five years it fell to 641. During the next period of five years, ending with the year just past, it declined to 616.

From 1890 to 1900 there was an increase in the total high school enrollment of our country of more than one hundred per cent. Why has our High School receded while there has been such a great increase in the enrollment in the country at large? A large portion of this increase has been due to the establishment of high schools in new western towns and to the growth of other cities and towns, but, even after allowance has been made for these two factors, there has still been a large increase over and above that due to increase of population. It is evident that our school has not shared

in this increase and that there has been a slight loss.

This is to be accounted for on the grounds that old schools have been improved and new ones organized in the territory from which Ann Arbor High School has drawn its non-resident students. While the instruction in our school is just as good as it ever was, and the laboratory equipments are even better than they used to be, many other schools have overtaken us in these respects. Had we a suitable equipment for manual training work in the High School, better and increased facilities for the commercial work and up-to-date conveniences for physical culture, we might again outrank our competitors. Provision for these wants and for additional study room calls for an addition to the High School building. The needs of a school are not now, in many respects, what they were when the present building was erected. Having been constructed at three different times, with some lack of unity in plan, the oldest portion being more than forty years old, it is not strange that it is now inadequate to the needs of the school.

I most earnestly invite the attention of the Board of Education and of the patrons of the school and all other taxpayers to the need of considering this matter at the earliest possible time. It is a business proposition, and the question is,—shall we equip our High School so that it may still lead in the advantages that it offers and draw people and students to the town, or shall we let it gradually fall backward?

The money value of the school to the town is not to be measured by the tuition paid by non-residents, but by the rooms and houses rented by the people whom it draws here, by the groceries, clothes and books, that they buy. A factory with a pay roll of \$1,000 per week would be considered a great acquisition, but it would bring no more money into the city than does the High School and not so much as it might be made to bring by a judicious addition to the present investment in it.

CITY OFFERS BONDS FOR SALE TO SMALL INVESTORS

City Treasurer Beakes has been instructed by the city council to sell the paving bonds of the city to such persons as desire them at private sale at par. These bonds run from one to ten years each and draw 4 per cent interest, the interest being payable on August 1. The bonds are of the denomination of \$500 each, excepting a very few, which are of smaller denomination. They constitute gilt edge security for back of them is every dollar in the city of Ann Arbor. It is thought by the council that there are many people in Ann Arbor who are getting 3 per cent interest on savings

who would prefer to get 4 per cent on an investment as perfectly safe and one that will give them no trouble to collect interest or principal when due.

Investment in these bonds in this popular way by the people should prove a taking thing. Already several applications have been made for them. The city treasurer will give any information desired concerning these bonds in a personal interview or by letter.

It is not thought that these bonds will be on the market long, as the investment is too safe a one not to attract the savings of the people which are drawing a lower interest.

COUNTY HOUSE WELL MANAGED

Tidswell, Complaining Inmate Was Questioned

TABLE IS ALL RIGHT

And Has Been For Months He Says—His Complaint of Old Date—Tidswell Himself Cuffed Wright

The superintendents of the poor met at the county house Tuesday and found that everything was being well cared for. Anent the recent complaints, Tidswell, an inmate who swore to a complaint of insufficient food and cruelty exhibited towards Frank Wright an inmate, was questioned by Superintendent Taylor in regard to the same. He said that the food had been all right for the past four or five months, ever since he had spoken to Superintendent Duffy, and that since then there had been no cause for complaint. He was asked why months after cause of complaint had been removed he rushed into print, but had no reason to give. As to the case of

Frank Wright, he said he himself had cuffed Wright, because Wright was throwing stones into the men's sitting room and somebody was liable to get hurt. In other words he himself had been guilty of exactly the same conduct he found such a heinous offense in the keeper.

The house is kept spotlessly neat and the superintendents say that the table set is better than that of many farmers throughout the county and as good as a majority of them set.

L. O. T. M. M. GUARDS WERE ENTERTAINED

Miss Blanche Anspach, of Lawrence street entertained the L. O. T. M. M. guards at her home Monday evening.

Miss Anspach has been with the Maccabees about a year and the lodge says she has been one of the best deputies in this district, which includes Detroit.

In appreciation of her worth she has been appointed Deputy Great Commander for the state of Minnesota at a large increase of salary. She is sent directly to Duluth, but will have her headquarters at Minneapolis. Miss Anspach left last night.

Miss Anspach is well known in the city, being a graduate of the high school and also of the School of Music.

The Argus-Democrat has news from all over the county. \$1 per year.

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE

Of an Eighteen Year Old Girl in This City

DISAPPEARED LABOR DAY

The Day Her Father Bought a Piano For Her—A Farmer's Daughter Who Had Never Been From Home

Miss Cora E. Dean, a young woman of 18 years, disappeared in this city on Labor Day. She is the daughter of F. P. Dean, a farmer of Northfield, whose postoffice address is Rushton and who lives four miles southwest of South Lyon. She came to this city with her father and mother Labor Day and when it came time to go home she was not to be found. The parents finally went home without her, but were not much worried about the matter as she had several relatives in the city and was supposed to be with them. Wednesday her mother came to the city and saw all the relatives, but the girl was not with them. An aunt had seen her last at 5 o'clock on Labor Day. She talked with the aunt awhile and a young man came up to whom she spoke and the aunt left them talking together. She did not know who the young man was. This is the last trace that the parents could find of her.

On Labor Day Mr. Dean bought a piano for his daughter in this city, which was delivered at his house the past week, but although the daughter knew they had been talking of buying it she did not know that it had been purchased.

The girl had no money with her and no clothing except what she wore. She was in the city with her parents just for the day. She has never been away from home.

Miss Dean is described as being 5 feet 6 inches in height, weighing about 145 pounds, with light hair and light complexion with considerable color.

The parents imagine all sorts of disasters which may have befallen her, including foul play. Anyone possessing any information about the girl should communicate with Sheriff Gauntlett, who is trying to find her.

ONE FACTORY TO DOUBLE FORCE

PENINSULA MANUFACTURING CO. IS GROWING

Just Adding the Manufacture of Letter Files to Its Sectional Book-case Business

"What this town needs," said a prominent business man this week, "is manufacturing, and they ought to be talked about. Create an interest in the industries of this town and you will add to the money of the town."

Charles Hurd of the Peninsular Mfg. Co., is not the man who said this, but he would assent to it. He does say, however, that the people lose sight of the fact that the money for wares comes from outside the city, but is spent inside. That is, that they sell most of these goods out of town, in the United States, Canada, and England, but most of the pay roll expends itself here. For the people they employ are all Ann Arbor men. This company started here about six

months ago, and employed ten or fifteen men. The industry is growing quite rapidly and the company is putting in a letter file system which new feature will give more work and double the number employed within a year.

DEATH OF REV. MAX HEIN

Rev. Max Hein, formerly pastor of Zion church in this city, died in Detroit and his funeral services were held Wednesday. He was a man of brilliant parts, but had one or two unfortunate habits. After his pastorate at Zion church ceased, he started a church of his own on the corner of Washington and First streets. This did not succeed and Mr. Hein left the active ministry and finally drifted to Detroit, where he went into business.

Hoag's Home Supply Store

CORNER MAIN & WASHINGTON

Offers Six Stock Patterns of

Dinner Ware

In English Porcelain to select from From these you can buy just what you want and match for years to come. Also both white and decorated

Haviland China

at Unheard of Prices We have a large line of complete dinner sets ranging in price from

\$6 to \$18

Those who visit our stores for the first time are surprised at the magnitude of the stocks which consists of...

Two Stores and two Basements full of new and desirable Merchandise.

Haviland Decorated Cups and Saucers 25c Haviland Decorated Plates 25c

E. G. HOAG



SCHOOL SHOES SCHOOL OPENS SEPT. 7th TOM, MARY, WILLIE, KATIE,

And the rest of the children must have School Shoes. There's a vast difference between good school shoes and just school shoes. It's just the difference between our serviceable school shoes and the ordinary school shoes of ordinary dealers. We have the most complete Boys' and Girls' Shoe Stock in ANN ARBOR. You will be surprised at the variety and values we offer at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00. (These are our four school specials.)

FREE A School Bag given away FREE with every pair of school shoes sold.

JOHN WAHR, The Up-To-Date Shoeman.

218 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

THE ARGUS DEMOCRAT
AND
WISCONSIN WEEKLY TIMES.

PUBLISHED BY
The Democrat Publishing Company,
D. A. HAMMOND, President,
S. W. BEAKES, Secy. and Treas.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY
for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.

Entered at the Postoffice in Ann Arbor, Mich.
as second-class mail matter.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1903.

THE PEOPLE COMPLETED ACTION BEGUN IN CAUCUS.

The school contest of Monday was not so much a contest for or against individuals as one for and against policies of handling the affairs of the public schools of the city. Rarely, if ever, have men or women been named for positions on the board of education who were personally unfit for these responsible positions. But the progress of the schools depends much upon the views held by the members of the board relative to the authority to be exercised by the superintendent in purely educational affairs and their relation to the public.

There is no question but that the thing which caused the people to up-set the old regime and elect an entirely new ticket was the belief that the old board was strongly wedded to the close corporation idea as illustrated in its action of censuring one of its members for making public a matter which the people had a right to know and the knowledge of which probably saved a teacher highly respected and beloved by a generation of his pupils and their parents. The people too are opposed to the plan of making numerous committees supreme in the handling of the business of the board. The people very evidently believe these committees should get their authority from the board and should not be permitted to hire teachers or discharge them without higher authority. There is too much opportunity in such a system for working into the schools personal friends of members of the committee without reference to their teaching ability and without reference to the judgment of the superintendent. The same thing applies in the changing and selecting of new textbooks.

The people have pronounced for the fullest publicity in all school matters and this too in spite of the most earnest effort on the part of some of the hold over members to re-elect one of the old members who had been turned down by the people at the caucus. In fact so far as discernable the hold-over members were strenuous in their opposition to the ticket running on a publicity platform. Well, they know the thought of the people now on that issue and it is to be hoped they will aid the new members in carrying out the platform on which they were elected and in expunging from the records the obnoxious resolution of censure which was instrumental in causing some of their number to fall by the wayside.

The suggestion of Richard Olney for the democratic nomination for president is one wholly appropriate and fitting. Mr. Olney will measure up from any point of view to the stature of presidential timber. He was attorney general and secretary of state in the Cleveland cabinet and filled both positions with great ability. He would be an entirely safe man in the presidential office and would command the confidence of the stable and conservative people of the nation. Possibly he might not be acceptable to the more extreme element which dictated the platforms of the last two campaigns. However there probably would be little chance of electing him. At the present time President Roosevelt could probably carry the country against any democrat who could be nominated and unless there be a decided change in public opinion within the next few months, the calling and re-election of the president seems practically assured.

It is said that the sultan pays a thousand dollars a day, or night rather, for the few trusty men who guard his person. This is a big price to pay for the miserable office which he holds. But rulers who rule as he does cannot expect to be safe for a moment.

What has become of that Toledo and Ann Arbor electric railway while Ann Arbor has been discussing public school matters? Oh, we remember! It was reported that it would go to Ypsilanti as Ann Arbor did not want it.

THE SPIRIT OF IMPERIALISM.

A good many of the warm administrative organs have, with great frankness, been discussing the possibility and propriety of seizing the strip of land through which it is proposed to build the Panama Canal. They argue that if Columbia will not grant the concession that the United States cannot afford to be balked from the great enterprise by the constitutional obstacles that the Colombians say are in the way of the ratification of the treaty. Others of these republican newspapers favor the fomenting of a rebellion in the state of Panama against the Colombian government and then landing a force of marines to make it successful. This bald way of stating that the United States should exercise its undoubted physical ability to coerce a weaker state, is on a par with other imperialistic ideas that have been rampant under the present regime. But these vicious public advisers forget the terms of the congressional enactment which authorized the building of an inter-oceanic canal, that if the Colombian government would not ratify the treaty the President of the United States was authorized to open negotiations with Nicaragua and Costa Rica and build the canal by the Nicaragua route. That is the duty of President Roosevelt, and to suffle and palter and attempt to coerce Colombia to ratify a treaty that the Congress of that country does not approve would be playing into the hands of the trans-continental railroads, who have so far been able to defeat the building of the canal. There is very good reason to believe that the Nicaragua route would have been adopted if the railroad influences led by Senator Hanna had not been omnipotent in the Senate.

This whole question may be fought over again at the next session of Congress, and it may become one of the issues in the next presidential campaign.

GIVE TO SUPERINTENDENT HIS PROPER PREROGATIVES.

In another column of this issue of the Argus is a communication from an esteemed correspondent relative to local school matters which is pertinent to that issue just at this time. The writer has had years of public school experience before becoming a member of the University faculty and consequently his judgment is deserving of consideration and should carry weight. The Argus cheerfully endorses the position of its correspondent as set forth in the article referred to. The Argus heartily indorses the principle that the professional head of the school system should have his say in all purely educational matters. Teachers should not be selected or dismissed without his sanction. Neither should textbooks be put into the schools without his approval, nor should any member of the board of education assume to prepare detailed courses of study for the schools, nor should the schools be without such detailed courses of study as was the case in this city for years. All these things belong within the province of the professional head of the schools rather than with the teachers and textbooks committee. And yet the Argus understands that all these things have been done in Ann Arbor without the superintendent's endorsement and in some cases even in opposition to his judgment. Control by committees of the board to such an extent is an assumption of the proper prerogatives of the superintendent and is detrimental to the best interests of the schools.

It is scarcely to be expected, however, that the superintendent will be given the full and complete authority in such matters that should be his, as is now done in Cleveland, until the superintendent's status is a little more clearly defined by law in this state than it is at present. It will be remembered that he was never given this full and complete authority which he now has in Cleveland until a new special act was passed by the legislature conferring upon him such authority. The Argus would be delighted to have such authority specifically given our superintendent by statute, or have it placed in his hands fully and completely by the board. It has no doubt but that would be for the advancement of public school interests and that, too, very materially. But in the meantime, while the status of the superintendent with reference to the board of education is what it is, legally, the Argus believes the policy of the Ann Arbor board in the before mentioned matters is radically wrong and that it has resulted many times in placing in our schools other than the best teachers, etc.

And the Argus maintains that the substantial doing of these things by committees is more reprehensible and liable to abuse than the doing of them by the board, for this method in substance divides the board into cliques, as it were, each depending for the success of its policy upon practically its unquestioned support of the other committees. The Argus is informed that it is only rarely that a committee report is upset by the board. In fact the transaction of business by this scheme of making the committees all but supreme necessitates supporting means and measures which might not otherwise command the support of members. This is objectionable and should be corrected. The educational interests of the district can undoubtedly be advantaged by increasing the authority of the superintendent in certain directions and withdrawing a portion of the authority of the committees of the board.

There are those among our citizens who seem to think public school matters are too sacred to be discussed in newspapers and by the public in general. But when the time comes that this idea is general, if it ever does, then will be the time when this most important interest will suffer. Public discussion of any public interest is not detrimental to that interest. Such discussion always indicates a wide awake concern on the part of those interested and results generally in advantage to the public interest. That such a great interest as the public schools should arouse earnest discussion is healthful. Should they run along year after year without any friction or discussion such a condition might indicate entire lack of progress. But such a condition is pretty certain not to exist where the people are aroused by discussion. All progress comes through controversy and clashing of ideas. Public opinion where properly expressed is supreme in public matters in this country and that opinion is awakened and educated through reading and discussion, and this is just as true in school matters as any other. Public opinion is not always right, but it is more apt to be right when educated through reading and discussion than when these elements are lacking. The public schools will be advantaged by the discussion which has taken place. Any one who is too tender to have his or her doing in public positions discussed should promptly retire from such position.

Alderman Heineman, of Detroit, recently visited Great Britain and he has returned full of the idea of municipal ownership. Undoubtedly municipal ownership is a success in Great Britain. Undoubtedly many advantages would be obtained for the people here through municipal ownership, but it can scarcely be expected that we could jump into all the advantages they have obtained there at once. To begin with we do not get as able a class of men here in our municipal offices as they do in Great Britain. But better officials will come with time and increased responsibilities.

A candidate on one of the anti-caucus tickets predicted that the people would be heard from upon the issues which had been thrust into the school campaign. That from one point of view was a very safe prediction, but not in the sense this candidate intended it. The people have been heard from and that candidate will not sit on the board of education. There is no doubt but that the people intended to be heard from in a way that could not be misunderstood.

Pontiac has achieved a notable record. She has made a success of the state fair and has a big balance on the right side. No one claims either that the fair was not a good one from the point of view of the exhibits. Pontiac should continue in possession of the fair under these circumstances, for one or more years to come. Then if there be some other city that can make a better record let it go there.

FOR OVER SIXTY YEARS
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays the pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world.

YOU NEED A REST.
If you are not feeling well, don't call a doctor but take a lake trip! You return home feeling new life and your brain blown free from cobwebs. Send 2c. for folder and map.
Address,
A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. T. Mgr.
Detroit, Mich.

A Mad Revenge

Legend of a Recluse Murderer In the Island of Jamaica.

Having Turned Against the World He Made War on All Men - Victims' Bones Found In a Cave.

When Sir Henry Blake, who is now governor of Hongkong island, China, was governor of Jamaica, West Indies, a few years ago, Lady Blake had an experience in one of the caves of the island that she probably will never forget.

She spent most of her time in the jungle, exploring with her party the wonderful caverns with which the colony is quaintly enriched.

One afternoon her dauntless ladyship was lowered down a "sink hole" in the recesses of a cave near St. Ann's bay.



HUTCHISON ENTERED THE GUEST'S ROOM WITH A HORSE PISTOL.

When after wild signaling she was hauled up her womanship was much perturbed.

At the bottom of the "sink hole" Lady Blake had discovered numerous skeletons, all with their heads battered in.

When her ladyship recovered her nerves sufficiently to make investigations she unearthed the story of the skeletons.

Early in the eighteenth century, it appeared, a Scotchman named Lewis Hutchison lived with an only sister on the estate of a young lord near Edinburgh.

The sister was the only relative Hutchison possessed, and apart from her great beauty he loved her as a man loves his all in life.

The young lord referred to became enamored of this beautiful girl, and in time she became the victim of a foolish and disastrous infatuation on her own part. Then love died, as the young woman did shortly afterward of shame and a broken heart.

Lewis Hutchison, the brother, then swore an oath of vengeance against all men and particularly against the young and thoughtless lord.

One night the two men met on a lonely spot in the outskirts of Edinburgh. There was an altercation, followed by a sword thrust, and Hutchison fled the country, leaving his victim's body in a ditch.

In those days the island of Jamaica was the dumping ground for every scapegrace son and ne'er-do-well disowned by indignant parents. The home of former pirates was also a harbor of refuge for criminals from the other sidewalks of life.

Hutchison escaped to Jamaica, where he bought a tract of land near Pedro, St. Ann. There he built a residence, which in the bitterness of his heart he named Edinburgh castle.

The house had a conning tower with little windows and was built on the summit of a ridge commanding a view of the country for miles around.

Here the murderer lived with a number of brutal negroes, all of whom were enslaved to their master's criminal vows.

Hutchison never worked, never read books and seldom ate or slept. It is said. He spent his days in the conning tower, with a powerful telescope scanning the orange and pimento groves that stretched away in the vista of a man cursed paradise.

When a traveler how in sight this mysterious man dispatched a negro slave on horseback with a pressing invitation to the stranger to come and dine at "Edinburgh castle." Why, spend a few days or so.

There was nothing suspicious about this invitation. Even to this day Jamaica is famous for its hospitality.

The murderer's guests were at first charmed by their host's irreproachable courtesy. His wines were of the finest quality, and he was most generous with them, although he personally did not imbibe overfreely. His slaves came

to the table and vanished at a gesture of his hand. Certainly it was a most orderly house in this respect. The guests were delighted.

Strange to say, there was never more than one guest in the castle at a time. To this day it is said, "They were come and gone rapidly."

Hutchison would award the finest room in the castle to the passing guest, and the household would seemingly retire. But in the night the door leading to the conning tower would open and a ray of starlight reveal the demoniacal face of the betrayed girl's brother.

"Against all men!" he would mutter and steal into the guest's room. The explosion of a horse pistol was the signal for several stalwart slaves to drag the victim's body to a cave near the house.

In this cave no less than thirty bodies were hidden, their mutilated skeletons being afterward discovered.

This castle of crime continued to flourish until the year 1773, when a traveler who was seeking shelter one night saw and heard things which decided him in choosing the sword for a couch and the stars for a coverlet. He communicated his discovery to the government at Spanish Town, with the result that an investigation was ordered.

One of Hutchison's slaves heard that the soldiers were coming to "Edinburgh castle" and warned his master. The murderer fled to the jungle.

When the soldiers arrived they found some interesting relics in the black cave and sought Mr. Hutchison. But the host at that moment was drifting in an open boat on the Caribbean sea to the north of the island intent upon reaching Cuba and safety.

The Jamaican government beat the jungle for several days and then gave up the chase after a supposed suicide.

Admiral Rodney, who was then cruising in West Indian waters, was returning to Port Royal when from the quarter deck of his battle ship he espied a speck upon the ocean. It was a drifting boat. In it Rodney found a man dying of thirst. The castaway was picked up and restored to consciousness. It was Hutchison.

When the murderer learned that he was aboard of a British battle ship bound for Port Royal he wanted to jump overboard. Rodney's sailors restrained him, however, feeling some pity for the man, not knowing the real reason for his oft attempted suicide. They believed his sufferings had rendered him insane.

In the meantime the Jamaican government had gathered such evidence that when Hutchison arrived at the capital, Spanish Town, he was promptly tried and sentenced to be hanged.

THE SLIDE FOR LIFE.

Daring Aerial Feat Performed by Cameroni on a Slack Wire.

One of the most thrilling and daring feats of the modern style of entertainment is the "slide for life," wherein a man hanging to a slender bit of leather by his teeth rushes down a slack wire for 1,600 feet and 175 feet above the surface of the earth.

Cameroni, who does the "slide for life" at Luna park, Coney Island, New York, is one of those who believe in the dangerous and life risking element in the solution of modern entertainments.

He takes his position on the high scaffold near the top of the great central tower, a small speck of a man making ready to swing away on a taut wire stretching 1,600 feet to the westward and 175 feet from the earth.

He is girded about with courage and the American flag. He tests the wire with both hands, rubs it with his pocket



THE SLIDE FOR LIFE.

handkerchief and gazes calmly at the wide, white pools of faces comprising the modern Roman populace beneath him.

A sound floats up like the soft shimmer of a sea of silk. There is a humming of 10,000 voices as Cameroni darts out from the tower like a bird. As he starts he loosens the American flag, which whips royally behind him. He fires revolvers rapidly with both hands and goes sailing away into the darkness.

RAIN TROUBLED ELECTRIC COMPANY

The Washtenaw Electric Light & Power Co. had a lot of trouble Sunday night, caused primarily by the rain storm. The heavy rain and wind blew the limbs of a tree, on Division street against the wires so as to cause two of them to cross and a little conflagration ensued, putting a small portion of the business section service out of commission. The damage was fixed up in short order this morning and everything is running right again.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.
Has world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment, or balm for Cuts, Corns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions; infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c at A. E. Mummery and H. F. Miller, Druggists.

For Sale—Farm of late Diantha Green, 119 acres, \$30 per acre. Inquire of L. Green, 523 N. Main street, Ann Arbor. 41

Often The Kidneys Are Weakened by Over-Work.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs. The kidneys filter and purify the blood—that is their work.

Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases, and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle Home of Swamp-Root, by mail free, also a pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.



HOTEL . . . BRUNSWICK
DETROIT, MICH.
Hot and cold water in rooms.
Steam Heated, Electric Lighted.
Electric Cars from all Depots.

HOTEL . . . BRUNSWICK
DETROIT, MICH.
Hot and cold water in rooms.
Steam Heated, Electric Lighted.
Electric Cars from all Depots.
AMERICAN PLAN... \$2.00 per day up
EUROPEAN PLAN... \$1.00 per day up
W. H. Volk
MANAGER

9439 12-624
STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTEAW, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 26th day of August, in the year one thousand nine hundred and three.

Present, Willis L. Watkins, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Cody Burnett, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Lavina Burnett, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to herself or some other suitable person and that appraisers and commissioners be appointed.

It is ordered that the 22nd day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Argus-Democrat, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

WILLIS L. WATKINS,
Judge of Probate.

[A true copy]
LEO L. WATKINS, Register.

OUR SCHOOL MANAGEMENT

Able Letter from Prof. E. C. Goddard

A CHANGE IN POLICY

The Separation of Educational from Business Functions Advocated — How a Superintendent is Hampered in His Work

To the Editor of the Argus:—

I have not heretofore burdened your columns with communications, but certain phases of our school problem have seemed to me of such importance that I have often wished they might be called to public attention. The interest in school matters at the present time and the editorial in your columns last evening seem to make this an opportune time to make a few suggestions with reference to the permanent educational policy of our school board. It is not my purpose to take any part in the controversy that has recently received attention. I have very great respect for members of the school board personally, and share the deep affection of the community generally for the principal of our high school. I regret the misunderstandings that arose and believe they would have been avoided under a more modern educational policy.

It might be supposed that our city, with a world-wide reputation as an advanced educational center, would be at least abreast of the times educationally. But, however progressive we are in general, in one important matter I have reason to think we are far behind the times. The able and progressive editorials in the Argus from the pen of one of the editors, who has himself had long experience as a school man, are such as to leave no doubt that he is fully aware of the changes that have been going on in school administration, and I am sure he will approve in a general way of what I am about to suggest, namely, that there should be a separation of the educational from the business functions in the management of the schools. The Board of Education is composed of business men and very properly has entire control of the business management of the schools; but it is not, nor is it desirable that it should be, composed of educational experts. This educational side should be put in the hands of a man who has made that his life work, the board retaining to itself the functions of confirmation and rejection, similar to the powers exercised by the United States Senate on nominations made by the President. In other words, the appointment and dismissal of teachers, the adoption of text-books and courses of study, should be in the hands of the superintendent, who should be a man that can safely be trusted with these functions. When he loses the confidence of the board or the people so that they are unwilling to entrust him with such power, he should be dismissed and another superintendent secured who is capable of performing such duties. This is no new plan but is already in successful operation in Cleveland, Indianapolis, Chicago and other cities, and has been, in fact if not in name, followed in great numbers of cities whose schools are most efficient.

Our former superintendent, who for so many years served us faithfully and well, often said to the writer that one of the most discouraging things about his work was that he was hampered in his selection of teachers. Instead of being able to search out the best, he was compelled to choose the least objectionable among the candidates whose application had personal support on the board or in the city. Without criticism of the many very able teachers in our schools, under some of whom it has been my good fortune to sit as a scholar, I submit that in future changes the best is none too good for us in selecting a teacher for our children, and the only inquiry that should be made in appointing a teacher is who is the most efficient and best prepared candidate that by searching can be found. The man to make this search and decide on this candidate is the superintendent and not the board nor any committee nor individual on the board, however intelligent or worthy of respect and confidence.

Anyone who has had experience with general letters of recommendation will know how useless and unreliable they are, and how little value there would be in such a comparison of letters favoring different candidates by the members of the Board of Education as you suggest in your editorial last evening. So far from being one of the "functions of the board which it should not abdicate" it is precisely a function that the board should abdicate in favor of the superintendent. By personal interviews or confidential letters he can usually learn the qualifications of teachers with substantial accuracy and his technical skill should enable him to decide as no board can do on the best candidate. If the end of our policy is to secure the best possible schools such a division of functions between the board and the superintendent is much needed. We have a superintendent who has made school work his life business and has had

years of successful experience. Let us leave with him these educational matters. It was the most serious blunder of the committee whose report caused such a commotion that it decided on the action without even consulting the superintendent.

One other suggestion which I make with some reluctance for fear of being misunderstood. I have been greatly rejoiced that factions and politics have been kept out of our schools. This is a blessing for which we cannot be too thankful and I trust we shall never see the time when a citizen shall be elected to our school board as the candidate of any class. Neither the business men nor the professional men, nor the laboring men, nor the members of the faculty of the university as such should have any candidate, nor ask any representation on the school board. But progressive and representative business men, professional men, and even members of the university faculty should be eligible to the school board as representatives of our whole city, and I, for one, am not particular how many of the members of the board belong to any or all of these classes. I wish to say that I do not believe in trying to have a member on the board to represent the faculty. So far as my personal knowledge goes there never has been one. But having a representative of the university on the board is another matter and it has always seemed to me unfortunate that there has not been such a representative.

One of the most widely noted virtues of the Michigan school system is the close connection and progressive development of its schools from the primary to the high school and the university. I should like to see this connection in the University City made still closer by having one man from the university on the school board. This would not mean any control, or attempt at control, for he would be only one man in nine, but it would mean a closer co-ordination, and more sympathetic union of all grades of our school work. I have no criticism to offer of any of the candidates who have been nominated for the board at the coming election, and write this with no thought of influencing this election, but I have a hope that it may receive consideration when candidates are chosen in the future. From this point of view it seems unfortunate that the first member of the university faculty to be nominated for this position in many years should be a man connected with one of the professional departments. The connection of which I speak should be with the literary department, for it is that department that is in organic connection with the earlier grades of school. I trust that there may be such a representative of the university at no distant day.

Yours respectfully,
E. C. GODDARD.
September 9, 1903.

WHAT IS LIFE?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, pain results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjust this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at A. E. Mummery and H. F. Miller, Druggists.

BRIGHT PROSPECTS SCHOOL OF MUSIC

The University School of Music put forth new efforts in the line of advertising this year and feel well repaid, judging from the increased call for catalogues and literature relating to the school. There can be no estimate made as yet in regard to the enrollment, but everything indicates that there will be quite an increase over last year's attendance.

Read the Argus-Democrat, the best weekly. Only \$1 per year.

MRS. SNEARLY GIVEN A DIVORGE

Mrs. Carrie Snearly was Friday granted a decree by Judge Kinne dissolving the bonds of matrimony between her and Henry Snearly of this city. No contest was made by the defendant. This is the case in which Mrs. Snearly obtained an injunction restraining Henry Snearly from coming into the house until the final hearing. As alimony, Mrs. Snearly received \$350 and the household furniture. Carl Storm was solicitor for Mrs. Snearly and M. J. Cavanaugh for Mr. Snearly.

A PHYSICIAN HEALED.

Dr. Geo. Ewing, a practicing physician of Smith's Grove, Ky., for over thirty years, writes his personal experience with Foley's Kidney Cure: "For years I had been greatly troubled with kidney and bladder trouble and enlarged prostate gland. I used everything known to the profession without relief, until I commenced to use Foley's Kidney Cure. After taking three bottles I was entirely relieved and cured. I prescribe it now daily in my practice and heartily recommend its use to all physicians for such troubles. I have prescribed it in hundreds of cases with perfect success."

For sale by A. E. Mummery.
Read the Argus-Democrat.

ASK FOR \$41,000 SCHOOL TAX

Annual Report of the Ann Arbor School Board

COST OF THE PAST YEAR

Tax Rate Compared With Other Cities — Tax Rate Decreasing — Finishing of Perry School

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

To the Taxpayers of the Public Schools of Ann Arbor:

The past year has been an eventful one for the district as it has seen the dedication of the new W. S. Perry school, the first entirely new building erected by the district in twenty years, the procuring from the legislature of a new charter and the acceptance of the Carnegie Library proposition.

Each of these events has helped to lay broader foundations for the future growth and prosperity of our schools.

The New W. S. Perry School. At the time of the last annual meeting the new W. S. Perry school was approaching completion.

It was dedicated with appropriate exercises on Jan. 7th, Pres't Angell and Prof. H. R. Pattengill as well as the superintendent, principal of the school, contractor and members of the board taking part in the dedication. The attendance of parents and interested friends was large and indicated the public interest in the new building.

For nearly a year the building has been put to the practical test of everyday school work, and it is increasingly evident that it fulfills in a highly satisfactory manner the demand for a school building specially adapted to modern school conditions.

Prominent school men from other cities have pronounced it one of the most satisfactory examples of graded school architecture in the state.

As will be noted in the treasurer's report the bonds issued on account of the building amount to \$33,000, spread over a series of years so as not to be burdensome to the district.

The bonds all draw 4 per cent interest and the premium received on their sale amounted to \$454.50, bringing the rate of interest down to about 3 8-10 per cent.

Revised Charter.

As directed by the last annual meeting the board procured from the last legislature a revised charter for the district.

This new charter differs in three important features from the old.

1st. In changing the name by which the district is legally known from "District No. 1, Ann Arbor," to "The Public Schools of Ann Arbor," a change of phraseology which has quite generally been adopted by Michigan cities.

2nd. Changing the date for the annual meeting from the first to the second Monday in September, so as not to conflict with Labor Day, and also to accommodate more of our citizens who do not return from their summer vacations until September.

3rd. Increasing the bonding limit of the district from \$30,000 to 3/4 of one per cent of the assessed valuation. Under the present assessed valuation this would give about \$75,000 as the limit for bonding, while the outstanding bonds now amount to \$46,000.

If any extraordinary exigency should arise in the future it will now be possible for the district to bond itself to meet the exigency without being obliged to wait until the legislature convenes and gives it permission.

The Carnegie Library.

One of the notable events of the year has been the consummation of the plan for the consolidation of the Ladies' Library with the District Library, and the munificent gift of Andrew Carnegie of \$20,000 for a library building.

The need of a public library, properly housed, has long been felt in Ann Arbor, but heretofore the way has not seemed clear to secure it.

For over a year the members of the Ladies' Library Association have been engaged in an earnest effort to secure for Ann Arbor a public library which should not be unworthy of an educational city like ours.

The Board of Education has heartily seconded their efforts and with the endorsement of the Common Council the plan has been worked out successfully.

Not to enter too fully into the details it will suffice to say that the Ladies' Library Association deed to the Board of Education their present site, building and some 4,000 volumes. They also allow the interest on their endowment fund, which amounts to \$215 yearly to be used in the purchase of new books for the library, reserving to themselves the right of adequate representation on any committee or board which shall hereafter have charge of the library. The Board on its part agrees that not less than \$2,000 shall be annually expended in the purchase of books and the expenses of the library. In consideration of this latter agreement Mr. Andrew Carnegie furnishes \$20,000 to erect a suitable building.

The advantage to the city of this arrangement, by which without scarcely any additional expenditure, a splendid public library of nearly 12,000 volumes is obtained, can scarcely

be over-estimated.

It has been felt by some that the High school will suffer by the removal of the library from the building, but everything possible will be done to retain for the High school all its present advantages.

High School Library.

The removal of the library from the High school will make one more large room available and in the present crowded condition even this will be welcomed. Each year presses upon us more clearly the need for an addition to the present high school building which will enable us to give more and better space for the manual training department, a suitable room for the physical culture work, and above all sufficient additional rooms to enable us to seat every pupil in a study room. Not until this need is met and all our pupils seated in study rooms will our high school be able to add as it should in the moral development of the pupils as it already does in the mental.

Not a high school in the United States as far as known, except ours, fails to provide study rooms in which the pupils are seated during the time they are not engaged in recitations. If we wish to maintain our position among the best schools the need of more room at the high school cannot be long overlooked.

State Teachers' Association.

The State Teachers' Association will, by invitation, meet in our city in December.

This gathering of several hundred teachers from all parts of our state will be an excellent opportunity for Ann Arbor's educational advantages to become more thoroughly known and appreciated.

Tax Rate.

Two years ago we compared in our annual report the tax rate for school purposes in Ann Arbor with the rate in a number of other Michigan cities of nearly the same population. The comparison showed at that time that our rate was among the lowest. In order that our taxpayers may know how we now compare in this important regard we have deemed it best to again furnish such a comparison.

The figures for the following table have been obtained in each case from the treasurer of the city named and can therefore be relied upon as accurate:

Adrian	5.20
Ann Arbor	4.94
Bay City	5.26
Battle Creek	7.70
Blint	4.80
Kalamazoo	6.25
Lansing	5.70
Port Huron	3.84
Jackson	4.00

From the above table it will be seen that Ann Arbor occupies a very satisfactory position, despite the fact that we maintain one of the largest high schools in the state.

This leads us to suggest that as Ann Arbor is to so great a degree dependent upon her educational facilities for her growth as a city, it would be wise for us to keep the standard of our schools not only up to that of other cities of our class, but to make them absolutely the best in the state.

To do this will not mean a very much larger expenditure than at present, but it will require the increased room, already suggested, at the high school and the supplying of the best possible facilities for work and the most up-to-date apparatus with which to work.

Declined Tax Rate.

As will be noted by the following table the tax rate for our district has steadily declined for several years until it is possible for the program briefly outlined as above to be carried out without even levying as high a tax rate as has been necessary in many former years.

The advantages to be derived by such educational pre-eminence as this would give us, are too patent to need any argument.

The table herewith appended shows the rate of taxation for this school district for the past eight years:

1895	5.30
1896	5.40
1897	5.32
1898	5.22
1899	6.02
1900	5.35
1901	5.30
1902	4.94

Financial Condition.

Last year the overdraft of three years ago had been decreased from \$8,052.64 in 1900 and \$3167.69 in 1901 to \$214.68 in 1902. This year we are enabled to report a balance on hand amounting to \$438.35—less outstanding orders of \$138.83.

For the next school year we are obliged to ask at least \$41,000, as we have \$4,000 in bonds falling due instead of \$3,000 as last year, and increased expenditures for salaries, etc., occasioned by the growth of the city necessitating the opening of a new room in the W. S. Perry school.

The confidence reposed in the board by the district, as shown by its almost unanimous voting of bonds and yearly tax levies is a source of great satisfaction to the members.

To retain this confidence shall be the earnest endeavor of the board, and to this end we shall strive to so expend the amount voted that the taxpayers may feel that every dollar voted has brought a satisfactory and adequate return.

Respectfully submitted for the board,
EUGENE F. MILLS,
President.

FINANCIAL REPORT.

To the Board of Education of the City of Ann Arbor:
I herewith submit my annual report

of the finances of the district for the year ending August 31st, 1903:

Receipts—	
Balance in bank last statement	\$ 5,042 21
Sale of bonds	19,000 00
Voted tax	39,000 00
Mill tax	9,909 31
Interests on bank account	92 30
Library fines	55 00
Refund on book bill	1 32
Tuition	6,770 59
Sale of old dynamo	15 00
Primary fund	8,637 00
Rent	133 00
Premium on bonds	150 70
Sundry receipts	12 00
Present outstanding checks.	138 83
	\$88,958 16

Disbursements—	
Outstanding checks last statement	\$ 62 27
Bonds	3,000 00
Commercial department stationery	49 71
Census	32 42
Election	14 50
Fuel	2,822 69
W. S. Perry School	23,449 57
Freight, Drayage, Express and Postage	272 08
Insurance	305 25
Improvements	1,843 14
Incidentals	337 33
Interest	1,135 73
Janitors' salary	3,031 53
Lighting	288 66
Library Expenses	1,098 15
Library funds	385 29
Office expense	1 60
Clerk's salary	991 67
Repairs	1,989 81
Apparatus	110 00
Supplies	1,807 60
Teachers' salaries	42,378 50
Manual Training (Equipment)	124 61
Manual Training (Sloyd)	1,388 83
Manual Training (Domestic Science)	807 18
Tuition refunded	122 50
Water	290 00
Chemical Laboratory	195 60
Physical Laboratory	176 63
Printing	96 06
Present Balance in Bank	438 35
	\$88,958 16

Respectfully submitted,
G. J. RAY,
Clerk of the Board.

The outstanding bonds of the district amounting to \$46,000 and mature as follows:

1904	\$4,000.	1909	\$5,000.
1905	4,000.	1910	5,000.
1906	4,000.	1911	5,000.
1907	5,000.	1912	5,000.
1908	5,000.	1913	4,000.

We the Finance Committee, report that we have examined the accounts, vouchers and books of the Secretary, Treasurer, and Clerk, and find same absolutely correct.

N. J. KYER,
EVART H. SCOTT,
MOSES SEABOLT,
Finance Committee.

FOR FIRST TIME IN TWENTY YEARS

THE CAMPUS CLOCK STOPS THIS WEEK

Greatest Variation from Correct Time Has Been Half a Minute

The Campus clock must be repaired this week, which is the first time for twenty years.

"I must stop my clock," said Mr. Lutz, "and it has been running since '83, and never been stopped once during that time. A little shoe that the cam runs over has worn down about the thirty-second of an inch, and the quarter hours strike wrong."

The clock was made by E. Howard & Son of Boston, who have gone out of the manufacturing of clocks. So a little steel shoe will be forged by Ralph Miller and Ernest Lutz will adjust it.

This library clock is a most interesting piece of mechanism. The works themselves are twelve feet long and six feet high, and it well repays the climbing of dusty, crooked stairs to see the wheels go round and realize this machine is the "works" of a clock.

It requires two men to wind it and they turn an evil looking crank once a week, for three-quarters of an hour, with no time between for breathing spells.

It is run by weights: one of 1800 pounds, one 1600, two of 800 and 600 respectively. These have been pulled up by hand from a distance of fifty feet, once a week for twenty years. When one of the weights came down and dropped four feet it knocked the plaster from off the ceiling above the art gallery. The pendulum of the clock is twenty feet long and is regulated by a set screw on top. The official time is gotten daily from the observatory and the greatest variance in twenty years has been half a minute. Usually the time varies between five and six seconds a day, which is due to the vibrations of the tower from the action of the pendulum.

If one is fortunate enough to be "inside the works" when the clock strikes, he will be cooled off by the revolving of the balance wheels as with an electric fan, and be surprised at the faintness of the sound, as compared with the bells when heard some distance away.

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need of it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.



"WILFUL WASTE"
That old copybook maxim finds its most forcible application in the waste of vitality, which is called "burning the candle at both ends." A woman is often tempted beyond her strength by domestic or social demands. Some day she awakens from this waste of strength to the woeful want of it. She has become weak, nervous and miserable.

For weak, nervous, run-down women, there is no better tonic and nerve than Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It restores the appetite, quiets the nerves and gives refreshing sleep. It cures local diseases peculiarly womanly which undermine the general health. It makes weak women strong, sick women well.

"No doubt you have forgotten me, but after you read my letter you will remember me." writes Mrs. Annie E. Moring, of 237 7th Avenue, S. W., Roanoke, Va. "In the year 1897, I wrote to you for advice, which you gave me free of charge. When I wrote to you I was a wreck; I could not walk straight for pains in my abdomen; could not sit down, lie down, or get any case at all. I had what was called the best doctor here, but did not get any better until I went through a course of your medicine. I took eight bottles each of 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and ten bottles of the 'Pleasant Pellets.' I tell you the medicine made a cure of me."

Weak and sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, free. All correspondence is held as strictly private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.

\$3.00 SAVED
TO ALL POINTS EAST AND WEST
VIA THE D & B LINE.

"Just Two Boats"
DETROIT & BUFFALO
Daily Service

DETROIT & BUFFALO STEAMBOAT CO.

COMMENCING MAY 11th
Improved Daily Express Service (14 hours) between
DETROIT AND BUFFALO

Leave DETROIT Daily . . . 4.00 P. M.
Arrive at BUFFALO . . . 8.00 A. M.
Leave BUFFALO Daily . . . 5.30 P. M.
Arrive at DETROIT . . . 7.00 A. M.

Connecting with Earliest trains for all points in NEW YORK, EASTERN and NEW ENGLAND STATES. Through tickets sold at all points. Send for illustrated pamphlet and rates.

Rate between Detroit and Buffalo \$2.50 one way, \$4.00 round trip. Berths \$1.00, \$1.50; Staterooms \$2.50 each direction. Week end Excursions Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

If your railway agent will not sell you a through ticket, please buy a local ticket to Buffalo or Detroit, and pay your transfer charges from depot to wharf. By doing this we will save you \$3.00 to any point East or West.

A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. T. M., Detroit, Mich.

MORE LIVES ARE SAVED BY USING

Dr. King's New Discovery

Consumption, Coughs and Colds
Than By All Other Throat and Lung Remedies Combined.

This wonderful medicine positively cures Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pneumonia, Hay Fever, Pleurisy, La Grippe, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup and Whooping Cough. NO CURE, NO PAY. Price 50c. & \$1. Retail Bottle Free.

WAGONS

In buying a wagon for carrying loads to the mill or city, buy the best, the

STUDEBAKER

is by all odds the BEST.

CARRIAGES

High Grade carriages are built by me. Those who have them are suited with them. You will be, if you buy of me.

The prices will suit you. We sell also high grade harnesses.

Geo. W. Seabold,
113 S. 4th Ave

CANTAL-MIDY

These tiny CAPSULES are superior to Balsam of Copaliba, Cubebis or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

Sold by all druggists.

AFTER ECHOES OF THE ELECTION

Miss Bower Explains Some Points In Issue

AND GIVES HER SIDE

Mr. Herbst Also Has a Word Explaining His Part in the School Election

Mr. Editor—Will you kindly give me space to make a few corrections to errors that have appeared in your valuable paper from time to time.

In your Saturday's issue you say "Miss Bower refused to run on a ticket with Mr. Scott." The truth of the matter is this: After the caucus on Monday evening, Sept. 7, I decided not to be a candidate on an independent ticket. Later the ladies of the city believing that there should be at least two women on the Board of Education on account of the large number of women teachers and the many girl pupils in the schools, I consented to stand as their representative. A request was made from them, however, that I would not allow my name to appear on a ticket with those of the retiring members, to which I acquiesced as I have stood at each election for a member of the board as the women's candidate, and believe I should respect their wishes.

Mr. Editor, you have stated in your paper at various times that the teachers' committee have made all the appointments of school teachers. Again you are in error. This committee, to which I have had the honor to be a member of for three years, simply made a recommendation of a new teacher and never without consultation and consent of Superintendent Slauson, always taking his advice and suggestions when there were vacancies to fill.

Every act of mine while serving as a member of the Ann Arbor Board of Education (nine years) will bear the closest scrutiny by the public and in every instance have I worked for what I thought to be the best interests of the school. I feel I can honestly say the same of the other retiring members, Mr. Mills and Mr. Scott.

Never has a board meeting been held behind closed doors since I have been a member, the public and newspaper representatives always being welcome.

The new members have the courage of their convictions and fearlessness in expressing their opinions.

May the new board work as harmoniously as the old and the Ann Arbor public schools continue in their onward progress in my earnest wish.

To those who stood by me so loyally yesterday I tender my sincere thanks.

Yours truly,
EMMA E. BOWER.

Ann Arbor, Sept 15, 1903.

To the Editor:

The voting yesterday and the interest taken by the people of Ann Arbor in the school work was a glorious thing and augurs well for the future. As an active participant, allow me just a word regarding the issues involved. The caucus in a unanimous manner expressed its disapproval of everything which did not favor the school trustee's proceedings. With this sentiment I and everyone present was in hearty accord and I so expressed myself freely during the canvass. The ladies of Ann Arbor, most of whom were in full accord with the resolutions voted upon at the caucus, desired Miss Bower to be a candidate, not because of anything which was or was not done by the school board, but because they wished to be represented, and considered Miss Bower the most available candidate to carry the election. The issue with them was not publicity or secrecy, but a lady on the board, and it was for that reason that they selected Judge Harriman on the ticket—he representing the publicity platform, and it was the original intention, to also, include Mr. Copeland on the same ticket (tickets having been already started with his name, but were discontinued because of some objections on the part of a few). These are the facts.

Now, just a personal word. From what the editor of the Argus states in his paper yesterday, I seem to be solely responsible for the defeat of Miss Bower. He states that through my indiscriminate challenging the voting was somewhat retarded. I am sorry this was the case. I thought I was simply doing a duty that others seemed to shirk. I am sure, however, and the clerks who took down the names will uphold me in this, that there wasn't a single name not written down as rapidly as they could take it, between 1 and 2 o'clock—during the rush. I did not challenge but three persons, directly, and have them sworn, as the records will show, and those cases were when there were but a few present voting. What I did do in numerous instances was, to ask those in the rear end of the line, and before they reached the voting place, whether they paid taxes or had children within the prescribed age, and invariably except in three cases, accepted their answer. Someone must be responsible for this defeat of which my friend the Argus is so sorry, and as no one is so competent to bear the blame as poor Herbst, he must, forsooth, saddle it.

Yours,
H. H. HERBST.

Ann Arbor, Sept. 15, 1903.

QUICKSAND DELAYS WORK

ON THE WILLIAM STREET SEWER BY THE CONTRACTORS.

Hutzel & Co. Invented a Way to Lay the Tile in Spite of the Quicksand.

Hutzel & Co. have a contract for building a sewer on William street with which they are having a good deal of trouble and in which their losses are beginning to look like the majority given the opposition ticket at the school election yesterday.

The trouble has all been caused by quicksand and it has poured into the trench so rapidly and in such quantities that it was impossible to keep the ditch clear long enough to lay the tiles. Finally Mr. Hutzel conceived of a plan whereby the trouble could be avoided. He had made a sheet-iron box about six feet long and eighteen inches deep, which is the width of the ditch. At one end the lower side of the box is cut away to permit the entrance of the tile. This box is then put down in the trench, over the end of the tile already laid, and it serves to keep back the quicksand until another section is laid, when it is moved forward and the operation repeated. With this arrangement the contractors are enabled to make fair progress with their job.

PORTO RICANS COMING HERE

Many Are Entering Michigan University

THE LATEST ARRIVAL

A Son of the Treasurer of the Island—All Porto Rican Young Men Now Want an American Education

There will be a large number of Porto Ricans at the University this year. Mr. Maericens Pesquera, who has only been in the United States for two weeks, arrived in Ann Arbor Monday. He is a cousin of Estraban Goenaga, whom Regent Barbour accompanied to Ann Arbor a number of weeks ago.

Mr. Pesquera is quite young, but one of the best educated Porto Ricans here. His father for a number of years has been treasurer of the island and has given his son every possible advantage. He says that it is the ambition of every young Porto Rican to come to the States and get a university training. A number of years ago the young men were sent to Spain, as the preparatory course in Porto Rico admitted its graduates to any university in that country, but since English has been put into the schools and the new high school is in progress at San Juan the young men come to the States. Mr. Pesquera's education was such that he was admitted to the medical department without examinations.

The young women of Porto Rico pursue the same studies as the young men and are equally as bright, but few of them care to go further than the high school. Mr. Goenaga's sister is in Detroit, and may attend the University, but she is an exceptional young woman. As soon as they finish their high school course they learn embroidery, music, painting and have private tutors in their homes and most of them marry, as Mr. Pesquera says they have very few old maids in his country, but he has already learned that in the States there are lots of them.

President Angell is very much interested in the advancement and progress these young men make as he went up to a crowd of them who were talking Spanish and requested them for their own sake to speak English. The professors say that as a rule they are exceptionally bright and can learn their lessons in two-thirds the time our Americans can.

INSTRUCTOR THOMAS BRINGS A BRIDE

TO THIS CITY FROM MANISTEE WHEN HE RETURNS

Marriage in Manistee of Joseph M. Thomas and Miss Jessie E. Marsh

Prof. Joseph M. Thomas, instructor in English at the University, was married to Miss Jessie E., oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Marsh, of Manistee, Wednesday afternoon.

The ceremony occurred at the Congregational church, which was beautifully decorated and filled with the friends of the bride and groom.

Miss Marsh is a leader in Manistee society and held in high esteem by all. Prof. Marsh was for several years principal of the high school in that city, and it was during that time the couple became acquainted. After the ceremony a reception and luncheon was given at the home of the bride's parents.

After a short wedding trip, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas will make their home in this city.

Read the Argus-Democrat.

BOTH WANT THE LITTLE GIRL

Habeas Corpus Taken Out for Anna Roberts

NOW WITH GRANDMOTHER

Who it is Charged Doesn't Want Her to Attend an English School

Mrs. Wilhelmina Ottmar, of this city, has taken out a writ of habeas corpus to get possession of her 13 years old daughter, Anna Roberts, who is now with her grandmother, Caroline Buchholz, in Northfield. The petition for the writ sets up that the father of the little girl is dead; that at the close of school last June the girl went out to Northfield to visit her grandmother, who is Mrs. Ottmar's mother, and that when the mother went out to get her in order that she might return to school the grandmother refused to let the child return with her to go to school. The petition sets up that the house in Northfield is two miles from a school house and that the grandmother told her that she didn't think it necessary for the child to be sent to the English school to be taught the English language. The writ was issued and the grandmother asked to show cause why the little girl should not be returned to her mother.

The habeas corpus case of Anna Roberts before Judge Kinné Monday afternoon was finished late in the day and the judge immediately gave his decision declaring that under the law the mother was the natural guardian and should have charge of the girl. The judge further said to the parties that he would make no order in the case as it was entirely unnecessary. The girl was the mother's charge and if the parents could not enforce their authority the law had no power in the matter and that under the circumstances it would perhaps be wiser to let the girl have her choice and go with the grandmother.

After leaving the court house the mother sought to induce her daughter to accompany her, but the child raised such a rumpus that she was allowed to have her will and went with the grandmother. The case is an unfortunate one and it seems as if a judicious use of a strap would have proved more efficacious than the law.

1,000 BOTTLES FREE

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy the acknowledged King of Medicine for the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder and Blood.

No. 560. Every reader of the Argus-Democrat can have a trial bottle of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy absolutely FREE by presenting this coupon at our store.

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KIDNEY'S FAVORITE REMEDY absolutely FREE at our store. REMEMBER you are under no obligation to purchase. Simply present the above coupon at our store and a trial bottle of this absolutely free, We consider this an unusual offer and our supply of free bottles cannot last long.

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CALLS IT MACHINE MADE HARMONY

A Washtenaw Republican in the Detroit News

EVIDENTLY ANTI-GLAZIER

As He Says that Glazier Cannot Become Real Leader

Another Washtenaw republican politician has been talking in Detroit and it is safe to say that Senator Glazier would give a new hat to know who he is. The following appeared Saturday evening in the political column of the Detroit News:

"It is curious to see how the speculations of outsiders as to the republican situation in Washtenaw county miss the real point," said a Washtenaw politician to The News. "The wonderful brand of harmony, proclaimed to be evidenced by the easy way in which Glazier scooped the county committee chairmanship into his net at the secretly called Ypsilanti meeting, is strictly machine-made and for public consumption only. It must be remembered that this county committee was made up by Judson before the Wedemeyer-Green revolt, and consists, in part, of men who are after something, regardless of who is the dispenser of office. There is Crech, of Ypsilanti, who, when the famous revolt occurred, loudly proclaimed his unflinching allegiance to Judson, and vigorously denounced Wedemeyer and Green as ungrateful, yet who today is equally zealous for Glazier—perhaps he may get to be postmaster at Ypsilanti. Then there is Eugene Helber, of Ann Arbor, who, to show how very harmonious Washtenaw has become, was again put on the county committee. Wedemeyer and Green, who managed the campaign several years ago, when Helber suddenly became a republican, can, it is said, tell what the support of Helber's paper cost at advertising rates. But since Congressman Smith broke his pledge to make Helber postmaster of Ann Arbor, Helber has poured vitriol upon Smith, Judson, Wedemeyer, Green, Glazier and Bliss, and in the last campaign openly supported the democratic ticket—but now he is a Glazier republican.

"The truth is that Glazier has no more hope of becoming the real leader of Washtenaw republicans than has Mayor Maybury. The expressed sentiment is that Washtenaw wants no more bossism. The very stealth by which Glazier secured the chairmanship of the county committee, shows that his methods are the same as Judson's, but he has not Judson's influence with higher-up republicans, and so no one fears Glazier.

"About the only thing that has been said so far about Washtenaw politics that is true is that Glazier will probably get the solid Washtenaw delegation for state treasurer. But, mark you, he will not get it because he controls Washtenaw republicans—rather the exact contrary. It will be remembered that Glazier failed to carry Washtenaw when he ran for state senator, and was pulled through only by Townsend's lift to the ticket in Jackson. Now, see what Glazier has done since then. He has alienated the Judson following, except for a few who want an office and will take it from anyone. He has angered the anti beyond hope by voting against primary election reform. Now, party precedent demands that he be renominated for state senator, but everyone knows he couldn't poll a corporal's guard of votes in the district. Wherefore, republicans of all factions unite in regarding his state treasurer ambition as providential, as it will get him out of county politics and give them a chance to nominate a candidate for state senator who has a prospect of being elected, and who will truly represent his constituents."

THROUGH CARS TO BATTLE CREEK

Will Be Put on by the Boland Line

DOING BIG BUSINESS

Between Battle Creek and Jackson—Carried 11,000 Passengers in Two Days

Work on the Jackson & Chelsea and the Jackson & Ann Arbor electric railroads is being pushed, although it is more or less delayed by the tardy shipment of materials. The rebalancing between Grass Lake and Chelsea is nearly finished, and the roadbed is being placed in the best possible condition, heavy rails being substituted for some of the lighter portions once laid.

The electric rail by which the road is to be operated has not as yet been installed, as the insulators on which it will rest have not yet been received. There are some other necessary accessories yet to arrive from the east before portions of the work can be completed, but as soon as they arrive the third rail will be installed. The steel has already been distributed.

A large force of men is at work between Chelsea and Ann Arbor, building the roadbed for the Ann Arbor extension. This roadbed, as well as that between Grass Lake and Chelsea, will be the equal of that constructed by the Jackson & Battle Creek interurban. This will be absolutely necessary, as cars will be operated direct from Battle Creek to Ann Arbor, and it is necessary that the best of roadbed be provided along the entire route.—Jackson Press.

Passenger Agent Bucknell of the Jackson & Battle Creek road, Saturday furnished the Jackson Press some figures concerning the volume of business done on the Jackson & Battle Creek line, which well illustrates the great growth of the "travel habit" which has followed upon the completion of the electric road with its low fares and quick and cheap service.

Last Monday, Labor Day, was the big day in the road's history. On that day alone it sold 6,500 fares at Jackson, Battle Creek and intermediate stations. Friday, however, was another surprising day, when 4,775 tickets were sold, making over 11,000 passengers carried for the two days. Thursday upwards of 4,000 people were carried. The other two days of the week have not been figured, but it is a low estimate to place the number at 17,000 for the five days up to and including Friday.

It should be borne in mind that this astonishing achievement by a road which has only been in existence a few months, during which it has been operated under adverse circumstances, and has not been able to demonstrate the full possibilities of electric traction, was accomplished by the Jackson and Battle Creek line, and no account whatever is taken of the thousands who have been transported to Michigan Center, Wolf Lake and Grass Lake over the lines of the Jackson & Suburban Traction company east of the city. The average ride taken by the seventeen thousand people was upwards of twenty miles. The fare at Marshall accounts for much of this great business.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Exaxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.
All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

It is best to remember that life is not written in lead pencil and erasing may not be done until after the account has been rendered to the Master.—New York Herald.

DETROIT PRESBYTERY MEETS HERE

ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY OF NEXT WEEK

Sessions Open With Sermon by the Moderator on Monday Night

The Detroit Presbytery will meet at the Presbyterian church in this city next Monday and Tuesday. The opening sermon will be preached by the moderator, Rev. J. G. Mitchell, of Pontiac, at 7:30 o'clock Monday evening. All sessions of the Presbytery are open to the public. They will continue all day Tuesday.

The pastor of the church will be pleased to have the names of all persons willing to assist in caring for delegates Monday night.

Impossible to foresee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Monarch over pain.

BONDS TO BE SOLD TO PRIVATE PARTIES

City Offers Its Bonds to Individuals at Par

\$8,000 FOR PAVING

Was Allowed by the Council Monday Night—All Shade Trees to be Trimmed

At the council meeting Monday, with Ald. Coon in the chair, the final estimates for the Liberty street and Fourth avenue pavements were received.

The Liberty street paving cost \$23,261.76, including a bill of \$229.23 for extras. Of this amount \$1,224.30 was held back for a year and \$18,883.82 has already been paid leaving \$4,442.94 for which a warrant was drawn for Lennane Bros.

The Fourth avenue pavement cost \$6,490.80 including a bill of \$20 for extras. Five per cent was held back for a year and \$2,943.47 has already been paid, so that a warrant for \$3,222.79 was ordered drawn for Lennane Bros.

The Engineer divided the costs of these pavements between the city and property owners as follows:

Liberty street—City \$8,825.63, property owners \$15,660.43.

Fourth avenue—City \$1,298.16, property owners \$5,192.64.

A carload of brick for paving crosswalks was ordered.

The Board of Public Works were instructed to trim the trees all over the city. They were also instructed to construct the curb on S. Ashley street to First street. This will cost \$216 or \$351 for curb and gutter.

The bids of the banks for the city bonds were rejected and the treasurer will sell them to such private parties as want them at par.

The Lenawee County and Southern Michigan District Fair, at
Adrian, Sept. 21st-25th

inclusive, is being pushed for a grand success.

This Fair has now grown to be a great Agricultural, Merchants', Manufacturers' and Pleasure Seekers' Exposition and Carnival combined.

Special rates and train service on all Railroads.

All Highways lead to Adrian.

A. D. DAVIDSON, President. F. E. KENASTON, Vice-Prest. D. H. McDONALD, Treas. J. A. McRAE, Sec'y.

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TWO MILLION ACRES OF THE BEST WHEAT and FLAX LANDS

In Western Canada, at \$7.00 Per Acre. These Lands are located in the Famous Saskatchewan Valley, Manitoba and Assinboia.

No Floods, No Cyclones, No Drouths, No Crop Failures. These Districts Will Raise This Year Over One Hundred Million Bushels of Wheat.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY for the FARMER and INVESTOR

OVER 100,000 SETTLERS WILL GO INTO THIS SECTION THIS SEASON

THE FARMER

Who owns a small farm or high priced land will find here an opportunity to get as good land that will produce more wheat of better quality than the land he now operates at one-quarter the price. This is the finest prairie land in the world, with a soil of Rich Black Vegetable Loam with a Clay Subsoil, and needs but the plow to make it yield a competence and a fortune. Sell your old farm, buy a bigger one in Western Canada, and put the balance in the bank. THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY. TRY IT.

THE INVESTOR

Will find in these lands an investment for his money that will prove at once absolutely safe and extremely profitable. The tremendous immigration that is now pouring into this splendid, fertile country has never been equaled by any land movement in the history of the world. One hundred thousand settlers will go into these districts this year. The country is in magnificent condition and the crop yield will be enormous. The land is bound to double in value, and the advance will be very rapid. Our advice is, BUY NOW.

It does not require much space to convince you of this privilege gives early buyers who can now have the pick of 2,000,000 acres of the choicest land in all Canada, the most marvelous agricultural country in the world. The prosperous days are just beginning for Western Canada. The tremendous immigration that is now on and the beautiful crops that are now assured will advance the land rapidly. Do not delay until this advance has started. BUY NOW.

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Canadian Office, Forum Block, WINNIPEG, MAN. General Office, 305 Jackson St., ST. PAUL, MINN.

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School Books, all
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books are always the best.
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LOCAL BREVITIES

The Memorial Christian church are making arrangements for putting in a new furnace.

Prof. Herbert J. Goulding has moved into Catherine Reyer's house, 904 Lincoln avenue.

C. A. Sauer & Co. have completed the brick work on the new Zion hall, and are now ready for plastering.

Miss May McDonald of Kingsley street has rented a house of Mrs. Fincham at 431 E. University street.

Ewar Lucas, dispensing clerk in the chemical laboratory has rented F. G. Schleicher's house on S. Fifth street.

Announcement has been made of the marriage of Miss Lydia Guenther to Edward Muehlig, of this city, to take place Sept. 24.

Judge Watkins responded to a toast at the banquet of the probate judges of the state, held in Battle Creek last Thursday night.

License to marry was granted to William J. Rehffuss of Ann Arbor, and Verdia Blythman of Detroit, by the Wayne county clerk Wednesday.

In the divorce case of Searly vs. Searly Mrs. Searly received \$300 alimony and the household furniture which she, herself, had purchased.

Miss Elma Blackman, the study room teacher in the high school, has accepted a position in a western state and Miss Lushy, of this city, fills her place.

Miss Elizabeth Campbell, Miss Louise Stretch and Fred Daley will sing solos Sunday evening at the union services held in the First Baptist church.

Judge V. H. Lane, of this city, has been appointed by Gov. Bliss as one of the delegates to the National Prison association, which meets in Louisville, Oct. 3 to 8.

The enrollment in the high school has not yet reached the 500 mark, but it is thought by the time college opens that the number will be considerably more than this.

At the mission festival at Zion Lutheran church Sunday, \$181 was taken up as a free will offering. This is the largest offering that has ever been taken in the church.

Jas. E. Johnson, of Milan, was the first hunter to procure a license to shoot deer this year, in this county, he having purchased one from County Clerk Blum Wednesday.

Miss Anna Reilly has rented the north half of the store occupied by Ottmar Luth at 109 S. Main street, and will in a few days open therein a stock of up-to-date millinery.

The Ann Arbor railroad started to raise its tracks across Liberty street Saturday morning. Washington street is now closed, and Huron street will be open for traffic in a few days.

Announcement is made of the marriage of Miss Clara L., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Edwards, 110 N. First street, to Mr. T. W. Watkins, to take place Tuesday evening next.

Miss Blanche Waite, of 612 Church street, gave a farewell tea on Friday in honor of the Misses Mary and Florence Whitfield, who leave Monday for their future home in Cincinnati, O.

Frank Minnis, the well known orchestra man, is busy composing a new two-step. Mr. Minnis has played this for good judges, who say it is very pretty and expect it to be quite popular.

Miss Maude Martin and Mr. Orrie Hewett, both of Milan, were united in marriage at the Baptist parsonage by Rev. T. W. Young last Saturday morning. They returned immediately to their home.

At the meeting of the State Pharmaceutical society in Battle Creek, Dr. J. O. Schlotterbeck, of this city, was made first vice president, and H. J. Brown was made a member of the executive committee.

Aaron Huss is getting along finely with his new house on First and Madison streets. It has been only three weeks since he dug the cellar, he is now ready for the plasterers, and expects to move in October 1st.

Arbor Tent, No. 296, will give a series of dancing parties in Maccabee hall this season, similar to the parties given last winter. The opening party of this season will be given Wednesday evening, September 16th. Music by Roger's orchestra.

County Clerk Blum has been notified by the secretary of state that it will be his duty to question all persons applying for marriage licenses as to their relationship as the law prohibiting cousins of the first degree from marrying goes into effect today.

On account of the large increase in the number of pupils in the ward schools a new room will be opened up next week in the Fifth ward building. Miss Anna Matteson, of Dixboro, who graduated in the Ann Arbor high school in '98, will take charge of it.

The following officers were elected at the Sunshine Circle of the King's Daughters which was held Monday at the home of Miss Wright, of Thompson street: President, Miss Effie Godfrey; vice president, Miss Grace Lane; secretary, Miss Erma Alexander; treasurer, Miss Lucy Cooley.

Miss Anna Knowlton is slowly recovering. She is able to rest somewhat from the excruciating pain she has suffered all summer, and her condition is so favorable that it is thought she will recover without any permanent lameness or any internal injuries. This is almost miraculous healing.

The Treble Clef club held their annual election Monday at the home of Miss Hagel, of Packard street. The following officers were elected for the coming year: Mrs. C. G. Darling president, Miss Georgia Covert secretary and Miss Hagel treasurer. Mr. Campbell will continue as director for the club.

Martin O'Brien, the pioneer hotel man of East Saginaw, died Monday at Vassar, Mich. The funeral was held Wednesday, in Saginaw, from the Catholic church. Mr. O'Brien was well known in Ann Arbor, being a former resident. He was a brother-in-law of Mrs. Honora O'Brien, of 611 E. Liberty street.

Miss Ruth Dalley of Geddes avenue, gave a tea party Saturday afternoon to her four little neighborhood playmates, which celebrated Miss Ruth's sixth birthday. It was a great success, for the small hostess was heard to say after her guests had gone, that she wished she could have a birthday every Saturday afternoon.

John C. Parker, who graduated from the engineering department here in 1901, and the following year took his master's degree and has since been employed in the works of the Western Electric Co. at Schenectady, N. Y., has accepted a very flattering offer from Union College to take a position on the engineering faculty of that institution.

Mr. H. W. Dodge, jr., the examiner of the Texas insurance department, was in the city last week, making an examination of the books and records of the office of Miss Emma E. Bower, great record keeper of the L. O. T. M. M. Mr. Dodge complimented Miss Bower on her business methods and the successful way in which her records and accounts were kept.

Mack & Co.'s barn at the corner of First and Washington streets is about to be painted. A beautiful lawn extension around the entire property has just been completed, and after a few weeks this will be one of the finest looking corners in the Second ward. It was a much needed improvement, and the firm is to be congratulated on going into the expense that it did for such a good cause.

Frank Garner, the colored man arrested on a charge of fraudulently soliciting subscriptions for the Detroit Informer, appeared before Justice Doty Tuesday and changed his plea of not guilty to guilty. The justice imposed a fine of \$5 and \$8.92 costs, in default of payment to be confined for 30 days in the jail. Garner could not raise the money and consequently languishes in jail.

A surprise party was given Friday night for Miss Barbara Stricker at her home on Sixth street. Fifteen couples celebrated Miss Stricker's birthday by a card party at which Harry Neir and Miss Anna Martin won first prize, and B. Schneider and Miss Henning got the "consolation." On a table filled with white flowers a generous feast was spread and a merry company spent a long and pleasant evening.

At the annual conference of the A. M. E. church, which closed its sessions in Detroit Sunday, Rev. T. W. Beck was returned to the pastorate in this city for another year. Other appointments in this section were: Ypsilanti, L. Pettiford; Whitaker, F. A. Hartford. Rev. S. Simmons, who was formerly pastor here and presiding elder of the Grand Rapids district for the past term, was appointed to the church at Jackson.

Mr. Herbert Henry Booth, son of Gen. Booth of London, and brother of Ballington Booth, has been secured to deliver two of his famous bioscopic lectures at the First Baptist church, Sept. 27 and 28. These lectures are illustrated by 200 still and moving pictures. The first lecture will be on Sunday evening, the 27th, and will portray the life and struggles of the early christians through the apostolic age. The second lecture will be on Monday, the 28th, and will show the christians in the Catacombs and in their conflicts with the Roman Empire. The people of Ann Arbor are fortunate in having an opportunity to hear this distinguished man, and to hear two of his most popular lectures.

O. M. Martin has one of the finest banana plants in his yard than can be found anywhere. It is over 13 feet tall and of very sturdy growth. This variety of palm will live for four or five years and this one is now only three years old, so that it will be of a very unusual height when it has reached its growth.

Mrs. H. A. Brown and family, of Pensacola, Fla., have moved into the house on E. Ann street lately owned by A. M. Doty. Mr. Brown is chaplain at the United States fort near Pensacola, but desired that his children should have the advantages found in the public schools of Ann Arbor. Mrs. Brown's brother, Clarence Char-est, is also with her and will enter the literary department of the University.

The trains on the Michigan Central road were delayed Friday afternoon for a number of hours, the 3:20 train and all following not getting through until after 6 o'clock. The delay was caused by the breaking of an axle of a freight car. Six cars following the one with the broken axle were piled up on the tracks. The wreck occurred between Geddes and Ypsilanti. Although no great loss was sustained it took a couple of hours in which to remove the debris from the tracks.

FINE COURSE FOR CO. I.

Military Company Prepare
List of Entertainment

AT POPULAR PRICE

Every Taste Catered To—Eugene V. Debs and Senator
Dolliver Will Lecture

Company I, M. N. G., have made arrangements to give an entertainment course during the coming year, and have secured ten of the best attractions obtainable which they will offer for the patronage of the public. The attractions arranged for are of the highest possible class and comprise nearly every class of entertainment, so that all tastes will find something to their liking. The dates selected and the attractions are as follows:

Nov. 16—Metropolitan Grand Concert Co., a carefully selected company of artists designed especially to meet the demand for high grade talent. The artists in the company are Mr. Vernon E. Hensie, pianist; Mr. Robert Kent Parker, basso; Miss Agnes Pringle, violiniste, and Mrs. Charlotte Guyer-George, contralto.

Dec. 1—The Mendelssohn Quartette Co. This company has been before the public five years and has met with unvaried success everywhere. The quartette is ably supported by Marguerite Smith, child impersonator, and Herbert Raymond Loder, pianist.

Jan. 6—The Boston Ladies Orchestra, the most famous female orchestra in America, now in their eighth season.

Jan. 26—Carnival of Entertainers, one of the most unique of entertainments composed of Vernon, the ventriloquist, Mrs. Vernon in her phenomenal act of "Thought Transferred," McGrath Brothers, banjo duetists, and William I. Houston, impersonator.

Feb. 6—Ritchie, prestidigitateur, illusionist and shadowgraphist. Pronounced by the press to be one of the best performances in magic on the road, and the supporting company are said to be in keeping with the leading entertainer.

Feb. 8—Eugene V. Debs. Mr. Debs needs no introduction to an Ann Arbor audience and his name will add to the popularity of the course.

Feb. 25—The Hawthorne Musical Club of Boston. One of the most unique musical entertainments on the road, the program introducing many novelties in musical instruments.

March 28—The Bostlemann String Quartette, assisted by Carl Crange, basso. The work of this quartette is said to be second to no other in the country.

April 6—Melvin Robinson, Impersonator, in modern comedies. Mr. Robinson presents comedies impersonating all the characters in a charming and thoroughly artistic manner. He has been warmly received wherever he has appeared.

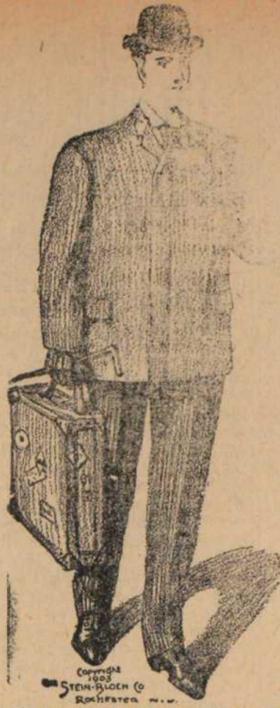
May—Senator J. P. Dolliver. Senator Dolliver is recognized as one of the brightest men and finest orators in the country and should draw a crowd.

The tickets for the entire course have been placed at \$1 each and the boys should receive generous patronage.

NEW CIDER AND FEED MILL

A new cider and feed mill will be in operation in Ann Arbor in about two weeks. At least the cider will—the feed will probably be later.

It is being put up on S. Main street by Charles Klager, and is intended to make a better market for cider apples and a convenience for the farmer grinding his grain. It is furnished with an hydraulic press made in Gil-lead, Ohio, and this is operated by a gasoline engine through the medium of water pressure. The cider which is not sold in its season will be bottled and kept for labor day, said one of its advocates. But it is the intension of Mr. Klager to sell vinegar out of what remains.



The Man Who Has Confidence In Us

and puts himself in our hands cannot be otherwise than well dressed. Every Suit, Spring Overcoat, Hat or article of Haberdashery for men and boys that we bought for this season includes the very best of the best makers in the country. Not a worthy fabric or pattern is omitted—not a detail of fashion was overlooked.

You will find no better values
or later styles than in the superb
productions of STEIN-
BLOCH CO., Rochester, N. Y.

LINDENSCHMITT
& APFEL.



PITTSFIELD PICKINGS.

Pittsfield, Sept. 16.—James Webb attended the unveiling of the McKinley monument in Toledo this week.

Geo. McCalla is building an addition to his barn.

Geo. Klager's new house is nearly completed.

Mr. Chas. Rose and father, and Robt. Harrison "took in" the State fair at Pontiac.

The Stone Sunday school has a new State Traveling library.

Miss Mae Hurd teaches in the Sutherland district again this year. Being a progressive district, naturally they keep a good teacher as long as possible.

Miss Emma Sumner spent last week with friends in Toledo.

Miss Rosa Gall, of Ann Arbor, spent last week with Mrs. S. A. Morgan. Farmers in this vicinity are preparing to put in a large acreage of wheat this fall.

Misses Dora and Lillie Sumner, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with their parents.

James Sumner is running a milk wagon in Ann Arbor.

Miss Elizabeth Steers will teach in the Stone district again this year. Another case of good judgment on the part of a school board.

For forty years Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has been curing summer complaint, dysentery, diarrhoea, bloody flux, pain in the stomach, and it has never yet failed to do everything claimed for it.

Has Trained Them for 53 Years.

Over half a century's experience in educating young men and women for practical business is the record of the Detroit Business University, the leading business school of America. During that period it has had over 35,000 students, who now fill responsible positions. Catalogue mailed free.

The Patrons Fire Insurance Company, of Wayne and Washtenaw counties is ready to take applications for insurance, the legal preliminaries necessary to secure a charter are nearly completed.

C. M. FELLOWS,
Secretary.

9171 12-489

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF
WASHTENAW, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 17th day of September, in the year one thousand nine hundred and three.

Present, Willis L. Watkins, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of John Keenan, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of William H. McIntyre, administrator de bonis non of the estate of said deceased, praying this court to adjudicate and determine who are or were at the time of his decease, the legal heirs, minor heirs and legal representatives of said John Keenan and entitled to inherit the lands of which he died seized.

It is ordered that the 20th day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Argus-Democrat, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

[A true copy]

WILLIS L. WATKINS,
Judge of Probate.

LEO L. WATKINS, Register.

Ground Feed
saves corn and grows and fattens faster. The best mill for corn, with or without chucks, and all grains, is the

KELLY
Duplex Grinding Mill.
Crushes and grinds to any fineness, always uniform. Has great capacity. Easy running. Makes excellent meal. Uses minimum power, any kind. Double breakers, double end doors, front feed and revolving drives. 4 Horse. Capacity 75 LBS.

THE O. S. KELLY CO., Dept. 99 SPRINGFIELD, OHIO.

For the STUDENTS' ROOMS

...WE CAN SHOW...

you a complete line of everything that is attractive, practical and pleasing. The assortment of CARPETS, RUGS, COUCHES, STUDY TABLES, EASY CHAIRS, DESKS and BOOK CASES is better than ever before, while our prices are such that you will find it to your advantage to favor us with your patronage.

MARTIN HALLER.

RUGS, CARPETS, FURNITURE and DRAPERIES
(PASSENGER ELEVATOR)

112, 114, 116 East Liberty Street. - Phone 148

At Koch's Big Store

YOU OUGHT TO SEE

The elegant line of parlor goods we have for Fall Trade. Everything in "Pretty Parlor Pieces" that can be desired. We have the handomest Davenport ever shown in Ann Arbor. It is built of solid Mahogany, upholstered in genuine leather. It is worth coming a long way to see.

We also have an immense stock of Carpets, Rugs and Draperies. Our supply of carpets and rugs is an especially good one, and never before have Ann Arbor people had such an array of floor coverings from which to choose.

All the latest styles in Lace Curtains, and other window draperies. All the latest novelties in draperies by the yard. Just received a big shipment of Jardiniere Stands in oak and mahogany. One of these rich and handsome stands, with a pretty Utopia Ware jardiniere makes a good gift, and is a useful ornament in any home. We also handle Utopia Umbrella Holders, Cupboards and Mugs.

Repairing, Upholstering and Refinishing
Furniture our specialty.

John Koch, Furniture, Carpets, Draperies,
Trunks, Lamps, etc., etc....

300-302-304 S. Main St. Phone 50.

The Argus-Democrat \$1.00 per Year

COUNTY HOUSE EVIDENCE

Deserts the Union Record and L. J. Lisemer

W. C. DAVIS FULL

When He Made Affidavit—Retracts Same—Danser Likewise Denies Charges of Paper Against Him

The following letter and two affidavits would go to show on what flimsy material the Union Record has been making its attacks on the county house. The first affidavit is in the handwriting of Davis himself. The second tells now his affidavit published in the Union Record was obtained, while Mr. Danser's letter is a complete answer to the unwarrantable use of his name:

Ann Arbor, Mich., Sept. 11, 1903. To Whom it May Concern:

I wish to retract the statement that was made in the Union Record. I did not see Mr. Shankland kick and stamp with his boots Frank Wright. But I have seen him cuff him with his hand. He has to use force sometimes in order to make him behave himself. The said Frank Wright is very bad at times. I have seen him strike with a stick of wood an old man on the head. I think if the aforesaid Frank Wright and two or three insane men that are there were in a ward by themselves where they could not harm themselves or anybody else it would be better for them and everybody else.

Yours,
W. C. DAVIS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me on this 11th day of September, 1903.

ANDREW E. GIBSON,
Notary Public.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw—ss.

W. C. Davis being duly sworn deposes and says that the statement heretofore made by him in regard to V. L. Shankland, the present keeper of the County Poor house, was made through the influence of Thomas Burke, an inmate of said institution and that deponent when he made said statement was under the influence of liquor and did not understand the statement that he was swearing to.

Deponent further says that he has always been treated in a gentlemanly and kind manner by Mr. Shankland while he was an inmate of said poor house and that during all the time he was an inmate of said institution he had plenty to eat of good wholesome food.

W. C. DAVIS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this eleventh day of September, A. D. 1903.

ANDREW E. GIBSON,
Notary Public in and for Washtenaw County, Michigan.

County House, Sept. 12, 1903.

Editor Daily Argus,
Ann Arbor, Mich.:

Dear Sir—Please accept my sincere thanks for publishing my communication of August 31st regarding the alleged complaints about the management of the County House.

I was of the opinion that letter would have settled the matter as far as I am concerned, but it seems to me that Mr. Lisemer is bound to make a sensational sheet of the Union Record. Well, I am not astonished at this new freak of him. Please allow me only once more to correct a few charges Mr. Lisemer brought against me in his latest issue of the Union Record, and be assured that I always will be thankful that you have given space in your esteemed paper to defend myself. Mr. Lisemer seems not to be content that he is one of the indirect causes that I am an inmate of this house, but he seems also to take pleasure to throw mud on me in this haven of rest. That has been always his manner of treating old friends. But I will assure him that this will be the last time to correct his short memory and the information he gets about me.

Let me tell you that years ago, when Mr. Lisemer seemed to think he could not get along without my services, he used to visit me in the county house, where I was translating for him English news items into the German language. Since the spring of 1902, when the Hausfreund was sold, he did not need me any more, still to tell the truth, he visited me occasionally on Sundays. The last visit he paid me was on October 26, 1902, and since that time I have not seen his face any more, nor did I have any connection with him. What he makes out of poor house gossip does not concern me in the least, and I hereby say again if there was cause for complaint the cause has been removed.

I declare it a wilful and provoking misstatement that I on or about the 25th day of May, 1903, made a complaint to him, Judge Watkins or any other man, that the food in the county house was insufficient. I am neither in the oath nor swearing business, and if he finds pleasure in making and giving affidavits before a justice of the peace he is at liberty to do so, providing he leaves my name out of this proceeding.

Now, as to the affair of that unhappy man, Tom Ward. I will give the public the benefit to say what I know about it. Since about two years I keep a diary of the happenings here,

to pass away the lonesome time. According to this day-book Mr. Ward came to this house on May 21st, 1903, and was consigned to the room I sleep in. He slept right opposite me, and that is the reason I know all about the affair. Mr. Ward claimed he came from the hospital and complained about swelling of the legs. Notwithstanding this trouble he ran around a good deal in the yard and at night he made a good deal of noise and could not be kept in bed, jumping in and out most every 10 minutes, talking to himself and acting like a man under the influence of opiates or a very bad conscience, for he always ran around and tried to get into other people's beds. I am lame and I had a hard time of keeping him from my bed. Well, the inmates in our room had to stand his antics. Early in the morning of Sunday, May 24, Ward skipped out, when everybody was sleeping, and I told Mr. Shankland that it was impossible to keep that fellow in bed. Ward went to Ann Arbor and on May 28 Mr. Shankland brought him back to this house and in our room Ward carried a household basket with him and I noticed that he frequently took draughts out of two bottles—one with a bluish fluid and the other with a reddish fluid. What it was I do not know, but he said it was medicine. Well, in the same night Ward skipped again. That is all I know about that very strange man and indeed I was not wondering when I heard later on he had committed suicide. Ward had never complained to me about the meals, but he would not allow us to smoke in the room, nor have a window open, in fact he acted like he was the boss of the room.

Now, in the name of common sense how could Mr. Lisemer show a letter to Judge Watkins on the 25th day of May from me, and connect the complaints of said Ward with the complaints he alleges I had made—I say how could Lisemer? As I sent no letter and on the other hand Ward suicided after May 28?

Mr. Lisemer is certainly great in the fabrication of sensations, but as to his memory he is badly wanting. Yes, I will for the fun of it state right here that some years ago I asked him on what day and in what month he was born and he did not know. At least he said so.

Finally, I will most emphatically declare that I never used vile oaths in talking of Mr. Shankland, and this latest informant of Mr. Lisemer is talking through his hat. He seems also afraid to give his name. I can remember one man who staid for a few months in this house last winter who used very rough if not indecent language about Mr. Shankland, but he went away. Perhaps it is the informant himself, or he confounded me with somebody else, for I am not in the oath and swearing business.

Now, I will not deal with the somersaults of Mr. Lisemer again, and beg your pardon for trespassing so much on your valuable space.

Most respectfully yours,
HERMAN HARTWIG-DANSER.

OLD LODI RESIDENT DIED YESTERDAY

Mrs. Rebecca Allmendinger, of Lodi, died at her home Sunday at 9:30 p. m., after a long illness, of dropsy, aged 84 years. The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon at 1:30 standard. She leaves two daughters and one son. The interment was at Jackson Avenue cemetery.

THIN PEOPLE

want to get fat and fat people want to get thin—human nature. If you are fat don't take Scott's Emulsion. It will make you gain flesh. If you are thin Scott's Emulsion is just what you need.

It is one of the greatest flesh producers known. Not temporary gains but healthy, solid flesh that will fill out the body where it is needed.

There's nothing better than Scott's Emulsion for weakness and wasting.

Scott's Emulsion is a food-medicine; not a stimulant; not a mere "extract" or so-called "wine" of cod liver oil. It contains the whole oil perfectly emulsified, which is the only way of preserving its valuable properties.

We'll send you a sample free upon request.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 400 Pearl Street, New York.

OPENING OF THE NEW LAKE ROUTE.

Between Detroit and Buffalo.

The new steamers Eastern States and Western States are running daily between Detroit and Buffalo, making connection with all morning trains. Our readers can save 3 dollars on fare to any point East or West. Send 2c for folder. Address A. A. Schantz, G. P. T. Mgr., Detroit, Mich.

SECOND LARGEST EPWORTH LEAGUE

In the United States at Ann Arbor

MORE CHURCH MEMBERS

In the M. E. Church than Before—Excellent Financial Condition of Church

At the fourth quarterly conference of the M. E. church held Monday Sept. 7, at the church, some interesting reports were given. During the past year 125 new members have been taken into the church, making the net gain in membership larger than that for a number of years past. The fiscal year for the church will close Sept. 30, but the reports indicate that there will be very little if any deficit in the funds at that time. This is something quite unusual. In the past three years the amount of money contributed for missions has been doubled. The reports from the Epworth League show that this is the second largest league in the United States.

During the past year four of the oldest members of the church have passed away. Their aggregate age was 240 years, while their average membership with this church was 60 years.

Before the meeting adjourned Prof. Springer brought forward some resolutions in which the conference bespoke their great appreciation of the faithful work Dr. Ryan had done in the past six years he has been presiding elder of the district and expressing their hope of his future success in life.

FEARFUL ODDS AGAINST HIM.

Bedridden, alone and destitute. Such, in brief was the condition of an old soldier by the name of J. J. Havens, Versailles, O. For years he was troubled with kidney disease and neither doctors nor medicines gave him relief. At length he tried Electric Bitters. It put him on his feet in short order and now he testifies, "I'm on the road to complete recovery." Best on earth for Liver and Kidney troubles and all forms of Stomach and Bowel complaints. Only 50c. Guaranteed by A. E. Mummy and H. F. Miller, Druggists.

DOINGS OF THE JUNE GRADUATES

What are the '03s doing?

Miss Mabel Andrews, of Ann Arbor, has accepted a position as preceptress in the high school at Harbor Springs, where she will teach Latin and German.

Sammel Ball, of Grand Rapids, who received the appointment to the gas fellowship, writes that he has had a most enjoyable summer visiting gas plants about the state in connection with his fellowship, and that he will return to Ann Arbor in the fall to do certain problems in research work in the manufacture of gas.

Max Finklestein, class orator and six-year law, has been spending his summer in West Virginia, but will be back this fall to complete his work.

Henry Danforth accepted a position, July 1, with N. K. Fairbanks Co., Chicago, as traveling salesman, and is "doing" Michigan.

Milton Koblitz, of Cleveland, Ohio, will attend the University of Chicago law school this year.

William R. Ryan, of Port Huron, mechanical engineer, has been engaged since June 18 in superintending the city engineering work at St. Clair.

William H. Radford, of Greenville, since his graduation, has been engaged in the testing department of the Northern Manufacturing Co., Detroit.

R. B. Otis is in the drafting department of the Packard Motor Car Co., at Warren, Ohio.

Benscoter, famous in newspaper work has been on the Detroit Evening News since July 1. He writes that his enemies will undoubtedly regret to hear that he just escaped being blown to atoms, August 22, by the explosion of ten gallons of nitroglycerine at Lemington, Ont., where he went to represent his paper. Two men were pulverized, but Benscoter was spared to the press.

Mark Foote, president of the class and secretary for the boys, is engaged in magazine work on The Oaks, published in Chicago, 301-4 Unity Building.

FOUND PEARL WORTH \$10,000. What is said to be the largest pearl ever found in America was recently found by a poor fisherman. Experts value it at considerable over \$10,000. This was a lucky find, indeed, but if persons who are weak and sickly will commence taking Hostetter's Stomach Bitters they will recover a far more precious possession than all the pearls in the world, namely, health. It is the best health restorer known to science and cannot fail, because it contains only such ingredients as will be beneficial to the entire system. It will restore the appetite, strengthen the stomach, liver and kidneys, and cure nausea, belching, headache, indigestion, dyspepsia or liver and kidney troubles. The genuine has our Private Stamp over the neck of the bottle. Try it.

Lame

Crippled by Sciatic Rheumatism.

Specialist Failed to Help.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills Cured Me.

"After treating me for five weeks for sciatic rheumatism, a St. Louis specialist confessed that he could do nothing for me and I came home as badly crippled as when I went away. Shortly after that I began to take Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and Blood Purifier. I commenced their use at once, and in less than thirty days was virtually a new man. I carry the Pain Pills with me always, and find them a never-failing cure for headache or other pains."—J. R. MILLER, Thompsonville, Ill.

"No railroad man should attempt to make a trip without a few of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills in his grip. For indigestion, nervousness, sleeplessness or any pain or irregularity, they cannot be beat."—Conductor H. C. TRIVINING, Wilmington, N. C.

"My trouble was inflammation of the ovaries, and for five years I suffered untold pain. After taking two or three boxes of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, I felt I was cured, but always kept them on hand, for the relief many other aches and pains."—MRS. PHILIP S. DOANE, Worcester, Mass.

"Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are the best remedy for car-sickness on the market. On an excursion train recently I gave away a whole box of them to sufferers from car-sickness, and in every case they gave immediate relief. I always keep them in my pocket."—H. D. SANFORD, Pipestone, Minn.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

DECLARED FOR PUBLICITY

The People in Unmistaken Tones Spoke

MISS BOWER DEFEATED

Because of the Sentiment for Fullest Publicity in School Matters—Copeland, Miller and Harriman Elected

The school election Monday was one of the hottest school elections in years. Fourteen hundred and eight votes were cast in four hours. This is six votes a minute. At the last, however, votes were coming in much faster than this, as the board found that it would be impossible to get the vote in that was waiting in line. For a time about 1 o'clock, Mr. Herbst retarded the vote somewhat by indiscriminate challenging of votes, some of which had been taxpayers for thirty or forty years. There may have been some illegal voting, but it was quickly found that indiscriminate challenging would not permit the vote to be cast.

The voters evidently knew what they wanted and although very much work was done upon them after they arrived at the court house, there was not much of it that was effective.

Much Sunday work had been done. Tickets for Miss Bower and Prof. Goddard were given out to those who attended the Congregational church. A third ticket was put in the field Sunday by members of the school board which contained the names of Henry J. Mann, E. C. Goddard and Emma E. Bower.

At various places street car fares were left with ladies to get them to come down and vote.

Those who followed the Argus advice to vote between 10 and 11 o'clock had the easiest time of it.

Although the work was fast and furious, but very little bad feeling was exhibited.

A long line was waiting at 2 o'clock and the door was closed and those in line given an opportunity to vote. This let in 77 votes, there being that many in line at 2 o'clock, and brought the total vote up to 1,408.

The caucus ticket was elected on the platform favoring publicity. The vote was as follows:

William D. Harriman..... 1160
Royal S. Copeland..... 901
Charles L. Miller..... 829
Emma E. Bower..... 532
E. C. Goddard..... 501
Henry J. Mann..... 248

Besides these, scattering votes were cast as follows: E. F. Mills 21, A. H. Lloyd 2, James B. Angell 1, John F. Lawrence 1.

The straight vote was as follows: Regular caucus ticket, 758; Bower-Harriman-Goddard ticket, 229; Mann-Goddard-Bower ticket, 152. There were 269 split tickets. It will be noticed that Mr. Miller's majority over Miss Bower was 303.

At the annual school meeting, G. Frank Allmendinger was chairman and Grove Ray was secretary. The result of the election was declared and reports read. President Mills said that the election today had shown how very largely the public was interested in this election, and he thought that nothing but good can come if the public continues to take the same interest as it has today.

Two million Americans suffer the torturing pangs of dyspepsia. No need to. Burdock Blood Bitters cures. At any drug store.

Fought Big Fish

Women Battle Desperately With a Monster of the Deep.

Huge Sea Elephant Succumbs to Their Valor After a Hard Three Hour Struggle.

A desperate three hour fight with a giant sunfish a mile from shore in the Pacific ocean and its final capture was the startling and strenuous experience of two women and a man a couple of weeks ago off the coast of California, adjacent to Los Angeles.

That the huge sea elephant, weighing over 1,800 pounds, was landed was due



FARNSWORTH SWUNG THE GAFF.

In a great measure to two women, Mrs. A. W. Barrett of Los Angeles and Mrs. Nellie Hall of Rochester, N. Y. They were out in the Pacific ocean with Skipper George Farnsworth in a launch after jewfish. While gazing over the calm surface of the channel about a mile from shore the ladies happened to look behind them and away off in the distance, about a half mile astern, saw a great black mass on the surface of the sea that shone up distinctly in the sun.

It was whale-like in size and appearance, and the boatman put his launch about to investigate the apparent delict. As the boat drew near the occupants saw that it was a monster sunfish that was lolling about on the surface, warming itself in the morning sun. From its size the party knew that to venture too close might invite a fight and a wreck of the boat, but after a consultation the ladies decided that the big slimy lump of quivering flesh must be snared if possible. Accordingly Skipper Farnsworth selected his heaviest gaff hook and turned on full steam ahead for a charge on the fish mountain.

When close enough Farnsworth swung the gaff with all his force, and the hook went down deep into the quivering flesh of the sleeping fish.

It was a rude awakening, and when the fish felt the sharp pain it lashed out in every direction with great fury in the effort to free itself. The hook had taken a firm hold and could not be pulled out, and when the monster realized this it renewed its fierce efforts to escape.

It threw its great form around in the water, beat the waves with fins and tail, squirmed and lunged and twisted and dashed showers of salt water over the women and the man in the boat. The surface of the water was covered with the foam churned up, and the frail boat pitched and tossed and careened over to the danger point. Still Farnsworth braced himself and held on like grim death to the fighting fish mass, and the ladies assisted him as best they could.

This twisting and turning and thrashing continued for over an hour until relief came in the person of Boatman Elms, who had seen the fight from a distance and instantly realized that something was doing. He also sunk his big gaff hook into the struggling sea elephant, and by taking turns the two men securely held it until it fought itself into complete exhaustion, the struggle going on for an hour and forty-five minutes after Elms arrived, or for about three hours after Farnsworth first gaffed it.

The task of bringing it to the beach took up another half hour. It was towed in by both launches, and a dozen men worked themselves tired dragging it up on the beach. Although the tackle at Avalon is ample for handling all kinds of fish up to 1,000 pounds, it was inadequate for this one, for it was about twelve feet long and about five feet in diameter.

The entire population of Avalon turned out to see the big thing, which had been drawn up to a platform by means of a heavy block and tackle.

No scales on the island were large enough to weigh it, but the old fishermen estimated that it would weigh between 1,800 and 1,900 pounds.

Black Hair

"I have used your Hair Vigor for five years and am greatly pleased with it. It certainly restores the original color to gray hair. It keeps my hair soft."—Mrs. Helen Kilkenny, New Portland, Me.

Ayer's Hair Vigor has been restoring color to gray hair for fifty years, and it never fails to do this work, either.

You can rely upon it for stopping your hair from falling, for keeping your scalp clean, and for making your hair grow.

\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

9400 12-604

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 25th day of August, in the year one thousand nine hundred and three.

Present, Willis L. Watkins, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Elizabeth Hangsterfer, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of John R. Miner, administrator of the estate of said deceased, praying that he may be licensed to sell certain real estate therein described, belonging to the estate of said deceased for the purpose of distribution.

It is ordered, That the 22nd day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Argus-Democrat, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

WILLIS L. WATKINS,
Judge of Probate.

[A true copy]
LEO L. WATKINS, Register.

9451 12-630

ESTATE OF ELLEN M. BURNHAM, STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 8th day of September, in the year one thousand nine hundred and three.

Present, Willis L. Watkins, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Ellen M. Burnham, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Albert S. Burnham, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to himself or some other suitable person and that appraisers and commissioners be appointed.

It is ordered, that the 6th day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Argus-Democrat a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

[A true copy]
WILLIS L. WATKINS,
Judge of Probate
Leo L. Watkins, Register.

9417 12-613

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Jacob Stadel, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of Eugene Oesterlin, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said county, on the 25th day of November next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each day, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated August 25th, 1903.

AUGUST ALBER,
EUGENE OESTERLIN,
Commissioners.

Cook's Duchess Tablets.

Are successfully used by over 10,000 Ladies who are prepared by an old and experienced physician.

Ladies ask your druggist for Cook's Duchess Tablets, as they are the only safe and reliable monthly medicine known. Price, \$1. By mail, \$1.68. Send 4 cents postage for Free Sample and full particulars. Address THE COOK COMPANY, Room 3, No. 253 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.

PISO'S CURE FOR GIBBERNS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION.

Read the Argus-Democrat.

DETROIT, YPSILANTI, ANN ARBOR & JACKSON RAILWAY. In Effect July 6, 1902.

GOING WEST. Through cars from Detroit to Jackson leave Detroit on every hour from 6:00 a. m. until 5:00 p. m.

Cars from Detroit to Ann Arbor leave Detroit every half hour from 6:00 a. m. until 7:00 p. m.

Cars leave Ypsilanti for Jackson at 5:45 a. m. and 6:45 a. m.

GOING EAST. Cars leave Ypsilanti for Detroit at 5:45 a. m. and 6:15 a. m.

Through cars from Jackson to Detroit leave Jackson hourly from 5:45 a. m. until 6:45 p. m.

Cars leave Ann Arbor for Detroit half hourly from 6:15 a. m. until 6:15 p. m.

Cars leave Dearborn for Detroit at 5:40 a. m. and 6:10 a. m.

Cars leave Ann Arbor for Ypsilanti only at 6:45 p. m., 7:45 p. m., 8:45 p. m., 12:15 a. m. and 12:45 a. m.

On Saturdays and Sundays, in addition to the above the following cars will be run: Detroit to Jackson, 6:00 p. m. and 8:00 p. m.

Leave Ypsilanti: A. M.—6:15, 8:15, 10:15, P. M.—12:15, 2:15, 4:15, 6:15, 8:15, 10:15.

Leave Saline: A. M.—7:00, 9:15, 11:15, P. M.—1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15, 11:15.

A special car will be run from Ypsilanti to Saline at 12:15 a. m. on arrival of the train from Detroit, for special parties of ten or more, on short notice and without extra charge.

QUARRELING OVER CEMENT CO.

Officers of the Company at Four-Mile Lake ARE AT LOGGERHEADS

Case Now in Circuit Court Which May In the End Wind Up Company

Homer C. Millen and the others who were sued by the West German Portland Cement Co., of Chelsea, are conspiring against the company, have filed their answer in which they deny that any capital stock was ever sold by the company or that it has any real estate or money except the land at Four Mile lake worth, they claim, \$3,000 instead of \$25,000 as asserted by the complainants.

A BOY'S WILD RIDE FOR LIFE.

With family around expecting him to die, and a son riding for life, 18 miles, to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death's agonies from asthma; but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him.

Terrapin Eggs.

Terrapin eggs are hatched in about thirty days. With her forepaws the female terrapin scratches a hole in the sand, and in it places her eggs, from thirteen to fifty-nine.

A POPULAR WEDDING TRIP

Is to take the D. & B. and D. & C. Line to Mackinac.

If you want a delightful Wedding Trip take one of the new D. & B. steamers to Detroit, thence D. & C. coast line steamers to Mackinac Island, State Steamers and Parlor Reservations in advance. Send 2c for pamphlet. Address A. A. Schantz, G. P. T. Mgr., Detroit, Mich.

THEIR GAME OF HEARTS

By Elsie Carmichael

Copyright, 1905, by T. C. McClure

"I am awfully sorry," he said meekly, but his eyes belied his words. "I really wouldn't have come if I had known I had to inflict myself on you in this way."

She raised her head and flashed him a defiant look. "You forget," she said icily. "Don't take advantage of our having to sit next one another through a long dinner to treat me so. I don't see what Mrs. Clarke was thinking of."

Don's eyes twinkled. "Well, really," he said, "I don't see that Mrs. Clarke can be blamed. How could she know that you had refused me last evening? If you don't want to talk to me you can talk to your other neighbor."

Nan looked at the fat, stupid old gentleman on her other side and made a little moue. "He is certainly the lesser of two evils," she said and turned her round white shoulder to Don.

The conversation between the widow and Don waxed most frivolous. Nan felt the angry tears coming to her eyes. It was not fair to treat her so. Never since she had known him had he deliberately turned his back on her.

"Ah, that will be glorious!" cried the latter. "Will you come for me at 3, and may I really drive those grays of yours all the way out to the club? I long to feel the reins in my hands again. I haven't driven good horses for so long. Most people are afraid to let me try, but you know I can drive, don't you, Don? Do you remember long ago, in those good old days, how we used to go spinning out to the Country club and— Then her voice dropped, and Nan heard no more.

Oh, if only Archie or Dick or Malcolm were next her, wouldn't she show Don how little she cared? But this stupid old Mr. Jones could hardly be induced to take his attention from his plate for a moment. She talked excitedly, the color mounted into her cheeks, and Don, who watched her surreptitiously, thought he had never seen her so charming. It was a bittersweet thing just to sit next her this way, even if she would not speak to him.

He listened only half mechanically to what Mrs. Wright was saying. His mind would wander back to that last evening when he had finished that delicious waltz with her and they had strolled into the conservatory. He could still hear the last strains of the music die away, sobbingly sweet. She was radiant in her filmy rose colored gown that he told her looked like a bit of sunset cloud. She had seemed happy and content until he had made the mistake of telling her he loved her, and then the whole radiant world was suddenly turned to cold gray tones, as when the evening colors in the sky fade into the twilight.

The hostess rose, and he stood back to let Nan pass. She had never a look for him, but chatted gayly with Madge Trelawny as they left the room. Then he threw himself back in his chair and smoked in silence, not listening to the talk about him.

When he strolled into the drawing room half an hour later Mrs. Clarke, who was near the door, held out a detaining hand. "I want you to take Nan into the library to play pingpong," she said.

"But perhaps she won't want to," objected Don. Mrs. Clarke looked at him shrewdly.

"Don't you think I know that you and Nan have quarreled?" she asked. "Am I blind? Be a good boy and make it up."

"I am willing enough to, Mrs. Clarke," he said so earnestly that his hostess felt as though he had taken her into his confidence and led him up to the low couch near the fire, where Nan was still talking to Madge Trelawny. The color had gone from her face now, and she looked tired and listless.

"Take Mr. Prentice into the library and make him play pingpong, Nan," begged Mrs. Clarke. "Things are going very dully tonight, and I want some one to start them up a bit."

Nan was surprised to find herself a moment later alone in the dimly lit library with Prentice. She had not intended to come. Now that she was there, however, she longed to sit down on the low seat before the flickering fire and have him tell her again how he loved her. If she could hear those words now she thought her answer would be different. He had taken her by surprise last night. He had taken her love too much for granted and hurt her pride. But all that was over. She dared not yield to the spell of the fire light. She picked up a racket and tried the delicate little celluloid ball on the table.

"Come on," she said. "We might as well play a set to please Mrs. Clarke." They played a game absent mindedly. "Love one," he said when they had finished.

"But it isn't," pouted Nan. "It's no fun to play with you. You never keep score right. You won that game."

"Oh, did I?" he inquired. "I am surprised. You always win."

"What?" asked Nan scornfully. "What game do I ever win, Don? I

am stupid at most games, and you know it."

"Oh, hearts," he said. "But this isn't hearts!" she cried, willfully misunderstanding him. "It's pingpong, and it isn't love one."

"But it always is for me," he said. She went on playing and ignored the subject.

"I think this will probably be the last game we will have together for a long time," he said mournfully after they had played in silence for a few minutes.

Nan missed the ball. "Why?" she asked. The color left her face and then surged back again.

"I am going to start for South Africa next week," he said. "Some business interests call me there, and if all goes well I may decide to stay—forever."

Nan picked up the ball. "Oh!" she said after a moment. "South Africa must be—a—er—very interesting place, but rather—er—hot, is it not?"

"Yes," he said pensively. "It's a very unhealthy climate where I am going. Marsh fever, cholera—all those things kill people off rather fast."

He sent the ball back so wildly that it landed on top of the bookcase. "The game is mine," he said, throwing down his racket.

"But it isn't," she said. "I won it fairly and squarely."

Her lips were trembling and there were bright tears in her eyes as she went over to the fireplace and looked down into the leaping flames. There was something so pathetic and lonely about the little figure in the fire light that he went to her quickly.

"Please say the game is mine," he begged and held out his hands.

She swayed for a moment as though she would fall and then turned and put both her little hands in his.

"Well, yes," she said, smiling through her tears. "You have won, Don. Only please don't go to South Africa."

Modern Antiquities.

The quest for things antique has led to systematic forgery and imitation on the part of dealers. Paris is the great center of this deceitful industry, says the Nation. There has been discovered in the suburbs a thriving factory for the fabrication of Egyptian mummies, cases and all. These are shipped to Egypt and in due time return as properly antiquated discoveries.

A funny story is now current about a collector of medieval things. A certain clever workman in stone made to the order of a dealer in medieval antiquities a Venetian chimneypiece of the fifteenth century and received for his work some two or three thousand francs. The dealer shipped the chimneypiece to Italy and had it set up in a palace near Venice, bringing back to Paris photographs of the palace and of the chimneypiece in situ. By means of these photographs he aroused the interest of a rich collector, who sent his secretary to Venice to make sure that the photographs did not lie, and on his favorable report bought the thing for 50,000 francs. On the arrival of the article at his house in Paris he sent for some workmen to open the cases. One of them appeared to him to go about the work rather carelessly, and he remonstrated with the man, who answered: "Have no fear, sir. I know just how it needs to be opened, for I packed it when it left Paris."

He was obviously tired, preoccupied and in a hurry. He lifted himself to one of the stools at the quick lunch counter and in answer to a query said: "Bring me some plain beans, a piece of apple pie and a glass of milk."

In a little while the waitress reappeared. "Pork and," she remarked impersonally, sliding the dishes before him.

"I asked for plain beans. I can't eat pork," he remonstrated.

"Oh!" The dish was removed, and after stopping to chat a few minutes with a young man with a scarlet tie she returned. "Here's your beans," she remarked, and after a thoughtful moment, while still eyeing the scarlet tie, added: "Let's see; you wanted pie—huckleberry pie?"

"No, apple."

"Oh!" There was another longer wait, a still longer sojourn in the entrancing neighborhood of the scarlet tie. Then the pie was brought.

"That all?" she asked, feeling absently for a check.

"No; I ordered—"

"Oh, yes; coffee. Excuse me for forgetting."—New York Telegram.

Sea Monsters of Old.

The kraken was one of the sea monsters of old, and if all the stories told about its wondrous size and doings are true it overshadowed the serpent as much as the latter does the common garter snake. Dandelau declares that this marine giant caused tidal waves by swallowing a goodly part of the waters of the ocean and then belching them out again. He also makes mention of the fact that his gigantic horny beak was often mistaken for mountain peaks suddenly shoved into sight by the internal convulsions of the earth. Bishop Pontoppidan, a truthful member of the Copenhagen royal academy, is much more conservative in his estimates of its size, giving it as his opinion that they were seldom found more than "the half of an Italian mile in length and not larger in diameter than the cathedral at The Hague."

He also says that its body was frequently mistaken by sailors for an island, "so that people landed upon it and were engulfed in a maelstrom of water when the creature sank to its hidden ocean den." Other authorities testify that its beak from the eyes to the point "was longer than the mainmast of a man-of-war."

A TYPICAL HAWAIIAN ROOM

Fitted Up by Miss Alexander on Fifth Avenue

AFTER TWENTY YEARS

As Teacher in Hawaii—Filled with Hawaiian Curios of Great Interest

For the people who can't go to Hawaii, Hawaii has come to Ann Arbor, and is represented in a typically Hawaiian room which has been fitted up by Miss Mary Elizabeth Alexander at the residence of Mrs. Stone, 416 S. Fifth avenue.

Miss Alexander is an Ann Arbor girl who returned in July, after 20 years spent among the Hawaiians as a teacher in the Maunaloa school, on the Island of Maui.

With all the graciousness of foreign and American courtesy, Miss Alexander ushers you into this naively interesting room. "Weaving!" you exclaim, for above you and around you and beneath your feet, are the manifestations of this industry. The walls are covered with it. "Tapa" said Miss Alexander, which might easily be construed by an American into tapestry. But tapastry, which is simply Hawaiian "bedding," for these spreads of artistically woven textiles take the place of our blankets and sheets. The light delicate ones are used for the inner covering, and the dark coarse ones are used for the outer. These seem to have great wearing qualities, for Miss Alexander possesses one, or a quarter of one, which is over 100 years old. It was handed down through royal families and presented to one of the native teachers. Even a quarter of a spread makes a fair sized tapa, as the beds a whole one covers are seven by seven feet square.

This tapa, of which there are 25 varieties, is made from the paper mulberry tree; the bark is put in water and soaked and beaten with tapa sticks until it becomes like paper. It is sometimes left plain and sometimes decorated, striped and feather-stitched in intricate and variously colored patterns. The floor of the room is covered with woven mats which is a part of every Hawaiian house, and are used for floors, couches, tables, chairs and all manner of decoration. Even the sofa cushions are made of it—and these are one of the most unique features of the room. Thrown in a cosy corner with American loop sided ones, are these woven cushions, made from the pandanus leaf, looking cool and dignified against a limpsy silk, as though proclaiming its cast of "lau-halu."

The pillow is inside this basket covering, from which the top slips off as from a wicker hamper, and upon occasion this dignified looking cushion is transformed into an ordinary traveling case, carrying about a journey's supply of clothes.

All manner of baskets employ this art of weaving, from a tiny jewel box to an elaborate waste basket. Hats are woven into most curious and fantastic shapes for women, from a saucer flatness to a steeply pointedness, some coarse and some woven out of the white bamboo, fine as leghorn and light as air. But perhaps the most artistic and subtle weaving is in the fans. These are made of the lan-halu, the bamboo, and the birdnest fern, which is the rarest of all, in color a golden, polished brown. On the fans, as also in the cushions, is woven in a contrasting color the word "aloha," which is always given as a special mark of greeting, of farewell, good-morning, goodbye, friendship, love, goodwill. The delicacy of "aloha" makes our University "M's" stand out as a piece of yellow plagiarism on sofa cushion and fan.

And also our recently adopted fashion of the extravagant necklace. This long necklace, or "lei" as it is called, is entirely native with the Hawaiians. It is typical of their dress and decoration. They abound in them. They are made of almost everything and almost everything is called a "lei." Those worn about the neck are made of common seeds, resembling beads; some are made of the bud coverings of the eucalyptus tree, the little brown caps which the children gather; but the most beautiful and expensive of all, was a long string of tiny iridescent shells, which sparkled like jewels and seemed to have no weight and made you feel that the Hawaiians had some things to be desired.

But a lei isn't always made of shells and beads. Miss Pihl, the native teacher whom Miss Alexander brought back, recently arranged a lei out of long green leaves and Ann Arbor nasturtiums, and observing the home custom, presented it to Miss Alexander on her birthday, which she could not let pass without a "lei" and "aloha." And a "lei" is not always worn about the neck; it is also a flattened peacock boa worn about the hat, which is a

decoration for both women and men. The native dress of the Hawaiian woman, Miss Alexander had pinned upon the wall, where to the uninitiated it looks like a gaudy stand cover, about 2 1/2 feet square—or half of it does. The other half is another 2 1/2-ft. square. It is woven of coconut fibre, banana fibre and pandanus, and is held about the waist by a broad ribbon sash. The rest of the costume consists of "leis."

Also hung upon the wall is a still more curious dress, which you could never so call until you had been assured upon good authority. It is the native dress of the South Sea woman. A heavy cocoanut fibre fringe, about 14 inches long, girded about the waist. It is trimmed with a narrow, red woolen ruche about the top, which marks a bit of civilization.

On the tables and the mantles about the room, were the dishes or the "calabash" used by the Hawaiians. They are about the size and shape of finger bowls, some on legs, some without legs, some covered, some uncovered. Covers and legs add value. Nearly all of the dishes are made of the principal native woods, the "kou" and "koa," for the people know nothing of porcelain or earthen ware, and but little of stone. It is out of these brown wooden dishes that they eat their daily "poi" which is made from the plant taro and answers to our staff of life.

In these kou and koa dishes Miss Alexander has many interesting specimens of lava from the volcano there, the "aa" which is so sharp and rough for traveling over that the horses have to be especially shod; and the "pahoe-hoe," which is smooth and comfortable under foot.

Curios are everywhere; the skillfully carved jewel case, the brown dried sea horses, the long, fantastic hair pins, the white seed curtains strung on copper wires, the two tall feathers of the native bird, resembling uneven, scarlet threads—all these could keep you uninterested and wondering about these unacquainted relatives of ours.

Miss Alexander very kindly says that anyone who is interested in Hawaii, the work, the people, or the curios, will be welcome to visit this room, in which there is so much that is well worth the seeing.

ODD NOTIONS OF WOMEN.

Rosa Bonheur treasured a small lead image of St. Anthony of Padua as a lucky charm.

Caroline Herschel firmly believed that if she met a cross eyed beggar in the morning it presaged the discovery of a new star that night.

George Eliot was a slave to the influence of the hunchback and club-footed man and did no literary work upon the day when she saw one.

Lady Millais, the wife of the great painter, was convinced that the crack of doom would sound for any one who stepped on a crack in the sidewalk.

Harriet Beecher Stowe believed that it was bad luck to throw away a toothbrush which had outlived its usefulness, and to the anguish of her household, preserved every one that she had ever used.

Queen Victoria cherished a number of superstitions, and, among them, she believed that the removal of her wedding ring would surely bring calamity and that a pet Manx cat would bring good luck to the royal household.—Everywhere.

Didn't Care to Be Presented. The wife of a well known naval officer tells an amusing story of some of her experiences in Washington society. On one occasion when she was asked to receive at an army and navy gentleman congressman entered with a lady leaning upon each arm. One of the floor committee at once approached him, with the polite request that he give his name in order that he might be presented to Mrs. Blank, who received the guests of the evening.

"No, thank you," was the nonchalant reply. "I don't care to be introduced. I have two ladies now to take care of, and that is about as much as I can manage."

Grace in Old Forests. Some trees are more graceful than others. The elm and oak are noted for their perfect and graceful form. All their branches appear to be perpetually moving, stirred by every wind that blows, and the same may be said of the pine. The graceful movements of its limbs, the sighing sounds of its stems and evergreen needles, send forth a solemn symphony. Everything contributes serene grace and simplicity to old forests.

The Argus-Democrat has news from all over the county. \$1 per year.

50-PIECE DINNER SET FREE

Wonderful inducement to sell our Swan Baking Powder. Every purchaser of a pound can of Swan Baking Powder under our Plan No. 65 will receive this beautiful Water Set, consisting of pitcher and six glasses, full size, free. Latest cut glass pattern. Remember this Water Set is given absolutely free to every purchaser of household articles as described by our Plan No. 65. To every lady who sells fourteen cans of Swan Baking Powder under Plan No. 65, with the inducement of this beautiful Water Set free to each purchaser, we give a handomely decorated 50-Piece Dinner Set or a 24-Piece Tea Set, absolutely free. We do not require any money in advance. Simply send us your name and address and we will forward our different plans and full information. You will be surprised to see what can be accomplished in a few hours' work. We will allow you fifteen days to deliver the goods and collect the money before making us. We allow large cash commission if preferred. We pay all freight. We also give Redsteals, Tables, Couches, Chairs, Shirt Waist Patterns, Musical Instruments, Lace Curtains, Rocking Chairs and hundreds of other useful and desirable articles, for selling our goods. Write for Plans and full information. SALVONA SUPPLIES COMPANY. 1127 and 1129 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo. We assure our readers that the Salvona Supplies Company is thoroughly reliable.—Editor.

50-PIECE DINNER SET FREE

Family Cares.

This Information May Be of Value to Many a Mother in Ann Arbor.

When there is added to many cares inseparable from the rearing of children that affliction of weakness of the kidneys and auxiliary organs, the mother's lot is far from a happy one. This condition can be quickly changed and absolutely cured by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. When this is known the mother's burden will be lighter and her home happier.

Mrs. Mm. Thaler, of 321 N. Thayer St., says: "Our little boy, five years old, had for two years an extreme weakness of his kidneys and loss of control over the secretions from those organs. We doctored and doctored for him and tried numerous remedies without his getting the least benefit. On seeing Doan's Kidney Pills recommended and especially in such cases, we procured a box at Eberbach & Son drug store and began to give them to him. He improved after a few doses and continuing the treatment he was soon cured."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

MAY LEAVE ON SEPTEMBER 24

ORDERS FOR COMPANY F TO BE READY THEN.

To Move to Kentucky for the National Encampment—Sixty Men Will Go

Capt. Petrie and the members of Co. I, M. N. G., are making every preparation for their trip to Kentucky where they will camp under orders from the national government. The company will leave this city, as now planned, about September 25th, but the exact date has not yet been set. The instructions received make the dates for the camp from September 30 to October 16th, inclusive, and it was supposed that the men would be paid for that amount of time and would not have to leave here before September 29th.

Yesterday, however, Capt. Petrie received instructions from the commissary department, of the military department of the lakes, at Chicago, ordering him to make a requisition for travel rations for his men to reach here not later than September 24th, and to make arrangements for furnishing them with liquid coffee at an expense of not to exceed 21 cents per man per day. This would indicate that the men will have to leave here soon after the 24th and so they will hold themselves in readiness to start at any time after that date.

Capt. Petrie expects to take sixty men to the camp and the company is drilling regularly and expect to make an excellent showing at that time.

INSIST UPON HAVING THE GENUINE MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER

THE MOST REFRESHING AND DELICIOUS PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF, TOILET AND BATH.

TYPHOID FEVER DIPHThERIA SMALL POX

The germs of these deadly diseases multiply in the decaying glue present in all kalsomines, and the decaying paste under wall paper.

Alabastine is a disinfectant. It destroys disease germs and vermin; is manufactured from a stone cement base, hardens on the walls, and is as enduring as the wall itself.

Alabastine is mixed with cold water, and any one can apply it. Ask for sample card of beautiful tints and information about decorating. Take no cheap substitute. Buy only in 5 lb. pkgs. properly labeled.

ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich. New York Office, 105 Water St.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Cures Grip in Two Days.

Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. This signature, E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Cures Grip in Two Days.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Cures Grip in Two Days.

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To Cure a Cold in One Day Cures Grip in Two Days.

MAYOR BROWN VETOES EXPENSE

Makes Another Saving of \$300 to City

VETOES NEW CURBING

On West Liberty St., Which In Other Parts of City is Done By Private Parties

Mayor Brown has saved the city already a large amount of money by the use of the veto. He is evidently scrutinizing closely all items of expense and it is only by such economy that the city can keep within its means. His latest veto is as follows: To the Common Council of the City of Ann Arbor.

Gentlemen:—I wish to record my disapproval of so much of your proceedings of Monday, September 14th, as relates to the coping and paving of the gutters on either side of West Liberty street lying between Ashley and First streets for the following reasons:

First. The charter of our city does not permit the doing of this work in the manner ordered and can only be done by advertising and letting to the lowest bidder and after appropriation of sufficient money to do the work.

Second. The citizens of Ann Arbor have been engaged in doing this kind of work, that is beautifying their residences and the streets of the city by extending their lawns and coping and paving their gutters at their own expense for a long number of years and it would be radically unfair and unjust to the thousands who have already paid for this work to now be compelled to assist others in beautifying their private property by extending lawns, setting coping and paving the gutters in front of their homes.

Third. For the reason that the three hundred dollars required for this work can better be expended in gravelling our streets and making them safe for public travel.

Fourth. For the reason that this would be a very dangerous precedent to establish and if the city was to enter upon this kind of work and spend the public monies for this purpose there would be no one left in the city who has not already beautified and protected their homes by the extension of lawns and the coping and pavement of gutters who could not consistently ask the council to do this work for them and if the council was asked to do this by others, what reply would Your Honorable Body make to such a request when there are at least a hundred other places in the city where this kind of work could be done and where would the city get the money with which to do this kind of work.

And finally, there is no necessity to try this expensive experiment for the purpose of learning whether or not a cement curbing is durable for the reason that many private citizens have put in and built in front of their property here in this city this same cement curbing this year and it will soon be demonstrated without cost to the city, whether the same is durable or not.

Yours truly,
ARTHUR BROWN,
Mayor.

HAS THE ROAD BEEN SOLD?

Detroit United Motormen on D. Y. A. A. & J.

LEARNING THE ROUTE

While Hawks Angus Men Run to the Detroit City Hall

Several conductors and motormen of the Detroit City electric railway are running on the D. Y. A. A. & J. line, learning the route, and a corresponding number of Ypsi-Ann men run into Detroit, getting the hang of handling cars over the city lines.

Just what the meaning of this is is not known, but there are those who claim to believe that it is evidence that the persistent rumors of the sale of the Ypsi-Ann line to D. U. R. interests are not all mere gossip, and that despite the denials of Messrs. Hawks and Angus there is something doing. It is a well known fact that the only thing that has prevented a sale so far has been the matter of paying the price in cash instead of bonds and it may be this has been adjusted satisfactorily.

Godfrey Neff, a young lad, was before Justice Doty yesterday on a charge of stealing a pair of driving gloves belonging to Warren Wadhams. Neff has been in the habit of hanging around C. E. Parker's boarding stable and the gloves were picked up there and it was Mr. Parker who made the complaint.

Upon being arraigned Neff disclaimed any intention of thievery and offered to return the gloves, but refused to plead. The justice consequently entered a plea of not guilty and set the trial for next Wednesday, Neff being released, meanwhile, on \$100 bonds.

CAPITAL AND LABOR FIGHT

WAR DECLARED AGAINST MASTERS AND PILOTS' ASSN.

U. S. STEEL CORPORATION PROPOSES TO FIGHT.

BIG IRON ORE TRANSPORTERS BEING TIED UP.

Cleveland, Sept. 17.—One of the greatest contests between capital and labor ever fought out on the great lakes is threatened as a result of a strike of mates on boats of the Pittsburg Steamship company. Indications are that within a week the biggest individual fleet flying the American flag will be tied up and that the United States Steel Corporation, owner of the fleet, will begin a finish fight with the Masters and Pilots' association.

The fleet of the Pittsburg Steamship company, the lake marine arm of the steel trust, consists of 117 vessels. They are engaged in carrying iron ore from Lake Superior and Lake Michigan shipping points to smelters on Lake Erie and at South Chicago.

All day Wednesday, as fast a struth boats reached their docks on Lake Erie, their mates have quit work. Crews of all the steamers have then been discharged and the boats ordered tied up. Twenty-six ships have already been thus removed from service on Lake Erie, and no settlement of the trouble is in sight.

Ten days ago there was complaint that Captain Frank Rae, employed on a boat of the trust fleet, was not a member of the masters' association. Then came charges that the steel trust had agreed to employ only union masters on its boats. This was denied by trust officials. Finally the dispute broke out in open war and the mates began quitting their posts. Apparently hoping that a move toward laying up the affected boats would check the strike fever, General Manager A. B. Wolvin gave orders from Duluth for the steamers Colby and Manola to proceed into winter quarters.

Instead of quieting the trouble, more desertions took place, until today indications are that the entire fleet must stop.

Since his first sweeping order to lay up boats deserted by their mates, General Manager Wolvin has sent no word to Cleveland officials of the company. He is expected here shortly, when it is believed he will make a formal declaration of war on the masters and pilots.

The Masters and Pilots' association has a membership on the lakes approximating 1,400. Its members command almost all the boats sailing in both the freight and passenger traffic.

Drew Revolver on Stokers.

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 17.—The Old Dominion liner Princess Anne, Captain Tapley, from New York to Norfolk, with a passenger list of 100, steamed slowly into harbor last night. Off Fenwick island the full strength of the gale struck the ship. Every door and window was closely fastened, the hatches battened down and orders issued that no one save the crew be allowed up on the decks, already waist deep in a seething mass of water. According to the report of the passengers, the force of stokers refused to work. Captain Tapley drew a revolver, and pointing it at the crowd, ordered them back to work. They obeyed. At the time of the mutiny the ship was only in eighteen fathoms of water and drifting nearer shore.

Tragedy in Lebanon, Kan.

Lebanon, Kan., Sept. 17.—Mrs. Williams was murdered at night and her 12-year-old daughter and her aged mother, Mrs. H. H. Payne, brutally beaten. The three had been accustomed to sleep in one bed. Mrs. Williams' dead body was found outside the house in the morning and her mother and daughter in bed unconscious. All had been horribly wounded with a cultivator bar. Mrs. Williams was suing for divorce from her husband, and a young man of Lebanon who wished to marry her, and whom she had refused repeatedly, is suspected of the murder. He has disappeared.

Corn Suffers From Frost.

Chicago, Sept. 17.—Great damage by frost to the corn crop was feared last night throughout the western states. Dispatches received between 1 and 2 o'clock this morning showed, however, that killing frosts before daylight were improbable in a large portion of the corn belt. Kansas and Missouri, it was expected, would suffer heavily, as the clouds that partly protected the fields of those states had vanished and clear skies and falling temperatures indicated a freezing wave. Illinois gave the same indications.

Cholera in Manila.

Manila, Sept. 17.—One hundred cases of bubonic plague are reported in Tondo, the most northern and populous suburban district of this city. Of these eighty have had a fatal termination. Twelve cases, with nine deaths are reported from Cebu, in the province of Visayas. Cholera is prevalent in all parts of the islands, the result of an absence of rain.

A BLOODY DRAMA.

Bulgaria's Threat Unless the Great Powers Intervene.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Sept. 17.—Although no formal replies have been received to the Bulgarian government's note, it is stated that the representatives of three great powers have repeated their counsels to Bulgaria to remain quiet, as in the event of a war with Turkey, Bulgaria need not expect any help in foreign quarters. It is further reported that the same diplomats visited General Petroff and endeavored to persuade him to postpone the mobilization of Bulgarian forces, but the premier declined.

One of the ministerial organs, in an editorial on the government's note, says it hopes it will be the last time that the Bulgarian government will issue a note. If the powers do not intervene to restore order in Macedonia, Bulgaria will undertake, with the feeble forces she possesses, to do what is expected of her and give Europe the pleasure of witnessing a bloody drama in Macedonia.

A telegram from Burgas reports that a general massacre is beginning throughout the district of Losengrad.

HE TAKES NO PART.

President Has Nothing to Do With Nomination of New York's Mayor.

New York, Sept. 17.—President Roosevelt's attention having been called to the letter of District Attorney Jerome, addressed to a member of the Citizens' union, in which mention was made of the president's position in the coming mayoralty campaign in this city the following authoritative statement has been given out:

"It is authoritatively stated that the president's position in the mayoralty situation is as follows:

"The president has not interfered and will not interfere in any way, shape or manner, either for or against the nomination of any candidate for mayor. As an individual the president is of course keenly interested in the success of any movement for good government in New York city as in any city in the land, but the president does not regard it as any part of his duty as president to use his position to influence in any way any municipal election."

Fought With the Outlaws.

Porto Prince, Cuba, Sept. 17.—Senor Yero, secretary of the interior, has received several reports from Santiago regarding the outbreak of outlawry in the vicinity of that town, according to which the rural guards, under the command of Colonel Guerra, are pursuing the outlaws, who are believed to number forty. A slight encounter took place on Caney hill yesterday, but was without result. Two members of the band have returned to Santiago and declare that they, with many others, were forced into joining the outlaws.

Many Moroccans Killed.

Madrid, Sept. 17.—Private dispatches from Morocco say that Ben Jussel, commanding a detachment of the imperial troops, and 600 of his men were killed recently in an engagement with the insurgents. The sultan is reported to have narrowly escaped falling into the hands of the enemy.

GENERAL MARKETS.

Thursday, Sept. 17.

DETROIT.—Wheat: No. 1 white, 83½¢; No. 2 red, 83½¢; Dec., 86½¢; May, 88½¢. Corn—No. 3 mixed, 52½¢; No. 3 yellow, 54½¢. Oats—No. 3 white, 39½¢; No. 39½¢. Rye—No. 2, 57½¢. Beans—Spot, \$2.30; Oct., \$2.25. Clover—Oct., \$6.

CHICAGO.—Wheat: May, 84½¢; Sept., 80½¢; Dec., 82½¢. Corn—Sept., 52½¢; Dec., 52½¢. Oats—Sept., 37½¢; Dec., 38½¢. Pork—Sept., \$13.60. Lard Sept., \$9.37; Dec., \$7.62. Ribs—Sept., \$8.95. Timothy—Oct., \$3.20.

Live Stock Markets.

DETROIT.—Cattle: Choice steers, \$4.75@5; good to choice butcher steers, \$4@4.75; light to good butcher steers and heifers, \$3.25@3.75; mixed butchers' fat cows, \$3.25@3.50; common bulls, \$2.50@2.75. Veal calves, \$5@7.25. Milch cows and springers, \$30@55. Best lambs, \$5.25@5.50; fair to good lambs, \$4.75@5; yearlings \$3@3.50; fair to good butcher sheep, \$2.50@3; culls and common, \$1.25@2. Hogs—Light to good butchers, \$6@6.05; pigs, \$5.60@5.65; roughs, \$4.50@4.90.

CHICAGO.—Cattle: Market steady; good to prime steers, \$5.60@6.10; poor to medium, \$4@5.25; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@4.15; cows, \$1.50@4.50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$5.50@6.20; good to choice heavy, \$5.80@6.10; light, \$5.70@6.25. Sheep and lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, \$3@3.05; fair to choice mixed, \$2@3; native lambs, \$3.50@5.75.

EAST BUFFALO.—Cattle: Dull. Hogs—Medium heavy, \$6.10@6.45; Yorkers, \$6.15@6.40; pigs, \$6@6.10. Best lambs, \$5.60@5.65; fair to good, \$5.35@5.50; mixed sheep, \$3.75@4; ewes, \$3.50@3.65; wethers, \$4@4.25; yearlings, \$4.25@4.50. Calves, best, \$8@8.25; fair to good, \$6.50@7.50.

BASEBALL.

Wednesday, Sept. 16.

American League.—Washington, 10; Detroit, 8. Boston, 14; Cleveland, 7. National League.—Cincinnati, 7; New York, 6. Pittsburgh, 13; Boston, 6.

The Weather.

Washington, Sept. 17.—Forecast for Friday: Ohio—Fair and cool; fresh northwest to north winds. Upper Michigan—Fair, warmer; fresh north winds, becoming variable. Lower Michigan—Fair, fresh west to north winds, becoming variable.

WE FURNISH YOUR ROOMS

Complete. No article that goes to make them attractive and comfortable to those who are now intent upon refurbishing their tables and replenishing their chambers. These prices are good until October 1st, or until Mayhop.

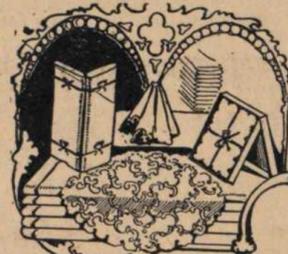
College Opening Sale

Of Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Draperies, Bazaar Goods continues until October 1st. The wonderful success it has already attained is almost beyond belief, demonstrating the appreciation of the public, doubling and trebling our highest expectations.

7 Delivery Wagons will be in active service this week that all may receive prompt delivery of goods purchased.

Table Damask, Napkins, Towels

We have prepared a Bargain Feast in our Linen Section which will be especially acceptable to those who are now intent upon refurbishing their tables and replenishing their chambers. These prices are good until October 1st, or until Mayhop.



- Bleach Table Damask, 66 inches wide, good weight and figure such as you usually pay 65c for, now..... 50c
- Bleach Table Damask, 68 inches wide, our 79c Special marked down to..... 65c
- Silver Bleach German Damask, 72 inches wide at..... 75c
- Fine German Table Damask, in Silver bleach, 72 inches wide at..... \$1.00
- Beautiful Table Damask, 80 inches wide, worth \$2 and \$2.25. Special for this Sale..... \$1.75

Napkins, Several lines at Special Prices

- 25 Dozen Napkins in two lines. We bought them to sell at 75c and 85c—You get choice now for..... 50c
- 15 Dozen \$1 Napkins, marked down for this Sale to..... 79c
- 50 Dozen \$1.50 Napkins—This is a popular price for boarding houses to pay for napkins. Ours are as good value at that price as the city affords, to stimulate trade we mark them to..... \$1.19

TOWELS TOWELS

We make it worth your while to place your order for a year's supply with us this week.

3 Big Values at 15c, 19c, 29c

- 15c Buys in this sale a large size Huck Towel, hemstitched, white or colored border, always 20c value.
- 19c For Regular 25c Values in Huck and Damask Towels—The Huck Towels are large heavy, serviceable. The Damask Towels are fine linen in white and colored borders.
- 29c for 35c and 45c values. Great big Towels are offered at this price in Huck and damask. They're the kind you'll think well of when you put them in wear.
- 5c For a Good Bath Towel is certainly very cheap when you come to consider the size and quality you get at this price.
- 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c For Turkish Bath Towels in this sale every one of which is worth from a quarter to a half more.



Blankets and Comforters

You will scarcely fail to realize to advantage of procuring your wants for Fall and Winter at the prices named in this sale. The qualities are of the dependable kind that admit of no after disappointment. The prices are a bid for your immediate patronage.



- One Case Gray and White Blankets, worth usually 65c, marked for fast selling..... 49c
- Five Cases Gray and White Blankets in 10-4 size, full 85c quality, marked..... 59c
- Two Cases White and Gray Blankets, extra heavy weight, 10-4 size, fancy borders..... \$1.00
- One Case Extra Large Gray Blankets, would be good value at \$1.40—they are 10-4 size, marked..... \$1.19
- Fifty Pair White Blankets 11-4 size, extra heavy, sold usually for \$1.75, marked..... \$1.39

- All Wool Gray Blankets 11-4 size, good grade and weight, for this sale..... \$3.25
- Finest All-Wool White and Gray Blankets, full 11-4 size in handsome assortment of borders, marked to sell at \$6, \$5 and..... \$4.00

COMFORTERS

- Silkoline Covered Comforters, good, clean filling in large selections of colors and patterns at..... 98c
- Silkoline Covered Comforters full size and good quality cotton filling... \$1.25
- Extra Large Comforters fine soft covering in pretty effects..... \$1.75
- Sateen Covered Comforters, largest size made, regular \$2.75 values, at \$2.39

BED SPREADS

3 Offerings for Immediate Consideration

- 89c We offer you all this week a Bedspread of better value than you have ever had placed before you at this price. It is full size, good weight and very sightly. \$1.25 would not be too much for it.
- \$1.25 For Colored Bed Spreads, that will match the tint of your walls or white if you wish them. These spreads we have been selling at \$1.75.
- \$2.25 Elegant Colored Marseilles Spreads, at this price this week, last week the price was \$3.00 and worth it.

Chamber Sets

Extraordinary values in any kind or make you want from the common white, the fancy decorated to English semi-Porcelain, Gold Traced, Hand-Painted Ware.

- 2-piece Set in White Ware, Fancy Shape..... 98c
- 4-piece Set in White Ware, Fancy Shape..... \$1.10
- 6-piece Set in White Ware, Fancy Shape..... \$1.65
- 10-piece Set in White Ware, Fancy Shape..... \$2.10
- 12-piece Set in White Ware, Fancy Shape..... \$3.25
- 6-piece Set Fancy Shape, Blue, Green, Pink Brown decorations... \$2.20
- 10-Pc. Set, Fancy Shape, Blue, Green, Pink Brown decorations... \$2.75
- 10-piece Set, Fancy Shape, decorated in all colors..... \$2.75
- 12-piece Set, in Gilt, Tints and flower decorations, \$2, \$5, \$6, \$6.75, \$7.00, \$8.75, \$9.00 to..... \$14.00



Mack & Co