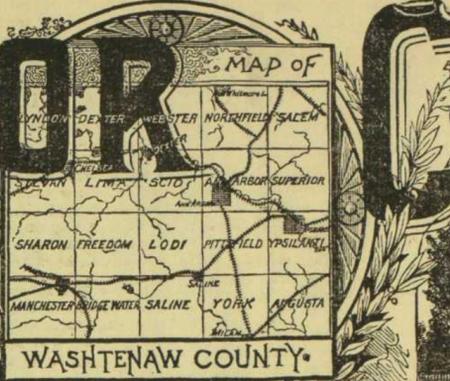


# ANN ARBOR COURIER



VOLUME XXXI.—NO. 25. ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 22, 1892. WHOLE NUMBER 1617.

*The Aore*  
COOL PRICES  
—FOR—  
HOT WEATHER.  
Prices that make you feel comfortable.  
Prices that make trading a pleasant pastime for you.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.  
For President,  
GEN. BENJAMIN HARRISON, of Indiana.  
For Vice President,  
WHITELAW REID, of New York.  
Republican County Convention.  
Republican County Convention to elect eighteen delegates to a state convention to be held in Saginaw, Wednesday, July 20, 1892, also to elect eighteen delegates to the Congressional Convention yet to be called, and to transact such other business as may properly come before it, will be held at the Court House in Ann Arbor on Tuesday, July 12, 1892, at 11 o'clock a. m. The cities, wards, and townships, will be entitled to send delegates to County Convention, as follows:  
Ann Arbor City—  
First Ward..... 5  
Second Ward..... 4  
Third Ward..... 4  
Fourth Ward..... 3  
Fifth Ward..... 3  
Sixth Ward..... 3  
Ann Arbor Town—  
Augusta..... 3  
Bridgewater..... 4  
Dexter..... 4  
Freedom..... 4  
Livonia..... 4  
Lodi..... 4  
Lyon..... 3  
Manchester..... 3  
Northfield..... 5  
Pittsfield..... 4  
Salem..... 4  
Scioto..... 7  
Sharon..... 7  
Superior..... 4  
Sylvan..... 4  
Webster..... 4  
York..... 4  
Ypsilanti Town—  
Ypsilanti City 1st W. 4  
Second Ward..... 3  
Third Ward..... 4  
Fourth Ward..... 3  
Fifth Ward..... 4  
By Order of Committee,  
E. F. JOHNSON, Secretary.  
W. B. SMITH, Chairman.

McKINLEY STILL UNANSWERED.  
Mr. Bryan Attempts too Huge a Job, and Fails.

On Friday evening last some 500 or 600 people gathered at University hall to listen to Congressman W. J. Bryan, of Nebraska, who on his way to the Chicago convention, stopped off here to speak before the U. of M. Democratic Club and demolish Mr. McKinley's protective arguments made a month or so ago.

Mr. Bryan is a fine looking gentleman, of prepossessing appearance. His face resembles that of Mr. McKinley very much, and as a speaker he has a pleasing manner and a ready wit.

He was very glad to address the young men of the University, of whom he had often heard. It was useless to attempt to appeal to the old men, but with the young it was different, as they were just commencing to form their political views. And if his words should be the means of convincing even one young man of the economic and political fallacy of protection, then his mission here would be richly repaid.

When he mentioned McKinley's name an applause was given that proved to the speaker that fully one-half of the not very large audience were not in sympathy with his political views. This he turned very nicely. He said that he was glad to know that there were republicans present, for what use could there be in talking to those already convinced? It was like giving medicine to the well. He then told of a political meeting he addressed once out in Illinois. When he entered the room one of the old wheel horses stepped up to him and said: "Hit them hard, Mr. Bryan, there isn't a republican in the house."

The republicans present did not insist upon the ungentlemanly conduct of cheering the speaker at the wrong places, their only object being to give the democratic boys some of their own medicine, administered during Gov. McKinley's visit.

The speaker credited Hamilton and the aristocrats with being the fathers of the republican party, and Jefferson and the common people with originating the democratic party, (forgetting, probably, that nearly all the slave owners, the simon pure aristocrats of this nation, were democrats from the first.)

The democratic party had been called a party of opposition. "That is right. It is a party of opposition to republican principles, and that is why it is in the majority to-day in this country, and why the republican party is in the minority."

The speaker then took up some of Gov. McKinley's assertions, and answered them (to his own satisfaction.) He reiterated what has been said by Mills, Waterson, Carlisle, and other free traders, since the tariff has been an issue, but advanced nothing new.

He told his audience that he would show them how the tariff was a tax, that is, how the amount of the tariff was added to the commodity sold, even though wire nails were sold for \$1.55 per 100 lbs., when the tariff was \$2 per 100 lbs. But he didn't do it. He suddenly became interested in some other point, and forgot it.

Time and space will not permit of a full synopsis of his speech. There were some remarkable assertions made, but it is doubted if he succeeded in convincing the one person that he desired to on the start.

"PRINCE MICHAEL" CONVICTED.  
The Trial Closed Friday with a Verdict of Guilty that was Loudly Applauded.

All last week excitement ran high in this city over the trial of the pretended Messiah, known as "Prince Michael," which case was sent to this circuit from Detroit on a change of venue. The change was made because the prisoner and his counsel thought there was so much prejudice against him and his followers in Detroit (where they were known,) that it would be impossible to obtain a fair trial. Strangers might be more lenient, it was argued.

If the courts of Detroit have any more such obscene cases, they will do well to retain them. It should be remembered that country people the world over have a much higher sense of moral purity than do residents of a city. Things that would be winked at in a great city would meet with the severest punishment in the country, where the people as a general thing have a much higher conception of virtue.

So when this man, Michael K. Mills, who carried on a "Godhouse" in Detroit, into which he had gathered several women—ten in all, it is understood—(whom he called his spiritual wives), and who had many followers, that believed him to be what he pretended to be, a holy man, and leader of the ten lost tribes of Israel, and as such submitted to him. When he came to Ann Arbor to find sympathy he struck the wrong place.

The "Prince" was fortunate in one thing, however. He procured the assistance of one of the best lawyers in Michigan, and perhaps in the west, for there are but few in the profession that o'er top Col. John Atkinson, and he had associated with him his partner, Mr. Brooke, of Detroit, and also Mr. T. D. Kearney, of this place.

The Colonel fought a gallant fight in a bad cause, and used all the persuasive powers of his silver tongue and gifted brain to convince twelve good men and true, that debauchery and immorality were synonymous with religion. It would be very difficult to find twelve men in Washtenaw county who can be convinced that immoral practices can be considered as a part of any one's religious belief.

Here is a pointer that may be of some benefit. Eliza Court, one of the spiritual wives of the "Prince," is yet to be tried. It is not safe to trust a Washtenaw jury with her case. They are all prejudiced against her peculiar kind of "religion." Of course a Wayne county jury is not to be trusted or these people would not have fled from there, in the first place. The only hope for Eliza is to get another change of venue and take her case to Salt Lake City, then get some Mormon deputy sheriff to pack the jury with anti-Gentiles.

THE TRIAL.  
The trial commenced last Tuesday morning and closed Friday night. The examination of witnesses was listened to with the closest attention by the crowds in attendance, and every word was eagerly drank in. At first the current of public opinion seemed to favor the "Prince" and his followers, but after little Bernice Bechel had told her story in a straight forward way which nothing could shake; the tide commenced running the other way, and after the old man Bechel had given his testimony, which seemed to all who heard it to be of a brutal nature for a father against his own daughter, then there was no stemming the current.

The pleas of the attorneys were fine efforts. Assistant Prosecutor Springer of Detroit, probably made the greatest plea of his life, and he was so sincere and earnest that it had great weight with the jury. There were many tears wiped away from moist eyes when he had finished.

Col. Atkinson's plea for the prisoner that followed was a masterly effort. The Colonel has a voice that he can use to good advantage, and he can make appeals in a pathetic way that are very touching. Claiming for every man the right in this free country to enjoy his religion unmolested, he asserted that it was simply prejudice and prejudice alone that was condemning the prisoner. Prosecuting Attorney Burroughs is credited with out-doing himself when

it came his turn to address the jury, making some very effective points.

CHARGE TO THE JURY.  
The case was given to the jury about 6 o'clock, after Judge Kinne had made the following able charge:  
"Gentlemen of the Jury.—The law presumes every man to be innocent until he is proven to be guilty. In order to convict the defendant in this case, you must from the evidence be satisfied of his guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. The offense with which the defendant now stands charged is not seduction or rape, the latter of which would imply the use of force or violence, but is a crime defined and defined by the laws of this state, looking to the protection and purity of girls.  
"The issue, therefore, which you are called upon to determine in this case are neither numerous nor complicated. From the evidence submitted you are to determine: 1. Whether or not on or about the 17th day of February, 1892, the defendant had carnal knowledge of Bernice Bechel; 2. Whether or not at that time she was between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years, or before the commission of the act of sexual commerce she was a chaste girl. If from the evidence in this case you are satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt of the affirmative of these three propositions of fact, then it is your duty to convict the defendant.  
"I do not understand that there is any controversy respecting the age of Bernice Bechel. It seems to be undisputed that at the time when this alleged offense was committed she was between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years. Your efforts will, therefore, be centered upon the questions: First, whether or not the act as alleged was committed; second, if that is the fact, was the young girl previous thereto chaste?  
"It is claimed upon the part of the defendant that this accusation against him is untrue, that it is due to ill-feeling and religious or other prejudice against him, and that the material and important testimony upon the part of the prosecution is false, manufactured and fabricated. If you are satisfied that this is true, or if you are not convinced beyond a reasonable doubt of the claim on the part of the prosecution it is your duty to acquit the prisoner.  
"On the other hand, the claim upon the part of the people, if true, presents a case of the most shocking turpitude. Seldom are courts of justice called upon to investigate human affairs so painful and distressing, if true. If such a crime has been committed as the people assert, outraged public sentiment demands a prompt and complete vindication and admits neither of delay nor controversy. If it be true, as is claimed by the prosecution, that this defendant lured to his home this young girl, Bernice Bechel, for the purpose of debauchery, that she was then pure-minded and chaste; that donning the divine mantle and changing himself with the panoply of heaven, he stormed the citadel of her maidenly virtue, and after repeated efforts, by arousing the strong impulses of her religious nature, and by inspiring her with a belief that she was acting in obedience to God, finally robbed this young girl of the priceless jewel of her womanhood; if all this be true, the case is such as to sicken the heart and stagger the soul of every virtuous man and woman. Upon you, gentlemen of the jury, rests the grave responsibility of determining whether or not from the evidence these claims are true or false, and you must reach your conclusions in this case from a full consideration of the evidence submitted and all the circumstances surrounding this case as developed from the testimony.  
"If you are satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt from the evidence in this case that the story as told by Bernice Bechel upon the witness stand is true, and that previous to her intimacy with the defendant she was a chaste girl, then you should convict the prisoner.

THE QUESTION OF CHASTITY.  
"Upon this question of chastity I instruct you as follows: Chastity is that virtue which prevents the unlawful commerce of the sexes, and in the case of an unmarried female implies purity from all sexual commerce. It has been disclosed in this case that this young girl when she was between the ages of seven and eight had something to do with two young boys, the eldest of whom was between the ages of twelve and thirteen years. You undoubtedly are able to recall the testimony upon this unfortunate feature in the life of this child. It is not important in this case for you to determine the exact character and extent of her experience at that time. She was then but the merest child of the most tender years, a little body, as yet an entire stranger to the sensations of lust and the passions of the flesh, and utterly incapable of understanding the nature of the act which she was engaged in. I instruct you that this sad chapter in the history of the life of this little girl is no evidence whatever in itself of the want of chastity, and that it is your duty to entirely disregard the same as far as it may affect the question of chastity.

"But it is a part of the life of this young girl and you give it only such weight as you think it ought to receive as affecting her credibility as a witness. There is no other testimony dispelling her chastity, if you believe her statement upon the witness stand that previous to her alleged commerce with the defendant she was a chaste girl, and if you are satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant took place as alleged, then you should convict the defendant.  
"If counsel on either or both sides of this case in their arguments have passed beyond the record and alluded to any action or thing or event not introduced as evidence on the trial, it is the duty of the jury to ignore all such comment and dismiss the same from their consideration.  
"Now, gentlemen of the jury, such is the case which is now submitted to your arbitration. Dismiss your minds of all prejudice; fearlessly enter upon the solution of the question of the guilt or innocence of the defendant and render such verdict as will reflect the conscientious judgment of twelve honest men inspired with no other purpose than the discharge of a high and sacred duty."

THE VERDICT.  
Court was then adjourned until seven o'clock. The jury retired to their room, were served with supper, and at 7:20 sent word that they had agreed upon a verdict. There was no discussion, all agreeing that the "Prince" was guilty of the crime charged, that of "carnally knowing a girl under 16 years of age."

When the jury filed into the court room a great calm fell over the immense crowd, and everyone stood intently listening for the verdict, and when Foreman George Clark answered "guilty," a wave of approval ran through the audience.

THE SENTENCE.  
Prosecuting Attorney Burroughs moved that sentence be passed upon the prisoner at once, which Judge Kinne approved, and asked Michael K. Mills to stand up, and state the reasons, if any, why sentence should not be passed upon him. His reply was:  
"I desire by the strength of God to

**JUNE BARGAINS**  
At the Busy Store of  
**SCHAIER & MILLEN!**  
WE ARE ON TIME FOR THIS WEATHER!

Per Yard  
50 pieces 45-inch white embroidered Flouncings, would be cheap at 50c—our price, 29c  
75 pieces 45-inch embroidered Flouncings, the \$1 quality—our price, 45c  
10 pieces Danish Cloth, in blue, cream, black and red, 12 1/2c  
500 yards White Goods, in checks, plaids, stripes and plain India Linen, all at 5c  
20 pieces fancy-stripe Ticking at 10c  
One case Dress Gingham at 5c  
25 dozen Ladies' Black Silk Mitts, good value at 25c a pair—worth as the price will be 15c a pair

SPECIAL—One lot all-silk Windsor Ties, the 25c quality—our price 15c, or two for 25c.

**SUMMER UNDERWEAR**

One case Misses' and Children's Gance Vests, a bargain at TEN CENTS A GARMENT!  
Ladies' Balbriggan Vests and Pants, 25c each  
Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vests, 8, 10 and 12 1/2c  
Boys' Shirts and Drawers, all sizes, 35c  
Men's fancy-stripe Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, worth 50c—our price 37 1/2c  
Men's and Boys' Outing Shirts, 25c  
50 dozen Boys' Shirt Waists and Blouses, all to go at 25c each  
10 dozen Ladies' Night Robes at 49c each  
One lot Fruit-of-the-Loom Drawers at 25c each

**LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS**

Ladies' fancy Shirt Waists, 39 and 50c  
Fancy Percale Waists, plaid front and back, 75c  
Ladies' fine Satin Waists, plain and polka spots, \$1  
Ladies' fine Satin Waists, Jabot front and belt, very stylish, at \$1.50  
Ladies' Gloria Silk Waists at \$2  
Ladies' fine Surah Silk Waists, black, blue and red, sold in Detroit at \$3—our price \$3.75  
Beautiful white India Linen Waists, exquisitely made and trimmed with embroidery, at \$1.75, \$2 and \$2.50  
Plain white India Linen Waists at 75c and \$1.00  
One Hundred Jersey Waists at 69c each

**LADIES' Come out in the mornings, if possible.**

**Schailer & Millen,**  
THE BARGAIN GIVERS OF ANN ARBOR.

STILL SELLING:  
All our 8c and 10c Lawns, new styles, at 5c

STILL SELLING:  
India Linen, good quality 8c  
The 18c kind for 10c  
Very fine for 15c

STILL SELLING:  
Victoria Lawn 8c, 10c, 12 1/2c and 15c  
Worth 7 to 10c more.

STILL SELLING:  
Shan Tong Pongee, Corded Taffeta, Fine Zephyr Gingham, for 12 1/2c  
Voile Laine, a new summer dress goods, going with a rush at 18c  
Men's Good Outing Shirts at 23c  
Boys' Flannelette Waists 25c  
Men's Blue Dennis Overalls, heavy weight 26c  
Ladies' Vests, 12 1/2 to 15c, for 5c  
Ladies' Combination Suits 25c  
Misses' Jersey ribbed Underwaists, 25c  
Men's Sanitary Balbriggan Shirts, 25c

*Maack & Schmid*

**\$500**  
THOSE  
**LOTS**  
OFFERED BY  
**Mrs. O. B. Hall**  
for \$500 are 66 feet wide and 183 feet deep, with a 20 ft. alley in rear, fronting on either Forest, Olivia or Lincoln Aves.  
It only takes \$50 to secure one.  
**E. B. HALL,**  
2 W. HURON ST.

bear whatever burden may be laid upon me, for my people, who are the people of God."

He had nothing further to offer and the Judge continued:  
"Mr. Mills, under the statute the punishment for the crime of which you have been convicted is not more than five or less than one year's imprisonment. I feel it my duty to impose upon you the maximum penalty named in the statute—that you be confined in the state prison at Jackson five years from and including this day."

The audience were uncontrollable for a few moments, and the Sheriff's gavel, together with that of the judge, rapped in vain for order. After quiet had been restored Judge Kinne thanked the jury for their attention, dismissed them, and adjourned court.

AN EXCITING TIME.  
Demonstrations were at once made that led the officers to believe that some harm might come to the prisoners, Michael and Eliza, so they surrounded the couple and took them to jail, followed by an immense crowd of jeering, hooting young men. After returning from the jail they came back to the court house corridors and observing "Lucifer" Durand and Bechel in an office they immediately commenced guying them. "Lucifer" received the contents of an ink bottle to blacken up his gray hair somewhat, but was not annoyed any further. Bechel did not fare so well. The crowd "had it in for him," as the expression goes. He had long, dirty-looking locks that came way below his shoulders, and the crowd commenced securing souvenirs from them.

He objected and made a hot fight for a few seconds, but the numbers were too great for him, and he finally succumbed to the inevitable, telling the boys to do what they chose with him, only not to take his life. The boys had no such idea. They only wanted to see what sort of a looking human being he was when he got his wool off, so they took him to a barber shop, got him to request the barber to cut his hair and trim his beard, and then he was allowed to depart in peace. There was strong talk of a coat of tar and feathers, which many good citizens were not adverse to seeing administered, but to the credit of the good name of Ann Arbor it was not done.

Such scenes as followed this trial are not to be commended. The law is abundantly able to care for offenders, but the feeling was so intense against the prisoners and their followers, that the only wonder is that they were let off so easy.

OFF TO JACKSON.  
It had been rumored that the "Prince" was hurried off to Jackson the same night to avoid the wrath of the crowd, but such was not the fact. Sheriff Dwyer and Deputy Peterson escorted him to his new "Godhouse" Saturday p. m., leaving on the 2:19 train. There were 300 or 400 people down there to see him off, but no demonstrations were attempted.

And so comes to grief another man, who pretending to be divinely inspired, sought religion as a cloak to gratify his lusts.  
Coughing Leads to Consumption.  
Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Ask your friends about it.

TERMS:

\$1.00 per Year in Advance. To Subscribers out of the County, 15 cents extra, to pay postage.

Entered at the Ann Arbor Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

ONLY ALL METAL CUTS INSERTED.

JOB PRINTING

We have the most complete job office in the State or in the Northwest, which enables us to print Books, Pamphlets, Posters, Programmes, Bill-Heads, Note-Heads, Cards, Etc., in superior style, upon the shortest notice.

BOOK-BINDING.

Connected with THE COURIER office is an extensive Book-Binding, employing competent and experienced hands. All kinds of Records, Ledgers, Journals, Magazines, Ladies' Books, Bibles and Harper's Weeklies, Etc., bound on the shortest notice and in the most substantial manner, at reasonable prices. Must especially bound more tastefully than at any other bindery in Michigan.

WANT COLUMN.

Short advertisements not to exceed three lines, or Lost or Found Houses for Sale or Rent, Wants, etc., inserted three weeks for 25 cents. Situations wanted, free.

FARM FOR SALE—102 acres of land near Leland, in Leelanaw county, Michigan, with good dwelling house costing over \$1600 and small barn and outbuildings, 72 acres cleared and ready for cultivation. To be sold cheap. Will take one-third down, remainder on long time if required. Inquire of N. W. CHEEVER, 19 1/2 N. Fourth St., Ann Arbor.

SALESMAN WANTED—Valuable commission offered, \$20 weekly earned by many of our agents. Samples free. P. O. Box 1371, New York.

FOR SALE—An extra good cow will be sold cheap at 43 E. Williams street. Must be sold by June 20.

FOR SALE—Ten room Queen Ann cottage, 87 W. Huron street. All modern improvements. Apply to C. B. Davidson, 45 N. Main street, or at the Courier Press Rooms.

WANTED WASHING—Will go to private houses or do it at my residence. 25 Hecott st. Miss. EMILIE BUCHHOLZ.

WANTED—A House with Barn. House with about six or seven rooms. Must be in good repair. In good location. Call at Courier office or address X.

TO RENT—An office suite over F. & M. Bank Cor. Main and Huron sts. Apply at COURIER OFFICE.

FARM FOR SALE—The Bullock or Everett farm, 3 miles west of Salem Station, and 11 miles from Ann Arbor, containing 109 acres; house and barns, stock, and well water, timber, school and church within a mile. Land naturally the best and cultivation good; also forty acre farm for sale, the S. 1/2 of the E. 1/2 of the S. E. q. of sec. 34 of Ann Arbor town, being part of the Howe-North place north of the County Farm, 1/2 mile from Mack & Schmidt's, 1 1/2 miles from city limits. First-class land for peaches. Prices and terms reasonable. Call on or address Andrew E. Gilron, 32 Maynard St., Ann Arbor.

Cleveland will probably be renominated at the Chicago convention. If he is, it will show the absurdities of many democratic arguments given out during the Minneapolis convention. For instance, first, they cried out against Harrison's renomination, because the people do not believe in a second term. Yet here they put up the "stuffed prophet" for the third time.

Second, they kicked on Harrison because he was backed up by office holders. Now, listen to what Watterson says about the Chicago convention being run exclusively by the Cleveland office holders: "There is already too much of that thing man's festing itself; with five of Mr. Cleveland's cabinet on the ground working like beavers to secure a third nomination for the defeated ex-president. There is Mr. Whitney, backed by the whole Standard oil combination, and Don M. Dickinson with an army of expostulators at his back and Mr. Fairchild attended by W. B. Grace, who is loaded down with Wall street money. Then we have Mr. Bayard to lend grace and dignity to the scene and Mr. Vilas to touch up the whole with a few lurid civil service tints. All this is abominable, because it is hypocritical, working its spells in the name of reform while using all the agencies and methods of machine politics."

Third, they said Harrison could not carry the silver states, then they put up their strongest anti-free-silver man, expecting him to carry them.

Fourth, they gleefully pointed to the fact that Harrison was nominated by the votes of the states where he could get no electoral votes. But now Grover slides in with Pennsylvania, Michigan, Wisconsin, Ohio, New England, and all the other good old republican majority states. Verily, their stock arguments are boomerangs coming back to hit them hard.

Our friends in Chicago are in a pickle, in both senses of the word. Hill is the only candidate who can carry New York, but he can not carry anything else. Cleveland can carry mugwumps in other states, but he cannot carry New York. Without New York they cannot win; with New York and nothing else they also fall down. Jordan is a hard road to travel, and the Tammany toughs will rile or ruin.

The University Democratic Club now sees that it made a big mistake in taking University hall this year, and having such a fizzle. A little commotion would have told them to take it during the campaign next fall.

Whitelaw Reid is an old typo. He used to work at the case, and has come to the front through sheer merit alone.

When speaking of the billion dollar congress our democratic friends would do well to specify which one, the last or the present.

If the editor of the magazine called "Good Roads," would attend to the road question and let the tariff question alone, he would make more friends.

The republican party has two Reeds which to lean—even if they do not spell it the same—and neither of them are broken ones, either.

The farmers know that the statement that a higher tariff on wool meant higher prices, was a lie.—Hastings Journal, (Dem.)

How is it, then, if a high tariff reduces the price, that a tariff is a tax?

It is the laboring man who votes for this home when he votes for the protective policy of the republican party that will give that party another four year's lease of power. Mr. Harrison will be re-elected.

Chief Samuels of the Horticultural department has already received donations of plants and flowers for the Exposition valued at more than \$50,000. All preparations for the care of tender plants have been made, and large consignments are expected soon from tropical countries.

It is the strong, able, clean, administration of the affairs of the nation that has made Mr. Harrison popular with the great masses of the people. He may not be as brilliant as some men are, but he is honest, conservative, courageous, fearless, and a man in whom the people have confidence.

It took two hours to unload the bottled and barrelled beer, wine, whiskey and champagne that the Tammany Hall chieftains carried to Chicago, to give the Hill boom the proper enthusiasm. It will not take long to load up all that is left of it when these braves are ready to return home.

The comic papers will do well to reverse their caricatures, and put that hat of grandpa's in the place where it belongs. The grandson has so far outgrown that hat, that the old General, were he to appear on earth again, himself, would be astounded. Benjamin is a greater man than William Henry ever was.

It would be a great surprise to the country if Missouri should happen to wheel in line, and give her electoral vote to Harrison and Reid, but such a result is confidently predicted by Missouri republicans. Missouri is known as the "puke" state. It is time she puked up some of the bad politics that has so long afflicted her.

Now that the members of the 8th Michigan Infantry, at their recent reunion at Durand, recognized Robert Henry Hendershott as the genuine boy who chugs to the boat and crossed over the Rappahannock with his regiment, thus earning the sobriquet of "the drummer boy of the Rappahannock" it is to be hoped that the question is forever settled.

The free delivery of mail to the farmers is still an interesting topic of discussion, not only in the home of the farmer and at the institutes which are held for his benefit, but in the villages as well. A writer in the Michigan Farmer advances a comparatively new idea in connection with the postoffice, his idea being to make the boxes at the offices free from rent entirely. Well, this would certainly help some and is the first step, perhaps, in the change to free delivery.

An exhibit showing the press resources and accomplishments of Michigan is contemplated by the World's Fair Board of that state, and it is believed that the Michigan Press Association will undertake the preparation of it. It is proposed to procure copies of all the papers published in the state and bind them, the dailies in one volume, the weeklies in another and the monthlies in still another. It is also proposed to have photographs of many of the best known editors in the state and of newspaper offices, equipments, etc.

The sympathy of the people of this nation, regardless of party or politics, goes out to Mr. Blaine in the last great affliction that has come upon him, in the death of his son Emmons, who expired suddenly at his home in Chicago, at 11.45 a. m. Saturday, of inflammation of the bowels. It is asserted that his illness came from the excitement and work of the national convention at Minneapolis. This being the third of Mr. Blaine's children who have died within a few years, the affliction of the family must be intense.

Judge Albion W. Tourgee is credited with the following expression of opinion: "If there is not a marked change in the attitude of the country towards the colored race we shall have within the next ten years a massacre such as has not been paralleled since the French revolution. The gravity of the danger which threatens us is not appreciated. I am amazed that the negro has been so patient under the intense prosecution which he has had to endure, since the proclamation of emancipation there have been more colored men murdered by whites in the south than there have been days in all the years which have elapsed. And yet that fearful army of crimes justice has only avenged four. Just think of it! The persecution which is showered upon the negro in the south knows no amelioration. The Christian church endorsed slavery and has transmitted to its adherents that hatred of the race."

EXCELLENT IDEAS.

Uttered by President Harrison in Recent Speeches.

It is no time now to use the apothecary's scales to weigh the rewards of the men who saved the country.—Indianapolis, Aug. 1, 1888.

We send to the south the assurance that we desire the stream of their prosperity shall flow back full. We would lay upon their people no burdens that we would not willingly bear ourselves.—Indianapolis, July 19 1888.

I know of no higher honor in this world than to be called "comrade" by the survivors of those who saved the Union.—Canon City, Col., May 11, 1891.

I am glad that the Confederate soldier, confessing that defeat which has brought him blessings that would have been impossible otherwise, has been taken again into full participation in the administration of the government; that no penalties, limitations or other afflictions rest upon him. I have taken and can always take the hand of a brave Confederate soldier with confidence and respect. I would put him under one yoke only, and that is the yoke that the victors in that struggle bore when they went home and laid off their uniforms—the yoke of the law and the obligation always to obey it. Upon that platform, without distinction between the victors and the vanquished, we enter together upon possibilities as a people that we cannot overestimate.—Memphis, Tenn., April 17, 1891.

There have been two conquests—one with arms, the other with the gentle influence of peace—and the last is greater than the first. The first is only great as it made way for that which followed, and now, one again in our devotion to the Constitution and the laws, one again in the determination that the question of the federal relations of these states shall never again be raised, we have started together upon a career of prosperity and development that has as yet given only the signs of what is to come.—Chattanooga, Tenn., Apr. 15 1891.

I have a supreme regard for the honor of the nation, a profound respect for the Constitution and a most sincere desire to meet the just expectations of my fellow citizens. I am not one of those who believe that the good of any class can be permanently and largely attained except upon lines which promote the good of all our people. We have a common heritage.—Johnson City, Tenn., April 14, 1891.

We are one people absolutely. We follow not men, but institutions. We are happy in the fact that though men may live or die, come or go, we still have that toward which the American citizen turns with confidence and veneration—this great union of the states, devised so happily by our fathers.—Bakersfield, Cal., April 25, 1891.

We cannot be too careful that all our influence is on the side of good government, and of American interests. We do not wish ill to any other nation or people in the world, but they must excuse us if we regard our own fellow citizens as having the highest claim on our regard.—Modesto, Cal., April 25 1891.

Our legislation should be as broad as our territory, should not be for classes, but should be always in the interest of all our people.—Pendleton, Ore., May 7, 1891.

The republican party has walked in the light of the Declaration of Independence. It has made the Union more perfect by making all men free.—Indianapolis, July 9, 1888.

The republican party has walked upon high paths. It has set before it ever the maintenance of the Union, the honor of the flag and the prosperity of our people. It has been an American party in that it has always set American interests at the front.—Indianapolis, July 25, 1888.

The republican party has always stood for election reforms. No measure tending to secure the ballot box from fraud has ever been opposed by its representatives.—Indianapolis Aug. 15, 1888.

Citizenship has its duties as well as its privileges. The first is that we give our energies and influence to the enactment of just, equitable and beneficent laws. The second is like unto it—that we loyally reverence and obey the will of the majority enacted into law, whether we are of the majority or not. There is an open avenue through the ballot box for the modification or repeal of laws which are unjust or oppressive.—Indianapolis, July 12 1888.

A manly assertion by each of his individual rights, and a manly concession of equal rights to every other man is the law of good citizenship.—Indianapolis, July 19, 1888.

Our government was based upon the idea of equal rights of men. It absolutely rejects the idea of class distinction, and insists that men should be judged by their behavior. That is a good rule; those who are law abiding and well disposed; those who pursue their vocations lawfully and with due respect to the rights of others, are the true American citizens.—Glenwood Springs, Col., May 10, 1891.

I desire to promote those measures which shall always be for the interests of all classes, and which shall diffuse the benefits of our institutions equally and fairly among all the states and among all our people.—Baker City, Ore., May 7, 1891.

We have a government whose principles are very simple and very popular. The whole theory of our in-

stitutions is that, pursuing those election methods which we have prescribed under the Constitution, every man shall exercise freely the right that the suffrage law confides to him, and that the majority, if it has expressed its will, shall conclude the issue for us all. There is no other foundation. This was the enduring base upon which the fathers of our country placed our institutions. Let us always keep them there. Let us press the debate in our campaigns as to what the law should be; but let us keep faith and submit with the reverence and respect which are due to the law once lawfully enacted.—Tallahassa, Ga., April 16, 1891.

The people who believe that a president should not be eligible for a second term—and there are many of them in both parties—will have some difficulty in voting for a new man this year.

The supreme court of this state unanimously holds the infamous Miner election law constitutional. Judge Montgomery wrote the decision, and all the other judges concurred. The democratic politicians and papers are consequently happy.

Jerry Simpson is charged with asserting that "you can't reform the tariff any more than you can reform hell." This most explicable why Jerry has no socks—they were burned off in an attempt at reform.—Adrian Press.

The people of Kansas will make it so hot for Jerry this fall that he will wish himself in the place referred to above.

"Buy where you can buy the cheapest, and sell where you can sell the dearest," was the burden of Congressman Wm. J. Bryan's remarks at University hall last Friday evening. The same old story. The congressman ought to change the wording to something like this: "Millions of money and tons of raw material to build up and sustain foreign but not one cent for American industries."

COUNCIL PROCEEDING.

(OFFICIAL.)

COUNCIL CHAMBER, ANN ARBOR, JUNE 16th, 1892.

Special meeting. President Cooley being absent, the Council was called to order by City Clerk Miller.

Roll called. A quorum present. Absent—Ald. Wines, Fillmore, O'Mara, Rehberg, Taylor, and President Cooley—6.

On motion of Ald. Kitson, Ald. Prentyman was elected president pro tem. The call of the special meeting having been read by the Clerk, the following business was transacted:

To the Common Council: The Board of Public Works, to whom was referred by his honor, the Mayor, the present condition of First street, respectfully report that we find that the Toledo, Ann Arbor and North Michigan Railroad Company are desirous of constructing, for the conveyance and accommodation of their patrons, a spur track along their property which fronts on First street, and desire leave to cross First street along the west side of their main track, and also Williams street along First street in so doing, and we would respectfully recommend that said railway be granted such permission on certain conditions, as follows:

1st. That the Toledo, Ann Arbor and North Michigan Railway Company do forthwith construct a plank sidewalk along the east side of First street adjacent to all of their property, including their original right of way across First street.

2d. That they extend the culvert on First street westerly to the west line of First street by 24-inch tile, to be laid double and side by side, and covering the same to grade of street.

3d. That the crossing of said spur track be at the present grade of said streets respectively, the city reserving to itself the right to change the grade of each of said streets, and the said Company to conform to such change by placing their said spur track at all times at established grade.

4th. That such spur track be laid wholly on Company ground and out of First street as claimed by the City, and as lately surveyed by the City Engineer, except where said spur track crosses said First street.

5th. That at crossing of both First and William streets, the company to construct plank crossings, the full width of each street.

6th. That construction and extension of culvert, the sidewalk and each road crossing be under the direction of and all work and material used, to be to the satisfaction of the Street Commissioner.

7th. And the said Board further reports that the said Railway has already removed its track from and along First street to its own grounds within the time and as heretofore ordered by your honorable body, and to the entire satisfaction of this entire Board.

Respectfully submitted, By order of the Board of Public Works.

W. J. MILLER, Clerk.

Ald. Ferguson moved that the communication be laid on the table, which motion prevailed.

Ald. Schairer moved that the Chief of Police is hereby ordered to notify Board of Public Works to permit and allow track across First street to remain laid until after our next regular meeting, which motion prevailed.

On motion the Council adjourned.

W. J. MILLER, City Clerk.

Goes out to tea—Milk. Good to keep—A secret. Broken to be used—Colts. A highway—The elevated. Come to pass—Dead heads. Household bills—Mosquito's. Know their own fodder—Cattle. Get their hand in—Pickpockets. An airy discussion—Ventilation. A big fish—The Prince of Wales. "Out of sight"—A bat at noonday. A first class effort—The valedictory.



YOUR BREAD CAN'T BE SOUR IF YOU USE

GILLETT'S MAGIC YEAST

PURE QUICK ECONOMICAL NEVER GETS SOUR.

Ask for "Magic" at your Grocer's. Let him sell his other kinds to other people.



JACOB GOULD SCHURMAN.

Among the recent events and changes in the university world, the one we commented upon has been the reign of President Adams, of Cornell University. The new president, Dr. Schurman, was born May 22d, 1854. He attended the usual schools and in 1867 he became clerk in a general store Resolving then to have an education, he attended several colleges at his home in Nova Scotia. Afterwards he studied in London, Edinburgh and Paris, won several high prizes at Oxford, spent several years in Germany at the best universities, where he became acquainted with President White, of Cornell, who was then our minister to Germany, and who in 1885 recommended him to a chair in Cornell, where he became head of the Philosophical Department, and where he always has had large and enthusiastic classes. His influence has been gradually extending and students have come from all parts of America to complete their studies under him. He will undoubtedly make a splendid president.

'THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN LIMITED,' AND 'THE BIG 5.'

TWO GRAND TRAINS DAILY BETWEEN THE WORLD'S FAIR CITY AND THE FOOTHILLS.

ONE NIGHT OUT OR ONE DAY OUT. TAKE YOUR CHOICE. BUSINESS DEMANDS IT AND THE PEOPLE MUST HAVE IT.

The popularity of "The Great Rock Island Route" as a Colorado line—it having long time since taken first place as the people's favorite between the Lakes and the Mountains—has compelled the management to increase its present splendid service by the addition of a train that is one night on the road from Chicago to Denver, Colorado Springs or Pueblo. This train will be known as the "Rocky Mountain Limited," and will be put in service May first. Leaves Chicago daily at 10.45 a. m., arriving at the above cities in the afternoon of the next day, earlier than any of its competitors. Especial equipment has been built for this train, with the view of making it a limited in every sense of the word, and best of all, there will be no extra charge. The route of this exceedingly fast train is by the Rock Island Short Line, and a few of the larger cities through which it passes, are Davenport, Des Moines, Lincoln, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Beatrice, Fairbury, Belleville, Phillipsburg, Colby, Smith Centre and Goodland. This makes it the most desirable route, and particularly interesting to the traveler. Another point: The popularity of our dining-car service is still on the increase, and no money spared to make this service what our patrons always say, "the best."

Our "Big 5" will continue as usual, leaving Chicago at 10 p. m., and arriving at Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo the second morning, being but one day out, and this fast and popular train goes through Omaha. Our No. 11 will leave as heretofore at 6 p. m., arrive at Kansas City at 9 a. m., and will reach Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo the second morning.

Our Colorado service is made perfect by this new "Rocky Mountain Limited" and the "Big 5," and gives to the traveling public two flyers daily. Manitou passengers should consult the map and time tables of our line, to fully appreciate the advantages in time saved by taking this route, when when on their summer vacation. JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. T. & P. A., Chicago.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

THE GENUINE HAS

A TAG ON JOLLY-TAP EACH

JNO. FINZER & BROS.

PLUG

POPULAR SIZE & of BEST QUALITY

Low Prices AND Honest Goods

Are always to be found at

GOODYEAR'S DRUG STORE.



Remember we lead them all. GOOD-YEAR'S DRUG STORE, No. 4 S. Main St.

75,000

Rolls of Wall Paper

GEORGE WAHR'S

All new Spring designs. Look at the low prices:

PER ROLL Best Blanks at . . . . . 4, 5 and 6c Best Gilt at . . . . . 8, 10 and 12c Fine Paper at . . . . . 15, 20 and 25c

PAPER HANGING A SPECIALTY.

GEORGE WAHR,

OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE, ANN ARBOR, MICH.

W. W. NICHOLS, DENTIST.

Rooms over Ann Arbor Savings Banks, Opp Court House Square.

VITALIZED AIR. Administered. It is agreeable and easy to take, and no prostrating effects follow, while teeth are extracted without pain.

Chas. W. Vogel, Dealer in all kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats.

EVERYTHING NEAT AND CLEAN

No. 9 E. ANN ST., ANN ARBOR.



WEALTH IN DISGUISE.

"Please young gentleman, do we change cars here? These conductors are so cross to a body, and I have got to change here, and change there, a dozen times. Is this Oakland, and do we change?"

"No one spoke about the matter," said Ed, quietly eating his dinner, "and if they had made any such remarks, I should only have thought less of the person who made them. I was only doing my duty."

heart's content. But on her return to her own home, she sent for her lawyer, made a will in Ed Price's favor, and sent word to the Allen's that she had done so, by a friend who was ordered to report.

Served Him Right. There is material for half-a dozen good sermons in the following anecdote. No one will question who was the true gentleman:

LITERARY NOTES. The Quiver for July is here and an interesting number it is. The opening paper, "Our Own Hospital Sunday" must interest every one who loves children or who has a drop of human kindness in his heart.

ANN ARBOR FRUIT FARM. Pears and Grapes a Specialty. EMIL BAUR, West Huron St., Ann Arbor. Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of W. Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa, which is absolutely pure and soluble.

A Little Girls Experience in a Light-house.

Mr. and Mrs. Loren Trescott are keepers of Gov. Lighthouse at Sand Beach, Mich., and are blessed with a daughter, four years old.

A Chance to Show How Smart You are.

The following rather curious piece of composition was recently placed upon the blackboard at a teacher's institute and a prize of a Webster's dictionary offered to any person who could read and pronounce every word correctly.

One Side Only of the Conversation.

The man's voice:—when there was not the slightest reason for it that I could see!

THE GREAT BLUE RIBBON MEETING.

Of the Detroit Driving Club Will be held as usual on the Park Grounds of the club, in the city of Detroit, July 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st and 22nd.

WAS A MIRACLE.

and their combination into a phenomenal life-giving tonic. A TRIUMPH of the CHEMICAL ART.

HAVE YOU ASTHMA?

SCHIFFMANN'S Asthma Cure Never fails to give instant relief in the worst cases, and effects cures where others fail.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions.

AT BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK.

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary.

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The best salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions.

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**SYRUP OF FIGS**

**ONE ENJOYS**

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

**CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.  
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

**The News Condensed.**  
Important Intelligence From All Parts.

**CONGRESSIONAL**

In the senate on the 18th the pension appropriation bill (8146,787,000) was reported. Mr. Peffer spoke in favor of his bill to increase the currency and provide for its circulation, to reduce the rate of interest, and to establish a bureau of loans. In the house bills were passed providing that Indian children shall be declared to be citizens when they have reached the age of 21 years; to protect settlement rights where two or more persons settle on the same section of agricultural public lands before survey thereof.

Only routine business was transacted in the senate on the 14th. Chief Clerk Towles, of the house, gave notice of the death of Mr. Stackhouse, and appropriate resolutions were adopted, after which the senate adjourned. In the house a bill was introduced providing for the election of representatives by proportionate representation. Mr. Tillman, of South Carolina, announced the sudden death of his colleague, E. T. Stackhouse, and the customary resolutions of respect were adopted and the house adjourned.

SENATOR PEPPER presented a petition in the senate on the 18th from colored citizens of Kansas, protesting against southern outrages. Senator Padlock presented a petition from Nebraska citizens urging that in the future the salaries of all senators and representatives in favor of free and unlimited coinage of silver be paid them in silver and silver only. The silver bill was discussed. In the house the fortification appropriation bill (22,412,372) was passed and the revenue bills were discussed.

SENATOR MORRILL (Vt.) discussed the senate on the 16th in opposition to the bill to provide for the free coinage of gold and silver and Senator Stewart (Nev.) in his favor. Senator Peffer (Kan.) presented a petition in relation to the prevalence of lynch law and said it was time for the American congress to take action in the matter. In the house the tin plate bill was discussed, but no action was taken.

In the senate nothing was done on the 17th. In the house the conference report on the river and harbor bill was presented, and another conference was ordered. The remainder of the day was consumed in filibustering over the Sibley claim bill for the use of his patent tent by the government. A bill was reported for the issue of 10,000,000 silver half dollars, to be used as souvenir coins in aid of the world's fair.

**DOMESTIC**

A COMMITTEE of vigilantes were in charge of affairs at Guthrie, O. T., and the threatened race war had been averted.

In a quarrel over a woman at Arkansas City, Kan., J. A. McCormick and D. C. Jones shot each other dead.

A HURRICANE accompanied by a terrific downpour of rain swept over Chicago and killed and injured several persons, as well as destroying property valued at over \$200,000. The greatest damage was done on the south side, where great plate glass windows were blown in, buildings unroofed or fired by lightning and telegraph poles leveled.

FOURTEEN members of the crew of the shells at Mare Island navy yard in San Francisco.

The International Typographical union began its fortieth annual session at Philadelphia.

DURING May the exports of breadstuffs from the United States were \$19,410,349, against \$12,350,231 in May, 1891; of provisions, \$10,501,592, against \$7,002,006 in 1891.

ONE HUNDRED buildings were burned at Chicago, Pa., and the fire was still burning.

JOEL EDWARDS and his little son aged 14 years and David Edwards were drowned while bathing at Crescent City, Ill.

A FIRE which started in the George Ruder Brewing Company's mammoth plant at Wausau, Wis., caused a loss of \$100,000.

The one hundredth anniversary of the passage of the law inaugurating the national militia was celebrated at Omaha, Neb., by a great militia tournament.

A CYCLONIC wind swept over Orno Point at Lake Minnetonka, Minnesota, and wrought great damage.

SEVERE earthquake shocks were felt at Santa Ana and Riverside, Cal.

ONE person was killed, twenty were injured seriously and 200 houses were damaged by the storm which passed directly across the town of Galva, Ill.

MRS. GEORGE BEADY, of South Bay City, Mich., jumped into the river with two of her children and all were drowned. No cause was known.

A FRIGHT train went through a trestle 135 feet high at Lonesome Hollow, Ky., and three of the crew were killed.

A LOCOMOTIVE exploded on the Chicago & Grand Trunk railway near Battle Creek, Mich., fatally injuring the fireman and brakeman.

The town of Merville, Ia., was almost wiped out by a fire.

A FIRE in Baltimore, Md., destroyed the wharves and freight houses of the Bay Line Steamboat Company, two large schooners, the offices of James Corner & Sons, dealers in naval stores, and other property, the total loss being \$1,200,000.

MRS. JULES LEROY, wife of a coal merchant at Imperial, Pa., and her two children were fatally burned by an explosion of kerosene oil.

A TORNADO capsized a boat at Bangor, Me., and eight persons were drowned.

MISSOULA, Mont., was flooded and many houses and bridges were swept away by the Missoula river.

The Illinois Wesleyan university has conferred the degree of doctor of laws upon Gov. Fifer.

GUSTAVE and Eric Eng and Axel Peterson, aged 8 to 14 years, who were supposed to have run off with a circus, were found drowned at Moline, Ill.

TWINS were presented to Mrs. and Mr. Harrison Breedlove, of Carson, Nev. Mr. Breedlove is 70 years old and his wife is 63. They are believed to be the oldest couple on record who have been favored in this way.

MICHIGAN crop reports indicate a big yield of grain and fruits.

A FIRE at Elizabeth, W. Va., destroyed factories and sawmills valued at \$300,000.

A FERRYBOAT crossing Bayou La Fourche at Napoleonville, La., was overturned and five persons were drowned.

An express train collided with an engine at Oreland, Pa., killing William Fenton, the engineer, and injuring twelve persons, some fatally.

At their convention in Cleveland the National Association of Dancing Masters elected E. W. Masters, of Boston, as president.

At a meeting in Des Moines, Ia., of the executive committee of the Irish

National league a resolution was unanimously adopted condemning the division now existing in Ireland and declaring that "we will not contribute one cent to either party until they unite."

ONE woman and two men were instantly killed and several others were injured by a bolt of lightning that struck the Grant statue in Lincoln park, Chicago, during a storm. The statue itself was not damaged.

WILLIAM HENRY PAINTON, the murderer of Mrs. Michael Strominger, was hanged at York, Pa.

The report of the condition of national banks in the United States at the close of business on the 16th shows the resources to be \$3,479,035,123. The liabilities include \$682,232,158 of paid-in capital stock and individual deposits of \$1,743,787,945.

FRANK WESTON and George Murray, of Grand Rapids, Mich., aged 6 and 8 years, respectively, quarreled at the river, when Frank tried to push George into the water. Both fell in and were drowned.

In a saloon fight at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., four men were killed.

A CYCLONIC swept over the southern Minnesota counties of Jackson, Martin, Faribault, Freeborn, Blue Earth, Mower and Fillmore, and at least seventy lives were lost. The destruction of property was enormous.

FIVE business houses were destroyed by fire at Rich Hill, Mo.

At Scranton, Pa., 10,000 men marched in the parade in honor of the reunion of the Society of the Army of the Potomac.

The venerable university of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia held its one hundred and thirty-sixth annual commencement.

FOUR Italians were lynched near Sedro, Wash., for murdering John A. Nelson, a mine foreman.

The grand lodge of masons of Nebraska, in session at Omaha, decided that no liquor dealer could become a member of the order.

The national convention of Loyal Orange men in session at Pittsburgh, Pa., adopted a resolution declaring against opening the world's fair on Sunday.

PETER GARNER, a farmer living near Adel, Ia., was robbed of \$2,500 by three crooks.

At the leading clearing houses in the United States the exchanges during the week ended on the 17th aggregated \$1,138,301,289, against \$1,183,487,730 the previous week. The increase as compared with the corresponding week of 1891 was 12.1.

It has been decided by a judge at Mount Vernon, Ill., that the women members of the school board could not hold office.

In the United States the business failures during the seven days ended on the 17th numbered 179, against 192 the preceding week and 233 for the corresponding week last year.

J. MARSH & Co., private bankers and merchants at Vermont, Ill., failed for \$100,000.

TWO WOMEN have been elected to fellowships at Yale university, and they are the first to receive this distinction.

MRS. ELLA DAYSON, wife of Thomas Dayson, a lumberman at Ford's Mills, N. Y., gave birth to quadruplets—three girls and a boy.

The Michigan supreme court rendered a decision sustaining the constitutionality of the Miner election law, which was passed by the last legislature.

JOE WALLACE, the murderer of Henry Cote, was hanged near Jasper, Marion county, Tenn. The execution was witnessed by 10,000 people.

PAUL, Rudolph, Edith and Maggie Pitcock and Edna Richardson, ranging from 13 to 15 years of age, were drowned in the Ohio river at Neville island, near Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Master Plumbers' association in session at Washington elected Jeremiah Sheehan, of St. Louis, as president.

What remained of the village of Rockdale, Ia., since the disaster of 1876, was wiped out by a storm.

GRASSHOPPERS were destroying many cotton fields in Mississippi.

A CLOBURST flooded Chatsworth, Ill., doing great damage.

The body of a woman with head and arms gone was found near Oconomowoc, Wis.

**PERSONAL AND POLITICAL**

GEN. ELI T. STACKHOUSE, member of congress from the Sixth district of South Carolina and a prominent member of the Farmers' Alliance, died suddenly in Washington.

The democratic state convention of Arkansas in session at Little Rock nominated a full state ticket headed by William M. Fishback, of Fort Smith, for governor.

NELSON W. ALDRICH was reelected United States senator from Rhode Island.

MINNESOTA'S Farmer's Alliance has seceded from the people's party and called a convention of its own to be held in St. Paul July 7.

The 80th birthday of Harriet Beecher Stowe was celebrated at her home in Hartford, Conn.

CONGRESSMEN were nominated as follows: Illinois, Seventh district, J. E. McPherran (dem.); Kentucky, Third district, Isaac H. Goodright (dem.) renominated; Kansas, Seventh district, Jerry Simpson (people's party) renominated.

B. L. ANTONY (dem.) was elected at Dallas, Tex., to fill the unexpired term of ex-congressman, now Senator Roger Q. Mills.

The democrats of Ohio in convention at Columbus nominated the following ticket: Col. W. A. Taylor, of Franklin county, for secretary of state; John P. Driggs, of Monroe, for supreme judge (long term); Thomas Beer, of Crawford, for supreme judge (short term); W. H. Wolfe, of Fairfield, for clerk of the supreme court. The delegates to the national convention were uninstructed.

REV. FATHER MOLLINGER, the famous faith cure priest of Pittsburgh, Pa., aged 70, died from the effects of a surgical operation. He was worth \$2,000,000.

E. S. LACEY, comptroller of the currency, has resigned.

The people's party of Kansas in convention at Wichita nominated S. D. Lewelling for governor.

DR. E. W. JOHNS, formerly medical purveyor general of the confederate states, died at Richmond, Va., aged 68 years.

REPRESENTATIVE HOLMAN, of Indiana, and Mrs. Holman celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage in Washington.

The people's party of Michigan in convention at Lansing elected delegates to the national convention at Omaha and adopted resolutions against fusion with any party and demanding shorter hours for laboring men.

MRS. ELIZABETH STILGENBAUER died at the home of her son near Columbus, Ind., aged 100 years.

The North Carolina people's party in convention at Raleigh made the following congressional nominations: Second district, E. A. Thorne; Fifth, W. R. Lindsay; Eighth, R. L. Patton.

The people's party of West Virginia in convention at Parkersburg nominated S. A. Houston for governor. James Bashall was nominated for congress in the First district and N. W. Fitzgerald in the Second.

NOMINATIONS for congress were made as follows: Iowa, First district, John H. Gear (rep.); Indiana, Eleventh district, William Johnson (rep.); North Carolina, Ninth district, W. T. Crawford (dem.) renominated.

JOHN McELROY, a veteran of two wars, died in Searey county, Ark., aged 81 years.

The prohibitionists of the Sixth Illinois district have nominated R. J. Hazlett for congress.

**FOREIGN**

TERRIFIC thunderstorms prevailed in various parts of Spain, causing loss of life and injury to property by lightning.

The hemp spinning works at Barmen, Germany, were destroyed by fire, causing a loss of 750,000 marks.

A MINER named Havelka has confessed that he caused the fire in the Pribram mines in Belgium by which hundreds of lives were lost.

UNITED STATES CONSUL A. WILLARD, at Guaymas, Mex., died there of paralysis, aged 67. He was a native of Connecticut, and had been in the consular service for about thirty years.

TWENTY persons were killed by an explosion on board the British steamer Petrolia, lying near Biaye harbor, France.

FIRE at Liverpool that started in the cotton taken from the Spanish steamer Guido from New York caused a loss of \$125,000.

A CYCLONE in Canada caused great damage to property and loss of life at St. Rose, Lachute, St. Johns and the Ottawa valley. At St. Rose the schoolhouse was blown down and the teacher and ten children were killed. Several persons were killed in other places.

A CYCLONE wrecked several buildings at Badalona, Spain, including two factories, and eight persons were killed and a number injured.

EMIN PASHA's reported death was merely a rumor.

In Germany a society has been organized to placate France for the loss of Alsace-Lorraine by a promise of bestowing Egypt upon the republic.

ALARM was felt in Italy over the continued activity of Vesuvius.

**SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.**

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STATIONS	MAIL EX. DAY EX. N. S. D. CHICAGO DETROIT
Chi. Lv.	7:05 9:00 12:30 3:10 5:02 9:20 10:10 A.M.
Kala's	11:55 2:45 3:57 7:00 8:57 1:53 3:32 7:10 P.M.
Jack'n.	3:40 4:25 5:35 8:47 10:37 4:00 6:15 9:25
Chel'n.	3:45 5:02 6:00 9:15 11:27 4:58 7:15 10:31
Dexter	4:04 5:11 6:10 9:25 11:37 5:16 7:29 10:31
A. A.	4:05 5:53 6:28 9:45 11:27 5:38 7:47 10:47
Ypsil.	4:45 5:40 6:00 9:56 11:38 5:57 8:08 11:00
W. J. C.	5:11 6:04 6:20 10:10 11:52 6:23 8:17
De'tar.	6:00 6:45 7:35 10:40 12:30 7:10 9:30 11:55

DETROIT TO CHICAGO.	
STATIONS	MAIL EX. DAY EX. N. S. D. CHICAGO DETROIT
De'tar.	8:20 7:40 9:05 1:20 8:00 9:00 2:15 4:45
We J'n.	8:58 8:00 9:15 1:30 8:35 9:45 3:00 5:15
Ypsil.	9:21 8:25 9:40 1:45 8:50 10:00 3:28 5:40
A. A.	9:57 8:50 9:59 2:19 9:18 10:27 3:57 5:50
Dexter	9:56 9:00 10:10 2:30 9:40 10:50 4:07 6:07
Chel'n.	10:10 9:15 10:25 2:45 9:58 11:08 4:16 6:18
Jack'n.	11:19 9:55 10:55 3:14 10:42 11:55 5:35 6:55
Kala's	3:00 11:35 12:35 5:00 1:00 2:15 5:39 9:45
Chi. Ar.	7:28 3:35 4:30 9:00 4:50 7:55 9:55

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