



VOLUME XXIX.—NO. 18. ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30, 1890. WHOLE NUMBER, 1505.

### HARK!

Woman can bake and a woman can sew,  
And woman with trouble can cope,  
But she can't wash her clothes  
to perfection she knows,  
Without Fairbank's Santa Claus Soap.

**N. K. FAIRBANK & CO. — CHICAGO.**

### ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK.

Organized 1839, under the General Banking Law of this State.  
**CAPITAL \$50,000. TOTAL ASSETS \$873,660.12.**  
**SURPLUS \$100,000.**

Business men, Guardians, Trustees, Ladies and other persons will find this Bank a **SAFE AND CONVENIENT PLACE** at which to make Deposits and do business.

Interest is allowed on all Savings Deposits of \$100 and upward, according to the rules of the bank, and is compounded semi-annually.

**Money to Loan in Sums of \$25 to \$5,000**  
Secured by unimpaired Real Estate and other good securities.

DIRECTORS—Christian Mack, W. W. Wins, W. D. Harriman, William Deuble, David Rinsay, Daniel Hiscok and W. B. Smith.  
OFFICERS—Christian Mack, President; W. W. Wins, Vice-President; C. E. Hiscok, Cashier.

### MASONIC DIRECTORY.

ANN ARBOR COMMANDERY, No. 18 meets first Tuesday of each month, G. E. Hiscok, E. C. John R. Miner, Recorder.  
WASHTENAW CHAPTER, No. 6, R. A. M., meets first Tuesday of each month, J. L. Stone, H. P. Z. Roath, Secretary.

### BUSINESS CARDS.

**D. A. MacLachlan, M. D.**  
—DISEASES OF THE—  
**EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.**  
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 26 SOUTH DIVISION STREET.  
HOURS: 1 to 4, and 6:30 to 7:30 P. M.

**VOGEL & KERN**  
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF  
**FRESH AND SALT MEATS**  
Butcher, Lard, etc.  
EVERYTHING NEAT AND CLEAN  
No. 9 E. Ann St., Ann Arbor.

**W. W. NICHOLS,**  
**DENTIST.**  
Rooms Over Ann Arbor Savings Bank,  
Opp. Court House Square.

**VITALIZED AIR**  
Administered. It is agreeable and easy to take, and no prostrating effects follow, while the air is extracted without pain.

**WILLIAM HERZ,**  
House, Sign Ornamental and  
**Fresco Painter!**  
Papering, Glazing, Gilding, and Calculating, and work of every description done in the best style, and warranted to give satisfaction.  
Shop, No. 4 W. Washington St., Ann Arbor.

**O. M. MARTIN,**  
DEALER IN  
**CLOTH CASSETS, METALIC**  
And Common Coffins. Calls attended to Day or Night. Embalming a specialty. Store-room on E. Washington street. Residence Cor. Liberty and Fifth.

**The Farmers' & Mechanics' Bank**  
CAPITAL \$50,000. SURPLUS \$7,000.  
Additional Liabilities of Stockholders  
\$50,000.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,  
BANKING DEPARTMENT,  
Office of the Commissioners.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, in the City of Ann Arbor, in the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, has complied with all the provisions of the General Banking Law of the State of Michigan, required to be complied with before a corporation shall be authorized to continue the business of Banking;

Now therefore, I, Theodore C. Sherwood, Commissioner of the State Banking Department, do hereby certify that by the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, as authorized, to continue the business of banking as provided in section 9 of the Gen'l Banking Law of the State of Michigan, (L. S.)

In witness whereof, witness my hand and seal of office at Lansing this 22nd day of June, 1889.

T. C. SHERWOOD,  
Comm. of the Banking Dept.

**The Farmers' & Mechanics' Bank**  
having filed their certificate with the State Banking Department are now authorized to do business as a savings bank, and in pursuance thereof have opened a  
**Savings Department!**

Interest allowed in the savings department on all deposits of \$1 and upwards, interest paid June 1st and Dec. 1st, of each year. The savings department is open Saturday nights from 7 until 8 o'clock. Money to loan in sums of \$25 to \$5,000 secured by unimpaired real estate or approved securities.

DIRECTORS—Reuben Kempf, Chas. E. Greene, E. D. Dyer, Ambrose Kearney, Wm. C. Stevens, W. F. Breakey, J. E. Beal, John Hargy, D. F. Schaefer, R. Kempf, Pres.  
E. DUFFY, Vice-Pres.  
F. H. HELSER, Cashier

### SULPHUR BITTERS

**THE GREAT German Remedy.**  
TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those desirous of curing Biliousness, Spelled Headaches, Constipation, Indigestion, and all the ailments which result from a disordered liver, Sulphur Bitters will cure you.

Do you suffer with indigestion, flatulency, and all the ailments which result from a disordered liver, Sulphur Bitters will cure you.

Operatives who are confined in the mills and work in shops, clerks, and all who are not properly exercised, and all who are confined in doors, should use Sulphur Bitters. They will not only be weak and sickly, but they will never be cured.

If you do not wish to suffer from indigestion, flatulency, and all the ailments which result from a disordered liver, Sulphur Bitters will cure you.

Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it.

Ladies in delicate health, who are all the time down, should use Sulphur Bitters. They will not only be weak and sickly, but they will never be cured.

Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. F. ORDWAY & CO., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy free.

### W. F. LOEHLZ

IS OFFERING  
**BARGAINS**  
IN  
**GROCERIES**  
AND  
**PROVISIONS**  
LOOK AT THEM

2 lbs. GOOD JAPAN TEA..... \$1.00  
7 Bars LAUNDRY SOAP..... 25  
BEST MICH. TEST OIL, per gal. 07  
BEST WATER WHITE, " " 08  
3 Cans CHOICE POTATOES..... 25  
3 Cans CHOICE CORN..... 25  
YELLOW PEACHES, worth 25c per Can, for..... 18  
FINE MIXED ROASTED COFFEE, per lb..... 25  
"OUE BEAUFY" SMOKING TOBACCO, per lb..... 20  
BEST BAKING POWDER, in 1 lb. Cans, per lb..... 25  
MIXED CANDY, per lb..... 10

ALL GOODS FRESH AND WARRANTED!  
IT WILL PAY YOU TO TRADE WITH  
**W. F. LOEHLZ,**  
4 & 6 BROADWAY, ANN ARBOR.

### For the Courier.

**WHY?**  
What did the baby come for?  
That was the question Irite  
The neighbors asked of each other  
That stormy winter night.  
What was the need of children?  
That was the question Irite  
To keep care out of the window—  
And the gray wolf from the door.

What did the baby come for?  
A woman's heart could tell:  
At touch of the baby's fingers,  
Like to a fairy spell,  
A heart that was hard with doubting,  
A soul that was barred with grief,  
Opened a tide from God's ocean,  
And the mother-love swept in.

What did the baby come for?  
A strong man's heart had grown  
Through poverty's constant grinding,  
As hard as the neater stone,  
Only a baby's prattle,  
And yet, O wonderful song,  
It made a man's heart grow lighter,  
It made a man's hands grow strong.

Was ever a spring or summer  
That vanished on wings so fleet  
As "twelve" by the door?  
When living had grown so sweet,  
Care never came near the window,  
And poverty's hand was never  
Never stepped over the threshold,  
—There was no place for it.

Oh! thank God for the children!  
Ay, give thanks though we lay  
Under the "rod of all valley,"  
The fairest of all valleys.  
Thank Him for those that leave us,  
Thank Him for those who stay.

—Maude Moore.

### THE MERITS OF STEAM ROLLERS.

The Opinions at Which a Practical Observer Has Arrived.

In response to a query regarding the relative merits of steam and horse rollers in the building and rebuilding of country roads, Mr. H. M. Coombs, of Cranston, R. I., recently sent this letter to Mr. W. M. D. Boardman:

"DEAR SIR—In replying to your letter I must begin by saying that my knowledge of roads, like my experience, is very limited, not having given much thought to the subject, beyond a natural love of good roads. That love was early strengthened by my having lived for a number of years in the then town of Waltham, Mass., where, as you must know, poor roads are the exception—especially so within ten miles of Boston. Coming from there to Rhode Island you may be able, possibly, to estimate my opinion of the roads of that State. One of the towns in this State as they were twenty-five years ago. But you want my opinion as to the relative merits of steam and horse rollers, for building or rebuilding country roads. Of course, if no other can be had, a horse roller is better than no roller, but there is no comparison between them than between the old Franklin printing press and that from which comes the daily papers today.

"My short experience on Cranston street, during the past summer, taught me that in point of economy the steam roller was, at first cost, i. e., the daily cost of running it, more than 75 per cent. cheaper than the Mose machine. If the quality of work is taken into the account 150 per cent. would be nearer the correct estimate. We find after five months of wear—and, rather trying weather for roads these five months—there have been—that those sections of the road rolled with steam apparatus are as firm and smooth as when first completed, while the parts rolled with the horse roller are badly rutted, muddy when wet and cracked when dry and frozen.

"These facts are patent to any one who may have occasion to pass over Cranston road from the city line to a point near the residence of Dr. Simmons, on that street. From the city line to the Arlington Hay and Grain company's store, the work was done by the steam roller. From the store to the Cranston street, the west side of the road was rolled by steam, the east side by horse roller. Let the public judge between them.

"In closing, permit me to suggest that with the ample supply of gravel possessed by the town of Cranston, a steam roller, if used in a comparatively low cost over that of the old family, and in the end expensive, way.

"I sincerely hope that the town of Cranston will act as a precedent, and should, in accordance with good judgment, as to the merits of the steam over the horse method, and order a fifteen ton steam perfected roller at its financial meeting in a New York town.

What a New York Town is Doing.

The town of Sweden, Monroe county, N. Y., owns a stone crusher and hires men by the day to run it. Last spring the town appropriated \$2,000 to crush stone, and to make a rough guess, I think the \$2,000 crushed stone enough to make about five miles of perfect road. They set the crusher near stone, which is donated; the town pays for hauling stone to the crusher, and pays for crushing it; the road districts go and get the crushed stone and lay it. Each road district and individual is greedy to get the stone, and I think that money thus expended goes into times as far as any other in making highways.

In the last three years the town of Sweden has made about twenty miles of road, so good that a team can haul as large a load in the open, muddy winter as in summer. The land is laid, and the roads are especially smooth and good as simply fearful. It would pay a person to go a long distance to see what has been done to the roads in the town of Sweden. When the roads are all made with crushed stone and the fences removed from the bleak places where the snow drifts, the millennium will not be far away.—Exchange.

Man, Not the Lord, Responsible for Mud.

At a prayer meeting held in the First Methodist church in Portland, Ore., recently a lady expressed her inability to see why certain things were thus and so, and was especially severe upon the Lord for permitting so much mud upon mankind. Said she: "No matter how much I may clean, my house is continually tracked with mud; my porches are kept in a filthy condition, and it's nothing but mud, mud, mud." When the speaker finished the pastor arose and remarked: "I cannot conclude this meeting without saying that God is not responsible for the mud; in fact, if there were no men there would be no mud. Moreover, in Portland, Ore., where it rains about six months in the year, there is no mud, for the simple reason that they have men there who know enough to make roads."—Exchange.

Unused Advantages in Missouri.

In 1880 or 1881 the board of curators of the Missouri State university passed a resolution providing that any county surveyor or tax collector who had been in possession of his office for more than five years should be allowed to take the engineering course in the university free of tuition. That the generosity of the board is not taken advantage of, says a St. Louis correspondent, is evidence of the indifference of the people at large toward the improvement of highways. The ground of this indifference is simply ignorance of the advantages of improved roads. When the taxpaying citizen can see the profitability of the investment, Missouri will, as in other things, move to the front in the development of her internal commerce.

To keep well built roads in good repair, under intelligent supervision and single authority, is not costly. A poor road is costly under all circumstances.—Governor H. W. Ladd, of Rhode Island.

### COUNTY AND VICINITY.

Pickney has a young lady kleptomaniac.

The M. E. church, of Dundee, is being enlarged.

J. M. Logan has gone out of the hotel business at Brighton.

Ypsilanti is squinting toward a new government building.

Peter Campion and family have moved from Milan to Toledo.

John G. Schaffert, Chelsea, has received an increase of pension.

Lack of ice will cause the Mooreville Creamery to remain idle this summer.

R. Kempf & Bro.'s new bank building at Chelsea is being rapidly completed.

The young people of the Saline M. E. church are to give a flower festival soon.

The Ladies Aid Society, of Pittsfield, will meet to-morrow with Mrs. H. D. Platt.

Clarence Crippen, of Salem, has sold his farm to his brother, Prof. Crippen, of California.

City Attorney Moriarty of Ypsilanti, has closed up two saloons doing business without a license.

At Manchester the masonic fraternity will decorate the graves of deceased brothers as usual.

Rev. J. C. Holmes, of Chelsea, will preach for the North Leon Congregationalists the coming year.

The Salem Congregationalists have planted a number of new trees this spring and graded their grounds.

Mrs. F. V. Teet, a sister of George H. Mitchell, of Lima, died on Saturday, April 19th, at her home in Chicago, of pneumonia.

A Howell dog fell in an old well and remained there for seven days. When discovered he was a little discolored but still in the ring.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Chelsea M. E. church announces their annual flower festival May 1, 2 and 3. Great attraction.

J. H. and E. Hall to E. Van Foss, of Ann Arbor.

If the Leader tells truthful chicken stories, and there is not a more truthful paper in the state, Milan has an adult hen with a wooden leg.

Fishermen are spearing fish in the lakes near Chelsea, in violation of the law. A prosecution or two would remedy the matter.

The Congregational ladies of Ypsilanti are giving a social Friday evening at Mrs. Alsworth's.

Will you walk into my parlor said the spider to the fly?

Saturday, April 26, was the 71st anniversary of the establishment of Odd Fellowship in this country, and it was duly observed by many lodges in this county.

J. D. Schumann, of Chelsea publishes the statement that he will prosecute without fear or favor any person selling tobacco to his boys in disregard of the law.

They must have electric power people over here. Lightning struck the house on which a couple were sleeping and set the bed clothes on fire but didn't hurt the sleepers any. They were probably so handsome that lightning was ashamed to touch them.

Mrs. Ruth Young, residing four miles west of Chelsea, broke her left leg Sunday afternoon at the hip. Mrs. Young is 92 years of age, living on the farm taken up by her husband from the government about the year 1840, and her property was mortgaged or transferred.—Chelsea Herald.

Great improvements have been and are being made at the M. C. station at Ypsilanti, both in the interior and exterior arrangements. The citizens of that city appear to be much pleased with the results so far. It seems as if the R. R. Co. might have afforded an iron fence to the yard of the wooden planks.

The ladies of the Brooklyn Episcopal church are raising funds for a pipe organ and a few days ago received a check for \$50 from a Colorado man who had been married in the city many years before. He evidently feels that marriage was not a failure. That may have been the only happy moment of his life, however.

The Mayor makes a recommendation to the Council, as appears in proceedings in another column, which the citizens will approve, for effort to apprehend the gang of thieves and burglars which is probably harbored in the city. We can afford to pay for having the gang broken up, and cannot afford to fail in that.—Ypsilanti.

A good story is told on a clerk in one of our stores. A gentleman from the country brought a pair of sheepskins of high priced goods, worth \$4.00 to the store the other day and left them for a traveling man who was to call for them, but before the man called for them, one of the clerks sold them to a customer for a price of ordinary goods, 12 or 13 cents a dozen.—Plymouth Mail.

D. W. Palmer says, "David Woodard brought from his fruit farm, for me to sample, some Niagara and Agawam grapes which he kept by a process known to himself, and I found the delicacy of taste and the aroma as sprightly and tempting to the palate as they were at harvest time; and I see no reason why becoming bald, but since using the Vigor my hair has perfectly cleared of dandruff, the hair has ceased coming out, and I now have a good growth of the same color as when I was a young woman. I can heartily recommend any one suffering from dandruff or loss of hair to use Ayer's Hair Vigor as a dressing."—Mrs. Lydia O. Moody, East Pittston, Me.

"Some time ago my wife's hair began to come out quite freely.

### Real Estate Transfers.

Herman Hatzel to A. A. F. T. S. P. 1  
Ann Arbor.

Fred'k Kapp to Sellick Wood, Pittsfield. 1,000

T. J. Knoch to G. F. Maultsby, Ann Arbor. 1,000

W. T. Wright to Lois K. Wright, Ann Arbor. 1

Chas. H. Manly to John Goetz, Sr., Ann Arbor. 2,000

F. J. Johnson to Cunningham & Currey, Ypsilanti. 100

Louis H. Miller to George Bovey, Augustine. 40

Mary R. Cross to Hiram Brown, Ypsilanti. 40

Clarence Crippen to Rufus Crippen, Salem. 8,100

Jas. H. Brown by Ex. to Brooks, Wilder & Brown, Ann Arbor. 500

Fred'k Kapp to Sellick Wood, Pittsfield. 1,000

Jacob Lyster to John F. Graf, Saline. 90

Peter Dignan to E. A. Calkins, Ann Arbor. 700

Wm. O. Bird to H. and H. Cornell, Ann Arbor. 2,100

F. J. Johnson to Cunningham & Currey, Ann Arbor. 1,000

L. H. Hutzel to C. Fisher, et al., Ann Arbor. 1,500

R. W. Truesell to Chas. Schmidt, Ypsilanti. 40

Conrad & Thurman to R. H. Lowrey, Ypsilanti. 40

S. M. Pattison to Cremer, Ypsilanti. 1,200

Geo. C. De Moah to Jas. De Moah, Ypsilanti. 400

Beckwith & Burdette to G. and C. De Moah, Ypsilanti. 1,966.67

Booback M. R. by guard to G. and C. De Moah, Ypsilanti. 533.33

Orrville F. Webster to J. E. Chester, Ann Arbor. 1,100

Henry Richards to Henry Wagner, Northfield. 1,000

N. W. Cheever to E. J. M. Ford, Ann Arbor. 1,200

J. H. and E. Hall to E. Van Foss, of Ann Arbor. 850

Fred'k Kalmbach to Chas. Kalmbach, Northfield. 5,000

T. Wilkinson by sheriff to J. E. Beal, Ypsilanti. 400

Wilson & Warner to H. M. Burr, Milan. 400

Sarah G. Webster to David Rinsay, Ypsilanti. 1,100

Jacob Haller to Seybolt & Altmendinger, Ann Arbor. 25

Sirin & Heinrich to Seybolt & Altmendinger, Ann Arbor. 300

J. T. Jacobs to Philip Kim, Pittsfield. 1,000

Harriet C. Crawford to David Rinsay, Ann Arbor. 9,000

Erasmus Withers to A. F. Kempfert, Northfield. 15

Henry J. Miller to Albert M. Clark, Pittsfield. 1

Albert M. Clark to E. M. George, Pittsfield. 8,275

Win. P. Groves to O. C. Johnson, Ann Arbor. 1,100

Henry C. Apfal to Lewis Kurtz, Ann Arbor. 235

J. N. Wallace et al. to R. A. Wilcoxon, Ypsilanti. 100

James Smith to Smith & Hughes, Southfield. 100

W. S. Davidson et al. to E. L. & O. S. Davidson, Ypsilanti. 850

O. S. Davidson et al. to W. S. Davidson, Ypsilanti. 1

Nancy Rust to Nancy Rust, Ypsilanti. 700

Betsy Dutton to Nancy Rust, Ypsilanti. 10

Lodeola Bailey by heirs to Fred A. Kotts, Milan. 800

Gideon Bolinger to Rena M. Kempf, Ypsilanti. 300

Eugenie Mogk et al. by guard, to Melan Mogk, Ann Arbor. 112.50

McLellan H. Mogk to John Goetz, Jr., Ann Arbor. 1

Susan C. Campbell to George Campbell, Ann Arbor. 4,000

George Mogk by heirs to John Goetz, Ann Arbor. 1,000

John C. Hubner to Chas. H. Kline, Ann Arbor. 1,300

Chas. H. Kline to Anna Hubner, Ann Arbor. 1,500

Thos. Kelley to H. M. Frost, Ann Arbor. 600

L. H. Hutzel by heirs to L. H. Dressel, house, Freedom. 7,200

E. A. Gott to G. & M. Johnson, Ann Arbor. 200

### SOME SPLENDID VALUES IN SUITS FOR \$12.00

To close out several lines of Men's Suits we will make the price \$12.00 on twelve different lines. These are \$16.00 and \$18.00 Suits, but go they must.

**Take Advantage of this Offer and save Money.**

With each Suit we will give free of charge a 14x17 Crayon portrait, not framed. See portraits in our show window.

### WAGNER & CO.

WHO BUYS THE Boardman & Gray PIANO? GOOD MUSICIANS.

Who Sells the Boardman & Gray Piano?

**ALL-MENDINGER & COMPANY**  
PIANO & ORGAN COMPANY

FACTORY: First and Washington Sts. RETAIL WAREHOUSES: 63 S. Main St.

LEW. H. CLEMENT, Manager Retail Department.

**SOLE AGENTS**  
For Steinway & Sons,  
Haines Bros.,  
Boardman & Gray,  
Ivers & Pond,  
Newby & Evans,  
and "Opera" Pianos.

Largest Stock and best assortment of Pianos and Organs ever shown in Ann Arbor.

—A NEW STOCK OF—

### WALL PAPER!

JUST RECEIVED AT  
**OSCAR SOERG'S**  
NO. 70 SOUTH MAIN ST.  
Painting, Decorating and Sign Work  
A SPECIALTY.  
Paints, Oil, Glass, Varnishes, and Brushes constantly on Hand.  
—ALL WORK GUARANTEED.—

### Wonders

Are wrought by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor in restoring gray hair to its original color, promoting a new growth, preventing the hair from falling, keeping it soft, silky, and abundant, and the scalp cool, healthy, and free from dandruff or itching. The universal testimony is that this preparation has no equal as a dressing, and is, therefore, indispensable to every well-dressed toilet.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for some time and it has worked wonders for me. I was troubled with dandruff and was rapidly becoming bald, but since using the Vigor my hair has perfectly cleared of dandruff, the hair has ceased coming out, and I now have a good growth of the same color as when I was a young woman. I can heartily recommend any one suffering from dandruff or loss of hair to use Ayer's Hair Vigor as a dressing."—Mrs. Lydia O. Moody, East Pittston, Me.

"Some time ago my wife's hair began to come out quite freely.

Very good advice being given farmers just now is to cultivate the orchard and prune and take good care of the trees.

**Ayer's Hair Vigor**

not only prevented my wife from becoming bald, but it also caused an entirely new growth of hair. I am ready to certify to this statement before a justice if the peace."—Hulsebosch, Lewistown, Iowa.

"Some years ago, after a severe attack of brain fever, my hair all came out. I used all kinds of preparations for restoring it, as my physician ordered, but failed to procure a growth of hair. I then tried, successively, several articles recommended by druggists, and all alike fell short of accomplishing the desired result. The last remedy I applied was Ayer's Hair Vigor, which brought a growth of hair in a few weeks. I think I used eight bottles in two years; more than was necessary as a restorative, but I liked it as a dressing, and have continued to use it for that purpose. I believe Ayer's Hair Vigor possesses virtues far above those of any similar preparation now on the market."—Vincent Jones, Richmond, Ind.

**Ayer's Hair Vigor**  
PREPARED BY  
**DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.**  
Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

### MICHIGAN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Twenty-Second Annual Statement for the year ending December 31, 1889.

**REVENUE ACCOUNT.**

Received for premiums.....	\$ 68,787.24
Received for interest.....	30,070.18
Total Income.....	\$ 98,857.42

**DISBURSEMENTS.**

For death claims, dividends, matured insurance and surrender values.....	\$ 278,246.20
For expenses, taxes and all other items.....	224,973.30
Total.....	\$ 503,219.50

**ASSET ACCOUNT.**

Real estate.....	\$2,017,401.63
Cash in bank.....	127,792.26
Loans to policy holders secured by reserves.....	31,472.26
Loans to policy holders secured by reserves.....	180,927.81
U. S. bonds and stock collateral.....	24,972.26
Bills receivable.....	20,019.14
Interests and rents accrued.....	11,848.75
U. S. bonds and stock collateral.....	40,000.00
Interests and rents due.....	32,000.00
Outstanding premiums, secured by reserve fund (20 per cent. loading deducted).....	10,212.29
Deferred premiums secured by reserve fund (20 per cent. loading deducted).....	29,212.29
Total assets.....	\$2,613,313.47

**LIABILITIES.**

Amount of reserve fund, American table (10 per cent.).....	\$2,181,226.00
Deposits of policy-holders.....	32.28
Death claims, not due.....	30,670.18
Surplus.....	381,385.00
Total.....	\$2,613,313.47

Total amount paid to policy-holders by this company to date is \$2,017,781.17.

JACOB F. ELLIOTT, President.  
W. A. BUTLER, Vice-President.  
H. F. LOOKER, Secretary.  
W. F. FARRER, Assistant Secretary.  
GEN. W. F. RAYBROOK, Actuary.

Reliable and energetic men to act as agents wanted. For agencies, premium rates, plans, etc., address the company.

**B. J. CONRAD, Agent, Ann Arbor.**

### ADVERTISERS

or others, who wish to examine an advertising space when in Chicago, will find it free at 45 to 49 Randolph St.

The Advertising Agency of **LORD & THOMAS,**

### FREE FROM RHEUMATISM.

An anti-plaster the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster relieves rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatic, hip, kidney, chest, and muscular pain, and weakens the first and only pain-killin plaster.

### ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACED 1 1/2 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100.

Short advertisements not to exceed three lines, of Lost and Found, Houses for Sale or Rent, Wants, etc., inserted three weeks for 25 cents. Situations wanted, free.

FOR SALE—Two first-class city lots, on North Pontiac, fronting on two streets, 1x16 rods. A fine brick Jersey heater, new mitch, three years old, about \$50. The wagon an extra milk, gentle and kind, and in every way a good one. A good family pony good traveler, without a blemish or fault and capable of making a long day's drive; also covered carriage, open buggy, clipper feed cutter, a good cutter, single harness, a good cultivator, whitewash, lugs, etc., and other barn implements too numerous to mention. Enquire of J. A. COVENS, at his residence or at the COURIER office.

FOR SALE—A mare, good single or double extra gentle single. Would be very nice for ladies or children to drive in a city like Ann Arbor. Squire, weight about 1,150 lbs. Price \$100. Inquire of GEO. A. PETERS, Seco.

THE JOHN ROACH. That is an excellent suggestion, made by Mahlon Chance at the dinner of the Home Market Club of Boston, that Secretary Tracy "build a mighty man-of-war, planned by that Yankee genius which gave us the Puritan and Mayflower, to be built by American workmen out of American iron, steel, brass, copper and wood, with sails made in American looms, manned with American guns and American seamen, and when completed, to break a bottle of American wine and christen the ship "John Roach." The great shipbuilder's memory could not be more fitly honored, by way of rebuke to the democratic politicians who hounded him to death for refusing to betray his party.—N. Y. Press, March 25.

CHANGE REPRESENTATIVES.

The Detroit Journal had a sensible article on Congressmen, and we quote a passage: "It is a great mistake for a state to change its representatives more often than it can help. A new man is of no consequence in the house and it is only after he has been here a few terms that he acquires some standing. It takes him a year or more to learn the ropes, and after he has mastered all the rules of parliamentary practice, and the customs of the house he finds that there are a hundred things about which he never dreamed and which are still a good deal of a mystery to him. But worse than all that is the shock his vanity receives when he finds of what very little consequence he is, compared with the old stager. His requests for appointments are received with a certain amount of cold indifference, and secretaries and commissioners do not receive him with that deference accorded to men who have sat in congress year after year.

"But in the house itself his position is not much better. His reputation must have preceded him if he expects to find himself on a committee of any importance, and he will play in big luck if he is ever recognized out of his turn by the speaker, or given any of the privileges which properly belong to the veterans.

"Michigan has fared very well in the matter of committee assignments this congress because the delegation is mostly composed of old members. Burrows, Allen, O'Donnell, Cutchson, all command respect because they have served their apprenticeship. The south has always taken a more prominent part in legislation than the north, and this is due to the fact that the majority of the southern members have been in congress much longer than the majority of northern men. Some of the states think that rotation in office is a good thing and never nominate a member more than once. If you will examine the records of those districts where this absurd custom prevails you will find that their influence has never amounted to anything and they have not obtained the recognition from congress which they were entitled to, owing to the fact that their members were always new and never had the influence or knowledge of how to use what little influence they did have to the best advantage."

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The visible supply of wheat is 34,513,272 bushels. A year ago this date it was 26,089,444 bushels. The present tendency is somewhat toward lower prices, but Clews believes in eventual higher prices.

As an offset of the Mardi Gras festival at New Orleans a similar carnival is to be established at Ogden, Utah, from July 1st to 5th. It will be with military tournaments, balls, receptions, and street pageants, such as the merchants of New Orleans have usually given.

The first time Mr. Cleveland ran (for governor of New York), he was elected by 122,000 majority; the second time he ran (was for president) he had only 1,100 plurality; the second time he ran for president he was defeated in the state by over 11,000. The course of Mr. Cleveland seems to be downwards.

The New York Sun's reference to the increasing weight of Grover Cleveland reminds one of the "dickie's" description of his mass, who suddenly left town when he saw the "Linkinug boat down day dicker."

Say, dickie, have you seen de massa? We'd like to see de massa. Go long de road one time dis mornin. Like he gwine to catch de massa? He's six foot one way two foot 'tother. And he weighs three hundred pound. His coat so big he can't pay de massa. And it don't come half way round.

Good legislation on the silver question is coming in congress whereby the circulation of money will become more nearly in proportion to our rapidly increasing population. We have about \$22 per capita while France has \$40. Complaints have arisen in the west of a scarcity of money, and there is little doubt that the expansion of the currency would be stimulative of trade, increasing commercial activity. As there is no surplus silver in the world, when we use what we produce it will raise the price nearer to that of gold and enable this country to control the price rather than London.

HIGH SCHOOL COLUMN.

This column has been given to the students of the High School, and they will edit and conduct it.

Miss Street has recovered sufficiently to be able to meet her classes to-morrow. The senior essays, which are due this week, are remarkably conspicuous by their absence.

Students who have not yet passed off their minor examinations, have an opportunity of doing so next Thursday.

Friday evening the members of the Arena will debate upon the rather worn-out question of the "dickie's" name to be stimulative of trade, increasing commercial activity.

The Students' Christian Association meets this week to consider the text, "Judging our Neighbor." Mat. 7:1-5. Mr. J. G. Leland will lead the meeting.

Lycæum No. 13 question for its next meeting is upon the advisability of abolishing capital punishment. Messrs. Williams, Weidemeyer, Goodrich and Clarke are the debaters.

Prof. Leutwein announces that he will organize classes in arithmetic and grammar in room F., high school, May 12th. Both branches will be taught by an improved method, by which any one is enabled to understand both branches thoroughly in a short time, i. e. in 30 lessons.

The high school authorities have expressed themselves as willing to give the best possible facilities to the students who desire to join the classes in the names of the superintendent as soon as possible. If such a class is organized it will meet regularly on Tuesday afternoons in the chapel.

FOR PROTECTION.

PLAIN TALK FOR FARMERS.

A Rejoinder by Judge Ramsdell to Judge Chipman's Recent Letter to the Growers of Michigan.—The Insecurity and Inconstancy of the Democracy Exposed.—Why Every Farmer Should be a Protectionist.—The Markets of the World Fall.—Our Disastrous Exports.—With Free Trade and Revenue Tariffs.

Hon. J. Logan Chipman, Member of Congress for the First District of Michigan. (Concluded from last week.)

The political and economic history of our country is studied and discussed in our orange halls, and in our public gatherings, and from this history we find that whenever our legislators have favored the introduction of foreign manufactures by low duties or free admission, the advice of our countrymen has been to support the English parliament, has been adopted by English manufacturers; that is, to import into our country and sell their goods, even at a loss, if necessary to glut the market and ruin our manufacturers and industries. We find from the study of this economic history that when in 1814 the non-intercourse act was repealed, our exports rose from \$20,000,000 in 1814 to \$150,000,000 in 1815. "American workmen had the benefit of cheap markets for a few months, and in return were turned out of employment for many months. Instead of buying of the farmer's crops, they went to raising them so long as there was hope of a market, and when that stopped, agricultural industry was as prostrate as manufactures." (Denlow's Principles of Economic Philosophy, page 351.)

Again Dr. Denlow says: "In the United States, in 1816, the vast importation caused by the sudden removal of the discriminating duties which had prevailed since 1790, caused an immense cessation in domestic production. Young as our industries, and sparse as our population then were, 70,000 operatives were discharged in a single year and driven to idleness or to agriculture. In 1818 and 1819 there came upon the country the severest commercial crisis it has ever known—the result of three years of that kind of diminution of domestic production which results from freer importation of foreign competing goods."

In writing of this period, Horace Greeley said: "One-fourth of the property of New England was sold out under the auctioneer's hammer. Gen. Jackson, in his famous letter to Dr. Coleman of North Carolina in 1824, writing of the effects of the tariff of 1816, says: "I will ask what is the real situation of agriculture? Where has the American farmer a market for his surplus product? Except for cotton, he has neither a foreign nor a home market. Does not this clearly prove, where there is no market either at home or abroad, that there is too much labor employed in agriculture, and that the channels for labor should be multiplied? Common sense points out the remedy. Draw from agriculture the superabundant labor. Employ it in mechanical and manufacturing, thereby creating a home market for your breadstuffs, and distributing labor to the most profitable account, and the benefits will ensue to the whole country. Take from agriculture in the United States 600,000 men women and children, and you will at once give a home market for your breadstuffs to all Europe now furnishes us a market for."

I would call your attention to the letter of Thomas Jefferson, written in 1816 to Benjamin Austin, and his letter written in 1817 to Mr. William Simpson, which are too lengthy to quote. In the first he says: "That to be independent for the comforts of life, we must fabricate them for ourselves. We must now place the manufacturer by the side of the agriculturist." And in the second letter he says: "I much fear the effects on our infant establishment of the policy avowed by Lord Brougham, individual British merchants may lose by the late immense importations, but British commerce and manufactures in the mass will gain by beating down the competition in our own market. How prophetic those fears were was shown by the universal bankruptcy that followed in three years.

In studying the economic history of our country from 1824, when congress returned to protection to American industries, to 1833, when it again adopted the policy of low import duties, we find that the country revived from its late depression, the agriculturist and the manufacturer prospered, exports exceeded imports and the government relieved itself from the burden of its public debt. We see again when the compromise tariff of 1833 had reduced the tariff, imports again exceeded exports, and in the three years of 1835-6 the total import duties amounted to \$120,000,000. The gold and silver was all drawn from the country to pay for these excessive importations, and the desolation of the country was again overwhelmed by the agriculturist, the artisan and the merchant. The crisis of 1837, which you and I can well remember, brought bankruptcy and ruin to the business of the country, and especially to our farmers, which was then wholly agricultural. The national treasury was exhausted and national credit dishonored. The "hard times" brought a demand from the people for the protective tariff of 1828, and the protective revolution that placed protectionists in power. The country turned to protection in 1842; immediately a revival of industry of all kinds followed, commerce prospered, and the whole country so improved that President Polk, in his first annual message, in December, 1845, congratulated the people on the complete financial condition of the treasury and the general prosperity of the country.

In studying the economic history of our country from 1846 to 1890, we find nothing in its favor of the free trade policy then pursued. At no time in the history of the United States had ten such prosperous years passed as from 1846 to 1856; but a mistaken policy of free trade, sweeping the reward so providentially conferred. The famine in Ireland called heavily for American provisions; the revolution in France, Italy, Germany and Hungary, put all Europe under arms, destroying or preventing production and increasing the demand for American farm products in 1848-49; and California commenced to pour out her golden treasures. Yet with all these advantages we find the country again depressed and on the verge of another crisis. President Fillmore in his annual message, in December, 1851, says: "The value of our farm exports of breadstuffs and provisions, which it was supposed the incentive of a low tariff and large importation from abroad would have greatly augmented, has fallen from \$63,701,921 in 1847, to \$26,051,373 in 1850, and to \$21,843,653 in 1851, with a strong probability, amounting almost to a certainty, of still further reduction in the current year. The policy which dictated a low rate of duty on foreign merchandise, it was thought by those who promoted and established it, would tend to benefit the farmer by increasing the demand and raising the price of agricultural products in foreign markets. The foregoing facts, however, seem to show conclusively that no such result has followed the adoption of that policy."

Again, in his message of Dec. 6, 1853, he says: "The arguments in favor of discriminating duties, I deem it my duty to call your attention to one or two other considerations affecting this subject. The first is the effect of large importations of foreign goods upon our currency. Most of the gold of California, as fast as it is mined, finds its way directly to Europe in payment for goods purchased. In the second place, as our manufacturing establishments are broken down by competition with foreigners, the capital invested in them is lost, thousands of honest and industrious citizens are thrown out of employment, and the farmer to that extent is deprived of a home market for the sale of his surplus produce. In the third place the destruction of our manufactures leaves the foreigner without competition in our market, and the consequence raises the price of the articles sent here for sale, as is now seen in

PERSONALS.

A. L. Noble went to Detroit last evening. Mrs. C. W. Davidson spent Sunday in Adrian with relatives. Miss Nellie Seabolt has returned from a visit with friends in Flint. Rev. R. H. Steele and family are on their way east from California. Lauren Henlon has moved into the residence next north of the Courthouse office. Eugene E. Beal, wife and daughter, have been visiting friends in Detroit during the past week. Miss Hattie Kloth, of Dexter, has been visiting relatives and friends in this city during the past week. Dr. and Mrs. Breakey entertained a number of their friends in a very pleasant way last Tuesday evening. J. S. Henderson has been home from Cleveland for the past week or ten days, and is confined to his house by quite serious illness. Misses Nina and Jennie Davison returned Monday from a three month's stay at Silver Creek, Chautauqua Co., New York, Toledo, O., and at Adrian. J. L. Babcock returned last Thursday from a pleasure trip to the blue grass region of Kentucky, the Mammoth Cave, etc. His description of the Louisville destruction is quite vivid. Prof. Oshand has been visiting friends at his old home in Newark, N. J., this week, and is expected home to-morrow, with his daughter Miss Marna, who has furnished us such readable letters from Washington.—Ypsilanti.

E. K. Frensch came over from Ann Arbor, Saturday and spent the Sabbath mingling among his Dundee friends, guest of B. J. Corbin. He still has great faith that natural gas exists in the earth beneath and west of the blue grass region of another well to obtain it.—Dundee Reporter. Mr. Oscar Fiehring of the firm of Fiehring and Killien of Milwaukee, visited our city on Sunday at Mrs. Dr. Hartley's. Mrs. Fiehring and Mr. Fiehring had been the guest of Mrs. Dr. Hearnley for the past two weeks. All three left Monday morning for Milwaukee. Mr. Fiehring is one of our Ann Arbor law graduates of 1879 or '80, and was very much pleased with the improvements of our city. Fat Men read Noble's "ad." It strikes you.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Piles, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and it quickly cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Eberbach & Son.

A woman who is weak, nervous and sleepless, and who has cold hands and feet, cannot feel at all like a well person. Carter's Iron Pills equalize the circulation, remove nervousness, and give strength and rest.

C. H. Worden has opened an office over the store, by the Astor bank, the business of the firm of Wines & Worden, having sold our stock of goods to E. F. Mills & Co. All persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle at once. Entrance up the stairs of the National Bank. WINES & WORDEN, By Worden.

Grandmother Says! When she was a girl that her mother always gave sulphur and molasses to purify her blood, but she now gives Sulphur Bitters to her grandchildren, as it is the best medicine she ever saw.—The Father.

Great Auction Sale of Real Estate. The following described property will be sold to the highest bidder at the South door of the court house, on Monday, the 10th day of May, at 10 o'clock a. m. The store and land No. 4, E. Huron st.; house and lots, Nos. 53 and 55, and house foundation and lot No. 57 on Detroit st. The sale will be for cash. A deposit sufficient to secure bids will be required. Deeds to be delivered and balance paid within one week after sale. JOHN CLANCY.

Dyspepsia

Makes the lives of many people miserable, and often leads to self-destruction. Distress after eating, sour stomach, sick headache, loss of appetite, flatulency, and a general feeling of bad taste, coated tongue, and irregularity of the bowels, are the result of dyspepsia. It is a disease of the stomach, and is caused by indigestion. It is a disease of the stomach, and is caused by indigestion. It is a disease of the stomach, and is caused by indigestion.

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Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. H. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar.

Stabler & Co. HAVE OPENED UP A NEW AND CLEAN STOCK OF WALL PAPER.

ROOM MOULDING PAINTERS' SUPPLIES No. 6 West Huron St. ONE DOOR EAST OF EXPRESS OFFICE.

Stabler & Co. With great respect, I am truly yours, J. G. RAMSDELL, Traverse City, March 17, 1890.

NEXT WEEK

1500 pieces all silk Ribbons in every width, at 9 and 13c per yard. 500 pieces laces from 1-2 to 8 inches wide, at 5c per yard. 300 "Gloria Silk" 25-inch rain or sun Umbrellas, gold and silver handles, at 90c each. 500 dozen Hose, at 16c per pair, worth from 25c to 60c per pair. 10,000 yards staple and fancy Gingham, at 7-12c per yard. This week ends our

PRINT SALE REMEMBER THE STORE MAGK & SCHMID WALL PAPER

TOILET SOAP GIVEN AWAY FOR THE NEXT 90 DAYS

25 cts. Worth OF OUR ELEGANT TOILET SOAP With 13 varieties to select from. Don't mistake us for other soap factories. OUR GOODS are plainly stamped.

Peninsular Soap Co., April 9, '90. Ann Arbor, Mich.

SALESMEN WANTED AUCTIONEER! GEO. E. DAVIS, the popular auctioneer can be had on short notice. Terms satisfactory. Orders by telephone or otherwise from any part of the state promptly attended to and P. O. address, Chelsea, Mich.

CARPETS, BOOTS AND SHOES

Our Carpet Department is filled with the choicest line of Velvets, Body and Tapestry Brussels, all wool Ingrains, also large line of cheaper grades. Rugs Art Squares Linoleum, Oilcloths and Matings. By making your selections now you can avoid the rush later.

SPRING 1890 JOHN BURG'S NO. 43 S. MAIN ST.

Our Spring Stock of Boots, Shoes and Slippers is now complete. All the novelties, as well as the more serviceable goods in foot wear, for Ladies and Gentlemen. Also, large line of goods for the little ones.

OUR CARPET DEPARTMENT IS FILLED WITH THE CHOICEST LINE OF VELVETS, BODY AND TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, ALL WOOL INGRAINS, ALSO LARGE LINE OF CHEAPER GRADES. RUGS ART SQUARES LINOLEUM, OILCLOTHS AND MATINGS. BY MAKING YOUR SELECTIONS NOW YOU CAN AVOID THE RUSH LATER.

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BIG MEN! STOUT MEN! FAT MEN!

You have had difficulty in being clothed, but your trouble is over. All you have to do is to come to the

STAR-CLOTHING-HOUSE!

Place yourself in the hands of some salesman and your trouble is at an end. We have "STOUT SUITS" to fit corpulent men with stout necks, short arms and short legs.

DOES THIS ANSWER YOUR DESCRIPTIONS?

Then you can be fitted. Prices \$10.00, \$12.00, \$13.00, \$14.00, \$15.00, \$16.00, \$18.00 and \$20.00. We have "Fat Suits" which are similar to "STOUTS" but more so, and "EXTRA SIZED SUITS" to fit another class of men, built on the same plan, only elongated lengthened. We can fit you all, and do it reasonably.

VISIT HEADQUARTERS A. I. NOBLE, 35 South Main Street, Ann Arbor, Mich. Leading Clothier and Hatter.

A SPECIAL BARGAIN

FOR MEN IN SIZES FROM 34 TO 42. AT - THE - TWO - SAMS.

These Suits were bought at a great sacrifice last week, and our Customers can have the benefit. Call at once, they won't last long!

THE TWO SAMS. L. BLITZ.

BERT F. SCHUMACHER AT NO. 68 S. MAIN ST., WILL CONTINUE THE BUSINESS OF J. SCHUMACHER, WITH A FULL LINE OF STOVES, TINWARE, ETC. SHELF HARDWARE, AND EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A FIRST-CLASS HARDWARE STORE!

Rowe's - Improved - Automatic - Governor - for - Furnaces. This Work and Furnace Work made a Specialty.

400 ACRES. 37th YEAR. SALESMEN WANTED AUCTIONEER! GEO. E. DAVIS, the popular auctioneer can be had on short notice. Terms satisfactory. Orders by telephone or otherwise from any part of the state promptly attended to and P. O. address, Chelsea, Mich.

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