



Much sympathy is expressed here for Congressman Levi T. Griffin, of the first district, in the severe affliction which has been sent upon him. He has become entirely deaf, and it is said will give up all public duties.

The treatment of Americans at Honduras will doubtless bring out the fact whether this administration really has any backbone or not. Now there is an opportunity for Gresham to in a degree redeem himself. Will he do it?

The papers of the state that have so kindly noticed the Musical Festival to be held here on the 18th and 19th inst., are doing a good work for the cause of music in the state, and the University Musical Society feel grateful therefor.

In behalf of Mr. Breckenridge, of Pollard notoriety, the Ypsilanti Sentinel attempts to prove that Kentucky has nearly as many schools as Michigan. The fault must lie in the teachers, then. There's certainly something wrong.

Protected employers prefer to hire the "pauper labor of Europe," and vote "em like cattle.—Ypsilanti Sentinel.

Our worthy brother is wrong. The great and only democratic Tammany has a cinch on that department of the cattle trade.

The republican party makes no mistake by occasionally recognizing and complimenting by appointment or election men from the younger element of the party, from whose ranks come a goodly proportion of the workers.—Howard City Record.

Richard Croker is no longer boss of Tammany. He has resigned. He has grown rich off the people of New York, and now the tax-payers of that city will have to take some other poor fellow and go through the same process. Great is Tammany. Rich are its Tweeds.

The recent elections in Hawaii show that the provisional government has the confidence of the people. A majority of its friends were chosen as members of a constitutional convention called to form a new constitution and establish a permanent free government. Hurrah for the liberty-loving, patriotic sons of Americans in those islands of the Pacific sea!

Senator John Patton, Jr., appeared in Washington, D. C., last Thursday, was sworn in and took his seat as senator from Michigan on that day. He took his family to Washington with him and proposes to stay until the session is over. Senator McMillan has done the hospitable thing by him and introduced him to the other senators and to the mysteries of the senate—if there are any.

Chicago bankers, merchant princes and manufacturers whose names are widely known, have come out for bimetalism. Marshal Field, Lyman J. Gage, George M. Pullman and fifty others of wealth and importance in the financial world have signed a creed with bimetalism as its basis and pledge themselves to promote its adoption as an international system. This is the outcome of a conference held a short time ago by several prominent financiers.—Harbor Springs Republican.

Such sweet, such melting strains! Their soft harmonious cadence rises now, And swells in solemn grandeur to its height; Now sinks to mellow notes—now dies away— But leaves its thrilling memory on my ear!

The professional labor gentlemen who were deposed from office in the general convention of the Knights of labor a short time ago have decided to form a labor organization of their own in Philadelphia, which will take in everything in sight. The labor rank and file have been so often taken in that this will not surprise them for they know that the professional labor gentlemen must live without the sweat which accompanies the curse upon mankind.—Dispatch.

Pennsylvania is now in the throes of a widely extended strike among the coal miners and coke workers. It is estimated that over 100,000 men are now idle, the idleness self-imposed. Well, we have but little sympathy for these Pennsylvania companies where industries are idle. They imported a lot of Huns, Dagoes and the of-scouring of European countries generally, to work in the mines for the reason that they would work for low wages. Now that they won't work at all, is a natural sequence.—Cedar Rapids (Ia.) Times.

The Populist state convention will be held at Lansing, July 4th, 1894. The chairman of the state central committee, A. W. Nichols, announces that Hon. Jere Simpson, M. C., and Hon. U. S. Senator Pfeffer, both from the cyclone breeding atmosphere of Kansas; and Gen. Weaver, of that nursery of strong zephyrs, Iowa, will be present to agitate the atmosphere in and about the state house, in the name of the American eagle and Coxey's army. Ho! sound the bugles near and far; call every "industrial" in; bid each rip-roarer come along quick, to view Jere's sockless shin.

A recent issue of the Richmond, Va., Dispatch, contained this paragraph among many others:

"We of the south have got to fight once more a party which ought to have perished years ago—a party which has outlived its day. Let us gird on our armor and go into the fall campaign determined to save the government from sectionalism."

There is nothing sectional about the solid south, of course! The "C. S. A." armor, which that paper asks its readers to gird on is truly a broad and national one! Gird on, by all means.

"To Mary, the mother of Washington," is the plain inscription upon a plain granite monolith, 50 feet high, erected over the long neglected grave of the mother of George Washington, near Fredericksburg, Va., and unveiled on Thursday last. This monument has been erected by the energy of two ladies, Mrs. Amelia C. Waite, the widow of the late Chief Justice Waite, and Mrs. Margaret Hetzel, of Clifton Station, Va. All honor to these two American women for their good deed. It has been no credit to the American people that they should allow the grave of this noble mother of their most honored citizen to go unmarked for all these years.

A Georgia man served 10 years in the penitentiary for a crime which another man has confessed he committed himself. The innocent man has been released, but justice demands that he be awarded heavy money damages, and he will be if there is any humanity left in Georgia.—Fowlerville Observer.

Yes, humanity. There's the rub. Only a week or so ago, in the neighboring state of Alabama, they burned a man alive because he was "suspected" of having the small pox. Of course he was a black man. But he was a human being, just the same. A fact that appears to be difficult for the average southerner to comprehend. If that prisoner is a black man they will no doubt consider that "he was none too good to do such a deed," and hang him because he didn't. If he is a white man the matter of justice all depends on whether he was a colonel or general in the late Confederate army, or whether he served in the ranks.

The democratic platform on which Mr. Cleveland stood when he was elected president, said: "We denounce the McKinley tariff law enacted by the 51st congress as the culminating atrocity of class legislation, \* \* \* and we promise its repeal as one of the beneficent results that will follow the action of the people in intrusting power to the democratic party." The democratic party has had the power desired intrusted to it for over two years, and still the McKinley law has not been repealed. The new bill framed to take its place is so near like the old one, that it would almost take an expert to tell the difference, except that wool is to be on the free list. The framers of the north must be hit some way, and the wool club was thought the most effectual one possible, and so wool is to remain upon the free list. The ad valorem duties, for which the Wilson bill was so infamous, have been nearly wiped out, and specific duties inserted. Thus making the dishonest acts of collectors and their clerks less liable to net them anything. But even this bill has not passed yet.

It is not what its proprietors say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures.

How sweetly sounds each mellow note Beneath the moon's pale ray, When dying zephyrs rise and float Like lovers' sighs away! —Wells.

It is seventy-eight years since England demonetized silver. But the feeling in that country in favor of a bimetallic basis is growing stronger and stronger every day. The following cablegram was sent to a recent conference held in London looking to the restoration of silver and signed by John Sherman and nine other republican senators, and also by David B. Hill, Calvin Brice and Senators Voorhees, Gorman and Murphy, democrats: "We desire to express our cordial sympathy with the movement to promote the restoration of silver by international agreement, in aid of which we understand a meeting is held to-day. We believe the free coinage of both gold and silver by international agreement, at a fixed ratio, would secure to mankind the blessing of a sufficient volume of metallic money, and which is hardly less important, secure to the world of trade immunity from violent exchange fluctuations."

The New York Sun has never been accused of being a republican paper, even by its most bitter denouncers, consequently some of our good democratic friends may drink wisdom from its fountain. Here is a recent extract therefrom: "To comprehend the significance of the Wilson bill relating to the importation of Canadian raw products, it is necessary to compare them, as Senator McMillan has compared them, with their pretended counterparts in the tariff bill lately driven through the Ottawa House of Commons by the Tory government of Canada. By such a comparison, two things are made patent and unmistakable. First, the American producer of food, staples and other raw materials, whom the framers of the Wilson bill profess to champion at the expense of the American manufacturer has been needlessly and ruthlessly sacrificed to his Canadian rival, who has the three-fold advantage of cheap land, cheap labor and cheap transportation."

Coxey and his so-called army are made light of; the newspaper paragraphs use them for their jests, and the people in general consider them a "crazy lot of fanatics, tramps and fools, who are upon a hair-brained mission. But after all their condition is a serious one, Serious for themselves not alone, but serious for the nation as well. Their action is but a protest against the state of affairs into which this once prosperous country has fallen.

Idle from necessity, not from choice; out of work because the policy of this democratic administration has closed the factories and workshops, crippled the railroads, and nearly or quite ruined the various industries in which they were wont to earn a livelihood for themselves and their families, and thrown them out penniless, to starve, beg, or be supported by charity.

Are they to blame for their condition? During the four years of President Harrison's administration would it have been possible to have recruited such an army? Now nearly every community in the industrial north, has such an one! And in attempting to make this pilgrimage to the city where the chosen wise men of the nation assemble to enact the laws by which the country shall be ruled, they are taking the only course that to their eyes seems effective and open to them.

They think if the president and congress can see their deplorable condition, they will at once return to the wise course pursued for so many years while under republican rule, and set the great industries going once more. That congress will cease its attempt to force upon the nation the southern doctrine of free trade and cheap labor, and give back to the union its old time activity and to the people their former happiness and prosperity.

Coxeyism is no joke. It is a serious thing, and can be dealt with by wise men only. It can neither be laughed down or hooted out of existence. The only way to get rid of it is for congress to throw aside its partisanship, tell the people that it will not interfere with existing laws, and thus restore confidence once more. Then will the wheels be set in motion again, and the army of the unemployed vanish into air. Then there will be no Coxey's or Kelleys, but happy homes, peace and plenty as of yore.

Speed the day. Bimetalism is rapidly gaining favor in England, and if the signs of the times indicate anything, it will not be so very long before that country will be ready to adopt a double standard. Balfour, the real leader of the Conservative party in parliament, in a recent speech said: "We (Great Britain) ought to enter into an agreement with the countries of the world for a bimetallic joint standard. The solution of the problem is easier than it will be five years hence. Great is the responsibility of those who keep England in stupid selfish isolation on this great question."

Those words mean a great deal, especially if the Conservative party returns to power again, which it is liable to do before any great length of time.

Friendship's balmy words may pain, Love's are e'en more false than they— Oh, 'tis only music's strain Can sweetly soothe, and not betray!

GIVING AWAY OUR MARKETS.

Senator McMillan's Grand Speech on the Tariff.

The New York Tribune compliments Senator McMillan of this state very highly over his tariff speech in the senate recently, and devotes nearly two columns of the Saturday Tribune, covering some of the strongest and interesting points brought out. The Tribune says:

Senator James McMillan, of Michigan, whose intimate knowledge of the conditions existing along the borders of the United States and Canada entitles him to speak as a recognized authority, confined his talk to-day to the effects of the proposed democratic legislation on trade and industry each side of the Canadian line. The close relations which have apparently existed between the framers of the new Canadian tariff have several times been hinted at in the course of the present debate, but Senator McMillan goes further than mere hints and undertakes in his speech to-day to show that the Wilson bill is practically the administration's part in an attempt to revive by co-ordinate legislation in the two countries, the reciprocity treaty of 1854 which was abrogated by this government in 1867 at the demands of the boards of trade of Chicago, Milwaukee, Detroit, Oswego and other cities.

Developing this line of argument, the Michigan senator continued in one of the most interesting and instructive speeches of the present debate. He said in part:

A comparison between the Wilson bill, as it comes from the House, and the new Canadian tariff shows how close an understanding must have existed between the framers of the two measures. In each bill lumber, buckwheat, rye and rye flour and corn are put on the free list where other countries do the same, and the Wilson bill places apples and peas on the free list absolutely. Eggs and salt are made free in both countries, and the United States offers Canada free oatmeal, wheat and wheat flour in exchange for like favors. Ores and metals are on both free lists, and so is wool.

It is interesting to note that the party in this country which is offering these concessions to Canada is the party which has denounced the policy of protection as unconstitutional, and which is now theoretically engaged in making a tariff for revenue only. On the other hand, the party in Canada which is meeting the American free-traders half way is avowedly the party of high protection and is still engaged in building up what is known in Canada as the National policy, one object of which is to make that country independent of this. The Canadians have made no mistakes. They admit free duties only those commodities in the protection of which they have so much the advantage of us as to prevent us from entering their markets. They secure for us unlimited markets for their surplus products. For these favors they give no concessions in their tariff on manufactured articles, but still maintain their duties at the prohibitive point, and they even go so far as to place a bounty of \$2 a ton on iron manufactured from the scrap or pig. For the last fifteen years Canada has been pursuing the policy of shutting the American farmer and manufacturer out of her markets. How successful she was is told by her finance minister in his speech on presenting the new tariff measure. "In 1878," says Mr. Foster, "the people of the United States found in Canada a market for agricultural products and animals and their produce to the value of over \$16,000,000; in 1893 the entire imports into Canada of such products amounted to less than \$3,000,000."

Not only has Canada shut our farmers out of her markets, she has also appeared as our competitor in the markets of Europe. More than this, she has entered our own markets, and in spite of the duties, has firmly established her trade in competition with the American farmer in the markets of the United States. The American farmer is now suffering from over supply of his products in the markets of the world, and yet the Wilson bill proposes entirely to break down the barriers which have to some extent preserved to our own people their home markets. The Canadian farmer has a double advantage over his neighbor across the harbor. First, his land is worth much less than the land of his competitor, and, secondly, he pays his labor at least 50 per cent. less than American labor is paid. To give Canadian cities or provinces a free or practically free and convenient market for their products, while obtaining nothing in return, is not statesmanship, to say the least. We are not left to guesswork, nor yet to

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the figures of treasury experts to find how the Wilson bill would affect the trade relations between this country and Canada. The Wilson bill is a virtual attempt to obtain by co-ordinate legislation in the two countries the revival of the provisions of the reciprocity treaty of 1854. In so far as the pending measure deals with Canada it is open to all the objections which led to the abrogation of that treaty. More than this, the settled and avowed policy of Canada now being to build up her own manufactures by shutting out those of other nations, there is now no such excuse for opening our markets to Canada's natural products as there was in 1854, when that country imposed but nominal duties on manufacturers. The results of the reciprocity treaty, however, should be sufficient warning against any endeavor to revive it. They were a warning to Mr. Blaine. The leading feature of the treaty negotiated by Secretary May and Lord Elgin was that the natural products of the United States and Canada should be admitted to each country respectively free of duty. At the time the treaty took effect (Sept. 11, 1854) Canadian duties on manufactured articles varied from 5 to 11 1/2 per cent. Within three years Canada had placed duties of from 62 1/2 to 100 per cent. on our leading manufactures. The effect of these increases was to cut down our exports to that country from over \$20,000,000 in 1856 to less than \$18,000,000 in 1863. Of the \$239,000,000 worth of Canadian products which entered the United States during the continuance of the treaty, 94 per cent. came in free, while but 56 per cent. of the American products sold to Canada crossed the border without paying heavy tribute. During the twelve years in which the treaty was in force the entire sales of the people of this country to our Canadian neighbors aggregated less by \$26,000,000 than the goods which the Canadians were enabled by the treaty to sell to the United States. It is too much the custom in this country to belittle the resources and capabilities of our vigorous and enterprising neighbor on the north. These markets the Wilson bill proposes to open and none are more surprised at the offer than are the unionists of Canada. Mr. Elgin Meyers, Q. C., of Toronto, in an address delivered before the Michigan Club on May 24, 1893, said:

"Reform politicians are now telling the people of Canada that there is with the present Cleveland administration a chance of destroying the tariff wall that separates Canada from the United States. Well, if you are willing to give Canadians all the benefits of the American continent, without their assuming any of its responsibilities it will be another indication that you are a great-hearted people and no one would rejoice if prosperity should flow more than the unionists of Canada. It would postpone union for some time."

To call a nation good natured is the same as saying that its reputed statesmen are ignorant, which in so far as the framers of the Wilson bill are concerned, seems to be the general opinion also in this country. In the short and sharp political battle which was fought in Canada in 1890 the Tories took their stand for reciprocity with the United States, limited to the natural products of both countries. The Liberals were beaten only by a narrow majority on the issue that the custom houses along the border from the Atlantic to the Pacific be abolished and that a uniform tariff be made for both countries. It is political, not commercial, union that promises the greatest advantages to both countries. But political union would dot Canada with American cities, enlarging our markets and augmenting the opportunities for employment. No American can doubt that the ultimate destiny of Canada is to become a part of the United States. That day will be a welcome one to the people of Michigan, who are now hemmed in on the east by a territory with which there are no fair exchanges. To the people of the Dominion also a union with the United States would be advantageous in the highest degree. They would awaken to find themselves wealthy and prosperous beyond all present possibilities. To the Tory party of Canada, annexation means annihilation. To them in their extremity the Wilson bill comes—as it comes to every foreign nation—bringing joy in the prospect of larger markets and greater profits, while to our own people its portion is smaller wages and restricted activities.

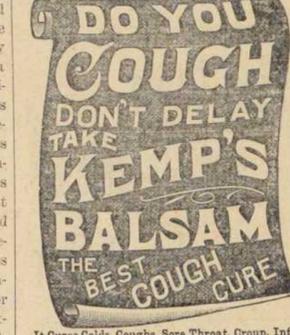
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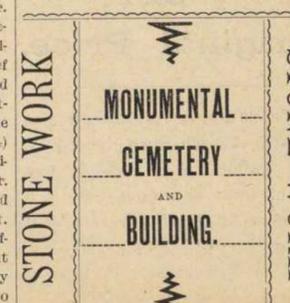
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The bird retains his silvery note,  
Though bondage chains his wings.  
—J. H. Bayly.

### MacDowell's Suite.

IN the suite, op. 42, of MacDowell there comes a work with a strange mastery of all intricacies of orchestral detail, of the mysterious domain of tone coloring, of the secret dells of orchestral meaning, and, above all, with a tinge of peculiarity not ultramontane (or more properly not ultramarine). The work has an independent originality that we dare claim as being "American!" There is a thorough appreciation of the scores of Berlioz, and also a vein quite Tschai-kowskian at times. Liszt is not entirely absent from the score, and Wagner's prophetic vision and insight into nature's very womb have inspired the very subject matter; but still is the matter original, startling, fascinating, and—dare I say it—more suggestive of an American school of composition than anything I have ever heard. With a single drum tap, a few times repeated, this young American throws a composition at our phlegmatic heads that startles us out of our self-contented critical sleep to find suddenly that we have a real, live orchestral colorist right in our midst.

When I say there is much of the elements that make Raff's "In Walde" symphony so popular and easily grasped of all listeners, and at the same time no reminiscent thereof, the quality of the work will be understood by those who have not heard it. The first movement, *largo* *misterioso* *allegro furioso*—"In a Haunted Forest," is it is true, weird in the extreme, and in the second part an orchestral orgy of furious tonal proportions; but it hits the spot it aims at and produces every atom of the gruesome shiver in the hearer's bones and nerves hoped for, and therefore he has touched the very tuning node of the vibration of the hearer's imagination, which is a power given to but few. The second and third movements, *allegro grazioso*, "Summer Idyl," and *andante semplice*, "The Shepherdess' Song," are most soothing and restful after the tension of the previous movement. This again shows that the composer has what many talented composers lack: *id est*, gumption. In the finale, *molto allegro*, "Forest Spirits," there is a diabolical twist to the main subject that is superb. It is simply an inspiration. The question is fairly *sur le tapis*: Have we found in MacDowell our national typical tone colorist?—*Musical Courier*.

This suite, to be brought out at the coming Festival, has attained great popularity, having been played in all the principal cities of this country, and also in European capitals.

### Requiem, Verdi.

SHORTLY after Rossini's death, in 1868, Verdi suggested that the Italian composers should combine to write a requiem as a tribute to his memory, which should be performed at the Cathedral of Bologna, every hundredth year, on the centenary of Rossini's death and nowhere else and on no other occasion. The proposal was accepted, and the thirteen numbers of the work were distributed among as many composers. The "Liberia me" was assigned to Verdi. The several numbers were duly set to music and sent in, but, as might have been expected, they were found, when performed in uninterrupted succession, to want the unity essential to a work of art, and the scheme was abandoned. When, shortly after this, Alessandro Manzoni died at Milan, Verdi offered to write a requiem for the anniversary of his death; and this is the composition, the last movement of which was originally composed for the requiem of Rossini. It was first performed in St. Mark's Church, Milan, May 22, 1874.

Verdi is essentially a dramatist, and his admirers are forced to admit the charge that his Requiem is written in much the same dramatic spirit as his operas, but they urge that this is admissible, and that the work must be judged by itself and not solely by comparing it with the sacred music of Bach and Handel.

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Presbyterian General Assembly May 12 to 29.

Michigan Central will make a rate of one and one-third first-class fare on the certificate plan, for the round trip. A special train of first-class coaches, dining-car and Wagner sleepers, will leave Ann Arbor at 8:40 p. m., Tuesday May 15th, and run direct to Saratoga via Niagara Falls.

The last number of the World's Fair Portfolios is now on sale at the M. C. depot. This number contains views of Niagara Falls, Mackinaw Island, University of Michigan, the Huron River, etc. Your set is not complete without it. Price 10 cents.

Her voice was like the warbling of a bird,  
So soft, so sweet, so delicately clear.  
—Byron.

### THE SONG OF THE COXEYS.

From the Atlanta Constitution.  
We're marchin' on to Washington,  
Our ragged coats we jerk;  
We're howlin' through the country,  
But—  
We Don't Want Work!  
We're wadin' through the farm yards  
Where the fattest chickens lurk.  
We're festin' on the country,  
But—  
We Don't Want Work!

### Some Things About Music.

There is music in all things if men had ears.—Byron.

Music is the medicine of the breaking heart.—Sir A. Kent.

Let me have music dying and I seek no more delight.—Keats.

The soul of art best loved when love is by.—Rev. J. B. Brown.

Music washes away from the soul the dust of every-day life.—Auerbach.

Music is the child of prayer, the companion of religion.—Chateaubriand.

Sweetest melodies are those that are by distance made more sweet.—Wordsworth.

Music is the only sensual gratification which mankind may indulge in to excess without injury to their moral or religious feelings.—Addison.

The man who hath no music in his soul, but is not moved with concord of sweet sounds, is fit for treason, stratagems and spoils.—Shakespeare.

The meaning of song goes deep. Who is there that, in logical words, can express the effect music has on us? A kind of inarticulate, unfathomable speech, which leads us to the edge of the infinite, and lets us for moments gaze into that.—Carlyle.

Music is the mediator between the spiritual and the sensual life. Although the spirit be not master of that which it creates through music, yet it is blessed in this creation which like every creation of art, is mightier than the artist.—Beethoven.

Under the influence of music we are all deluded in some way. We imagine that the performers must dwell in the regions to which they lift their hearers. We are reluctant to admit that a man may blow the most soul-animating strains from his trumpet and yet be a coward; or melt an audience to tears with his violin, and yet be a heartless prodigal.—Hilgard.

### Turning Over Music Leaves.

Every one who has ever sung a song or played a piece before friends knows the agony of mind engendered over what ought to be the simple operation of "turning over"—the "doubt, hesitation and pain" (to press Browning into service) which too commonly accompany the proceeding on the part of the player and of the unfortunate individual (hardly less to be pitied) who has kindly volunteered to oblige at the appointed moments. What social tragedies are still to be written on this topic—what stories of pages not turned over till long after the bottom of the page has been reached, of half a dozen pages turned over in place of one, of the entire music being turned over bodily into the performer's lap—all of these things and more, one has seen. Now a London inventor has come to the rescue with what he calls a "music clip," and these woes need be no more. It is an ingenious but simple little contrivance, the main virtue of it residing in the fact that it keeps all the leaves of the music apart, so that the finger may be readily inserted.—*Philadelphia Record*.

### Farms for the Million.

The marvelous development of the states of Minnesota, South Dakota, Iowa, Nebraska and Wyoming, within the last few years has attracted attention in all parts of the world. It is not necessary, however, to search far for the causes of this wonderful growth, for this entire region, which is penetrated by the North-Western Line, teems with golden opportunities for enterprising farmers, mechanics and people who desire to better their condition. Here are lands which combine all varieties of soil climate and physical feature that render them most desirable for agriculture or commerce. Rich rolling prairies, capable of raising the finest quality of farm products in luxurious abundance, can still be secured at low prices and upon most liberal terms, and in many cases good productive farms can be purchased for scarcely more than the yearly rental many eastern farmers are compelled to pay. Reaching the principal cities and towns and the richest and most productive farming districts of this favored region The North-Western Line (Chicago & North-Western R'y) offers its patrons the advantages of ready markets, unexcelled train service, perfect equipment and all the comforts and conveniences known to strictly first-class railway travel. Maps, time tables and general information can be obtained of ticket agents of connecting lines, or by addressing W. A. Thrall, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago & North-Western R'y, Chicago, Ill.

### Attention G. A. R.

For the G. A. R. National Encampment at Pittsburg in September, the T. A. A. & N. M. R'y will make special reduced rates from all stations on its line. Tickets on sale Sept. 5th to 9th limited to September 25th. Call on our agents for particulars.  
W. H. BENNETT,  
Gen'l. Pass. Agt.

Music has charms to soothe the savage breast,  
To soften rocks, and bend the knotted oak.  
—Congreve.

### Albert Jonas Secured.

Mr. Schmaat, whose worth as an artist and teacher has been unceasingly appreciated by our lovers of music, will be absent next year from the University School of Music. He will spend the year in Europe and when we consider his present artistic standing we may well feel happy in the fact that he returns again to the school after this sojourn. This is the only thing that reconciles us to his loss. The University School of Music is fortunate in securing in his place an artist who has already made an international reputation as shown by the subjoined article taken from one of the leading musical journals of New York. We will only add that the flattering criticism of the European critics has been enthusiastically endorsed by New York musical circles. It is to be hoped that the school next year may be so prosperous that both of these great artists may be connected with it.

Albert Jonas, the Spanish pianist, was born in Madrid, on June 8, 1868. His parents, who are German, were established in Spain more than 30 years. At the age of eight years he began to take lessons with the celebrated Madrid professors, Olave and Mendizabal, following at the same time the classes of the Conservatory of Madrid. Yet the intention of his parents was not to make a musician of him, although he revealed an exceptional musical nature. Before having made any serious studies he published many piano compositions, and dedicated to the daughter of Alfonso XII a mazurka, which awakened so much the interest of the king that he presented him with a golden watch, which bears on the top lid the crown of the Spanish throne in relief, and a jewel of historic value. At the age of 18, after having visited France, Germany and England, where he was sent by his family to perfect his knowledge in foreign languages, the young Spaniard felt the growing and irresistible vocation to devote himself entirely to music, and entered the Conservatory of Music of Brussels, where he began his serious studies. In two years he carried off the only available first prize. His studies in Brussels lasted five years during which he won all the first prizes in harmony and counterpoint and was taught by Gavaent. Mr. Jonas then directed his steps to Germany and there completed his studies, particularly his already exceptional technique.

In September, 1890, he took part in the concert of Rubenstein, in St. Petersburg, and signaled himself in such a way as to merit Rubenstein's lessons during three months in St. Petersburg. Considering now Mr. Jonas' appearance before the public we see him give concerts in England, Holland, Belgium, France, Germany, Russia, Mexico, everywhere with great success, as testified by all the newspapers which gave an account of his performances. He played many times in Berlin, that most favored place of all virtuosos, at the Sing Akademie and at the Philharmonic, and the Berlin newspapers were full of praise for the Spanish virtuoso. By a curious coincidence he played at his debut the concerto of Paderewski at the same time as the composer played it in New York.

We will finish the biographical notes by quoting at random some of the numerous reports which European papers devoted to Mr. Jonas' concert: "Berlin 'Courier': The rendering of the concerto of Paderewski by Mr. Jonas was in every way perfect. His technique is clear and flowing, the rhythm vigorously marked, the interpretation musical and full of passion and delicate sentiment.

Reichen: We heard, by Mr. Jonas, a concerto of Paderewski, which the composer played himself last season. We must think that he has made great changes in his work, for so much better was yesterday the impression of the three movements of which it is composed. The player showed himself in the technical as well as in the poetical part a most skillful interpreter of the difficult and interesting work.

Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung: Mr. Jonas is in every respect a virtuoso of high rank and a thorough and conscientious musician.

Berlin Zeitung: In the performance of the concerto and in the many solo pieces, the young son of chivalrous Spain gave evidence of dazzling technique and warm temperament.

National Zeitung: The piano virtuoso from Madrid, Mr. Albert Jonas, scored yesterday great successes with the concerto of Paderewski, which he succeeded in placing in better light than the composer himself, a not infrequent occurrence.

Tagliche Rundschau: Mr. Albert Jonas, from Spain, played the difficult concerto of Paderewski, and showed in its performance mighty technique and tender expression.

### Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Eberbach & Son.

### Farm for Sale.

Farm to rent one and one-half miles from Chelsea, Mich. I wish also to sell one pair of good work horses, harness and other tools necessary for carrying on the farm work, and will take small payment down and balance on time. This is a good chance for the right man. For particulars call at Courier Office, Ann Arbor, Mich.

Central Mills products are of the best. Ask your grocer for our Buckwheat flour, guaranteed pure, for Gold Dust, a granulated meal made from the choicest Nebraska corn, for the old reliable, the White Lead brand and for the Jumbo Patent Flour. If your grocer does not supply them, send your order direct to the mill, Telephone 90.  
ALLENBENDER & SCHNEIDER,  
June 4.

Music can soften pain to ease,  
And make despair and madness please.  
—Poep.

### Our Modern Public Schools.

Ram it in, cram it in,  
Children's heads are hollow;  
Slam it in, jam it in,  
Still there's more to follow;  
Science and history,  
Astronomy mystery,  
Algebra, history,  
Latin, etymology,  
Botany, geometry,  
Greek and trigonometry;  
Ram it in, cram it in,  
Children's heads are hollow.

Rap it in, tap it in,  
What are teachers paid for?  
Bang it in, slam it in,  
What are children made for?  
Ancient archeology,  
Aryan philology,  
Prosody, zoology,  
Physics, climatology,  
Calculus and mathematics,  
Rhetoric and hydrostatics;  
Hoax it in, coax it in,  
Children's heads are hollow.

Scold it in, mould it in,  
All that they can swallow;  
Foil it in, hold it in,  
Still there's more to follow.  
Faces pinched, sad and pale,  
Tells of the same unvarying tale,  
Tells of moments robbed from sleep,  
Meals unate, studies deep;  
Thee, thee, thee, thee, thee, thee, thee,  
With aching brow, will tell to you

How the teachers cramed it in,  
Rammed it in, jammed it in,  
Crammed it in, punched it in,  
Rubbed it in, clubbed it in,  
Pried and pressed it in,  
Rapped and slapped it in,  
When their heads were hollow.  
—Arthur's New Home Magazine.

### Meteorite American Diamonds.

Though diamonds will never be an important product of the United States—only an occasional gem of this kind being picked up here and there—such vast quantities of them are consumed here that the geological survey has thought it worth while to prepare a monograph on the subject, which will soon be issued.

The fact has been established that the supposed diamonds found in meteorites near the Canon Diablo, in Arizona, are actually such. This is a matter of profound interest, indicating, as it does, that such stones exist on other planets. Some authorities assert that diamonds—like coal, which is so nearly of the same chemical construction—could not possibly come into existence without previous vegetable growth to generate their material. For this reason they infer that the finding of the gems in the meteorites proves that there must have been vegetable life in the place whence the meteorites came. If there was vegetable life there, it is a fair presumption that there was animal life also. All this may be untrue, but it affords the first glimpse ever obtained into the greatest problem that mankind has attempted to handle, namely, the question whether life exists in other worlds than ours.

It seems strange to take a couple of ounces of charcoal in one's hand and to consider that one is handling the pure material of the diamond. If you could transform it into crystalline form, you could sell those few pinches of stuff for \$1,000,000 per pinch. No wonder that chemists are eager to discover the secret of effecting this change. To assert that they will never learn how to make crystals of carbon would be absurd. By means of the voltaic battery real diamonds of almost microscopic size have been deposited upon threads of platinum. But even if a successful process should be discovered, it might be that the cost of making a diamond by it would be bigger than the price of a stone of equal size and purity from the mines. One recalls the experiments of Prof. Sage, who turned out gold pieces in his laboratory from gold extracted from the ashes of certain burned vegetable substances. The result was beautiful, scientifically speaking, but the expense of making in this was one \$5 piece was about \$25.

The value of rough gems of all sorts produced in this country in 1893 was \$50,000 less than the output for the year before, amounting to only \$262,000. The decrease was mainly owing to the industrial depression. The precious stones of the United States are sold in large parts to tourists, who purchase them as souvenirs of localities visited.—*Providence Journal*.

### Electric Bitters

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and \$1.00 per bottle.

Mr. and Mrs. Sparrow are prominent people in a neighboring city. Should think they would be afraid of getting shot.

### Teacher's Examination.

Dates for the examinations are as follows at Ann Arbor:  
Special, second Friday of March, 1894.  
Regular, last Thursday and Friday of March and August.  
Special, last Friday in April.  
Special, last Friday in August.  
Special, last Friday in September.  
First and second grade certificates granted only at the regular examinations.  
M. J. CAVANAUGH,  
County Com. of Schools,  
Ann Arbor, Feb. 1, 1894.

Untwisting all the charms that tie  
The hidden charms of harmony.  
—Milton.

### Wants to See That Other Man.

He is an "artist in black eyes"—not a pug list, as some might imagine, but a clever old fellow who so fixes up discolored optics that they can be detected only by careful observation. He is something of a philosopher, but the other night he was so disgusted with the pride and vanity of mankind in general that to relieve his tired feelings he indulged in a little spree.

A friend found him late in the evening, much the worse for wear, and surprised at his unusual condition, inquired what was the meaning of it. "Well," said the other, with slight incoherence, "I've been looking for that other man."

"What do you mean by that?" "Mean? Only this. Every time a man comes to me to have a black eye fixed up he tells me that I ought to see the other man. I've heard that a thousand times, and to-night I made up my mind I'd have a look at him and see what he looks like. But I haven't found him yet. I've seen three men with black eyes, but every one of them gave me the same story, I'd ought to see the other man."—*New York Herald*.

### It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At The Eberbach Drug & Chemical Co's Drug store and Geo. J. Haussler, Manchester.

### Take the Ann Arbor Courier.

For the Bay View Camp Meeting and Chautauqua Assembly at Bay View, Mich., July 10th to August 15th the T. A. A. & N. M. R'y will make rates of one fare for the round trip, tickets for sale at all stations from July 9th to 18th, limited to return until Aug. 16th.  
W. H. BENNETT,  
Gen'l. Pass. Agt.

July 18.

### Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies

Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of

W. Baker & Co.'s

### Breakfast Cocoa,

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

### IT IS HUMAN NATURE

To Want Something for Nothing.

### SILVERWARE GIVEN AWAY

W. F. LODHOLZ' Grocery Store,

4 & 6 BROADWAY.

This is the way it is done: With every cash sale, whether it be 10c or \$50, we give you a coupon showing the amount purchased, and when you have bought groceries or any goods in our line to the amount of \$40.00, \$45.00 or \$50.00, you can have your choice of the

### 20 Beautiful Pieces of Silverware!

Such as Sugar Bowls, Spoon Holders, Cream, Fruit, Caster, Berry, Pickle and Butter Dishes, Etc.

### CALL AND SEE.

Remember, everything in the Grocery Line sold cheap for cash.

### W. F. LODHOLZ

4 & 6 BROADWAY.

### WEAK, NERVOUS & DISEASED MEN.

Thousands of Young and Middle Aged Men are annually swept to a premature grave through early indiscretion and later excesses. Self abuse and Constitutional Blood Diseases have ruined and wrecked the life of many a promising young man. Have you any of the following Symptoms: Nervous and Despondent; Tired in Morning; No Ambition; Memory Poor; Easily Fatigued; Excitable and Irritable; Eyes Blue; Pimples on the Face; Dreams and Drains at Night; Restless; Haggard Looking; Blotches; Sore Throat; Hair Loose; Pains in Body; Stomach Disturbed; and Loss of Energy and Strength. Our New Method Treatment will build you up mentally, physically and sexually.

### Read What DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN Have Done.



Cured in one month by Dr. Moulton.

"At 14 years of age I learned a bad habit which almost ruined me. I became nervous and weak. My back troubled me. I could stand no exertion. Head and eyes became dull. Dreams and trains at night weakened me. I tried seven Medical Firms, Electric Belts, Patent Medicines and Family Doctors. They gave me no help. A friend advised me to try Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. They sent me one month's treatment and it cured me. I could feel myself gaining every day. Their New Method Treatment cures when all else fails." They have cured many of my friends.



Cured a year ago by Capt. Townsend.

"Some 8 years ago I contracted a serious constitutional blood disease. I went to Hot Springs to treat for syphilis. Mercury almost killed me. After a while the symptoms again appeared. Throat became sore, pains in limbs, pimples on face, blotches, eyes red, loss of hair, glands enlarged, etc. A medical friend advised Drs. Kennedy & Kergan's New Method Treatment. It cured me, and I have had no symptoms for five years. I am married and happy. As a doctor, I heartily recommend it to all who have this terrible disease—syphilis." It will eradicate the poison from the blood.

### 15 YEARS IN DETROIT. 150,000 CURED.

"I am 33 years of age, and married. When young I led a gay life. Early indiscretions and later excesses made trouble for me. I became weak and nervous. My kidneys became affected and I feared Bright's disease. Married life was unsteady and my home unhappy. I tried everything—all failed till I took treatment from Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. Their New Method built me up mentally, physically and sexually. I feel and act like a man in every respect. Try them.

### No Names Used Without Written Consent of Patient.

Our New Method Treatment never fails in curing Diseases of men. It strengthens the body, stops all drains and losses, purifies the blood, clears the brain, builds up the nervous and sexual systems and restores lost vitality to the body.

We Guarantee to Cure Nervous Debility, Falling Manhood, Syphilis, Venereal, Stricture, Gleet, Urinary Discharges, Weak Parts and All Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

Remember Drs. Kennedy & Kergan are the leading specialists of America. They guarantee to cure or no pay. Their reputation and fifteen years of business are at stake. You run no risk. Write them for an honest opinion, no matter who treated you. It may save you years of regret and suffering. Charges reasonable. Write for a Question List and Book Free. Consultation Free.

### DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

148 Shelby St. Detroit, Mich.

### MANHOOD RESTORED!

"NEVE SEEDS." This wonderful remedy guaranteed to cure all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nightly Emissions, Nervousness, all drains and loss of power in Generative Organs, if other aces caused by over exertion, youthful errors, excessive use of tobacco, opium or stimulants, and all other ailments, Consumption or Insanity. Can be carried in vest pocket. \$1 per box, \$3 for \$5, by mail prepaid. With a \$5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold by all druggists. Ask for it, take no other. Write for Free Medical Book sent sealed in plain wrapper. Address NEVE SEED CO., Masonic Temple, CHICAGO. For sale in Ann Arbor, Mich., by H. J. BROWN, Druggist.

### DO YOU KEEP IT IN THE HOUSE?

### PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER

Will Cure Cramps, Colic, Cholera-Morbus and all Bowel Complaints.

PRICE, 25c., 50c., and \$1.00 A BOTTLE.

# The Ann Arbor Savings Bank!

COR. MAIN AND HURON STREETS.

CAPITAL \$50,000. RESOURCES \$1,000,000. SURPLUS, \$150,000

This Bank is under State control, has ample capital and a large guarantee fund, is conservatively managed and does a general banking and exchange business.

Deposits in the Savings Department draw four per cent interest, which is paid semi-annually.

Safety Deposit Vaults of the Best Modern Construction.—Boxes to rent at from \$3.00 to \$10.00 per year.

## DIRECTORS.

Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, Daniel Hiscock,  
William Deubel, W. B. Smith, David Rinsey,  
Leonard Guaner.

## OFFICERS.

Christian Mack, President.  
W. D. Harriman, Vice-President, Chas. E. Hiscock, Cashier.  
M. J. Fritz, Assistant-Cashier.

# Don't Miss It!

## Haller's Jewelry Store

FOR

Wedding and Birthday Presents.

## Haller's Jewelry Store,

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN.

## The Queen and Crescent Route



is the direct line to the South and Southeast from Cincinnati or from Louisville. From Cincinnati it is 90 miles the shortest line to New Orleans; 17 miles shortest to Lexington, Ky.; 23 miles shortest to Birmingham; 109 miles shortest to Chattanooga, Tenn., and 109 miles shortest to Jacksonville, Fla. In fact,

### IT IS THE SHORTEST LINE

to all principal southern points. In addition to this, as all travelers know, it runs the "Finest Trains in the South," and its equipment and through car service are unexcelled. From Cincinnati to the Queen and Crescent runs

### SOLID VESTIBULED TRAINS

to Lexington, Chattanooga, Birmingham, Meridian, New Orleans; and through Chattanooga to Rome, Atlanta, Macon, and Jacksonville, Fla. Through cars to Jackson, Vicksburg and Shreveport, and to Knoxville, Tenn., and Asheville, N. C.—See the map. Direct line to Texas, Mexico and California via New Orleans or Shreveport.

### TO FLORIDA

The travel this year will be greater than ever before. Remember that the Queen and Crescent is the only line running solid vestibuled trains from Cincinnati to Florida. It is 109 miles the shortest line. Time, 27 hours.

### FOR INFORMATION

as to routes, rates and schedules, address any Q. and C. representative. Full information given as to excursion rates, land rates, etc. Baggage checked and sleeping-car tickets reserved upon application. Send for printed matter.

W. C. RINEARSON, GEN. PASS. AGENT, CINCINNATI, O.

I beg leave to call your attention to my Large Assortment of LATEST SPRING STYLES

OF

Furniture,

## Curtains and Draperies

Special attention has been given to the selecting of the present stock and the goods combine the latest styles with the best workmanship and the highest quality possible to be attained, considering the low prices at which the goods are marked.

PARLOR FURNITURE. This line comprises all the latest novelties in Sofas, Divans, Arm Chairs and Reception Chairs.

The increasing demand for LEATHER FURNITURE has encouraged me to put in a full line of Leather Chairs, Couches and Rockers.

My CHAMBER SUIT STOCK was never so extensive. I have every grade and style in Ash, Oak, Birch and Mahogany. Of IRON BEDS which begin to be so popular, I have some handsome patterns, also odd Dressers, Chiffoniers and Dressing Tables.

My line of Lace, Irish Point Silk and Chenille Curtains, is complete. BABY CARRIAGES in twenty different styles. STRAW MATTINGS very reasonable and beautiful patterns.

Carpets, Rugs, Art Squares, Linoleum and Shades. Ten different styles of Folding Beds.

Your kind investigation of my Stock is cheerfully solicited. Respectfully,

MARTIN HALLER.

Passenger Elevator.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

## DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

### Living Whist Entertainment.

The following account of the production of Living Whist at the Grand Opera House last Friday evening is taken from Saturday's Times:

The training of 60 persons and the teaching of 34 different dances to these persons involves no little time and painstaking trouble, but Mr. Ross Granger is an adept in this particular line of his business and so, though the time since it was first announced that "Living Whist" would be produced at the Grand opera house on May 11 was very short, yet the performance passed off smoothly. The house was well filled with a very appreciative audience in spite of the attraction of the evening previous.

The tricks were all well danced and it would be useless to attempt to particularize any of them. The trick, however, that pleased the audience most was the twelfth. It was the "Sailor's Hornpipe" and was danced by Mrs. Ross Granger, Miss Edith Schlegel, Wm. J. Guthrie and R. E. Bailey. It was heartily encoored and as a response Little Teddie Granger danced it again, which pleased the spectators fully as well as if the older ones had appeared once more.

The Dance Grotesque by the Jacks—Ralph Miller, V. O. Ford, C. E. Burkhardt and E. T. Hamilton—was also encoored. Of the solos the best one was the "Highland Fling" by Dan Quirk, Jr., and he had to repeat it. Mr. Quirk was probably the best dancer on the stage among the gentlemen. Bradley Granger as the Joker danced the "Little Cachuca" and received an encoore. Miss Luella Granger in the "Fan Dance" and Miss Minnie Foley in the "Hungarian Military Dance" were also called on to repeat them.

The "Court Minuet" by the Kings and Queens—Frank Hess, R. E. Davis, G. W. Kenson, C. H. Terry and the Misses Emma Kemper, May E. Clarken, Georgia Hawes and Lora A. Henlon—with its stately measured movements was a pretty sight and was well danced.

The last dance was "La Serenata" by the Aces—Mrs. R. Granger, the Misses Edith Cook, Hattie Swift and Sophie Schneider. It was beautifully executed and well deserved the applause that it received.

Minnis' Society Orchestra rendered the music, which was exceedingly good.

### Cheap Excursions to the West.

An exceptionally favorable opportunity for visiting the richest and most productive sections of the west will be afforded by the Home-Seekers' low-rate excursions which have been arranged by the North-Western Line. Tickets for these excursions will be sold on May 8th and 29th, to points in northwestern Iowa, western Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Manitoba, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Montana and Idaho, and will be good for return passage within thirty days from date of sale.

Stop-over privileges will be allowed on going trip in territory to which tickets are sold. For further information, call on or address Ticket Agents of connecting lines. Circulars giving rates and detailed information will be mailed, free, upon application to W. A. Thral, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago & North-Western Railway, Chicago.

Should you find anything in the Courier this week relative to music, credit it to the May Festival, and buy a ticket, attend, and help along a worthy enterprise.

## MONEY TO LOAN

W. H. BUTLER,

Postoffice Building.

### FOR SALE.

My stock of Farm Implements and Seeds; also store property 25-27, Detroit St., Junction 5th Ave., for sale or rent. Inquire at residence, No. 7 N. Division St.

E. N. BILBIE,

TEACHER OF VIOLIN.

Pupil of Emil Sauret, Berlin Germany.

Can be seen Tuesdays and Fridays at his rooms, 51 N. Main Street, Ann Arbor Organ Company's Block.

## Garfield Tea Cures Constipation

Overcomes results of bad eating, biliousness, indigestion, etc. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 319 W. 45th St., N.Y.

Music is a harbinger of eternal melody. —Mozart.

### PERSONALS.

Rice A. Beal spent Sunday with Dexter relatives.

Mae C. LeBeau, of Detroit, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Watts went to Kalamazoo yesterday.

O. M. Martin has gone to Kalamazoo on Masonic business.

Prof. Wm. Bress has gone to Indiana on pleasure and business.

Alfred Meyer was up from Detroit over Sunday visiting his parents.

Mrs. Dr. J. W. Morton is entertaining her mother, Mrs. Wetmore, of Concord.

Alvah T. Hill, of Detroit, has been visiting C. Bliss and family during the week.

Mrs. Dr. C. M. Coburn has returned from a visit with her parents in Cleveland, Ohio.

Chairman Young, of the board of supervisors of Lyndon, was in Ann Arbor Saturday.

Geo. H. Snow, of the Detroit Evening News staff, was an Ann Arbor visitor over Sunday.

Dr. Howell, of Alpena, is the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Dr. A. C. Nichols for a few days.

Mart Cook of Dexter, is in town to-day attending the democratic county committee meeting.

A number of Ann Arbor people went over to Whitmore Lake Sunday for the first time this season.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Millen of Detroit, were guests over Sunday of Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Morton.

Hon. J. T. Jacobs accompanied his son Charles as far as Chicago Monday on his way to Denver, Colo.

E. B. Gidley of Grand Rapids, has been shaking hands with old Ann Arbor friends during the week.

Mrs. P. Seper, daughter Carrie and grand-daughter Blanche Cushman, were Ann Arbor visitors Sunday last.

Mrs. C. L. Pack has returned home from New York, where she has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Kintner.

J. Raleigh Nelson has gone to Milwaukee, Wis., to see about taking the chair of Latin in the State Normal School.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. G. Doty went to Kalamazoo Monday. Mr. Doty to attend the meeting of the Grand Commandery.

Rev. C. Boecklin is in Grand Rapids this week, at the meeting of the German M. E. ministers of the Michigan district.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Storms with their daughter and son, of Chicago, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Babcock, and are expecting to attend the Musical Festival this week.

E. O. Avery, of Alpena, was in the city yesterday. The republicans of the 10th congressional district have their eyes on Mr. Avery to represent them in the next national legislature.

The east wind of Monday and yesterday is said to be hard on the apple blossoms and young fruit, having a great tendency to blast it.

The dancing classes of Mr. Granger, at his academy closed Saturday, for the season. All of their pupils will be given a May party to-morrow evening.

There is to be a special competitive examination for clerks and letter carriers, under the civil service rules, at the court house, on May 26th. Of course politics does not count under the civil service rules.

The Adrian Press remarks: "Our liberties are not safe! At Washington Coxyism is rampant on the steps of the national capitol, and in Ann Arbor a Woman's Physical Development club, is in full blast. The 'home government' was never in greater peril."

Several cases of typhoid fever in Ann Arbor have been traced to a cistern, contaminated from a cesspool. And still is heard the voice of old Fungusback, grumbling about his sewer tax, and declaring that there ain't no sense in the germ theory.—Adrian Press.

The apple orchards are full of bloom this spring, and a fine crop is in prospect. The peach orchards also bid fair to yield a great crop, the buds not being injured as badly as was reported in March. Other fruits are promising also, especially cherries.

Laying all party prejudices aside, Mr. Ezra B. Norris deserves a good word for his work as city attorney, upon his retirement from that office. He has certainly made an excellent attorney for the city, looking after its interests carefully and well. We do not always think as Mr. Norris does, but when a man performs good service for the public he is entitled to praise therefor.

Rev. M. J. Savage, the eminent preacher and writer of Boston, will deliver the last lecture in the Unity Club course, next Sunday evening. His subject is "Evolution and Religion." The lecture will begin at 7:30. Seats will be reserved until 7:15 for persons holding Unity Club course tickets. All persons holding such tickets should be sure to come before 7:15 as at that time the doors will be opened to the general public.

Music is the highest of all science. —Bach.

### UNIVERSITY.

Symphony concert Friday evening. Choral Union—280 voices—Saturday evening, University Hall.

The base ball team have new suits—which are very suitable.

The U. of M. base ball team starts on its eastern trip Friday.

The U. of M. team will play the Oberlin college nine Saturday, at Oberlin.

Prof. Stanley lectures on the Requiem at Frieze Memorial Hall again to-night.

Copies of the libretto of the Requiem have been printed and are being sold at ten cents each.

Saturday is the day set apart for the sophomore-freshman field day, on the athletic field.

A pleasant entertainment was given the S. C. A. choir at Newberry Hall Saturday evening.

If you love music, hear it; go to operas, concerts, and pay fiddlers to play for you.—Lord Chesterfield.

E. C. Lindley was chosen president and J. B. Brooks vice president of the Student's Lecture Association last Saturday.

Julian Millard, lit '89, and wife, of the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, are in town, attending the May Festival.

There will be "Confusion" among the "Strollers" at the opera house to-morrow evening, for the benefit of the Frieze Memorial organ.

Music is a kind of unfathomable speech, which leads us to the edge of the infinite, and lets us for moments gaze into that.—Thos. Carlyle.

Have you seen the cap and gown? They are quite attractive, and give the wearers a very studious air. That is, they are supposed to.

The caps and gowns did not arrive Monday so that the swing out of the senior lits did not take place, but was postponed until this a. m.

The Castellan is a fine publication. The editors have paid more attention than usual to illustrations, which are always attractive in such a periodical.

The next number of the Wrinkle will be devoted to the cap and gown idea. It will not talk through its cap either, you can wager your gown on that.

Beginning with next year the number of hours required for graduation in all degrees will be 120. This change gives great satisfaction to the students.

The engineer's banquet at Granger's last Friday evening had about eighty present, including all the faculty with one exception. It was an enjoyable occasion.

While attempting to catch a foul fly Monday, Mr. Drumheller, catcher, collided with another player, and sustained a fractured wrist thereby. Dr. Nancrede set it.

Music is the art of the prophets, the only art that can calm the agitation of the soul: it is one of the most magnificent and delightful presents God has given us.—Martin Luther.

It costs the co-ed a solid half-dollar to join the Tennis Association.

The photographing of classes, societies, associations, clubs and committees, in fact everybody about the campus, is now the fad.

The U. of M. team defeated Kenyon college Friday by a score of 13 to 1, and the Illinois University Saturday p. m., 10 to 5. When the weather permits a game our boys have a way of taking advantage of it and winning.

Music is the mediator between the spiritual and the sensual life; although the spirit be not master of that which it creates through music, yet it is blessed in this creation, which, like every creation of art, is mightier than the artist.—Beethoven.

It was a great surprise to many of the laws yesterday morning when Dean Knowlton warned them not to attend chapel the next morning. Many of them found out during the day where the chapel was located, and were present, notwithstanding the warning.

There is a burlesque parade on the programme this evening at 9:00 o'clock, as a take-off on the cap and gowns of the senior lits. The burlesquers are to have caps and night-gowns, and be proceeded by a brass band with tin horns. It is hinted that there may be some fun ahead, as the seniors do not take to the display kindly.

The take-off on the Castellan which was given free distribution last Saturday a. m., very early—contained a large number of the grinds of that publication. Being in advance of the regular publication it was hoped to take their keen edge off; but the attempt was only partially successful. The authors of the burlesque are as deep a mystery as the Shakespeare-Bacon cypher.

Congressman Griffin appeared before the law class Monday morning, and was given such a reception that he was moved to tears thereby. As his affliction has in no way effected his voice, he hopes to be able to continue his lectures before the law class. Upon being asked how he could maintain order not being able to hear,

Music and love are the wings of the soul. —Berlioz.

he replied to the effect that the respect of the law class for themselves and for him would be sufficient for that purpose.

Remarkd by the Adrian Press: "Dr. F. G. Novy, junior professor of Hygiene and Physiological Chemistry of the University, is about to spring a new text book on Bacteriology, upon the world. The time has been—and not so long ago—when men walked forth in the pride and pomp of conscious empire. Then came chemistry, and microscopy and with them trillions of bacteria, and his kingdom was subverted. He cannot even kiss his girl now without danger of loading his system with fatal germs. Thus his sweetheart—may prove his "honey-guide" to death."

The rooms in the new Vanderbilt dormitory, at Yale, will cost students \$10 per week. The dormitory was given by Vanderbilt and has cost, all told, over \$800,000. It has sixty-nine rooms, which rented 36 weeks makes an income to the college of \$360 per room. There will be no rooms on the campus at Yale after this year that will be within reach of even the medium class of students, and then Yale will become a college almost exclusively for the sons of wealthy people. The U. of M. throws open its doors to the poor boys of the world, takes them by the hand, educates them, and sends them out to bless the name of Michigan. The U. of M. forever!

Dr. Collins H. Johnson, who is spending a year in Europe, pursuing his medical studies writes a friend in town that he and his family are back in Berlin again after two months spent in Dresden and one month in Prague. They go to Leipzig for June and will sail for home in August or the first of September. In the letter the doctor says: "We have all been well and are glad the weather is getting warmer. We enjoyed life in Prague very much, there was so much of interest to see. Dr. Johnson is writing a series of articles for The Physician and Surgeon of Detroit and Ann Arbor, about his trip and the different prominent medical men he has seen, which is attracting a good deal of attention among physicians in the state.—Grand Rapids Eagle.

### THE GREEN-EYED MONSTER.

The following is the "circular," a mimeograph copy of which was left on the door step of nearly all residents of the city this morning. The authorship is not known, but it is quietly hinted can be traced to the green-eyed laws, who, although they have no caps and gowns, are said to have a keen eye for the gowns, at least:

#### CAP AND GOWNITES.

Beware of those which desire to walk in long robes!

They say and do not. They bid heavy burdens and grievous to be borne. All their works they do for to be seen of men. They enlarge the borders of their garments; they love the chief seats in the synagogue, and to be called of men *Rebbs!*

Oh ye generation of vipers! who hath warned you to stay in your holes to-night and bring forth fruits meet for repentance?

Consider the *seniors*, how they swell; they tell us they study not. But I say unto you Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of these.

Moral—Don't put a fifty dollar saddle on a twenty dollar horse!

Josh Billings, boss!

## Scrofula Tumors

Salt Rheum, Nervousness, Other Troubles

Complication of Diseases Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs: From childhood I had been a great sufferer from scrofula, having a tumor on my left breast and another in my stomach. I was also afflicted with salt rheum. We spent much money for medical attendance and remedies, but all to no avail. Three years ago I commenced to run down. The trouble with my stomach would not allow me to eat and even milk distressed me very much. My right hand and arm became almost paralyzed, and my stomach difficulty was fast developing into

Serious Female Troubles.

I became very nervous and was subject to fainting spells. Dark spots appeared before my eyes. The doctors failed to help me. In the spring I read about the wonderful cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla and decided to give it a trial. After taking it a short time I commenced to feel better, my digestion improved, and the

burning sensation in my stomach and bowels ceased. Shortly I was able to work about the house, standing on my feet considerably, something I had not done for months before. For two summers I have done

My Own Work Alone.

I shall continue taking Hood's Sarsaparilla as it is my cheapest hired servant. I am a farmer's wife, our place embracing 120 acres. We think Hood's Vegetable Pills cannot be beaten, and we have great faith in Hood's Sarsaparilla."

MRS. BENJ. SHETTERLY, Buchanan, Michigan.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills, Biliousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headache. 25c.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

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Music! Oh, how faint, how weak,  
Language fades before they speak!  
Why should I feel ever speak,  
When thou canst breathe his soul so well?  
—Tom Moore.

Her deep and thrilling song  
Seemed with its piercing melody to reach  
The soul, and in its mysterious union  
Blended with all thoughts of gentleness and  
love.  
—Southey.

Voices of melting tenderness, that lend  
With pure and gentle musings, till the soul,  
Commingle with the melody, is borne,  
Ray and dissolved in ecstasy, to heaven.  
—Perceval.

There is in the soul a sympathy with sounds,  
And as the mind is pitched, the ear is pleased.  
Some chord in unison with what we hear  
Is touched within us, and the heart replies.  
—Cooper.

### REFINED TABLE MANNERS.

The Elmira College Council of Etiquette  
Presents the Third of its Essays.

Refined table manners cost nothing  
and are worth everything. It seems  
a very simple thing to dine, yet as  
there is no occasion where good breeding  
and insufficient training are more  
strongly contrasted, it is important  
that we cultivate table manners  
which shall be above reproach.

If at home the courtesies of the table  
are habitually practiced they will  
sit upon us while abroad, but unless  
they become natural, we shall be  
recognized as possessing company manners.  
Correct table manners are considered  
the ultimate test of good breeding.  
People new to society may master  
its simpler forms, but the art of dining  
is too complex to be learned  
in one lesson.

Although the rules to be observed  
are numerous and minute, not one  
of them can be violated without exposing  
the offender to criticism.

One accustomed from childhood to  
the best manners, enters any society  
with perfect ease. The importance  
of such training therefore cannot be  
overestimated, yet it is suggested  
that children receive it in a private  
apartment until they can conduct  
themselves properly at table. In  
English households a child who places  
his bread on the wrong side of his  
plate, breaks it off with both hands  
or butters it in mouthfuls, is sharp-  
reproved and watched until the habit  
is broken.

One of the most potent indications  
of being ill at ease is to approach the  
dining-room with an air of hesitancy.  
Whether there are many or few in  
the room, enter without loitering.  
Having taken your seat quietly,  
spread the napkin and while waiting  
to be served enter into conversation  
with your neighbors. Do not, however,  
become so interested that you  
keep the servant standing by your  
chair.

While it is necessary to sit erect,  
the bearing should have no trace of  
stiffness. Signs and gestures are altogether  
out of place.

The table should never be used as  
a depository for keys, letters and other  
articles. One should never allow  
the hands or elbows to rest upon  
the table, nor should napkin-rings,  
glasses, or spoons be used as play-  
things. Carefully avoid letting your  
hand rest on the glass when it is  
not necessary.

The toilet is supposed to be arranged  
before coming to the table, and  
therefore requires no care.

Instead of attempting to eat and  
converse at the same time, let the  
knife and fork rest while you are  
speaking. If you wish to speak to  
persons removed one or two places  
from you, be sure you do not speak  
in front of those who intervene.

Is it necessary to wait before be-  
ginning to eat until every one has  
been served? In England the answer  
would be "yes;" here much depends  
upon the number of diners. Common  
sense and tact will guide one in all  
these little matters of uncertainty.

The manner of eating should be as  
inconspicuous as possible. Bread and  
crackers served with soup are bet-  
ter omitted altogether at dinners.  
If it is used, the bread should be broken  
in small pieces; a whole slice is  
never buttered at once. So far as  
possible avoid laying bread upon the  
table cloth.

Apples and similar fruits are al-  
ways pared; oranges may be eaten  
in a variety of ways. Grapes  
should have the skins and stones re-  
moved; therefore they must be eaten  
slowly. Celery, asparagus and bread  
may be eaten from the fingers.

Soup should be taken from the side  
not from the point of the spoon.  
While it may be unnecessary to state  
that coffee and tea should never be  
poured into the saucer, it may be well  
to say that the spoon should not be  
used for stirring them vigorously, nor  
should it ever be left in the cup.

In removing anything from the  
mouth, conceal the act as much as  
possible with the napkin. Any trace  
of food upon the glass when drinking,  
should be prevented by free use of  
the napkin.

Chaucer quaintly expresses four-  
teenth century ideas in these lines:

"At mete wel I taught was sche with alle  
sche lete, no morsel from hire lippes falle,  
Nor wette hire fyngres in hire sauce deepe,  
Wel cowde sche carrie a morsel, and wel kepe,  
That no drope fi upon hire brest,  
Hire overlipp wypped sche so cleene  
That in hire cuppen was no farthing sene of  
grece.  
When sche dronken hadde hire draught,  
Ful semely after hire mete sche raught."

It is hardly necessary to say that  
the knife should be used solely for  
cutting and that great care should  
be taken that fingers do not come in  
contact with the blade. The trans-  
ference of the fork to the right hand  
is a much disputed question in this  
country. Once accustomed yourself,  
however, to the English method that  
of never making a transfer, and our  
American fashion will seem awkward  
and indefensible.

The utmost precision should be ob-  
served in leaving the knife and fork  
on the plate, when the meal is  
finished. Put them at one side in  
the position of use, the work with the  
tines down. Spoons also should be  
left in their respective saucers, and  
laid in the same direction.

It is better not to accept everything  
that is offered you; on ordinary occa-  
sions one choice is sufficient, especial-  
ly for the dainty side dishes. In re-  
fusing any dish do not express your  
dislike, it is not only ill-bred, but it  
is an insult to your hostess. If your  
host asks your preference for any part  
of game or poultry, do not hesitate to  
give a decided answer.

The question of leaving something  
on the plate for mere form is another  
disputed point which each one may  
decide as his appetite dictates.

It is absurd to appear undecided  
about so trifling a matter as which  
piece of cake you will take, and to  
hesitate to accept the last piece of  
bread. It tends to annoy the host-  
ess.

Above all, never examine food mi-  
nutely. It is well to accommodate  
the rate of eating to others, that all  
may finish at the same time.

Do not carry away bonbons or  
fruits—it is a very childish habit.

Before leaving the table should the  
napkin be refolded? At a dinner  
party no one folds a napkin. How-  
ever, when spending some time in a  
family, be guided by the actions of  
the household. Often fresh napery is  
provided for each meal and in such  
case no folding would be necessary.

"Sense is satisfied with less and  
simple food, when body and spirit are  
fed together."

This refers not only to special occa-  
sions but also to quiet family meals.  
Each member should strive to make  
this time, when the entire family  
gather round the home board, the  
brightest hour of the day. Some bit  
of news, criticism or interesting per-  
sonal incident, will enliven and give  
tone to the meal.

At a dinner party good conversa-  
tionalists are indispensable. No one  
is so welcome here as he who has  
bright ideas, and brilliant repartee.  
A high tone of conversation should be  
sustained devoid of pedantry, and re-  
moved from personality and frivolity.

Allusions to disease and other un-  
pleasant subjects together with re-  
ligious and political discussions,  
should be particularly avoided.

If conversation is general, speak  
loud enough to be heard by those  
about you; but on the other hand,  
do not raise the voice too much. If  
the company is very large converse  
with persons near you in a distinct  
but low tone, that you may not inter-  
rupt others. To laugh in a sup-  
pressed way has the appearance of  
laughing at those about you, and a  
loud boisterous laugh is equally un-  
lady-like.

Converse cheerfully, laugh quietly  
but freely, and while you confine your  
attention to your immediate neigh-  
bors, avoid any suggestions of secrecy  
or mystery.

Forgetting your own likes and dis-  
likes, exert yourself to be agreeable  
to all, to the strangers as well as to  
the friends.

"It is indeed a fine thing when  
we can accustom our animal appetites  
to good society, when body and  
soul, like master and servant in an  
Arab tent, sit down together at the  
same board."

ADIRONDA, 100 doses, 50 cents,  
ADIRONDA sold by John Moore,  
Ann Arbor.  
ADIRONDA contains no opiates.  
ADIRONDA cures restless babies.  
Adopted as follows:

### Real Estate Transfers.

E. and W. R. James to Chas. F. Pardon, Ann Arbor.	\$ 800
Chas. Seckinger to Henry Frey, Chelsea.	510
John Ryan to J. Ryan, Ann Arbor.	1
Clara Tustin, et al., to John V. Naylor, Salem.	1
N. S. Abel to John V. Naylor, Salem.	1
Lewis Bennett to John V. Naylor, Salem.	1
Chas. Schmitt to L. Z. Foerster, Augusta.	1,600
H. T. Morton to L. Z. Foerster, Augusta.	30
Louis Z. Foerster to L. Z. Foerster, Brew- ing Co., Ypsilanti.	20,000
Fred H. Belser to Edward H. Byeraft, Ann Arbor.	600
A. W. Holmes to Wm. H. Holmes, et al., Ann Arbor.	700
Ann Arbor.	1,500
Sylvan.	1,500
Orrin B. De Wolf to Fred K. Widemeyer, Manchester.	1,500
Auditor General to Mrs. Anna Stevens, Ypsilanti.	30,75
Joseph Wellman to Wm. M. Durand, Ann Arbor.	6,000
Perry C. DePew to John Conaty, Sylvan.	1,500
Willard P. Phillips to A. W. Sanford, York.	175
Chas. Fuller to Ada E. Cromie, Augusta.	50
Wm. Cromie to H. W. Snodgrass, Chel- sea.	50
Wm. D. Burchard to Abner Beach, Chel- sea.	1,500
John P. Kirk to Eddie A. Thornton, York.	60
Florence Roger, by guard., to Byron S. Day, York.	250
Chas. W. Glover, by sheriff, to Mary A. Starkweather, Ypsilanti.	1,653
Amos P. Taylor to Chas. W. Pullen, York.	100

Under the title The Final Effort of  
Theology, an account of the opposi-  
tion to Darwin that was made by mis-  
guided theologians will be given by  
Andrew D. White in the Popular Sci-  
ence Monthly for June. Now that  
not only Darwinism but the whole  
evolutionary doctrine is generally ac-  
cepted, the violent declamation  
against it of a generation ago reads  
like a chapter of history from witch-  
craft times.

### National Educational Association.

At Ashbury Park, N. J., July 6th to  
13th, 1894.

The National Educational Associa-  
tion of U. S. A., with Hon. A. G. Lane,  
superintendent of public schools, Chi-  
cago, president; Hon. J. M. Green-  
wood, superintendent of public schools,  
Kansas City, treasurer; Hon. Irwin  
Shepard, president of state normal  
school, Winona, Minn., secretary, and  
Hon. N. A. Calkins, assistant super-  
intendent of public schools, New York,  
chairman of board of trustees, will  
hold its 1894 meeting at Ashbury  
Park, N. J., July 6th to 13th, inclu-  
sive.

Ashbury Park is one of the most  
beautiful seaside resorts on the At-  
lantic coast, about 40 miles from New  
York City and two hours ride from  
Philadelphia. It has most spacious  
and magnificent hotel accommodation  
and all members of the Association  
will be granted half-rates at hotels  
on presentation of their membership  
ticket.

The Trunk Line Railway Associa-  
tion, including all eastern railways,  
has granted at half-rate, plus \$2.00,  
N. E. A. membership fee from all  
points in the territory of the Associa-  
tion, (except from points within  
one hundred miles from Ashbury Park,  
where a cheap summer excursion rate  
is available.) The tickets will be  
good to return until Sept. 1st, if de-  
posited with the Railway Joint Ag't  
at Ashbury Park during the meeting.

The western roads have all been  
asked to grant the same rates and  
are now acting through other associa-  
tions on this question, and without  
doubt will make the same rate as the  
Trunk Line Association. There will  
be the very finest facilities for sea  
bathing, boat riding and coast-wise  
excursions, on the ocean, as well as  
the most quiet retreat.

The local committee are planning to  
make the teacher's visit at Ashbury  
Park one of the most pleasant events  
of their lives. The programme of the  
association meeting will be made up  
of addresses and lectures by men and  
women of national renown as edu-  
cators and orators.

For Official Bulletin, containing full  
information and official programme  
regarding hotel and railway rates and  
routes, and for further particulars,  
address,

S. SHERIN,  
Sec'y Local Ex. Com.,  
Ashbury Park, N. J.

### May Crop Report.

Temperature and rainfall were both  
favorable during April, and the grow-  
ing wheat made fairly good progress.  
The average condition May 1, in the  
southern and central counties was  
89 per cent., northern 69 per cent.,  
and state 90 per cent., comparison  
being with vitality and growth of  
average years. One year ago the  
average condition in the southern  
counties was 73 per cent. and central  
79 per cent., and the crop of 1893 was  
estimated in October at 23,690,693  
bushels, an average of 15 bushels per  
acre for the state. In 1892 the average  
condition May 1, in the southern  
counties was 84 per cent., and central  
81 per cent., and the total yield in  
the state was 25,284,218 bushels, an  
average of 15.59 bushels per acre. In  
1891 the average condition May 1,  
in the southern counties was 104 per  
cent., and in the central  
counties 99 per cent., and  
the crop of that year was 28,039,  
488 bushels, an average of 18.49 bu-  
per acre. Nearly 97 per cent of the  
total crop in the state is grown in  
the southern and central counties.

The total number of bushels of  
wheat reported marketed by farmers  
in April is 1,189,602, and in the nine  
months, August-April 12,613,198,  
which is 271,580 bushels more than  
reported marketed in the same  
months last year. At 19 elevators  
and mills from which reports have  
been received, there was no wheat  
marketed during the month.

Timothy and June grass meadows  
are in prime condition. The state-  
ment that they never looked better at  
this time of year occurs frequently  
in correspondents' notes. Clover that  
was seeded last year promises an  
average crop, but old clover is about  
all destroyed, probably in most cases  
by the clover root borer. Various names  
as grubs, crown-worms, insects, green,  
brown and yellow worms, root borers,  
small black bug that eats the clover  
roots off, etc., are given in the reports.  
One correspondent in Livingston coun-  
ty reports from eight to forty little  
green worms, about one-fourth of an  
inch long, around each clover stool.  
It is estimated that about one-fourth  
of the clover in the southern counties  
will be plowed up. The average con-  
dition of what remains ranges from  
81 per cent. in the southern counties  
to 98 per cent. in the northern coun-  
ties.

The present outlook for an average  
crop of apples is encouraging. The  
figures for the southern counties are  
84 per cent., central and northern 94  
per cent., and state 88 per cent.  
Peaches promise from five-eighths to  
three-fourths of a full average crop.

### ENGLISH AS SHE IS.

The choir was singing a new arrangement of  
the beautiful anthem "Consider the Lilies."  
The pure, sweet voice of the soprano rose  
clearly and distinctly in the solo:

"They tol-oil not,  
They toll not,  
Ny-y-y-ther do they spin."  
She paused, and the tenor took up the strain.  
"Nee-ee-ee-ther do they spin."  
They tol-oil-oil not,  
They toll not,  
Ny-y-y-ther do they spin."

The tenor ceased, and the basso, a solemn, red  
haired young man with a somewhat worldly  
looking eye and a voice like a fog horn, broke  
in:

"Nay-ay-ay-ther do they spin,  
They tol-oil-oil not,  
They toll not,  
Ny-y-y-ther do they spin."  
They tol-oil-oil not,  
They toll not,  
Ny-y-y-ther do they spin."  
Then the voices of the three were lifted up  
in semi-chorus:  
"Ny-y-y-ther do they spin."  
"Nee-ee-ee-ther do they spin."  
"Nay-ay-ay-ther do they spin."  
They tol-oil-oil not,  
They toll not,  
Ny-y-y-ther do they spin."  
"Nee-ee-ee-ther do they spin."  
"Nay-ay-ay-ther do they spin."

### BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

[OFFICIAL.]

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS,  
ANN ARBOR, MAY 2, 1894.

Regular session.  
Called to order by Pres. Keech.  
Roll called. Full board present.  
Minutes of previous meeting read and  
approved.

The sewer and street bills for the  
month of April were read and audited  
by the board and their payment recom-  
mended to the Common Council at  
sums stated.

On motion the Board adjourned.  
W. J. MILLER,  
Clerk.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS,  
ANN ARBOR, MAY 9, 1894.

Regular session.  
Called to order by President Keech.  
Roll call. Present—Messrs. Keech,  
Schuh and McIntyre.  
Minutes of the previous meeting  
read and approved.

On motion of Mr. Schuh the Clerk  
was directed to ask for sealed bids for  
the extension of the ends on the cul-  
vert on Fountain street, as per plans  
and specifications submitted by the  
City Engineer.

A communication from A. Torry,  
chief engineer of the M. C. R. R. Co.,  
in reference to the viaduct over the  
Central was read and referred to the  
City Attorney.

The city engineer was directed to  
submit to the Board all grades asked  
for by the council at their late ses-  
sion.

The Street Commissioner was or-  
dered to take the necessary steps to  
pave the alley between Detroit street  
and Fifth avenue, extending southerly  
from Catherine street.

Mr. Schuh moved that the Council  
be recommended to allow the bill of  
Godfried Schuon at \$18.

Adopted as follows:  
Yeas—Messrs. Keech and Schuh.

The specifications for the construc-  
tion of cement walks as submitted by  
the City Engineer, were referred to the  
City Attorney, for his opinion as to  
whether it was necessary to have the  
specifications covered by an ordinance.

The City Engineer submitted the  
following: Profile of proposed grade on  
Geddes avenue; sidewalk grades on  
Ann street, south side, from State  
to Thayer streets; on Thayer street,  
west side, from North University ave-  
nue to Washington street.

On motion of Mr. Keech the grades  
were approved and recommended to  
the Council.

On motion of Mr. Keech, the City  
Engineer was ordered to submit a  
proper street grade for Maynard street  
to the board.

On motion of Mr. Keech, the Street  
Commissioner was ordered to remove  
bill boards on the corner of Liberty  
and Maynard streets.

The Sidewalk Inspector reported  
that he had personally inspected the  
sidewalks which had not as yet been  
constructed; on Huron street in front  
of the property of the Goodrich estate,  
between Fourth and Fifth avenues;  
and in front of the property of Dr.  
Zimmerman and the McMillan Hall,  
between Division and State streets.  
On motion the Board adjourned.  
W. J. MILLER, Clerk.

## VICTORS are Standard Value.



The standard price of Victor Bicycles is \$125.00. No deviation,  
and Victor riders are guaranteed against cut rates during the current year.

## OVERMAN WHEEL CO.

BOSTON. NEW YORK. PHILADELPHIA. CHICAGO. SAN FRANCISCO. DETROIT. DENVER.

M. STAEBLER, Agent, Ann Arbor, Mich.

Sweet notes! they tell of former peace,  
Of that looked so rapturous then—  
Now withered, lost—Oh, pray thee, cease,  
I cannot bear those sounds again.  
—Moore.

## The Way to Tell an Orange.

Big oranges are not good. They  
are all skin and fiber. If you want  
"a yellow cup of wine" buy small  
fruit; that is, fruit that runs 175  
or 200 to the box. Weigh it in the  
hand and take the heaviest. Sweet  
sound oranges are full of wine and  
sugar and very heavy. A thin  
smooth skin is a good sign. Wide,  
deepened skins are unmistakable  
signs of a coarse, spongy article.  
Bright yellow oranges usually cost  
more than russets, because they are  
prettier. When the commission mer-  
chant buys in a hurry he saves time  
by taking an orange between his  
hands and squeezing it to death. If  
it runs a cup of wine he takes as much  
of the cargo as he needs; if it runs  
dry he cuts the price or refuses to  
trade. There is no surer way to  
tell the real value of an orange, man-  
darin or grape fruit.—St. Louis Post-  
Dispatch.

## Try the New Fig Honey.

Honey mixed with a nice extract  
of California figs, etc., make "Honey  
of Figs," the most delicious of all  
gentle cures for Constipation, Colds,  
Fever, Nervousness and Disordered  
Kidneys. Californians greatly pre-  
fer it to simple syrup. Old folks en-  
joy it and babies love it. The Fig  
Honey Co., of San Francisco make  
it. No other laxative is so soothing  
or sells so well. Large bottles (50  
doses) 50 cents. Trial size 10 cents.  
In this age of progress be wise and get  
the best. Eberbach & Son, Agents  
for Ann Arbor.

## THE best investment

in real estate is to keep build-  
ings well painted. Paint protects  
the house and saves repairs. You  
sometimes want to sell—many a  
good house has remained unsold  
for want of paint. The rule should  
be, though, "the best paint or  
none." That means  
**Strictly Pure**

## White Lead

You cannot afford to use cheap  
paints. To be sure of getting Strictly  
Pure White Lead, look at the  
brand; any of these are safe:  
"Anchor," "Morley,"  
"Eckstein," "Shipman,"  
"Armstrong & McKelvy," "Southern,"  
"Beymer-Bauman," "Red Seal,"  
"Davis-Chambers," "Collier,"  
"Fahnestock."

FOR COLORS.—National Lead Co.'s  
Pure White Lead Tinting Colors.  
These colors are sold in one-pound cans, each  
can being sufficient to tint 25 pounds of Strictly  
Pure White Lead the desired shade; they are in  
no sense ready-mixed paints, but a combination  
of perfectly pure colors in the hands of the  
tint Strictly Pure White Lead.

A good many thousand dollars have been  
saved property-owners by having our book on  
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and get both free.

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Sure Cure for Weak Men, as  
proved by reports of leading phy-  
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price, \$1. Catalogue Free.  
A safe and speedy  
cure for Gleet,  
Stricture and all  
unnatural discharges. Price \$2.  
**GREEK SPECIFIC** Cures all  
Gonorrhea and Syphilitic Affections, Scroful-  
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Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant  
and refreshing to the taste, and acts  
gently yet promptly on the Kidneys,  
Liver and Bowels, cleanses the sys-  
tem effectually, dispels colds, head-  
aches and fevers and cures habitual  
constipation. Syrup of Figs is the  
only remedy of its kind ever pro-  
duced, pleasing to the taste and ac-  
ceptable to the stomach, prompt in  
its action and truly beneficial in its  
effects, prepared only from the most  
healthy and agreeable substances, its  
many excellent qualities commend it  
to all and have made it the most  
popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c  
and \$1 bottles by all leading drug-  
gists. Any reliable druggist who  
may not have it on hand will pro-  
cure it promptly for any one who  
wishes to try it. Do not accept any  
substitute.

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time obtain a fair work-  
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ginning to the best expert work.  
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Men to work for us who desire to make  
money this fall and winter during  
slack times. Excellent chance. Lib-  
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Stark's \$2.00 photos for \$1.50, until  
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# The News Condensed.

Important Intelligence From All Parts.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

Regular Session.

In executive session the Chinese treaty was debated for six hours in the senate on the 7th. Senator McPherson introduced a bill for the relief of Rear Admiral Stanton and the officers and enlisted men of the wrecked Kearsarge. Senator Lodge introduced an amendment to the tariff bill providing that as against Great Britain or any of her colonies a duty double the amount imposed in the proposed tariff bill shall be levied and a list of 35 per cent on all articles on the free list.... In the house the New York and New Jersey bridge bill was passed. A resolution was introduced making it in order to amend any general appropriation bill so as to reduce or repeal the bounty and the tariff on sugar, or other of them.

In the senate the new tariff bill was briefly discussed on the 9th.... In the house Mr. Hatch reported his anti-option bill and the naval appropriation bill was called up and briefly explained in some of its parts.

On the 9th the tariff bill was discussed in the senate and during the debate Senator Mills (Tex.) announced that under no circumstances would he support the amendment proposed by the compromise bill.... In the house the bill authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi river at St. Louis was passed and a bill was favorably reported by Mr. Springer (Ill.) to suspend the taxation of 10 per cent on state bank issues. After hearing Gen. Coxey the committee on labor decided to report a resolution for a joint investigation by a special committee of the senate and house of the Coney movement and the depressed condition of labor in general.

In the senate on the 10th, John Patton, Jr., the new senator from Michigan, took the oath of office to succeed the late Senator Stockbridge. The resolution to investigate the alleged police clubbing, May 1, was discussed, but no action was taken. The tariff bill was introduced for pensions at the rate of one cent per day for each day of absence and one cent currency commission to be composed of fifteen persons, not more than seven to be bankers, to investigate the currency question and report to congress in December. Mr. Talbot briefly announced the death of this colleague, R. F. Bratton, of Maryland, and the customary resolutions were adopted.

On the 11th the tariff bill was considered in the senate and several of the amendments were adopted. Senator Gallinger spoke on his amendment providing for a retaliatory clause against Canada, but no action was taken.... In the house the bill providing that the first session of each congress shall begin the first Tuesday after the 3d of March, instead of waiting until the following December, and the second session to begin on the first Monday in January, instead of December, as at present, was favorably reported. The civil appropriation bill was discussed.

## DOMESTIC.

MILES C. MAYS and his wife died within ten hours of each other at Vandalia, Ill. They had been married just one month, and both were taken sick a week ago on the same day.

The steamship La Touraine made the trip from New York to Queenstown in five days and sixteen hours, the shortest time on record.

The work of the senate special committee on the tariff bill was completed and it was reported to the full committee.

FEARING he would be hanged for using a canceled postage stamp, a Swede named Johnson drowned himself in Boston harbor.

A. N. SCHUSTER & Co., wholesale dealers in clothing at St. Joseph, Mo., failed with liabilities placed at \$300,000.

FAVORABLE crop reports were received at Washington from all sections of the country except the Pacific coast and the southern portion of the cotton region.

ORGANIZATION of the state constitutional convention was affected at Albany, N. Y., by the election of Joseph H. Choate as president.

REFUSING to obey a request to go around La Porte, Ind., Gen. Randall and his staff were put in jail. A determined effort was being made to break up the army.

A MEMORIAL shaft to Edwin Booth was dedicated at the grave of the player in Cambridge, Mass. Rev. Edward Everett Hale conducting the exercises.

MISS DELLA FRANK, of Lima, O., who tried to commit suicide a week ago, because of her poverty, has fallen heir to \$9,000.

GOV. JONAS WOLF, of the Chickasaw nation, was indicted by the Chickasaw grand jury upon the charge of embezzling between \$25,000 and \$75,000 of the per capita funds.

The village of Pawnee, Ill., was nearly wiped out by an incendiary fire. COXEY, Brown and Jones, the commonwealth leaders, were found guilty in Washington of violating the law. A motion for a new trial was entered.

THREE convicts in the state prison at Jackson, Mich., overpowered a guard and tried to blow down the wall with dynamite. A catastrophe was narrowly averted.

The steel casting works at Lima, O., were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$300,000.

DISCOVERY of irregularities at Boston impelled Secretary Carlisle to order an accounting of stock in all the bonded warehouses of the country.

WILLIAM CRAWFORD shot and killed Jessie Lowery and himself at Jacksonville, O. They were lovers, but he was out of employment and despondent.

COL. CARPENTER and Capt. Logan, commanding an army at Sutter's Fort, Cal., disappeared with \$800 of the industrial funds.

At the annual meeting in St. Louis of the National Union of Chiefs of Police President Seavy, of Omaha, was reelected.

MRS. MOLLIE PAGE filed a bill for divorce in Chicago from her husband in the morning, and meeting him in the afternoon was reconciled.

The National Temperance society at its annual meeting in New York elected Maj. Gen. O. Howard president.

The patents on type distributing machines, seed planting machinery and fare registers have expired.

FIRE in the little village of Norway, Me., destroyed seventy dwellings and a number of business places, the total loss being \$500,000.

COMMISSIONERS of the district of Columbia declared the commonwealth a nuisance and ordered its abatement within forty-eight hours.

ALBERT WOODLEY, a painter, in a fit of jealousy shot and killed Mrs. Jennie Buchanan at her home in Allegheny City, Pa., and then shot himself in the head.

JUDGE WORTHINGTON, in the principal circuit court at Peoria, Ill., granted twenty-seven decrees of divorce in one day.

At the hotelmen's convention in Denver the United States Hotel association was disbanded and the Hotelkeepers' National association was organized with D. C. Shears, of Cincinnati, as president.

GUS WEISBRODT, treasurer of Middletown, O., was said to have used \$80,000 of the city's funds in trying to beat the races.

AT Sharon Springs, Kan., William McKinley and his son, Lewis, were lynched by a mob for inciting a younger son to murder Charles Carey, his brother-in-law.

RATE cutting in the trans-Atlantic steamer business has reduced the price of passage from London to New York to \$12.50.

A BATTLE occurred at Yakima, Wash., between deputies and commonwealers, in which two deputies were shot, one fatally.

A STORM of unprecedented severity swept over Stillwater, Minn., and sidewalks and street pavings were torn up and a number of houses were underpinned.

The general federation of women's clubs met in biennial convention at Philadelphia.

The report on mineral resources in the United States for 1893 shows an aggregate valuation for the product of \$699,586,083, a decline of over \$175,000,000 from the previous year.

The twenty-three members of Galvin's commonwealth army who were arrested for attempting to capture a freight train were sentenced at Pittsburgh to twenty days in jail each.

A CARELESS man sitting on an oil barrel and smoking a pipe caused the destruction of \$100,000 worth of property on a dock in New York.

JOHN PORTER, an Izard county (Ark.) farmer, tried to ford Strawberry river with a wagon and his wife and three children were drowned.

E. B. WHITE, a painter at Houston, Tex., killed his wife and himself.

PAESSENGER and freight trains collided at Menomonee Junction, Wis., and Engineer James Jeffreys was killed and four other men badly injured.

BUSINESS houses and residences in Indianapolis were unroofed by a violent storm, and a child of S. J. Huntsman was killed by flying debris.

EX-COUNTY RECORDER J. P. M. GOODMAN died at Ashland, O., after having lived thirty-nine days without eating anything.

PATROTIC women unveiled a monolith to the memory of Mary Washington at Fredericksburg, Va. President Cleveland made an address.

SANDERS and his band of train stealing Coxeyites surrendered to United States marshals at Scott City, Kan.

RICHARD CROKER has withdrawn from the leadership of Tammany hall in New York.

CHIEF HAZEN, of the secret service, will wage active war on firms counterfeiting world's fair medals and diplomas for advertising purposes.

OFFICIAL figures show that nearly one-fourth of the old corn crop of Illinois is yet in the hands of the producers.

COMMONWEALERS at Elkhart, Ind., seized a Lake Shore train and started east.

SEVEN men armed with Winchesters robbed the bank in South vest City, Mo., of \$4,000, and shot four citizens.

MAJ. J. W. POWELL, at the head of the government geological survey, has resigned, owing to failing health.

The total number of Chinese that registered throughout the country under the exclusion act was 105,312. The total Chinese population by the census of 1890 was 107,483.

The fire department of the Pennsylvania Railway company at Columbus, O., was burned, the loss being \$100,000.

WOMEN of the Ashland district in Kentucky have determined to petition Breckinridge to withdraw from the congressional race.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 11th aggregated \$998,225,545, against \$955,219,455 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was \$43,010.

TWO COXEYITES were shot and 100 captured in a fight with officers at North Yakima, Wash.

THERE were 206 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 11th, against 233 the week previous and 257 in the corresponding time in 1893.

"TIP," the ferocious elephant in Central Park, New York, who has destroyed eight men, was killed by poison by the authorities.

IN accordance with a resolution adopted by the general grievance committee 3,500 operators at the Pullman car works in Chicago went on a strike.

GEORGE DUNLAP, crazy from alcoholism and confined in the alcoholwell in Chicago, beat his cellmate, James Maher, to death with a bucket.

P. J. O'CONNOR was elected president of the National Ancient Order of Hibernians at the Omaha meeting.

GUS MEERS, his wife and two children were murdered at Browning, Mo., by men against whom they were to be called as witnesses.

MRS. KATE BRADFORD, who secured \$200,000 from gullible New York people, has disappeared. The money was lost on Wall street.

CHARLES D. WALCOTT, of New York, has been appointed to succeed Maj. Powell as director of the United States geological survey.

At the session in Philadelphia of the general federation of women's clubs Mrs. Charles Heron, of Chicago, was elected president.

NEW YORK men have commenced action to secure possession of lands in Lyon county, Ia., valued at \$889,200.

INQUIRY into the affairs of the Northern Pacific railroad at New York shows that a transaction for over \$8,000,000 was not recorded on the books.

TEN business blocks at Red Jacket, Mich., were destroyed by fire.

CHARLES WHITTLE, aged 25, son of Maj. Whittle, the evangelist, was killed by a train at Wheaton, Ill. He was riding a bicycle between the rails and failed to see the train approaching.

JAMES ERETT MOORE, one of the best known financiers of the northwest, shot himself dead at his residence in St. Paul because of financial reverses.

JUDGE WORTHINGTON, in the principal circuit court at Peoria, Ill., granted twenty-seven decrees of divorce in one day.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL. HORATIO NELSON CLARK, 63 years old,

who discovered the spring of water in Andersonville prison during the war, was run over and killed by a train at Amsterdam, N. Y.

EDWARD LANE was nominated for congress by the democrats of the Eighteen Illinois district.

MRS. SARAH ANN PHENIX died at Delavan, Wis., aged 95 years. She was the widow of the man who founded the town in 1836.

GEN. MATTHEW M. TRUMBULL died at his residence in Chicago, aged 68. He did brilliant service in the civil war and had written exhaustively on the tariff and labor questions.

ROLLA HART was nominated for the Ninth Kentucky district by the democrats of the Kentucky state convention.

The republicans of the Twenty-second Illinois district re-nominated George W. Smith, of Murphysboro, for congress.

FINIS E. DOWNING was selected as a candidate for congress by the democrats in the Sixteenth district of Illinois.

CONGRESSMAN ROBERT F. BRATTAN died at his home in Prince Anne, Md., after a long illness.

The republicans of the Fifth district of Indiana nominated Jesse Overstreet, of Franklin, for congress.

MINNESOTA republicans will hold their state convention at St. Paul on July 11, and the republicans of Missouri will meet at Excelsior Springs on August 14.

THOMAS BURKE, who was 100 years old last Christmas, died at his home in Merritt, Mich.

## FOREIGN.

A NEW cabinet was formed in Holland with Herr Roell as president of the council and minister of foreign affairs.

A TELEGRAM from Buenos Ayres says that during the last ten days business failures have occurred there involving liabilities aggregating nearly \$20,000,000.

A CANADIAN patrol vessel seized the American fishing boats Visitor and Leroy Brooks while cruising in dominion waters.

A TELEGRAM from Hakodate, Japan, reported the loss of the sailing schooner Matthew Walker with all on board, twenty-three in number.

It was said that gold had been found in the state of Guerrero, Mexico, equaling in extent the gold fields of South Africa.

A CANADIAN patrol vessel seized the cities of Eridio and Merida and several villages in Venezuela and 10,000 lives were said to have been lost.

A VAST nihilist conspiracy was said to have been discovered in St. Petersburg and 100 arrests had been made.

THE Kingdon mill, a large cotton spinning company at Hull, Eng., failed for \$400,000.

EX-PRESIDENT CACERES was reelected president of Peru.

ELECTIONS in Hawaii for delegates to the constitutional convention were orderly. The complexion of the convention will be strongly conservative.

## LATER.

FIVE hours were required in the United States senate on the 12th to dispose of the items relating to tannic and tartaric acids and alcoholic perfumery in the tariff bill. The military academy appropriation bill (\$410,208) was reported and a bill was passed placing Maj. Gen. George S. Green on the retired list of the regular army as a first lieutenant. In the house a resolution providing for a committee to investigate the causes of the industrial depression was offered by Mr. McGann, of Illinois.

PETER WAPSEY, an Indian residing near the village of Hartford, Mich., died at the age of 110 years.

TALMAGE'S Brooklyn tabernacle and the Hotel Regent were destroyed by fire and many other buildings were damaged. The total loss was put at \$1,000,000.

GEORGE ROSE, the murderer of Assistant Postmaster Kuhl at Cottonwood Falls, Kan., was taken from jail by a mob and hanged.

NINE Coxeyites who captured the ferryboat at Zillah, Wash., were drowned in the Yakima river.

In the midst of the year on the uncertainty of life in Emmanuel Methodist church in Philadelphia Rev. J. W. Langley was stricken with paralysis.

A TANK of benzine exploded during a fire in Bradford, Pa., and at least thirty persons were burned by the flaming oil. ORDERED by the authorities to abandon its camp in Washington, Coxeys' army moved to Bladensburg, Md., 3 miles away.

TWENTY THOUSAND persons witnessed the launching of the torpedo boat Ericsson at Dubuque, Ia.

At Half Moon Bay, Cal., Joseph Crichton in a fit of jealousy gave strychnine to his wife and himself and both died.

Forty canary birds added to the interest of a sermon on "Spring," delivered by Pastor Dobbins, of the Lincoln Park Baptist church of Cincinnati.

In a battle with Brazilian insurgents at Caryha the government forces were defeated with a loss of six officers and seventy-four men.

The dam at Lima, Mont., broke and houses, barns, fences, haystacks and all kinds of stock were carried away.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the national league for the week ended on the 12th were: Cleveland, .765; Baltimore, .684; Pittsburgh, .607; Philadelphia, .532; Boston, .611; New York, .556; St. Louis, .471; Cincinnati, .467; Brooklyn, .389; Louisville, .313; Chicago, .287; Washington, .150.

## Literary Notes.

Mrs. Burtoh Harrison's new novel "A Rachel Herd" which is to be published in The Century, is said to be the most contemporaneous story Mrs. Harrison has ever written. The heroine is a New York girl agitated by all the current movements; a noble character struggling with the conditions, fads, sympathies, and philanthropic schemes of our day.

The story comes down to the period of the new agitation of the Woman's Suffrage question.

# A. W. HAMILTON'S Life and Fire Insurance Agency.

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Fire Insurance written in first-class companies. Low Rates. Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid. Call and examine the Mutual Life Insurance Company's new form of Policies. The Income and Continuous Instalment Policies will return large dividends. A Policy in the Mutual Life Insurance Company is a

Safe, Sure and Satisfactory Investment. It will pay better than a 4 per cent investment. When you insure take the best and write a policy in The Mutual Life through my agency.

# Hutzel's Water Back!

A very important invention which will be hailed with delight by every body using a stove or range for hot water circulation. After years of experience we have succeeded in producing a simple and perfect WATER BACK.

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# HUTZEL & CO., Plumbers and Steamfitters.

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Overcomes results of indigestion, cures Constipation, restores Complacency, saves Health, builds up strength. GARFIELD TEA CO., 210 W. 45th St., N. Y.

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"The Niagara Falls Route."

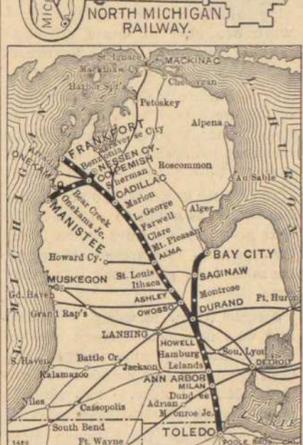
TIME TABLE IN EFFECT APRIL 15, 1894

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.

TO	FROM	CLASS	TIME
Ann Arbor	Chicago	1st	7:15 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	2nd	7:30 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	3rd	7:45 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	4th	8:00 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	5th	8:15 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	6th	8:30 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	7th	8:45 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	8th	9:00 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	9th	9:15 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	10th	9:30 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	11th	9:45 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	12th	10:00 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	13th	10:15 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	14th	10:30 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	15th	10:45 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	16th	11:00 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	17th	11:15 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	18th	11:30 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	19th	11:45 a.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	20th	12:00 p.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	21st	12:15 p.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	22nd	12:30 p.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	23rd	12:45 p.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	24th	1:00 p.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	25th	1:15 p.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	26th	1:30 p.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	27th	1:45 p.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	28th	2:00 p.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	29th	2:15 p.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	30th	2:30 p.m.
Ann Arbor	Chicago	31st	2:45 p.m.

G. W. RUGGLES, G. P. & T. Agt., Chicago. H. W. HAYES, Agt. Ann Arbor.

# TOLEDO ANN ARBOR AND NORTH MICHIGAN RAILWAY.



# TIME TABLE.

TAKING EFFECT SUNDAY, NOV. 5, 1893.

Trains leave Ann Arbor by Central Standard Time.

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:15 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
12:15 P. M.	11:30 A. M.
4:15 P. M.	9:00 P. M.

\*Trains run between Ann Arbor and Toledo only. W. H. BENNETT, G. P. A. R. S. GREENWOOD, AGT

# EBERBACH & SONS, ANN ARBOR, SELL BELOW PRICES.

# LADIES TRY DR. LEUC'S "PAIN-RELIEF" PILLS FROM PARIS, FRANCE.

Established in Europe 1839, Canada in 1878. For Suppressions, Irregularities, and Monthly Derangements. A reliable monthly medicine. They always relieve. Any druggist, \$2. American Pill Co., Proprietors, Spencer, Iowa. Robert Spear, Wholesale Agents, and all other druggists in Ann Arbor. These pills are warranted to bring on the "change."

# PATENTS

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# NEW MEAT MARKET.

Send the girl or boy with

Let me die to the sounds of delicious music.

Mirbeau.



A Crown of Tartar Baking Powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., N.Y.

COUNTY AND VICINITY.

A new lumber yard has been started at Willis, by Mr. Honeywell, formerly of Detroit.

Edward C. Howard has been appointed chief census enumerator for Augusta, with Wm. A. Russell, assistant.

Training on the track at Dundee makes things lively there. Several horses are being made ready for the race season.

The Clinton school board have hired Prof. H. W. Daniels as principal for the coming year with a full corps of assistants.

The Salem cornet band expects to have some gorgeous new uniforms soon. They will then be able to reach the top notes with ease.

The young ladies of Ypsilanti have entered the burnt cork amusement arena, and last evening gave a successful minstrel entertainment.

Why is it that girls who are unable to help mother with the housework are able to dance all night without fatigue?—Chelsea Standard. Ask the girls. They know.

J. A. Palmer is Chelsea's new chief of the fire department, and he alone has the right to yell through the speaking trumpet at the boys: Hi there! Doro-o-w-o-o-r-r-r! br-z-z!

The Young People's Union of the Salem church is going to entertain the next associational rally which is set for June 6th. Arrangements are being made for a grand meeting on that date.

Jerome Allen, formerly of Milan, and who now comes down here at regular intervals to play croquet, has been appointed city marshal of Ypsilanti.—Milan Leader. Yes, he will make the wicket with ease, now.

"Some horses know more than their drivers," remarked several bystanders Saturday evening, when a farmer lashed his horse up and down Chicago street before loading in his family and going home.—Clinton Local.

The May Musical Festival at Ann Arbor, May 18 and 19, is the greatest undertaking in the musical line ever attempted in the state. Its success means the upbuilding of music in Michigan. It will be worth coming hundreds of miles to hear.

Samuel P. Jackson, aged 76 years and a highly respected citizen of Monroe, died at his home in that city Sunday. He represented the first district in the state legislature in 1888 and 1890. He was called the "father of the house" on account of being the oldest member in either branch.—Dundee Ledger.

It has always been the custom for farmers to wash their sheep before shearing, but this year they claim that unwashed wool will bring about as many dollars as washed, and that the sheep do better this time of year with their fleeces off. All who tried it last year, and many others are now shearing.—Chelsea Herald.

Over at Saline the village council offers to pay one-half the expense of putting down cement or artificial stone walks. That is an offer that ought to be accepted by most of the citizens of the place. It is the right way of getting at this troublesome question, and at the same time it secures uniformity and excellence.

The old turn-table on the M. C. R. R. at Dexter, which used to be used for turning the engine to the end to, in the days when the Dexter accommodation used to run between that place and Detroit, has been destroyed and filled in. It did good service in its day, but like everything else, it had outlived its usefulness. It will never more make another turn.

There is but little prospect of an advance in the price of eggs. Eastern advices to local dealers are to the effect that the supply is above the average, and the demand much less. This is accounted for by supposition that during the hard times people use less and sell more eggs than formerly, and that the consumption is less because there is no money to buy with.

On Tuesday evening Francis Horner's barn was consumed by fire, together with contents, excepting the horses, which they managed to get out by cutting the ropes. Mr. Horner lost 300 or 400 bushels of grain, and several tons of hay which had recently been drawn in. We understand it was partly insured. Origin of fire unknown.—Willis cor. Milan Leader.

God save me from a poor fiddler.

Geminiani.

Music, of all the liberal arts, has the greatest influence over the passions, and is that to which the legislator ought to give the greatest encouragement.—Napoleon I.

The ideal community is that in which there is a reciprocity of good feeling in all branches of trade—mechanics, professional men, working men and farmers, each availing himself as far as possible of the other's services, buying his goods or employing his labor as the case may be. The community where this practice prevails is always found to be an exceptionally prosperous one.—Dexter Leader.

An electric belt street fakir recently did Howell, and Howell citizens, out of a snug sum. It is safe to say those same people who "bit" and threw away their dollars would have been very much insulted had they been asked to contribute a like amount towards some village enterprise.—Northville Record. That's the class of people who are entitled to the belt, you know. They can never fully understand anything until they get a "belt."

J. E. Dunmore has constructed at his residence on "Stockman avenue," near the Lutheran church, a dugout or cyclone cellar, for himself and family to flee into for safety when another cyclone sweeps over this section.—Dundee Reporter. Supposing the cyclone doesn't give any warning in advance? Or, supposing it comes along sometime when all the family are asleep? Or, supposing it strikes the cellar first? Or, supposing?

Recent experiments have been made to ascertain whether bees had others uses than simply honey gatherers. To ascertain whether the bees injure fruit and vegetable flowers by extracting their honey, the experimenters covered part of the branches of cherry and fruit bushes with fine netting to exclude the bees. Nearly all of the flowers dropped off the protected branches and there was no fruit on them, while the uncovered branches bore luxuriantly. The education is that the bees' visits are necessary to fertilize the blossoms by transferring pollen.

Newspaper men are blamed with a lot of things they can't help, such as using partiality in mentioning visitors, giving news about some folks and leaving others out, etc. He simply prints the news he can find. Some people inform him about such things and others do not. An editor should not be expected to know the names and residences of all your uncles, aunts and cousins even if he should see them get off or on the train. Tell us about it. It's news that makes the newspaper and every man, woman and child can be an associate editor if they only will.—Dexter Leader.

The dedication exercises of the new gymnasium will be held in Normal Hall, Friday, May 18, at 2 p. m. The speakers will be: Hon. Perry F. Powers, for the state board of education; Prof. Austin George, for the Normal School; Pres. G. S. Albee, for State Normal Schools; Prof. Wilbur P. Bowen, for the new department; Hon. C. S. Pierce, for the alumni; Hon. James H. Morrow, for the state senate; Hon. F. Redfern, for the house of representatives; Lt. Gov. J. W. Giddings, for the state of Michigan; Hon. E. P. Allen, for the city of Ypsilanti. Hon. Washington Gardner may also be among the speakers.—Ypsilanti.

NORMAL GYMNASIUM DEDICATION. The following is the program for May 18, 1894, at 2 p. m.:

- INVOCATION. Chorus and Quartet—A Psalm of Life. Normal Choir—Miss Jennie Farham, Mrs. Geo. B. Hodge, Mr. Marshall Pease, Mr. Oscar Gareissen. Hon. Perry Powers. For State Board of Education. Prof. Austin George. For the Normal School. Pres. G. S. Albee, Oshkosh, Wis. Serenade (From the Fencing Master) de Koven Normal Choir—Mr. John Dodge, Mr. N. W. Van't Hof, Miss Lela Harlow. Hon. C. S. Pierce. For the New Department of the Triton. Molly Ladies' Chorus—directed by Mrs. Hodge. Hon. James H. Morrow. For the State Senate. Hon. F. W. Redfern. For House of Representatives. Main Chorus—Musical Gymnastics. L. Gov. J. W. Giddings. For State of Michigan. Hon. E. P. Allen. For the City of Ypsilanti. Piano Quartet—Soprano, Miss Pearl Burck, Miss Grace Stevens, Miss Sarah Humphrey, Miss Lela Harlow. BENEDECTIONS.

A reception will be tendered visiting friends by the Normal School and the citizens, at the new building, from 7:30 to 9:30 p. m. Music by the Normal orchestra.

NORMAL NEWS ORATORICAL CONTEST. [From Daily Times of May 12.]

The Normal News oratorical contest of last evening resolved itself into a contest of literary merit vs. delivery in which the former was victorious. There were at least 800 people present, which justly comforted the hall. The Adelphi society appeared in a body in the left center section and were distinguished by green turbans, the color being that of its representative. The Athenaeum society were in the right hand center section, but did not designate themselves by any particular badge. The other society members were scattered throughout the hall. There was considerable delay in getting started and the hour was fast approaching 9 before Gov. John T. Rich, Rev. Caroline Bartlett, of Kalamazoo, Mrs. J. J. Bagley, of Detroit, Hon. Willard Stearns, of Adrian, and Rev. J. W. Bradshaw, of Ann Arbor, walked in and took seats and immediately the contestants came upon the stage. After an invocation by Rev. Mr. Smits the Normal quartet rendered "Ye Spotted Snakes," and then the struggle commenced. Miss May Marble, of Marshall, of the

Music lends to piety wings to heaven.

Gilpin.

Athenaeum, represented the class of '94 and took for her subject "Light in Darkness," the central idea of which was an expiation of the work of the Salvation Army.

Miss Thyra Beach of Smith Creek, also of the Athenaeum society, represented the junior class, her theme being "Education in Politics," in which she held out the fact that that was the panacea for the existing evils of modes in party control of government.

Miss Grace Miles, of the Olympic society, and who had been selected by the faculty showed by far the most grace and ease in delivery and many present were disappointed in their guessing when afterwards it was found that the decision of the judges had defeated her for first prize. Her subject was "The Problem of the Unemployed."

Miss Mabel W. Smith, of Niles, a member of the Athenaeum society, had also been selected by the faculty and had presented the best composed oration of the evening and it was this rather than delivery that secured for her the handsome solid gold medal and the \$20 gold piece. Her subject was "Waiting Russia."

In the interim between the ladies' and gentlemen's contest Miss Louise George rendered a beautiful solo.

The second part of the program was commenced by S. G. McAlpine, of Dowagiac, the choice of the Crescent society. He spoke upon "The Mission of the United States," in which he denounced any alliance of church and state.

L. G. Holbrook, of DuPlain, selected by the Olympic society, was the winner of the gentlemen's contest and as in the other case it was composition that carried him through. His subject was "The Annexation of Hawaii."

H. C. Miller, who received the highest mark on delivery, represented the Adelpic society, his subject being "A Broader Tolerance in Religion." His defeat was a great disappointment to his supporters.

V. S. Bennett, of Ponton, was the choice of the Athenaeum society and spoke upon "The Problem of the Unemployed."

The judges then retired and that it was going to be a close contest was demonstrated by the length of time they were in consultation. While they were deliberating a short musical program was rendered. Frank Andrews gave a solo, "The Clang of the Hammer." Miss Marie Dickson a piano solo and Miss Pearl Blue a vocal selection. They all received hearty applause. The announcement of the decision of the judges was finally made by Gov. Rich and Rev. J. W. Bradshaw presented the ladies' prize to Miss Smith and Rev. Caroline Bartlett gave the gentlemen's prize to Mr. Holbrook. The evening's entertainment concluded with a duet by the Misses Warner and Diller.

Said Hon. Willard Stearns, "The question of delivery was a hard one to judge upon. To use a homely comparison it was like two race horses that each could go in 2:30, say. One is a pacer and the other a trotter. Now some prefer the one style of going while others would not. It was the same way in the manner of delivery. There were two distinct styles represented and both were excellent, and there could not help but be great difficulty in awarding the prizes to suit everybody."

The Theatre Hat.

Women who wear high hats or who wear large hats at theaters are the subject, and legitimately so, of much adverse criticism. Funny stories without number are written on this subject by witty paragraphers, but the high hat survives and surmounts the high heads of high-minded women, all the same.

Perhaps women do not read the labored efforts of funny writers on this topic; or perhaps they would not be influenced to wear small hats or take off the double-deckers in places of amusement, if they did read all that is written on the subject. Be that as it may, the writer had an experience in Union Hall last Saturday afternoon, while Harvard theatricals were in progress, which softened some of the asperities of life and convinced him that at least one young woman had carefully read the papers, and that at least one young woman was sweet-tempered and kind enough to deserve a good husband.

It was in the rear of the hall. The play had just opened. The writer was craning his neck to catch a view of the players. He was not ill-tempered. He did not, for the moment, think even of railing at high hats. He was resigned to his fate.

Suddenly a sweet-faced young lady, sitting just in front of him, without even a suggestion from any one, turned around, and in a manner so gracious, so full of the spirit of loving kindness, said:

"Does my hat annoy you, sir? If it does, I will remove it."

"Your sweetness and thoughtfulness entitle you to wear any hat you may prefer," was the writer's response.

The young face was quickly turned back to the stage, but in a few minutes the hat was removed from the mouth of golden hair which enveloped the head of a lady.

It is perhaps needless to say that this event did not occur in Ann Arbor. The article is taken from a Boston paper. But should such an unexpected incident ever take place in any of our public halls, it would be chronicled with as great glee as the Boston journalist has told it above.

A Quarter Century Test.

For a quarter of a century Dr. King's New Discovery has been tested, and the millions who have received benefit from its use testify to its wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest, and Lungs. A remedy that has stood the test so long and that has given so universal satisfaction is no experiment. Each bottle is positively guaranteed to give relief, or the money will be refunded. It is admitted to be the most reliable for Coughs and Colds. Trial bottles free at The Eberbach Drug & Chemical Co's drug store, and Geo. J. Haensler, Manchester. Large size 50c, and \$1.00.

Musik ist die wahre allgemeine Menschen-sprache.

Weyer.

Memorial Day Exercises. Preparations are in progress by Welch Post G. A. R. for the proper observance of the day set apart by congress to remember the fallen heroes of the nation, and to cover their graves with beautiful flowers on Wednesday May 30.

ON MONDAY, MAY 27. On the Sunday previous, May 27, the Post, accompanied by the S. of V., the Ann Arbor Light Infantry and the Ann Arbor Rifles will attend divine service in a body at the Congregational church.

ON WEDNESDAY, MAY 30. At 1 o'clock the entire Post will march to the city cemetery in the 5th ward, where an address will be delivered, and where appropriate exercises will be held. The soldiers' monument will be decorated by ladies of the W. R. C., and the programme will be an excellent one.

After this the Post will march to Forest Hill cemetery where all soldiers' graves will be decorated and where the children will sing patriotic songs, which they have been preparing for several weeks, under the leadership of Miss Lucy K. Cole.

In the evening, at University Hall, the annual address will be delivered by James O'Donnell, of Jackson, representative in congress. There will also be a programme carried out which will be published later on. It is understood that the public schools will close for the day, and that Mayor Darling will issue a proclamation requesting a suspension of business for the portion of the day, at least, during which these exercises are being held.

THE COMMITTEES. Commander W. K. Childs has made the following appointments of committees for Memorial Day, May 30: Finance—Henry S. Dean, Conrad Noll. Executive—Chas. E. Greene, M. J. Perkins, W. H. Jackson.

Invitation—J. Q. A. Sessions, C. H. Manly, R. Campbell, Fred Pistorius, J. L. Cox.

Printing and Program—J. B. Saunders, H. P. Danforth, H. Krapp. Hall and Decorations—Harrison Soule, R. Campbell, P. B. Rose, Q. A. Turner, J. H. Wade.

Reception—Chas. H. Manly, Wm. F. Breakey, Harrison Soule. Transportation—Conrad Noll, N. Woodmansee, H. Marsh, P. Irwin, W. Walsh.

Flowers—J. T. Jacobs, chairman, A. D. Markham, J. H. Webb, W. J. Clark, H. Keedle, J. J. Schantz, Fred Markley, Chas. Dunn, S. P. Hill, Aaron Long, L. Gross, Michael Donahue, J. C. Allmendinger, John A. Cushing, H. P. Lamb and Woman's Relief Corps. Cemeteries—Eli S. Manly, A. F. Martin, John Laughlin.

Music Directress—Miss Lucy K. Cole. Marshal—Harrison Soule. The Post, the S. of V., and military companies will attend divine service at the Congregational church Sunday, May 27.

People having flowers to spare are requested to leave them either at the court house basement or at the 5th ward engine house, before 11 o'clock a. m.

W. C. T. U. Convention.

Arrangements for the W. C. T. U. Convention, which will be held next Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday in the Presbyterian church of this city, are about finished, and complete programmes will soon be distributed. From 250 to 300 delegates are expected. Fine talent in all departments of W. C. T. U. work has been secured, and all the meetings will be interesting and instructive. Rev. Henrietta G. Moore's lecture on Thursday evening, and John G. Woolley's on Friday evening, will be especially fine. All who would like an opportunity to meet the state officers and delegates are invited to attend the reception Wednesday evening at 6:30. At 7:30 a literary and musical programme will be given in the auditorium. The music will be by a quartette and the Ann Arbor Zither Club under the direction of Prof. R. H. Kempf. The literary part of the programme will consist of the following addresses, and readings by Mrs. T. C. Trueblood: "For God and Home and Native Land," Rev. F. N. White. "If we save the Children to-day, we have saved the Nation to-morrow," Supt. W. S. Perry. "Total Abstinence for the Individual; Total Prohibition for the Nation," Prof. J. B. Steere. "The Heroes of the Past cannot fight the Battles of To-day," Judge N. W. Cheever. Pres. Angell has kindly tendered an invitation to the convention delegates to visit the University.

Marriage Licenses.

- No. 2315. John V. Sheehan, Ann Arbor. AGE. Eddie Margaretta Duckett, Ann Arbor 30. 2316. John J. Vanderbilt, Roseland, Ill. 24. Anna B. Schaible, Manchester. 23. 2317. Aug. Fred Gauss, Ann Arbor. 30. Christina Keule. 25. 2318. Wm. H. Winans, Ann Arbor. 23. Nellie Doane, Salem. 22. 2319. Leo David Camp, Ypsilanti. 26. Anna Louise Kretlow, Ann Arbor. 24. 2320. Albert P. Crawford, Milford. 43. Kate A. Jackson, York. 43. 2321. John H. Walker, Chicago. 25. Ida W. Tessmer, Ann Arbor. 24.

The Courier and the Chicago weekly Inter Ocean, \$1.25.

Love teacheth music.

Plato.

Circuit Court Proceedings. The People vs. Arthur Crump. Larceny. Verdict of jury, guilty.

The People vs. Lyman Brown. Assault with intent to commit rape. Plea of not guilty heretofore entered, withdrawn, and plea of guilty entered. Sentence suspended.

The People vs. Wm. Blackburn. Robbery. Verdict not guilty.

Edward Treadwell and Noah W. Cheever, executors of the will of Hiram Arnold, deceased, vs. Joseph Wisbey and Alvin Wisbey. Judgment for plaintiffs for \$320.52, with interest, under rule 99.

The People vs. Robert Sherwood. Larceny. Verdict guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of \$10, and in default thereof be confined in the Detroit House of Correction for three months.

John Hilderbrandt vs. Henry M. Rorabacher. Trover. Verdict no cause of action.

James E. Davis vs. Washington I. Keal. Judgment for plaintiff \$1,717.

Allen Stevens vs. Lucy Stevens. Divorce. Decree granted.

Fredrika Brueste vs. Martin Koek, et al. Case brought to recover damages to a minor because of liquor procured at defendant's saloon. Verdict, no cause of action.

Louis Rohde, et al. vs. Wm. Biggs. Continued over the term on application of defendant, upon terms.

Fred Schaible vs. Lake Shore & M. S. R. R. Co. 2d trial. For injuries sustained while in the employ of the R. Co. at Manchester.

Economy and Strength. Valuable vegetable remedies are used in the preparation of Hood's Sarsaparilla in such a peculiar manner as to retain the full medical value of every ingredient. Thus Hood's Sarsaparilla combines economy and strength and is the only remedy of which "100 Doses One Dollar" is true. Be sure to get Hood's.

Civil Service Examination. The Civil Service Commission at Washington has ordered that an examination be held in this city on Saturday, May 26, 1894, commencing at 9 o'clock a. m., for the grades of clerk and carrier in the city post office. Only citizens of the United States can be examined. The age limitations are as follows: For carrier, not under 21 nor over 40; for all other positions, not under 18 years. No application will be accepted for this examination unless filed with the undersigned in complete form, on the proper blank, before the hour of closing business on May 22, 1894.

The Civil Service Commission takes this opportunity of stating that the examinations are open to all reputable citizens who may desire to enter the postal service, without regard to their political affiliations. All such citizens, whether democrats or republicans, or neither, are invited to apply. They shall be examined, graded and certified with entire impartiality, and wholly without regard to their political views, or to any consideration save their efficiency, as shown by the grades they obtain in the examination. For application blanks, full instructions and information relative to the duties and salaries of the different positions, apply at the post office.

Ed. I. Taylor, Secretary, Board of Examiners.

COVERED HEAD & NECK

Eczema of Worst Type. School and Society Abandoned. Felt Death Would Be Relief. Cuticura Soon Put An End to all Sufferings.

Ever since I was three years old I have been troubled with Eczema of the worst type. It at times completely covered my head and neck, and I have tried all sorts of medicines, and have been doctored by many very eminent physicians, but with no favorable result. Sometimes my head was so much thickened that I could not go to school or mingle with society, as the disease smelt so bad. I felt at times that death would be a relief, suffering and itching until I hardly knew what to do. I got your CUTICURA REMEDY the 26th of January last, and used them according to directions, and can now say that they soon put an end to all my sufferings. Words can never tell my thanks to you and your valuable medicine, and I shall always recommend them to whoever I see suffering from the terrible disease. I had spent money and tried the best of doctors with but little relief.

Miss HANNA WARREN, 1437 George Street, La Crosse, Wis.

WAS IN CONSTANT AGONY

I have suffered from a severe attack of what is called Prurigo. The disease produced an intense burning and itching sensation that kept me in constant agony all the while. I got but little rest day or night. CUTICURA cured me entirely in a few weeks. I cheerfully recommend it for like troubles.

CHAS. L. WAFFLE, Ottawa Station, Mich.

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CUTICURA REMEDIES cleanse the system by external and internal medication of every eruption, impurity and disease, and constitute the most effective treatment of modern times.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, 81c. PORTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Sole Proprietors, Boston. "How to Cure Skin Diseases," mailed free.

PAINFUL, blackheads, red, rough, chapped, and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

ACHING SIDES AND BACK, Hip, kidney, and uterine pains and weaknesses relieved in one minute by the CUTICURA Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only pain-killing plaster.

To Contractors and Builders

THE BUILDING COMMITTEE of the Board of Supervisors of Washtenaw County offer for sale, at a reasonable price, all the broken and unbroken stones in the county stone yard on the corner of Ashley and West Ann streets. The greater part of the stone is broken, and especially suited for grinding purposes. There are from four to six cords of broken stone, and two to three of unbroken. Will be sold by the load, or otherwise, as desired. Apply to the undersigned, fiscal member of the committee, at the Argus office. ROBERT SHANNON, 1841 Ann Arbor April 29, 1894.

THIS YEAR THE BOYS WILL WANT TO economize; but you can't afford to always walk when POLIEMUS has added a lot of new stylish rigs, before hard times were upon us, and now is determined to make the prices so low that it will be a pleasure to spend a dollar now and then. Saddle Horses for Ladies and Gentlemen. I am prepared to answer all calls for Hacks with the finest trimmings in the city. Call up POLIEMUS, by Phone, or order at barn, corner Main and Catherine streets. Cars from University stop at our office. 1894. Sept. 27.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

Music is the harmony of the soul.

Steinburne.

Dry Stable Floors. Stable floor always dry, horse has a dry bed, stable and horse easily kept clean, no dirt, no waste and the offensive stable odor avoided by using our new Patent Stable Floor Drainers. Easily put into any floor, plank floor; floor can be level if desired. Highly appreciated by every one who likes a clean stable. Mail orders filled at \$1 per set for one stall, charges prepaid.

AMERICAN FLOOR DRAIN CO., ANN ARBOR, MICH. Samples can be seen at SCHULZ & MEHLIG'S HARDWARE STORE and VOLLAND'S HARNESS STORE.

W. S. MOORE, DENTIST.

Work done in all forms of modern dentistry; crown and bridge work a specialty. Graduate of the U. of M. Office, 57 S. Main st., Ann Arbor, Mich.

NOTICE OF CHANCERY SALE.

IN PURSUANCE of an Order and Decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, in chancery, in the State of Michigan, made and entered on the 16th day of December, A. D. 1893, in a certain case therein pending, wherein Lizzie Stewart is complainant, and Mary A. De Forest, Lillian M. De Forest, George G. De Forest and Ermyer E. De Forest, widow, and heirs at law, of David De Forest, deceased, are defendants. Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Huron street entrance to the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan; said Court House being the place for holding the Circuit Court for said County, on Saturday, the 31st day of May, A. D. 1894, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the city of Ann Arbor, County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: A certain parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the City of Ann Arbor, County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point on the northeast side of Detroit street, at the northwest corner of Andrew schmidt street, and extending westerly to the intersection of Detroit and North streets, thence south easterly at right angles with Detroit street 47 feet, thence northerly parallel to Detroit street 55 feet, thence northerly at right angles with North street 10 feet, thence northerly 55 feet, thence northerly at right angles with Detroit street 62 feet, to Detroit street, thence southwesterly to the corner of said Detroit street, 114 1/2 feet to the place of beginning; being a part of lots 7 and 8, block 4, north of Huron street, range 6 east, according to the original plat of said city of Ann Arbor. Dated Ann Arbor, April 10th, 1894.

FATRICK MCKERNAN, Circuit Court Clerk, Washtenaw County, Mich. M. J. and P. J. LEHMAN, Solicitors for Complainant.

ESTATE OF MARY BRADFORD.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the twenty-sixth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Mary Bradford deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Minnie M. Vanwerkerk, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased may be admitted to probate, and that administration of said estate may be granted to Edward D. Kinne, the executor, in said will named or to some other suitable person. Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the twenty-eighth day of May, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be the day for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petition should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Courier, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. [A true copy.] J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

W. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

ESTATE OF JOHN M. LETTS.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 24th day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John M. Letts, incompetent, George J. Crowell, the Guardian of said estate, complainant, and represents that he is now prepared to render his annual account as such Guardian. Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the 22nd day of May, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the examining and allowing said account, and the next day in said washtenaw county court, and persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed; and it is further ordered, that said guardian give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Courier, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate. Wm. G. Doty, Probate Register.

ESTATE OF HANSON SESSIONS.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the ninth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Hanson Sessions, deceased.

Edward Treadwell and Harriet L. Sessions, executors of the last will and testament of said deceased, come into court, and represent that they are now prepared to render their annual account as such executors. Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the first day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing said account, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs-at-law, of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed; and it is further ordered, that said executors give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the