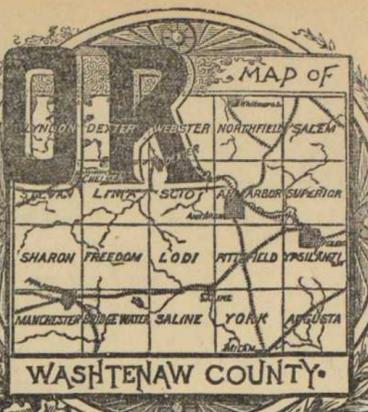


ANN ARBOR COURIER



VOLUME XXXV.—NO. 11.

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1897.

WHOLE NUMBER, 1863.

WEDDING GIFTS.

Many beautiful designs in
CUT GLASS AND SILVERWARE

MANTLE CLOCKS.

Of these we have a large variety with works that we guarantee. Why would one of them not make a nice present?

HALLER'S Jewelry Store.

OIL! OIL!

Red Star Oil
Burns without smoke or odor. Price 10c per Gallon. Sold only by **DEAN & CO.**
44 South Main St.

C. L. MCGUIRE - - -
... LAWYER
Offices over Farmers and Mechanics Bank, 1 Huron St., E., Ann Arbor, Michigan.
All legal business attended to with promptness and accuracy.

W. F. MOORE,
DENTIST
Work done in all forms of modern dentistry; crown and bridge work a specialty. Graduate of the U. of M. Office, 27 S. Main st. Ann Arbor, Mich.

MEL GILLESPIE
TEACHER OF
BANJO, GUITAR AND MANDOLIN.
ANN ARBOR ORGAN CO AND SCHOOL OF MUSIC
OFFICE, ANN ARBOR ORGAN CO.

RINSEY & SEABOLT'S BAKERY, GROCERY,
AND
FLOUR AND FEED STORE.
We keep constantly on hand BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, etc., for wholesale and retail trade. We shall also keep a supply of
SWIFT & DEUBEL'S BEST White Wheat Flour
OSBORN'S GOLD DUST FLOUR, BUCK-WHEAT FLOUR, CORN MEAL, FEED, etc., at wholesale and retail. A general stock of

GROCERIES and PROVISIONS
Constantly on hand, which will be sold on reasonable terms as at any other house in the city. Cash paid for BUTTER, EGGS, and COUNTRY PRODUCE generally. Goods delivered to any part of the city without extra charge.
RINSEY & SEABOLT.

STUDENT VOTING.

A bill introduced at Lansing allowing students who have no other home, to vote in Ann Arbor, has been greatly exciting the nervous people who did not take time to look into it. Democratic editors saw at once that as most of the students are republicans their party was liable to suffer by it, so the Washtenaw Times and Argus men jump up with a big boom, giving an awful scare head and throwing their confiding readers into fits. They jumped on to Representative Sawyer with all kinds of abuse, showing a woeful lack of knowledge of a representative's duties, which are to represent his constituents. Some of Mr. Sawyer's constituents sent him the bill with the request that it be introduced. This he did without expressing any opinion as to whether it ought to pass or not, just as he has a great many other bills sent to him, and just as every representative or senator in state legislature or congress always do? Hence there can be no criticism on Mr. Sawyer for carrying out his duty of introduction of bills. Now a word as to the bill. It is in line with the laws of many of our best states. In Ohio we know the law has been in existence for many years and works well. None of the other states where it is in operation have ever found reasons to repeal it. It is just that every voter should have a right to vote somewhere. There are a few students here every year who have no other home, perhaps working their way through college. Some of them vote here now, and some are thrown out. The object of the bill is to give them an opportunity for voting somewhere. The Argus gets up a great scare about its adding 1,500 votes to the city. This is absurd, because: First, One-quarter of all the students are women. Second, Of the remaining 1,000, over three-quarters are under 21, the usual time of entrance being 17 or 18 years of age. This leaves practically only a part of the seniors, the smallest class in college. Third, of this remaining 500 over one-half live in Michigan, supported by parents living outside of Ann Arbor, while most of the remainder are similarly situated at homes in Ohio, Indiana or Illinois. Summing this up it looks as though there would not be 200 students who could avail themselves of this, but they should be allowed to vote somewhere.

THE SAME MAN IS HERE.

And now a new danger awaits San Francisco. The shutting out of the Chinese has only been thoroughly stopped when another class of orientals commenced to swarm through the golden Gate: The Japanese. They are not so objectionable and heathenish as their cousins, but they are not desirable, either, and in order to prevent the great Pacific coast cities from becoming orientalized, it is claimed that the same treaty that was enacted with China in regard to emigration to our shores must be re-enacted with Japan. Well, the man who was diplomatic and bright enough to perform that delicate task, which required not only tact and judgement but statesmanship as well, is still with us, just as sound and capable as the day he went to China on that not very desirable mission, and if President McKinley needs him, he is certainly to patriotic a citizen to refuse to serve his country in her hour of need. President Angell may again have his powers as a diplomat and statesman once more put to the test. And those powers will not be found wanting.

Good Reading Cheap—

We will send both the Courier for one year and each one of the following magazines for one year, for the prices given:
Courier and Inter Ocean - 1.33
Courier and Leslies Weekly - 3.00
Courier and Mich. Farmer - \$1.75
Courier and Cosmopolitan - 1.84
Courier and Harper's Monthly - 4.50
Courier and Twice-a-week Free Press - 1.50
Courier and N. Y. Tribune - 1.25
Courier and Godey's - 1.50
Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

A Splendid Endowment—

"Just tell your readers," said a bright and educated teacher in one of the district schools of this county to the writer, a few days since, "that if every voter among them casts his ballot for Mr. Lister for School Commissioner, he will be doing the schools a favor. I do not know his opponent, Mr. DeWitt very well, but I do know Prof. Lister, and he is in thorough sympathy with the common schools and the teachers of the common schools. He is not so over-educated, if I may use the expression, that he looks above us who are trying to build the foundation on which all higher education must rest, but he sees and appreciates our work, and if given the opportunity would help devise better ways and methods to aid us in carrying on our work." "I notice by the papers," continued this teacher, "that Prof. DeWitt is endeavoring to ingratiate himself into the good graces of the rural voting population by reading papers on agriculture and horticulture and other bucolic cultures, at farmers' meetings and before farmers' clubs. So far as I have noted, Prof. Lister has not done that, but wherever he has gone he has had a word to say to the teacher who is doing his or her best to make a success of our county schools; dropping a word of cheer here, and encouragement there, and comfort for all. He shows by his actions that he is in complete sympathy with the schools and the teachers." "Another thing. He is not at all haughty nor does he seek to overawe you with his profound learning, but is a man who by stepping down into the ranks can and will urge all of us forward, by both precept and example. If the common district school teachers could decide this election, Prof. Lister would have an overwhelming majority." This teacher said many more things in praise of the republican nominee, but perhaps this is sufficient to give the voters of the county some idea of how the class of people feel who are the most interested in the office.

Two U. of M.'s in Congress—

The correspondent of the Detroit Free Press sends his journal these two pleasing paragraphs, for the University people: "Graduates of Ann Arbor, who but a short time ago were students in that famous institution, are making wonderful strides in public life. Marion De Vries, who represents the Stockton (California) district in the new congress, will be the youngest member of the house. He was graduated from Ann Arbor in the class of 1888 and is one of the brightest of the 'freshmen' congressmen. He has been described as a populist in newspaper reports, a designation that makes him very angry. He is a straight-out Democrat and don't care who knows it. "Judge William H. King, who will be the sole representative of Utah in this congress, is another Ann Arbor man who graduated in the same class with De Vries. He has had a brilliant career, but never tires of praising his alma mater."

Books of the Day—

In the spring of 1895, there appeared from the pen of Dr. Mary Wood-Allen a small book entitled "Almost A Man." This unpretentious little book met with a ready sale, and though not specially advertised, twenty-five thousand copies have already been sold. This is sufficient proof that there was a need and a demand for such a book, but it has also revealed the need of a similar book for girls. Dr. Wood-Allen has the manuscript for "Almost A Woman" nearly ready for the printer, and the publishers, The Wood-Allen Publishing Co., Ann Arbor, Mich., expect to have the book out by the first of April. This book, like "Almost A Man," will deal in story form with the change from childhood to maturity. People buy Hood's Sarsaparilla year after year because it does them good. It will do you good to take it now.

CESSPOOLS ARE GOOD ENOUGH

For the Fourth Warders—At Least the Mayor and Council Have so Decided.
ONLY FIVE VOTED IN FAVOR
Of Putting the Fourth Ward Property on an Equality With 1st, 6th, and 7th Ward Property.

The veto of Mayor Wacker—which had the peculiar flavor of a political bid for public favor in it—was sustained by the council last Monday evening, nine of the aldermen voting therefor. They were no doubt conscientious in their action, and thought they were bowing to the public will, but together with the mayor they have struck a blow at every property owner in the 4th ward whose property is on the line of the proposed sewer. No public improvement was ever yet put through without objections being made, and had the sewer districts of the other wards been canvassed as the 4th ward has been by people opposed to the improvement and some of whom are reported to have used every argument, fair or not, to obtain signatures not a sewer would have been built in this city. Now the edict has gone forth that no man must be elected as alderman in the 4th ward who is in favor of sewers, and when the party caucus meets in a few days that will be the only quality asked for in candidates for the council. With the aldermen opposed to sewers in the 4th ward—and no others can be elected—when will the 4th ward ever have sewers? Will some one tell?

The alderman who retires from the 4th ward this year, Mr. Herbert J. Burke, is entitled, by all party precedent, to a re-nomination, but the parbooses in that ward do not want sewers, and orders have been given out that Burke must be defeated. Why? Would he do anything to injure the ward? Anything to decrease the value of its property? Not much; as administrator of his father's estate he is one of the heaviest property owners and largest tax-payers in the ward. No man in the ward is more interested in its prosperity. Isn't he a good republican? There is no better to be found. Will it not be an injury to this party to refuse an upright, honorable official the benefit of party precedent? That makes no difference, he is in favor of public improvement in his ward, and must be defeated. There is a scheme on hand now it is stated, being engineered by republicans, to defeat him at the polls should he by any chance happen to be re-nominated. The scheme is for the democrats to nominate a man opposed to sewers, and then trade off Burke for votes for the republican candidate for supervisor. As far as the republican party of this ward is concerned it would seem as though its prospects for municipal officers is not very good.

Perhaps it might be well to give some further reasons in favor of sewers in this district. In the first place this is the oldest portion of the city. Most of it is thickly settled, and if sewers are needed anywhere in the city of Ann Arbor, they are needed here. The 4th ward people have already paid their share for the main sewer. Then again if any new dwellings or improvements are to be made, they will be made along the line of a sewer, every time. No one in this day is going to build a fine residence, or even a moderately fine one, and not have the modern conveniences which have made sewers a necessity in all cities of any size or importance.

Only yesterday, in conversation with a couple of real estate agents, they both agreed that the call for houses from people desiring to move here, and who desired to rent or to build was for houses and lots where there is sewerage; and one of them

said that it was going to be almost impossible in a short time to rent a house not supplied with the improvements that come with the building of sewers.

Students who are willing to pay even a moderate price for their rooms demand these things, and houses without them must either go empty or else the rent must be reduced way below a fair price. This is an important reason from a pecuniary point of view, to say nothing of the sanitary aspects of the case, and will effect many people who are obliged to rent rooms to help support themselves and families. That people kick against things that are for their own benefit is frequently true. When Ben. Butler captured New Orleans, he found the city without sewerage, and every year the yellow fever took off hundreds of its inhabitants. He compelled the city to construct a system of sewers, for which he was probably the most reviled man in the United States, but the yellow fever has not visited New Orleans since he taught its people a lesson in cleanliness.

One will not have to go very far back in the history of this city to remember that there was a bitter bitter fight against putting in water works here in Ann Arbor; the electric lights also met with bitter opposition; there were those who fought against mowing the lawn extensions that saved our shade trees and beautified the city, and to with every step forward. But they all came, and all helped this city to grow. But not one of them would have come had the same means been used to prevent as has been used in the 4th ward to prevent the putting in of sewers.

This is a truism which has been proven over and over again: The property in any district can not stand still very long. It must either go forward or backward. Without the proper inducements or facilities to go forward it will surely go the other way.

The wards that have sewers will be benefited at the expense of the 4th ward. If there is anyone who owns vacant lots in the 6th or 7th wards that have been sewered at the expense of the owners of the higher priced lots in those sewer districts, of course it would be for his interest to increase the price of those lots and sell them at a nice profit. The fewer the sewer districts, the more desirable such lots. Perhaps there are some people in the 4th ward who will, in the course of time, be able to discern without spectacles or eye-glasses even, how they have been made to pull chestnuts out of the fire for others at the expense of their own burned paws. It may take some little time to illustrate this to their satisfaction, and when they do see it, there will be no remedy, for once let the tide set away from a place and it is next to impossible to cause it to flow backwards.

Here are some things for property owners in the 4th ward to ponder over, and the more they ponder the more they will be apt to wonder how they were ever induced to be so blind to their own interests.

The fifth and last social dance of the series given by the L. O. O. F. of Ann Arbor this season, will take place on the evening of that memorable day, April 1st. All Odd Fellows and their friends and all who received invitations to the previous dances, are invited. The Chequamegon will furnish the music and the Rebekahs will serve a first class supper to all who desire at the nominal price of 25c. The usual price of admission will be charged. Objectionable parties will not be admitted. Tickets can be procured at the stores of Wair & Miller, and C. H. Kies and N. Glaser's restaurant, Ann Arbor, and at J. P. Bycraft's restaurant, Ypsilanti.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.

SCHAIRER & MILLEN.

LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR DRESS SKIRTS

Fancy Figured Black Brilliantine Skirts, 4 yards wide at \$1.98 each.
Wool Dress Skirts in Checks and Light Mixtures, at \$2.50.
Brocade Silk Dress Skirts, Large Stylish Patterns, Beautifully Finished worth \$10.00, on sale at \$6.50 each.
Black Satin Stripe Skirts, a Bargain at \$5.00.
Plain Black Mohair Skirts, Taffeta Lined, at \$3.50 and \$4.00.
Large Figured Jacquard Skirts, 4 yards wide, at \$3.50.
Black and White Check Skirts, 25 on sale at \$1.48 each.

PETTICOATS

Made from a new material, English Silk-finish Serge and Fast Black, Full Umbrella Style Ruffle, and Dust Ruffle. Light Weight and for Spring Wear, just what you will want. The price, \$1.50, \$2.25, and \$2.75.
New Fancy Ribbons—New Laces—New Silks—Open This Week.

SCHAIRER & MILLEN

THE BUSY STORE.

THE BEST PLACE

TO TRADE IS ALWAYS WHERE YOU CAN FIND

THE Best Goods.

Anything poor in quality is dear at any price. This is especially true in the line of goods kept in a

DRUG STORE,

GOODYEAR & CO.

are VERY PARTICULAR, and keep everything fresh and pure, and make a specialty of promptness and correctness. An elegant line of Perfumes. New Odors that are very popular.

No. 5 S. Main

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Associate Justice of the Supreme Court. CHARLES D. LONG, of Genesee.

For Regents of the University. WILLIAM J. COCKER, of Lenawee. CHARLES D. LAWTON, of Van Buren.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For County Commissioners of Schools. WILLIAM N. LISTER, of Saline.

The eyes of the country will now be turned toward congress. President McKinley is powerless unless congress gives to the nation the legislation needed to restore the prosperity of former years.

Wm. J. Bryan, in a recent speech in New York said: "I don't want an absolutely honest dollar." A dollar not absolutely honest, is dishonest. any way you may choose to put it.

Ex-Vice President Levi P. Morton is a prophet. Over twenty years ago he told a companion that Wm. McKinley would some day be president of the United States. And it came to pass. Levi is a prophet that is known in his own land.

Were you aware of the fact my good republican friend, that if you do not go to the polls and vote this spring that the enemy are liable to come out ahead? It is true. Republicans are too confident. And that often causes defeat. The silverites are all going to be counted at this election. And they expect to catch republicans napping. Whether they do it or not is for you to answer.

The sympathy of true Christians throughout the world is with Greece and the Cretans. But alas the petty jealousies of the rulers of so-called Christian nations of Europe, prohibit anything but sympathy being extended to them. The hands of the Christian rulers are on the throats of the Christian martyrs in Crete as well as in Armenia, and the hellish work of the Turks is carried on with their consent and almost without their protest. And this in the closing year of the enlightenment of the nineteenth century!

Prof. H. S. Carhart's Physics, although out of press only a little over a year, has been adopted in 83 colleges and universities, including such institutions as Yale, Dartmouth, Vassar, Cornell, Syracuse, Pennsylvania state, Columbian, Randolph Macon, Ohio state, Adelbert, De Pauw, Chicago University, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota state, Atlanta, Denver, California, Wellesley and others. This is quite an unusual acknowledgment of merit. The part on Mechanics is in its third edition, while the one on heat, electricity and magnetism is in the second edition.

Consumption

Out-door life and Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites have cured thousands of cases of consumption in the early stages. They cure old, advanced cases too; but not so many, nor so promptly. When a case is so far advanced that a cure cannot be made, even then SCOTT'S EMULSION checks the rapidity of the disease, relieves the pains in the chest, reduces the night sweats, and makes the cough easier. In these cases it comforts and prolongs life. Don't experiment with cures that destroy the digestion. Pin your faith to the one remedy which has been THE STANDARD FOR OVER 20 YEARS. Book about it free for the asking. For sale by all druggists at 50c. and \$1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

But few people have any conception of the extent of Russian territory. It possesses to-day 1-6 of the entire world, and is continually adding thereto by conquest and colonization. The day is not far distant when the clash will come between England and Russia, and the God of war will have to decide which will rule the old world: the Slav or the Saxon.

The trusts and business combinations belong to no party, and in fact to no country. They are everywhere, and their emissaries endeavor to extract favors from all political sects. But the republican party is not a friend to them, and the legislation of this congress, unless hindered and stopped by the free silverites and opponents of good government, will be dead against all trusts and monopolies.

Some of the old dyed-in-the-wool members of the U. S. senate, with a petrified dignity, are squinting with wrinkles on their brows, at this sentence from the inaugural speech of Vice President Hobart: "It shall be my constant effort to add the senators in all reasonable expedition of business. I may be permitted to express the belief that such expedition is the hope of the country." These senators profess to see in that the hand of a czar, and they are intimating that no czarism will be allowed, and that Mr. Hobart better look out or he will find himself in a very delicate situation. The senators are no doubt guilty in conscience or they would not be so easily offended. But Mr. Hobart can rest assured that the people of this nation believe with him that the senate should be a help not a hindrance to needed legislation.

According to the Free Press report the Salem Farmer's Club of this county sent a petition to the legislature "deploring the working of the gold standard of money," and asking the representatives to work for the passage of the Allison bill, prohibiting the gold clause in mortgages. As about the only persons, so far, who have required a gold clause in mortgages have been ultra silverites, like Altgeld, Penoyer, Harvey, and their ilk, the Salem Club must have been in an ironical humor when sending that petition. If the Salem Farmer's Club would petition congress to enact a tariff and reciprocity law that would furnish the government with sufficient funds to meet current expenses, and place in the hands of farmers and wool growers the money that now finds its way into the hands of importers and foreign manufacturers, then it would be taking a step that would be of direct benefit to its members. The Wilson bill has impoverished the sheep-raisers and the farmers of this country generally, but it has made the importers all rich and it has kept the foreign manufacturers—especially the shoddy makers—very busy, consequently prosperous.

Gen. Weyler, the Spanish butcher in Cuba, imprisoned a young girl a few days since who was a subject of France, keeping her "incommunicado," that is, depriving her from all communication with any but the prison authorities, for three days. But her friends immediately upon her arrest cabled the French government. That government sent a little third-class war vessel to Havana at once and demanded the girl's release. Weyler's henchmen wanted to parley and delay. The French commandant immediately cleared the decks of his vessel for action, and told the authorities to release the girl at once or he would commence battle. If the girl had committed any crime she should be tried in a proper way, but she must be released. And she was released. The cowardly cur who would arrest and imprison a defenseless woman did not dare to face a resolute man with shot and shell back of him and were quick to act when there was danger to themselves. And the girl never has been tried for there was nothing to try her for. Perhaps the citizens of the United States may hereafter be protected by their government. The innocent lives taken by these Spanish butchers are a dark stain upon the administration just closed.

The Kansas legislature is considering a bill and will probably pass it, making the enforcement of the ten commandments a part of the criminal procedure of the state of Kansas. Penalties ranging from fines of \$500 to \$1,000 fine, life imprisonment and death by hanging are imposed for violation of the commandments.

"Not Exactly Right." Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla would do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

Jefferson's Inauguration.

No inauguration myth has been more tenacious of life than that which pictured Jefferson, attired as a plain citizen, riding on horseback to the Capitol, hitching his horse at the palings, and walking unattended into the Senate chamber to take the oath of president. To have done this would have been in accordance with his previous utterances, for he had strongly condemned as savoring of monarchy all public ceremony at the swearing in of a president. When the time for his own inauguration arrived, however, the case seems to have looked different to him. Whether it was because he was to be the first president inaugurated at the new capitol, or because of an unwillingness to disappoint the large numbers of his friends and partisans who had assembled to honor him, is not clear; but the first is that he did permit a considerable display at the ceremonies. He was met at the door of his boarding-house, which was only a stone's throw from the capitol, by a militia artillery company and a procession of citizens, and, escorted by these, he went on foot to the capitol.

The horseback story, or "fake," as it would be denominated in modern journalism, was the invention of an Englishman named John Davis, who put it in a book of American travels which he published in London two years later. In order to give it an air of truthfulness, Davis declared that he was present at the inauguration, which was not true. A veracious account of the ceremonies was sent to England by Edward Thornton, who was then in charge of the British legation at Washington; and in this Jefferson was described as having walked to the capitol. These facts, together with a great mass of interesting matter about Jefferson's inauguration, are set forth in detail by Henry Adams in his "History of the United States," and leave no doubt that the Davis vision was a pure fabrication. ("Inauguration Scenes and Incidents," by Joseph B. Bishop, in the March Century.)

It is a question whether the rejection by the state senate of the appointment of Ex-Gov. Luce as a member of the Board of Control of the Iowa House of Corrections, and of Rev. L. Morgan Wood, of Detroit as a member of the State Board of Corrections and Charities, was wise. They would make good members of those Boards, and no good can come from their rejection. The State Senate will undo or do up the republican party in the state if it is not careful. Ex-Gov. Luce, however cannot feel, after the many streams of ice water he turned on the republicans in the canvass last fall, that he deserves many favors at its hands. He could not have done the party greater injury had he come out fla-footed for the silverites.

What's the matter? Returns from the town elections in New Jersey indicate that the Democrats have pretty generally triumphed throughout the state. The Democrats carried Iowa and were generally successful at the recent charter elections in Michigan, my Michigan. What's the matter?—Daily Times.

The matter is that in municipal affairs politics cuts little figure. If the Times will investigate it will find that most of those democrats were elected on Citizens or People's tickets.

The new Secretary of the Treasury says: "I believe in raising the revenues by customs duties so levied as to promote the general welfare by equalizing the difference between American and foreign labor." It seems strange that any one can be found to antagonize this doctrine that the superiority of American wages must be maintained.

Cupid, the Beggar. How Love goes a begging for a little kindly treatment! How many women turn their backs on the little fellow! They give freely of their time and attention to fashion or social pleasures, but seem to regard happy wifehood and motherhood as a mere secondary consideration. They take no end of trouble over party, but think they have no time to bestow upon the health and physical soundness which are absolutely necessary to happy wifehood and motherhood. Any weakness or disease of the delicate special organs of her sex totally unfit a woman to be a wife or mother. It is a woman's primary duty to be strong and healthy in a womanly way. Careful living and judicious treatment will certainly and completely eradicate these delicate complaints. A complete and practical treatise on this subject with careful professional advice and suggestions for self-treatment are contained in "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," by R. V. Pierce, M. D., chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. This 1000-page illustrated book will be sent per-bound absolutely free for cost of mailing only: 21 one-cent stamps, or cloth-bound for 31 stamps. Address Dr. Pierce, as above. Dr. Pierce has given a life-time to the study of women's diseases, and has had as wide a practical experience in this particular field as any living physician. His "Favorite Prescription" is a perfect and scientific remedy for diseases of the feminine organs. It is the only medicine devised for this particular purpose by an educated and skilled physician. It is a positive and permanent cure as attested by more than ninety thousand grateful women.

Cures

- Prove the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla—positive, perfect, permanent Cures. Cures of scrofula in severest forms, like goitre, swelled neck, running sores, hip disease, sores in the eyes. Cures of Salt Rheum, with its intense itching and burning, scald head, tetter, etc. Cures of Boils, Pimples, and all other eruptions due to impure blood. Cures of Dyspepsia and other troubles where a good stomach tonic was needed. Cures of Rheumatism, where patients were unable to work or walk for weeks. Cures of Catarrh by expelling the impurities which cause and sustain the disease. Cures of Nervousness by properly toning and feeding the nerves upon pure blood. Cures of That Tired Feeling by restoring strength. Send for book of cures by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

To C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass. Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

Postmaster General Gary has eight marriageable daughters. He is a man of affairs.

According to the report of the United States treasurer there was an increase in the currency in this nation for February, of \$10,000,000, and for the year ending March 1st, 1897, of \$165,969,753! A flood of money.

Nevada, the smallest state in the Union in point of population, and still growing smaller, is trying to make a few dollars just now by harboring prize fighters and protecting their fistie encounters. The state of the original silver senators is not covering itself with lustre.

The young sprig that fate has placed at the head of the great German Empire that his grand-father builded by the aid of Prince Bismarck, Von Moltke and the noble German army, said recently that Bismarck and Von Moltke were mere creatures of his grand-father's will. It was a contemptible insult to those two great men who made German unity, and thus the German empire, possible. For shame, Kaiser Billy!

Protection—Prosperity.

It is not often that great business concerns touch upon political or economic conditions which directly or indirectly affect their prosperity. This is largely due to the fact that in a great majority of the business concerns or corporations all shapes of political faith are represented. It is gratifying, however, that occasionally there is an exception to the rule above stated, and this was well illustrated at the annual meeting of the great New York dry goods house of H. B. Clafin Company, held in New York on Monday, January 11. The report of the president, Mr. John Clafin, contained the following: "During July, August, September and October the whole country was prostrated by fears which were dissipated by the result of the Presidential election. After November 3, a hopeful tone prevailed, but the season was too far advanced for any appreciable improvement in trade, and the last six months of 1896 add a fitting final chapter to a record of four years of difficulty and dissatisfaction. Our net profits for the six months are \$103,402, against \$359, 273 for the corresponding period in 1895. The last paragraph of the above is especially interesting. There is no more reliable or conservative merchant in the country than Mr. John Clafin, and when he said that "whenever this country gets a Tariff which will produce sufficient revenue for the needs of the Government, and will at the same time intelligently encourage domestic industries, we may expect a general return of prosperity," he voiced the opinion of every Protectionist.

Whenever this country gets a Tariff which will produce sufficient revenue for the needs of the Government, and will at the same time intelligently encourage domestic industries, we expect a general return of prosperity. Meantime they think there will be a moderate recovery from the present unreasonable depression."

We beg to call the attention of every member of Congress who now has, and who will have, to deal with the Tariff of 1897 to Mr. Clafin's statement.

A substitute for rubber which can be produced in large quantities at less than a quarter of the cost of genuine rubber has been discovered in California. The substance is the product of a tree which grows abundantly in the central part of the state, and was discovered by accident. The tree is tapped near the base and the sap, which is quite dark colored, is caught in a vessel. After being exposed for a day or two a layer of tough, elastic material, closely resembling rubber, is formed. If this taken off another layer will form. This substance will vulcanize like rubber and when properly treated is a perfect substitute for the genuine article. It has been tested by several scientific men, who say it will take the place of rubber for almost any purpose.

A General Review of the New York Fashions.

The tendency toward military trimmings in spring costumes is decided, and is likely to become very popular, still a variety must always exist, in order to meet general requirements. Fancy black braid and buttons almost transform the Eton jacket, which will undoubtedly hold good for the coming season and plaid silk is most effectively used as a front and "crush" belt. Some new Eton jackets are cut with a pointed instead of a rounded front, and a slash just back of the point affords an opportunity for additional trimming. Suit jackets are very short, double-breasted, and loose in front, close fitting at the back, and may or may not be braided. The field for display in braiding is on plain cloth costumes of crimson, blue of several shades, or green, and handsome frogs across the front, or a fancy braid pattern, with a similar design on the sleeves and skirt, look very dashing on a slender person. Many new cloth dresses show no trimming at all, and thus great contrast is brought about, and a braided skirt and sleeves are as yet an optional matter.

Velvet waists made perfectly plain; very slightly pointed or reaching about two inches below the waist, with three frogs at the front, are new, and will be worn with accordion pleated black satin skirts, which are also a novelty. Velvet Etons, with no trimming but two large buttons at either side, are another waist for black satin skirts, giving additional proof that independent skirts and waists have not been crushed out of existence. The ordinary wool skirt is neither longer nor wider than those of early fall, but many light weight materials will be used in accordion plaits, and these of necessity are very wide. Nothing really new appears in sleeves, a medium sized one being necessary, where much braiding is used. Novelties in dress fabrics now succeed each other with great rapidity and among them are lovely silk and wool Jacquards in small designs, combining all stylish colors; silken granite mixtures in fashionable tints; silk warp Covel cloths, or rough woolly mixtures, designed especially for tailor suits. Other beautiful stuffs show a canvas weave dotted with colors, and not less attractive are canvas cloths, which enjoy great prestige this season.

Hammock net is an open weave in black or all colors, requiring a handsome lining. A strong demand exists for broken or fancy checks, in both thick or thin fabrics, and are most advantageously used by slender persons. Plain broadcloth is in overwhelming favor, and while all plain goods are open to the objection of spotting easily; besides the materials just described, Lord & Taylor are showing sponged broadcloths of every fashionable color, guaranteed not to be injured by water which obviate this difficulty. The standard materials for mourning, Henrietta cloth, tamise cloth, dull-finished cashmere or crepe cloth, have not been displaced by new fabrics, but the principal difference is the increased demand for English crapes as trimmings or entire costumes. Long crape veils are more elegant than any other, and for the second period of mourning, evening dresses of English crape are preferred to silk trimmed with crape.

A soft, changeable taffeta is the ribbon of the coming season, and trimmings are so very high, that hoops cannot be carried to such an extreme, and linen striped taffetas are in harmony with the prevalence of grass green. Soft crowns are much used on straw pateaunx, for the shaping of which there is no rule, each milliner bends the brim to suit her ideas, or those of the wearer, hence a bewildering variety. The only inflexible rule is, something high, and flowers are less apt to be stiff than ribbon. Just now, small flowers lead, but large roses will certainly have their turn toward midsummer. Some hats are a fluffy mass, while others are extremely severe, and three shades of one color, or black and white are equally fashionable. Much jet is employed in spangles combined with beads, and gilt spangles with other colors or net, from very handsome soft crowns.

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MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT FEB. 7, 1897.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME

City	Time	City	Time
Ann Arbor	7:30 a. m.	Ann Arbor	7:30 p. m.
Ypsilanti	8:00 a. m.	Ypsilanti	8:00 p. m.
Dearborn	8:30 a. m.	Dearborn	8:30 p. m.
Westland	9:00 a. m.	Westland	9:00 p. m.
Livonia	9:30 a. m.	Livonia	9:30 p. m.
Warren	10:00 a. m.	Warren	10:00 p. m.
Stamford	10:30 a. m.	Stamford	10:30 p. m.
Dearborn	11:00 a. m.	Dearborn	11:00 p. m.
Ypsilanti	11:30 a. m.	Ypsilanti	11:30 p. m.
Ann Arbor	12:00 p. m.	Ann Arbor	12:00 p. m.

O. W. RUGGLES, G. P. & T. Agt., Chicago. H. W. HAYES, Agt. Ann Arbor.

ANN ARBOR AND YPSILANTI MOTOR LINE.

TIME TABLE
Taking Effect January 1st 1897.

WEEK DAYS.
Leave the Court House Ann Arbor at 7:40, 9:00, 10:20, 11:40 a. m., and 1:20, 3:40, 5:00, 6:20, 7:40, 9:00, 10:20, 11:40 p. m.
Leave Ypsilanti 7:00, 8:20, 9:40, 11:00 a. m., and 1:20, 3:40, 5:00, 6:20, 7:40, 9:00, 10:20, 11:40 p. m.

SUNDAYS.
Leave the Court House Ann Arbor at 10:00, 11:20 a. m., and 1:20, 3:40, 5:00, 6:20, 7:40, 9:00, 10:20, 11:40 p. m.
Leave Ypsilanti 9:20, 10:40 a. m. and 12:10, 1:30, 3:50, 5:10, 6:30, 7:50, 9:10, 10:30, 11:50 p. m.

H. M. Winter, President, J. E. BEAL, Secretary.

Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw Ry.

Time Table in effect Dec. 27, 1896.

Of Trains Passing Jackson, Mich.



TIME TABLE.

Direction	Time
NORTH.	7:30 A. M., 11:25 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
SOUTH.	7:30 A. M., 11:25 A. M., 8:35 P. M.

*Trains marked thus run between Ann Arbor and Toledo only.
All trains leave daily except Sunday.
Trains leave Ann Arbor by Central Standard Time.

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Schiffmann's Asthma Cure
Is the only remedy that removes the cause of the disease.
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THE COLORED RACE AWAKENING.

The Light of Knowledge is Beginning to Dawn upon the Millions of Southern Negroes.

A conference of colored people is annually held at Tuskegee, Ala., and the one recently closed was productive of much that was good, and a synopsis of what was said and done there may help some of our northern people in the way of knowledge, also. Booker T. Washington, the most advanced colored man living to-day, was chosen president of the conference, and in his remarks said this among other things:

"I wish to call attention to the original purpose of these conferences. They were designed for the rank and file of the people, with the view of finding out such troubles as were within our own power to remedy. We can remedy our industrial condition, we can lengthen our school term with money and labor, we can have a higher order of religion and better morals, and we can acquire property. I hope each one has come to get something to carry back with him. The conference will not amount to much if you simply consider yourself alone. You must carry into your own community the help you get here. Lay hold of something that will help you and then use it to help somebody else. We want to see evidence of the value of these meetings in every community. I hope you will all speak out. We want to know the truth, whatever it be. Do not exaggerate. If things are bad, say so; if good, say so. No one has been asked to prepare any speech. Speak simply as if at your own fireside or in the presence of only two or three."

After this the stream of testimony from the farmers began and it flowed continuously, except at the dinner recess, for nearly eight hours. The following out of many will give some idea of the conference:

R. L. Smith of Oakland, Texas, a one-armed man, a practical farmer and a member of the State Legislature, said:

"About five years ago I began to look at the condition of my people. I found them making good crops, from one and a-half to two bales of cotton per acre, but their homes were small and the influence bad. In 1892 I started a society called the 'Village Improvement Society.' We had fifty-six members in a village of 200 people. In five years fifteen families have spent \$10,000 in improvements. The surrounding country has been helped by our work. Our smallest house now has four rooms in it and some have eight rooms. Last year we extended the order and called it 'The Farmers' Improvement Society,' with about 700 members. We have five purposes—to get out of debt and keep out, to adopt improved methods of farming, to co-operate in buying and selling, to get homes and improve them."

Mr. Smith said one result of the efforts had been a marked change in the treatment they had received from the white people. He felt that Texas was more liberal than most of the southern states. He said he had never been to the Tuskegee conference before, but had been more or less guided in his work by what he had heard and read of the conferences.

AN ALABAMA FARMER TESTIFIES.

H. J. Wilson of Choctaw county, Alabama, a teacher and farmer, said: "When we heard of what was being done at Tuskegee, I said to the people, 'We can do it too.' So we organized a conference in our county. We are under the mortgage system, and our labor is unskilled. Last year, of twenty-five families that had mortgages on their crops, only twelve were able to pay them. Forty-four families live on rented lands, in one beam-six of these in houses with but one room. Some raised nothing but cotton. Twenty-four families have recently bought land. Ten are building better houses. Nine families reported that they had lived for the year without a mortgage. The average length of our schools is three months. We have no schoolhouses but use the churches, which are not fit for service in the winter. Sixty-six per cent. of the teachers hold 3d grade certificates, 30 per cent. 2d grade, and 4 per cent. 1st grade. Morals are better than they used to be. Women are treated better. On the whole, less whisky is used; and as we have no railroad in our county we are not troubled with excursions. We propose to organize conferences throughout the whole county and gradually bring the people up. Our people get money enough, but they don't use it right."

H. T. Tally, Loachapoka, beat, reported forty-two as having bought farms in the last four years. They hold conferences in every part of the beat. "No one goes to jail from my beat. We add two months to our school term each year. Morals and religion are cold sometimes and warm sometimes," he said.

One man, when asked about the morals in his community, scratched his head and replied: "Well, dey's only sorter. We has a heap of man, bearing de name of preachers, but dey ain't preachers in morals or farnha. Nearly all our people belongs to de church, but der religion don't show up."

One man said: "I only goes to school one day in de year, and dat is to-day. I ain't got no land, 'cept six feet, and I has got to die to git dat. De conference showed me how

to git rid of mortgages, and here is mine—all paid."

He held up his canceled mortgage before the audience, amid prolonged cheers and excitement.

Wills Ligon, living near Tuskegee, said he had been at every conference. He is a stockholder in both the Macon county banks. Many years ago he made his first crop harnessed to the plow, while his boy held the handles. He said:

"Many colored men are not only buying land, but are getting cotton gins and grist and saw mills. My settlement is getting so thick that I am going to start a little town call it Nazarene. We would get along better if we were not so disobedient. God said to Adam: 'Sometimes, for your disobedience, you shall scarcely get a living.'"

TRIBUTE TO THE INSTITUTE.

One man reported for Dale, Coffee and Geneva—three counties of Alabama. He said:

"Till a Tuskegee graduate came among us, we never heard of a conference. The amount of property you have makes a great difference in the treatment you receive."

Mrs. Nellie Lyle said: "I never have been to the conference before. The Lord sent me to this one. I have often heard of them, and wanted to come. I am no educated woman, but I want to do better and raise my children better. We must not let all the time but do some thing I am going to buy some land, and I will not mortgage my crop, even if I have to live on bread and water, I am 51 years old, and want to improve. I will sign notes for nothing except land."

One man said he had been visiting different communities, showing the people how to can and dry fruit, how to garden, and to turn poultry and eggs to good account in buying groceries and saving mortgages.

One said: "Nine families in my beat own, together, 2,000 acres of land."

Another said: "Our teacher told us where we would eat seven biscuits to save the seventh. I believe myself we often eat too much. We are extravagant, too. We buy expensive buggies, sewing machines, clocks, and furniture on the installment plan. We buy too much whisky, tobacco, candy and jewelry."

Another said: "We throw too much away, and don't work enough. My happiest time is walking behind my ox and singing 'Amazing Grace.'"

PLAIN TALK FROM "FATHER" MITCHELL.

"Father" Mitchell said: "I thank God I is livin' yet. De nigger race can make de best people in de world. Jess allow me to call ye 'niggers,' case ye is all black. I is 65 years old, and I's learned more in dese conferences dan I ever knowed before in all my sixty years. There is less mortgaging in my community and less carrying away of stock, but dey don't go on religion as much as dey ought. Religion is a mighty nice thing if you use it right. It takes a pious man to talk religion. De longer de word stands de wiser it grows. Some of our people is gettin' too wise. Many likes to dance too much. De jailhouse is full, and we is running excursions. If you sees a man crooked, straighten him, by de grace of God. We holers and holers too much, and jumps up like we was crazy. It is a sad thing to preach de gospel; de saddest thing dis side ob de grave. Our churches is plum full of hypocrites. If a man preaches de pure gospel, dey don't want to hear him. We wants de truth. Dis building done come up by truth. If we had de truth white folks could live and niggers could live. Dey thinks more of a bad person than dey does of a good one. You let a man preach de true gospel and he won't git many nickels in his pocket; but if he holers and jumps he gits all de nickels he can hold, and chickens besides. I has been in de cause 45 years, and I knows what preachin' is, and I tell you if our young race don't do better in ten years, we're gone. Now, Mr. President, I fotedch you a hog yesterday to help feed dis conference. I hoped to see eight or nine in de pen, but mine is de only one. I'll bring you a hog or cow next year. Father Washington, I see a gwine to stick to you as long as I live."

VIEWS OF A WHITE PLANTER.

R. O. Sampson of Forman, Ala., a prominent southern white planter, said:

"In my county there are 24,000 colored people, and 6,000 whites. I like the colored people and am at home with them. They have made advancement along all the lines, about as much as you could expect of any people, under the circumstances. I have done business with them in my lines, and they are in a better condition so far as property and morals are concerned than they ever were, though not what they ought to be. I know they have advanced. I endorse the declaration which says there is a mutual dependence between the races. I am benefited in coming here. I learn more of you, and get better ideas of what I ought to do. The conferences are good things. The best elements of the race come here. They get encouraged, and go home and do something, and have a good influence upon the others. We have conferences in my locality. They are the solution of the problem. They make the people feel

that they can be elevated. I feel it my duty to be true to all men, irrespective of color. The true man is true to all men. The cause of man is greater than any problem."

DECLARATION OF THE CONFERENCE.

At the closing of the conference the following declarations were unanimously adopted:

1. We believe there must be ownership of the soil as the foundation of all progress, and, since fully three-fourths of the negro race lives by agriculture, we urge that more attention be given to improved methods of farming; the raising of stock, poultry, and fruit.

2. We discourage extravagance, and advise all to live on less than they earn, that they may have homes and money in the bank, which are among the best evidences of our worth and progress.

3. We advise preparation to withstand competition that we may continue to share, in an increasing degree, the common and skilled labor of the south, inasmuch as in the business world fitness, not color, will be the test.

4. We urge that each community keep its schools open six months or more in the year, and that our young people be kept busy, in school or at work, that they may not become loafers and criminals.

5. We should make the immoral, among the leaders or in the ranks, feel the force of our condemnation. Ministers should teach the people that religion should enter into the smallest details of daily life.

6. We recognize the mutual dependence of the white and black races in the south, and pledge ourselves to do all in our power to remove obstacles to our mutual progress.

7. In morals, education, and property we note, each year, a steady gain. We advise the organizing of negro conferences throughout the south.

SOME GRATIFYING RESULTS.

About 200 teachers met in the conference of workers to talk over matters, hear reports from the various forms of work going on, and to impress upon all the lessons of the conference of the previous day. Many of the country school teachers said they often felt they were "taught out" and could not go any further. They longed for the conference to come, as it gave them new plans and started them out afresh and they were able to go on for another year.

A venerable college president came a long way to meet the conference. He said he was conscious that the sameness of his work was leading him into ruts. He said he should go home with many new plans for helping the people and of bringing his college into closer sympathy with them.

DR. FRISSELL SAID:

"We need to know the material we have to deal with. We don't know enough of the problem before us. The conference brings us into contact with the people, and their needs are brought right home to us. We learn to co-operate with each other and the different institutions, and realize that there is work for them all."

President Bumstead said:

"By the conference method the problem is laid at our feet and we are able to see the facts in a calm, scientific way. The crowning glory of the Tuskegee conference is that it brings out the truth at first hand, whether it is agreeable or disagreeable."

President Cravath said:

"The report of the first conference made a profound impression on me. The conferences reveal to us the effect of our work on the masses."

Miss Charlotte Thorne of Galhoun, Ala., told of the effect of the conferences about her school. She said:

"As a direct result last fall we held a county fair, with 300 exhibits and, Jan. 1 last, twenty-one men made the first payment on farms."

Dr. Rankin said:

"By reason of the conference Mr. Washington reaches out a hand into every family and they remember him all the year."

One of the pleasant features of the conference was the presence of the widow and daughter of General E. C. Armstrong, the founder of Hampton Institute.

WISHING

I wish I were the fly that roams
Around on yonder wall,
For he can ride a bicycle
And not fall off at all.

I wish I were the bird that swings
Her nest in the cool green
Of yonder tree, high in the air.
Her house is always clean.

But most I envy the old wall,
So dingy and so dim,
For I adore the poster girl,
And she is stuck on him.

—Somebody's Journal.

Buy a Farm for Silver.

Buy a farm for silver and sell the products for gold. You can do it in Mexico raising coffee, oranges, bananas and cattle. The Mexican Central Standard Gauge Rxy reaches all the important points in the Republic. Excursion tickets limited to nine months from date of sale may be purchased at any railroad ticket office. Address the undersigned for descriptive matter, including "Notes on Mexico," mailed free. M. H. King, Gen. Western Agent, 236 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

CASTORIA.

The famous signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

KEEPING BACHELOR'S HALL.

There's a lonesome sort of feeling
Seems to hang about my heart,
I am nervous, and all homesick
With a longing to depart.
And for all of my short-comings
I am willing to atone
While my wife is on a visit
And I'm left at home alone.

With cakes, mince pies and cookies
She has heaped each pantry shelf
And to all three tempting viands
I am free to help myself.
But somehow they've lost their flavor
Or my appetite has flown
Since my wife went on a visit
And I'm left at home alone.

Now the house is in disorder
Which she left so trim and neat,
And would someone wash the dishes
It would be for me a treat,
And my bed a rack of torture
With rapidly grown hair
Since my wife went on a visit
And I've made it all alone.

The old house is dear and silent
Since the children went away,
How I miss their childish laughter
And the tricks they love to play,
And I never learned to value
The domestic bliss I've known
Till my wife went on a visit
And I stayed at home alone.

Orio L. Dobson.

The Astronomical Future of the Earth and the Moon.

Perhaps the most interesting accomplishments of mathematical astronomy—from a mundane standpoint, at any rate—are those that refer to the earth's own satellite. That seemingly staid body was long ago discovered to have a propensity to gain a little on the earth, appearing at eclipses an infinitesimal moment ahead of time. Astronomers were sorely puzzled by this act of insubordination; but at last Laplace and Lagrange explained it as due to an oscillatory change in the earth's orbit, thus fully exonerating the moon, and seeming to demonstrate the absolute stability and permanence of our planetary system, which the moon's misbehavior had appeared to threaten.

This highly satisfactory conclusion was an orthodox belief of celestial mechanics until 1853, when Professor Adams of Neptunian fame, with whom complex analyses were a pastime, reviewed Laplace's calculation, and discovered an error, which, when corrected, left about half the moon's acceleration unaccounted for. This was a momentous discrepancy, which at first no one could explain. But presently Professor Helmholtz, the great German physicist, suggested that it might be found in tidal friction, which, acting as a perpetual brake on the earth's rotation, and affecting not merely the waters but the entire substance of our planet, must in the long sweep of time have changed its rate of rotation. Thus the seeming acceleration of the moon might be accounted for as actual retardation of the earth's rotation—a lengthening of the day instead of a shortening of the month.

Again the earth was shown to be at fault, but this time the moon could not be exonerated, while the estimated stability of our system, instead of being reestablished, was quite upset. For the tidal retardation is not an oscillatory change which will presently correct itself, like the orbital wobble, but a perpetual change, acting always in one direction. Unless fully counteracted by some opposing reaction, therefore (as it seems not to be), the effect must be cumulative, the ultimate consequences disastrous. The exact character of these consequences was first estimated by Professor G. H. Darwin, in 1879. He showed that tidal friction in retarding the earth must also push the moon out from the parent planet on a spiral orbit. Plainly, then, the moon must formerly have been nearer the earth than at present. At some very remote period it must have actually touched the earth; must, in other words, have been thrown off from the then plastic mass of the earth, as a polyp buds out from its parent polyp. At that time the earth was spinning about in a day of from two to four hours.

Now the day has been lengthened to twenty-four hours, and the moon has been thrust out to a distance of a quarter-million miles; but the end is not yet. The same progress of events must continue, till, at some remote period in the future, the day has come to equal the month, lunar tidal action has ceased, and one face of the earth looks out always at the moon, with that same fixed stare which even now the moon has been brought to assume toward her parent orb. Should we choose to take even greater liberties with the future, it may be made to appear (though some astronomers dissent from this prediction) that, as solar tidal action still continues, the day must finally exceed the month, and lengthen out little by little toward coincidence with the year; and that the moon meantime must pause in its outward flight, and come swinging back on a descending spiral, until finally, after the lapse of untold eons, it plunges and ricochets along the surface of the earth, and plunges into catastrophic destruction.

But even though imagination pause for a moment at this direful culmination, it still is clear that modern calculations, based on inexorable tidal friction, suffice to revolutionize the views formerly current as to the stability of the planetary system. The eighteenth-century mathematician looked upon this system as a vast celestial machine which had been in existence about six thousand years, and which was destined to run on forever. The analyst of to-day computes both the past and the future of this system in millions, instead of thousands of years, yet feels well assured that the solar system offers no contradiction to those laws of growth and decay which seem everywhere to represent the immutable order of nature.—From "The Astronomical Progress of the Century," by Henry Smith Williams, M. D., in Harper's Magazine for March.

A TARIFF HEARING.

Difference Between the Free Trade and Protective Methods.

We hear occasional complaints from Democratic sources about the rapacity of the manufacturers and agriculturists who appear before the ways and means committee of congress in advocacy of increased duties upon the products in which they are interested. This must, to some of them, be a strong reminder of the treatment they received from the Wilson committee when the tariff was under consideration in 1894. It is not often, in a representative government, that a law affecting the economic interests of the whole people is framed in secrecy and reported for passage, without giving opportunity for any of the interests to be heard, either in remonstrance or argument. Yet that is precisely what was done by the majority of the ways and means committee in framing the Wilson bill. From most of the meetings their associates, the minority of the committee, were excluded, and manufacturers stood no show at all.

In the senate committee the same course was adopted. Mr. E. C. Lewis, of Waterbury, Conn., an ex-candidate for congress, and one of the leading manufacturers in the state, told at the time of his efforts to see the senate committee, as a representative of the manufacturers' of horseshoe nails, and his story is worth reproducing now. He first went to Senator Hawley, of his own state, and said the senator must do something to get a hearing for him. The reply was, "Why, my dear Mr. Lewis, I would do for you any favor in the world, but this is out of the question; so secret are they that I do not believe Grover Cleveland himself could get you inside that committee room."

Mr. Lewis then applied to Senator Platt, of Connecticut, who said: "Impossible. You are wild to think of trying it." He tried a number of other senators and politicians with the same result.

Finally Mr. Lewis went to Senator Mills who was under personal obligations to him, and who, after much urging, gave him a letter to Senator Voorhees who was on the committee. Armed with this and with a letter, also from the assistant secretary of the treasury, he succeeded in making his way into the committee room, only to be told that the committee granted no hearings and would listen to no arguments.

That was about the way the Wilson act was framed throughout. Refusing all information as well as argument, the committee went blindly ahead with an act that wrought universal havoc among the industries of the nation. There is no ground for the apprehension which some of the Democratic papers express, that the Dingley committee will yield to every request that is made for a high rate of duty. The composition of the committee is a guarantee that the bill which they report will be moderate and just. Fortunately the committee has the fairness to give the industries of the country a hearing, in the effort to ascertain whether the legislation that is sought will go toward their upbuilding or their destruction.

PENSION CASES.

Judge Long's Service to Disabled and Dependent Veterans.

There is one phase of Judge Long's pension case that is of interest to every crippled or dependent survivor of the war for the Union. In reducing that and other pensions, and in the rulings which followed, Commissioner Lochren took the ground that the ratings of a former commissioner might be set aside and a pension arbitrarily reduced, and that such a case should not be reopened, nor the pension restored, except by bringing new proofs of injury or disability. He also refused to pensioners access to the original proofs on file in the department. It is easy to see what hardships these monstrous rulings might impose. The war closed 32 years ago. The men who could give evidence in almost any case of disability incurred in the service are either scattered or dead. In a great many of these cases the requirement that new proofs should be introduced would amount to an absolute denial of justice.

In most civil cases it is required that suit should be brought within six years after the cause of action arises. This is based on the theory that if there were no statute of limitations the party against whom suit is brought may find his witnesses scattered and his proofs difficult of access. Yet Commissioner Lochren sought to compel pensioners to hunt up new proofs after the lapse of more than 30 years.

One result of Judge Long's fight on the matter was to drive Lochren out of the pension office. Another was to stop the practice which was Lochren inaugurated, and to re-establish the rule, or at least the practice, that the ratings of a former commissioner shall not be reduced except upon allegations of fraud. For his vigorous fight, and for this result, Judge Long is entitled to the gratitude of every pensioner in Michigan.

THE MORAL EFFECT.

How a Good Republican Majority This Spring Will Help.

It will doubtless be said by some that it is not worth while for the Republicans to make any great effort at the spring election, because it has no immediate bearing upon national issues. It is true that the vote this spring does not have a direct effect upon either silver or tariff legislation, but the moral effect upon Congress will be great. It does make a great difference whether the people stand by the party to which they have just entrusted power; whether the administration is sustained in subsequent elections by the States that helped elect it. If Michigan should this spring come much short of last fall's Republican majority our opponents would be very quick to say that the State had already repudiated the new administration.

A significant comment on the Wilson tariff is found in the report of last week's wool sales in the Boston market, where the purchasers of foreign wools exceeded those of the American product by 1,000,000 pounds. A single mill purchase 1,300,000 pounds of South Australian crossbreds, while cheap Australian wools further helped to crowd out the American clip.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair 'DR.' PRICES' CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Miss Florence Sterrett and Miss Hattie Stanley left Monday for Cleveland to look up spring styles in millinery.

Mrs. J. M. Angell returned to Lansing Monday, accompanied by Mrs. J. McPherson, after a visit with Mrs. H. Kittredge of N. Main st for a time.

Representative Sawyer, who spends his Saturdays and Sundays at home, is allowing his legislative work and worry to use up some of his surplus flesh.

Some eight or more couple took a "bus out to Capt. Manly's home on the Northside last Friday evening, and spent a pleasant evening, as guests of his daughter Miss May Manly, and son Chas.

The Progress of Art at Home—

The Ann Arbor Art School has not been brought to the attention of Ann Arbor people very much this year. It has been too busy within its own private affairs to say much to outsiders, but the work has been going on quietly—and it has been decided to show people what has been done within the four walls of the Art School—The annual exhibit which has formerly occurred later in the year, is to open on Thursday of this week with the finest collection they have ever shown. The quality of work has been steadily improving from year to year and it will be a pleasure to Ann Arbor people to see what the school can do and has taken such pains to exhibit—and I think it must be a pleasure also to encourage such an institution in our midst. The Art School never asks for money—only pupils and a fair compensation for instruction, but once a year it throws open its doors and invites the patronage of friends of the school and lovers of art.

The exhibition has added to its usual attractions, by inviting in some work of professionals—Mr. Pattison of the Chicago Institute of Art will show three large water colors and Mrs. Louis Stanley, nee Miss Jane Mahon, of Detroit will exhibit a large number—probably about two dozen water colors, mostly landscapes.

Mr. Pattison's pictures have been exhibited by the American Water Color Society in New York City—and were favorably mentioned in the official reports.

Mrs. Stanley has exhibited in Detroit and Charlevoix, and her work has always attracted much attention and favorable comment.

Do not forget to see all this—at the Savings Bank Block—on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week. Doors will be open evenings also.

The usual feature of the exhibition will not be neglected—and the friendly cup of tea will be served to afternoon visitors has been the custom in the past.

What Governor Pingree Thinks of Judge Long.

Discussing matters in connection with the April election recently, a Grand Rapids newspaper declared that Gov. Pingree was not entirely favorable to Judge Long upon the Supreme Bench.

"Long," it said, "is not the kind of a man Pingree likes. Aside from the fact that he is not in direct sympathy with the reforms and ideas advocated by the new governor, he rendered several decisions from the Bench which Pingree has denounced disgustedly as 'pure rot.'"

"That is wholly untrue," said Gov. Pingree, when asked about this matter yesterday. "I have always admired Judge Long and always claimed that he was a democratic man, whose entire training had been with the people."

"Furthermore, I have never denounced any of his opinions. Neither have I, for that matter, ever criticized any particular Judge. I have exercised what I consider the right of every citizen and criticized courts at times when I thought they had done wrong, and I have no one's pardon to ask for doing so."

"Judge Long is all right and he can count on having my support whenever he wants it."—Detroit Evening News.



WOMEN AND WOMEN ONLY are most competent to fully appreciate the purity, sweetness, and delicacy of CUTICURA SOAP, and to discover new uses for it daily. To cleanse, purify, and beautify the skin, to allay itching and irritation, to heal chafes, excoriations, and ulcerative weaknesses, nothing so pure, so sweet, so speedily effective as warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, followed, when necessary, by mild applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, 50c., and 1 lb. POTTER DAGO AND CUTIC. COSM. SOAP, 75c. per box. "How to Produce Luxuriant Hair," mailed free.

HOW THEY DO DOWN EAST.

Eleven Law Schools were Visited by Prof. Johnson, but not one Excelled Michigan.

Prof. E. F. Johnson, secretary of the University of Michigan law faculty, returned last Thursday night from a ten days' trip to Washington City and the east generally, and gave the Daily Times the following account of his trip: His purpose in making the trip was personally to study the methods of the instruction made use of in the several law schools of the east. His reception at each of the eleven colleges of law visited was all he desired, the opportunities and facilities afforded him unlimited, and the conclusions arrived at satisfactory in the highest degree.

He spent only a brief time in Washington City, a view of the inauguration ceremonies being secondary to his main purpose in making the trip. In the Capital city, however, he visited three law schools. No one of these has a large attendance, and the students at all of them seem to be mostly office holders in the government service, who are spending their evenings in preparing a professional training against the time when Uncle Sam shall no longer require their services.

From Washington City the professor went to the law school of the University of Pennsylvania. Then he visited in turn the several law schools of Columbia, College of the City of New York, University of New York, Yale, Harvard, Boston University and Cornell University, making a total of 11 law schools visited, law schools with a total attendance of over 3,700. In making this wide circuit, Prof. Johnson visited upwards of 50 recitations.

The conclusion of these investigations, according to the professor, is very complimentary to the law school of our own University of Michigan. At no school outside of Harvard did he find as much work being done, and at Harvard every student is required to possess the degree of B. A., except in the most exceptional cases. Even here, however, he found much of Michigan's enthusiasm and energy lacking. At Harvard the "Case System" of instruction is exclusively used. Prof. Landell, of that school, being the founder of the system. At Michigan the case system is only partially used, going side by side with the text book and lecture system, which combined method Prof. Johnson concludes, upon the whole, produces the most satisfactory results. Outside of Columbia and Harvard most of the instruction is furnished by practitioners, for many reasons an undesirable plan.

At the end of his tour of inspection Prof. Johnson returns to Ann Arbor far better pleased with the instruction, conditions and life of our own law school than ever before. He found many things in other schools which might profitably be incorporated into our own, but many more in our school which would be advantageous to our sisters in the east. He found few facilities the equal of Michigan's law faculty, and heard everywhere words of highest praise for the U. of M. law school.

A Very Warm Session—

At the council meeting Monday evening the saloon ordinance, that had been carefully prepared by the city attorney under the direction of a committee of the council, of whom Ald. Maynard was chairman, was brought up and discussed but failed to pass, the vote being a tie, as follows:

Yeas—Alds. Cady, Danforth, Dell, Maynard, Moore, Shadford, Soule. Nays—Alds. Brown, Burke, Grossman, Koch, Laubengayer, Rhodes and President Hiscock.

The discussion was very warm at times and the arguments used on both sides have been familiar to councilmen ever since this question has been a question.

The next question that came up was whether the 4th ward should be given sewers or not. There was a big lobby on hand to influence the action of the aldermen against it, but it did not appear to effect the aldermen of the 4th ward any. The vote shows the aldermen from other wards especially those wards that have sewers, voted to deprive them of the improvement. It was as follows:

Yeas—Alds. Brown, Burke, Dell, Grossman, Koch. Nays—Alds. Cady, Danforth, Laubengayer, Maynard, Moore, Rhodes, Shadford, Soule, and Pres. Hiscock.

The vote seems to be more of a personal matter than anything else, paying the 4th ward alderman back for their vote on the saloon ordinance, for it will be noticed that the 1st, 6th and 7th wards, all of which have sewers, voted solidly against allowing the improvement to be extended to the 4th ward—which has an extremely selfish look if it can not be accounted for by the other theory, for it is the duty of the council to order sewers where they are needed, and when a man accepts the office he of course accepts the responsibility. The attitude of the aldermen from the 4th ward, in braving the opposition they did, (and especially when one of them has connection for his residence

with the Huron st. district, already constructed) ought to have been sufficient evidence to these other men of the necessity in this case.

The votes given on both of these questions have made enemies and friends for those casting them, according as people feel about it.

That Proposed Amendment—

Editor of the Courier: The great hubbub about the proposed constitutional amendment allowing a certain class of students to vote at the place where they are attending school, is entirely unnecessary. In the first place it is a constitutional amendment, and must be adopted by the people before it can become a law. In the next place it can not be voted upon until the first Monday of April, 1898. Then again it is a proposition that will bear discussion. To be sure there are two sides to the question, but to an unbiased mind it would seem that the great weight of the argument is in its favor.

Here is a case for instance: A married man comes here to Ann Arbor, rents a house, moves into it with his family, and lives here during his school year. He has no other home. He has left the place he formerly lived in, permanently, and can claim no residence there. But if he had not gained a residence here before entering the University, he has no right under the constitution to register and vote here, and as a consequence he is disfranchised. Although a man who would honor his state and country by an intelligent vote, he has no right to cast it under our constitution. Is that law right or just? Put yourself in that man's place, and answer the question.

Some of our election boards have stretched their oaths enough to allow some of these students to register and vote, on the ground that the law does not contemplate disfranchising any of its citizens.

Some of these students have had the courage to swear in their votes, believing that if it came to trial that the justice of their cause would win for them the right they exercised. But every one who is a student attending the University or high school, who has voted, (even if his parents are residents of the city) has made himself liable to prosecution and imprisonment, if our present constitution has been interpreted right by the supreme court.

Now under this proposed amendment there would be few, if any more students who would vote than does now, but those who have the right would not become lawbreakers by exercising a right every free born or naturalized citizen possesses.

This amendment is one that should not be howled down, or hooted at without understanding its provisions. The revenues of the University could not be interfered with any more than they are to-day, nor would the entire student population vote, as has been asserted, but it would cease to disfranchise men who have a just right to vote.

There is no politics in it. It is just as fair for one party as another. It is simply a matter of right. This is from one who believes in

JUSTICE.

Let the Nation's Reverence Him—

Gen. Neal Dow, father of prohibition, will round out his ninety-third year March 20th.

On that day, not only all temperance societies, but also the great Christian Endeavor society, will join in honoring the "Grand Old Man."

Saturday evening March 20th, a public meeting under the auspices of the W. T. C. U. will be held in Newberry hall, in observance of the anniversary. Everybody is urged to attend, and listen to the following:

- PROGRAM.**
- Prayer.
 - Brief sketch of Neal Dow's life.—Prof. Geo. Higley
 - Clippings of Neal Dow at home.—Mr. H. A. Moore.
 - The first time I saw Neal Dow. (Miss Wildard) read by—Mr. Harry.
 - Is the Maine Liquor Law a failure?—Rev. G. F. Coler.
 - Early Customs.—Judge Chester
 - Advance if any and the Cause.—Dr. Copeland.
 - Personal Tributes.—Com. Audience.
 - Poem "Our old Grandstone"—Miss Emma Bower.
 - Collection and Benediction.
 - Good music will be interspersed.

"Care makes luck." Farmers always have good luck with their hogs if they feed Dr. Haas' Hog Remedy, the only reliable medicine for swine. Thousands of testimonials from leading breeders and feeders. For sale by Chas. Vogel, Ann st.

Purify And Enrich Your Blood By Taking

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
It was the Only Sarsaparilla admitted At World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS for the Liver.

Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

The Sunday School Convention—

The county Sunday School workers assembled in Ann Arbor this morning, at the M. E. Church, in goodly numbers to confer together and learn all possible from each other relative to their work. This is an important meeting, and it is believed much good will come from it. The program for to-morrow will be as follows:

- THURSDAY MORNING.**
- 8:30—Workers' Conference. Led by E. K. Mohr
 - 9:00—Prayer and Conference Service. Conducted by Dr. B. S. McElroy, Ann Arbor.
 - 9:30—Reports of President W. J. Canfield and Treasurer E. E. Calkins.
 - 9:45—How Can We Obtain Spiritual Results in Sunday School Work?—Mrs. Helen C. Thompson, Worden Discussion.
 - 10:00—Topic—County and Township Work
 - (a) Organization.—E. K. Mohr
 - (b) Needs of the Work in the County.—Township President
 - (c) Financial Needs.—Mrs. M. H. Reynolds
 - Financial Pledges.—E. E. Calkins
 - 10:45—House to House Visitation.—M. C. Wood-Allen, Ann Arbor
 - Discussion.—M. C. Wood-Allen, Ann Arbor
 - 11:00—Home Class Department.—E. K. Mohr
 - Two minute speeches from the floor
 - 1:30—Sunday Reports.
 - Reports of nominating committee and election of officers.
- THURSDAY AFTERNOON.**
- 2:00—Devotion service.—Pastor of Congregational church, Dexter
 - 2:15—School reports.
 - 2:45—Temperance Teaching in the Sunday School.—M. J. Warner
 - 3:00—Topic—Primary work.
 - (a) Co-operation of Home and school.—Miss M. H. Reynolds, state Primary Supt., Owosso.
 - (b) Experiences in Teaching.—Miss Jennie Moore, Ypsilanti
 - (c) Kindergarten Methods.—Miss Rose M. Wood-Allen, Ann Arbor
 - (d) Value of Early Impressions.—Miss Ella Bennett, Ann Arbor
 - (e) The Lesson for March 21st and how to Teach It.—Mrs. M. H. Reynolds
 - 4:30—Question Box.—E. K. Mohr
 - Discussion.—M. C. Wood-Allen, Ann Arbor
- THURSDAY EVENING.**
- 7:30—Song service.
 - Scripture reading and prayer.—Rev. Thomas Holmes, Chelsea
 - Music.—Addresses by—
 - Rev. J. M. Gellston, Pastor First Presbyterian church, Ann Arbor.
 - Rev. Wm. Gardam, Rector St. Luke's Episcopal church, Ypsilanti.
 - Music.—
 - Rev. Wm. C. Tedrow, Pastor Trinity English Lutheran church, Ann Arbor
 - Rev. E. W. Ryan, Pastor First M. E. church, Ypsilanti.
 - Music.—
 - Rev. T. W. Young, Pastor First Baptist church, Ann Arbor
 - Rev. K. W. Van Kirk, Pastor First Baptist church, Ypsilanti.
 - Collection.
 - Music.—
 - Benediction.

Here is another sure cure for either insomnia or weak nerves: "Eat fruit for breakfast. Eat fruit for luncheon. Avoid pastry. Shun muffins and crumpets and buttered toast. Eat whole meal bread. Decline potatoes if served more than once a day. Do not drink tea or coffee. Walk four miles every day. Take a bath every day. Wash the face every night in warm water and sleep eight hours. You will never need nerve medicine.

Mrs. George Miller and daughter Celia are in Ann Arbor, where an operation will be performed upon the little girl's leg, which was injured last fall while sliding down hill.—Manchester Enterprise.

I have used Dr. Haas' Hog and Poultry Remedy, and checked the cholera in my hogs. Would have saved \$5.00 worth more if used in time. I can now recommend it from experience.

HERMAN W. RAYER,
Pittsfield, Mich.

THE EDUCATED HORSE

picks out a 5/A Horse Blanket every time; he knows they are the strongest and warmest blankets made. They received the highest award at the World's Fair, 250 styles. All sizes, qualities and shapes; square blankets for the road; surcingle blankets for the stable.

Sold by all dealers. Write us for the 5/A book; 'twill please you.

WILLIAM AYRES & SONS, Philadelphia.

The popularity of North Dakota as a haven for those desiring quick divorces will probably take sudden and immediate drop. The legislature has passed a law making one year the minimum length of residence in the state necessary before action for divorce can be begun. The limit was three months.

To Whom It May Concern: Notice is hereby given that I will not hereafter pay any debts contracted by my wife, Mary C. Eberhart, after having taken my part and bearing. CLEMENS EBERHART. Dated Ann Arbor, March 1, 1897.

Free Farm Labor Bureau. In order to assist the thousands of unemployed men in Chicago, the Workingmen's Home, at 42 Custom House Place, has established a Free Labor Bureau, and is prepared to furnish men to farmers and others in all parts of the country without expense to either. Employers applying should state definitely as to the kind of work, wages to be paid, and if railway fare will be advanced. Address, LABOR BUREAU, 42 Custom House Place, Tel. Harrison 243. Chicago, Ill.

SALT
Barrel Salt at Wholesale and Retail.
GET OUR PRICES.
DEAN & CO.,
44 SOUTH MAIN STREET.
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The Home in Detroit
Michigan People.
The Yacine
J.R. HAYES, PROPRIETOR.

LOCATED
Directly Opposite M. C. R'y Depot. Two Blocks from Union Depot. Three Blocks from Steamer Docks. In the Center of the Wholesale District. Three Minutes by Electric Cars to Retail Center and all Places of Amusement.

200 Rooms with Steam Heat. \$20,000 in New Improvements. Cuisine Unsurpassed. American Plan.

Rates, \$2.00 to \$3.50 per Day. Single Meals 50c.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 4th day of March A. D. 1897, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Caroline R. Wilkinson, late of said County, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said probate court, at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 4th day of September next, and such claims will be heard before said court, on the 4th day of June and on the 4th day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, March 4th, A. D. 1897.
H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.

ESTATE OF GEORGE SUTTON 2d.
STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. A session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Monday, the 6th day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

Present H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of George Sutton 2d, deceased. Set on file and guardian of said ward comes in to court and reports that he is now prepared to render his 27th annual account as said guardian.

Thereupon the court, on Wednesday, the 31st day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and such claims, next of kin of said ward, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the said court should not be allowed to allow said account, and to set aside the order to be published in the Guardian giving notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Courier, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

Witness my hand and the seal of said court, this 6th day of March, A. D. 1897.
H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.
P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register.

Real Estate For Sale.
State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss. In the matter of the Estate of Robert M. Snyder, deceased. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of full power of alienation granted to the undersigned by the will of said deceased, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the late residence of said deceased, in Webster Township in the County of Washtenaw, in said State, on Friday, the sixteenth day of April, A. D. 1897, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased), the following described real estate, to-wit:

The northwest quarter of the northwest quarter and the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter and the west half of the southwest quarter, excepting ten acres off from the west side, it being a strip of land ten rods in width and extending the entire length of the said west half of the southwest quarter; also the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter, except five acres in the southwest corner thereof heretofore sold to John Coyle, said five acres being eight chains and thirty three links wide east and west and extending north of the same with six chains, all on section number twelve, town one south of range five east. Also eighteen acres off from the north end of the west half of the northwest quarter of section number thirteen, in town one south of range five east, described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of the west half of the northwest quarter and running thence south on the west line of section, eight chains and seventy-seven links to the northwest corner of land owned by Fred Gray; thence east parallel with the north line of section, twenty chains and fifty-one links to the east line of the west half of the northwest quarter of said section, as now owned; thence north along said east line to the northeast corner of said west half of the northwest quarter; thence west along the north line of said section to the place of beginning, containing eighteen acres of land more or less.

CHAS. H. WORDEN, Executor.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

SICK HEADACHE
Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Constipation, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's,
Ask for Carter's,
Insist and demand
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

FRIENDS OF THE COURIER... PLEASE REQUEST JUDGE HABBITT TO SEND THEIR PRINTING TO THIS OFFICE

WANT COLUMN.

FOR SALE. The corner of State Street and N. University Ave. has been platted into store lots 23 feet front on State st. and 78 feet on N. University ave.

FOR SALE. Choice Jerseys. All ages. Both sexes. Family cows a specialty.

FOR SALE—A second-hand Densmore typewriter, in perfect repair, cheap. Call at No. 11 S. Division st.

WANTED—Several upright, industrial or portable sewing machines at state agents, or managers, for responsible house. \$75 and expenses. Permanent positions. Enclose reference. Address The Dominion Company, Dept. 2, Chicago.

FOR SALE OR RENT. Two houses—11 and 18 rooms—comparatively new—62 and 60 East University Av. modern improvements. The larger house especially adapted for a first class boarding house.

WANTED—Black walnut logs and timber. Highest cash prices paid for same. Address Lesh, Sanders & Egbert Co., Goshen, Indiana.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE OR RENT—Prices for rent from \$10 to \$30 a month in central localities. Modern improvements. Enquire of J. Q. A. Sessions, Agent. Office 26 E. Huron st.; residence 36 Williams st. t f

CORRESPONDENTS wanted of persons having old U. S. coins for sale. Clarence C. Upham, 288 Park St., Detroit.

LOCAL.

Strawberries have been in market during the week—they look all right.

All the schools were notified yesterday, that they must observe the state law and close at 9 p. m.

A very pleasant surprise was given Joe Jacobus Tuesday evening to remind him of his 24th birthday.

Take a dollar bill and fold it many times each way. Then unfold it and you will find it in creases.

Prof. R. H. Kempf will Toledo to-day with Freddie Daly to whom they will fill an important engagement.

The fifth and last party of the K. O. T. M's. will be given on Easter Monday, April 19th, in their hall over the P. O.

A second lodge of the Star of Bethlehem will be organized this afternoon at Mrs. O. M. Martin's home on S. Fifth ave.

The local camp of Modern Woodmen of America announce a musical entertainment for Thursday evening, March 25th.

Hon. Andrew J. Sawyer will officiate as toastmaster at a banquet to be given by the Lansing lodge of Elks this evening.

N. A. G. Christ, who has been the general secretary of the University Y. M. C. A., left yesterday for his home in Minnesota.

President Angell and Capt. E. P. Allen both delivered addresses at the Michigan Day exercises, in Representative Hall, Lansing, yesterday.

Hon. J. T. Jacobs has sold his stock of boots and shoes to W. J. April, who has taken possession of the same. He will be assisted by Geo. W. Cropley, Jr.

Prof. Trumbull has let the contract for the erection of a new residence to Henry Bilton, for \$8,000. It will be at the corner of Hill st. and E. University ave.

A meeting of the telephone subscribers will be held to-night at the court house to hear the report of the committee appointed to confer with the telephone companies.

It is in the interest of every citizen of this state to vote for the amendment to increase the pay of the attorney general of this state. It is a measure that deserves to be carried.

The article in a recent Courier headed, "Is Huey Innocent?" very innocently came near getting several people convicted. Sensations come high, but papers must have them.

Joseph R. Foitz, law '90, of South McAllister, Indian Ter., was in the city last week, on his way home from the inauguration. He wants to be U. S. district attorney for that territory.

Truant Officer Clark has sent Judson Curtis to the Industrial School for boys at Lansing, for truancy, and has three more convicted for the same offense, whose sentence by law is suspended for first offence.

Wholesome, pure and full of fruit. AN OVEN SUGAR MINCE MEAT is a luxury, but within the means of all. Accept no substitutes. Send name and address for booklet, "Mrs. Fopkins' Thanksgiving." Harrell-Scott Co., Syracuse, N. Y.

Quite a number of dwelling houses are in contemplation for the coming year.

The sewing school is in need of money if the good work goes on, buy a ticket.

The Huron river was a River Raisin' last week—then it went raging over it.

The Presbyterians had a remarkably good time at their social last Thursday evening.

Miss Mary Bell and Miss Minnie Steinhart went to Cleveland Monday to study up millinery styles.

On Friday evening, March 26, the University Comedy Club will re-produce the two plays given here last week.

The St. Thomas Dramatic Club will present "Colleen Bawn" at the Ypsilanti opera house. Going down in cars chartered for the trip.

Visit the sewing school in the Coughler block if you would see what a work is being done toward preparing children to be self-supporting in the future.

Justice Gibson has held Sharp, the Port Huron sewer contractor, to bail in the sum of \$500, to appear at the next term of court, on charge of embezzlement.

Miss Florence Potter, of this city, has been engaged to sing one or more solos at the Junior Exhibition in Sa-Tine, which will probably be held on Friday evening April 9th.

Among the other candidates for justice of the peace on the democratic ticket may be mentioned the names of Michael J. Martin, of the 3d ward, and Densmore Cramer of the 4th ward.

A young man named Fred Doo-tle, accused of taking his roommates' clothes and not returning them, was arrested in Detroit Monday and brought back here to answer to the charge.

President Henry Wade Rogers, of Northwestern University, was given a check of \$150 for his address before the law students on Washington's Birthday. This he sent as a present to the Woman's Gym. Fund.

Those who desire to hear a good sermon should not fail to remember the coming of Bishop Chas. H. Fowler, at the M. E. church, on Sunday evening April 4, before the Wesleyan Guild. He will talk about St. Paul.

The vesper services at University Hall are becoming very popular. On Thursday last fully 1,500 people were there. The singing of Gerald Brown and Freddie Daly was exquisite. Every Thursday afternoon a program is rendered.

Thunder storms in March in years gone by were sure precursors of a cold, late spring. But last year March thunder storms brought an early and delightful spring. Let us hope that last year's history in this respect will be repeated.

Just before going out of office President Cleveland bounced L. F. Lutz from the postoffice at Byron, in this state and appointed a republican. Offensive partisanship in the last campaign was the charge against Lutz, who is a former Ann Arborite.

Chas. H. Major, who has probably done some of the most artistic decorating in Ann Arbor, is to open a store in his line at 23 E. Washington st. He has been with Moore & Wetmore for the past eight years, and has always given the very best of satisfaction.

If you know anything we don't know which people ought to know, or if it is worth knowing, don't you know it is your duty to let us know that the people may also know that you know we ought to know, but don't know, because you know but won't let us know.

Said a prominent business man of E. Ann st., a day or two since: "If the council decline to give us sewers I shall be obliged to dispose of my property here for what I can get for it, and go where the sewers are." That is but a forewarning of what the 4th ward may expect.

A lady in a neighboring township reports the following pastry cooking for a family of two during the year 1896: 256 loaves of bread, 60 tins of biscuit, 10 Johnny-cakes, 123 pies, 18 baked puddings, 13 short-cakes, 1 pan of veal pie, 107 cakes, 130 cookies, and 2 pans of fried cakes.

Prof. Myron O. Graves, of Petoskey, has accepted the nomination of the middle-of-the-road populists, for regent, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding. Benson J. Porter of Three Rivers is the other candidate, while John O. Zabel, of Monroe county, is the nominee for justice of the supreme court.

The loss of a few hogs amounts to more than the cost of protecting an entire herd by feeding Dr. Haas' Hog Remedy. About half the losses have or are about to occur, but go now and get it from Chas. W. Vogel, at his market on E. Ann st.

The school board, at its session last evening, voluntarily granted Superintendent W. B. Perry a month's leave of absence.

Don't forget to buy a ticket for the benefit of the Sewing school entertainment next Friday evening, March 19. Admission 10 cents.

The various boards of registration for the wards of this city will meet on Tuesday March 30. Voters who have changed their residence should remember this.

M. Adelle Hazlett, formerly of Hillsdale, now of Lansing, will deliver the annual address on Memorial Day in this city, before Welch Post, G. A. R. This is a good piece of new, for she is a good speaker.

For Mayor on the republican ticket the name of W. J. Booth is frequently mentioned and always with favor. Other names being seriously considered are Chas. E. Hiscock, Ewart H. Scott, Dr. C. G. Darling, E. F. Mills and Thos. A. Bogle, the latter as a gold democrat.

The U. S. government has agreed to furnish the National Guard of the various states with Springfield Rifles. These rifles were turned into the arsenals when the new Krag-Jorgenson rifle was adopted, and there is plenty to arm the entire state troops. This will be good news for our soldier boys.

The water in the Huron river has been the highest during this spring that it has been before in many years. George H. Rhodes, who has probably crossed and re-crossed the stream as many times as any man now living, thinks that it was the highest it has been since 1860 or '61, when it took away the bridges here.

The work that F. W. Bowen has done on the walls of the lodge room of the Masonic Temple, is surprising to everybody. By a preparation he has cleaned the paintings so that they look as fresh and bright as the day they were put on. The transformation is simply wonderful. There were beauties in the pictures that the old timers had forgotten and new members had never seen.

There was lots of fun at the social given by the Y. W. C. A. at their rooms Tuesday evening. The Moorish palace of delusions was immensely enjoyed, as was Daley sang a sweet lullaby song as was ever heard; Miss Davis played charmingly; a quartet sang so well that they responded to an encore, and Miss Davidson's readings were extremely fine. Everybody had a good time.

Cards have been received by friends here announcing the marriage of Dr. Richard Gay DePuy, to Miss Elizabeth Colburn Bonham, on Wednesday March 3d 1897, at Jamestown, N. Dakota. The many friends of the Dr. will rejoice with him over this nappy step in life. Having been reared and educated in Ann Arbor, there are hosts of friends here whose kindly wishes will be sent over the wireless line to them after April 15 at which date they will be at Home.

Dr. Frank Vandawarker is announced by his friends as a candidate on the 4th ward republican ticket for alderman. There are others who, if a change is to be made in party precedent would like to see Mr. Gerhard Josephs, who represents a large and growing element in the party and in the war, and who and who has kept himself entirely neutral on the sewer question, put in nomination. The democrats, it is said have settled on John Finnegan as their candidate, though Ambrose Kearney has friends.

It having been asserted that Prof. Lutz would not give his entire attention to the schools of the county should he be elected, the Courier can speak authoritatively on that point. Prof. Lutz would not only give the school his entire attention, but if he should be elected he would dispose of his interest in the business with which he is connected in Sa-line, so as not to be in any way hindered in the performance of his duties. The statement that he would not give his time to the work shows how hard up the opposition is for argument.

Dr. Eugene H. Robertson, who is now on the medical staff of the Insane Asylum at Kalamazoo, has many friends here in Ann Arbor. A few years ago, when he was a hard-working student here, some of these friends were rejoiced to see him properly decorated on the 17th of March with a fine badge of the true shamrock green. As a reminiscence of that eventful day he was forwarded the proper Monday, so that he might again be properly clothed with the true insignia of St. Patrick's Day.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The fact is similar to signature of Chas. H. Pitcher. It is on every wrapper. Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

While Ping was in Washington, Sheriff Judson of Ann Arbor looked after the gubernatorial chores. Jud is Ping's Mark Hanna.—Grosse Lake News. It that is true Ping is fortunate, for our sheriff always tends to anything he has to do, and he tends to it well. He never lets anything go by default.

Election comes again one week from next, and all should be, will find the calls for caucuses in the various wards, and for the city convention, in the proper column. Those who have changed their places of residence should not forget to register, on Tuesday, March 30.

The trouble is that Ann Arbor is too busy discovering new comets, identifying Egyptian mummies, reconstructing the animals of the Devonian period and figuring out the date of the next glacial epoch, to notice a little, squirming device like a present day railroad.—Adrain Press. Say, what's the matter with Adrian's knowledge factory? No one has ever discovered any of it's discoveries have they?

The annual exhibition of the Art School will be held this week, to-morrow, Friday and Saturday, March 18, 19 and 20, at the studio in the Savings Bank Block. Some good work in charcoal pencil and water colors has been done in the past year, and in addition to the work of the school some water colors from Detroit will be shown. A small admission fee will be charged and everyone is invited to attend.

Ed. Kief has brought out an old relic, in the way of a silk banner that was carried by some of the old inhabitants of Manchester at a political meeting held at Ann Arbor in 1844. On one side was a portrait of Henry Clay, on the other these words: "Clay and Frelinghuysen protection to American Industry and Manufacturers." The banner was painted by Wm. Wheeler, then a young artist of the village, but who afterwards gained a national reputation.—Manchester Enterprise.

The Sigma Phi College fraternity held its annual banquet at the Cadillac hotel, Detroit, last Friday evening. Among those who responded to toasts were Judge E. D. Kimme, Pros. Chas. S. Denison, and Hon. John F. Lawrence, all of this city, Judge Kimme to "Reminiscences," Prof. Denison to "Inspiration Drawn from Various Founts," and Mr. Lawrence to "A Parting Health." It was a happy occasion, attended by the entire Sig fraternity here.

In the Educational Magazine, for the month Gertrude Buck, of the University, makes an argument against the use of the old form of sentence diagram in the teaching of grammar, claiming it does not represent the actual structure of the sentence, and cannot be justified as a mechanical device. It is high time, she says, that "the idea of growth dawned upon the darkness of grammar," therefore she advocates the use of the tree form of diagram, as expressive of the idea that should be conveyed.

Miss Clara Seymour, State Secretary of the Y. W. C. A. is making her farewell tour of visits to the different associations of Michigan. In May she expects to enter the field of foreign missions. She is holding a two days conference at the Y. W. C. A. rooms (March 16 and 18), and is accompanied by Miss Mary Stewart and Mrs. Grant of Detroit. We regret that the shortness of the notice given prevented the Y. W. C. A. from inviting their friends to an evening gathering and more of an opportunity to make the acquaintance of these three prominent Y. W. C. A. workers.

The third attempt to get a public meeting to change the city charter resulted, on Friday evening last, in a repetition of former meetings. There were some 25 or 30 people present. City Clerk Mills was chosen chairman, and Ald. H. J. Burke secretary. Capt. Manly presented the changes which he thought it would be advisable to make in the city charter, but the meeting like former ones, did not agree with him, and all the propositions failed. The highest vote any proposition secured was 9 to 13 against. The meeting finally passed a resolution offered by Chas. E. Hiscock, to the effect that it was the sense of the meeting that all charter tinkering ought to be stopped.

Deafness Cannot be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

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COUNTY AND VICINITY.

Wayne is in the Forum—the Home Forum, whatever that is.

Chas. Densmore, of Sylvan, is soon to remove to Williamston.

Mrs. Wm. Braithard, one of the old pioneers of Saline, died March 9.

The Pittsfield Union Aid Society hold a social to-night at Chas. Roberts.

Luther Hamlin has returned home to Lodi from a winter's stay in the south.

Preaching at the M. E. church, at Wells, is now held at 3 p. m. every Sunday.

Mrs. Jas. A. Backmer died at her home in Wells, March 7, of la grippe, aged 65.

The freezing and thawing of late is telling on the wheat fields on the Lima hills.

The Good Templar lodge of Dexter proposes to do some aggressive work this spring.

Martha Wedemeyer of Lima, who has been in poor health for some time is recovering.

Miss Bertha Moore takes the place of Miss Chase, resigned, in the Mooreville school.

"Wells Chapter 11,802, of the Epworth League," has been reorganized for business.

Miss Bertha Spencer has commenced the spring term in the Bowen district of Lima.

Mrs. Olive Feldkamp, who lived west of Saline village, died March 9, aged 70 years.

Jacob Klein as treasurer of Lima township, collected every cent and returned a clean roll.

Waldo Draper has moved on to the farm in Augusta that he recently purchased of Mrs. Pearson.

The thunder storms last week caused the electric lights in some of Manchester's stores to be burned out.

A library of 30 volumes has been put in by the school district of Lodi where Miss Linnie Fosdick teaches.

Wheat stood the cold days of February well, the snow covering it up so that it was not frozen to death.

Rev. N. W. Pierce is no longer pastor of the Congregational church at Pinckney, having resigned the charge.

L. A. Weeox has been appointed one of the deputy sheriffs of this township.—Mican Leader. Which one?

Chris Marion has purchased the Geo. Nissy farm west of town, and will move there this spring.—Saline Observer.

The treasurer of Saline village reports \$1,842.38 received during the year; expended \$1,158.76, and on hand \$341.81.

High water attempted to frolic with the dam at Manchester a few days since, but got caught at it in time to prevent damage.

Remember the teachers' examinations for all grades of certificates to be held in the court house, at Ann Arbor, March 25 and 26.

Over at Milan the flood even flowed into the school house basement to the depth of several inches, much to the discomfort of the janitor.

The 4th marriage anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Alley of Dexter, was made a surprisingly happy one on March 4th, by their friends.

Manchester cast 282 votes out of 312 on the registration list at the recent village election. That shows commendable interest in village affairs.

Mr. and Mrs. I. M. Robinson, of Manchester, assembled their children and grandchildren the 5th inst. inst., to celebrate their 48th marriage anniversary.

It is the duty of every republican to go and vote this spring, and to take his republican neighbor with him. There is great danger in the stay-at-home voter.

J. L. Marble is planning to operate an extensive chicken farming business this season. He has his incubators arranged and will soon set them to setting.—Milan Leader.

E. W. Rogers of Grass Lake has more farm land than he wants and will deed a whole acre to any beet sugar factory that will start up and take it. That's sweet in Rogers.

The Manchester cheese factory is paying the patrons for milk delivered in December. It is claimed that they received much better profit than they would had they made butter.—Enterprise.

The axe which B. G. English of Manchester, was welding the other day, mistook his foot for a stick of wood, and the result was that B. G. had his instep cut open—an ugly wound.

On Monday morning last, three geese were seen to pass over this place by some of our citizens, which were headed southeast. Many

MY SICK SISTERS.

"I want to tell you what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. For twenty years I had suffered with loss of appetite, nausea, constipation, palpitation of the heart, head-pains in nearly all parts of my body. My physician said it was indigestion, medicine did not help me. I began the use of the Pinkham Remedies, particularly Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I have taken four bottles, and now those troubles are cured.

"I cannot praise it enough, and our druggist says the medicine is doing a world of good among his customers."—BELLE S. THOMPSON, New Bedford, Mass.

would have been glad to have got a shot at them.—Pinckney Dispatch. They must have been geese.

George Conrad a young man living near Pinckney, attempted to remove a cornstalk that was clogging the cutter he was feeding and had his right arm cut off just below the elbow.

According to the Dundee Reporter the candidate for school commissioner of Monroe county on the republican ticket, Chas. H. Carrick, is an extremely young duck, being born "in the year 1896."

Mrs. Louis Vogel, whose home was in Seio, died Sunday afternoon. Funeral services were held yesterday p. m., at the Zion's church in Ann Arbor and burial was in the German cemetery in Seio.

Do not forget that common school educator, Prof. Wm. N. Lester, this spring. He is just the man the district schools need to help them—the high schools are not so much interested in this affair.

Two milkmen in Jonesville have opened a newspaper controversy as to the quality of milk. As neither of them seems inclined to take water, it is feared the whole village will be drawn into the dispute.

The old saw mill and the old woolen mill at Rawsonville were taken pity on by the Huron river last week, tipped into its seething waters, and smashed to pieces, the debris floating away toward Niagara Falls.

Reports are wafted across the flats from numerous guns that muskrats and pike are being scared to death by local sportsmen. Those who profit most from this warfare are the dealers in ammunition.—Milan Leader.

Mrs. Melissa A. Bakeman, a former resident of Pittsfield, died at the residence of her son in Detroit, Saturday, March 5, aged 59 years and 9 months. The remains were brought to Ypsilanti for burial.

The Saline village officers recently elected are: President—Geo. J. Nissey—no opposition. Clerk—Geo. E. Lutz; treasurer—C. G. Townsen; assessor—A. B. Van Duzer; trustees—E. A. Hauser, Geo. Schoren, J. H. Fish.

Jacob Fiegel, of Freedom, died on Wednesday last, very suddenly, of heart disease, at the advanced age 80 years. Funeral services were held Saturday forenoon at the home, and the remains interred in the Thomas cemetery, Freedom. He left a wife and three children.

We think the solemnizing of marriages on Sunday is rather unnecessary work, and ought not to be done either by a justice or a minister.—Fowlerville Observer. And yet there is not a more solemn or more sacred service performed by man than the marriage ceremony.

Bro. Neal, of the Record, ran for president of Northville and was not elected. He had recorded too many sharp points in the past that he had forgotten but the one who was pricked remembered. Moral—an editor should never run for office. Then again he ought to be a workingman.

Northville chicken raisers walk around on the streets of Northville now, with tape measures over their shoulders like a clerk in a ready-made clothing house. They measure the feet of every person they meet to see if they correspond with the tracks found around their coops.—Wayne Review. Must have queer chickens in Northville, eh?

Tecumseh's graduating class will at commencement, substitute a speaker of eminence, for their own orations. This is better. It saves a heap of time, the same quantity of nervous strain and a gallon or more of hectoric flub, with attendant heart failure and general assignment of the intellectual forces.—Adrian Press.

A most suggestive and impressive warning to young men, the application of which might not go amiss with many of mature years, was found by a Unadilla business man

while making out his bank deposit, on the margin of a \$5 bank note. At the top of one side was inscribed with red ink: "Young men, beware of wine and women." On the reverse side was "January 1, 1897. This is the last \$5 bill of a \$200,000 fortune."—Howell Herald.

If the wife of John Schabbe, of Sharon, had not been on hand with all the strength of a Sampson, the other day John would now have wings. When a bull John was leading attacked him and had him down Mrs. Schabbe grabbed the rope the animal was hitched to, and pulled him off just in the nick of time.

Milan's school house is surmounted with a Northville bell. It is presided over by a Milan bell. When one rings, the youngsters run. When the other rings, the youngsters howl. One makes the most noise when its tongue goes the fastest. So does the other. It's to'd.—Adrian Press.

Miss Ottila Becker of this township closed her 8th term of school in the Bentzier district, in Lodi, last Friday. She will resume work next week Monday. One week ago she gave a party to her scholars at which about 57 were present. She was presented with a toilet set as a token of love and esteem.—Freedom cor. Enterprise.

Wm. P. Griffin, Sr., of Saline, died on the 10th inst., after a lingering illness, aged 84 years. He was a native of New York and came to this state in 1833, living for a great many years at Redford, Wayne Co. He had been married three times. At the time of his death he was living with his daughter Mrs. George Hooty. The remains were taken to Redford for burial.

Over at Milan the silverites thought they were strong enough to have things their own way, so they nominated a straight ticket against the People's ticket, composed of both parties. The result was that the silverites were buried by from 48 to 80 majority. The new officers are: President—Chas. H. Wilson, 48; trustees—Charles Gauntlett 78, David M. Hitchcock 80, Chas. M. Backmer 77, clerk—M. W. Hitchcock, 157; treasurer—Milton H. Hack, 77; assessor—Nelson Rice, 80.

The committee having in charge securing the right of way for the new railroad in Adrian, had the wind knocked out of its sails last Monday, when an attempt was made to be granted the right of way across the premises of the Adrian furniture company property, the officers of which very modestly offering to sell the necessary land for \$11,100. The road does not touch the buildings, consequently the price was considered a little extraordinary. What a blessing it is that the road did not insist in coming to Hudson, where property is worth fifty per cent. more than in Adrian.—Hudson Post.

Some people seem destined to great good luck. Take the case of Rev. Coffin, the Methodist pastor of Salem. He looks after the spiritual welfare of a congregation at Lapham's corner's, and the members lately ground out a donation grist of \$110 cash. He scarcely had time to get back home with the lure, ere Mrs. Coffin presented him with a little Coffin, which was not a grave affair at all and actually made the elder think about dancing as even did David. He admitted that he had ordered it, and was glad that it had arrived.—Adrian Press. If it had been a Lenawee man, he might have sought to drown his joy by taking to his bier.

Some Things to Know.

There has come to light in a New York hospital a queer case of abnormal development in the shape of a little girl about 12 years old who has three perfectly formed hands on her right arm. Each of the hands has four fingers and a thumb, over all of which the girl has perfect control.

A company has just been organized at Lacon, Ill., for the breeding of black and malted cats. A farm of 160 acres will be purchased and in one year's time it is expected that the number of cats thereon will reach 10,000, increasing to 100,000 in another twelve months. The skins of such cats sell for about fifteen cents apiece, and in raising them in large numbers there is money in the business.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by The Eberbach Drug & Chemical Co., and Geo. E. Heansler, Manchester.

CAN CURE ASTHMA AND HAY FEVER.

A Noted Physician Offers to Prove This to all Sufferers in Ann Arbor

The majority of sufferers from Asthma and kindred complaints, after trying doctors and numberless remedies advertised as positive cures without avail, have come to the conclusion that there is no cure for this most distressing disease, and these same persons will be the more in doubt and skeptical when they learn through the columns of the press that Dr. Rudolph Schlimann, the recognized authority who has treated more cases of these diseases than any living doctor, has achieved success by perfecting a remedy which not only gives immediate relief in the worst cases, but has positively cured thousands of sufferers who were considered incurable. These were just as skeptical as some of our readers now are. Dr. Schlimann's remedy no doubt possesses the merit which is claimed for it or he would not authorize this paper to announce that he is not only willing to give free to each person suffering from Asthma, Hay Fever of Bronchitis in this city, one liberal "free trial box" of his Cure, but urgently requests all sufferers to call at Good-year's Drug Store, Ann Arbor, within the next three days and receive a package absolutely free of charge, knowing that in making the claim he does for his Cure, a strong doubt may arise in the minds of many, and that a personal test, as he offers to all, will be more convincing, and prove its merits, than the publishing of thousands of testimonials from persons who have been permanently cured by the use of his Asthma Cure, "Dr. Schlimann's Asthma Cure," as it is called, has been sold by druggists of this city ever since it was first introduced, although many persons may never have heard of it, and it is with a view to reaching these that he makes this offer. This is certainly a most generous and fair offer, and all who are suffering from any of the above complaints should remember the date and place where the distribution will be made, and avail themselves of the same. Persons living out of this city who desire to test the efficacy of this most wonderful remedy will receive a package free by writing to Dr. Schlimann, 330 Rosabel street, St. Paul, Minn., providing their letter is received before Oct. 16th, as no free samples can be obtained after that date.

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SUBSCRIBE NOW. DO NOT DELAY.

ESTATE OF LUCY A. NOWLAND.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the 27th day of January in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Lucy A. Nowland deceased.

William Goodyear executor of the last will and testament of said decedent, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such executor. Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the 20th day of February next at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the decedent's legatees and heirs-at-law of said decedent, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause, if there be, why the said account should not be allowed; And it is further ordered that said executor give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Courier a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said hearing.

[A true copy.] H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate. F. I. Lehman, Probate Register.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas, they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.80 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Soot and grease on pots and pans quickly yield to **GOLD DUST** Washing Powder.

Largest package—extra value. Sold everywhere. Made only by **THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,** Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

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THE COURIER,

Ann Arbor, - - - Michigan

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The Nos. 98 and 99 Wood and Steel Beam Plows fitted with Non-breakable Steel Standards and the Celebrated No. 40 meet all requirements and cannot be equalled. Look Out for Imitations and Buy Only of the Regular Oliver Agents.

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COLUMBUS The best History of the U. S. from the discovery of America to the present time. 1,000 AGENTS WANTED. AND **COLUMBIA** For special terms apply at once to **PALESTINE PUB'G CO.,** Fikhart.

WANTED Celebrated dealer to take the agency for the **CELEBRATED MCKINLEY** edition of Ten Cent Music. Instrumental (classical and popular), and Mandolin and Guitar Music a specialty. Why pay more than ten cents? Until an agency is located here, we will supply the public from our Chicago office. Catalogue Free. Money refunded if music is not entirely satisfactory. **MCKINLEY MUSIC CO.,** Wm. McKinley, Pres., 307-309 Wabash Av., Chicago.

W. W. NICHOLS, DENTIST. Rooms over Ann Arbor Savings Bank, Opp. Court House Square. **VITALIZED AIR.** Administered. It is agreeable and easy to use and no prostrating effects follow, while teeth are extracted without pain.

YPSIANTI NEWS ITEMS.

Miss Lattie Lee is in Detroit for several weeks' stay. Mrs. Marshall Pease has arrived home from Europe. Mayor Wells and bride returned home from the east last Friday. Miss Ruth Pease has returned from a stay of several weeks in Detroit. The Congregational pulpit was occupied on Sunday by Rev. H. L. Hoyt of Flint. Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Glover are entertaining their daughter Mrs. Brooks of Boston. Mrs. E. D. Cornwell and Miss Cora have gone to Florida to be absent some weeks.

The Daughters of the Revolution are to be entertained this evening by Miss Putnam. Mrs. Margaret Maquire and Miss Jennie, are going to Colorado for the latter's health. Andrew Darling, who lived three miles south of this city, died Wednesday last, aged 69 years.

Miss Lila McGregor, who lived on S. Adams st., with her parents, died March 9, after many months' illness with consumption, aged 24 years. Prof. and Mrs. Frederick Pease celebrated the 10th anniversary of their marriage last Wednesday evening, with a very pleasant and enjoyable reception.

The Ypsanti fire department advertised for a first-class, full-blood fire-bred, intelligent horse and twenty such were offered, all at the same time. None have been taken yet except on probation. The Young People's mission of the Presbyterian church have elected the following officers: President, Miss Eunice Lambie; vice president, Miss Hattie Swift; recording secretary, Miss Anna Brown; corresponding secretary, Mrs. W. B. Eddy; treasurer, Mr. Milton Webb.

The Arbeiter Verein, which held its annual meeting last week has paid in sick benefits during the year \$270, \$200 in funeral expenses, and \$2,000 in insurance. The sum of \$5,000 was expended in erecting its new building, making a total for the year of \$7,470. The society has 75 members. Prof. A. O. Wilkinson formerly of this city and a graduate of the Normal School in '84, now principal at Middleville, is the republican nominee for school commissioner of Barry Co. The local paper says the nomination came to him unsought, which is a high compliment. Prof. Wilkinson is a brother of Chas. Wilkinson of this city.—Commercial.

The first regular meeting of the Michigan District of the American Association for the Advancement of Physical Education will be held at the Normal Gymnasium, on Saturday, March 27. Dr. Mosher, of Ann Arbor, will lead a discussion and Miss Alice G. Snyder, instructor in the woman's gymnasium, at Ann Arbor, will read a paper on "Practical Work." Dean Mosher is president of the Michigan branch.

The "War Memories," being run in the Commercial by George C. Smith, are very interesting reading. The venerable John Chicken, now in his 83d year, while on his way to an evening party, slipped and fell on the ice, dislocating his left shoulder. Dr. Bonsteel, who was called to attend him, predicts that it will be about six weeks before the genial old gentleman will be out in society again.—Ypsantiian. Well, it will be spring time, and spring Chicken is in great demand always.

The vessel which brought over from Egypt the famous obelisk which now stands in Central Park, New York, a number of years ago, is lying in a Long Island ship yard and will soon be broken up. She is the Dessong, and was originally built as a pleasure boat for the khedive of Egypt, who selected her to bring over the obelisk when he presented it to New York city. After this service the boat received an American charter, and was used for some years in the passenger business between New York and Savannah, and was finally condemned.

Something to Consider. You are weak, sick, out of health. You have tried local doctors. Did you ever stop to think that it is the great specialists in your disease who can cure you, the physician who treats and cures thousands of cases like yours? Dr. Greene, 35 W. 14th st., New York City, is the most successful of all specialists and has the largest practice in the world. You can consult him free. Write to him without delay and he will explain by letter your case fully. This will cost you nothing and doubtless lead to your cure.

LUMBER! **LUMBER!** **LUMBER!** If you contemplate building, call at **FERDON'S LUMBER YARD** Corner Fourth and Depot Sts., and get our figures for all kinds of **LUMBER** We Manufacture Our Own Lumber and guarantee

CASTORIA. The fam- ous signature of **Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.**

THE SOVEREIGN REMEDY.

Dr. Greene's Nervura is the True King Of Medicines.

More Powerful Than the Most Absolute Monarch, for It Creates Health and Strength. Dr. Greene's Nervura the Greatest Cure Known to Man.

At this season of the year you need a spring medicine for your blood and nerves, for your nerves are weak, your blood impure and your system is run down in vitality and vigor. You need toning up, strengthening, vitalizing. While not exactly sick, you are out of order, feel languid, tire easily, do not eat or sleep well, have headache, stomach trouble, neuralgia, rheumatism or liver and kidney complaint. You are feeling nervous, out of sorts, and without your usual strength, vim, energy and vigor, and you need Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, which is exactly what will set you right again—the best spring medicine you can possibly take.

The only sure way to enrich and purify your blood is by taking Dr. Greene's Nervura, the greatest blood and nerve remedy in the world. There is nothing equals this sovereign remedy. It sweeps out all impurities, vitalizes the blood, enriches the life-giving stream, strengthens the nerves, regulates all the organs, invigorates the entire system, in fact, eliminates every vestige of weakness and disease and makes you strong and well.

Get Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to-day. You need it now, and now is the best and easiest time of year to be cured. Don't sit and fret over your weakness, troubles and pain, but get this sovereign remedy and be cured. Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is unlike any other remedy in the world. Don't, therefore, be persuaded to take something else claimed to be "just as good." There is nothing else as good and as sure to cure as Dr. Greene's Nervura. Call for it and see that you get it.

Dr. Greene's Cathartic Pills should be kept in the house, for they are the sure cure for biliousness and constipation. Sugar coated, easy to take, certain and pleasant to act. Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City, who has the largest and most successful practice in the world, can be consulted personally or by letter. There is nothing to pay for consultation, examination and advice, and the low price of his wonderfully curative medicines places them within reach of everybody.



Work for Idle Convicts.

Harper's Weekly in a recent issue, advocates what must surely come, sooner or later, the employment of convicts upon the wagon roads and public highways. It says: "Criminals are shut up in prisons, among other reasons, for the reformation of the criminals themselves, and to give them such training that they may live honestly when they get out. In the prisons of New York State it is just now failing of accomplishment in a painful and unusual degree.

"The section of the new State Constitution which provides against the employment of convicts in manufactures which compete with the products of outside labor went into effect at the beginning of this year, and many convicts were thrown out of work. The predicament of these men is deplorable, and reports of their condition make distressing reading. Idleness is trying to any one, but for convicts in State prisons, many of them evil-minded and prone to all sorts of mental and moral distempers, nearly all of them cooped up in cells or within narrow limits, and given very little chance for physical exercise, it is lamentably demoralizing. The interdiction of convict labor has been tried before in this State, and its effects, which a thoughtful person could forecast, were familiar by actual experiment. The prison authorities and the legislature had two years in which to prepare for the conditions which now obtains, but very little preparation was made. The wardens and the prison commission took thought, it is true, but the legislature neglected last year to pass the laws and make the appropriations necessary to carry out their plans. They have done what they could. It is permitted to manufacture goods for use in State institutions, and so far as machinery now in the prisons can be used for that purpose, it is in use. Hand-looms have been set up at Auburn for making cloth, and some of the Sing Sing prisoners are making shoes by hand.

"It behooves the legislature to act quickly in doing its part in passing laws and providing money to carry out such plans as have been devised for keeping these poor men busy. One of the likeliest schemes is to put them at road-making. There is no competition in that. The state may employ convicts on its highways without interfering in the least with the gains of free labor, or exciting any reasonable opposition from the trades unions. But it cannot do it unless the legislature will vote money for the purpose, for to handle and guard convicts outside of prison walls is expensive. "Ten thousand persons in prisons, reformatories, and other state and county institutions are affected by the change in the constitution. Of these three thousand convicts are very much the worst off. It is their fault that they are in prison, but that does not excuse the legislature from responsibility for their care. To neglect them is cruel as well as foolish. Whatever their faults or crimes, so long as they behave properly in prison, they are entitled to such solace as they find in hard labor, and the state is bound morally, as well as by strong considerations of expediency, to see that they get it.

A Clever Ruse.

When President-elect McKinley's party reached Washington, there was a jam at the hotel entrance awaiting their coming. The clever way they were out-witted is thus told by an Inter Ocean correspondent: "All the preparations indicated that the entrance would be made on the Fourteenth street side of the hotel. There was a guard of policemen at the door, and the corridors leading in from this point were kept ostentatiously clear. The ladies' entrance from F street was left comparatively unnoticed, save for a policeman or two to keep back the crowd.

Women were almost in a majority in the crowd, and most of them were armed with bouquets, as though designing to commit floral assaults on the incoming administration. At twenty minutes past eleven o'clock there was a cry of "Here they come" as the first carriage of the Presidential party drove up Fourteenth street. Every one crowded forward toward the corridor leading to the Fourteenth street entrance. The line of policemen and hotel people wavered, and broke before the pressure, and let the most impetuous of the crowd surge down the corridor in a wild rush to the Fourteenth street door.

But it was only a feint. The carriage never stopped, but swung briskly around the corner to the S street front. The police re-formed and pinned the mass of the crowd down in the cul de sac toward the Fourteenth street entrance. Another body of policemen emerged from the ladies' parlor and formed a solid line of bluecoats from the ladies' entrance elevator fifty feet away. In an instant Major and Mrs. McKinley were out of the carriage, and inside the hotel, under convoy of Chairman Bell and Secretary Porter. Mark Hanna, General Alger, Colonel McCook, and Stewart Woodford, of New York had been given a hint of the movement and greeted the new President before any one else. Mr. McKinley once inside the hotel, entered an elevator. The gray-clothed boy in charge, grinning complacently, pulled the rope and sent the car shooting skyward, and Secretary Porter, heaving a sigh of relief, raised a much-ruffled silk hat in grave salute to his disappearing chief, then elbowed his way over to the entrance of the ladies' parlor to receive the gentle maledictions of a crowd of ladies pinned in behind the policemen, the disappointed ones admitting that the flank movement had been cleverly done, but declaring the secretary "too mean for anything."

Price, the millionaire Baking Powder man, writes as follows: "Send me a dozen boxes of Gessier's Magic Headache Wafers. I would not be without them for all the world. They are the best cure for Headaches I have ever found and leave no bad after effects. If you have a headache you cannot afford to be without them." They are guaranteed to cure or your money refunded. A. E. Mummary, your druggist, will tell you there are none half so good. Price reduced to 25 cents per box.

IN THE SHADOW.

MARGARET E. SANGSTER.

We walk within the shadow and we feel its thickening fold That taps us round and holds us close, a cloak against the cold; The day is growing sombre, and the joyous light has fled, And beneath our feet the road is rough and clouds are overhead.

We sit within the shadow, and in that silence dumb, To us in softened echoes remembered voices come: Dear eyes that closed in slumber once, dear hands that tightened flie. Awaken tender yearnings as the day wanes slowly by.

We rest within the shadow, through the hurrying people go On errands swift for gold and gain, beyond us, to and fro; We have no care for transient things; we wish no more to live, As once we did; we rest, we dream, we feel but half alive.

Our resting and our waiting, and our plodding on our way With the sunshine of the past casting darkness on today. With no caring for the future, while the heart-ache holds us fast, With no thought for any pleasure—ah, 'tis well these cannot last.

For the shadow always lifts, and the sunlight gleams again; There are sudden gleams of brightness, sweet clear sunning after rain; And we gird ourselves for action, strengthened we arise and go From the sanctuary outward where the feet tramp to and fro.

Life must have its sometimes sorrow, but the years that drift along Touch the minor cords but seldom; there are spaces blithe with song. Sometimes we must face the shadow, where the wind blows keen and cold, But the shadow fades at dawn and the east is flecked with gold —Harper's Bazar.

Reliable Knowledge.

The growing complexity of civilized life demands with each age broader and more exact knowledge as to the material surroundings and greater precision in our recognition of the invisible forces or tendencies about us. We are in the hands of the Fates, and the greater our activities the more evident become these limiting conditions. The secret of power with man is to know its limitations. To this end we need constantly new accessions of truth as to the universe and better definition of the truths which are old. Such knowledge, tested and placed in order, we call science. Science is the gathered wisdom of the race. Only a part of it can be grasped by any one man. Each must enter into the work of others. Science is the flower of the altruism of the ages, by which nothing that lives "liveth for itself alone." The recognition of facts and laws is the province of science. We only know what lies about us from our own experience and that of others, this experience of others being translated into terms of our own experience and more or less perfectly blended with it. We can find the meaning of phenomena only from our reasoning based on these experiences. All knowledge we can attain or hope to attain must, in so far as it is knowledge at all, be stated in terms of human experience. The laws of Nature are not the products of science. They are the human glimpses of that which is the "law before all time."

Thus experience is the foundation of all knowledge. Even innate ideas, if such ideas exist, are derived in some way from knowledge possessed by our ancestors, as innate impulses to action are related to ancestral needs for action.—David Starr Jordan, in Appleton's Popular Science Monthly.

The Double Standard in Morals.

The double standard is a good deal too prevalent everywhere, in the big world as well as in the college microcosms. It is useful in excusing all misdeeds which men consider necessary to the accomplishment of ends not in themselves necessarily bad. It excuses men who consider themselves upright in voting money for use in corrupting legislatures in the interest of corporations; it excuses men who aspire to a decent standing in society for publishing newspapers filled with demoralizing and sensational matter; it excuses boss rule, the breaking of agreements by railroads, and certain phases of oppression by trusts. Evasions that a gentleman would scorn to use in dealing with an individual, he thinks lawful as against the government to save payment of duties or taxes; bribery that men would not soil their hands with as individuals they resort to, with disgust but still effectually, as officers of corporations. Fifth and 'les go into newspapers because of a theory that they are necessary at first for the building up of a great circulation. There is too much of the double standard in the grown-up world. To abolish the more demoralizing manifestations of it in the colleges is a good work, and the efforts to that end at Harvard, deserve applause from the outside and the concurrence of the undergraduate body.—Harper's Weekly.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the World for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chalk-Plains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by the Eberbach Drug & Chemical Co. and Geo. J. Haessler, of Manchester.

Republican City Convention.

The Republicans of the city of Ann Arbor will meet in city convention at the Court House, on Friday March 26, at 7:30 o'clock, p. m. for the purpose of nominating candidates for city offices and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Each ward will be entitled to one delegate for each twenty-five votes or fraction thereof, cast for governor at the last preceding election, as follows:

Table with 3 columns: Ward, Votes, Delegates. 1st ward 491 25, 2d ward 563 25, 3d ward 504 25, 4th ward 413 21, 5th ward 196 8, 6th ward 320 13, 7th ward 272 11.

2690 138
E. F. JOHNSON, Chairman.
GEO. H. POSE, Secretary.
Ann Arbor, March 17, '97.

Republican Ward Caucuses.

The Republican Ward Caucuses of the City of Ann Arbor will be held on Thursday evening, March 25, at 7:30 o'clock, local time, for the purpose of electing delegates to the City Convention, to be held on Friday, March 26, at 7:30 p. m., at the following places:

- First ward—O. M. Martin's store.
Second ward—Walker & Co's carriage works No. 7 W. Liberty st.
Third ward—Court House basement.
Fourth ward—Fireman's Hall.
Fifth ward—Engine House.
Sixth ward—Engine House.
Seventh ward—Weinberg's shop S. State st.

Also to nominate ward officers, choose a ward committee, and transact such other business as may be brought before the caucus. By order of the WARD COMMITTEES. Ann Arbor, March 17, 1897.

Ann Arbor Town Caucus.

The republican township of Ann Arbor will hold a caucus at the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Saturday March 27th, at 2 p. m.

For the purpose of nominating candidates for township officers. By order of Committee. GEO. N. FOSTER, Chairman. Ann Arbor, Mar. 16th '97.

PASSED TO THE OTHER SHORE.

The Hand of Death has Been Very Busy During the Week.

Mrs. Barbara Meyer, of the Northside, died at her home Sunday evening at half-past 8 o'clock, of bronchial pneumonia, aged 68 years. Death came suddenly, as she was sitting up in the afternoon, and seemed considerable better. But she was conscious unto the last, and fully realized her condition. Mrs. Meyer was a native of Germany, coming to this country after her marriage. Her husband was at one time very wealthy, but had too much confidence in a relative, signed paper for him and was thus relieved of his property. Then they came to America and made success of life in the new world.

The funeral services are being held to-day in Bethlehem Lutheran church. The deceased leaves four children, Mrs. Barbara Burkhardt, Mr. Frederick Meyer, Miss Emma Meyer, all of this city, and Mrs. Julius Meyer, of Boston, Mass., and was the grandmother of Mr. Oscar Burkhardt of this city, all of whom have the sincere sympathy of many friends in their bereavement.

On Wednesday evening last death came to George W. Palmer at his home No. 109 N. Main st., after a long continued illness. He was 75 years, 8 mos. and 28 days of age. The funeral services were held on Friday afternoon, at the residence, interment being in the city cemetery Northside. He leaves a wife and two children. Mr. Palmer was a mason by trade, an honorable citizen, and held in high esteem.

Christine, widow of the late J. D. Heinrich, died of apoplexy on Friday evening last, having suffered a stroke on the Tuesday previous. She leaves two daughters, Mrs. Fred Stein and Mrs. Emma Spring, both of this city. Funeral services were held from Zion's Lutheran church on Monday afternoon.

On Wednesday afternoon last, Mar. 10, Anton Armbruster, aged 85 years one of the old residents of this city, died at his home on W. Seventh st., after an extended illness. Funeral services were held Friday, being conducted by Rev. Nicklas, of Zion's church.

Miss Lydi a Vogel, of Scio, died Monday night, at her home, of inflammation of the bowels, aged 21 years. Her mother, Mrs. Louis Vogel was buried Tuesday, having died of the same disease and another daughter Mrs. Schwartz of this city, died a few days previous from a like cause.

The remains of Jacob Lawton who lived here at one time, were brought to this city for interment Saturday.

The Successful Play.

The play of Colleen Bawn, as brought out by members of St. Thomas' Dramatic Club, at the opera house evening, was a success. Not only was it successful in numbers and quality of the audience it brought together, but also from an artistic standpoint.

Miss Anna Kelley, Miss May Clarken, Misses Nona and Sarah O'Brien, and Miss Wisdom, who assumed the leading lady characters, were all excellent, Miss Kelley being particularly clever in her interpretation of Mrs. Cregan.

In the other characters, James E. Harkins was of course a leader—he always is on the stage, and had he been trained in that profession, would

have been a star of the first magnitude. Frank McIntyre did admirably as Father Tom, representing the conscientious and dignified priest with great credit to himself. Gus Walsh as Danny Mann, acted well but was difficult to understand. Parke Frazier made a success as Hardress Cregan, and Jim Bell as Kylie Daly.

Then Miss Clarkens' harp solos were well received, and Dean Seabolt in his clog dancing might have skipped some known step, but no one who saw him will believe that he did.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Table with 2 columns: License No., Names. 3254. Herman Qualman, Ann Arbor, Minnie Windler, 37. 3255. Levi McCarty, Augusta, Jennie V. Benedict, Richmond, 49. 3256. George Schlegel, Saline, Clara A. Davdier, Sharon, 26. 3257. Albert Wasker, Freedom, Gertrude Casteline, Scio, 18. 3258. Philip Stoll, Webster, Helen Sutter, Webster, 18. 3259. Henry Marlock, Sylvan, Alice Alexander, Chelsea, 24.



EX-PRESIDENT BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Who is to appear at University Hall in the S. L. A. Course, on Monday Evening March 22. His subject has not yet been announced.

There is Danger in the City.

It is astonishing what stuff some people and papers will utter with a view to gaining a point politically. This is asserted after conning a number of silver democratic and populist newspapers, and listening to the 'arguments' of the leaders of that peculiar form of political belief.

The latest howl that has ascended from the above combine has been over the expenditures of money by the wealthy class in giving balls and parties and in their dress, always winding up with the same old chestnut, that instead of being so extravagant they should distribute their money among the poor, which is getting to be mighty tiresome to those who are gilded with ordinary intelligence.

The probabilities are that the expenditure of thousands by some of the more prosperous class who have amassed their fortunes is not nearly so extravagant, for them, as are the whisky and tobacco bills of those who spend their time decrying them, trying to gain popularity with a class of people who are always ready to take all that they can get—at the hand of charity.

Not all people are caught by this sort of rubbish. There are poor people who can not only listen to reason but use reason, and this class say, let the wealthy spend their money, no matter how, and the more the better, for every dollar they spend, no matter in what foolish manner, is put in circulation and is more beneficial to the country than it would be lying idle in the bank of their credit.

The idea of some of these truck-buzzards is that the man who has been bright enough, or saving enough, or fortunate enough to secure a competency or perhaps more, should open his purse and let the public step up and help themselves. That is a slight that no one ever has or ever will witness, simply because the human race is not built that way, and if you don't believe it, just sum up the number of charitable deeds you have done the past year yourself, and the amount that you have given away of your accumulations to those of your neighbors who have less than you.

If you have money to spend, you spend it in your own way—just so with the wealthy—and if instead of standing around deploring the extravagance of some one else and trying to make them divide with you, you will take off your coat and go to work and try to accumulate something on your own account, you will have less time to spend howling calamity and socialism, and will do less to encourage that good-for-nothing, never-do-well class which infest every community and are always ready to side in with any one who will rail against the rich.

Every bomb which has ever been thrown, and every riot which has been started, has been at the instigation of and by some one of the class to which such talking and writing caters.

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SUMMER SCHOOL FOR '97.

The Courses Offered in the Literary Department.

At a recent meeting of the summer school faculty Mr. E. A. Lyman was elected chairman and E. H. Mensel secretary. Professors F. M. Taylor, J. H. Drake and Mr. M. E. Guthe were elected members of the executive committee.

The following courses will be offered during the coming summer (July 7 to August 18):

- Greek.—1. Preparatory Greek. 2. The Poetics of Aristotle. Mr. Leader.
Latin.—1. Preparatory Latin; (a) Latin Prose; (b) Cicero's Orations against Catiline; (c) Virgil. 2. Rapid Reading 3. Introduction to Roman Political Institutions. 4. Historical Prose in Latin. By Assistant Professor Drake and Mr. Meader.
French.—1. Beginner's Course. 2. Modern French. 3. Classic Drama. 4. Composition. 5. Scientific French. 6. History of French Literature. By Assistant Professor Levi and Mr. Edinger.
German.—1. Modern Prose. 2. Composition. 3. Classic Drama. By Dr. Mensel.
English and Rhetoric.—1. Teaching of English Literature. 2. American Literature. 3. Anglo-Saxon. 4. English Grammar. 5. Middle English. 6. Paragraph Writing. 7. Prose Composition. By Professors Demmon and Hempel and Mr. Swaine.
History.—1. General History. By Dr. Dixon.
Philosophy.—1. The Historical development of Ethical Ideas. 2. Psychology. By Professor Wenley and Mr. Rebec.
Political Economy.—1. Elements of Political Economy. 2. Money and Banking. 3. History of development of Industrial Society. By Professor Taylor and Dr. Dixon.
Mathematics.—1. Preparatory Geometry. 2. Preparatory Algebra. 3. Trigonometry and Advanced Algebra. 4. Analytical Geometry. 5. Theory of Equations. 6. Elementary Mechanics. 7. Projective Geometry. 8. Theory of Infinite Series. 9. Geometry (teachers course). 10. Calculus. 11. Differential Equations. By Professor Beman, Messrs. Lyman and Hall, and Dr. Glover.
Physics.—1. Preparatory Physics. 2. Teachers Course. 3. Laboratory Physics. By Drs. Gattie and St. John.
Chemistry.—1. General Inorganic Chemistry. 2. Laboratory Work in General Inorganic Chemistry. 3. Qualitative Analysis. 4. Beginning Quantitative Analysis. 5. Inorganic Preparations. 6. Organic Chemistry. 7. Organic Preparations. 8. Molecular Weights. 9. Advanced Quantitative Analysis. 10. Organic Analysis. 11. Research Work. By Professor Campbell, Messrs. Higley, Lichtenberg and Probst.
Zoology.—1. General Course. 2. The Frog. 3. Teachers Course. By Mr. Johnston.
Botany.—1. Morphology and Physiology of Phaeogonans. 2. Algae and Fungi. 3. Vegetable Histology. By Mr. Pollock.
Drawing.—1. Mechanical Drawing. 2. Free-hand, Perspective, Pen and Ink. 3. Descriptive Geometry. 4. Shades and shadows. 5. Stereotomy. 6. Lettering. 7. Free-hand Lettering. 8. Architectural and Water Color Drawing. By Messrs. Wrenmore and Goulding.
Engineering.—1. Elements of Mechanism. 2. Graphical Analysis.
Histology.—1. Vegetable Histology. 2. Histological Technique. 3. Bacteriology and Physiological Chemistry.—Laboratory Work.

The Summer School this year will be conducted in substantially the same manner as that of last summer. The school as before is under the general supervision of the faculty of the literary department, though the details of management are in the hands of a sub-faculty.

Although a very busy man, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., has found time in which to write a great book of over a thousand pages, entitled, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain English, or Medicine Simplified. Few books printed in the English language have reached so great a sale as had this popular work, over 650,000 copies having been sold at \$1.50 each. The profits on this enormous sale having repaid its author for the great amount of labor and money expended on its production he has now decided to give away, absolutely free, 50,000 copies of this valuable book, the recipient only being required to mail to the World's Dispensary Medical Association of Buffalo, N. Y., of which company he is president, twenty-one (21) one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing only, and the book will be sent post-paid. It is a veritable medical library, complete in one volume. It contains 1008 large pages, and 300 illustrations, some of them in colors. The free edition is precisely the same as that sold at \$1.50 except only that the books are bound in strong manila paper covers, instead of cloth. It is not often that our readers have an opportunity to obtain a valuable book on such generous terms, and we predict that few will miss availing themselves of the unusual and liberal offer to which we have called their attention.

The young people of the Webster Congregational church are working hard for the success of the phonograph entertainment to be given for their benefit Thursday March 18, at 7:30 p. m. They know it will be good, not only from outside reports, but because several of them have heard the little "surprise." Go and help them and have a real good time yourself.

Circuit Court Proceedings.

ANY ONE CAN STUDY AT HOME THROUGH THE SPRAGUE UNIVERSITY OF CORRESPONDENCE INSTRUCTION. The following cases have been disposed of in the circuit court, Hon. E. D. Kinne presiding, up to Tuesday evening: J. N. Smith vs. Caleb Eaton. Continued over term on payment of fees. Joseph Jabott vs. Alfred Davenport and Mansfield Davenport. Action for slander. Continued by consent without costs. In re Sadie Shadden vs. Marietta Bennett Est. Appeal from commissioners on claims in Probate court, for service rendered. Verdict of jury for \$125. In re Jerome Schermerhorn vs. Marietta Bennett Est. Same as above. Verdict for plaintiff for \$400. John Ellsworth vs. Martha Caplin. Order that defendant have twenty days to file and settle bill of exceptions. Frederick Lambenayer vs. Christian Braun. Verdict for the plaintiff. The People vs. Isaac Perrine. Disturbing the peace at the opera house. Verdict not guilty. The People vs. Jacob Schoun. Charged with intent to commit an assault upon his wife. Released from custody on personal recognizance. Wadhams Ryan & Reule vs. Western Assurance Co. Time extended to settle bill of exception. Michael Brenner vs. D. Cramer. Suit brought to test title to right to use brick wall or building. Verdict in favor of plaintiff. In re Joseph Feathers vs. Caroline Feathers Est. An appeal from an order of the Probate court disallowing claim of plaintiff. Jury had not come in at 10 o'clock a. m.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF CHAS. H. FLETCHER IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA. A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN. Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC. Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK. 35 Doses - 35 CENTS. EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

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The Ann Arbor Savings Bank! COR. MAIN AND HURON STREETS. CAPITAL \$50,000. RESOURCES \$1,000,000. SURPLUS \$150,000. This Bank is under State control, has ample capital and a large guarantee fund, is conservatively managed and does a general banking and exchange business. Deposits in the Savings Department draw four per cent interest, which is paid semi-annually. Safe Deposit Vaults of the Best Modern Construction.—Boxes to rent at from \$3.00 to \$10.00 per year. DIRECTORS: Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, Daniel Hiscock, William Deubel, W. B. Smith, David Rinsey, Leonhard Gruner. OFFICERS: Christian Mack, President, W. D. Harriman, Vice-President, Chas. E. Hiscock, Cashier, M. J. Fritz, Assistant-Cashier. ESTATE OF JAMES RICHARD. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Monday, the 15th day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven. Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of James Richard, deceased. On reading and filing the petition duly verified, of John Shankland praying that the administration of said estate may be granted to himself or some other suitable person. Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the 6th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Courier a newspaper printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate. (A true copy.) P. J. LEHMAN, Probate register. ESTATE OF JOHN N. MORGAN. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Saturday, the 13th day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven. Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John N. Morgan, deceased. Charles L. Morgan executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court, and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such executor. Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the 12th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered that said executor give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Courier a newspaper printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate. (A true copy.) P. J. LEHMAN, Probate register.