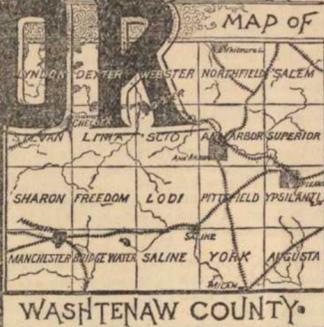


ANN ARBOR COURIER



VOLUME XXX.—NO. 3.

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1891.

WHOLE NUMBER, 1543.

SENSATIONAL

PRICES.

EMBROIDERIES!

All Openly Displayed.

Look, Compare, Examine, Select.

JAN. 18 to 24.

100 pieces fancy new style Dress
Plaids worth 50c per yard,

--7 CENTS--

See Our Window Displays.

Attend - All - Our - Weekly - Sales

MACK & SCHMID

BUSINESS CARDS.

MISS H. E. BUELL
MODISTE,
Makes fine Costumes, Tailor Suits, also Misses' and Children's Suits.
Cloaks Made and Repaired.
113 1/2 NORTH FIFTH STREET, ANN ARBOR.
82

D. A. MACLACHLAN, M. D.
Diseases of the
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 26 SOUTH DIVISION STREET
HOURS: 1 to 4, and 6:30 to 7:30 P. M.

CHAS. W. VOGEL
Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats.
Poultry, Lard, etc.
EVERYTHING NEAT AND CLEAN
No. 9 E. ANN ST., ANN ARBOR.

W. W. NICHOLS
DENTIST.
Rooms over Ann Arbor Savings Bank, Opp
Court House Square.
VITALIZED AIR.
Administered. It is agreeable and easy to take,
and no prostrating effects follow, while
teeth are extracted without pain.

WILLIAM HERZ
House, Sign, Ornamental and
Fresco Painter!
Papering, Glazing, Gilding, and Calcimining,
and work of every description
done in the best style, and war-
ranted to give satisfaction.
Shop, No. 4 W. Washington St., Ann Arbor.

IT GREW AND GREW AND GREW!

Warmed by a Few Hundred Dollars or Two.

In our last issue we referred to the meeting in Detroit to boom the gymnasium fund, and gave the results. Since then a number have "signed the pledge," and the fund keeps growing in an encouraging manner. The total amount subscribed to date, as near as we are able to find out, is \$6,500 and the generous ones, who have donated the same are:

Dr. Ernest T. Tapley, Detroit	.....\$1,000
C. A. Newcomb, Detroit	.....1,000
Wm. A. Moore, " "	.....250
Wm. H. Wells, " "	.....100
Arthur McGraw, " "	.....100
Geo. H. Hopkins, " "	.....100
Wm. E. Quinby, " "	.....100
E. H. L. Obetz, " "	.....100
H. M. Campbell, " "	.....100
J. R. McLaughlin, " "	.....100
Levi L. Barbour, " "	.....100
Harriet E. Barber, " "	.....100
John H. Avery, " "	.....100
E. W. Pendleton, " "	.....50
W. G. Russell, " "	.....50
Prof. L. F. Bliss, " "	.....50
Dr. C. W. Hiseock, " "	.....50
Dr. E. S. Sherrill, " "	.....50
Prof. J. H. Hahn, " "	.....50
F. R. Russell, " "	.....25
H. P. Daycock, " "	.....25
F. H. Whiting, " "	.....25
C. H. Campbell, " "	.....25
A. S. Parker, " "	.....25
C. T. Miller, " "	.....25
F. P. Boughton, " "	.....25
C. A. Lightner, " "	.....25
Judge C. B. Grant, Houghton	.....25
F. R. Chase, Marquette	.....75
V. M. Willinson, " "	.....150
Y. M. Cochran, " "	.....150
A. E. Miller, " "	.....150
Marcus Polasky, Alma	.....100
Evert H. Scott, Ann Arbor	.....100
Ashley Pond, Detroit	.....500
C. M. Burton, " "	.....500
Henry Russell, " "	.....50
Mrs. Wm. A. Moore, Detroit	.....100
Wm. Carson, Detroit	.....100
Parke, Davis & Co., Detroit	.....100
John Ward, Detroit	.....100
Hamilton Day, Detroit	.....100
Edmund Hall, " "	.....100
Hall T. Bagley, " "	.....50
Wm. J. Gray, " "	.....50
Edwin F. Mack, " "	.....50
Westmore Hunt, " "	.....25
Thos. S. Jerome, " "	.....25
Frank B. Andrews, " "	.....25
Rash & Kiesel, " "	.....25
Jennings & Harger, Detroit	.....25
Wm. A. Butler, Jr., " "	.....25
Henry B. Lodrop, " "	.....25
John N. Bagley, " "	.....25
Dr. J. E. Emmerson, " "	.....100
Judge Hosmer, " "	.....50
Drs. Olin & LeSeur, " "	.....50
E. C. Skinner, Detroit	.....25

Circuit Court Proceedings.

Louis Visel and Jacob S. Schuh, administrators, vs Joseph and Solomon Baumgartner. Judgment for plaintiff, \$1,294.02.

Christian F. Kapp vs Magdalena Kapp. Divorce. On call Monday, Jan. 26.

The People vs Fred Frank, Jr. The defendant withdrew his plea of not guilty and plead guilty to an assault with intent to do great bodily harm less than the crime of murder. Sentence was suspended and prisoner discharged.

In the matter of the estate of Blitz & Langsdorf, insolvents. Order discharging assignee granted.

J. Shaller admitted to citizenship.

Zenus Sweet, adm'r vs M. C. R. R. Co. Henry Russell substituted as attorney for defendant.

John Kalmbach vs M. C. R. R. Co. same as above.

ANOTHER PIONEER GONE.

Chauncey H. Millen Passes Away Very Suddenly.

Sunday morning last the people of Ann Arbor were greatly surprised to learn of the sudden death of the evening previous of Chauncey H. Millen, at his home on E. Huron street. The evening previous he had attended a family supper at the home of his son Charles S. Millen, and returned home at about 10 o'clock. He was soon thereafter taken ill, and Dr. Vaughn was called, but the disease, congestion of the lungs, was so violent that medical skill could furnish no relief, and he died about midnight.

Mr. Millen was born January 19, 1821, in Newton, Conn., and came to Ann Arbor during 1835, clerking in a store here. The life of Mr. Millen has been full of adventure. He went to sea in 1839, and was such a successful sailor that he was made a mate on a fast sailing packet, and during this time he became well acquainted with the geography of the country, making many ports in various parts of the world.

Returning to Ann Arbor he again entered a store and in 1844 he was a partner in the dry goods business with C. B. Thompson, then doing business where Bach, Abel & Co.'s store now stands, and still later he for many years carried on a large business under the firm name of C. H. Millen & Co.

During President Grant's first administration Mr. Millen was appointed by him Collector of Internal Revenue for this district, a very important position at that time, which he filled for four years. Mr. Millen has held many offices of trust in the city. He was one of the founders and projectors of the First National Bank of this city, and a director therein for many years. He was also one of the incorporators of Forest Hill Cemetery and a trustee for years. He was largely influential in the organization of the Farmers and Mechanics Bank.

When St. Andrew's church was built he gave most generously of his means for that purpose, the total amount given by him being about one-tenth of the cost, or some \$4,000. And in this society he was vestryman for a long time.

When our citizens were endeavoring to raise funds for buying Rogers' statue of Nydia now in the art gallery of the University, he was one of the promoters of the enterprise and for some time treasurer of the fund.

In company with President (then professor) Andrew D. White he helped plant many of the trees in the campus that now give such grateful shade.

He had been twice married, but both wives preceded him to the other land. He leaves two children—Chas. S. Millen of the firm of Schairer & Millen, and Mrs. I. Giles Lewis, of Chicago. Daniel S. Millen of this city and Philo B. Millen of Manchester were twin brothers of his.

Funeral services were held yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, from St. Andrew's church, Bishop Gillespie officiating. The honorary pall bearers were: E. B. Pond, Philip Bach, W. D. Harriman, Edward Duffy, Wm. W. Wheldon, and J. M. Wheeler. The active bearers were: J. T. Jacobs, N. H. Kyer, Evert H. Scott, E. B. Hall, Edward Roberts, and D. F. Schairer. The remains were laid to rest in Forest Hill cemetery.

At Ann Arbor University.

In an open letter to the Regents of Michigan University, an appeal is made that the women graduates of the University should be sometimes drawn upon for instructors at the University. The serious consideration of the Regents is asked for this subject at their next meeting. It is claimed that an institution cannot be really co-educational "until it is co-educating—until men and women both and together form the teaching force and influence of that institution—until the girls in the university can be brought into association with superior, cultivated, scholarly, accomplished women in the faculty of teachers as well as men of the same grade of scholarly attainments. And thus it seems to hundreds of men and women in our State. Now that hundreds of girls are in the university and the experiment is before us, it does not seem right or proper, nor for their best good, that they should be almost entirely shut out for the space of four years, from all associating with women who shall stand to them somewhat in the relation of an older, wiser friend or mother, as well as teacher. In short, it seems well and proper and needful that among 115 professors and instructors, nearly 400 young women should claim that some proportion of these teachers should be women."

The friends of the movement do not ask that any professor of the university be displaced to make room for any woman, but that the new appointments which the growth of the university necessitates from time to time shall be of women.

In connection with this scheme of the Detroit Women's Club is particularly interesting. They propose to found a professorship in Ann Arbor University to be filled always by a woman. There are several large pledges to start with, one man offering \$20,000.—Springfield Republican.

Stone Crusher.

Mr. Julius E. Beal, Editor of the Ann Arbor Courier.

Dear Sir:—Since the last March meeting of the Pomological Society, on which occasion you addressed the society on the road question, recommending among other good measures, "a stone crusher as an educator, to be purchased by the city or several townships for \$500," etc., I observe with pleasure that the Courier has continually kept this important topic of road improvement before the people. Allow me in this connection to inform your readers and the general public what I have since seen of a stone crusher in operation.

During my visit last November at Economy, Pa., a village of several hundred inhabitants, members and employes of the Harmony Society, I noticed one day a large gathering on the street, looking on the operation of a portable stone crusher which the society had just received from Totten & Hogg, of Pittsburgh. It was run by a threshing machine engine. School was just out. You should have seen the enthusiasm of the school boys, carrying stone by and dropping them into the breaker, which broke them twice in one revolution and did not shatter the stone. The product looked as well as hand-hammered. The trustee who superintended the operation stated that the crusher could easily be changed from a coarse to a fine crusher and from a fine one to a pulverizer in a few minutes, so that it could be used in preparing fertilizers.

It was a limestone that they used, and I asked the trustee whether it would crush granite boulders. He ordered some at once and they were crushed as well as the limestone. He said he wished they had granite as plenty as we have in Michigan. They make the most durable macadam. I was told that this crusher cost them a trifle over \$400.

We have in this county and other parts in Michigan heaps of small boulders that cannot be used for building purposes. They are often an eye sore on the highway, on fence corners, or in the field and would soon be removed by a portable crusher at the rate of 15 to 25 tons per ten hours. The result would be the best possible roads at all times of the year.

I hope our city council and the highway commissioners will investigate this matter, as it concerns the interest of the people. I have taken pains to investigate it carefully. It seems that my prediction at that March meeting, that Ann Arbor city will have a stone yard on the highway, for the benefit of the boarders of the sheriff, is going to be verified, and I hope we will see stone crushers upon our highways in Michigan in the near future.

The resolution passed by our pomological society and those present, that "we will earnestly ask the next legislature to make such laws as will bring about a reform in the improvement of our highways" should not be forgotten.

We happen to have this winter passable roads, but it has not been so in the past and may not be the case in the future. Therefore the road matter should be kept before the people and especially before their representatives at Lansing by sending in petitions from all sections and by using such influences as will finally result in permanent good.

Very respectfully yours,
EMIL BAUR.

Tappan Training Course.

The following is a list of the lectures to be delivered in the Presbyterian church of this city on Sabbath evenings during the winter and spring. The course is entitled "Some Great Books," and is as follows:

January 25th.....Eusebius' Church History
Rev. J. F. Dickle.

February 8th.....Augustine's Confessions
Rev. M. O. Brownson.

February 22nd.....Kempis' Imitation of Christ
Rev. J. M. Barkley.

March 8th.....Plato's Phaedo
Rev. J. M. Gelston.

March 15th.....Dante's Divina Comedia
Howard Duffield, D. D.

March 29th.....Calvin's Institutes
Rev. R. J. Service.

April 5th.....Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress
Geo. F. Hunting, D. D.

April 26th.....The New England Primer
Wallace Duffield, D. D.

A Worthy Cause.

The Woman's Charitable Union is desirous of obtaining contributions sufficient to defray the expense of a bed in one of the University hospitals.

Through the kindly interest of one of our citizens one-half of the amount has already been given and an appeal is made for the remainder. Any person who desires to contribute to this most worthy object may send his or her donation to the treasurer, Mrs. Anna B. Bach, No. 100 South Main street.

CELIA A. JAYCOX,
Pres. Woman's Charitable Union.

If you need a new overcoat it will pay you well to read what J. T. Jacobs & Co., have to say about them.

Accepted, with Thanks.

The old song used to go something like this: "Kind words can never die," etc. Whether they can ever die or not, one thing is certain. There are but few people in the world that will close their ears when such words are spoken. Some of our neighbors have seen fit to say a word or two in our behalf, and while we may blush a little over the praise, yet we feel justified in reproducing it:

The Ann Arbor Courier this week has enlarged to a six column eight page paper, and put on a new dress, both of which are a great improvement. We like the Courier in its new form very much, all but its politics. Long may it flourish and well.—Ann Arbor Argus.

The Ann Arbor Courier comes out this week with a pretty new dress that greatly improves its appearance.—Detroit Journal.

The Ann Arbor Courier, since the holidays, has become an eight page paper, with a new dress, making a very fine appearance.—U. of M. Daily.

The Ann Arbor Courier looks like an entirely new sheet since the holiday vacation. In addition to other things the paper has been enlarged to eight pages, making it the largest weekly in the city.—Chronicle-Argonaut.

The Ann Arbor Courier, a most excellent paper by the way, has been changed from a four-page to an eight-page paper, a decided improvement.—Plymouth Mail.

The Ann Arbor Courier has materially improved its appearance by coming out in a new dress and by discarding the old blanket style for a 6 col. quarto form.—South Lyon Picket.

The Ann Arbor Courier has changed its form to eight pages with 6 columns to a page. The paper is just as good as ever.—Enterprise.

The Ann Arbor Courier has been enlarged to a six column quarto, and is dressed up in appearance, the result of new type throughout. It is a good weekly paper, and a credit to the city where it is published.—Hudson Post.

The Ann Arbor Courier has been changed to a six column quarto, and has donned a new dress of type which makes it look very neat.—Pinckney Dispatch.

The Courier is out in its new dress and enlarged form. It is very well as truthful as handsome.—Ypsilanti Sentinel.

Last week's Courier came to us in a brand new dress and changed in form to a six column quarto—same as the Observer. A big improvement.—Saline Observer.

The Ann Arbor Courier is reveling in a new dress and is handsomer than ever.—Adrian Times.

The Ann Arbor Courier looks handsome in a new dress and new form.—Wyandotte Herald.

The Ann Arbor Courier enters the new year in the popular eight-page form. This change, with fine paper, new type, and able editorial work, continues the Courier at the head of Washtenaw journalism.—Fenton Independent.

The Ann Arbor Courier starts off with a new dress and in a new form for the year 1891. New type and the folio form discarded for the quarto gives a decidedly improved appearance. The Courier is one of the exchanges we always take home with us for something more than a "hasty glance over." It keeps in touch with the times, has opinions and isn't afraid to talk right out in meeting whatever necessary. We like it. You know brother Beal that "opposites attract."—Hillsdale Leader.

The Ann Arbor Courier donned a new dress the first of the year, and is changed from a four to an eight page paper, and looks bright and cheery.—Owosso American.

The Ann Arbor Courier came out this week in a bright new dress, cut decollete.—Leland Enterprise.

We note a bran (wouldn't "brand" be a better word?) new suit, bougeois and brevier body, with tariff trimmings for the Ann Arbor Courier, and it is as handsome as a millionaire, with plug hat and stand-up collar. It is now a quarto and the same size as the Press and nearly as good a paper, except that it tries to make people believe that the more you tax a man the richer he gets. We congratulate our neighbor on its prosperity, admire its perseverance and pity its blindness.

Tariff on type, old law, 25 per cent.
Tariff on type, McKinley bill, 50 per cent.

Cost of Courier suit, \$600.
Value of type, \$400.
Tariff on type, \$205.
Tariff under old law, \$100.
Increase by Bill McKinley, \$100.
Regular robbery of Courier, \$100.
Robbery asked for by Courier, \$100.
Total cost of being blind, \$200.
The tariff is a tax, but some people profess to like it. No free trade wind will blow that \$200 tax off the Courier.—Adrian Press.

The spirit of the above notice is appreciated, but the politics is abominated, for like all free trade talk it is deceptive and misleading.

In the first place type is not raised from 25 to 50 per cent. by the McKinley bill. The duty remains the same, 25 per cent.

Then, taking the Press's own figures: "Cost \$600, actual value, \$400." Type is bought for 25 per cent. off of list price, thus reducing the \$600 to \$450; then we always pay cash and that makes a reduction of \$22.50 more, which leaves \$427.50. This leaves according to the Press \$27.50 charged to the tariff.

As 90 per cent. of all manufactured metal is labor, that would make \$384.75 of our type outfit due to labor. The workmen in the Cincinnati type foundry where this type was made receive \$3.25 per day. The laborers in English typefoundries receive not to exceed \$1.75 per day. Difference in favor of the United States workman \$1.50 per day.

Workmen in the lead mines in the U. S. receive from \$1.97 to 2.75 per day. In the lead mines in Mexico they receive 50 cents per day, and in the English mines they receive not to exceed 99 cents per day. Difference in favor of the United States and humanity \$1.47 cents at the lowest notch you can put it. Hurrah for the tariff!

The tariff tax on this \$600 outfit, according to your own figures in \$27.50.

Every cent of it goes to an American workman.

It goes to make his home comfortable.

It goes to make his wife and babies happy.

It goes to educate his children.

It goes to elevate and enlighten the masses.

It goes for a good purpose.

And we would rather pay ten times as much tariff tax as we do for such a purpose than to shin around the old country trying to beat down some poverty-stricken laborers to even lower wages than they are at present receiving.

Hurrah for the wage-earner's tariff.

Some of the members of the Farmers' Alliance in Illinois insist upon the election of a United States Senator who has "no affiliations with either of the old parties." Much use a man of that kind would be! He could not pass or defeat a single bill. They might as well be represented in Congress by a wooden Indian as by a man who does not "affiliate."

Motor Line Time.

The following is the latest time table of the Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti Street Railway:

Leave Ypsilanti at 7:30, 9, 10:30, a. m., and 12:45, 2:30, 4, 5:40, 7:30, 9, 10:30, p. m.
Leave Ann Arbor, from Court House, at 7:55, 9:25, 10:55, a. m., and 1:10, 2:50, 4:20, 6:10, 7:50, 9:25, 10:55, p. m.

SUNDAY TIME.
Leave Ypsilanti at 8:45, 11:25, a. m., and 1, 2:40, 4:25, 6:35, 7:45, 9:20, p. m.
Leave Ann Arbor, from Court House, at 10:15, 11:55, a. m., and 1:20, 3:10, 4:55, 6:55, 8:10, 9:50, p. m.

Cars run on City Time. Coupon tickets, 10 cents, entitles passengers to a continuous ride over both roads. For sale by conductors on all street cars.

Marriage Licenses.

No. Age
16 George F. Devore, Jr., New York. 32
16 Anna Dunbar, Philadelphia, Pa. 27
17 Frank Norton, Detroit. 38
17 Frederika Frick, Ypsilanti. 26
18 Jacob Schultz, Dexter. 34
18 Emma Schaufele, Dexter. 23

Physical Slavery.

We are all free American citizens enjoying our personal liberty but most of us are in physical slavery, suffering from scrofula, salt rheum or some other form of impure blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great blood purifier which dissolves the bonds of disease, gives health and perfect physical liberty.



An Idyll of Oyster Bay

BY Genie Holtzmeier Rosenfeld



Y DEAR CLARA: In accordance with my promise I am letting you into the secret of my whereabouts. I must not take too much credit to myself, however, for keeping with you, for I am very much afraid that if you had remained in America this summer instead of going to Europe, I should have kept my place of refuge as much a secret from you as from the rest of our set.

I am supposed to be—anywhere. I had to communicate with my banker the other day, and several letters were forwarded to me. One of my correspondents hoped that I was enjoying myself in Switzerland; another that my Western trip might not ensnare me too much with that section of the country and lose me to New York; and another had inclosed the letter to the banker with the request that he would direct it to my hotel in Paris. Nobody knows just where I am; and nobody suspects that I have quietly sneaked off here without quilts, dresses or money to a little secluded cottage a mile or two from Oyster Bay town, and that I have been spending a whole month with no companionship but that of my old nurse Harriet and her husband, William Sayer.

The day I told you I was going to creep out of sight of the world for a few weeks, we were so interrupted by your preparations for going abroad, and our talk was so vague, that I feel that I owe you a great deal of explanation.

You will remember, dear Clara, what a shock my father's sudden death was to me. True, we had never been more to each other than acquaintances, and I realized long ago that my chief charm to him was the certain shadowy quality I possessed, which made money spent on me seem well invested. I had often longed for a change, but when it came and I found myself alone in that great Fifth Avenue house of ours, I grew melancholy and unhappy.

I was too listless to attend to business matters, nothing roused me, and the change which Dr. Wood recommended to me as a nerve restorer after the shock I had sustained when my father was brought home killed by the fall from his horse, seemed too much trouble to be undertaken.

I was in this morbid state when my lawyer called on me.

"Miss Van Cortland," he said, "it is almost the beginning of July; your father has been dead month now; don't you think you had better attend to your affairs and leave town?"

"What is there to attend to?" I asked.

"Your father's will, for instance."

"I suppose as I am the only child and heir that that is a mere matter of form."

"Not quite," said the lawyer, "but I am delighted to be able to approach you at last on the subject of the will, for your continual refusal to be made aware of its contents was singularly embarrassing to me."

"In what way?" I asked. "My father has not left me penniless, I suppose?"

"Not quite," said the lawyer, dryly. "I sprang to my feet.

"Tell me what you mean?" I demanded.

"The fact is, my dear young lady, that your father did not appreciate the solidity of your character, and he was for several months before his death tormented with the idea that if you once had control of your fortune, you would throw it away on some foreign duke, or impoverished Italian prince. It has been his one thought to find a means of controlling you after his death, as easily as during his life."

I could not speak as the lawyer ceased, but sat watching him with anxious eyes till I should know the worst. It seemed to be an interminable time before he had coughed, and wiped his glasses, and continued his story.

"Under these circumstances," he said at last, "he was not long in finding a means whereby the money and position, of which he was so proud, could not only remain in the country, but in the family."

"I don't understand you!" I gasped.

"In other words, Miss Van Cortland, he found a husband for you."

"For me?" I said, angrily.

"You have a cousin, a first cousin, the son of a brother of your father, who was disinherited and discarded by your grandfather in consequence of his having married a very estimable and charming lady who had once been on the stage. Your uncle was not very successful in business, but with the help of his good wife managed to give your cousin an excellent college education, and the young man has been for some years in the employ of a very respectable down-town firm, and bears a high reputation for honesty and integrity. Your father searched out all these facts about your cousin, and thereupon decided that he would make an ideal husband for you; and in pursuance of this idea, he has left you his entire fortune contingent on your marrying your cousin, Pryor D. Van Cortland. In the event of your refusing to make the desired marriage, your father's whole property is to be divided among certain charities."

Imagine my feelings, Clara! So bent was my father on having his own way, that if I refused to do his will he would turn me, his tenderly reared child, penniless on the streets! I am twenty-

three years old, and I have never done any work in my life—what is there to do but to marry this Pryor D.?

My father's will further stated that if he died before I reached the age of twenty-five, I was to be given three months in which to mourn him, and then either marry my cousin, or become a beggar. He did not wish his daughter to be long without proper protection. Did you ever hear of anything so heartless and cold-blooded? During the three months of indecision I am to be allowed a thousand dollars, and finally if I refuse to marry this Pryor D. that is every cent of my father's money which I will ever see.

Four weeks had already gone by before I knew of the fate awaiting me.

"Is my cousin aware of this infamous will?" I asked.

"Yes," said my lawyer, "and, to do him justice, he likes it as little as you do. He raged quite as much as you have done, vowed that he didn't want to give up his liberty to become the husband of some rich woman, and refused to see you until the day on which you are to make your decision, as he wishes you to make it quite uninfluenced by him. He said, openly, that but for the fact of your refusal making you poor, he heartily hoped that you would have nothing to say to him."

My lawyer left me, and after I had overcome the first flush of my anger and despair, I began to wonder what to do. I remembered you, and hurried off to tell you, but you were so happy on the eve of your trip to Europe that I had not the heart to make you sad over my worries. As I sat and watched your trunks being packed, and realized the immensity of the distance that was about to be placed between me and the dearest friend I had in the world, a new sense of desolation took possession of me, and I longed to be going away myself—anywhere to escape my thoughts.

As I sat on the edge of your trunk my resolution was formed, and before you were well out to sea, Clara, I had packed up a couple of simple gowns, told the servants that I was going to travel for the rest of the summer, and left home before they had time to speculate about me, coming to Harriet for refuge as naturally now as in the old days of cuts and bruises and childish sorrows.

Four weeks have already slipped by, and this is the first of the last four I shall have as a free woman.

Ah, Clara! if I had nothing on my mind to worry or annoy me; how happy I could be in this deserted, lovely spot! I feel as though I were maligning it when I only speak of it as lovely—but our language is too poor to furnish me with other adjectives. It needs the glowing music of the German tongue, or the florid accents of Italy, to adequately describe it. I lie sometimes on the sandy beach and think what a heaven it all would be if I was only nobody, and had some one to love me for myself alone. I dread the future so, Clara, for I have quite determined that I have no alternative but to marry this Pryor D., but after all I have said to you about a woman sacrificing her self-respect by marrying for money, the situation is doubly hard; I shall marry him, though, and after I shall spend all my fortune in helping women to emancipate themselves from the abject slavery which generations of meek widows has brought upon them.

I will not talk of the future now, the present is enough. Let me tell you about this bay, Clara.

It is a bay within a bay, so to speak, and unless you approach it from these,

the other shore. Ah, Clara! if the other bank is a Chase, this is a Corot, and I often look over at it and fancy I see the nymphs rising from the sedgy bottom to sport and play in the moonlight. Alas! alas! that I must soon bid farewell to this enchanting spot to lead a loveless life with some cold, hard business man, who will care for me only as one of the items that go to make up the sum of his grandeur. If I could only here, and now, know what it was to love and be loved, I think, Clara, I would give up every thing and take the man even if he were only a simple farm hand. I hate to be a mere bit of mortgageable property.

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"Come, now," he said, laughing, "confess that this is your first attempt, and that you have forgotten what mother told you. I've seen bread made since I was only as high as my thumb, and it's always done this way," and without more ado he lifted out the pans, placed them on the shelf above the fire, just where I had always seen Harriet put them, and, seizing the first cloth he laid his hands on, placed it across the top just as Harriet always does, and then confronted me, still laughing.

"I guess I've saved you a good tongue thrashing. What are you going to give me for it?"

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"I was educated different. My folks lived near Boston."

He laughed.

"Well, my child, Boston culture has nearly cost you your life. It would have been wiser if they had taught you to—why, of course—how foolish of me! You are a school-teacher taking your summer vacation, aren't you? That accounts for every thing. Where is your school?"

"Please don't ask me any questions about myself," I said. "I don't think my aunt would like it."

"Very well, we'll talk of something else. When shall I see you again? Do you come here every day? May I meet you here to-morrow and walk along the beach with you?"

"Certainly not!" I said, scandalized.

and have learnt its topography, you would suppose yourself on a little inland lake.

On the one side where our cottage is there is a beautiful shell-covered beach. When I saw it I could not help exclaiming, for it realized the truth of the warm grays and monochromes of Chase.

I was at his studio this spring, and his marvelous tints and effects of light and shade were still fresh in my mind, and when I saw this beach, lo! I had found the spot that had taught him his trick of color.

The water laps on a shelly beach, creeping in round isolated rocks, and rising till it lays itself at the feet of a bank wooded to the water's edge. In some spots wild sweet pea is trailing down among the shells, and the long arms of the Virginia creeper reach out, and out, and out, until at high tide some of them are floating on the bosom of the waters.

Have I made you love this shore of my lovely bay? Yes? Then come with me to the other, where the sedges and rushes grow down into the water, and the verdure begins at once without any hint of beach or shell, and the trees overhang darkly, and the water is deeper, stiller, and more mysterious than on

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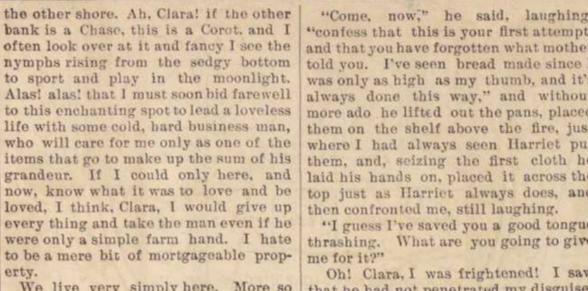
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"I was educated different. My folks lived near Boston."

He laughed.

"Well, my child, Boston culture has nearly cost you your life. It would have been wiser if they had taught you to—why, of course—how foolish of me! You are a school-teacher taking your summer vacation, aren't you? That accounts for every thing. Where is your school?"

"Please don't ask me any questions about myself," I said. "I don't think my aunt would like it."

"Very well, we'll talk of something else. When shall I see you again? Do you come here every day? May I meet you here to-morrow and walk along the beach with you?"

"Certainly not!" I said, scandalized.

and have learnt its topography, you would suppose yourself on a little inland lake.

On the one side where our cottage is there is a beautiful shell-covered beach. When I saw it I could not help exclaiming, for it realized the truth of the warm grays and monochromes of Chase.

I was at his studio this spring, and his marvelous tints and effects of light and shade were still fresh in my mind, and when I saw this beach, lo! I had found the spot that had taught him his trick of color.

The water laps on a shelly beach, creeping in round isolated rocks, and rising till it lays itself at the feet of a bank wooded to the water's edge. In some spots wild sweet pea is trailing down among the shells, and the long arms of the Virginia creeper reach out, and out, and out, until at high tide some of them are floating on the bosom of the waters.

Have I made you love this shore of my lovely bay? Yes? Then come with me to the other, where the sedges and rushes grow down into the water, and the verdure begins at once without any hint of beach or shell, and the trees overhang darkly, and the water is deeper, stiller, and more mysterious than on

the other shore. Ah, Clara! if the other bank is a Chase, this is a Corot, and I often look over at it and fancy I see the nymphs rising from the sedgy bottom to sport and play in the moonlight. Alas! alas! that I must soon bid farewell to this enchanting spot to lead a loveless life with some cold, hard business man, who will care for me only as one of the items that go to make up the sum of his grandeur. If I could only here, and now, know what it was to love and be loved, I think, Clara, I would give up every thing and take the man even if he were only a simple farm hand. I hate to be a mere bit of mortgageable property.

We live very simply here. More so than I intended to do. Harriet, I can see, is quite determined that I shall marry Pryor D., and loses no opportunity to gird at poverty. As the claiming season has not been a profitable one to her husband, she gives me an object lesson by forcing me to live on the produce of the farm and the pickle-tub. The board money I pay her she puts away, telling me that if the coming winter is as bad as the past claiming, she will need that and more before the water is over. Good-hearted old soul, she little knows that even the prospect of an eternal pickle-tub would not scare me if I loved and was loved by him who provided the brine.

On my arrival here she assumed the old masterful airs, took away my gowns, and sat up all night running up a thick flannel skirt, which she presented to me in the morning with a jersey, and instructions to wear the outfit during my stay. I laughed when I saw myself in it, but I was too dispirited to care, and took meekly the wardrobe provided for me, namely, a pair of frightful country shoes, two severely plain gingham gowns (for best), and a Puritanical bathing suit caught with elastics at wrists and ankles.

I am learning to be quite useful. I make the bread, and the pies, and the butter, and feed the animals and chickens, and generally lead a life that to me is ideal, because it is not real.

A good many yachts come in to the harbor, and I often see the flag of one of our old friends floating on the breeze and laugh to myself at the surprise it would cause if any of them came here and discovered me in the guise of Harriet Sayer's niece from Boston.

I don't think they would find me out, though, for this morning I had an opportunity of putting my disguise to a test.

It was washing day. Harriet had retired to the shed where she does her washing, and I was in the kitchen making up the bread, when I heard the measured beat of oars in their rowlocks. There was something so quick and workmanlike in the stroke, that I knew in a moment it couldn't be William Sayer, nor Hans, the Danish hired man; so I peeped out of the window to see. Then, making for the strip of beach on which William Sayer's oyster boat is moored, and the little bluff above which the cottage is built, there was a young man rowing. How he could row, Clara! The boat fairly flew through the water, and yet he seemed to be making no effort. The oars rose, turned

Short advertisements not to exceed three lines, or Lost or Found, Houses for Sale or Rent, Wants, etc., inserted three weeks for 25 cents. Situations wanted, free.

SALESMAN—An energetic man wanted to push our manufactures on this ground. One of our agents cleared \$5,200 in '89. Address P. O. Box 1371, New York.

HOUSE TO RENT on Myndard Street. Fine large house. Apply at the COURIER OFFICE.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Experienced. Apply at 63 Jewett Ave. W. D. CHURCH.

FOR SALE—The old home of Samuel Crossman at the west end of Huron street, Ann Arbor, Mich., consisting of twenty acres of fine land upon which thirty years of careful toil have left many valuable improvements.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

ANN ARBOR COMMANDERY, No. 13, meets first Tuesday of each month, B. F. Watts, E. C.; John R. Miner, Recorder.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION. A Republican State Convention to nominate a justice of the Supreme Court in place of John W. Champlin, and two regents of the University in place of Charles J. Willett and Arthur M. Clark, and for the transaction of other business, will be held at Assembly hall, in the city of Jackson, on Tuesday, Feb. 24th, 1891, at 11 o'clock a. m.

Under a resolution of 1858 no delegate will be entitled to a seat in the convention who does not reside in the county he proposes to represent.

In compliance with a resolution adopted in Detroit June 23, 1890, the secretary of each county convention is requested to forward to the secretary of the state central committee (room 6, Butler block, Detroit) by the earliest mail after the delegates are chosen, a certified list of such delegates as are entitled to seats in the state convention from their respective counties.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Is there a man in Washtenaw county who would be benefited by free silver coinage? If so we should like to hear from him.

Free trade papers are in great demand by janitors and others having cleaning to do, because they contain so much "concentrated lie."

What does Gov. Hill think about free silver coinage? After he shall speak, then we should like hear what Mr. Grover Cleveland has to say about it.

The Patrons of Industry, the Grangers, the Alliance men, in other words, the farmers? Where are their plums? In the general distribution they appear not to be in it.

Dr. Tanner proposes to join Signor Succini in a ninety day fast at the World's Fair in Chicago, in 1892. If the World's Fair people indulge in such tomfoolery they ought to be annihilated or forced to listen to one of Frederick Villier's lectures.

A Pennsylvania paper pointedly remarks: Noah advertised the flood. He lived through it and the fellows who laughed at him were drowned. Ever since then the advertiser has been getting along, and those who don't advertise are getting left.

If one is to judge from the bills introduced in the legislature to abolish this office and abolish that office, the entire list of state officials are in danger of being wiped out. But then, no one need get scared. It is simply an introduction (for effect). No action will ever be taken on more than one or two of them, and some half dozen new positions will be created to supply the deficiency.

George Bancroft, the historian, died at his home in Washington, D. C., on Saturday, January 17, of old age. The deceased was born at Worcester, Mass., Oct. 3, 1800. He entered Harvard college when only 13 years of age. He held many prominent positions, principal among which was the mission to Germany under President Lincoln. His United States history is a standard work.

Major McKinley has promised to attend the Ohio Republican League Banquet at Toledo on Lincoln's birthday. Many other distinguished Republicans will be present, and the committee have hopes of securing Col. Ingersoll to respond to the toast, "Abraham Lincoln." The indications are that the Toledo banquet will excel all that have heretofore been held. Our political brethren at Toledo are sparing neither labor or expense to render the occasion enjoyable for all that attend.

If a citizen of the United States should be shot down in cold blood in either England, Germany, France or Russia,—the strongest nations of the world—would this government rest a moment until ample reparation had been made? No, not for one moment, and the people would be as anxious as the government itself. But a man holding a commission from the President of the United States for an important office can be murdered in cold blood in Mississippi (or any other Southern State) and this great, strong, powerful nation, feared by every other nation under the sun, is entirely powerless to bring the murderers to justice! Was ever such a thing heard of before?

King Kalakua is dead; long live the queen! Her name is Princess Ielinelckiani, pronounce it to suit yourself. This item refers to the Sandwich Islands.

For "thirty pieces of silver" our Saviour was sold. How many pieces did the Southern statesmen use to buy Senators Teller, Wolcott, Stewart, Jones, Shoup, McConnell, Stanford and Washburne?

Within 30 years the United States has paid to foreign nations—mostly to England—the sum of \$3,120,000,000 for its carrying trade, and all because we are afraid to pay subsidies. Penny wise and pound foolish.

The N. Y. Mail and Express has a quotation from scripture at the head of its editorial columns every day. The one for last week Tuesday, when Wolcott and some of the other republican senators made their great free coinage speeches, was this very appropriate one: "Making the ephah small, and the shekel great, and dealing falsely with the balances of deceit; that we may buy the poor for silver."

The next day this quotation followed: "He that loveth silver shall not be satisfied with silver."

Has it struck any one as peculiar that the necessity for a "wheat inspector" appears for the first time? Our democratic reform administration has 500 applicants for every office, and good politics, less the reform, requires more offices. A "wheat inspector" with a \$1500 salary attached is rather in contrast with the ante-election cry that there are too many offices, but it puts a broad smile on the face of the office seekers. H'rah for reform and more offices.—Ypsilantiian.

Ypsilanti Sentinel: We shall keep it before the people, that compressed air is to be the motive power for street transportation. In itself it is the cheapest medium of power, and the least destructive in operation. An engine made to apply it will never be injured by heat or rust. Neither will the reservoir in which it is held, or the pipes through which it is conveyed. In possible cases of explosion it will neither burn nor scald. How shall it be applied? They talk about storage batteries of electricity, and believe that they are successful. But "storage batteries" of compressed air are far more cheaply and easily made and renewed. We await the experiments reported from Detroit, not expecting full success, but without doubt that it is a long step toward that desirable result.

In response to an urgent demand, congress provided that the 1890 census should contain the mortgage indebtedness statistics of the whole country. The mortgages for the past decade have been taken from the records, and the census office reports a total of over \$850,000,000. The investigation into the purposes for which mortgages were incurred shows that about three-fourths of them were for purchase money or for improvements, and that one-tenth was for business uses. The total sum, though an immense one, is not alarming, considering the main causes for which it was assumed. The total sum is very much less than what was supposed. Two years ago some mortgage statistics were going the rounds of the press that placed the farm mortgage indebtedness of Illinois alone at \$1,000,000,000. And the farm, not the total mortgages, of Kansas, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Iowa, Michigan and Wisconsin were estimated to be over \$4,500,000,000. At that time it was shown that these figures were largely the result of loose guesswork, and our readers were warned that no reliance could be placed on them or on any political arguments based on them. Mortgages are grievous burdens, but the census returns show that they are not nearly as great as depicted.

Judge Tourgee, in the Chicago Inter-Ocean, has many truthful and bright things to say, but none better or more truthful than the following which we commend to the thoughtful consideration of our readers: "The south rules the Nation; it matters little whether in the minority or majority. And the chief reason why it does so, is that it never has any traitors. It is but fair to say that no greed for gold or honors is sufficient to induce the southern man to abandon the the southern idea. He is for the south, right or wrong, first, last, and all the time. It is an admirable quality in that it means success, rulership, dominion. Especially is this true when his opponent lacks the same quality. On this the south has always "backed" with confidence. It has always regarded the northern political leader as open to a trade and more inclined to trade than to fight—as prizing advantage above principle, and caring less for what he did than the the excuse he would render for doing it. In this estimate of their opponents the south has rarely been disappointed. They have found it easy to buy, even with promises they had neither the power nor inclination to fulfill, as much influence and power as they required to attain their ends. Our political history for a quarter of a century before the outbreak of the rebellion is thickly strewn with the skeletons of northern political traffickers who sold their manhood and their power to the slave oligarchy. To-day the same power demands the right to nullify the laws of the United States and impair and degrade the right of National citizenship, and finds willing instruments to perform its behest.

American vs. Foreign Shipping Interests.

The Boston Journal has prepared a very careful and interesting summary of facts about the various methods by which the great maritime nations of the earth have managed to establish and maintain the carrying trade of their respective flags. Subsidy it is, in one way and another. Protection it is, however named, and whether practiced by France, Germany, Italy, or Free-Trade England. We condense from the Journal's article a statement of the shipping policies of some of the European nations whose flags are oftentimes seen in the finest harbor on the globe.

With an established commerce, Great Britain still pays heavy bounties, in one form or another, for the encouragement and support of her merchant marine. The Peninsular and Oriental Line to India, for example receives about \$1,200,000 a year from the British Government for carrying the mails to India. This is from twice to three times as much as the French and German lines have repeatedly offered to perform the same service for. Last year the mail subsidies paid by Great Britain amounted to more than \$3,000,000. The crack Atlantic liners, such as the Majestic and Teutonic, the City of New York and the City of Paris, receive each \$50,000 annually in time of peace as a retaining fee for their services as auxiliary naval vessels in case of war. The ships of the new British line across the Pacific receive \$75,000 annually as an Admiralty subvention, besides \$300,000 a year from the post office. France has paid a shipping bounty since 1881. It amounts in the aggregate to about \$2,000,000 yearly, and is paid both for construction and for navigation. The navigation bounty amounts to about 29 cents a ton for every thousand miles run in foreign voyages. Besides this, in lieu of it in the case of the mail steamers, there is a liberal subsidy from the post office. The Compagnie Generale Transatlantique, for instance, receives \$804,254 a year for carrying the mails to the West Indies and Mexico.

Germany pursues the same policy as Great Britain. Since 1885 she has paid \$1,047,619 a year to the North German Lloyd for its Mediterranean and East Indian service. Last spring an annual subsidy of \$225,000 for ten years was granted to establish a new German line from Hamburg to the east coast of Africa.

Italy's shipping policy is more like that of France, but her bounties for construction are considerably heavier. She pays about \$14 a ton for Italian built ships of iron or steel, and she pays also a considerable bounty on Italian built steam engines and boilers. The navigation bounty is 13 cents a ton of gross measurement for every 1000 miles run, and the large Italian steamship lines receive in small subsidies about \$2,000,000 yearly.

Spain is making efforts in the same way to increase her carrying trade. The Government pays a construction bounty of \$7.72 a ton on vessels built in Spain. The mail subsidy to the West Indian line is \$1,500,000 a year; to the line to the Philippine Islands \$700,000 a year. The Spanish line between Cuba and New York, whose ships are docked at the foot of Vesey street, gets not less than \$5,000 from the Spanish government for every round voyage sailed in the attempt to kill off the American steamship business between New York and Cuba and Mexico.

The present session of Congress will probably dispose of the two shipping measures which Senator Frye of Maine has done so much to promote. It is easy to denounce as subsidy legislation, and therefore robbery of the United States Treasury, for the benefit of private citizens any bill designed to revive the noble industry that was once the pride and boast of America.—Sun.

A Great Scheme.

A writer in the Philadelphia Press shows that the scheme of the Farmers' Alliance of the South and Southwest to have the government loan money on farm products and real estate at 2 per cent. would be a bonanza for the millionaires. The Astors or the Vanderbilts, for instance, could borrow \$50,000,000 at 2 per cent. on \$100,000,000 worth of real estate; then invest the \$50,000,000 in more real estate and borrow \$25,000,000; and so on down until they had borrowed \$99,987,792 and held \$199,987,792 worth of real estate. The total interest paid to the government would be less than \$2,000,000, while the income from rentals would be nearly \$10,000,000 on a 5 per cent. basis, which would be a low rate for business property. Instead of making \$5,000,000 a year the millionaire owners of the real estate in question could make \$8,000,000, net. Besides that, the increase in value of the new real estate would be at least 3 per cent. a year, or \$3,000,000 more, so that the actual gain would be \$6,000,000 a year more than now. The millionaire real estate owners would make more out of the sub-treasury 2 per cent. scheme than the farmers. No wonder so many farmers repudiate it.

If there are any places in the gift of the people that ought in some way to be taken out of politics it should be the courts. And this is said even after reading Johnnie Enright's wail, and bitter attack upon Judges Morse and Champlain, because they refused to appoint him as a reward for political work.

No American could be so foolish as to suppose that a British ship master carrying British and American products, manufactures, or any exports would praise the American stock of goods in a foreign port when he is always allowed a commission by the British shippers for all sales he can encourage. Hence, we give our trade and ourselves away by entrusting our merchandise to foreign freight ships.—Judge Tourgee.

Don't hawk, hawk, blow, spit, and disgust everybody with your offensive breath, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and end it. 50 cts., by druggists.

Every Overcoat

IN THE HOUSE TO BE

Closed Out at Less than Wholesale Cost.

J. T. JACOBS & CO.,

27 AND 29 MAIN STREET, ANN ARBOR.

The Leader is in receipt of a tin can bearing this card: "This can is made of the first American tin plate made by Norton Brothers, Chicago, December, 1890. Can made by the Norton system of automatic machinery." We are also in receipt of a neat office rule, marked, "Compliments of Norton Brothers, Chicago, January 1, 1891." The rule also bears this inscription, "Unequaled facilities for the manufacture of plain and decorated sheet metal goods in quick time and unlimited quantity." Thanks of the Leader are hereby gratefully extended to Messrs. Norton Brothers. The samples above mentioned are excellent in quality and superb in style and finish. Every true American will rejoice in the thought that the day is near when the \$20,000,000 we have been sending abroad annually for tin plate is to be kept at home, expended in an American industry, the American laborer getting the benefit and the American consumer getting his tinware at a lessened cost and cheaper prices. Let our democratic free traders keep right along harping about the higher price of the workingman's "dinner pail" and they will presently have a whole army of workmen laughing at them. McKinleyism and Yankee ingenuity are sturdy American products and good enough for us.—Hillsdale Leader.



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FIRST-CLASS GOODS A SPECIALTY.

New Teas at 25c, 30c, 40c and 70c a pound. Kettles, Porcelain lined, FREE with 1 lb. Baking Powder at 50c. China Ware FREE with 1 lb. Coffee at 25c per lb. The best goods at the Lowest prices. Always full weight and measure. All Goods fresh and warranted. Delivered to any part of the city. You will save money by trading with

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GILBERT BLISS OPTICIAN, NO. 11 S. MAIN ST.

We desire your patronage and will give you satisfaction.

The Ann Arbor Courier.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1891.

FRIENDS OF THE COURIER WHO HAVE BUSINESS AT THE PROBATE COURT, WILL PLEASE REQUEST JUDGE BABBITT TO SEND THEIR PRINTING TO THIS OFFICE.

OPENING AND CLOSING OF THE MAILS OFFICE HOURS.

Table with columns: MAILS TO BE DELIVERED, MAILS TO BE RECEIVED, MAILS TO BE DISTRIBUTED. Includes times for General, Carrier Windows, Money-Order and Registry Departments, and various express services.

Table with columns: GOING EAST, MAILS TO BE DELIVERED, MAILS TO BE RECEIVED, MAILS TO BE DISTRIBUTED. Lists routes to Detroit, Chicago, and other cities with specific times.

EUGENE E. BEAL, Ann Arbor, Mich., January 1891. Postmaster.

LOCAL.

Miller's bindery on N. Main street, next to E. Duffy's store, has faded and gone.

The roads are beautiful for bicyclers now, and many of the wheelmen improve the same.

The lighting of the Court house tower is simply execrable. It is not lighted half of the time.

The regular monthly social will be held in the parlors of the Presbyterian church Thursday evening.

The Ann Arbor & Ypsilanti Street Railway has had an average of 600 passengers a day since it was started.

Chas. W. Wagner and D. F. Schairer were elected trustees of the Congregational church last Thursday evening.

Otto Mogk had three fingers of his right hand taken off by a buzz-saw at the Almendinger Piano and Organ Works yesterday.

A judgment of \$5,000 has been received by the estate of Elmer Van Dusen, who was killed by being struck by a M. C. train Dec. 17, 1889.

It is understood that the county agricultural and county horticultural societies will hold their meetings hereafter in the supervisor's room in the court house.

Now that the room in the Court house where the Third ward elections have always been held, has been rented by the supervisors, where will the "bloody-third" vote hereafter?

The new horse wagon made by A. P. Ferguson & Co., was delivered to the fire department Saturday, and is a handsome vehicle. It is some heavier than the old wagon and will stand the wear and tear of years.

The Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons is in session at Detroit. Messrs. B. F. Watts, L. C. Goodrich, R. H. Cuthbert, W. W. Watts, J. R. Miner and Will R. Price went down yesterday to attend the same.

On Wednesday night last, Lois Lodge I. O. O. F., Daughters of Rebekah, installed their newly elected officers as follows: N. G., Mrs. N. B. Covert; V. G., Mrs. C. Elmer; recording secretary, Mrs. Herman Krapf; financial secretary, Herman Krapf. The lodge is in a flourishing condition.

The various loan associations of this city are doing a good business, the applications for loans being far in advance of the powers of the associations to supply. These societies are doing a good work in supplying people with money to build homes for themselves who never could obtain one otherwise.

In the notice of the K. O. T. M. banquet last week the Business Men's Quartette, which furnished some excellent vocal music, was left out in the cold and the instrumental music of Miss Davis was also left unmentioned. Both of which omissions were sad errors, for they added largely to the pleasure of the evening.

The call for the republican state convention will be found in another column. This county will be entitled to eighteen delegates and it is due the party that the very best men in the party should be sent. The convention will be an important one and calls for the best thought and the best energy of the organization.

The Argus suggests to its neighbor, the Register, that there is something in quality as well as quantity in a newspaper. Editor Beakes had probably been gazing over the Register's serial story, running since last October or thereabouts, entitled "Proceedings of the Board of Supervisors," and its two column standing lottery announcement, etc.

Dr. Gunsaulus at University hall Thursday evening Jan. 22d.

"Mannie" Spring, with Hutzel & Co., rejoices over the advent of a son in his household.

The frames for advertising cards in the street cars have arrived and will be ready in a few days.

The Grand Lodge F. & A. M., is to meet at Grand Rapids on the new Masonic Home next Tuesday.

The condition of live stock in this county is reported at, horses 99 per cent., cattle 99, sheep 99, swine 94.

The Ypsilanti cars are crowded, and on Saturday and Sunday the capacity of the road was taxed to its full extent.

The ladies give a tea and social at the Presbyterian church Thursday evening at six o'clock. All are cordially invited.

Yesterday the alarm of fire was caused by the burning out of a chimney at Christy Carey's place corner of Detroit st. and the M. C. station st.

Thos. J. Keech was elected a director in the Michigan Association of Retail Lumber Dealers at the meeting at Kalamazoo last week, which he attended.

The sister of Mrs. J. V. N. Gregory died at the home of Mr. Gregory in Lima yesterday, a. m., and he accompanied the remains to Auburn, N. Y., tomorrow.

Dr. F. W. Gunsaulus who lectures at the University hall Thursday night is one of the most eloquent young orators on the American platform to-day, equal, many think to Wendell Phillips.

Washtenaw county had to pay \$61.08 for the support of its prisoners at the Detroit House of Correction from Oct. 1st, 1890 to Dec. 31st, 1890. There were six prisoners, two of whom were women.

Ypsilanti is not greatly pleased with the quality of the crowd that comes down there Sundays on the motor line. Give them a lodging for a night or two in the lockup and it might improve their actions.

The January crop report gives the average price per bushel for wheat in this county at 89 cents; shelled corn 54 cents; oats 32 cents; hay \$7.96 per ton; fat cattle \$2.82 per cwt.; fat hogs \$3.13 per cwt.; dressed pork, \$4.05.

The supervisors have given up the idea of building a lodging house for tramps, on the lot opposite the jail, but will enclose the lot with a high board fence and give all the tramps who come along an opportunity to earn their board, if they have any.

Supreme Treasurer Krause, of the P. of I., of Port Huron, who used \$2,750 of the Patron's money in trying to build up a newspaper organ for the order, has returned \$1,400 of the amount and the members are making a fuss about the balance. Krause was formerly a resident of this county, and friends a Dexter have come to his aid and made up the entire amount.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Congregational church are expecting to give some time during the next fortnight, a very fine entertainment consisting of stereopticon views of the Passion Play. The interest in the Passion Play has been so great that every one will want to see these views. Date will be announced in next issue.

Mrs. Nelson Cole, formerly of this city, died at the residence of Dr. A. C. Roberts, at Fort Madison, Iowa, on Tuesday Jan. 13, aged 91 years 7 months. Her remains were brought here last Friday, and funeral services held at the residence of Ex-Gov. Felch, at 10:30 o'clock. Alanson B. and Benj. F. Cole, of this city are sons of the deceased.

It is with much pleasure that we announce that Mr. W. J. Colegrove has been promoted from class 2 to class 3, with a raise of salary from \$900 to \$1,000 per year, to take effect Feb. 1, '91. This is a deserved promotion, for Mr. Colegrove has been one of the most persistent workers in the service. His run is from Toledo to Copemish, Mich., on the T. A. A. & N. M. R. R.

The four years old son of G. W. Almendinger, of this city, and two little sons of August Seabolt, who lives three miles west of Ann Arbor, wandered away from the house of the latter, last Saturday, and when found late in the afternoon, were a half mile east of Foster's station, having traveled a distance of about ten miles. The little fellows did not realize that they were lost until they were found.

Here is the Chicago Tribune's cure for diphtheria. Cut it out and paste it in your scrap-book. The editor experimented with it to his satisfaction and then gave it to the world: Give the patient half a teaspoonful of pure juice of the pineapple every fifteen minutes or half hour until relief is experienced. It usually requires only two or three doses to loosen the phlegm, when the patient feels like a new person.

Two years ago the firm of Harriman, Manly & Doty started out in the law and abstract business. At the end of the year Mr. Wm. G. Doty found it impossible to attend to the business of the firm and dropped out. At the end of the second year the firm of Harriman & Manly is dissolved, and Capt. Manly has moved his abstract books into the Agricultural room of the court house, which he has rented, and will carry on the abstract business alone as heretofore. Judge Harriman has formed a law partnership with Prof. B. M. Thompson, and they will occupy the old office over H. J. Brown's.

The Eberbach Hardware Co. is fitting up a very cozy little office in the rear of the store.

A lot of grass burning on a lot near the saw mill on Packard st. called out the fire department Monday.

The Baptist church society will have a social at Mrs. Goodrich's on State st., Saturday evening.

Bishop Garrett was called home to Dallas, Texas, last Thursday, by a telegram announcing the death of a friend.

The library committee will put in about \$400 worth of new books before long, at the high school public library.

Nelson S. Garlinghouse took a position as motor man in the Ann Arbor St. R. R. Monday.

The 31st birthday of Conrad Krapf was celebrated last Thursday. He is still a hale and hearty man.

Our "Jeff" Davis has received the appointment of janitor at Lansing, for which he was an applicant. Good for "Jeff."

Washtenaw county will be entitled to 16 delegates in the next democratic state convention, to be held February 26th, at Lansing.

Mrs. David Stoll died very suddenly at her home on Brown street, Sunday evening. She leaves a husband and family of children.

Not one owner of property on the south Ypsilanti road but holds his property higher now than he did before the motor road was built.

Mrs. Catherine DeGraw, of Lake City, who is now almost ninety years old writes renewing her subscription, and says she cannot live without the Courier.

Mr. Burnham, formerly of Ypsilanti, now of California, is visiting friends in this region. He states that a neighbor of his the past season sold his crop of raisin grapes from fifteen acres, for \$6,000, on the vines.

W. E. Boyden, of Webster, is one of the superintendents appointed for the State fair this year, to be held at Lansing during the second week of September. Hon. Wm. Ball of Hamburg, is superintendent of the cattle department.

The council meeting Monday evening only lasted a few minutes. A protest was received against locating the tramp lodging house at the corner of Ann and Ashley streets, and the same was referred to the fire department committee. A number of heavy tax payers asked for a light on the corner of Packard st. and Fifth ave. City attorney Kearney reported against allowing the claim of Eliza Collar, for damages received by falling on a defective sidewalk.

The average price of farm animals in this county as reported in the January crop report is: Horses under one year old \$33.53, between 1 and 2 years old \$55.12, between 2 and 3 years old \$74.44, three years old and over \$108.24. Milch cows \$20.41. Cattle other than milch cows, under one year old \$8.56, between 1 and 2 years old \$14.50, between 2 and 3 years old \$23.28, three years old and over \$30.18. Sheep under one year old \$2.43, over one year old \$3.10. Hogs under one year old \$3.12 over one \$6.53.

On Friday evening last J. T. Jacobs camp Sons of Veterans installed the following officers, Col. H. S. Dean acting as installing officer. The boys have arms now, are paying much attention to drill, and expect to be in fine shape for the National G. A. R. Encampment at Detroit:

- Captain—A. C. Pack
1st Lieutenant—Wm. Fisher.
2d Lieutenant—Claude F. Gage.
1st Sergeant—Wm. T. Krapf.
Quartermaster Sergeant—Wm. T. Gates.
Color Sergeant—H. M. Perkins.
Sergeant of Guard—G. H. Fisher.
Corporal of Guard—George Coats.
Camp Guard—E. Woodmansee.
Picket Guard—F. Coats.

AMUSEMENTS.

A grand prize masquerade ball will be given Thursday evening, February 19, by the X. Y. Z. club in the rink.

The entertainment given in the Unitarian parlors by the Unity Club Monday evening was a very enjoyable one. The talk on "Petroleum" by Prof. Peckham was not only interesting but very instructive, and if those who were there all listened they learned many things about this great article of commerce that they probably never knew before. The amateur theatricals were immense, Mr. Weller, Miss Bullis and Miss Crosby honoring themselves by the admirable manner in which they acted their parts. The play was ludicrous and very funny.

At the Unity Club next Monday evening Mr. Applebee will give the first of his series of five lectures upon "The Five Great Tragedies of Shakespeare." His subject is, Romeo and Juliet. Mr. Applebee is universally acknowledged to be among the foremost as an interpreter and reader of the great English poet. Let every one avail themselves of this opportunity to hear a course of lectures as good as any, if not the best, that will be offered to the people of Ann Arbor this season. There is no reason why this great subject, the theme of modern classical criticism, should not draw full houses for the entire week.

The tableaux of Ben Hur given at the grand opera house last Thursday and Friday evenings, by local celebrities, were worthy of great praise. The scenes were indeed beautiful and those who took part therein did so well that criticism can not well be made. The description of the different scenes were read by Prof. Trueblood, and it is needless to say added greatly to the enjoy-

IT MUST BE DONE.

We may not enjoy the dose, but make no wry faces.

THE OVERCOAT PILES ARE TOO HIGH

The season is fast passing! The piles must lower!

PRICES ARE KNOCKED OUT

In Plain English this means

EVERY OVERCOAT at the Star Clothing House will be closed out regardless of Cost, Selling Price, Color or previous condition.

A. L. Noble,

LEADING CLOTHIER AND HATTER,

ANN ARBOR.

ORANGE BLOSSOM!

A POSITIVE CURE FOR ALL FEMALE DISEASES.

SOME OF THE SYMPTOMS: A tired, languid feeling, low spirited and despondent, with no apparent cause. Headache, pains in the back, pains across the lower part of bowels. Great soreness in region of ovaries, bladder difficulty, frequent urinations, Leucorrhoea, Constipation of bowels, and with all these systems a terrible nervous feeling is experienced by the patient. THE ORANGE BLOSSOM TREATMENT removes all these by a thorough process of absorption. Internal remedies will never remove female weakness. There must be remedies applied right to the parts, and then there is permanent relief obtained.

EVERY LADY CAN TREAT HERSELF.

O. B. Pile Remedy. \$1.00 FOR ONE MONTH'S TREATMENT. C. B. Stomach Powders. O. B. Kidney Cures. Prepared by J. A. McCILL, M. D., & CO., 4 PANORAMA PLACE, CHICAGO, ILL.

FOR SALE BY J. J. Goodyear, John Moore, Eberbach & Sons, H. J. Brown, Druggists, Ann Arbor, Mich.

ment of the evening. His reading of the description of the Chariot Race was exceedingly fine, and captured the audience quite as much, if not more, than the scene itself. There were a few scenes, the one on the Housetop, the one on the Lake, and one in the Garden, being especially fine. The Ladies Library Association, under whose auspices the affair was given, has made a very handsome thing out of it.

METHODS OF "MIND READERS." "Mind-reading" has mystified many people. Some believe in its possibility, others deny it. To the latter class belongs Dr. Gatchell, of the University, and he certainly has evidence to support his belief. If he doesn't find the evidence elsewhere, he produces it himself. He has already performed, in Ann Arbor, the great feat that made the fame of Washington Irving Bishop.

At University Hall next Saturday evening Dr. Gatchell will repeat the feats of Bishop, Brown, and other celebrated "mind readers." This he will do on the stage, and in full sight of the audience. He will give an indoor modification of the feat of driving through the streets blindfolded, and finding a name on a hotel register. In order to give variety to the entertainment the U. of M. Glee Club has kindly consented to render several selections, and the audience will be regaled with the sweet strains of the "yellow and blue." The price of admission is fifty cents. Since the entire proceeds will be for the Gymnasium fund, those who buy tickets will be assured of simply contributing so much to this most worthy object. There will be no reserved seats. The performance will begin promptly at eight o'clock.

The First Step.

Perhaps you are run down, can't eat, can't sleep, can't think, can't do anything to your satisfaction, and you wonder what ails you. You should heed the warning, you are taking the first step into Nervous Prostration. You need a nerve tonic and Electric Bitters you will find the exact remedy for restoring your nervous system to its normal, healthy condition. Surprising results follow the use of this Great Nerve Tonic and Alterative. Your appetite returns, good digestion is restored, and the Liver and Kidneys resume a healthy action. Try a bottle Price 50c, at Eberbach's Drug Store.

THE MOST obstinate cases of catarrh are cured by the use of Ely's Cream Balm, the only agreeable remedy. It is not a liquid or snuff, is easily applied into the nostrils. For cold in the head it is magical. It gives relief at once. Price 50 cents.

RINSEY & SEABOLT'S BAKERY, GROCERY,

AND FLOUR AND FEED STORE.

We keep constantly on hand BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, etc., for wholesale and retail trade. We shall also keep a supply of

SWIFT & DEUBEL'S BEST

White Wheat Flour!

OSBORN'S GOLD DUST FLOUR, BUCK-WHEAT FLOUR, CORN MEAL, FEED, etc., at wholesale and retail. A general stock of

GROCERIES and PROVISIONS

Constantly on hand, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as at any other house in the city. Cash paid for BUTTER, EGGS, and COUNTRY PRODUCE generally. Goods delivered to any part of the city without extra charge.

RINSEY & SEABOLT.

Ladies Don't Forget the Green Ticket Sale of SCHAIRER & MILLEN

Only two weeks more. Big Mark Down on the entire Stock

Cloak Department!

To close the season every garment without reserve

Marked Down from 25 to 50 per cent.

All Cloth Jackets Marked Down.

All Plush Jackets Marked Down.

\$25.00 Walker Plush Sacques Marked Down to \$19.00.

\$13.00 Plush Jackets Marked Down to \$8.50.

Ladies' Plush and Cloth Newmarkets Marked Down.

Misses' and Childrens' Cloaks all marked down.

Big Sale Dress Goods all Marked down.

Big Sale Black Silks all Marked Down.

Big Sale Lace Curtains all Marked Down.

Underwear all Marked Down.

50 Pieces Shaker Flannel 5c per yard.

100 Pieces Wool finish Indigo Blue Prints 5c per yard.

Big Lot Curtain Scrim Now 3 1/2c a yard.

Our Low Prices Seen to tell.

ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST.

SCHAIRER & MILLEN

TRUCK AND STORAGE!

Now we are ready with a new Brick Storehouse for the storage of Household Goods, Pianos, Books, Stoves, etc.

PIANOS AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS Carefully Moved.

All kinds of heavy and light Draying.

FREIGHT WORK C. E. GODFREY,

Phone 82. Res. and Office 46 N. Fourth Ave.

A NEW SUPPLY OF THE

G A M E

OF

Tiddledy-Winks!

JUST RECEIVED AT

Wahr's BOOK STORE

OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Main Street, Ann Arbor.

LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER!

If you contemplate building, call at

FERDON'S

LUMBER YARD!

Corner Fourth and Depot Sts., and get our figures for all kinds of

LUMBER!

We manufacture our own Lumber and guarantee

VERY LOW PRICES

Give us a call and we will make it to your interest, as our large and well graded stock fully sustains our assertion. Telephone Connections with office.

T. J. KEECH, Supt. JAMES TOLBERT, Prop.

HANGSTERFER'S

French Hand-Made

Bon Bons

25 Cents a Box.

Put up in one-pound Fancy Boxes. Sold elsewhere at 40 and 50.

Candies made every day.

28 S. Main St.

\$3000

A YEAR! I undertake to briefly teach any fairly intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write, and who, after instruction, will work industriously, how to earn Three Thousand Dollars a Year in their own localities, wherever they live. I will also furnish the situation or employment at which you can earn that amount. No money for me unless successful as above. Easily and quickly learned. I desire but one worker from each district or county. I have already taught and provided with employment a large number, who are making over \$2000 a year each. IT IS NEW and SOLD. Full particulars FREE. Address at once, E. C. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.

ADVERTISERS or others, who wish to examine an advertising space when in Chicago, will find it on file at 45 to 49 Randolph St. The Advertising Agency of LORD & THOMAS.

GEMS IN VERSE.

Over,
The halcyon days are over,
The halcyon days are over,
There is no merry hum of bees
In the dew and scented clover;

Heterodoxy.
Pray thee, put the sermon by—vex my soul no
more with croods;
They are only stones and husks to my hungry
spirit's needs.

Child and Mother.
O, Mother—My-Love, if you'll give me your hand,
And go where I ask you to wander,

Indirection.
Fair are the flowers and the children, but their
subtle suggestion is fairer;
Bare is the rooster of dawn, but the secret that
claps its wings is rarer.

"I Am a Woman."
I am a woman—therefore I may not
Call to him, cry to him,
Fly to him, delay to him!

Time Shall Show.
Thou canst not see grass grow, how sharp see'er
thou be;
Yet that the grass has grown thou very soon
canst see;

Past the Alpine Summits.
Yet contrast, soul! nor hold thy strength in vain.
In hope o'ercome the steps God set for thee;
For past the Alpine summits of great pain
Lies Italy.

Liberty.
For always in these eyes, oh, Liberty!
Shines that high light whereby the world is saved;
And though thou slay us, we will trust in thee.

Have winning ways—Book-makers.
"Put up or shut up"—The umbrella.

COUNTY AND VICINITY.

A. P. O. at Carpenter's Corners, on the
Ypsi-Motor line is talked of.
H. C. Locke has opened a new bakery
in the George block, Ypsilanti.

A class in physical culture for children
has been organized in Ypsilanti by
the Y. W. C. A.

The Ancient Order of (Modern) Her-
bernians gave a grand ball at their hall
in Ypsilanti Thursday evening.

The meeting of the Y. P. R. C. at
Robert McCall's, Webster, last Friday
evening, was a very pleasant affair.

The ladies of the Congregational
church of Webster, give an oyster sup-
per to-morrow, Thursday evening, at
W. E. Boyden's.

Thirteen out of 24 mills and elevators
report the marketing of 35,962 bushels
of wheat during December, and 281,789
since Aug. 1st last.

Off of 1,684.42 acres there were pro-
duced 124,088 bushels of potatoes in this
county last fall, and from 44,277 acres,
49,646 tons of hay were grown.

The fire bell will not be rung in the future
except in cases of fire—so in the city
fathers have decreed. Well, at the cost
of ringing it for council meetings last
year, we should say it was extravagant
music.—Saline Observer.

Horace Baldwin, president, George
Boynton, vice president, S. L. Gage,
secretary and treasurer, and Albert
Goodrich, sentinel, constitute the re-
cently elected officers of Chelsea Union
P. O.—Chelsea Standard.

A cat has found its way into this office
and seems inclined to take up its abode.
We shall feed it on spring poetry and
anonymous communications.—Saline
Observer. Why not insert the words
"authors of" in front of "spring" in the
third line?

Chelsea Union P. O. will meet at
Lima Town Hall, Saturday evening,
Jan. 24, at 6 o'clock, and debate the fol-
lowing: Resolved, That the McKinley
bill is the best tariff bill for the farmer,
ever passed by congress. S. L. Gage,
secretary.—Chelsea Standard.

The dismissal of Prof. Bellows at the
close of this year caused quite a good
deal of excitement in school the first of
the week. Petitions are being circulated
among the students, asking the State
Board to reconsider the action, and
reinstate the professor.—Ypsilanti Com-
mercial.

The Ypsi-A. A. has made regular trips
since our last issue, and although it is
not pleasing every one, it is certainly
doing much towards it. The trips at
first occupied two hours, as mentioned
last week, but now only one and one-half
hours are used, and the actual running
time is only about 20 minutes each way.—
Ypsilanti Commercial.

Capt. Allen Responds.

Our Washington dispatches frequently
tell us of the activity of Capt. Allen at
Washington, and the frequency with
which he is called upon to occupy with
the speaker's chair. Sunday's Tribune had
the following account of a bout he had
with the southern brigadiers:

During the discussion of the district
appropriation bill this afternoon the
Democrats charged the elective franchise
was abolished in Washington because
of the negro vote. This drew from Capt.
Allen a spirited response. "The Democ-
rats," said the captain, "pose as being
mourning for the poor people of the Dis-
trict of Columbia because they have not
the right to vote. I charge them to show
any bill or resolution to prove that the
right was taken from them because the
negro vote was a dangerous factor, nor
has there been any feeling on the part
of Democrats in congress, since the
elective franchise has been taken from
these people looking toward its restora-
tion, and when the gentleman from New
Jersey (Mr. McAdoo) says that the ob-
ject of the existing form of government
in this district is to disfranchise the
negro, he falsifies his story, because the
white citizen is disfranchised as well as
the negro. This disfranchisement is not
on account of the negro, but because
this city is made up for the most part
of transient residents; people who come
here to stay from six months to six years
and then go elsewhere. The wisdom of
fathers, who took the franchise from the
people—

Mr. Hemphill—Fathers?
Mr. Allen—It is this legislation
that I am alluding to, and perhaps so far as
my friend from South Carolina is con-
cerned, he was one of the "fathers." But
the reason the elective franchise
was taken away was not to get rid
of the negro vote. Whites and blacks
were treated alike in glaring contrast
with the conditions South, of which we
complain. The gentleman from Tennes-
see (Mr. Richards) says that were it not
for the negro vote at least four states of
the north would be Democratic. I an-
swer him by saying, that if you will allow
the negro to exercise the right which
he has under the constitution, that right
for which many of his race died in the
late civil war, there are not less than six
states south of Mason and Dixon's line
that would give their electoral votes to
the Republican candidates for President.
Mr. Struble—eight or nine.

Mr. Allen—But instead of this
negro vote is suppressed either by false-
hood, fraud or crime; so long will there
be irritation; so long will there be agita-
tion and until this question is settled
right it will never be settled. And I
assure the gentlemen on the other side
that talking about the negro in the Dis-
trict of Columbia will not clear their
skirts of the blood guiltiness of suppress-
ing by violence and murder thousands of
votes that are as well entitled to be cast
as their own." [Applause on the Repub-
lican side.]

A Lively Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Washtenaw
County Mutual Fire Ins. Co. at Secretary
Child's office last Thursday was quite a
lively meeting. There were three new
directors to be elected, and there were
some sixty or seventy stockholders who
came very quietly to the meeting re-
solved upon a change.

The first director to be chosen was in
the place of President Platt, and the
result of the ballot was 144 votes cast,
of which H. D. Platt received 48, Wm.
Campbell 35, F. P. Galpin 54, scattering
6. Mr. Platt withdrew his name after
the second ballot which was very much
the same except that Mr. Galpin received
70 votes.

The third ballot resulted in 150 votes,
of which 78 were for Mr. Campbell, 59
for F. P. Galpin, 11 for A. R. Graves, 2
for H. D. Platt, and Mr. Campbell was
declared the choice. President Platt had
been a director for nine years, and pres-
ident for seven years, and had made an
excellent officer, but there was a demand
for a change. Had Mr. Galpin lived in
the southeastern part of the county the
choice would have fallen upon him. Mr.
Campbell is a good man and will make
an honest and capable director.

As John F. Spafard, of Manchester,
was the only representative on the board
from the southwestern part of the county
he was re-elected unanimously.

After two ballots Andrew T. Hughes,
of Scio, was re-elected a director, re-
ceiving 70 votes to 52 for W. D. Smith,
which ended the election scenes. Some
of the interesting remarks were made by
Henry C. Waldron, which were replied
to by Messrs. Hunt, Nordman and
others. Evert H. Scott volunteered the
information that the assessments for the
past six years had been \$3.90, \$2, \$1, \$1,
\$1.75 and \$1.75, making an average of
\$1.70, which he considered very cheap
insurance. George A. Peters, of Scio,
also defended the company's officials,
and thought they should not be blamed
for the number of fires or lightning
storms.

It was altogether an interesting meet-
ing, but the affairs of the company were
found in an admirable condition and
everything kept up in excellent shape
by Secretary Childs.

Blood Will Tell.

There is no question about it, blood will
tell, especially if it be an impure blood.
Blotches, eruptions, pimples and boils,
are all symptoms of an impure blood,
due to the improper action of the liver.
When this important organ fails to
properly perform its function of purify-
ing and cleansing the blood, impurities
are carried to all parts of the system,
and the symptoms above referred to are
merely evidences of the struggle of Na-
ture to throw off the poisonous germs.
Unless her warning be heeded in time,
serious results are certain to follow,
culminating in liver or kidney disorders,
or even in consumption. Dr. Pierce's
Golden Medical Discovery will prevent
and cure these diseases, by restoring
the liver to a healthy condition.

Speaks for itself—The phonograph.
"Nothing in it"—The vacant chair.
Hibbard's Rheumatic and Liver Pills.
These Pills are scientifically com-
pounded, and uniform in action. No
gripping pain so commonly following the
use of Pills. They are adapted to both
our old and children with perfect safety.
We guarantee they have no equal in the
cure of Sick headache, Constipation,
Dyspepsia, and Biliousness; and, as an
appetizer, they excel any other prepara-
tion.

A MELANCHOLY FATE.

The man who cheats his printer
Out of one single cent,
Will never reach the heavenly land
Where good Elijah went.



GEORGE W. DORSEY.
George W. Dorsey, congressman from
the third Nebraska District, was born in
Loudoun County, Virginia, January 25,
1842. He was educated in private
schools and at Oakland Academy. At
the beginning of hostilities in 1861, he
recruited a company and entered the
Union army as lieutenant in the Sixth
Virginia Infantry. He was promoted to
the rank of captain and major, and was
mustered out with the army of Shenan-
doah in August, 1865. A year later he
removed to Nebraska, where he com-
menced to read law, being admitted to
the bar in 1869. Mr. Dorsey has been
engaged in the banking business during
the last ten years. He has been a mem-
ber of the last three congresses and is
chairman of the committee on Banking
and Currency and is the champion of
the bill allowing national banks to in-
crease their currency ten per cent. He
will be succeeded in the next House by
F. T. Curren of the Farmer's Alliance.

Literary Notes.

"The Workingman in Australia" is
the subject of the first of two articles to
appear in the February and March num-
bers of the Century on the "Anglo-Saxon
in the Southern Hemisphere." These
articles are written by Mr. George R.
Parkin, who will be remembered as the
author of a striking article on Upping-
ham, and another on "The Reorganiza-
tion of the British Empire," published in
the Century in 1888.

"Iron-Smelting by Modern Methods"
will be the subject of the February ar-
ticle in the American Industries Series
now running in The Popular Science
Monthly. Every man who wishes to
understand the progress of the great in-
dustries that have made the wealth and
prosperity of the United States should
read this series.

Colonel Dodge, who is writing a series
of books intended not only to set forth
the achievements of certain great mili-
tary leaders, but through them the
origin and growth of the art of war,
will shortly publish "Hannibal," as the
second volume of the series. As Col.
Dodge has been time and again over the
various battle fields and marches of
Hannibal, and has made an exceedingly
careful study of the subject, his work
cannot fail to be of great interest.

Worthington Company announces for
immediate publication "A Russian Coun-
try House," by Carl Delfel. Translated
by Mrs. J. W. Davis. Fully illustrated
with photographs. 1 vol., 12mo. cloth,
\$1.00; paper, 50 cents. A very interesting
love story of which the scenes are
laid in high Russian life. It presents
capital pictures of the manners and cus-
toms at the court at the time of the
great Elizabeth, favorites, acquaintances
with some of her favorites, as well as
festivities and carried up with barbaric
splendor and gives us a further insight
into the strange Russian character of which
Turgenieff and Tolstoi have given us
some glimpses.

The Detroit News Association will
next month (February) publish "The
Quarterly Register of Current History,"
a useful and beautiful illustrated maga-
zine of the world's doings for the quar-
ter, and no library in the land is com-
plete without it. The first number con-
tains the history of the past year, writ-
ten in a style which while correct is
attractive. It cannot be too cordially
commended. The price is 25 cents or
\$1 per annum.

Armed at all points—porcupines.
A "bear" existence—some brokers.

The great popularity of Ayer's Pills
as a cathartic is due no less to their
promptness and efficacy than to their
coating of sugar and freedom from any
injurious effects. Children take them
readily. See Ayer's Almanac for this
year, just out.

PROTECTION OR FREE-TRADE. WHICH?

Do you want to keep thoroughly
posted on the effects of the New
Tariff Law, as shown from week to
week?

Do you want to know all about the
policy of Protection and have an
answer to every false statement of
the Free-Traders?

Then subscribe for your home
paper and the AMERICAN ECONOMIST,
published weekly by the American
Protective Tariff League, New York.
(Sample copy free). The ECONOMIST is
an acknowledged authority on Protection
and should be widely read. The yearly
subscription of the ECONOMIST is \$2,
but we have made a
special arrangement with the pub-
lishers by which we can send you
the ECONOMIST for one year and

SULPHUR BITTERS
The Greatest Blood Purifier KNOWN.
This Great German Medicine is the
cheapest and best. 128 doses of SUL-
PHUR BITTERS for \$1.00, less than
one cent a dose. It will cure the
worst cases of skin disease, from
a common pimple on the face to
that awful disease Scrofula.

W. BAKER & CO.'S
Breakfast Cocoa
from which the excess of
oil has been removed, is
Absolutely Pure
and it is Soluble.
No Chemicals
are used in its preparation. It has
more than three times the strength of
Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot
or Sugar, and is therefore far more
economical, costing less than one cent
a cup. It is delicious, nourishing,
strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED,
and admirably adapted for invalids
as well as for persons in health.

MONEY
can be earned at our NEW line of work,
rapidly and honorably, by those of
either sex, young or old, and in their
own localities, wherever they live. Any
one can do the work. Easy to learn.
We furnish everything. We start you. No
cost to you except your own time. This is
an entirely new and better system than
any other. We can furnish you with
instruments for earning from \$25 to \$50
per week and upwards. Make more
money than any other. We can furnish
employment and teach you FREE. No
space to explain here. Full
information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, GA.

THIS PAPER
Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce
Street, New York)
may be found on
this at GEO. P.
BOWELL & CO'S
Street, where adver-
tisements are
inserted.
USE DR. CRAIG'S
ORIGINAL
KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE
Crown Plasters and Pills.

ALL LADIES USE
C.B.R.A.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
THE CRAIG MEDICINE CO.,
PASSAIC, N. J.
150 DOSES ONE DOLLAR.
FREE LITERATURE FOR ALL.

THE AMERICAN PROTECTIVE TARIFF LEAGUE
publishes a most valuable series of
documents. These are prepared with a
view to state the facts and arguments for Protec-
tion, whether in the interest of farmers,
laborers, merchants or professional men.
Each issue of the series appeals to those en-
gaged in separate industries, and presents in-
disputable facts—comparisons of wages, cost
of living, and other arguments showing the
benefits of Protection.

FARGO'S
Shoes for the
Family
FARGO'S
"Box Tip" School Shoes
for Boys and Girls.
FARGO'S
\$2.50 Calf Shoe
for Gentlemen.
FARGO'S
\$2.50 LADIES' BOOT

The Farmers' & Mechanics Bank
CAPITAL \$50,000. SURPLUS \$10,000.
Additional Liabilities of Stockholders
\$50,000.
Report of the condition of the FARMERS
MECHANICS' BANK at Ann Arbor, Michigan
at the close of business, Dec. 19, 1890.
RESOURCES.
Loans and discounts..... \$230,401 80
Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc..... 74,321 56
Overdrafts..... 4,139 89
Due from banks in reserve cities..... 8,695 77
Due from other banks and bankers..... 5,599 04
Due from Washtenaw County..... 28,225 60
Furniture and fixtures, at each year..... 7,540 00
Current expenses and taxes paid..... 1,807 99
Interest paid..... 3,410 48
Checks and cash items..... 999 39
Notes and securities..... 283 88
Gold..... 6,702 50
Silver..... 1,730 15
U. S. and National Bank Notes..... 5,600 00
Total..... \$375,517 70

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
MICHIGAN FURNITURE CO.
OF ANN ARBOR, MICH.,
ON JANUARY 1, 1891.
Made as Required by Law.
RESOURCES.
Merchandise, Lumber, finished and
unfinished work on hand as per
Inventory..... \$10,921 46
Real Estate..... 13,339 38
Machinery and Tools..... 4,475 15
Bank Accounts..... 10,280 12
Cash on hand..... 6,382 22
Total..... \$45,398 33

LIABILITIES.
Capital Stock..... \$40,000 00
Surplus Fund..... 10,000 00
Dividend due January 10..... 4,000 00
Bills Payable..... 1,398 11
Total..... \$65,398 11

W. M. DE HABRMAN,
LEONARD GRUBER,
MOSES SEABOLT,
Directors.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th
day of January, 1891.
MICHAEL J. FRITZ,
Notary Public

At the last regular meeting of the Directors
of this Company an annual dividend of ten per
cent was declared, payable to stockholders in
accordance with the Charter of the Company,
record on January 10th, 1891, at the office of the
Ann Arbor Savings Bank.
CHARLES B. HISCOCK,
Secretary.

C. H. MILLEN,
INSURANCE AGENT!
67 Huron St. 2 doors W. of Harris Guild.

Rates Low as the Lowest, Losses Liber-
ally Adjusted and promptly Paid.
HOME INS. CO. of New York.
CONTINENTAL INS. CO. of New York.
NIAGARA INS. CO. of New York.
GRANVILLE INS. CO. of Philadelphia.
ORIENT INS. CO. of Hartford.
COMMERCIAL UNION of London.
LIVERPOOL, LONDON and GLOBE.

C. H. MILLEN
FARGO'S
Shoes for the
Family
FARGO'S
"Box Tip" School Shoes
for Boys and Girls.
FARGO'S
\$2.50 Calf Shoe
for Gentlemen.
FARGO'S
\$2.50 LADIES' BOOT
Dongola or Goat, Button,
Opera, or Common Sense.
Tackless and Flexible.
Warranted the most
durable and serviceable
made in Ladies and Misses'
sizes.
OUR NAME IS ON THE BOTTOM OF EVERY SHOE.
Ask your dealer for FARGO'S shoes. If he does not
keep them send to us and we will furnish them at
the lowest price. Send postal for descriptive list.
C. H. FARGO & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.
DOTY & FEINER,
AGENTS, ANN ARBOR

Epitome of the Week.

INTERESTING NEWS COMPILATION.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Second Session.

A bill was passed in the Senate on the 13th transferring army officers on the limited retired list who have reached the age of 64 to the unlimited list, and providing further that the number of officers on the limited list shall be 300. Senator Sherman spoke against the free coinage of silver... In the House a bill was introduced to vest the legislative power of Alaska in a Governor and a legislative assembly and that the Territory shall have a delegate to Congress. The report on the House appropriation bill was presented and the army appropriation bill was discussed.

SENATOR VEST surprised the United States Senate on the 14th by offering, as a substitute for the financial bill, a free-coinage bill pure and simple, and the Senate promptly passed it by a vote of 39 to 27. The bill provides that the unit of value in the United States shall be the dollar, to be coined of 412 1/2 grains of standard silver or 23 8/10 grains of standard gold... In the House the army appropriation bill was passed and the District of Columbia appropriation bill was discussed.

In the Senate a bill was passed on the 15th to credit O. M. Laraway, late postmaster at Minneapolis, with \$11,115, the value of postage stamps stolen from his office in July, 1888. A bill was introduced to establish branch mints at Omaha, Neb., and Boise City, Idaho. The bill introduced by Mr. Lusk was taken up and discussed... In the House a message from the Senate was received announcing the passage of the financial bill with a free-coinage substitute. The immigrant bill was reported. A committee was named to investigate the silver-pool question.

A BILL was introduced in the Senate on the 16th providing for a temporary government for Alaska. A bill to equalize standard time in the United States was introduced and the fortifications bill (H. R. 83048) was reported. The elections bill was then discussed, the session lasting all night... In the House bills were passed granting a pension of \$50 a month to General Franz Sigel, \$100 a month to General N. P. Banks, \$100 a month to General Isaac Quinby, of Rochester, N. Y., and one increasing to \$100 a month the pension of Joseph J. Bartlett, of New York. In all seventy pension bills were passed.

DOMESTIC.

MAJOR WOODRUFF, State Treasurer of Arkansas, was reported \$97,000 short in his accounts.

JOSEPH AIKENS, of Mount Union, O., died at the age of 99 years. He was born in Belford, France, and served under Napoleon the Great for eight years. He came to America in 1840.

The visible supply of grain in store in the United States on the 12th was: Wheat, 25,519,200 bushels; corn, 2,814,916 bushels.

CHARLES WATSON, a young farmer living near Columbus, Ind., shot and slightly wounded Miss Susie Walters because she refused his suit and then killed himself.

It was reported in Lawrence, Kan., that in the western part of the State the farmers' crops had failed for five years and that now they were actually dying from destitution, starving for want of food and freezing for want of clothing and fuel.

In a gale on Chesapeake bay two schooners went down, others were wrecked and several lives were lost.

At Dallas, Tex., \$106,000 worth of property was destroyed by fire.

THREE men were killed and one was fatally injured by the explosion of a locomotive at Ashland, Pa.

E. H. AMMIDON, dealer in dry goods at New York, failed for \$697,706; assets, \$96,246.

THREE men were fatally scalded by the bursting of a steam pipe in the Edison Electric Light Company at Philadelphia.

Four farmers, Milt Gilmore, Grant Fleming, Rube Babcock and Charles Ream, attempted to cross a track ahead of a train near Clyde, O., and all were killed.

It was reported from Pine Ridge, S. D., on the 18th that General Miles had received the absolute submission of all the chiefs who had been the disturbing leaders among the Brules. The reds were pocketed in a ravine within two miles of the agency with the troops on all sides of them. Kicking Bear, Short Bull and Two Strike said that the war was over and they were willing to do just what General Miles ordered.

NEAR Peru, Ind., William Shalzer's wagon, loaded with wheat, upset in a ditch, and Mrs. Shalzer was fatally injured and the baby in her arms was killed.

THREE men, Harry Lewis, Dennis Simmons and Joseph Hughes, were killed at Deadwood, S. D., by an explosion of dynamite.

THERE are, according to the State Commissioner of Railroads, 7,018.78 miles of railroad in Michigan. The gross earnings for the year 1900 aggregated \$96,328,071.62; net income, \$91,809,279.54.

GEORGE ESTES and Fannie Hogan were married at a country church in Marion County, Ala. Just as the ceremony was concluded a shot was fired through a window and the bride fell dead. A discarded lover was charged with the crime.

E. M. VAN TASSEL's grain elevator in New York was gutted by fire, causing a loss of \$200,000.

At Denver Harley McCoy insulted Chief-of-Police Hawley, when the latter drew a revolver and fatally shot McCoy, who returned the fire, killing Hawley.

The Michigan State Treasurer's report shows a balance on hand at the close of the fiscal year of \$1,151,259.

W. G. HARPER, agent of the National Life Insurance Company of Vermont, was placed under bonds for the alleged embezzlement of \$60,000.

The Seamen's Union in session at Detroit decided to withdraw from the Knights of Labor and form an independent society.

It was reported that American manufacturers of spools, bobbins and shuttles, in conjunction with British capitalists, were forming a syndicate with \$5,000,000 capital to control the business.

In a prize-fight at New Orleans Bob Fitzsimmons, of Australia, defeated Jack Dempsey, the champion middleweight of America, in thirteen rounds.

REPRESENTATIVES of thirty tanning establishments, with \$12,000,000 and covering the whole country, were forming a combination at Pittsburgh, Pa.

Some persons distributed poison in the pasture of B. F. Siebert at Beaver City, Neb., and twenty-two head of fine-blooded cattle were found dead.

Directors of the Bell Telephone Company at Boston voted to issue

\$2,500,000 new stock. This would increase the capital stock to \$15,000,000.

NINE passengers on the Long Island Rapid Transit railroad were injured in a collision near Denton station, Long Island.

MRS. MELVIN A. WHITE, of Wheaton, Wis., had on the 14th been asleep for three weeks, and all efforts to awake her had proved fruitless.

DURING the progress of an Italian wedding at the residence of Michael Sussano in Erie, Pa., the baby son of the host fell into a caldron of soup and was cooked to death.

THE locomotive machine works at Richmond, Va., were damaged to the extent of \$125,000 by fire.

JOHN KODERER, a farmer, was halted by three footpads near his home at Jeffersonville, Ind., who robbed him and then fatally beat him.

A RUNAWAY car at the Bannock granite quarry at Split Rock, N. Y., instantly killed Engineer Norton, George Talbot and Robert and David Robertson, and fatally injured for other men.

MRS. EMILY YOUNG, of Johnstown, Pa., 50 years old, eloped with John Gannon, aged 30 years.

MILLEDDGE L. BONHAM, ex-Adjutant General of South Carolina, confessed that he had embezzled \$5,000 belonging to the State.

GENERAL MILES telegraphed the Washington authorities on the 15th that he considered the war at an end, and that "a more complete submission to the military power has never been made by any Indians."

A PERMANENT exposition company with a capital of \$100,000 was organized at Chattanooga, Tenn.

It was said that John C. Hall, a San Francisco lawyer and trustee of two estates, had confessed to the embezzlement of \$150,000.

COUNTERFEIT five-dollar silver certificates were in circulation at Fort Wayne, Ind. The bill is of the department series of 1886, check letter B, signed W. S. Rosecrans, Registrar, and Isaac W. Hyatt, Treasurer. The paper is poor, thin and of a yellowish tint. The vignette of General Grant is a very poor imitation of the original.

THE 11-months' old baby of Oscar M. Spurrier, living near Baltimore, Md., was relieved of thirty-six different articles which he had swallowed surreptitiously, including several buttons, eight tacks, four needles and eighteen pins. It was believed he would recover.

A FIRE in the Dickson block at Peoria, Ill., caused a loss of about \$200,000; insurance, \$150,000.

In a store at Peru, Ind., an eloping couple were married by a minister, whom they had brought with them from North Grove.

SECRETARY WINDOM has decided that all foreign cattle imported, whether for consumption or for transit, must undergo a veterinary inspection.

ALL the saloon-keepers in Missouri Valley, Ia., were indicted by the grand jury.

An appeal for aid has been sent out by the citizens of Lincoln County, Neb., claiming that 500 families are suffering for the necessities of life.

THE post-office at Key West, Fla., was robbed of \$2,900.

ICE had gorged in the Susquehanna river near Wilkesbarre, Pa., and the surrounding country was flooded.

THE telegraph operators on the line of the Nickel-Plate have been given an increase of \$5 per month in wages.

A SEVERE shock of earthquake was felt in Pepperell, N. H., and adjoining towns. Sleigh bells were rung in stables and crockery was rattled.

MRS. SARAH CABLE, a well-known woman of Elkhart, Ind., dropped dead of heart disease while walking on the street. She was 50 years of age.

THE Florida Subtropical Exposition opened its fourth annual session at Jacksonville.

THE Stoneboro Savings Bank and the Sandy Lake Savings Bank, both of Pennsylvania and both managed by the same parties, have failed.

A. C. PETRIE & Co., wholesalers in lumber at Dallas, Tex., failed for \$190,000.

A FIRE at Milford, Neb., destroyed Dunnegar's livery stable and fourteen horses were burned to death.

MRS. MAGGIE HUGHES was kicked to death at Kansas City by her drunken husband.

THE planing-mill of Blodgett & Osgood at St. Paul was burned. Loss, \$300,000.

In the United States the business failures during the seven days ended on the 16th numbered 411, against 403 the preceding week and 398 the corresponding week last year.

JOHN JOHNSON, a colored boy aged 15 years, was hanged at Opelika, Ark., for the murder of Jenkins Moore.

At Lehigh, Ind. T. Mrs. Mattie Hatcher, a poverty stricken widow, choked her two little boys, aged 4 and 6 years, to death and then, with them in her arms, jumped into a spring and was drowned.

A FIRE in the carpet mill of John and James Dobson at Philadelphia caused a loss of \$500,000.

REPORTS of the state of trade at different points in the country show general improvement in the volume of business, easier money markets and a more cheering outlook.

A HEAVILY filled mail pouch from Kansas City was stolen from the depot platform at Nichols Junction, Mo. The pouch contained over 3,000 letters and forty-six registered packages.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has approved the act for a public building at Sioux City, Ia.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL MILLER has rendered an opinion that bounties should not be paid under the new tariff act on sugars produced prior to the 1st day of July next.

At Greensburg, Pa., three painters, Jonathan Ryan, Joseph Ryan and Joseph Clark, fell from a scaffold and sustained fatal injuries.

A PARTY of thirty young Swedish people has left Omaha for Shanghai, China, where they will become missionaries of the Swedish Evangelical church. Another party of fifteen will leave next month.

PAIN AND DREAD attend the use of most cathartics. Liquids and snuffs are unpleasant as well as dangerous. Ely's Cream Balm is safe, pleasant, easily applied into the nostrils and a sure cure. It cleanses the nasal passages and heals the inflamed membrane, giving relief at once. Price 50 cents.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

THE Supreme Court of Nebraska decided on the 18th to recognize Governor-elect Boyd. Governor Thayer, however, still retained the office on the ground that Boyd had not proved his citizenship.

THE inauguration of John L. Routt as Governor of Colorado took place at Denver on the 18th.

LELAND STANFORD was re-elected to the United States Senate from California on the 18th.

GENERAL S. V. DENET, Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance of the War Department, was placed on the retired list of the army. His services in the army extended over a period of forty-six years.

At the demand of the Board of Public Lands and Buildings ex-Governor Thayer, of Nebraska, gave up possession of the executive apartments under protest.

COLONEL McCULL, the famous operative manager, is a hopeless invalid at his home in Baltimore from paralysis.

CHARLES KING, of Middletown, Mass., was 110 years old on the 15th. His health was good.

THE Republican Senatorial caucus at Springfield, Ill., on the 15th nominated ex-Governor R. J. Oglesby to succeed Charles B. Farwell as United States Senator.

LIEUTENANT JAMES MANN died at Fort Riley, Kan., from the effects of a wound received in the recent Indian battle at Wounded Knee.

THE Republicans of the New Hampshire Legislature on the 15th nominated Jacob H. Gallinger to succeed Senator Blair in the United States Senate.

LEWIS LANDERS, the oldest citizen of Limestone County, Tenn., died at the residence of his daughter in Shoalford Bend, aged 99 years. He was a soldier in the war of 1812.

JOHN CHAMBERS, the oldest citizen of Morgan County, Ill., celebrated the 100th anniversary of his birth on the 16th at Jacksonville.

POLLY ANN COLLINS, aged 12 years and 3 months, was married to Jesse L. Dunahoo, a widower of 33 years, near St. Helens, Ky.

FOREIGN.

SENOR M. A. MARTINEZ, president of the Spanish Chamber of Deputies, is dead.

A FIRE at Montreal caused a loss of \$135,000.

A FIRE in the sugar cane of La Rosita estate near Matanzas, Cuba, destroyed a greater portion of the cane, causing a heavy loss.

THE cold weather was causing much misery in and about Berlin. Over 62,000 people were out of work and must remain so until the weather moderated.

At Brockville, Ont., a sharp shock of earthquake was felt which sounded more like the crackling of buildings during a severe frost than the usual rumblings.

FIRE at Montreal, Can., caused losses aggregating \$100,000. The insurance was \$30,000.

By the wrecking of a schooner between the Bay Islands and the Cayman fourteen lives were lost.

THREE earthquake shocks occurred at Parral, Mex., causing the gallery of a convent to give way, killing six and wounding nine persons.

DONALD MCKINNON, of Goderich, Ont., shot his wife and then killed himself in a fit of jealousy.

LEO DELIBES, the famous operatic composer, died at Paris, aged 44 years.

LATER NEWS.

THE time of the United States Senate on the 17th was occupied in discussing the elections bill. In the House the District of Columbia appropriation bill was considered.

A LARGE number of business buildings at Horton, Kan., were burned. Loss, \$300,000.

GEORGE CLARKE, his wife Maggie and daughter Mary, 5 years old, were suffocated by illuminating gas while asleep at their home in Boston.

AT Shelbyville, Ill., a dangerous \$10 counterfeit bill raised from \$1 was in circulation.

FURTHER advices say that the loss by the recent fire in the Dobson carpet mills at Philadelphia was \$1,500,000, and 5,000 persons were thrown out of work.

TWO WORKMEN were burned to death in a fire at the mills of the Otis Company at Three Rivers, Mass.

By an explosion of natural gas the Hotel Marvin at Findlay, O., valued at \$40,000, was left in ruins, two girls were killed and seven other persons were injured, some fatally.

THE Sultan of Turkey has granted a complete amnesty to the hundreds of Armenians accused of political offenses.

WHILE crazed with liquor Judge J. A. Warden, of Chattanooga, Tenn., shot and killed his son-in-law, S. M. Fugette, and fatally shot his daughter.

WILLIAM NAIR, of Tipton, Ind., shot his wife and then himself. Both died instantly. Jealousy was the cause.

GEORGE BANCROFT, the venerable historian, died at his home in Washington at 3:40 o'clock on the afternoon of the 17th, aged 91 years. He had been sick only two days.

A FIRE at Buffalo, N. Y., in the hardware store of Walbridge & Co. caused a loss of \$225,000.

FIVE men were fatally shot by two masked men at McCurtainville, Mont. The cause for the shooting was not known.

ANDREW KENMIRE, James Newgent and John Miller were fatally injured at Carnegie's works at Pittsburgh, Pa.

While a party of young people were coasting at Appleton, Wis., the sled ran into the river and Jay Briggs, Emma Asid and May Cary were drowned.

THE city of Alamosa, Col., was almost wiped out by fire.

At the Pine Ridge agency in South Dakota Little Wound said that there would be no more fighting and that the bucks realized this, and while not liking the thought of the surrender of their guns, they would not use them against the whites any more.

A Remarkable Case.—Mr. Walter Wheeler, of the Washington Mills, Lawrence, Mass., for two years afflicted with varicose veins, accompanied by a troublesome eruption, was completely cured after taking only eight bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

HISTORIAN BANCROFT DEAD.

THE Long Career of the Eminent Writer Brought to an End.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 20.—The community was greatly shocked by the news that George Bancroft, the venerable historian, was dead. It had been realized that Mr. Bancroft could hardly survive much longer the increasing infirmities incident to his extremely old age, but he had been in cheerful spirits and apparently better health this year since his



GEORGE BANCROFT.

return from Newport than for several seasons past, so that his death was sudden and unexpected to all except a few intimate friends who knew of the attack of illness which carried him off. The end was quiet and peaceful and came after a period of unconsciousness lasting about twenty-four hours.

Mr. Bancroft for some years past had been in the habit of spending about five months in Newport and passing the winter and colder season of the year in Washington. Two years ago he had a severe attack of sickness, which kept him in bed for four or five weeks, and as he was then in his 89th year grave apprehensions were felt for his life. He recovered, however, but was never after that as strong as he had formerly been. He came to this city from Newport last October feeling better than for some time past. He was in fine health and spirits, had an excellent appetite and a good faculty for sleep, until last week when he caught a slight cold. He had always lived carefully but generously and had said repeatedly within the last six weeks that he had never slept better nor had a better appetite.

Norwithstanding his cold he continued to seek out door exercise every day until Thursday, when he took to his bed as a matter of precaution. His whole illness was less than three days. He failed rapidly yesterday and became unconscious in the afternoon, in which state he remained until the end. His son John C. Bancroft, who with his wife kept house for the historian, was with him in his last moments.

Mr. Bancroft was also fond of outdoor exercise, to which in a large measure he attributed his good health and prolonged life, and after he discontinued horseback riding he regularly walked about the city attended by an old servant. He lived here in an old-fashioned double house on H street, in a fashionable neighborhood, and his garden, here as at Newport, was filled with choice roses, in which flower he delighted. He regarded his life work as finished two years ago, and of late had done no literary work. During the last decade he had revised his great work, the history of the United States, going over it in a severely critical style and eliminating the flowers of rhetoric in the earlier work. His last production was a history of the formation of the Constitution. He undertook to write a history of President Polk's Administration, in whose Cabinet he served as Secretary of the Navy, but was compelled to abandon it.

Ugly Strikers at Deadwood.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Jan. 20.—A desperate but unorganized attempt was made here last evening by about one hundred striking railroad graders to take possession of the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley passenger train as it was about to depart for the East. The men claimed that the company was not keeping its promises to them. A large posse took the train out, but the men threaten to cause further trouble.

Wages Reduced 10 Per Cent.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 20.—An order has been issued to the employees of the Cambria Iron Company stating that Feb. 1 their wages will be reduced 10 per cent. This reduction includes 5,000 men from iron workers to the miners in the employ of the company.

HELD AS BURGLARS.

Two Salvation Army Soldiers of Chicago Get Into Trouble.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Dan Laird and Dan Broderick, two Salvation Army soldiers at the West Indiana street barracks, were held in \$1,500 bonds by Justice La Buy this morning to answer to the charge of burglary. It is alleged that these men with others broke into the store of Mrs. Brumfield and carried off some goods. They were surprised in the act by a little girl, who reported them to the police.

To Establish a Plant in Waukegan.

Worcester, Mass., Jan. 20.—Mr. Charles F. Washburn, vice-president and secretary of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing company, confirms the report that his company will establish a plant in Waukegan, but says the tract of land in North Chicago will be retained.

Molders Go Out On a Strike.

OTTUMWA, Ia., Jan. 20.—The molders at the great Johnson Ruffin works in this city, the largest manufactory of sewing machine appliances in the world, went out on a strike to-day against a proposed enforcement of the piece work rule. They are backed by the National Molder's Union, whose General Secretary had been here a week trying to arbitrate the matter.

Another Big Land Job.

THE Northern Pacific Scheming for a \$20,000,000 Tract in Washington.

TACOMA, Wash., Jan. 20.—The Northern Pacific railroad has another big scheme on hand. It is reported on good authority that since the railroad's big land grant was confirmed by Congress last spring it has been quietly preparing to lay claim to the old-numbered sections of the Fuyallup Indian reservation in this county. It contained 18,000 acres of fertile land, valued from its proximity to Tacoma at \$20,000,000. The railroad's claim will be based on the fact that when Congress gave the company its land grant twenty-five years ago the boundaries of the reservation had not been defined, and consequently the land came within the provisions of the grant. Four years ago the reservation was laid out as it now is and the land patented to the 300 Indian families in severalty. In case the Northern Pacific's claim is upheld the Indians to whom were patented the odd-numbered sections will have void titles.

CHASED BY A MAN-OF-WAR.

A Ship From the United States Gets Into Trouble In South America.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 20.—The American ship Sea King arrived from Pisagua, Peru, Friday night badly dismantled. The Sea King was run into in Pisagua Harbor by a French iron ship. A court of inquiry attached the blame to the Sea King and Capt. Stetcheil was ordered to pay damages. This the Captain refused to do, and one night he shipped anchor and sailed for San Francisco. A Peruvian man-of-war was sent in pursuit, but the Sea King was not captured.

How plain to my mind are the scenes of my childhood, As my recollection recalls them to view, The soap-kettle hung on the poles of green basswood; The Smoke and the Smell that my infancy knew! But those days of SOAPS and consequent anguish, Have long since departed, we pray and we hope; The use of the stuff 'gan to wane and to languish As soon as they offered us

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.
MADE BY N.K. FAIRBANK & Co., CHICAGO.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect Nov. 30, 1900.

CHICAGO TO DETROIT.	
STATION.	Time
Chicago, Lv.	7:05
Kalamazoo	8:15
Ann Arbor	9:25
Ypsilanti	10:35
Dearborn	11:45
Detroit, Ar.	12:55

DETROIT TO CHICAGO.	
STATION.	Time
Detroit, Lv.	7:05
Dearborn	8:15
Ypsilanti	9:25
Ann Arbor	10:35
Kalamazoo	11:45
Chicago, Ar.	12:55

TOLEDO, A. A. & N. M. RAILRY.

TIME SCHEDULE.

Taking effect October 12th, 1900.

Trains run by Standard Time.

Going North.	
STATION.	Time
Toledo, Lv.	7:05
Ann Arbor	8:15
Ypsilanti	9:25
Dearborn	10:35
Detroit, Ar.	11:45

Going South.	
STATION.	Time
Detroit, Lv.	7:05
Dearborn	8:15
Ypsilanti	9:25
Ann Arbor	10:35
Toledo, Ar.	11:45

The Forum

The Foremost Periodical for Thoughtful Readers.

Its range is fairly indicated by the following Table of Contents of the

DECEMBER NUMBER:

THE GOVERNMENT OF AMERICAN CITIES. By Andrew D. White.—Wherein European Cities are better governed than ours; the danger place in our political system; and the remedy.

CITY GROWTH AND PARTY POLITICS. By William E. Springer.—The increase of urban over rural population as shown by the census; how this decrease is advantageous to the Democrats.

STABILITY OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC. By Julius Simon, of the French Senate. A review of domestic and foreign influences favorable and unfavorable to the Republic; a hopeful outlook.

FAMILY STOCKS IN A DEMOCRACY. By President C. W. Eliot, of Harvard.—Democratic Society favorable to the perpetuation of families; a study of American conditions thereon.

DOES CHINA MENACE THE WORLD? By President W. A. P. Martin, of the Imperial Tung Weng College, China.—Why the tendency of Chinese life forbids fear of competition.

THE HUMANITIES. By Major J. W. Powell. The first of a series of articles to show that the theory of biological evolution falls when applied to sociology.

FORMATIVE INFLUENCES. By Archdeacon F. W. Farrar.—An autobiographical essay, following similar ones by Prof. John Tyndall, W. E. H. Lecky, Frederic Harrison and other noted men.

SPEED IN RAILWAY TRAVEL. By Prof. R. H. Thurston. The possibility of 200 miles an hour by steam; why electricity is likely to supersede steam.

ARMOR FOR WAR SHIPS. By Commander F. M. Barber of the U. S. Navy.

NOTES ON GHOSTS. Andrew Lang.

PITY, GENUINE AND SPIRITOUS. By Frances Power Cobbe.

Among the features of THE FORUM FOR 1891 will be:

RESULTS OF THE CENSUS. A series of articles by Gen. Francis A. Walker; Results of the LATEST RESEARCH and of the most RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS in all important lines of work, in science and in industry; by specialists; POLITICAL DISCUSSIONS, by the leaders of opinion in the United States, and by foreign statesmen; SHIBBOLETHS OF THE TIME, a series of critical examinations of popular opinions, by W. S. Lilly, the British essayist; AUTOBIOGRAPHICAL ESSAYS, a series to which some of the most noted men of the time American and British, have already contributed; DISCUSSIONS OF SOCIAL AND RELIGIOUS PROBLEMS IN THE UNITED STATES; LITERARY ARTICLES, discussing the tendencies of literary work along all directions of activity, by the foremost critics.

50 Cents a Copy. THE FORUM, New York, a \$5.00 a year.

UNIVERSITY.

The Senior laws are through with the theses business.

"Ghosts" at University Hall Saturday evening, Jan. 24th.

No regular program by the Webster Society this week.

The Oracle is expected to make its appearance this week.

The dental department is to have a new literary society.

The Jeffersonian literary society will elect officers Feb. 5th.

The U. S. government is building a gymnasium at West Point to cost \$100,000.

Dr. Taft, of the Dental College, went to Chicago Friday and from there goes to Washington, D. C.

A joint program by the Webster and Jeffersonian societies will be given on Washington's birthday.

The second of Judge Cheever's lectures before the Campbell Club court was delivered last evening.

The alumni at Kansas City are wide awake in regard to the gymnasium fund and will be heard from soon.

"Modern Civilization," was the title of a paper read by Prof. H. C. Adams, before a Washington, D. C., club last Thursday night.

"Christoforus" will be the next attraction in the Choral Union series of concerts, to be given some time in March.

R. P. Lamont is chairman and managing editor of the Technic, D. B. Cheever, business manager, and R. L. Sackett, secretary.

The Glee Club will sing at Ypsilanti in the near future. The motor line should have a double train of cars for that evening.

An endeavor is being made once again by the law department classes to procure a celebrated speaker for Washington's birthday.

Dr. Angell received a letter Monday asking if he had made a contract yet for heating and ventilating the gymnasium. He thought not.

Each student whose circumstances will permit, is requested to ask the old folks at home to drop a coin in the slot for the gym fund.

The U. of M. Glee Club will enliven the "Mind Reading" entertainment of Prof. Gatchell at University hall on Saturday evening.

Not Gym-jam "Ghosts," but "Ghosts" for the benefit of the gym, at University Hall, on Saturday evening, Jan. 24th, Dr. Gatchell will produce them.

The most popular name on the campus just now is that of Joshua Waterman. If Gen. Alger doesn't watch out Mr. Waterman may be president yet.

Next week Wednesday the Dramatic Club will present scenes from Ingomar to a few people invited to criticize the same. The public presentation will be April 3d.

It is stated that Henry M. Stanley is now governor of the Congo Free State. He is welcome to the position. For our part we would rather be a notary public in Michigan.

The first meeting of the new Board of Directors of the Athletic Association will be held Friday or Saturday. It is expected important business will come before the meeting.

President Angell is in daily receipt of letters pledging activity and support to the gymnasium fund. He is very confident that the \$20,000 will be raised within the required time.

There is a demand for a larger room than No. 24 in which to listen to Dr. Winchell's lecture on Evolution. It does not hold more than one-third of those who desire to attend.

Next Friday the regular physicians of Chicago will tender a reception to Drs. Gibbes and Shurley. It is tendered in honor of the work of the two gentlemen in search of a cure for consumption.

Delegates from seven chapters attended the recent Sigma Phi convention held in this city last Thursday and Friday, and the banquet served at the Russell House, Detroit, on Friday evening was an elegant one.

There are 1,914 students catalogued at the Northwestern University this year. The preparatory school has 671 of that number, however. Should the U. of M. include the 600 attending the preparatory school she might swell her number to 3,000.

Representative Daily has introduced a bill in the legislature which is said to be aimed at the Homoeopathic department in the University. There ought to be enough Homoeopaths in the state to make Mr. Daily very Weakly—and we believe there are.

It is asserted that Mr. Michael J. Dee is about to take control of the Detroit Tribune. If the future can be judged by the past the Tribune under his management will be a bitter enemy of the University and of the protection principles, so dear to the republican heart.

The Students' Lecture Association will give the holders of season tickets two entertainments free this year. The first is Major Henry C. Dane, Mar. 6th; the second, the U. of M. oratorical contest, Mar. 20th. Both of these are a big expense to the association, but it wishes to fill up the vacuum made by Villers.—Chronicle-Argonaut.

For the Detroit High School Alumni meeting to be held Jan. 30, a committee of alumni attending the University, known as the "Ann Arbor Committee" has been appointed, consisting of Edward H. Smith, '91, chairman; Ida Z. Hibbard, '91; H. M. Butzel, '92; Alfred

C. Leverenz, '92; Augusta H. Durfee, '93; Paul M. Day, '93; Victoria Metcalf, '94; Wm. Canfield, '94.

The Flower Mission instituted last year by the young ladies in the University accomplished a great deal of good, and its work is being continued. Miss Lane had charge of it last year and Miss Szold assumes control this year. Many patients in the hospitals have had the dreary hours of pain and suffering made brighter by the work of this mission, and the labor should be encouraged. Any contributions placed in the boxes in the University buildings will be made good use of.

A debate between representatives of the different literary and law departments will be held to-night at the law lecture-room, upon the subject: Resolved, That congress should have and exercise exclusive control over the election of members of the House of Representatives. Those taking part will be: Affirmative, L. S. Baldwin, S. Duval, B. Waples; negative, W. B. Kelly, L. D. Osborn, W. A. Cutler. The judges will be Profs. Knowlton, Prescott, MacLachlan and Herdman.

Our Glee Club is a credit to the University, and the peer, if not the superior of any similar organization in the country. With this in view, we offer the suggestion that this year the printed programs be made more artistic and hence more suitable than they have been in former years. As the club is on a good financial basis and as money was made on last year's trip there is no reason why this cannot be done. The Harvard and Yale programs are real souvenir affairs as they ought to be, and our club would do well to pattern after them in this respect.—Chronicle-Argonaut.

The social given by the Young People's Society of the Presbyterian church to the Students Christian Association last Saturday evening, was an extremely pleasant affair. The novel idea of each one wearing a card bearing his name added much to the pleasures of the evening. Besides the social phase of the evening there was a program of exercises consisting of music, tableaux, recitations, etc. The small brother tableau and its outcome was especially thrilling. Rev. J. M. Gelston closed the pleasant evening by a few appropriate remarks.

The new Athletic Association met in Room A Saturday afternoon, and chose the following officers:

President—Mr. Field, lit. Vice President—J. W. Curtis, law '91. Secretary—E. E. Taylor, lit. '92. Treasurer—E. G. Fassett, lit. '92.

Directors—Lit. dept.: W. A. Forbes '93, G. S. Holden '91, T. H. Hinchman '91, W. P. Parker '93, George Dygert '93, E. L. Anderson '93, Roger Sherman '94, Will Willhartz '91. Law department: F. A. Henry '91, C. W. Middlekauff '91. Medical department: F. B. Tibbels '91. Homoeopathic: A. M. Harvey '93. Dental: Frank Prettyman '92.

The election passed off pleasantly, and there is general satisfaction expressed at the prospects for a harmonious and prosperous year for the association.

The senate committee through its chairman, Mr. Doran, has given notice that it will introduce a bill calling for the following appropriations for the University for the two years to come:

1891, 1892. General Repairs \$5,000 \$5,000 Insurance 2,000 2,000 Homoeopathic College and Hospital 8,300 8,300 University Hospital, current expenses 8,000 8,000 Dental College, current expenses 12,000 12,000 Books for Libraries 10,000 10,000 Contingent Expenses 15,000 15,000 Repairs on Chemical Laboratory 2,625 2,625 Equipment for Engineering Laboratory 2,000 2,000 Equipment for Physical and Electrical Laboratory 3,000 3,000 Equipment of Botanical and Zoological Laboratories 1,000 1,000 Purchase of Site for new Hospitals and completion and equipment of same 15,000 15,000 Enlargement and alteration of Law Building 12,500 12,500 Enlargement and alteration of present Dental Building for use of Engineering Department 5,000 5,000 \$101,325 \$98,700

If there was ever dishonesty in legislation it is in the silver bill. That bill is a demand upon the part of the government to create a fictitious value on the silver owned by a few monopolists and speculators. It is to gratify the desire of some of the people of this country to get something for nothing. If an expansion of the currency is necessary, let the government issue greenbacks. That would be honorable. But to vote to give the owners of silver bullion \$1.00 for 80 cents is not honorable. The people—the working people—of this nation will have to make up the difference.

To dream of a ponderous whale. Erect on the tip of his tail, Is the sign of a storm (If the weather is warm.) Unless it should happen to fall.

Dreams don't amount to much, anyhow. Some signs, however, are infallible. If you are constipated, with no appetite, tortured with sick headache and bilious symptoms, these signs indicate that you need Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. They will cure you. All druggists.

The more silver that is coined, the more added to the present stock now stored in the treasury, the lower the price of silver will fall. No legislation has yet permanently increased the price of silver. Legislation cannot add to the intrinsic value of anything.

He Told the Truth!

I was troubled with Liver Complaint for years and suffered terribly. Like the druggist advised me to take Sulphur Bitters. I took three bottles and now I am a well man.—L. Fenner, Waterbury, Conn.

The distance between the rows of gold lace on a german admiral's sleeves must be .27529 of an inch—neither more nor less.

PERSONAL.

Engene Mutschel is on the sick list.

Major Stevens was in Detroit Monday.

Thomas Birkoff, of Dover, was in the city Monday.

Ex-Prosecuting Attorney Robison, of Detroit, was in the city over Sunday.

Mrs. Dr. Johnson nee Anna Nickels, of Sioux Falls, Dak., is visiting in the city.

Dr. Carrow went to Kalamazoo yesterday to attend a meeting of medical men.

Sam Langsdorf returned yesterday from a visit with his parents in St. Louis, Mo.

Mrs. W. Beymer, nee Burnie Upson, of Topeka, Kansas, has a young daughter.

J. E. Beal attended the meeting of the Port Huron Gas Co., in that city yesterday.

H. Randall has been "under the weather" for a few days but is better now.

Charles Gruner of the F. & M. Bank is about again after being quite ill for a time.

Miss Anna Ladd returns home this week from Detroit to remain for some time.

Benj. Barker was at home a couple of days during the week, and is improving slowly.

Miss Mattie Graves, of Ypsilanti was the guest of Miss Viola Williams over Sunday.

Martin Shaller, formerly with Osius & Co., of this city, is visiting friends in Ann Arbor.

Wm. M. Osband, of the Ypsilantian, was in the city yesterday, coming over the motor line.

John Travis, wife and son, of Cooper, Mich., are visiting Mr. T's sister, Mrs. Junius E. Beal.

James A. Robison, of the Detroit Free Press staff, was in the city over Sunday visiting his parents.

A. Riley Crittenden, of the Toledo News was in the city yesterday in the interests of his paper.

D. E. Osborne, M. D., of Tientsin, China, has been spending a few days with friends in the city.

Miss Carrie Baxter, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Henderson, at Mason, has returned home.

Mrs. W. H. Whitmarsh, of Milan, is spending a week with Mrs. W. W. Watts, and Mrs. George W. Millen.

Mrs. Julia Pitkin, accompanied by her son Gilbert and daughter Emily, of Petrolia, Ont., are visiting friends here.

Harry Hill, St. Paul, Minn., formerly manager of the opera house, has been visiting his old home here for the past week.

Mrs. C. S. Fall is at Newport, Monroe Co., attending the funeral of an uncle who died suddenly Sunday of heart disease.

Mrs. Wirth, who has been visiting her sister Mrs. H. J. Brown for several weeks returned home to New York City last evening.

Philo Millen and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Millen, of Manchester, were in the city yesterday, called here by the death of Chauncy H. Millen.

Miss Georgia M. Saunders of North Main street, goes to Detroit to-morrow to attend the Detroit Starlight Club's third informal reception.

J. H. Nickels and wife, who have been visiting friends in Dakota, have returned home, accompanied by their daughter, Mrs. Dr. Johnson.

W. J. Booth returned home Saturday from a very successful business trip to the western and northern part of the state for the Peninsular Soap Co.

Mrs. S. M. Hartley, M. D., left yesterday on the evening train to visit her daughter, Mrs. Henry Killelea, of Milwaukee, Wis., and expects to be gone a couple of weeks.

L. S. Warren and wife who have returned from Oelrichs, S. Dakota, recently, have been visiting L. L. Warren and wife, on Volland st. They will hereafter reside in Howell.

Prof. J. B. Davis is attending the 12th annual meeting of the Michigan Engineering Society, at Lansing, of which he is president. Prof. M. E. Cooley reads a paper, also.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Giles Lewis, of Chicago, Edgar White and wife of Port Huron, and H. M. Roys of Farwell, were in the city yesterday attending the funeral of C. H. Millen.

Prof. W. H. Dorrance, Prof. M. E. Cooley, Junius E. Beal, Dr. Joseph Clarke and Chas. B. Davison, all of Fraternity Lodge, F. & A. M., attended a public installation of the officers of Oriental Lodge, Detroit, Monday evening.

The ladies of the German Aid Society of the Zion's Lutheran church wish to thank Messrs. Bliz & Langsdorf for their generous gift of \$12.50.

Mrs. C. Mack, Treas.

The Great Spring Medicine.

THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE.

GENTLEMEN: I have been troubled with bad blood for some years but recently purchased two bottles of Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup, which has entirely cured me. As a blood purifier it has no equal, and I also take pleasure in recommending it as a tonic, alternative and reliable rheumatic remedy.

Very truly yours, S. E. FERGUSON, Eaton Rapids, Mich.

This is to certify that we know Mr. Ferguson and believe the statement made by him to be true. We unhesitatingly recommend this remedy as we believe it to be the greatest family medicine on our shelves.

WALTON & SOULE, Eaton Rapids, Mich.

Sold by all druggists. Prepared only by the Charles Wright Medicine Company, Detroit, Mich.

1-4 OFF SALE.

25 PER CENT. OFF

ON ALL SUITS.

ALL OVERCOATS.

ALL UNDERWEAR.

ALL GLOVES.

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY.

AT THE TWO SAM'S.

L. BLITZ.

Jerome Freeman!

THE ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK!

Organized 1889, under the General Banking Law of this state.

CAPITAL 550,000. TOTAL ASSETS \$673,660.12. SURPLUS 100,000

Business Men, Guardians, Trustees, Ladies and other persons will find this Bank a

SAFE AND CONVENIENT PLACE

At which to make Deposits and do business. Interest is allowed on all Savings Deposits of \$1.00 and upward, according to the rules of the bank, and interest compounded semi-annually.

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Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid. Policies issued at the lowest rates of premium—1911!

ESTATE OF AUSTIN A. WOOD.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the thirteenth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Austin A. Wood, deceased, Leonard Gruner, administrator, with the will annexed of said estate, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his annual account as such administrator.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the sixth day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed; And it is further ordered, that said Administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Courier, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. [A true copy.] J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate. WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

JACOB HALLER WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER 46 S. MAIN STREET

HUTZEL'S WATER BACK! A very important invention which will be hailed with delight by everybody using a stove or range for hot water circulation. After years of experience we have succeeded in producing a simple and perfect WATER BACK. It overcomes all the present troubles of extracting lime and other sediments which accumulate in water backs, often making them useless and in great many instances becoming dangerous. The outlay of dollars is reduced to dimes. No household using a range can afford to be without it. No more trouble by using city water for hot water circulation. Can be used in any stove. Ask your stove dealer for Hutzel's Water Back. Mason & Davis Co's. ranges for sale at C. Eberbach are provided with our improvement. Everybody call and examine this useful invention. HUTZEL & CO. Plumbers and Steamfitters. E. BAUR, West Huron St. ANN ARBOR. MICH

ANN ARBOR FRUIT FARM! BERRY PLANTS, FRUIT ORNAMENTAL TREES Pears and Grapevines a Specialty! Syrup and Home made Wine. Syrus of Raspberry and of Bartlett Pears, Boscuits, Dandelion and Raspberry Wines and Shrubs. Sweet Red and White Concord, and Martha Grape Wines, especially prepared for invalids. Order trees and plants early as we get most of them from the best Eastern Nurseries.