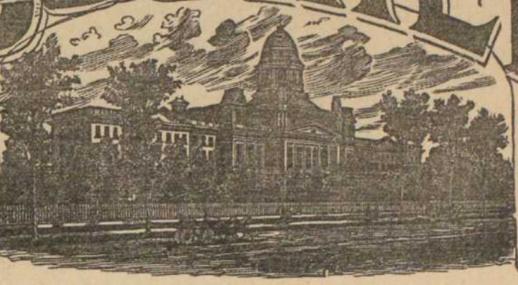
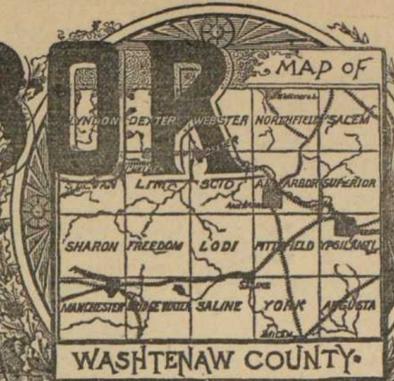


ANN ARBOR COURIER



VOLUME XXXV.—NO. 51.

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 29, 1897.

WHOLE NUMBER, 2004.

THE STORE.

NEW YEAR'S CLEARING SALE

Removing Ladies' Jackets, Capes, Waists, Dresses, Ladies' Fine Shoes, Underwear, Corsets, Dress Goods, Cotton Goods, Etc., to make ready for annual stock taking.

\$10.00

Now represents the purchasing price of any Jacket in our Cloak Department—Elegant Garments as good as the best American makers can produce, worth \$35.00, \$30.00, \$27.00, \$25.00, \$22.50, \$20.00, now going out at \$10.00.

\$7.50

For all Jackets in our Cloak Room worth \$16.50, \$15.00, \$13.50, \$12.50—all in excellent material and style, will go for less than half value, \$7.50.

\$5.00

Buy anything in our stock which has sold in our room this season for \$11.25, \$10.00, \$9.50 and \$9.00. All our

\$5 Jackets \$3.50

1898 PERCALES 1898

Lovely Spring Designs—the first shipment of the season will be on Sale JANUARY 3.

Annual White Goods Sale Commences Monday Next Week.

MACK & CO.

HOLIDAY GOODS

WE HAVE THE

Largest and Finest Stock in the City

Never before were there so many

NICE GOODS CHEAP

As now. In the past we have had a reputation of being the ones of whom to buy this line of goods, and we do not propose to let any one get the start of us in the future. We not only carry

PERFUMES IN ALL STYLES

—BUT—

SOLID SILVER AND PLATED GOODS, FLUSH GOODS, COMBS, BRUSHES, MANICURE GOODS, ETC.

Singly or in sets. In making your selections you should just visit our store and see the new things out this year for the first time.

THE GOODYEAR DRUG CO.,
105 S. Main Street.

OUR BUSINESS FIRMS.

HOW A MODERN MILLING BUSINESS IS CONDUCTED AND A MODERN MILL MADE TO PAY.

ANN ARBOR'S CENTRAL MILLS.

And the Growth of Their Business for the Past Fifteen Years—How Methods of Milling Have Changed and New Processes Been Developed.

The business of the Central Mills was established fifteen years ago this winter, both the present partners being then connected with it, and having for an associate Mr. Robert K. Ailes, the organizer of the mill project, whose interest was later purchased by them. In carrying on that business, changes almost innumerable have been made. The mill was built after the machinery for equipping roller flour mills had been greatly improved. Yet, while the outlines of the mill remains as at first, the interior has received one change in machinery after another. Improvements in flour making have come thick and fast and the owners of the Central Mills early determined to keep in the front rank of Michigan flour makers. To-day they own a mill that has been brought down to date. Its brands of flour are favorites in all markets when introduced, and no mill in this section of Michigan has been so hard pushed with orders during the past fall as the Ann Arbor Central Mills, whose trade extends into nearly every state east of Michigan and south as far as Florida. Its customers of 15 years ago are still dealing with this firm, two of these customers having placed orders for 600 barrels of flour with the mill within the past few days.

Locally, its trade with farmers has always been large, as for farmers use the mill has possibly the completest arrangement in Michigan, doing not only the ordinary work of feed grinding but grinding corn and cobs together, and comminuting the cobs until they are as fine as wheat bran. In this department is also full apparatus for making granulated meal (Gold Dust), graham flour, rye flour, and a complete outfit for manufacturing buckwheat flour. Here too, is found the large dry-kiln, the only one possessed by any Michigan mill, on which thousands of bushels of wet grain have been dried and saved to the farmer owners. Grain is sometimes sent here from points 50 miles away to be cured. The fact that corn and buckwheat containing any moisture are always dried before grinding, is the reason that meal and buckwheat flour from this mill never spoil. In city trade, the White Loaf brand of family flour has become in many homes a household necessity because of its uniformly good qualities, while the Jumbo brand reaches a large sale in directions where only the best is good enough.

The question will be asked, "were all of the changes in machinery necessary? The 'flour of our fathers' was perhaps a little darker but was it not good enough, and more wholesome than the white flour of the present time?" Mr. Allmendinger answered this question by showing the Courier's representative a box containing several kinds of material. First, buckwheat hulls which our fathers ground into flour, removing what they could by bolting devices afterward. "We remove them before grinding and burn them up. They are a rank poison and have caused total blindness in a whole drove of animals, to my knowledge," said Mr. Allmendinger. Because of their presence the old style buckwheat flour was unwholesome, and because of their absence the new flour can be used the whole year through. Next we see this mass of dust which was formerly ground into the flour. It comes from the ends of the grains of wheat. We remove it and burn this also by the ton, as we regard it as unfit to feed, to say nothing of flour. Finally notice this lot of tacks, bits of iron wire and other like bric-a-brac which are re-

(Continued on 5th Page.)

KIND WORDS FOR PROF. PERRY.

Expressions of Educators Throughout the Country in Regard to his Death.

The family of the late Prof. Perry are in receipt of hundreds of letters, from all over the nation, expressing heartfelt sorrow over his death. Some of these expressions we are permitted to quote, giving brief sentences only, to show in what esteem this great educator was held, and how Ann Arbor's loss is a loss to the country:

Judge C. B. Grant writes:

"There is nothing in his life to regret. He is not dead, but liveth in the hearts of thousands who have been under his influence. If ever a man lived of whom it can truthfully be said 'well done good and faithful servant' he is that man."

I know of no one for whom I have greater respect as a teacher and as a man.

E. C. WARRINER,
Acting Supt., Saginaw, E. S.

I was a member of the High School class of '81 and have regarded him ever since as a personal friend. His influence is with me yet and always will be. I feel a great personal loss in his death.

E. F. SCHALL,
Supt., Muscatine, Ia.

He was always such a good friend, such a perfect gentleman, such a high-minded man, to have known him is a blessing.

MISS TAYLOR,
Teacher at Terre Haute.

We shall all remember him with gratitude and affection for his faithfulness and wisdom in his responsible office, for his helpfulness in the church and for his constant kindness as a parishoner and friend.

REV. WM. H. RYDER,
Andover, Mass.

I want to say how deeply Mr. Perry's large circle of school friends mourn his loss. . . . We all felt that he was at the head of his profession—a master where we were all learners, and yet so good and true a man that his human qualities were never overshadowed by his professional excellence. Personally I was much with him at institutes and associations and came to regard him with esteem and love, and his death has been a great blow to me.

PROF. E. S. STRONG,
Ypsilanti.

Allow me to express my sorrow at the loss of one so genial in manner, warm of heart and so ready to give assistance. . . . The loss is ours whom he bound to him by so many acts of kindness.

G. G. SPEER,
Manistee.

I shall always feel indebted to Mr. Perry for the interest he took in me while I was in the High School preparing for college. His noble character was an inspiration to all with whom he came in contact.

I. W. DERREE,
Detroit.

I shall never forget Mr. Perry's kindness to me when I first entered the High School in '72, a kindness which continued through all my school life, only to be repeated during my children's course here for the past four years.

MRS. TAYLOR,
Ann Arbor.

Whatever measure of success I have had during my eleven years of service in the schools I owe to his kind words and wise counsels.

ANNIE DAY ROBINSON,
Ann Arbor.

He has gone sooner than he ought. I used to feel when a teacher that an hour's visit with him was worth more to me in the way of inspiration and practical help than any other help I had.

ELIZABETH P. COLLIN,
Coldwater.

All who knew him as teacher, friend, associate, will feel the loss most keenly. As for myself, no citizen in Ann Arbor was ever as dear to me as Prof. Perry, and this visitation of the Unseen Hand can not rob us of the hope of meeting him again. Meanwhile his influence is with us all and his beautiful life bids us be like him.

PROF. F. C. CLARK,
Columbus, Ohio.

AN OLD TIME WHEAT DEAL.

A REMINISCENCE OF THE EARLY DAYS IN DEXTER WHEN TWO DEALERS BOUGHT ALL THE WHEAT IN SIGHT.

COMBINATION THAT WORKED.

Although One Dealer Did not Know he was in it Until he was Out of it—An Exciting Time.

The fight in Chicago, which has gathered together some seven million bushels of wheat, is a curious one for the spectators to guess about. They do not know whether Armour and Leiter are really fighting or are working together to get a corner. In connection with this excitement the old farmers in the western part of the county will remember a lively time in wheat some forty years ago.

Dexter was then the main wheat point between Detroit and Jackson. Rice A. Beal was a heavy wheat buyer both for the Peninsular Mill and to ship east. One day he got word from his partner John P. Marble of Worcester, Mass., that a big war had broken out between Russia and England, shutting off from the rest of Europe Russian wheat and compelling them to buy in this country. Mr. Marble advised buying all the wheat possible and as quick as possible.

For R. A. Beal to think of a good thing to do was to do it at once and thoroughly, so he sent buyers to Ypsilanti, Ann Arbor, Chelsea and Jackson. The daily papers did not circulate news then as they do now, so something had to be done to get the wheat started out of the farmers' bins.

There was another wheat buyer in Dexter with whom he had frequent tilts over prices, but the other man was hampered by too small a bank account to buy largely. So Mr. Beal had a mutual friend go to this buyer and say that Beal had been running that market long enough and he wanted to teach him a lesson. He had some money in his hands which he wanted him to use in buying wheat against Beal, and when "R. A." as they called him, got up on a load of wheat to make a price Smith was to get up on the other side and offer a cent more per bushel.

This was nuts for Smith, who agreed to do it. The next day the trouble began, and the two excited buyers would bid against each other until they would raise the price 10 or 15 cents a bushel, when one or the other would fall off the load. Of course the long line of farmers who used to bring wheat to Dexter were not long in catching on to the fight between the rivals, which was putting money in their pockets. They couldn't get their wheat in quick enough, and on their way home they told all their neighbors how "those two cusses down at Dexter was cutting each others throats," and advising them "to get down to town quick, before one of them should drop dead, or lay down."

The result was that all the bins in that part of the county, in eastern Jackson county, in Livingston county, and way up in Ingham county, were emptied and piled up in Dexter.

Smith fought hard, but frequently advised his financial backer that he was ruining himself to pay such prices for wheat, and he had better quit. But when that unprecedented raise came, and wheat went to \$3.00, it turned out not to have been a bad investment after all.

Probably the Chicago folk will find out before next summer that Armour and Leiter have been cornering the wheat of the northwest.

The mission of Hood's Sarsaparilla is to cure disease, and thousands of testimonials prove it fulfills its mission well.

This Tells Where Health May Be Found.

And that is more important than making money. If your blood is impure, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the medicine for you. It cures scrofula, salt rheum, rheumatism, catarrh and all other diseases originating in or promoted by impure blood and low state of the system.

Brief but to the Point—

In rendering an opinion in the case of the estate of the late Corydon L. Ford vs. the City of Ann Arbor, Judge Kinne doesn't waste many words. The executors of that estate, for some reason best known to themselves (certainly not in compliance with any will or wishes of the deceased gentleman whose estate they are handling) brought suit to set aside, by some legal quibble or technicality, the assessment for sewer purposes made by the city against said estate. The terse opinion rendered is as follows:

"An important and necessary public improvement was made in this city. The estate of Corydon L. Ford received its due benefit therefrom. I discover no equity in the attempt to escape its legitimate burdens. The bill of complaint should be dismissed as destitute of equity."

The people of Ann Arbor, knowing the love Dr. Ford bore this city; knowing his desire to further all public improvements that in any way might benefit the city; knowing his liberal nature, and his desire to at all times bear his just proportion of the burdens of government, have wondered much that the persons to whom he entrusted his estate should take such a step. There are times, however, when lawyers are in great need of the fees attached to law suits, and this was a case where the pay was sure.

An up to Date Business—

"Up-to-date" is purely an American phrase, expressive of American enterprise, and under the general acceptance of the term is the strongest endorsement that can be given an individual, an article, a town or a business.

When we speak of Mack & Co's business establishment as up-to-date, we apply the term in the broadest sense, meaning that it is in line with the progressive spirit of the present time and fully abreast of the best business houses of our largest cities.

As organized and conducted at present, it does not depend for success on any one individual but upon the concerted efforts of the many, each acting independently in his or her particular line of goods for the seasons or fashion of which each is held responsible, giving an impetus to their efforts and inciting an ambition which cannot fail to better the service of the business. "He serves himself best who serves the public best" is the watchword that urges each and every head of the different departments to their best efforts. It is upon this broad and comprehensive plan the store enters upon its 41st year of business, and if the past season be any guarantee of future success, Mack & Co. may well felicitate themselves in the result of their enterprise. The public has shown its appreciation of the better service it now receives there, the past fall's trade fully justifying their most sanguine expectations. They're up-to-date.

MICHIGAN

TELEPHONE

COMPANY

Local Rates for Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti—
Any Part of the City

Business Service, - - - - \$24.00 Per Year
Residence Service, - - - - \$12.00 Per Year

Enabling Communication with 16,000 Subscribers in Michigan.

Ann Arbor Call Telephone No. 34, Ypsilanti No. 107

Busy Store OF SCHAIRER & MILLEN.

Our Annual January Mark-Down Sale

OF HOUSEHOLD LINENS, COTTONS, DRESS GOODS, SILKS, And CLOAKS,

Commences

MONDAY, JANUARY 3, 1898

It's the one Month in the Year when the claims Of invested Capital remain Unheard, and All thought Of profit is Thrown to the Winds—the One month in The year when with Hardly an exception Everything is Re-priced At cost and less To insure a Quick Clearance.

LADIES

It will pay you to give this Sale your prompt attention.

Schairer & Millen

Broken China appears to be in great demand by the ruling houses of Europe.

Between writing verses, composing music and bossing an empire one would think the young war lord of Germany would get very tired.

Mr. Bryan must not forget to tell the Mexicans how to bring their silver up to a parity with gold.

The Chicago aldermen have voted themselves each a private secretary at a salary of \$1,500 per year.

Statistics for the year now ending show that Brooklyn, N. Y., has done more in proportion to its area in the way of street improvement than any other city in the country.

With the reduction in public expenditures which is likely to result from President McKinley's recommendations of rigid economies and the improved condition which has followed the adoption of the protective system the revenues under the new Dingley law will, it is now believed, be more than ample to meet running expenses during the next fiscal year.

The bill for banking and currency reform prepared by Sec'y Gage is aptly and clearly expressed, is conservative, does not attempt too much, breaks the endless chain and leads the way to eventual reform.

Nobody seems to be finding fault now with those railroad men who voted for McKinley and sound money last year, since the result of that election has been followed by a wonderful improvement in earnings of the roads upon which they are employed.

It is very evident that Hazen S. Pingree is avowedly not a Lincoln republican, nor a Garfield republican, nor a McKinley republican.

We have yet to learn that Lincoln was anything but a Lincoln republican; or that Garfield was anything but a Garfield republican; or that McKinley leans upon any other man than himself for his republican-ism.

Wasting in Children

can be overcome in almost all cases by the use of Scott's Emulsion of Cod-Liver Oil and the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

it is not only palatable, but it is already digested and made ready for immediate absorption by the system.

Be sure you get SCOTT'S Emulsion. See that the man and fish are on the wrapper.

There is one thing in which Dawson City, Alaska can beat any of its sister cities the world over: cold storage.

The present strength of the United States navy is 140 vessels of all kinds and descriptions.

"George Harris," the original of that character in Uncle Tom's Cabin, the book of Mrs. Stowe that set the country on fire, has passed away.

The assertions of some people who oppose the annexation of Hawaii that there are too many foreigners there to "assimilate" with our own people, are talking nonsense.

Judge John B. Shipman of Coldwater, is good soft money democrat—what a burlesque on a past great name—authority, and he spits upon the sound money democrats in this way:

"There is but one way to have harmony, and that is by accepting the platform of the last democratic national convention. 'So far as gold democrats are concerned, I would be glad to receive them and allow them to occupy back seats as long as they behave themselves.

ISHPEMING, Mich., Dec. 25.—The mine managers of Ishpeming have met and decided on an advance of 10 per cent in the wages of all employes dating back to Dec. 1.

Such items as the above, taken from the Detroit Evening News, go entirely unnoted by the calamity howlers. The Democrat, Adrian Press, Sentinel, etc., all never see these items.

ANDERSON, Ind., Dec. 25.—Notices have been posted instructing the employes of all the window-glass factories who have been out since July, to report for duty on Jan. 7.

If ever a recreant to principle and party deserved a flaying that personage is L. E. Rowley, of the Lansing Journal, and if at any time such an unpleasant duty was well performed the occasion was a meeting last week in Detroit of the Mohawk club.

That's right. Flay him. Skin him. Then put salt and pepper on the raw flesh. Any man who will sacrifice honest convictions as he recently did to get back into "a crowd of visionary cranks," ought to be punished. He deserves it.

It is officially stated that there are in Germany three women employed as chimney sweeps, 35 as sisters, 7 as gunsmiths, 19 as brass and bell founders, 50 as pavers, 147 as copersmiths, 379 as farmers and millers, 300 (including girls) as masons, 8 as cutters and 200 in marble, stone and slate quarries.

The activity among woolen manufacturers under the protective tariff is already so great as to require fresh orders for foreign wools despite the enormous importations of a few months ago and the large purchases from the farmers since the new law went into effect.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chafed Feet, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Eberbach & Son, 0

A Sure Thing for You—

A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver.

Easy to Take Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man

Hood's Pills

If Germany secures Kiau Chou, Russia Port Arthur, and England Weihai-Wei, the three great powers of Europe will be within halting distance of each other.

Mr. Bryan was rich when he took 500 American dollars from his pocket as he crossed over into the Mexican line and exchanged them for 1,087 Mexican dollars. He thought to himself—no doubt—if only my followers could pay their honest 100 cents on the dollar debts on the Mexican basis, how the men and women—many of them widows and orphans—who lent the money, would squirm!

The United States must maintain a dignified yet firm position in the eastern question. Her navy in the Chinese waters should be strengthened, so that all the powers would be given to thoroughly understand that all rights of her citizens must be respected, in whatever country they may be in.

A picture room in Cairo has a chromo of the battle of Gettysburg as the chief decoration. The wiser of the town was heard explaining the scene to open mouthed listeners this week.

An examination of the work of the new tariff law shows that the so-called protests of foreign countries do not seem to have availed anything more in their effect upon our commerce with those countries than they did in their effect upon Congress.



In the old frontier days hundreds of pioneers were tortured and burnt at the stake by cruel Indians. The tortures endured by these martyrs must have been something horrible.

Unless there is a greater tendency on the part of the members and senators who believe in currency reform to unite upon the presidents recommendation or upon some other plan, there is no likelihood of any currency legislation at the present congressional session.

All indications point to a big bicycle trade in 1898. Not the least important reason for such a prediction is the fact that prices will be more attractive than ever before.

AN ENCOURAGING PROSPECT.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22, '97.

The business outlook is also another substantial source of encouragement. The large gains in bank clearings and railroad earnings prove beyond dispute that trade is increasing.

Railroad earnings tell a remarkable story. In the month of November 131 roads reported an aggregate increase of 20 per cent; and in December even this rate of progress is being surpassed.

Thomas Nelson Page's First Long Novel, "Red Rock—A Chronicle of Reconstruction." Mr. Page has devoted four years to the story, and he considers it his best work.

Robert Grant's "Search-Light Letters"—replies to various letters that came in consequence of his "Reflections of a Married Man" and "The Opinions of a Philosopher."

Life at Girls' Colleges—like the articles on "Undergraduate Life at Harvard, Princeton and Yale," and as richly illustrated.

Political Reminiscences by Senator Hoar, who has been in public life for forty-five years.

C. D. Gibson will contribute two serial sets of drawings during '98, "A New York Day," and "The Seven Ages of American Woman."

The Theatre, The Mine, etc., will be treated in "The Conduct of Great Businesses" series (as were "The Wheat Farm," "The Newspaper," etc., in '97), with numerous illustrations.

Great advertisers live in the history of the city and the prosperity of their firms long after they themselves have "shuffled off this mortal coil," their announcements in the newspapers continue to bear fruit after the advertisers are dead.

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FARMERS ATTENTION. If you contemplate planting any fruit trees or small fruits of any kind, send us a list of wants for prices, or send for illustrated catalogue and price list, and SAVE SOME MONEY.

Advertisement for Gold Dust Washing Powder, featuring a large illustration of a woman washing clothes and text: "Labor 1/2 THE Time Cost. SAVED BY GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER."

Scribner's Magazine! FOR 1898. A GREAT PROGRAMME.

The Story of the Revolution by Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, to run throughout the year. (For the first time all the modern art forces and resources will be brought to bear upon the Revolution.)

Captain A. T. Mahan's "The American Navy in the Revolution," to be illustrated by Carlton T. Chapman, the marine artist; Harry Fenn, and others.

Rudyard Kipling, Richard Harding Davis, Joel Chandler Harris, George W. Cable, and others, are under engagement to contribute stories during 1898.

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Send the girl or boy with your order, and rest assured that the quality and weights will be the same as if you came yourself.

NEW MEAT MARKET

And buy only the best stock. I am better prepared than ever to supply my customers in my new market!

J. F. HOELZLE, Cor. Washington and Fourth

A. P. T. L. The American Protective Tariff League is a national organization advocating "Protection to American Labor and Industry" as explained by its constitution, as follows:

"The object of this League shall be to protect American labor by a tariff on imports, which shall adequately secure American industrial products against the competition of foreign labor."

Mortgage Sale. Whereas, Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage bearing date the 23rd day of May, A. D., 1878, made by Hughie McLaughlin and Mary Ann McLaughlin his wife, of the township of Eastland, county of Washtenaw, Michigan, to Rice A. Beal, of the city of Ann Arbor, county and state aforesaid, and recorded in the office of the register of Washtenaw county on the 31st day of May, A. D., 1878, in liber 56 of mortgages, on page 324, and,

Wheress, by reason of said default there is now claimed to be due and payable on said mortgage the sum of two thousand nine hundred dollars (\$2,900) and no part thereof, and also any sum or sums which shall be paid at or before said sum by the undersigned in the way of taxes, interest and expenses of interest in the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit:

All those certain pieces or parcels of land situate in the county of Washtenaw, state of Michigan, known, bounded and described as follows, viz: The southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of the northeast corner of township one (No. 1) south of range three (No. 3) east (Lyndon);

The north part of the northwest fractional quarter of section two (No. 2), in township two (No. 2), south of range three (No. 3) east (Sylvan) containing eighty-eight acres and twenty-eight one hundredths of an acre, or less, and all that part of section three (No. 3), township and range last aforesaid, known, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northeast corner of said section three, running thence west on the north line of said section about seventy rods; thence south parallel with said line of said section far enough to include within a line drawn east parallel with the north line of said section to the east line of said section forty acres of land, thence east to the north line, and thence north to the place of beginning, being forty acres of land taken from the north end of one hundred and forty acres of land sold and conveyed by Thomas Snow and Elizabeth Snow to James Snow by deed, bearing date the 26th day of December, A. D., 1842, and recorded in the register's office for the county of Washtenaw, in liber W., on page 446, to which deed reference is made for greater certainty of description.

The whole number of acres of land hereby intended to be conveyed being one hundred and thirty-eight and fifty-eight one hundredths acres more or less.

JUNIUSE E. BEAL, Residual Legatee and Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Rice A. Beal, deceased. LORENZO SAWYER, Atty for Executor. A. J. SAWYER, of Counsel.

CHANCERY SALE. In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, in a chancery, made and entered the 26th day of March, 1897, in a certain cause therein pending, wherein Mary L. Bailey is complainant and Nicholas Seeger, Elizabeth Seeger, Warren Kimble, Irene Kimble, Nathaniel Schmidt, Johanna Schmidt, William J. Arnold and Caroline Arnold are defendants,

Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction at the east front door of the court house in the city of Ann Arbor, in the said county, (that is to say) the building in the circuit court for the said county is held) on Saturday, the 12th day of February, 1898, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the following described real estate.

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the village of Manchester in the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: All that part of block number forty (40) of the original plat of said village of Manchester, in the city of Ann Arbor, the following boundary: Beginning at a point in the westerly line of Water street six (6) rods and nine (9) links southerly from the southerly line of Jefferson street with said line of said westerly parallel with the south line of said Jefferson street forty feet; thence northerly parallel with said line of said westerly parallel with the south line of said Jefferson street forty feet; thence easterly parallel with the north line of said westerly parallel with the south line of said Jefferson street two rods to the center of an alley or way fourteen (14) rods leading across said block number forty (40) eastward to Water street; thence eastward on the center of said alley or way ten (10) rods to the westerly line of said Water street; thence northerly on the westerly line of said Water street four (4) rods to the center of said alley or way in common with others entitled thereto, and subject to right of way or easement for the northerly half of said alley or way along and upon the southerly seven feet of said land; also subject to any and whatever easements of way and other rights which may heretofore have been acquired by the public and individuals along and upon the westerly portion of the above described land.

O. ELMER BUTTERFIELD, Circuit Court Commissioner. Dated December 8th, 1897. A. F. & P. W. FRENCH, Solicitors for Complainant.

ESTATE OF NANCY JANE RAYMOND. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday the 28th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

Present H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Nancy Jane Raymond, deceased.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the 21st day of January next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed. And it is further ordered that said executor give notice of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Courier, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, JUDGE OF PROBATE. P. J. LEBMAN, PROBATE REGISTER.

Book on Diseases of Horses. Book on diseases of horses, cattle, sheep, dogs, hogs and poultry mailed free by addressing Humphreys' Veterinary Specifics, cor. William and John sts., New York.

McCLURE'S MAGAZINE

FOR THE COMING YEAR

Some Notable Features

CHAS. A. DANA'S REMINISCENCES
These reminiscences contain more unpublished war history than any other book except the Government publications. Mr. Dana was intimately associated with Lincoln, Stanton, Grant, Sherman, and the other great men of the Civil War. He had the confidence of the President and his great War Secretary, and he was sent on many private missions to make important investigations in the army. Lincoln called him "The Eyes of the Government at the Front." Everywhere through these memoirs are bits of Secret History and Fresh Revelations of Great Men. These Reminiscences will be illustrated with many Rare and Unpublished War Photographs from the Government collection, which now contains over 5,000 negatives of almost priceless value.

ANTHONY HOPE'S NEW ZENDA NOVEL
"Report of Henzaou," the sequel to "The Prisoner of Zenda." In splendid invention, in characters, in dramatic situations, it is the noblest and most stirring novel that Anthony Hope has ever written.

EDISON'S LATEST ACHIEVEMENT
Edison's Wonderful Invention. The result of eight years' constant labor. Mountains ground to dust and the iron ore extracted by magnetism. The Factored Ship. An article by the inventor and constructor of "Turbinia," a vessel that can make the speed of an express train. Making a Great Lord Kelvin, a character sketch and substance of a conversation with this eminent scientist on unsolved problems of science.

THE CUSTER MASSACRE
The account of this terrible fight written down by Hamlin Garland as it came from the lips of Two Moons, an old Indian Chief who was a participant in it.

MARK TWAIN
Mark Twain contributes an article in his old manner, describing his voyage from India to South Africa. The illustrations are by A. B. Frost and Peter Newell, and are as droll and humorous as the article itself.

ADVENTURE
André's Balloon and his Expedition. From materials furnished by the brother of Mr. Strinberg, André's companion. *See India in Unexplored Asia*, a story of remarkable adventure and endurance. *Jackson in Tibet*. His own story. He was captured, tortured and finally escaped to India. *Jackson in the Far East*. The famous explorer writes of the years he lived in regions far north of the boundaries of human habitation.

NANSEN
The great Arctic explorer has written an article on the possibilities of reaching the North Pole; on the methods that the next expedition should adopt, and the important scientific knowledge to be gained by an expedition; concerning the climate, the ocean currents, depths and temperature of the water, etc. This knowledge will be of the greatest value to science.

ILLUSTRATIONS
The best artists and illustrators are making pictures for McClure's Magazine. A. B. Frost, Peter Newell, C. D. Gibson, Howard Pyle, Kenyon Cox, C. K. Lawson, F. D. Stearns, Alfred Brennan, and others.

FREE
The November Number will be given free with new subscriptions. This number contains the opening chapters of Dana's Reminiscences, Mark Twain's Voyage from India to South Africa, the account of Edison's latest invention, and a mass of interesting matter and illustrations.

Be sure to ask for it in subscribing
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UNIVERSITIES VS. CHURCH COLLEGES

AN ADELE PAPER BY FRANCIS W. KELSEY, TAKEN FROM THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.

(By permission of Houghton, Mifflin & Co., we give a good portion of Prof. Kelsey's paper, and ask the reader's earnest attention to the points brought out.)

The growth of state universities, especially in the West and South, within recent years, is one of the most noteworthy facts in the progress of higher education in our country. The number of students in eight representative Western state universities—those of California, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, and Wisconsin—in 1885 was 4230; in 1895 it was 13,500. This was an increase of more than threefold. During the same period the increase in the number of students in eight representative "denominational" colleges (colleges under church control) in Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Iowa was less than fifteen per cent. The increase during the same decade in the attendance at eight New England colleges and universities (which are not state schools nor under direct church control) was twenty per cent. At all the state universities, last year, there were nearly twenty thousand students. Quite as remarkable as the increased attendance at these institutions have been the large appropriations made for them by the States. In Illinois, for instance, large sums have been appropriated for buildings and permanent improvements; in Michigan and Wisconsin, the universities receive every year, without special enactment, the income of a tax bearing a fixed ratio to the wealth of the state. From other sources than the state they have received donations which in the aggregate already exceed three and one-half millions of dollars.

I do not propose to discuss the causes which have contributed to the growth of the state university, but a mere glance at the subject will convince any one that this growth is in keeping with our national development. Under existing conditions, it is hardly possible to imagine that these causes will become inoperative. On the contrary, every indication points to still further increase in the size and influence of the educational institutions maintained by the States; and their rapid development involves a readjustment of the state university, as an educational type, to its environment. It would be easy to point out results of far reaching importance that are directly due to the commanding position which some of these institutions have reached, as the capstone of the system of state education; but at present no change of the old relations is more important than the changing relation of the state university and the great religious sects. The peculiar conditions of our life, when the need of higher education first began to be generally felt in the United States, naturally caused schools and colleges to be established either directly under the control of the religious bodies, or under the inspiration of their teachings; and it seems then as if our higher education were to be left almost entirely to privately endowed universities, most of which would be immediately susceptible to denominational influence.

The moral and religious atmosphere of every university is determined to a great degree by its students. The character and convictions of the student body play the most important part in giving tone to the religious life of any college. At the beginning of the collegiate year 1896-97, President Angell, of the University of Michigan, invited the presidents of the different state universities to cooperate with him in taking a religious census of the students. The response was prompt and cordial, and statistics have been obtained for sixteen state universities. A fund of information has thus been collected which seems valuable and convincing.

We will first examine the distribution, among the religious denominations, of the students in a group of five state universities, selected as representatives in regard to size and geographical distribution,—the universities of Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Washington, and West Virginia. The total enrollment of these five institutions was 5173. There were 211 students, counted as "unreached," whose religious status was not ascertained; a considerable number of these were absent. Of the 4962 whose ecclesiastical status was ascertained, 4407 placed themselves on record as affiliated, by membership or attendance, with some religious body; and 2851 (fifty-five per cent of the whole number enrolled) were church members. Among them, the Methodist Episcopal church had 1098 members and adherents; the Presbyterian church, 612; the Episcopal church, 484; the Baptist church, 352; the Church of Christ or Disciples, 227; the Unitarian church, 166; and the Roman Catholic church, 165.

It is to be regarded that President Angell's duties as Minister to Turkey have made it impossible that he should discuss this "census" himself. The statistical tables will be published in full in a pamphlet, copies of which may be obtained by addressing the Secretary of the Student's Christian Association, Ann Arbor, Michigan.

The other denominations represented were: English Lutheran, 83; Friends, 57; Jewish, 44; German Lutheran, 43; Seven Day Advent, 35; Universalist, 24; Reformed Church, 22; Latter Day Saints, 6; Dunkard, 5; and miscellaneous sects, 150.

In point of numerical representation, the eight denominations just mentioned bear nearly the same relation to one another, if we extend the comparison to all the state universities in which a religious census was taken. In the sixteen states universities with a total attendance of 14,637 students, 30,517, or a little more than seventy per cent, were church members or adherents, as follows: the Methodist Episcopal church was credited with 2659 members and adherents, the Presbyterian with 2284, the Congregational with 1730, the Episcopal with 1215, the Baptist with 1063, the Church of Christ with 607, the Roman Catholic with 528, and the Unitarian with 431. In these universities, taken together, every sixth student belongs, by membership or affiliation, to the Methodist church, every seventh to the Presbyterian, and every ninth to the Congregational church. About one-half of all the students reached by the census were reported as members of the so-called evangelical churches.

It would be interesting to make a comparison of the number of students of each of the larger religious denominations in attendance at the state universities and at the denominational colleges. It must be remembered that more state colleges than denominational colleges have professional schools; but in them all the collegiate is far the largest department, and in some cases the number of professional students is so small that they hardly need to be taken into consideration. I have selected the Presbyterian church as representative, partly because of the large number and wide distribution of its colleges, and partly because of their generally broad curricula and high standard. For these reasons even the smaller Presbyterian colleges may properly be compared with the state universities.

In the United States, at the present time, there are thirty-seven Presbyterian institutions of advanced education in which 3679 students of collegiate rank were enrolled in 1896-97; Princeton University heading the list with a total registration of 1045 students. Eight of these institutions are for men only, the attendance of two being restricted to colored men; seven are women's colleges; and twenty-two are open to both men and women. In these thirty-seven colleges, with the exception of one (Lincoln University), a religious census was taken contemporaneously with the census of the state universities. The returns (including a fair estimate for Lincoln) give a total of 2388 Presbyterian students in attendance. Of this number, more than three-fourths were members of the church, and the rest were "adherents." In sixteen state universities there were enrolled 2284 Presbyterian students; in all the colleges under the control of the Presbyterian denomination there were at the same time only 2388. We are thus brought face to face with the fact that the majority of Presbyterian students of collegiate rank in the United States are no longer in Presbyterian institutions. If we take into account the 150 members and adherents of this church reported at the University of California, there are in seventeen state universities more Presbyterian students than in the thirty-seven Presbyterian colleges taken together.

Is the spiritual welfare of the Presbyterian students at state universities less a matter of concern to the Presbyterian church than the spiritual welfare of the students at church colleges? The average number of Presbyterian students in each of the denominational colleges is a fraction less than 65; if we exclude Princeton University from the reckoning, 49. The average number of Presbyterian students in the sixteen state universities is a trifle above 142; or leaving out of consideration the six state universities having less than one hundred Presbyterian students each, we may look upon the remaining ten as containing ten Presbyterian colleges with an average of 205 students each. At the University of Michigan alone, last year, there were more than three-fourths as many Presbyterian students as at Princeton, and exactly fifteen times as many as in the Presbyterian college in Michigan. At the state universities of Indiana and Illinois there were more than twice as many Presbyterian students as at the four Presbyterian colleges in the two States; at the University of Iowa, more than in the five Presbyterian colleges in the same state. The case of Ohio is exceptional: there were nearly twice as many Presbyterians students in the church colleges as in the state university.

The service which the Presbyterian colleges have rendered, and are rendering, to higher education is of incalculable value. They are placed, for the most part, at "strategic points," and most of them have been generously supported. Especially have the newer institutions been wisely planted with reference to the future development of the states in which they are situated. Last year the Presbyterian Board of Aid for Colleges and Academies reported more than \$70,000 given to its aided institutions, mostly for their current expenses; the sixteen of them being small colleges, the rest academies. The endowments of the older Presbyterian institutions

compare favorably with the endowments of the colleges of any other denomination. It is possible for a Presbyterian student, in any of the sixteen states in which the state universities of our list are situated, easily to reach a college either of the Presbyterian denomination or of some church holding substantially the same creed.

Why, then, do Presbyterian students attend the state universities? A certain proportion go because some state universities possess departments wholly lacking in the denominational schools, but most of them because they are attracted by the wider range of studies and the better equipment of the state institutions. To equip and to maintain ten colleges which should provide for the 2053 Presbyterian students, in the ten state universities having more than one hundred each, educational facilities approximately as extensive as they have at the state universities, would require, at the lowest estimate, an investment of twenty seven millions of dollars, or \$2,700,000 for each institution. If the Presbyterian students were thus to be segregated in small schools, they would still lose much, for only universities with large numbers of students can afford to make provision for work in the more minute subdivisions of the special fields into which true university instruction is now everywhere divided. Students do not choose their colleges aimlessly. Many of them obtain information about a number of universities, and parents in most cases consult the wishes of their children in regard to the choice of a college. In those states in which the high school system is fully developed, it is natural to pass from a high school maintained by the town to a university maintained by the state. It is to be expected that most students for the ministry will attend denominational institutions, both by preference and because of the substantial assistance usually offered by these schools. But the number of students in the state universities who are studying for the ministry is greater than one would be likely to guess. In the half-century ending in 1894 the University of Michigan sent out 301 clergymen and missionaries, an average of six for every graduating class. Of 252 ministers 40 belonged to the Presbyterian church. Within the past few years the number of students preparing for the Presbyterian ministry who have entered the University of Michigan has shown a decided increase.

What has been said of the Presbyterian colleges in relation to the state universities is true, in a greater or less degree, of the higher educational institutions of the other religious denominations as well. If the young men and women of any particular sect attended only the professional departments of the state universities, we should be justified in assuming that denominational preference played a much more important part in the selection of a college than it does play. But there is still another fact to be taken into consideration. Most of the larger and stronger universities, including those maintained by endowment as well as those maintained by the states, are rapidly growing larger. Many of the smaller colleges find it increasingly difficult to hold their patronage. In some cases their falling back is due not so much to a lack of resources as to a lack of students. In much of their work the state university and the denominational college are brought into competition by force of circumstances, particularly in the western states. At present the state universities are gaining. No one can for a moment doubt that the denominational schools have a mission of the highest importance to society; but "there is no hope that the state will ever withdraw from so critical and extensive a proportion of the educational field as that occupied by collegiate education." It would be the part of wisdom for all concerned to waste no more time in fruitless discussion, but rather, facing the facts as they stand, to make serious effort to solve the problem how these apparently conflicting interests may be reconciled to the greatest good of those for whom all our institutions of advanced education have been established.

Most of the state universities are in the western states; their student life has the freshness and vigor of the west. The standard of conduct is high. The freedom of life stimulates religious effort on the part of the students. The earliest Students' Christian Association was founded at the University of Michigan; the second at the University of Virginia. Associations for religious work flourish in the state universities, directed and supported in large measure by the members of the faculties. As President Draper well says, "The fact doubtless is that there is no place where there is a more tolerant spirit, or freer discussion of the religious questions, or a stronger, more unrestrained, and healthier religious life than in the state universities." At all institutions of higher education, small as well as great, there will be found some weak or vicious young men who will go astray; in most cases their evil tendencies are settled—often without the knowledge of their parents—before they enter college. On the other hand, it is the testimony of those who have a direct knowledge of the facts that the state universities have sent forth a consider-

able proportion of the students stronger morally and religiously, as well as intellectually, than when they entered.

Intensity of intellectual life, from the very friction of minds interested in many fields of thought, but all bent upon like ends, increases with the size of universities. The opportunities for specialization afforded by the development of the elective system in the larger universities permit the more advanced student to devote himself wholly to that branch or subject in which he is interested. But surely no one would affirm that students in great institutions of private endowment are less subject to this atrophy of the spiritual nature than those in state universities of the same size.

Denominational control of state universities is not possible nor desirable, but they need the vitalizing touch of spiritual forces, which can be assured only by contact with the living church. At all great centers of learning there should be a concentration of spiritual light, a gathering of the forces that make for righteousness. Cant and time-serving ecclesiastical connections are not likely to be encouraged in the atmosphere of freedom and frankness in a state university, but no class of students anywhere are more open-hearted or more ready to respond to the quickening and uplifting influence of the highest moral and spiritual ideas.

The churches have a duty toward the state universities. It grows out of the general duty of the churches as guardians of the highest interests of society. Do not Christian people pay taxes? Even if it were granted that the state universities have an irreligious atmosphere, to whom should we look to change it? Should the churches approach the state universities in a spirit of criticism, or with a deep feeling of responsibility and a willingness to cooperate in the promotion of the supreme interests of youth? At the very least, it is reasonable to ask that the religious bodies see to it that men of marked spiritual and intellectual power be placed in the pulpits of university towns. But in more than one university town churches fail to keep their footing, not because of an unfavorable environment, but because the work is left in charge of men who are not equal to it.

The most vital interests of the churches are at stake in the state universities. These are strategic points. The greater part of their students come from the religious denominations. Is it expedient for a church to give attention to the spiritual welfare of those only who are affiliated with it in the denominational schools, and to neglect perhaps a far greater number of members and adherents in a state university? If students come from the churches to the great universities, and are there weaned from the things of the spirit, and through an unsymmetrical development permit the training of intellect to choke out the spiritual life, who shall justify the churches for their indifference and neglect? In the classroom of a state university sectarian instruction can have no place. Thomas Jefferson "thought that it was the duty of each sect," at the University of Virginia, "to provide its own theological teaching in a special school, to which students might go for special instruction as they did to their various denominational churches." But this subject is too large to enter upon here. The first condition of a solution of the problem must lie in the willingness of the churches themselves to consider the matter. From the nature of the case the initiative must be taken by them.

FRANCIS W. KELSEY.
A Civic Emperor.

The power of the mayor of Greater New York is greater than that of many potentates, greater than that of some kings. The longer it is looked at the stronger it seems; the more it dazzles the mental vision and appeals to the imagination like an Arabian Night's Entertainment. Within the mayor's direct appointment are 245 heads of departments, and these control a veritable army of employes, whose salaries amount to \$33,000,000 per annum. Alexander, king of Servia, is dwarfed by this comparison. The salary list annually—in brief, the patronage at the mayor's disposal, is more than three times the entire revenues of Servia. Other rulers, such as the Sultan of Morocco, the Prince of Montenegro, the Maharajah of Nepal, though they reign over larger territory, and though two of them are practical despots over the life and death of their subjects, have no such revenues under their thumb as mayor-elect Van Wyck, or his ruler, Richard Croker, will have at New York. In sober truth, as the London "Spectator" remarked, the mayor of Greater New York is an entirely new creature in municipal history; he is not a mayor, but a civic emperor.

Gained Very Much.
"My wife was afflicted with sciatic rheumatism for three years. See her advertisement of Hood's Sarsaparilla we concluded to give it a fair trial. After she had taken a few bottles she gained very much and she continued its use until she was cured." Charles B. Abbott, Coldwater, Michigan.



DEMAREST'S FAMILY MAGAZINE
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FOR Demorest's Family Magazine.
The subscription price of DEMAREST'S is reduced to \$1.00 a Year.
Demorest's Family Magazine is more than a year old, and has become one of the most popular and best loved home and foreign fashions each month; this is only one of its many valuable features. It has something for each member of the family, for every department of the household, and its varied contents are of the highest grade, making it pre-eminently *The Family Magazine of the World*. It furnishes the best thoughts of the most interesting and most progressive writers of the day, and is abreast of the times in everything—Art, Literature, Science, Society Affairs, Fiction, Household Matters, Sports, Etc.—a single number frequently containing from 300 to 350 engravings, making it the MOST COMPLETE AND MOST PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED OF THE GREAT MONTHLIES.
Demorest's Magazine Fashion Department is in every way far ahead of that contained in any other publication.
Subscribers are entitled each month to patterns of the latest fashions in woman's attire, at no cost to them other than that necessary for postage and wrapping.

NO BETTER GIFT
than a year's subscription to Demorest's Magazine can be made. By subscribing at once you can get the magazine at the reduced price, and will also receive the handsome 25-cent Xmas Number with its beautiful panel picture supplement.
Remit \$1.00 by money order, registered letter or check to the
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GREAT SPECIAL CLUBBING OFFER FOR PROMPT SUBSCRIPTIONS.

RINSEY & SEABOLT'S BAKERY, GROCERY, AND FLOUR AND FEED STORE.
We keep constantly on hand BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, etc., for wholesale and retail trade. We shall also keep a supply of
SWIFT & DEUBEL'S BEST White Wheat Flour
OSBORN'S GOLD DUST FLOUR, BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, CORN MEAL, FEED, etc., at wholesale and retail. A general stock of

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Constantly on hand, which will be sold on reasonable terms as at any other house in the city. Cash paid for BUTTER, EGGS, and COUNTRY PRODUCE generally. Goods delivered to any part of the city without extra charge.
RINSEY & SEABOLT

Schedule of Teachers' Examinations.
The regular examinations for all grades will be held at Ann Arbor the third Thursday and Friday of August 1897, and the last Thursday and Friday of March 1898. Examinations for second and third grade at Ypsilanti the third Thursday and Friday of October 1897, and at Ann Arbor the third Thursday and Friday of June 1898. Special examinations for third grade only at Sallie the third Friday of September '97.
W. N. LISTER,
Commissioner.

The Century Magazine for the Coming Year.
The Century Magazine, with its November number, enters upon its twenty-seventh year. During its long existence, by reason of its many notable successes, it has won an assured and commanding position. During the coming year The Century will maintain its exceptional position as a magazine of entertainment and as a leader in art and thought.

Its pictorial features will be notable, and it will command the services of the foremost artists, illustrators, and engravers of this country and of Europe.

Nothing like a complete announcement of its literary features can be attempted now. Dr. Weir Mitchell, whose novel of the American Revolution, "Hugh Wynne," is the great success of the year, has written a new story for the present volume. It bears the quaint title: "The adventures of Francois: Foundling, Adventurer, Juggler and Fencing-Master during the French Revolution." The tale is full of romance and adventure. Mrs. Burton Harrison contributes a new novel of New York life, called "Good Americans," in which contemporaneous social types and tendencies are brightly mirrored and described.

There will be a group of clever stories about horses and people who like horses, under the general title of "Gallopers." A Woman's Reminiscences of the French Intervention in Mexico will be given in a series of graphic and highly picturesque papers by Mrs. Cornelius Stevenson. Further contributions to the interesting series of "Heroes of Peace" will be made by Jacob A. Rus, Gustav Kolbe, Elizabeth Stuart Phelps Ward, and others.
For the benefit of the readers of The Century an unusual combination offer is made for this year. There has been issued "The Century Gallery of One Hundred Portraits," made up of the finest engravings that have appeared in the magazine, and representing a total expenditure of nearly \$30,000. These are printed on heavy plate-paper, with wide margins, like proofs. The retail price of the gallery is \$7.50, but this year it will be sold only in connection with a subscription to The Century, the price of the two together being \$6.50.

Horrible Proposition.—Perry Pattie-Mister, would you give me a few pennies for my poor sick father?—
Mister—He must be pretty sick, if you want to sell him for a few pennies. If you have good, able-bodied fathers that can do a good day's work I might buy them.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

"I wonder why people so like to wear squeaky shoes to church?" said the nervous boarder.
"Perhaps," said Asbury Peppers, "they do so to call the pastor's attention to their soles."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

He—The sum of woman's happiness may be put into three words: "I love you."
She—And the sum of man's happiness may also be expressed in three words: "Pay to bearer."—Chicago News.

Educate Your Bowels with ascarots—
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fails to cure druggists refund money.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Tutcher* is on every wrapper.

NONE BETTER. NONE CHEAPER.

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING. A complete line of Novelties in JUNIOR SUITS, REEFERS, REEFER SUITS, THREE PIECE SUITS, ULSTERS, OVERCOATS, Etc.

Our Stock for Fall is twice as large and twice the variety of any other in the city. It contains everything desirable for the little fellows.

A CALL

To look over our Fall Stock, a few moments of your time when buying Boys' and Children's Clothing. The Goods and Prices to be the convincing argument as showing our superiority in this particular branch over all competitors.

Lowest Prices Best and Latest Styles Guaranteed.

Wadhams, Ryan & Reule 200, 202 SOUTH MAIN.

The Ann Arbor Courier.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 29, 1897.

WANT COLUMN.

FOR RENT—Very cheap a part or the whole of a first class 12 room house with furnace...

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. Call at 904 S. State st.

FOR \$1.85 per cord, Cash we will deliver best quality of thoroughly seasoned mixed...

FOR SALE CHEAP—Two superior Jersey Bulls, also two very promising 3 year old...

FOR RENT—A moderate size house. Nice, pleasant, central location. Six rooms, three closets, pantry, cellar...

ALL PEOPLE wishing employment can find positions by calling at Miss M. Porters, 513 South Division st.

OFFICES TO RENT—In second floor of the Masonic block. Enquire of C. E. Hisecock or J. E. Beal.

FRUIT FARM SALE—Thirty acres of fine fruit farm in berries just east of city line. Cheap for cash or trade. Enquire at Courier office.

HELP WANTED—Agents get fifty cents on each dollar, no experience necessary. Write for agents' outfit. Address The Catholic News, 5 Barclay St., New York.

LOCAL.

SOME VISIONARY MUSINGS.

This issue closes the 35th volume of the Courier, and the next issue will start us on the 36th year. For thirty-five years the Courier has given the people each week a pen picture of this city and county, noting minutely all the transformations that have been brought about by improvements, by death, by changes of all kinds.

Dr. D. W. Nolan, a veterinary surgeon, who has made his home here and in Ypsilanti for the past year or so, is in jail in Detroit, on a charge of bigamy. In the first place he was arrested on a charge of assault, but the evidence did not appear to be very strong against him.

John F. Lawrence having purchased the lot on N. Fourth ave. adjoining his building on the south will erect a new building thereon the coming spring, and Dr. Sudworth will also build on the next lot. Now if some kind friend will start the Y. M. C. A. boys off with a \$10,000 or \$20,000 subscription, they will agree to raise the balance needed, and build also, and the east front of the court house will be as fine as any of its fronts.

When Herman Krug, who keeps a tailor shop in the building on S. Fifth ave., at the southeast corner of E. Washington st., attempted to light the fire Friday morning, his gasoline can was too near the blaze, and it exploded, throwing the burning fluid over him. He was burned very badly before the flames could be extinguished. The building sustained some damage inside, but nothing very great.

"Where are you going my pretty maid?" "To marry a mill king, sir," she said.

Young People's Social at Newberry Hall Friday evening.

Messrs. D. F. Schairer and Chas. S. Millen were the happy recipients of some very appropriate presents from their clerks.

The offerings at St. Andrew's Episcopal church Christmas day, for the aged and infirm clergy, amounted to upwards of \$40.

B. St. James gave his employes a banquet last Friday night, in addition to a long list of Christmas gifts. All had a good time.

The Christmas program at the M. E. church last Sunday evening was of great interest, and the large audience enjoyed the whole of it.

Chas. Bishop, the strolling actor who brought out "Fate" here a year ago, is trying to change his fate and get out of state prison at Jackson.

At the Congregational church next Sunday morning a sunrise prayer meeting will be held by the Young People's societies of the city, at 7 o'clock. Dr. R. S. Copeland will be the leader.

The ladies of the Northside are to serve a turkey dinner at the Northside chapel, from 2 to 8 o'clock, on New Year's Day. If you want a right good dinner, one that will last you for all day and a part of the day following, go over to the Chapel and let the ladies serve you. The proceeds go to the new church fund.

Karl E. Harriman appeared before a Detroit audience last week, in Sardou's comedy, "A Scrap of Paper," given by the Detroit Comedy Club at the Empire Theatre. All of the Detroit papers, without exception, praise Karl's acting, and vote him the ability and the genius to make an actor that will be known all over the world.

Dr. D. W. Nolan, a veterinary surgeon, who has made his home here and in Ypsilanti for the past year or so, is in jail in Detroit, on a charge of bigamy. In the first place he was arrested on a charge of assault, but the evidence did not appear to be very strong against him.

John F. Lawrence having purchased the lot on N. Fourth ave. adjoining his building on the south will erect a new building thereon the coming spring, and Dr. Sudworth will also build on the next lot. Now if some kind friend will start the Y. M. C. A. boys off with a \$10,000 or \$20,000 subscription, they will agree to raise the balance needed, and build also, and the east front of the court house will be as fine as any of its fronts.

When Herman Krug, who keeps a tailor shop in the building on S. Fifth ave., at the southeast corner of E. Washington st., attempted to light the fire Friday morning, his gasoline can was too near the blaze, and it exploded, throwing the burning fluid over him. He was burned very badly before the flames could be extinguished. The building sustained some damage inside, but nothing very great.

The suit is now on in the circuit court in which the city of Ann Arbor is seeking to find out to whom it shall pay the \$3,238 in its hands belonging to Henry Collins, the sewer contractor for the Huron and Hill street sewers. It seems that the F. & M. Bank had paid out \$3,300 to laborers for Collins, and that there are \$8,000 in claims of various kinds besides. The city has a bond of \$10,000 on both sewers to insure the payment for labor and material. There are some fine points to be decided.

I dreamt I dwell in a marble hall, With vassals at my beck and call— Just then I heard my darling shout:—"Come, John, the furnace fire's out. Get up and start"—well, that's all! —Chicago News.

Marshal Sweet proposes to stop coasting on sidewalks in the city. Several people will unite with the the Congregational church next Sunday.

The offerings at the Congregational church Sunday next will be for the poor.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Groh's little daughter Mabel, aged three years, died Tuesday morning.

I heard the bells on Christmas day their old familiar carols play; I saw the bills that came next day; they filled my purse with sore dismay.

Remember and send in provisions New Years day for the children's dinner. Send before 2 o'clock, to the Courier Block. There are one hundred children to provide for.

A fine edition of Paine's English Literature was the gift that found its way to Deputy R. R. Com. Wedemeyer for Christmas, given him by the R. R. Com's office force in Lansing.

The oldest university in the world is at Peking, China. It is called the "School for the Sons of the Empire." Its antiquity is very great, and a granite register consisting of stone columns, 320 in number, contains the names of 60,000 graduates.

The Coliseum at Chicago, in which our U. of M. boys developed the fact that they could not play football, was burned to the ground last Friday night. Several lives were lost in the fire. An exhibit was in progress at the time.

The Ann Arbor union of young people's societies will meet with the Congregational Y. P. S. C. E. to hold a "Sun-Rise" prayer meeting, on New Year's morning, Saturday, Jan. 1st, at 7 o'clock. Subject: "New Year's Resolves." Leader, Dr. Copeland, of the Epworth League. All of the young people of the city are cordially invited to be present.

Every reader in our city is asked to read this appeal from Miss Brown and act accordingly: "The teachers of the sewing school are to give the children a dinner on Saturday, New Year's day, at three o'clock, in their rooms in the Courier block. Provisions and fruit will be gratefully received. There are one hundred children to provide for."

There will be a grand piano dedication concert next Saturday Jan. 1st, at 7:30 p. m., under the direction of Prof. J. F. Schaeberle, in the Sunday School room of the Bethlehem church, on S. 4th street. Hayden's quint Children's Symphony, Weber's Eucranthe, Mendelssohn's Midsummer Night's Dream, and other attractions will be performed.

Fifty Years' Improvement in Farming is the title of a supplement issued by the New York Tribune which alone is worth far more than the cost of the paper for one year. The Courier and the New York Tribune are furnished for \$1.25 per year, or any subscriber who has paid for the Courier one year in advance can have the Tribune by paying 25 cts. extra.

"Is business improving?" said a Main street merchant a day or two since; "Well I should judge so. For the first time in years have I failed to get an order filled promptly. Last week I sent in two orders for different kinds of goods for my store, and one was about half filled while the other was only one-ninth filled. The houses were so overrun with orders that they could not keep up with the demand. That looks like old time business, doesn't it?"

W. H. Golden has been appointed city passenger agent for the C. H. & D., at Toledo. Mr. Golden has been a resident here for the past six years, and for four years ticket agent of the Ann Arbor R. R. In his new position he solicits business for the road entirely, having no other duties. Mr. Golden is a young man that the C. H. & D. will not be disappointed in. He is a thorough gentleman and a hustler. He is a man who attends to business, and never allows anything to go by default. J. C. Elliot, the yard master takes Mr. Golden's place here.

Judge Newkirk has had a reredos fixed up over the mantle in his office, on which is displayed in all their antiquated and pristine glory the various swords, pistols, gane, etc., with which he fought, died and bled for his country in the Revolutionary, French and Indian, 1812, Black Hawk, Mexican, Toledo, and the Great Rebellion Wars, together with Our Late war with Spain. When old veterans or trappers, get a sight of the Judge's relics a beautiful vision of heaven comes to their countenances, and they appear to be ready for the end.

Gen. Hancock called the tariff "a local question." The Home Market Bulletin, which is in our club list, has always fought for equal protection to all industries and sections, and its policy has largely prevailed.

Her woman's eyes are keen to see A man's dull wit in luck—as me: Luckless—fill her woman's heart; All-forgiving, take my part. —Palmer, in Harper's.

A Good Man's Property Perverted—Just before the late Prof. Corydon L. Ford died, his friends say he was planning to make a large gift to the city or University, where he had lived for many years and had won his great reputation. He was only hesitating whether he should build an auditorium for the School of Music, an art museum, a woman's gymnasium or a modern medical building on the campus. But unhappily death came to him swiftly, before he had time to perfect his plans.

His estate came into the control of some Detroit lawyers, who possibly being short of clients, looked about for some way to make business. So they found an assessment of a few hundred dollars against the estate for a sewer which was laid past the property in this city, thereby improving it in value. They determined to contest it in the courts, which they did to their utmost. Last week Judge Kinne decided that it was a lawful assessment and that the estate should pay it. If good old Prof. Ford had imagined his property was to be spent in fighting Ann Arbor instead of helping it, what would he have done?

The ring of the Christmas belles costs many a lad dearly—solitaires or solid gold ones either are expensive.

An entertainment and supper will be given by Welch Corps at G. A. R. Hall, Dec. 30, '97. Supper at 6:30 p. m. All are invited.

R. R. Com Wessellus has the thanks of the Courier for remembrance in the way of the new railroad map of Michigan. It is a good one.

County Clerk Schuh has placed in his office a new cabinet for the keeping of the numerous and varied blanks of that office. It is a sensible piece of furniture. Prof. Spalding will speak at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Sunday at 2:45 p. m. Special music will be rendered. All men, whether members of the Y. M. C. A. or not, are invited to come to this meeting.

Monday night, Jan. 3d, G. F. Allmendinger will give the next practical talk before the Y. M. C. A. His subject, "A Modern Flouring Mill," will be illustrated by drawings made expressly for this talk before the association.

The Commercial office at Ypsilanti has turned out a neat job for that city. It is a little pamphlet advertising the city's bath houses and mineral wells, and Ypsilanti will be benefited by it if she gets them thoroughly distributed throughout the states—there's the rub.

The records of the Register of Deeds office show that 725 mortgages have been discharged this year in this county. A record seldom, if ever before equalled. But of course it is no evidence of prosperity(?) If you think it is ask your free silver calamity-loving neighbors.

Don't forget the "open house" at the Y. M. C. A. rooms New Year's day from 3 until 10 p. m. The Woman's Auxiliary will have it in charge. If you have not yet looked at the plans for the proposed Y. M. C. A. building, this will be a good time to look at them. Friends of the association should not miss this time to make a friendly call at the rooms.

The attention of our readers is asked to the article on the 3d page, headed "Universities vs. Church Colleges." It is from the December Atlantic Monthly, and the pen of Prof. Kelsey, and is not only interesting but contains some facts that are worthy of serious consideration and deep thought. Especially by those who have at heart the welfare of our young men and women students. Each employee of the F. & M. Bank received a \$5 gold piece as a Christmas gift.

E. B. Hall said that as he was coming down through the city yesterday morning he noticed the coal going up into the air from various chimney tops, in the shape of black smoke and was particularly struck with the difference when he looked at the chimney from the Courier office boilers. There was no black smoke at all, from them, but it was white and clean with the coal all consumed. He wanted to compliment the fireman on knowing how to run the boilers. The secret, however, was not with the fireman but with the smoke consumer that Mr. Davison invented, and which not only consumes all the smoke, but prevents the soot settling all over the neighboring roofs and clothes lines.

Song Service at St. Andrews—On Sunday evening next, at 7:30, the Christmas music will be repeated at the song service.

PROGRAM. Processional Hymn—Hark, the Herald Angels Sing—Mendelssohn. Psalms, Chant—Goss. Anthem—Magnificat—Holden. Sop. Solo, Master Fred Daley, Chas. Stinson; Duet, Mr. Taylor, Mr. Spitzley. Music, Dimitis—Gonoud. Anthem—There Where Shepherds—Holden. Sop. Solo, Master Fred Daley. Hymn—Adeste Fideles—Goss. Christmas Carol—Those Holy Voices, D. Buick. Christmas Solo—Millard. Mr. W. Taylor. Processional Hymn—Onward Christian Soldiers—Fuller. Postludium—Gonoud.

CAPS

PLUSH CLOTH BOYS. We have marked the prices of our \$2.00 and \$1.50 Silk Plush Caps down to \$1.00 and \$1.50 to close; every shape, every style. In our line of Cloth Caps we can show you anything from a 25c Cap up to \$1.50. A lot of Boys' and Children's Turbans, sizes 6 1/2 to 6 3/4, good Skating Caps—former prices 50c and 75c—choice of any in the lot 25c.

Gloves and Mittens

We can show you a line of hand warmers that will please you. We have everything from a fine street glove to the common Yarn Mitten—silk lined, fur lined and unlined. In Mocha, Reindeer or Dog Skin from 25c to \$2.00.

Noble's Star Clothing House 209 SOUTH MAIN ST.

Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Matting and Draperies.

Our Assortment of these Goods consists of the MOST MODERN and BEAUTIFUL things the market affords. We make a specialty of doing

CABINET AND UPHOLSTERY WORK to order after special designs.

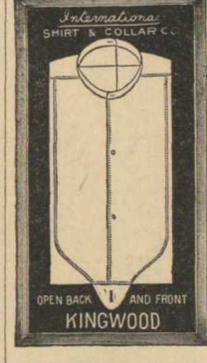
HALLER'S FURNITURE STORE. 112, 114, 116, E. Liberty Street. ANN ARBOR, MICH.

Holiday Opening!

Fads as well as Fashion. We are showing as fine a line of

NECKWEAR

As has ever been displayed in this city. EXAMINE IT.



THIS SHIRT Has sold Heretofore at \$1.50. We have them At \$1.00. WATCH OUR WINDOW!

L. JAMES & CO. 111 South Main Street.

Protectionists claim that their policy tends to reduce rather than raise prices. When so able a monthly as the Home Market Bulletin can be had for the low price of \$1.25 for it and the Courier, they seem to prove it.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver tonic. Gentle, reliable, sure. 25c.

SCHAEBERLE'S MUSIC STORE!

In buying a piano you want one that will be satisfactory for a lifetime. We handle The "Smith and Barnes," The "Shoninger," and The "Schomaker GOLD STRING PIANOS." All of these are first-class, and especially the first mentioned is a wonder for low price, considering its good qualities. Mandolins, Guitars, Violins, Banjos, Autoharps, Strings and Trimmings at low prices. 114 W. Liberty St., Ann Arbor

HOW TO FIX A SMOKY LAMP

Use Dean & Co.'s "Red Star" Oil. No Odor, No Smoke, No Charring of Wick. Gives a White Light. Do not try

SOMETHING JUST AS GOOD

But buy the "RED STAR" once—then you can give the JUST AS GOOD man your experience. He will not stay long. 10c PER GALLON. Sold only by

DEAN & CO., 44 South Main Street. (Old number.)

Over ten thousand dealers sell
THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS



There are paints for houses, for barns, fences, for chairs, for buggies, for farm wagons, furniture, cupboards, shelves, bath tubs.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS are made for all these purposes, not one paint for all surfaces, but a different paint for each surface. That is the secret of good painting—the right paint in the right place.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS VARNISH STAIN is made for staining and varnishing at the same time. It imitates natural wood, Mahogany, Cherry, Oak, Rosewood, Walnut, Ebony. Over new wood this produces the finest effect.

Our booklet "Paint Points" tells what is the best paint to use for each purpose. It is a practical book, for practical people. Just a plain talk on good paints. Sent to any address free.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.
CLEVELAND. CHICAGO. NEW YORK. MONTREAL.
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The Ann Arbor Savings Bank
COR. MAIN AND HURON STREETS.

CAPITAL \$50,000. RESOURCES \$1,000,000. SURPLUS \$150,000

This Bank is under State control, has ample capital and a large guarantee fund, is conservatively managed and does a general banking and exchange business.

Deposits in the Savings Department draw three per cent interest, which is paid semi-annually.

Safety Deposit Vaults of the Best Modern Construction.—Boxes to rent at from \$3.00 to \$10.00 per year.

DIRECTORS.
Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, Daniel Hiscock
William Deubel, W. B. Smith, David Rinsey,
Leonhard Gruner.

OFFICERS.
Christian Mack, President.
W. D. Harriman, Vice-President. Chas. E. Hiscock, Cashier.
M. J. Fritz, Assistant-Cashier

WALKER & CO.,
Dealers in

**Carriages,
Bicycles,
Harness,
Collars,
Blankets, etc.**

REPOSITORY:
9 W. Liberty St.

**Electric Light
THE BEST**

Some of the Advantages of Electric Light:

	Cubic feet of air vitiated.	Cubic feet of carbonic acid produced.	Heat produced in 1 hr. Watt's raised 1° Fahrenheit.
12 c. p. Incandescent Lamp	None.	None.	13.8
12 c. p. Gas Light	345.25	3.21	278.6
12 c. p. Kerosene Lamp	376.30	3.54	232.6

Some of the Disadvantages of Gas:
Air consumed. Carbonic Acid thrown off.
Heat. Unsteadiness of Light.
Freezing Pipes. Danger of Suffocation.
Humidity. Danger from use of Matches.
Ceilings Blackened. Water and Air in Pipes.
Sulphur thrown off. Metals and Gildings Tarnished.
Ammonia thrown off. Sulphuretted Hydrogen thrown off.
Gas cannot be inverted to throw light down.

None of these Disadvantages Accompany Electric Lighting.

In general the Incandescent Electric Light is much healthier and much more convenient to use than any other method of lighting, and is more economical for amount of light furnished than gas.

Electricity for all kinds of Power. Electricity for Heating.

If you need Light Apply to
ANN ARBOR ELECTRIC COMPANY.

CASTORIA
ANN ARBOR COURIER
SUBSCRIBE NOW. DO NOT DELAY.

COUNTY AND VICINITY.

B. F. Goodrich who died at Homer recently, formerly lived at Saline.

The library of St. Mary's church, Chelsea, has now about 700 volumes.

On Dec. 18 a daughter came to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Haenssler, Freedom.

A. A. Wood of Saline, attended the Stock Breeders meeting in Lansing last week.

From all the surrounding villages comes reports of a good Christmas trade. Good.

Over at Milford the pupils in the schools are allowed to take snap shots at visitors.

The Epworth League of North-Sharon is to hold a social on Friday evening Dec. 31.

The pay car visited Manchester just before Christmas, and the railroad boys were very happy.

Lewis Kuebler has purchased V. P. Cash's brick store at Manchester, and moved his tin shop thereto.

The next meeting of the Bridgewater Reading Club will be held Jan. 3d, with Mr. and Mrs. Peter Knight.

A son at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Truik, of Sharon, Dec. 14; and a daughter at Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Walker's Dec. 20.

President Nissly, of Saline, tells the people of that village that they must obey the ordinance and keep their walks clear of snow.

The Universalist society of Manchester announce an entertainment for Jan. 11th, with Miss Fuller, eloquentist, as a drawing card.

On Friday evening Jan. 14, W. R. Moss, monologist, will give an entertainment under the auspices of the high school seniors of Saline.

Saline people can talk with any station in the county and with Clinton, Tecumseh and Mason for ten cents over the Bell telephone line.

The 63d birthday of Michael Schanz of Lima, on the 16th inst., was made a very pleasant day for him by his friends. He was given many presents.

The tenant house on the Asa Darling farm, Augusta, burned Wednesday last. Insured in the Washtenaw Mutual for \$120. Cause of fire unknown.

'Snow is here.'—Milan Leader, 'Sno great thing to crow over. It's here too.—Adrian Press. You two fellows are having a hail of a time over a little thing.

Rev. Harley H. Harris, of Atanson, Emmet Co., was united in marriage Dec. 16, with Miss Theresa, daughter of Mrs. Wm. R. Hamilton, of Pebble's Corners, Salem.

Nearly all the stores of Chelsea will close their doors at 7:30 p. m. from Jan. 1st to April 1st. The good work ought to be continued through until next December.

A Manchester man had a new tie—red probably—and his friend had a ticket in a raffle for a horse. They exchanged and that ticket drew the horse. And yet it may be doubtful which got the best of the bargain.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Schatz last week received a box of fruit weighing 200 pounds and containing fifteen varieties, from their son George, of Fresno, Cal. Some of this fruit was packed by Miss Sophia Schatz.—Chelsea Standard.

The Daily Times of Ann Arbor insinuates that Wm. Burtless, the general supervisor of Manchester, will be a candidate for sheriff before the next republican county convention. He is one of the best fellows, and best runners in this county.

Chas. Paul has opened a blacksmith shop at Jerusalem, and is prepared to do horseshoeing and general blacksmithing in a first-class manner.—Chelsea Standard.—Well, Jerusalem! The next thing they will want a match factory.—Plymouth Mail.

Why so? There's not a Jew in Jerusalem.

Kisses come high at Wyanadotte. Dennis Reno, the village blacksmith, paid a fine of \$5 last week for just trying to land one on Elta Warner's fair charge. Had he succeeded the charge would probably have been \$25.—Northville Record. Had he succeeded the girl never would have been so mad about it, probably. He must have bungled awfully.

Virgil Burch of Sharon, met with a painful accident Wednesday while running a husking machine north of town near trist. His big finger got into the cylinder and was crushed, rendering amputation necessary. The maching had to be taken apart before he could be released, an operation that consumed half an hour.—Grass Lake News.

He says he won't do it again. R. J. Beckwith was attempting to clean a pair of overalls one day last week. In the process he used some gasoline. Soon after he put the garment into

Stop! Women,

And consider that in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman—a woman whose experience in treating woman's diseases is greater than that of any living physician, male or female.

You can talk freely to a woman when it is revolting to relate your private troubles to a man; besides, a man does not understand, simply because he is a man.

MRS. PINKHAM'S STANDING

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read, and answered by women only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman. Thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Out of the vast volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has relieved thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance—

a boiler of water and set it on the stove, and in a short time was greeted with an explosion which filled the room with flame. Mrs. Beckwith sustained a number of burns, when while painful are not dangerous. Mr. Beckwith was let off easily, burning one hand but slightly.—Chelsea Standard.

The Farmers Institute at Chelsea—

There will be a Farmer's Institute held at Chelsea village, in the Town Hall, on Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 10, and 11. Tea and coffee will be served in the basement of the Hall. Take your lunch basket well filled and have a picnic dinner.

The program for the two days is as follows:

MONDAY, JANUARY 10.
FORENOON.
Invocation—Rev. J. I. Nickerson
Address of Welcome—D. B. Taylor
Response—E. A. Nordman, Lima
Taxation—H. D. Platt, Ypsilanti
Discussion, led by
J. K. Campbell, Ypsilanti
Roads and Road Making.
E. A. Nordman, Lima
Discussion, led by
Geo. T. English, Sylvan
AFTERNOON.

Music.
The Sugar Beet in Michigan,
Nathan Pierce, Lima
Discussion—Open to the House
Small Fruits for Market,
Wm. F. Bird, Ann Arbor
Discussion led by Chas. Johnson, Dexter
Question Box.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 11.
FORENOON.
Benefits of Intensive Cultivation,
Rolland Morrall, Benton Harbor
Discussion, led by
Geo. McDougall, Ypsilanti
'For What'—L. H. Ives, Mason
Discussion, led by
Rolland Morrall, Benton Harbor
Election of officers.

AFTERNOON.
Music.
The Best Method to Handle Milk,
Home or Creamery,
J. G. English, Manchester
Discussion, led by
M. A. Raymond, Grass Lake
Business Methods in Farming,
Rolland Morrall, Benton Harbor
Discussion—led by E. A. Crafts, Sharon
Question Box.

EVENING.
Music.
Our Birds and their Relation to Agriculture—A. E. Cooper, Sylvan
Discussion led by Frank Storms, Sylvan
The Farmers' Insolation; What does it Teach?
Mrs. A. E. Crafts, Sharon
Discussion, led by
Mrs. Julia Stannard, Dexter

A List of Officials—
Following are the officers elected by Manchester tent K. O. T. M.:
Com.—C. E. Lewis.
Lt. Com.—Earl Chase.
R. K.—Horace Chase.
F. K.—J. W. Rauschenberger.
Chaplain—John Wisner.
Sergeant—Adam Schaible.
M. at A.—Wm. Shafer.
1st M. of G.—Edward Braun.
2d M. of G.—Chris. Bauer.
Sentinel—John Gumper.
Picket—Jacob Bauer.

At the regular review of Acme tent K. O. T. M., Saline, the following officers were elected:
Com.—S. R. Crittenden.
Lt. Com.—John Lutz.
R. K.—Geo. Lutz.
F. K.—G. C. Townsend.

Chaplain—S. Josenhans.
Phy.—C. F. Underkircher.
Sergeant—C. R. Parsons.
M. at A.—W. Cornish.
1st M. of G.—D. F. Reeves.
2d M. of G.—J. Gates.
Sentinel—W. Bailey.
Picket—P. Barnhart.

R. P. Carpenter, Post No. 41, G. A. R. Chelsea, has elected the following officers for the ensuing year:
Com.—A. Steger.
S. V. Com.—John Strable.
J. V. Com.—John Schmidt.
Surgeon—E. Hammond.
Officer of the Day—Jas. Harrington.
Chaplain—A. W. Chapman.
Adjutant—G. J. Crowell.
Quartermaster—T. E. Wood.
Sergeant Major—J. L. Waltrous.
Quartermaster Sergeant—E. L. Negus.
Delegat—E. N. Moane.
Alternate—Rush Green.

The following are the officers and board of directors of the Chelsea Savings Bank for the ensuing year.
President—W. J. Knapp.
Vice President—T. S. Sears.
Cashier—Geo. P. Glazier.
Assistant Cashier—T. E. Wood.
Directors—T. S. Sears, W. J. Knapp, J. L. Babcock, H. M. Woods, J. R. Gates, G. P. Glazier, W. P. Schenk, V. D. Hindelang, G. W. Palmer.

The following is a list of the officers elected by the Chelsea K. O. T. M. for the ensuing year:
Com.—Jacob Hummel.
Lt. Com.—E. A. Williams.
R. K.—W. H. Heselshwerdt.
F. K.—Geo. P. Staffan.
Chaplain—S. D. Laird.
Sergeant—H. Lighthall.
Physician—Dr. S. G. Bush.
M. at A.—Wm. Campbell.
1st M. of G.—Wm. Atkinson.
2d M. of G.—C. Currier.
Sentinel—A. J. Congden.
Picket—John Craig.

At the annual meeting of the members of St. Mary Men's Sodality, Chelsea, the following officers were chosen:
Perfect—John S. Hoffer.
First Assistant—Jacob Hummel, jr.
Second Assistant—James Wade.
Secretary—Henry Mullen.
Treasurer—John Breitenbach.
Standard Bearer—Philip Kusch.
Marshals—Francis Fern and John Hindelang.
Consultors—John Walsh, John Clark, Peter Merkel, Charles Neuberger, James Mullen and Mathias Schwickerath.

Robbed the Grave.
A startling incident of which Mr. John Oliver of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters,' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents per bottle at Eberbach & Son's Drug Store.

The Mystery of the Sparrow.
The decrease of the English sparrow in New York has been puzzling ornithologists. In certain sections, where this noisy little bully—John Bull in feathers—used to congregate and make day hideous, there is hardly a sign of him now. The cause of this phenomenon is, however, no mystery, but amusingly simple. The English sparrow has no use for a reform administration, and especially no admiration for Colonel Waring. Waring's white wings have kept the streets so clean that this miniature Tammany has been literally starved out.—The Illustrated American.

Everybody Says So—
Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispels colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Pleasant buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Two Millions a Year—
When people buy, try, and buy again, it means they're satisfied. The people of the United States are now buying Cascarets Candy Cathartic at the rate of two million boxes a year and it will be three million before New Year's. It means merit proved, that Cascarets are the most delightful bowel regulator for everybody the year round. All druggists 10c, 25c, 50c a box, cure guaranteed.

The best is the cheapest and the Courier is the best. Subscribe now and have the news for the long winter evenings.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL
"The Niagara Falls Route."

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT NOV. 21, 1897.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME

GOING EAST	GOING WEST
Ann Arbor	Ann Arbor
Ypsilanti	Ypsilanti
Chelsea	Chelsea
Saline	Saline
Sharon	Sharon
Manchester	Manchester
North-Sharon	North-Sharon
South-Sharon	South-Sharon
Sharon	Sharon
Saline	Saline
Chelsea	Chelsea
Ypsilanti	Ypsilanti
Ann Arbor	Ann Arbor

W. H. RUGGLES, G. P. & T. Agr., Chicago
H. W. HAYES, Hgt. Ann Arbor

ANN ARBOR AND YPSILANTI MOTOR LINE.

TIME TABLE
Taking Effect Nov. 24th 1897.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave the Court House Ann Arbor at 7:35, 9:00, 10:20, 11:50 a. m., and 1:20, 3:00, 4:20, 5:40, 7:10, 8:30, 9:50 and 11:20 p. m.

Leave Ypsilanti 7:00, 8:20, 9:40, 11:10 a. m., and 12:40, 2:20, 3:40, 5:00, 6:20, 7:50, 9:10, and 10:20 p. m.

SUNDAYS.

Leave the Court House Ann Arbor at 9:35, 10:45 a. m., and 2:15, 3:35, 4:45, 5:05, 7:05, 8:15, 9:25 and 10:35.

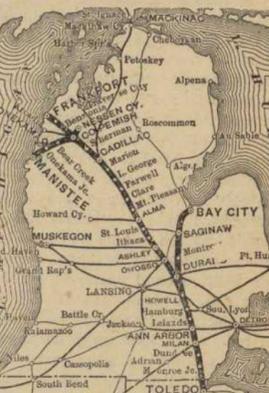
Leave Ypsilanti 9:00, 10:10 a. m. and 1:40, 3:00, 4:10, 5:20, 6:30, 7:40, 8:50 and 10:00.

Cars run on city time.

Connections with L. S. & M. S. Ry. trains at the crossing. Train leaving Ypsilanti at 5 p. m. connects with train from the west, fare 10 cents. Fare between Ypsilanti and the junction, on single trip 15 cents; round trip 30 cents.

H. M. Winter, President,
J. E. BEAL, Secretary.

ANN ARBOR RAILROAD



TIME TABLE
TAKING EFFECT
SUNDAY, Sept. 5, 1897.

NORTH.	SOUTH.
8:43 A. M.	47:30 A. M.
12:15 P. M.	11:25 A. M.
4:46 P. M.	8:40 P. M.

Trains marked thus run between Ann Arbor and Toledo only.
Trains leave Ann Arbor by Central Standard Time.

W. H. BENNETT, G. P. A.
E. S. GILMORE, Agt.

The Cincinnati Northern Railroad Co.
Time Table in effect Aug 1st, 1897.
Of Trains Passing Jackson, Mich.

CENTRAL TIME.

SOUTH BOUND.
No. 1, Jackson & Cincinnati Mail—10:30 a. m.
No. 7, Jackson & Van Wirt Express—4:15 p. m.
No. 5, Jackson & Van Wirt Passenger—5:10 p. m.

NORTH BOUND.
No. 2, Cincinnati & Jackson Mail—6:04 p. m.
No. 8, Van Wirt & Jackson Express—10:10 a. m.
No. 6, Van Wirt & Jackson Express—10:10 a. m.

Trains 5 and 6 run Sunday only.
All other trains daily except Sunday.

F. B. DRAKE, General Manager.
C. W. COOK, G. P. A., Van Wirt, O.

HAVE YOU ASTHMA?
SCHIFFMANN'S Asthma Cure
Never fails to give instant relief in the worst cases, and effects cures where others fail.

Wanted—An Idea
Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEBBER & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.50 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

A REMARKABLE CLUBBING OFFER!

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arrangement with the publishers we will accept subscriptions for the

ANN ARBOR COURIER

—AND—

LESLIE'S ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY

For one year for \$3.00.



When you consider that the regular price of *Leslie's Weekly* alone is \$4.00 a year, you can readily see what a splendid offer it is we are making.

Leslie's Weekly is the oldest and best established of the great illustrated New York journals. It is the most popular and the most enterprising; its illustrations are all of the highest order and are superbly printed. There is no important event happening, either at home or abroad, but that a *Leslie* representative is on hand to chronicle with pen and pencil. Subscribe now both for yourself and for some friend's Christmas Gift.

Remit \$3.00 to this office and you will receive both papers for one year.
J. E. BEAL, Editor and Proprietor, Courier, ANN ARBOR, MICH.

Give The Poor Orphans a Chance

Do not think because it is all torn up around us that we are buried. We are

MORE ALIVE THAN EVER

We now have a fine new store. We want you to come in and look around at our **Grand Stock of Goods**, just ask our prices on stoves, then go and see if you can match them elsewhere. We have the finest **Oil Heaters** manufactured for five dollars (\$5) and five and a half (5½), that have never before been sold at this low price in the States. We have five different styles—we cannot help but please you. We also sell the celebrated **Born Ranges**. We guarantee to save you fifteen (15) to twenty (20) dollars on every range you purchase of us this month. We sell you for forty (40) dollars, what others will ask you sixty for. If you don't believe us call in and investigate. We guarantee every range, and challenge any other stove to do the work of this one with as little fuel. It will pay for itself.

SCHUMACHER'S HARDWARE STORE
68 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO

IT'S INJURIOUS TO STOP SUDDENLY and don't be imposed upon by buying a remedy that requires you to do so, as it is nothing more than a substitute. In the sudden stoppage of tobacco you must have some stimulant, and in most all cases, the effect of the stimulant, be it opium, morphine, or other opiates, leaves a far worse habit contracted. Ask your druggist about **BACO CUBO**. It is purely vegetable. You do not have to stop using tobacco with **BACO-CUBO**. It will notify you when to stop and your desire for tobacco will cease. Your system will be as free from nicotine as the day before you took your first chew or smoke. An iron clad written guarantee to absolutely cure the tobacco habit in all its forms, or money refunded. Price \$1.00 per box or 3 boxes (30 days treatment and guaranteed cure), \$2.50. For sale by all druggists or will be sent by mail upon receipt of price. **SEND SIX TWO CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX.** Booklets and proofs free. **Eureka Chemical & Mfg Co., La Crosse, Wis.**

Office of THE PIONEER PRESS COMPANY, C. W. HENNING, Supt., St. Paul, Minnesota, Sept. 7, 1891.
Eureka Chemical and Mfg Co., La Crosse, Wis.
Dear Sir:—I have been a tobacco fiend for many years, and during the past two years have smoked fifteen to twenty cigars regularly every day. My whole nervous system became affected, until my physician told me I must give up the use of tobacco for the time being at least. I tried the so-called "Kosely Care," "No-To-Bac," and various other remedies, but without success, until I accidentally learned of your "Baco-Curo." Three weeks ago to-day I commenced using your preparation, and today I consider myself completely cured. I am in perfect health, and the horrible craving for tobacco, which every inveterate smoker fully appreciates, has completely left me. I consider your "Baco-Curo" simply wonderful, and can fully recommend it.
Yours truly,
C. W. HENNING.

120 DOLLARS PER MONTH

IN YOUR OWN LOCALITY made easily and honorably, without capital, during your spare hours. Any man, woman, boy, or girl can do the work handily, without experience. Talking unnecessary. Nothing like it for money-making ever offered before. Our workers always prosper. No time wasted in learning the business. We teach you in a night how to succeed from the first hour. You can make a trial without expense to yourself. We start you, furnish everything needed to carry on the business successfully, and guarantee you against failure if you but follow our simple, plain instructions. Reader, if you are in need of ready money, and want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address, and we will mail you a document giving you all the particulars.

TRUE & CO., Box 400, Augusta, Maine.

Study Law at Home
Instruction by mail, adapted to every one. Methods approved by leading educators. Experienced and competent instructors. Takes part-time only. Three courses—Preparatory, business, college. An opportunity to better your condition and prospects. Students everywhere. Seven years of success. Full particulars free. **SHRAGUE CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL OF LAW** Telephone Building, DETROIT, MICH.

W. F. MOORE, DENTIST
Work done in all forms of modern dentistry; crown and bridge work a specialty. Graduate of the U. of M. Office, 37 S. Main, Ann Arbor, Mich.

COLUMBUS AND COLUMBIA
The best History of the U. S. from the discovery of America to the present time.
1,000 AGENTS WANTED.
For special terms apply at once to **PALESTINE PUB'G CO.,** Fikart.

YPSILANTI NEWS ITEMS.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Janney are in Dundee.

Miss Chalmers is the guest of Mrs. Alonzo Bissell, of Jackson.

Fred Straith of Chicago, is visiting his parents in this city.

Miss Minnie Davis has gone to Cleveland for a two months' stay.

Mrs. Della Harris has gone to New York to remain during the winter.

Queen City Hive L. O. T. M. give a social to-morrow evening at their hall.

Wm. Evans has an order from Auckland, New Zealand, for some root cutters.

Col. Mapes, the president of the Lansing & Ann Arbor Electric road, formerly lived here.

Rev. and Mrs. Jas. A. Brown are entertaining Miss Elizabeth Peters, of Minneapolis, Minn.

A Christmas present came to Mr. and Mrs. Gleason, of Parsons st., in the shape of a fine baby boy.

A family reunion at the home of C. J. Daschner, on Ellis st., was one of the pleasant events of Christmas.

The merchants of this city are very happy over their Christmas trade. It was way ahead of former years.

Prof. B. L. D'Ooge is at Harvard, where he is publishing an edition of Caesar, in connection with Prof. Greenough.

Art. Nichols won the \$30 gold prize in the Normal News oratorical contest. These Art. Nichols' are always winners.

A telegram was received here Monday morning, announcing the death of Miss Vee Cornwell, the daughter of Clark Cornwell, at Atlanta, Ga.

Jos. H. Woodman claims to have had a spring chicken for Christmas at his home that weighed 6 1-2 lbs. What spring was not mentioned.

The Baptist church people are considering the question of free pews. There is no question about it. There is never any question about a thing that is right.

Prof. Putnam was chosen moderator, at the annual meeting of the Baptist society, and W. P. Stone, Louis Gray, G. M. Gandy and Jas. H. Phillips trustees.

The Unique Club had rooms over E. R. Beal's drug store until recently, when he became tired of them and locked the door with their belongings outside. They have brought suit to recover possession.

The Daughters of the American Revolution have purchased a handsome flag which by permission of the Ladies' Library Association, will float over the library building on patriotic dates.—Ypsilantian.

Bernard L. Greene, who has just returned from a trip through eight European countries, inspecting great works of engineering in company with an eminent engineer, is spending the holidays with his family at the home of Mrs. Greene's mother, Mrs. E. Samson.—Ypsilantian.

Queen City Hive No. 64, L. O. T. M., have elected the following officers: P. L. C., Ella Stoup; L. C., Nettie Lambert; L. L. C., Louise Drury; L. R. K., Helen Burt; F. K., Jennie Ostrander; chaplain, Ella Rowe; sergeant, Alta Peck; M. at A., Christie Wilber; sentinel, Ida Forsythe; picket, Hattie Westcott.

Ypsilanti Hive, No. 621, last night elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Lady Commander, Esther H. Johnson; L. Commander, Florence Barnum; R. C., Jennie L. Bovee; F. K., Lydia Mason; chaplain, Helen McNeel; physician, G. M. Hull; sergeant, Cecelia Stoup; M. at A., Ida M. Alban; sentinel, Valnetta Brown; picket, Emily J. Forman.

Said a gentleman to-day: "Twenty years ago when the Michigan Central was giving commutation rates of \$22.50 for three months between Ypsilanti and Detroit, there were 57 commuters in Ypsilanti. To-day Samuel Post is the only one left. It was some object for a man then to live out in a suburban town, but when it tripled the price it forced every man in business in Detroit to reside there. The new electric line will have a tendency to bring them back here."—Daily Times.

At a church in Lenox last summer the pulpit was supplied by an assistant clergyman. One Sunday in the course of sermon this minister told how a man had amassed a large amount of money simply by prayer, going on to give the incidents of the case. A titter ran through the congregation when the minister, after dwelling on the fact that prayer alone had brought about this man's fortune, placed his hands together, and, looking upward in a very prayerful attitude, said, "Lord, teach us how to pray!"—Troy Times.

CASTORIA.
The famous signature of *Cast. H. H. H. H.* is on every wrapper.

Bad for Bronchitis

but extremely good for the sufferer from that harassing disease is Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. No medicine can compare with this great remedy in the prompt and permanent aid it gives in all bronchial affections. It stops the cough, soothes the irritated throat, and induces refreshing sleep.

"I had a bronchial trouble of such a persistent and stubborn character that the doctor pronounced it incurable with ordinary remedies, but recommended me to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. One bottle cured me."
J. C. WOODSON, P. M., Forest Hill, W. Va.

"A short time ago I was taken with a severe attack of bronchitis, and neither physicians nor ordinary remedies gave me relief. In despair of finding anything to cure me, I bought a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Less than one bottle entirely cured me."
GEO. B. HUNTER, Altoona, Pa.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

now put up in half-size bottles at half price—50 cents.

Appeal for Cubans.

President McKinley has sanctioned the following appeal to the American people issued from the department of state:

By direction of the president, the public are informed that, in deference to the earnest desire of the government to contribute by effective means toward the relief of the suffering people in the island of Cuba, arrangements have been perfected by which charitable contributions, in money or in kind, can be sent to the islands by the benevolently disposed people of the United States.

Money, provisions, clothing, medicines, and the like articles of prime necessity can be forwarded to Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, the consul general of the United States at Havana, and all articles now dutiable by law, so consigned, will be admitted into Cuba free of duty. The consul general has been instructed to receive the same and to co-operate with the local authorities and the charitable boards for the destitute and needy people of Cuba.

The president is confident that the people of the United States who have on many occasions in the past, responded most generously to the cry for bread from peoples stricken by famine or social calamity, and who have beheld no less generous action on the part of foreign communities when their own countrymen have suffered from fire and flood, will heed the appeal for aid that comes from the destitute at their own threshold, and, especially at this season of goodwill and rejoicing, give of their abundance to this humane end.

JOHN SHERMAN.

The few democrats who still plead for free trade and attack the Dingley law by reason of the shortage in receipts during its first few months are now finding ready assistance in England, where the newspapers are gloating over the shortage in receipts since the new law went into effect. It is not surprising that the English manufacturers are ready to do anything in their power to discredit a protective tariff in the United States, but their exultation will be short lived, since it is now quite apparent that the new law will soon be earning sufficient revenue to meet the running expenses.

His Last Words.—"His last words were of you."

The prodigal son-in-law tried to feel as solemn as he looked.
"Might I inquire what they were?"
"You might. He said that if he could only get one more good kick at you he would die happy."—Indianapolis Journal.

Guaranteed to Cure.

That's rather strong, but we mean it. If your blood is impure, your nerves weak, your stomach, liver, or kidneys wrong, you can buy a bottle of

Dana's Sarsaparilla

"The Kind that Cures." with this guarantee, NO BENEFIT—NO PAY. If, after using a bottle of it, you feel no benefit has been received, you can GET YOUR MONEY BACK.

All Druggists Keep It.

From The New York Tribune. MR. BRYAN'S TOUR IN MEXICO.

An Opportunity for Him to Correct Some of His Misconceptions.

Washington, Dec. 19.—Statesman and financiers who are watching with some interest the tour of Mr. Bryan through Mexico are wondering whether he will discover any errors in the statements he put forth last year in behalf of the Mexican system of finance, which he asked the United States to adopt. While the fact that he received \$1,000 in Mexican money in exchange for \$500 of United States currency on entering Mexico might have the effect of weakening the faith he expressed in his Asheville, N. C., speech and on many other occasions, that gold would not go to a premium in the United States if the free-coinage proposition were adopted, there are a number of other facts easily accessible in Mexico which it is hoped he will have time to look into and compare with the statements he made to the American people in the campaign of 1896. One of the interesting statements of his addresses was the insistence that the gold would not leave the country under the free coinage of silver. In his Asheville speech referred to above he said pointedly:

"Not a dollar's worth of gold would leave this country until those who held it felt they would benefit by letting it go. I believe under free coinage gold would come here instead of going away, and the only way to stop the outflow of gold is to adopt bimetalism, raise the price of wheat and pay our debts in produce instead of gold."

There are several things which Mr. Bryan can learn in Mexico which may fail to confirm the belief he expressed a short fifteen months ago. For instance, if he will take the trouble to inquire about Mexico's experience with gold he will find that of the large sums of gold mined there in the last few years only \$5,000,000 now remains in the country. The gold mined in Mexico in the last three years aggregates about \$20,000,000, being \$4,500,000 in 1894, \$6,000,000 in 1895 and something over \$8,000,000 in 1896; yet, according to the official statement of the Mint Bureau published at the beginning of the present fiscal year, the total amount of gold in Mexico was at the present time only \$5,000,000, or practically one-fourth of the amount mined in three years. Gold has been mined in Mexico, of course, for many years and at times in great quantities, and the fact that Mr. Bryan on arriving there finds remaining in the entire country less than a single year's production ought to convince him that there is some error in his assumption that the free-silver system, as exemplified there, will "bring gold into the country" or prevent its leaving the country.

Another statement of the paragraph from his speech quoted above, that the only way to stop the outflow of gold is to adopt bimetalism, raise the price of wheat and pay our debts in produce instead of gold," seems to be fully met by some figures just coming to the surface here. Bimetalism was not adopted in 1896, according to Mr. Bryan's programme; yet the statistics relating to imports, exports and circulation of gold and the exportation of American products with which to pay debts abroad, shows that the things which he assumed could only be accomplished through the adoption of bimetalism have occurred without that action. The latest statement of the Treasury Department indicated the amount of gold in circulation in the United States shows that the amount has increased nearly \$100,000,000 since the date of his nomination and without the adoption of free coinage. On July 1, 1896, just a week before his nomination, the gold coin in circulation in the United States was, according to Treasury figures, \$454,905,064, and at the beginning of the present month it was \$544,494,748.

That this increase has been brought about largely by the very methods he recommended in conjunction with his financial system, "raising the price of wheat and paying our debts in produce instead of gold," is found by the figures just issued by the Bureau of Statistics, covering the exportations during eleven months of the present year. These figures show that the exports of domestic merchandise, in which wheat is, of course the largest item, since it has doubled in price since Mr. Bryan's statement was made, amount to, \$956,644,357 for eleven months, and will be for the calendar year the largest in the history of the country.

Another striking evidence that Mr. Bryan's views of last year were not altogether accurate is found in a statement of the Treasury Department, just issued, which shows the total amount of money in circulation in the United States, compared with the amount in circulation at a time when he was trying to persuade the people that the only possible way of increasing the volume of money was by the free and unlimited coinage of silver. It will be remembered that this was the burden of his speeches from the day on which he captured the Chicago Convention until the last ballot was cast on November 6, and that he insisted day after day that only the free coinage of silver could give the increase of volume necessary to equal the increase in population.

Free coinage was not adopted but the statement which is issued by the Treasury Department shows that the money in circulation in the United States at the beginning of the present month was \$214,000,000 more than when Mr. Bryan made his famous "cross of gold" speech. The money in circulation on July 1, 1896, just a week before the meeting of Chicago Convention, was \$1,506,434,966 and on December 1, 1897, was \$1,721,084,538.

This increase in the volume of circulation in the United States since Mr. Bryan's nomination, and covering the period in which the free coinage proposition was discussed and rejected, is more than double the amount of the entire sum of money existing in Mexico, as shown in the publication of the United States Treasury at the beginning of the present fiscal year. Nearly \$100,000,000 of this increase in circulation in the seventeen months in question has been as shown above, in gold, almost \$10,000,000 in silver dollars, \$4,000,000 in subsidiary coin, and \$43,000,000 in silver certificates. The actual figures showing the money in circulation on July 1, 1897, is given in the official tables of the Treasury Department, are as follows:

MONEY IN CIRCULATION IN THE UNITED STATES.

	July 1, 1896.	Dec. 1, 1897.
Gold coin.....	\$454,905,064	\$544,494,748
Standard silver dollars.....	32,116,904	61,280,761
Subsidiary silver.....	60,204,451	64,289,945
Gold certificates.....	42,198,119	36,725,409
Silver certificates.....	330,657,191	373,298,967
Treasury notes.....	95,245,947	104,676,288
United States notes.....	231,249,538	262,183,000
Currency certificates.....	31,890,000	46,640,000
National bank notes.....	215,168,122	224,956,310
Total.....	\$1,506,434,966	\$1,721,084,538

Note.—Gain in circulation in seventeen months, \$214,649,572.

From the Boston Transcript. THE FIRST SNOW.

The clouds had gathered far and wide;
The wind, unshackled, free,
Went whirling through the realms of space
In wild exultant glee.
The oaks, majestic in their strength,
Upon their trunks played;
The pines, with their weird, measured sounds,
High in the darkened away.
Then came a spirit noiselessly,
A radiant, snowy form,
In dancing, rhythmic motion to
The music of the storm.
It danced above the craggy cliffs;
It danced above the sea;
The sons of Neptune all uprisings
And joined the revelry.
So passed the night; when morning came
A silence vast and deep
Hung over all, and Nature's soul
Lay wrapt in placid sleep.
—HERBERT RANDALL.

From the Boston Transcript. THE DIVINE PRESENCE.

Thy spirit greets me everywhere;
In sunshine, cloud and skies,
In bow, whose beauty spans the cloud,
Then into clearness dies.
The stars that shant the hymn of sleep
Unto the restless sea,
The ripples laughing down the beach,
Voice Thy divinity.
Thou speakest in the salt-sea air,
The rose bequeaths Thy breath,
And I have met Thy holy face
When face to face with death.
I hear thy voice in summer's rain;
The wind at winter's shrill;
The linked that slivers by the brook
Reed to this heart of mine;
The sound of waters rippling low,
That edge my dreams at night;
The anthem that the silence bears
In fluctuating flight.
The lightning in its fiery course
Reveals Thy face to me,
Deep in my soul's still solitude
Lo! I but summon, Thee
And Thou art there to view my shame.
To hearken and forgive,
I lift my eyes to Paradise,
Unknown to me, where live
The beautiful, in harmony.
And then my burdened prayer
Is followed by such balm of peace
I know that Thou art there.
—HERBERT RANDALL.

Steer With a Wooden Leg.

There is a wooden-legged steer at the livery stable of C. E. Wright, on State Street, and it is needless to say that he is a curiosity. About ninety days ago the steer's leg was broken by a falling tree on the farm of J. W. Sturgeon. Dr. John E. Gray, of this city, was sent for and amputated the leg just below the knee. It healed in about twenty days, and the doctor then made the steer a wooden leg which he strapped on. Since being furnished with the wooden leg he walks with much more ease than a man with a false member, and can run almost as swiftly as before suffering the accident. The leg supplied is a hind leg, and the steer kicks with his stub in preference to his good leg invariably.—Bowling Green (Ky.) Times.

This Tells Where Health May be Found—

And that is more important than making money. If your blood is impure, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the medicine for you. It cures scrofula, salt rheum, rheumatism, catarrh and all other diseases originating in or promoted by impure blood and low state of the system.

Yes!—Family Friend—I congratulate you, my dear sir, on the marriage of your daughter. I see you are gradually getting all the girls off your hands.

Old Olivebranch—Off my hands—yes! But the worst of it is I have to keep their husbands on their feet!—Melbourne Weekly Times.

Really impossible.—Tommy,—Paw, what is an extraordinary session of the Legislature?

Mr. Figg—One in which no fool bills were passed would be very much that kind.—Indianapolis Journal.

To Cure Constipation Forever—Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

A Wise Man BUYS WHEN HE CAN SAVE MONEY

We take our inventory Jan. 1st and prefer to count cash or good book accounts to goods, and until that time make special low prices. You want something we have—Prove yourself wise.

Buy Now!!

ANN ARBOR MUSIC CO.

205-207 E. Washington.

The Ann Arbor Courier.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 29, 1897.

THE COMERS AND GOERS.

Ben Mummery was over from Millford Christmas.

Herman Hutzel went to Sandusky yesterday, on business.

Dr. John B. Dowdigan of Owosso, was in the city Christmas.

Mrs. Fred J. Huhn spent Christmas with Ypsilanti friends.

Wade Doty has been visiting his parents here during the week.

Lew Clement is here from Wheeling, West Va., for a day or so.

Norris E. Marvin of Ypsilanti is in town for two or three days.

Miss Florence Barham of Chelsea is the guest of Anna Arbor friends.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. McGuire, of Durand visited his parents Christmas.

Mr. and Mrs. Rice A. Beal spent Christmas with relatives in Detroit.

Robert Gerner was up from Detroit Christmas to visit his sisters.

Jacob Dengler and wife, of Owosso, have been visiting relatives here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Grove Ray went to Concord to spend Christmas with relatives.

Misses Laura Huesman and Tillie Vogel visited friends in Chicago for Christmas.

Miss Charlotte O. Stowe has returned home from her visit with friends in Jackson.

Misses Libbie and Gertrude Kress, of Kingsley st., are guests of South Lyon friends.

Mrs. Ida Bliss Gasser is spending the holidays with her mother, Mrs. Wallace Bliss.

Mrs. A. T. Daley, son Fred and daughter Lulu, are visiting Detroit friends this week.

Nelson Beers and bride of Springbrook, are in the city visiting their aunt Mrs. R. A. Beal.

Moses Seabolt had for his guests over Christmas, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Huntington of Mason.

Ed. Jones has returned to his home in Chatham, Ont., and will be with H. J. Brown no longer.

Dr. W. F. Breakley is extremely ill with pneumonia, and considered in a dangerous condition.

Mr. Wilson, Dr. Darling's assistant, has gone to Atlanta, Ga., for a visit to Dr. Frank Bourne.

Mrs. Otis Wilkinson, nee Virginia Law, and her brother Robert, are guests of Mrs. Aretus Dunn.

Miss Marshall, who has been studying at the Detroit Academy of Art, is home for the holiday season.

Dr. J. H. O'Toole, of Detroit, has been the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. O'Toole, of E. Catharine st.

H. A. Williams entertained his father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Williams, of Dexter, over Christmas.

Prof. D. W. Springer is in Chicago this week on work connected with the National Teacher's Association.

Miss Nina Howlett has been spending the vacation week with her brother, Dr. Ward Howlett, of Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Howlett attended a family reunion at the home of his brother in Dansville, Christmas.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Fuller will entertain Judge Noah Cheever and wife, of Ann Arbor, over Sunday.—Capo Courier.

Mrs. A. V. Robison of S. 5th ave., fell on the sidewalk, just as she started for church Sunday, and dislocated her hip.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hickman and family spent Christmas with friends and relatives in Ann Arbor.—Grass Lake News.

Mrs. Cetella Murray, accompanied by her son Marie, of Ann Arbor, are home for a two week's visit.—Northville Record.

Free Medical Advice

Do you understand just what Dr. J. C. Ayer's medicines will do for you? Are they helping you as fast as you think they ought? Write to our doctor. He will answer all questions, and give you the best medical advice, absolutely free.

Address the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Miss Nina Doty is home from her school duties at Vassar for vacation. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Shetterley, of Kalamazoo, are visiting relatives here.

Will C. Hollands and wife were guests of Jackson friends for the holidays.

Mrs. Beach and daughter Alta, of Detroit, are visiting Ann Arbor friends.

Prof. A. C. Tagge, of New Castle, Pa., is visiting his sister, Mrs. Will Miller, for the week.

Miss Blanche Anspaugh has returned from a trip through the northern part of the state.

Harry Nichols and Ed. Koch were down from Chicago, to spend Christmas and the day following.

Misses May and Emma Payne, who have been visiting friends here return to Nashville, Tenn., to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Kyer had as guests over Saturday and Sunday Mr. and Mrs. August Miller, of Detroit.

Alderman John Koch and family been entertaining for the week Fred and Wm. Kuhn and families, of Fowlerville.

Dr. Wm. Kearns, of Pittsburgh, Pa., is home for the holidays, visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Kearns, Thompson st.

Wm. A. Clark returned from Detroit Friday night, where he had been in attendance upon the U. S. court as a juror.

Miss Florence Sterrett entertained her sister and husband, Mr. and Mrs. George I. Blowers, of Kalamazoo, Sunday and Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Snyder attended a family reunion at the home of Mrs. S's father, Foster Litchfield, Delhi Mills, Christmas.

Harry W. Douglas and J. D. Ryan left last evening for Venezuela and other points in South America for a month's stay, prospecting.

Louis J. Liesmer and daughter Lulu, of Ann Arbor, were the guests of Mr. George Johnson and family this week.—Saline Observer.

Allen B. Pond is spending a week or so with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Pond, of S. State st. Irving returns to Chicago to-day.

Judge Crocker and wife of Mt. Clemens, have been guests during the week past, of their daughter, Mrs. John W. Bennett, of S. Thayer st.

Master Harold Williams and sister Mildred, went to Detroit last Friday to spend Christmas with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Beal.

Mrs. W. E. Walker has been confined to her home for some weeks by a serious attack of nervous prostration. Her condition is not encouraging.

Herbert Witherell and his friend Mr. Snodgrass, came over from Ann Arbor to spend the holidays with the former's parents in Sharon.—Enterprise.

Mr. Fred Shrope and his cousin, George Nutt, of Mishawaka, Ind., are spending the holidays with the former's parents at No. 1119 Traver street.

Dr. D. Zimmerman, of E. Huron st., who has been seriously ill for a number of weeks, is now improving, and his physicians are very much encouraged.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene K. Frueauf, of Owosso, were guests over Christmas, of her mother Mrs. Sophia Hutzel. As local editor of the Evening Argus, Mr. Frueauf is making a success.

Mr. and Mrs. Wetmore, of Concord, are guests of their daughter Mrs. Dr. J. W. Morton. They are on their way home from Detroit, where they had been visiting another daughter Mrs. Geo. W. Millen, who had been giving a house warming.

George A. Cook, Register of Deeds, expects to arrive in San Francisco, Cal., to-day, having left here Friday. He will go to Pacific Grove, a watering place 100 miles south of San Francisco, where Mrs. Cook has been for a year or so for her health.

Prof. Fred L. Keeler, of the State Normal School at Mt. Pleasant, and his wife, have been guests of friends here and in Sharon during these holiday weeks. It is a pleasure to learn of the Professor's success, for he is one of the kind who works for it.

Y. W. C. A. Notes—

The Young Woman's Christian Association will be "at home" to all her friends next Saturday afternoon and evening. If you have never called at this cozy home, devoted to the girls of our city, do so at this time. Girls who are strangers in the city, or who are away from home here are especially included in this invitation. Gentlemen and ladies of Ann Arbor who are interested in what is being done for town girls, by town girls are urged to call and learn more about this organization. Music and recitations will form part of the program. From three to four a committee from the Girls' Club will act as hostesses. At this hour girls from twelve to sixteen are especially invited to call.

This Girls' Club is the latest new feature of the Association and it is a good work. It is a Y. W. C. A. in miniature and a training class in many lines. The Club with some assistance dressed nine dolls in the past month. Six of these were taken to the hospitals by three of the girls on Christmas morning, the others to girls outside. Now they plan to dress larger dolls to be left at the hospitals as "members of the Club" to cheer sick children who may be there. A new Club will probably be organized soon, of girls between eight and twelve. Names may be left with Miss Sterrett.

Educational Department—The new terms will begin very soon in all classes. The dressmaking classes will be organized at once. If you wish to take any of this work, see Miss Sterrett or Miss Crippen at once.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



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"Jim's" Form is Locked—

From the Pinckney Dispatch of Dec. 23, we take the following item which perhaps some of the older compositors of the city will be interested in:

"James Davis, aged 60, a well known character in and around Pinckney, for the past few years, died at the hotel early Sunday morning. He has been able to care for himself up to the last. Saturday he was on the streets as usual, although for the past few weeks he has known that life was short with him. In his early life he was one of the type set in the Ann Arbor Argus office, later years he has occasionally helped out in the Dispatch office. He had a wife and one son living in Ann Arbor. Funeral was held from the hotel, conducted by Rev. Wallace and his remains were buried in the Pinckney cemetery."

Along in 1860 James Davis was one of the promising young men of this city. His father at that time was a minister in the M. E. church, and the editor and proprietor of the Michigan State News, a local newspaper that had quite a large circulation, and was doing a prosperous business. The deceased was foreman of his father's office, was a church member, sang in the M. E. choir, and no young man in the city had better prospects for the future. He married an estimable young lady and started out prosperously.

But the war times were hard times for young men, and many of the types of those days were not noted for their piety or their sobriety. "Jim" got into the fast clique and went down, and kept continually going down. His wife remained faithful to him for a considerable length of time, and did her best to make him see the error of his ways. But all to no avail. She finally secured a divorce and with her young son found it better to care for herself.

For many years Jim hung about the city and its saloons. He would do any odd job for a drink. He would sweep out or clean spittoons for the reward it brought in the shape of liquid fire. He was a kind, generous fellow, at heart thoroughly good, and had it not been for the bad habits acquired, would have made a useful citizen.

One day about 15 years ago, Jim was missed from his haunts. No one seemed to know what had become of him.

It was afterward learned that he had gone into the country to work on a farm, had abandoned his dissolute habits, and had determined to earn an honest living, by honest toil. Later on it was understood here that he had married a widow lady on whose farm he worked, and was doing well. There would be occasional inquiries about him of people who lived in his neighborhood, and the reports were always favorable. As the years rolled on Jim rolled out of memory nearly. The haunts that knew him passed out of existence. The old boys left the city or died. Aside from perhaps two, there is no printer now in the city who knew Jim in his palmy days, and but few who knew him in later years, when his luck was down on him.

The article above is the last paragraph in his somewhat extended long primer chapter. His character was pieced in youth, was never fully set up again. The chase was so weakened by the strain that the quins of good deeds could not hold the form securely in place. But the attempt to straighten his "pied" and "squeaked" lines of life was a noble one. For that he is deserving of great praise, and when Jim stands before the bar of God, on the Judgment seat, weak and trembling, with no guile in his heart, but with that great effort to his credit, we believe that his chances for the future will be equal to those of the man who never met and overcome that great destroyer of life and happiness: A bad habit.

The Discovery of the Day.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and to-day stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at Eberbach & Son's Drug Store.

OUR BUSINESS FIRMS.

(Continued from 1st page.)

moved from the wheat by large magnets used for that purpose. In the time of our fathers much of all these things was pulverized and went into the flour. It has been suggested that the tacks, etc., would be a means of getting iron into the blood, and we can't dispute it. All we say is, the better and purer the flour the better for the eater. We will not provide straw or bran in our brands of flour. If man regards himself as a herbivorous animal, let him eat baled hay, and not demand in the flour what in a pure state is not a part of it. And if we want flour like that "of our fathers," all we have to do is to grind the hulls, the dust and the iron back into the product of the mill. We believe that in the regeneration of the race the flour mill plays its part. Take the case of the emigrant who has been used to the "black, sodden and sour" bread of Europe and change his diet to the white and sweet American loaf. Is it any wonder that, unconsciously to himself, he straightens up, and that with the better food his character changes? I know the larger manhood is said to be due to the air of freedom. In my opinion the quality of the loaf of bread used has a good deal to do with it."

The crop failure of recent years has greatly embarrassed Michigan millers. To overcome local shortages the Central mills have acquired elevators at Vernon in Shiawassee county, at Oaklawn in Livingston county, and at Azalia in Monroe county, at which points Messrs. Allmendinger & Schneider are doing a large and increasing business in grain, which is entirely independent of the milling business. This fall the firm has commenced to handle and ship beans and seeds, and the new branches of business have already attained considerable dimensions. At Ann Arbor beans have been marketed which have been drawn twenty miles to reach this market. Within a few days beans have been drawn right through Ypsilanti to reach Ann Arbor. Heretofore Ann Arbor has had no bean market, and the opening of such a market here should bring to merchants in other lines a large trade not before available.

During the fifteen years of its existence the firm has operated the Delhi mills nearly two years, and the Argo mills of this city were under its management for some five years past, the same being relinquished last summer. Both members have also been connected with the Ann Arbor Organ Company from its infancy. The firm also organized the Ann Arbor Fruit and Vinegar Company, and managed it for several years, still retaining its interest but having dropped the active management.

Its policy will henceforth be to give its undivided attention to the Central mills whose business, with that of its elevators, is this fall in volume by far the largest in its history. The promise at this time is of still larger growth, and the members of the firm propose to give their best efforts to this growing business, and insuring the accuracy of the statement that the Central mills will be in the future, as in the past, of the best.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Traux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

A Tough Libel on Sylvan Farms—

Beal of the Ann Arbor Courier, is teaching a Sylvan farmer a practical lesson in prosperity. He editorially announces the improved condition of affairs and predicts the return soon of those good old days, when farm property will again prove profitable, while in another column he notes the foreclosure on 160 acres of as good land as lies in the township, yet the amount due is \$2,900 or about \$17 an acre. Beal holds the mortgage and can't wait. That's where the gold standard punches the farmer in the diaphragm.—Adrian Press.

The trouble with Bro. Stearns is that he is talking about something of which he has no knowledge. If he knew more about the matter spoken of above, he would not write that or any other sort of an item about it. And if he knew more about national finances he would not be continually showing his ignorance in wild-editorials.

Catarrh is a Disease—

Which requires a constitutional remedy. It cannot be cured by local applications. Hood's Sarsaparilla is wonderfully successful in curing catarrh because it eradicates from the blood the scrofulous taint which causes it. Sufferers with catarrh find a cure in Hood's Sarsaparilla, even after other remedies utterly fail.

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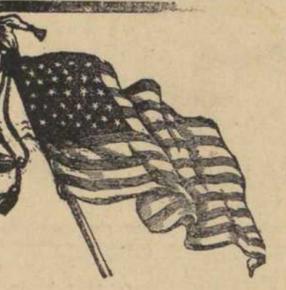
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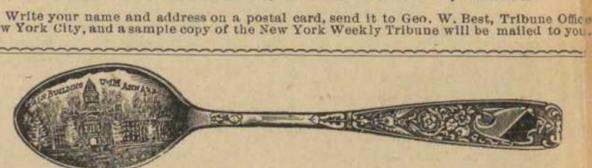
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