

Opening and Closing of the Mails.

Mails leaving Ann Arbor, East and West, will close as follows: GOING WEST.

Way Mail, 8:30 a. m. Through and Way Mail, Sunday and Monday, closes Saturday and Sunday night.

GOING EAST. Through and Way Mail, Night Line, 6:00 a. m. Through and Way Mail, Sunday and Monday, closes Saturday and Sunday night.

GOING SOUTH. Ypsilanti and Banker's Pouch, 7:00 a. m. Toledo and Way, 11:10 a. m.

GOING WEST. Detroit, 7:00 a. m. Jackson, 7:30 a. m. Ann Arbor, 8:00 a. m.

RAILROADS.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE, DECEMBER 12, 1880.

GOING WEST.

Table with columns for Stations, Mail, Day Express, Night Express, and Freight. Rows include Detroit, Jackson, Ann Arbor, and Toledo.

GOING EAST.

Table with columns for Stations, Mail, Day Express, Night Express, and Freight. Rows include Toledo, Ann Arbor, Jackson, and Detroit.

The New York Express, a fast train leaving Chicago at 3:30 in the afternoon and makes the following stops: Michigan City, 5:25; Niles, 6:35; Kalamazoo, 7:45; Battle Creek, 8:15; Jackson, 9:30; Ypsilanti, 10:50; G. T. Junction, 11:55; arriving in Detroit at 12:50 P. M.

TOLEDO & ANN ARBOR RAILROAD.

Taking effect Sunday June 27, 1880. Train by Columbus time.

GOING SOUTH.

Table with columns for Stations, Mail, Day Express, Night Express, and Freight. Rows include Toledo, Ann Arbor, Jackson, and Detroit.

GOING NORTH.

Table with columns for Stations, Mail, Day Express, Night Express, and Freight. Rows include Detroit, Jackson, Ann Arbor, and Toledo.

DETROIT, HILLSDALE & SOUTHWESTERN.

GOING WEST.

Table with columns for Stations, Mail, Day Express, Night Express, and Freight. Rows include Ypsilanti, Jackson, Ann Arbor, and Detroit.

GOING EAST.

Table with columns for Stations, Mail, Day Express, Night Express, and Freight. Rows include Detroit, Ann Arbor, Jackson, and Ypsilanti.

JOTTINGS.

Additional local on second page. The Gregory house is crowded. Firemen's ball 22d of February. Potatoes are 75 cents per bushel.

They have commenced drawing stone for the new Unitarian church. Jeff Davis has moved his furniture from the court-house basement.

The donation given to Rev. Dan Shier in Saline amounted to about \$100. Prof. Wilsey gives a concert to-morrow evening at Pennington's Corners.

There is a person in this city who is sometimes taken for Buffalo Bill. W. W. Wait, of Dexter, has purchased Joe T. Jacobs' fine carriage horse.

Mrs. N. H. Pierce, the writing medium, has returned from Hastings. James & McCleery will lay the marble floor in the Gregory house office.

Jewell & Son finally took charge of the Gregory house last Saturday night. The legislature of Pennsylvania is still balloting for United States senator.

In Ypsilanti the time for collecting taxes has been extended to Feb. 26. Messrs. Wilsey and Mallory gave a concert last evening at Forbes' Corners.

Edwin Booth, who is "doing" England, is greatly admired by the Britishers. There had registered in the university up to Saturday last 1,550 students.

Koch & Haller have moved into their new store next to Mack & Schmidt's. Rev. Mr. Kilpatrick of Mason, bagged \$50 from a donation a few days ago.

Mrs. Dr. Hunter, of New York city, is visiting her nephew, Mr. Wm. Ball. The Daily News has an office of its own over Brown & Co's. drug store.

Examinations were held last week in the literary and medical departments. The high school junior exhibition is to come off on the evening of March 18.

Klein's mill dam in Saline came within an ace of being washed away last week. The Free Press says "Boss" Beal is to control the republican state convention.

It is expected that Revenagh will take the class pictures for the senior pharmacists. The Ypsilanti reform club was addressed Sunday by Col. Tucker, of Ohio.

W. Fred Schlandler, of Chelsea, started the first pop factory in Ann Arbor. Pork has reached \$7.25 per hundred, and beef by the side brings \$6 per hundred.

Probate Judge Webster, of Bay county, was "doing" the city the last of the week. Peter Paquet has purchased the water privilege, tanks and wagons of H. Kitzredge.

The concert last evening under the auspices of the reform club, drew a good number. John Ross has a telephone in his new flour and feed store. This makes 34 now in use.

After Mr. Bain's lecture in Detroit, Sunday evening, 700 persons signed the pledge. H. K. White, on the river road, gave a party Friday night to his Unitarian friends.

A chimney burning out on A. D. Seyler's store yesterday, made a great smudge. Laura Dainty and the musical society at university hall to-morrow (Friday) evening.

Prof. Tuttle addressed the civil service association of the university Saturday evening. An overcoat was stolen from in front of Douglas & Henderson's store Monday evening.

Paymaster Jarvis, of the T. & A. A. R. R., was in the city yesterday auditing accounts. Chas. Boylan, who has been in business several years, has sold out to Wm. Ball, who will continue at the old stand on South Main street.

I. C. Handy has been presented by the members of Golden Rule lodge, F. & A. M., with a very beautiful gold and silver pastmaster's jewel. John Kelly, not the great Tammany chief, but a poor tramp, was consigned to 20 days' imprisonment by justice Winegar last Thursday.

John Thompson, a resident of this place since 1831, died at his residence in the first ward, Monday, of paralysis, at the age of 83 years. Lottie and Francis Boyer, (colored) were arrested last Friday by constable Gidley, on the charge of larceny. The complainant is Mrs. Bycraft.

Jacob Deiterle, who was working for E. B. Arnold, came to the city last Thursday and filed up. He was run in, and Friday he got 30 days in jail. The homeopathic clinic last Saturday was the largest in several weeks, and a number of very difficult operations were performed by Prof. Franklin.

F. Stoffel had Wm. Codes, a typo, arrested Monday on the charge of larceny. The young man was found guilty and committed to jail for 20 days. The Free Press speaks in the very highest terms of the "Legion of Honor." This play is to be given to-morrow evening, and at Saturday's matinee.

Last Thursday was a lively day for the police and for a time it looked as if they would fill the jail with drunken men. A number of arrests were made. Don't forget Dr. Franklin's lecture before the reform club next Tuesday evening at the opera house on "The Press, Its Power and Responsibilities."

Stephen Martin, John Nicholson, Edward Morrison and Jas. Keenan, drunk and disorderly, were given the grand run by justice Winegar last Saturday. The citizens of Chelsea will have the pleasure of hearing the Ann Arbor city band Saturday evening. The boys will give a concert in the above village.

"The Whiskey Fiend," a temperance drama, under the management of P. S. Purcell, will be given to-morrow evening at the old Catholic church in Northfield. The Toledo & Ann Arbor railroad officials are putting in a Y near the Manhattan bridge. They were obliged to do this on account of damage to the trestle work.

Michael Sullivan was arrested Saturday night by deputy sheriff Orcutt, on the charge of being a disorderly person. Monday he was given 20 days in jail to sober off. Hanlan, the oarsman, still retains the title of champion sculler of the world. Laycock was too slow for the Canadian. A large amount of money changed hands on the result.

Mrs. Harriet Monroe, the lady thrown from her carriage in the fifth ward some weeks ago by a runaway horse, and severely injured, died at her home in Howell Monday. David M. Green, a senior medic (old school) was given a free ride to Howell last Saturday by the sheriff of Livingston county. Green is charged with committing an abortion.

The Juvenile brass band furnished the music at the bazaar Tuesday night. The little fellows did themselves justice, and the audience appreciated their efforts by repeated encores. In the appeal of Sarah Goodrich from the decision of the judge of probate; the same was denied, and the order and decree of the probate court affirmed with costs to appellants.

Mr. Wm. Ball and Olivia O. Beach, were married Sunday by the Rev. Dr. Haskell. Among the wedding presents was a check for \$500 from Mrs. Dr. Hunter, of New York. Mrs. Mary Wakefield, charged with the larceny of \$14 from Mr. Rice, a medical student, was arrested Monday. Examination next Monday. Officer Gidley served the warrant.

Cadavers command a good round figure. This should be obeying intelligent to grave robbers. They are about out of material at the university and want subjects awful bad. William A. Hatch, Jr., was agreeably surprised Friday evening by his friends to the number of 75, who met at his residence, the occasion being the 12th anniversary of his marriage.

S. J. Clark, the historian, who has been writing the history of Washtenaw county, after a four months' residence in this city, has finished his work, and left for his home in the west, Tuesday. V/here is to be a matinee at the opera house Saturday afternoon. Those who may not be able to go Friday night will have an opportunity of witnessing the play of the "Legion of Honor."

John Wesley proved himself last Thursday to be a pedestrian of no mean order, for in less than 10 minutes after appearing before a justice of the peace, he was outside the city limits tramping lively for the next station. A number of senior pharmacists have organized a society for the study of organic chemistry, with O. T. Textor as president; S. B. Parsons, secretary; and O. F. Oles, clerk. The society expects to meet on Thursday of each week.

Many rivers in the east and south have been on the rampage, and a large amount of damage is reported; in the west the people have suffered terribly from the cold, and trains were abandoned on account of severe snow storms. Fritz Bros., of Scio, were making cider during the thaw of last week. They had on hand about 300 bushels of apples at the time of the cold snap in November last. The cider produced is much superior to that made from unfrozen apples.

J. Ross, who was with Swathell & Co. for five years, has opened a wholesale and retail flour and feed store in the Goodrich building, diagonally across from Swathell, Kyer & Peterson's, on the corner of Ann and Fourth street. See his advertisement. Lawrence Whitlark, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Whitlark, of the township of Ann Arbor, who recently arrived here, entertained the teachers and scholars of the Unitarian Sunday school last Saturday afternoon, at their home on the Dexter road.

The funeral of Louis Gerstner occurred last Friday. Ann Arbor lodge No. 37 A. O. U. W., of which he was a member, folded the remains to the grave. Mr. G. was the first member of the order that had died in this city. His father will receive the \$2,000. The democratic state convention to nominate a candidate for justice of the supreme court and two candidates for regents of the university, is to be held at Lansing Tuesday, March 8. Washtenaw county will be entitled to 14 delegates in the convention.

Judge Morris has dismissed the bill in the divorce case of Elizabeth Staphis against John Staphis. Sawyer & Knowlton appeared for the complainant and Frank Emerick and Geo. Turnbull for the defendant. The charge she brought against him was cruelty. Chris Fritz's double-nosed pointer dog, "Captain," died very suddenly a few days since. "Cap" was a very valuable dog and the only one of that breed in this part of the country. He was highly appreciated and will be much missed by the veteran sportsmen of the county.

A young lady medical student living near the university noticed some days ago that her wood pile was lowering rapidly, and thinking she might ascertain who the guilty party was, loaded several sticks with powder. The result was an explosion in the room of a brother medic. The reform club expect to have only big guns at the anniversary in March. Among those who are mentioned as speakers are Gov. St. John of Kansas; Hon. S. F. Carey, of Ohio; Gen. Gibson of Ohio; Col. Bain, of Kentucky; and Edward Carswell, the great Canadian orator.

The Detroit Evening News in speaking of "The Legion of Honor," says the drama is intrinsically strong and effective, and when presented by such a fine company as that at Whitney's it becomes one of the most powerful and virile plays that have been given in Detroit this season. The same company appear at Hill's opera house to-morrow evening. At the temperance meeting Sunday afternoon a number of students showed their ill-breeding by applauding after the prayer had been pronounced. They were severely rebuked by the chairman, who said he never seen, even among bummers in the army, such disrespect for the laws of common decency.

Bester G. Brown, the student mentioned in this paper two weeks ago, called on us last week and presented for our consideration a number of receipts bills from merchants and others in this city. The bills and also recommendations were dated Feb. 8 and 9, while the article charging Brown with being a D. B. appeared on the 3d inst. If True Democrat made a mistake in going for the young man, the gentlemen have since received their pay. Last Sunday afternoon Eugene Cummings filled his pipe as was his habit, from a box in which he keeps his tobacco. After lighting the pipe he smoked back in his easy chair to enjoy a little. He had only taken a whiff or two when

there was a report and the pipe was blown into a hundred pieces. It seems that in picking up things about the house, a cartridge was thrown in with the tobacco, hence the explosion. It was a narrow escape for the smoker.

In the spring of 1861 a military company known as the Sutton Dragoons was organized at Whitmore Lake. Geo. Sutton was captain and Philip Winegar first lieutenant. After being mustered into the service T. V. Quackenbush was appointed captain by Gov. Bain. The company numbered 50 men, and did good service in the Third Michigan Cavalry. Before starting out the men were drilled by Capt. Carill, a former captain of the Washtenaw Guards, who now resides in Brighton.

About two weeks ago Robt. Bradley, an employe in Corwell's factory, after receiving his monthly wages started for the city. On his way and between his father's residence and the North Dexter road, he lost a \$30 gold piece. On account of the deep snow it was almost useless to look for it, and Mr. B. gave it up last few days since Mr. John Schenck found the piece in front of his premises. Mr. Schenck, knowing the circumstances, like an honest man returned it to its owner. Bob was made happy.

One would judge from the number of suicides committed lately that it has become epidemic. The latest sensation is the case of Ann Reed, a medical student, who, in a fit of despondency took her own life last Thursday night. It is said she feared she could not pass her examinations and took to the water in Orion lake. Her body was discovered Saturday. She held to the opinion that if a person didn't desire to linger on this mundane sphere it was not wrong to die by their own hands. Miss Reed was one of the smartest scholars in her class.

Dr. Silas H. Douglas wishes it distinctly understood that he would not accept a position in the university. He says in his letter to the Free Press: "Under ordinary circumstances it would have been a pleasure to die in the harness, in the service of the institution which has been for so many years first in my thoughts and affections. But under the existing circumstances, after a separation of five years and at my time of life, I feel that in justice to myself, as well as to the university, this would not be best, and that under no circumstances could I again assume my old position or in fact any position in its faculty."

The anecdote of the inquisitive man who asked another how he lost his leg, and, after having promised to ask no further questions, was told that it was "bit off," has been variously told, and often wrongly attributed. The incident is properly told in Scribner for March, in a paper on Copley, the American artist of the last century. The incident occurred between Brook Watson, afterward Lord Mayor of London, and his servant, who, in pulling off his boot, was warned in vain that if he was not careful he would bring the leg off too,—which, much to his astonishment, he did. As a matter of fact, Watson's leg had been bitten off by a shark in the harbor of Havana; an event commemorated in a famous picture by Copley, which is engraved with the above mentioned paper.

Mrs. C. W. Rumney, a sister of Mrs. Will Doty, of this city, is publishing a daily and weekly paper—The Durango Record—at Durango, Col. When the first number of the paper was issued there was not a building in the place. The inhabitants struck their tents and commenced building, and a town sprung up as if by magic. Mrs. Rumney is a ready writer, and for several years was the Washington correspondent for a number of the leading daily papers in the country. That she is possessed of indomitable pluck, energy, and perseverance is evidenced by her efforts to establish a paper in the western wilds as it were. She has undertaken what many a man would have shrunk from, and as the country is said to be rich in minerals there is no doubt but what she has struck a bonanza.

The Albany Argus says the play of "The Planter's Wife" grows in public favor with each presentation. Those who see it a second time always find new beauties in its action, and are more pleased with it than at a first seeing. Miss Thompson's work is most artistic throughout. In the first part of the second act, in her scene with her affianced, the only time throughout the drama when she is seen in the repose of peace, without fear of further persecution, she is very arch and provokes great good humor among the audience. But, presently, when her lover's guest is presented and a mutual recognition occurs, she rises even to grandeur in her interview with him. From that time to the close her acting is extremely emotional, and some of the scenes are very strong. It would be impossible for any woman to act the part better than she.

Among the early pioneers of Northfield was Patrick Donovan, now aged 85 years who still resides on the land he took up from the government. Uncle Patrick, as he is called, settled in Northfield in 1828, and with his own hands cleared up the farm on which he now resides and owns. At that time it was a howling wilderness, and many a night did "Uncle Patrick" sleep at the door of his cabin—merely a blanket—armed only with a pitchfork to keep the wolves away. At one time when he thought he had no neighbors nearer than the Suttons,—four miles south of his place—he heard the sound of the stranger's ax, and as it was something strange in that locality he went to investigate, and found Orison Leland cutting logs to build a dwelling. They remained fast friends during the life of Mr. Leland whose death occurred a few years ago, and Uncle Orry had no more sincere mourner than Patrick Donovan.

The bazaar given by Company A was well attended each evening, and Tuesday night the receipts at the door amounted to nearly \$50. The following is a list of the articles raffled: Case of mixed candies, Miss Pauline Gerse; lamp mat and tidy, S. W. Millard; lace tie, J. Hoffstetter; pin cushion and toilet set, Frank Emerick; silver goblet, C. J. Durheim; F. M. Cowles; revolver, A. J. Davis; lady's silk handkerchief and tidy, Mrs. C. H. Manly; letter case and pair of mittens, N. H. Winans; rug. Joe T. Jacobs; silver vase, Mary Waha; book rest, C. Howe; toilet set, Nettie McCarty; waste basket, Frank Hangster; waste basket, Mrs. J. Muehlig; doll, Minnie Lewis; marble top table, Nellie Lennan. There was a lively contest over the gold watch by a friend

of the respective candidates, and when the voting closed Miss Emma Schaler was ahead. Each vote represented 10 cents, and the amount received on the watch figured up \$134.80. The following is the vote: Miss Emma Schaler, 593, 1 1/2; Miss Tillie Hangsterfer, 351, 6 1/2; Miss Belle Earle, 497, 5-10. The water service was given to the Beethoven Gesangverein, which society received the largest number of votes.

The Sunday Magazine for March. This number is one of remarkable excellence, and the new editor, Rev. Mr. Taylor, has catered most successfully for the education and entertainment of his readers. There is, as he remarks, "something for everybody, of whatsoever class, or of whatever age. . . . Bible students, and sermon readers, and temperance reformers and lovers of stories will all find in this issue something to suit them and to help pass the time pleasantly and profitably." Among the distinguished contributors are the Revs. J. M. Whiton, R. C. Houghton, W. T. Wylie, T. H. Vail, Bishop of Kansas, C. F. Deems, David Swing, H. Bonar, Bishop Peck, etc.; Alfred H. Guernsey, Hattie W. Arnold, Mrs. J. G. Burnett, Josephine Pollard, Frank H. Converse, Louise Moulton, etc. The opening article by the editor, "Our Home Heavens," is highly interesting, and equally so is "Scenes on the Danube," by A. Guernsey, both are finely illustrated. The serial story, "Out of the World," is continued, and the several short stories, sketches, etc., are replete with interest and well written. The numerous poems are of singular merit. Dr. Deems explains "Hard Places in the Bible"; the sermon is by Rev. C. N. Sims, on the "Supernatural Success of Christianity." But it is impossible to convey in a brief notice any idea of the rich, literary and artistic feast prepared by the editor. There are 128 quarto pages and over 100 engravings. A single copy is only 25 cents; a year's subscription, \$3; postpaid. Address, Frank Leslie's Publishing House, 53, 55 and 57 Park Place, New York.

A Cross Baby. Nothing is so conducive to a man's remaining a bachelor as stopping for one night at the house of a married friend and being kept awake for five or six hours by the crying of a cross baby. All crosses and crying babies need only Hop Bitters to make them well and smiling. Young man, remember this.—Traveler.

Habitual Covetousness is a bane of nearly every American woman. From it usually arises those disorders that so surely undermine their health and strength. Every woman owes it to herself and to her family to use that celebrated medicine, Kidney-Wort. It is the sure remedy for constipation, and for all disorders of the kidneys and liver. Try it in liquid or dry form. Equally efficient in either form.—Boston Sunday Budget.

A Wonderful Discovery. For the speedy cure of Consumption and all diseases that lead to it, such as stubborn Coughs, neglected Colds, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Asthma, pain in the side and chest, dry hacking cough, tickling in the throat, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, and all chronic or lingering diseases of the throat and lungs, Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal and is established for itself a world wide reputation. Many leading physicians recommend and use it in their practice. The formula from which it is prepared is highly recommended by all medical journals. The clergy and press have complimented it in the most glowing terms. Go to your druggist and get a trial bottle for ten cents, a regular size for \$1. For sale by Eberbach & Son, Ann Arbor, Mich.

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE. CHAS. H. MANLY'S Abstract and Real Estate Office, No. 11, First floor, Opera House block, Ann Arbor, Michigan.

Abstracts furnished on short notice on any parcel of land in Washtenaw county, from French Claims of Ypsilanti, to the most complicated titles in the Village of Manchester.

Money to Loan on Real Estate securities. For Sale!

167 1/2 Acres, good buildings, well watered, within 2 miles of the Court-House.

120 Acres at \$50 per acre in the township of Webster, good buildings. Terms to suit purchaser.

House and Lot, in block 4, n. r. 11 E. Ann Arbor city, terms to suit purchaser.

A Good Farm, 300 acres, well improved, in the township of Webster, good buildings, \$65 per acre.

A House and double Lot at Whitmore Lake, \$700.

House and Lot, on the corner of Packard and Main streets.

House and Lot, on Ingalls street, north of University, \$3,000.

House and Lot, on Lawrence street, \$2,000.

House and Lot, on Elizabeth St., \$2,000.

A House and 1-2 acre of land in 5th ward, west side of the Dixboro road.

House and three Lots, in the Fifth ward, good locality, \$1,000.

House and five Lots on Miller avenue. Will be sold at a bargain. Good barn on the premises.

30 Acres of land on Whitmore Lake road, within 3-4 miles of Court-House. Would like to exchange for city property.

Good Two Story House and large lot, on the corner of North and Fourth streets, Third ward, for sale on easy terms.

The West House and four acres of land at Whitmore Lake for sale or exchange. Terms satisfactory to purchasers.

Ten Acres of Land, with good buildings, situated near the Eber-White road, one mile from Court-House.

Lots 77, 78, 80, and part of lot 89 and a large brick house with 12 rooms, R. S. Smith's addition.

Good Improved Farm, consisting of 100 acres, 3 miles north of Wayne, and 18 miles from Detroit. Two orchards, large dwelling house, and barn. This property will be sold at a bargain, and on the most liberal terms.

40 Acres near a village, not particular as to township.

Three Acres wanted near Ann Arbor city. I have frequent calls for 6 per cent loans on long time, good security.

Wanted! THE DUFFY TOOL COMPANY, AND TAKEN OOTHER.

As we manufacture our OWN STEEL we are enabled to put the proper quality in the PARTICULAR TOOL.

Ask Your Hardware Merchant for Hardware MANUFACTURED BY THE DUFFY TOOL COMPANY, AND TAKEN OOTHER.

ANN ARBOR, FEB. 8, 1881.

THE DUFFY TOOL CO., SOUTH CHICAGO, ILL. MANUFACTURERS OF

Blacksmiths, Machinists, Tinners, Coal Miners, Carpenters, Stone Masons, and

Miscellaneous Tools, ALSO

CRUGIBLE CAST STEEL

Wanted!

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ANN ARBOR DEMOCRAT.

Opening and Closing of the Mails.

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GOING EAST. Through and Way Mail, Night Line, 6:00 a. m. Through and Way Mail, Sunday and Monday, closes Saturday and Sunday night.

GOING SOUTH. Ypsilanti and Banker's Pouch, 7:00 a. m. Toledo and Way, 11:10 a. m.

RAILROADS.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

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Taking effect Sunday June 27, 1880. Train by Columbus time.

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GOING NORTH.

Table with columns for Stations, Mail, Day Express, Night Express, and Freight. Rows include Detroit, Jackson, Ann Arbor, and Toledo.

DETROIT, HILLSDALE & SOUTHWESTERN.

GOING WEST.

Table with columns for Stations, Mail, Day Express, Night Express, and Freight. Rows include Ypsilanti, Jackson, Ann Arbor, and Detroit.

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JOTTINGS.

Additional local on second page. The Gregory house is crowded. Firemen's ball 22d of February. Potatoes are 75 cents per bushel. Jas. W. Allen is slowly on the mend. Fannie Davenport in "Pique" March 10. Next Tuesday is Washington's birthday. Theo. Taylor will soon go to Detroit to live. Jacob Butler has been admitted to citizenship. There is a scarcity of coal at the university. Prof. Wilson was called to Lansing Tuesday. Henry W. Rogers is down with the erysipelas. There was a fearful rain storm last Friday night. The receipts from the bazaar were a little over \$700. The Troubadours will put in an appearance March 15. B. Frank Bower, of Detroit, spent Sunday in this place. "Legion of Honor" Friday night at the opera house. Willie Lennan drew the marble top table at the bazar. Wm. Campion has been doing police work for several days. M. McDougal, Esq., of Bridgewater, was in town yesterday. The junior hop is to come off Friday evening at armory hall. Rev. Mr. Spence is holding a series of revival meetings in Saline. Dr. Spear, of Battle Creek, has opened a dental office in Chelsea. Miss Nellie Hoben, of Dexter, has come out to a temperance lecture. Wm. Albaby will attend the inauguration of President Garfield at the opera house next Tuesday evening. Prof. Franklin lectured at the opera house next Tuesday evening. Prof. Franklin was in Centerville, Tuesday on professional business.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

MICHIGAN.

The Hollanders in this state are holding meetings to show their sympathy with the Boers of South Africa in their struggle against Great Britain for independence and relief from oppression.

The family of Harry Allen, west Bay City was nearly suffocated by coal gas from the stove. One young woman was so far gone that it took half an hour to restore her to consciousness.

A Calhoun county farmer, living near Battle Creek, having mistook some of his calves for some time, soaked some of the staple in a solution of strychnine. A few nights later it was stolen, and a neighbor's horse died of strychnine in his possession.

The steamer City of Ludington has been seen floating in the ice miles off Port Washington, Wis.

While Charles Miller of Detroit was eating breakfast, his wife approached him to embrace him, and Peter Henon cut across the room across his throat, inflicting a terrible gash on the right side and also cutting his right hand.

The Calumet & Hecla, Quincy, Franklin, Fevick and Algonac copper mines yielded about 247 tons of copper during January.

The grand lodge of the knights of honor met at Kalamazoo and about 200 persons were present. The reports of the grand lodge in a flourishing condition in this state and all over the Union. There are 114 lodges in Michigan, with a total membership of 7,630 and 180 lodges were organized during 1880 and eight suspended.

Bert Clippinger, a young boy of Lansing, Michigan, was the subject of the legislature from the upper story of the capitol, while sliding down the balustrades, to the lower story, and was instantly killed.

The steamer City of Ludington has got within two miles of Milwaukee. The passengers went ashore on the ice and are now back where they started from after more than a fortnight in the lake.

Horace Becker, formerly deputy sheriff and J. S. Marshall for Bay county, has been convicted in the criminal court of the legislature.

The Democratic state executive committee has called a state convention to meet in Lansing, Tuesday, March 8, 1881, to nominate candidates for justice, for supreme court, and two regents of the university.

The preliminary investigation of the murder of Mrs. E. J. Barnard was held for trial for murder in the first degree.

The trial of Peter Henon at Fenton, charged with selling liquor to a man in an intoxicated condition, resulted in a conviction and sentence to pay a fine of \$30 and costs, besides 20 days' imprisonment.

A private bank started at Ionia by Webber, Just & Co. gives the city the benefit of four banks.

H. B. Ledyard and James McMillan have purchased the Detroit and Bay City railroad for \$3,625,700 cash.

The body of Ann Reid, the Orion suicide, has been found.

Jerome C. Clark of Armada was arraigned before Justice Spencer on a charge of selling liquor to a minor. He entered a plea of guilty and was sentenced to pay \$250 and \$300 in the county jail.

Garrett Coulthart was convicted of slandering Leon and fined \$50, or 60 days in jail. He was sentenced to pay \$250 and \$300 in the county jail.

Horace Becker of East Saginaw was sentenced to 15 years imprisonment on a charge of stealing liquor. He was sentenced to pay \$250 and \$300 in the county jail.

John Harker, a rich farmer, near Bellevue, who was recently arrested on a charge of stealing, has been tried, and after a long and hotly-contested struggle, a verdict of guilty has been returned.

Wm. Schreiner, aged 35, a farmer, near Mt. Clemens, hung himself in his barn Saturday.

Ten tons of fish arrived in West Bay City Saturday from the fisheries on the ice of Saginaw bay.

The cold water grange has just voted to become a regularly incorporated society, and will immediately take measures to that end. They will also purchase a site and erect a grange hall for their own use.

A rich farmer named Smith, living near Bridgeway, has been complained of for letting his cattle trespass and stray to death, while he had plenty of fodder in his barn, whereupon the prosecuting attorney has ordered the cattle and some other property to be seized and forfeited for cruelty to animals.

Jackon Pollock of Batavia, while driving home from Colwater, his team became unmanageable, running to a point which was frozen over. The team breaking through the ice and stopping suddenly, Mr. Pollock was thrown out into the hole made by the team and was drowned.

The Den Herder's bank at Zeeland was victimized out of \$800 by purchasing forged checks from a man named Jones, who had killed himself. He has not yet been captured.

Eton G. Annis of Onondaga, Indian county, hung himself Tuesday, or 60 days in jail. He had plenty of fodder in his barn, whereupon the prosecuting attorney has ordered the cattle and some other property to be seized and forfeited for cruelty to animals.

Two farmers named Collins and Hammond were arraigned at Mt. Clemens Monday, charged with stealing about a dozen sheep from a man named Jones.

Jackon will probably have a street railway built next summer.

The Hon. J. M. Dickinson of Winfield, formerly mayor of Detroit, died Monday afternoon, of sudden death, at his residence.

A company has been formed in Detroit to supply oil and gas to private residences with the Edison electric light.

The house ways and means committee favor the enlargement of the government building in Detroit.

Mr. Hens of Ionia has been sentenced to state prison for life for murdering his son-in-law.

Eastern papers are passing around an item to the effect that a young man, who had been an English literature in the university of Michigan, is about to take holy orders in the Episcopal church.

The small-pox is spreading rapidly in New York city.

OUR CITIES.

Population of 169 of them, by the New Census, of 1880.

The following table shows the population of 169 cities of the United States arranged alphabetically, according to the official returns of the census of 1880, compared with the population of the same cities in 1870. It includes all that have now ten thousand inhabitants or more:

Table with 3 columns: City Name, 1870 Population, 1880 Population. Includes Albany, N.Y., Albany, Pa., Alton, Ill., etc.

CONGRESS.

February 9.—The principal business of congress was the counting of the electoral vote in the hall of the house. The galleries were filled with a vast concourse of people.

February 10.—In the senate the bill appropriating \$200,000 for a hall for the deposit of government records was passed.

February 11.—In the senate the bill appropriating \$1,000,000 for the establishment of lines of American iron steamers was passed.

February 12.—In the senate a resolution inviting foreign countries to take part in the New York world's fair of 1885 was passed.

February 13.—In the senate the bill appropriating \$1,000,000 for the purchase of land for a canal in the state of Michigan was passed.

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THE TRANSVAAL.

Something About the Boers of South Africa.

The first Dutch colony at the Cape of Good Hope was founded about thirty years after the Dutch West India company obtained its patent for the colony of the New Netherlands.

The Dutch were then in possession of the Spice Islands and the Eastern trade, and their ships used to call at the Cape for water, and to bury letters in the sand for their consorts to pick up. A shipwrecked merchant, Leenhart Jantz, and a surgeon, Jan Van Riebeck, saw what a convenience a permanent station at this half-way house would be, and they proposed to the Dutch East India company.

One of their arguments was that it was expedient to prevent the Cape being occupied by the Portuguese. Curiously, the Portuguese who discovered and named the Cape of Good Hope, never tried to occupy it.

They occasionally had landed there, and the Victoria and the Kaffirs, the two men had been killed by the natives. Their comrades took a cruel and treacherous revenge. They sent ashore a brass cannon as a present to the native chief. It was loaded with grape-shot, and ropes to drag it were attached to the muzzle. The Hottentots crowded to the ropes to carry off their prize. The Portuguese fired it. The slaughter was terrible; the frightened survivors fled, and the Portuguese got back to their ship as fast as they could. They never tried to land again.

Jan Van Riebeck reached Table Bay in 1651, and purchased the right to settle from the natives for the sum of fifty thousand guilders—a bad bargain, considering that the Manhattan island had been bought for sixty guilders. The colony thus founded prospered, and was re-enforced not only by immigrants from the mother country, but by numerous French Huguenots. His history was very uneventful. The Dutch increased and multiplied, pressed the natives back, and had the usual border wars. They lived, like our predecessors in the good days of Peter Stuyvesant, in a state of peace with the natives, but with a good deal of comfort and respectability.

The first disturbance in the event tenor of their work took place in 1795, that great year of changes. The United Provinces became the Batavia Republic, under French protection, and the Stadtholder, the last of the Dutch line in England occupied the Dutch possessions in the Eastern seas, and did not overlook the Cape of Good Hope. Troops were landed, nominally by the authority of the Prince of Orange. They met with slight resistance, and Sir James Craig became the first English Governor of the Cape. The Cape was surrendered by the British to the people of Amiens; but when that peace was broken, it was again seized, this time after a desperate resistance. In 1814, the Congress of Vienna gave England permission to turn her occupation into possession, and she has held it ever since.

By this time the Boers had pushed their pasturing farms to the Kaffir territory. The border quarrels became fiercer and more cruel. Boers complained that the English government did not protect them. To pacify them, the latter reformed the Kaffirs beyond the Great Fish River. In 1819, the Kaffirs attacked the colony, and were driven back to the Orange river. In 1833, they were again ordered to move on, and another war was followed by another large annexation. Hitherto, when cattle had been stolen by the natives, an equivalent had been recovered from them by an expedition, called a commando, consisting of armed Boers. The English government, being in the habit of interfering, abolished this system, and made other arrangements, of which the Kaffirs approved highly, and the Boers as highly disapproved. The latter said it was no joke to pay taxes for English law when it neither protected them nor allowed them to protect themselves.

They complained that this could only be done by annexing the territory. England listened to these representations. A commissioner was sent to Pretoria. The Transvaal flag—green, with the Dutch horizontal tricolor in the fly—was hoisted down, and the country formally annexed.

England had paid dear for her folly. Secession had twice revolted. Cetewayo required an army to crush him. The Boers are full of hatred. A petition bearing 6951 signatures of adult Boers, praying for restoration of the country's independence, was forwarded to England. But in vain. They have now a new leader in Jonker, an old Boer, who has not extraction, who is held in universal esteem. British troops have been defeated. British garrisons are besieged. The sympathy of Europe is with the Boers. Their countrymen of Rotterdam, Leyden, all the famous cities of the Low Countries, have published resolutions to the effect that they will not do anything to assist the British government. All Americans must feel an interest in this struggle for Republican institutions. New Yorkers, citizens of a State founded by Dutch colonists, must feel double sympathy for this Dutch war of independence. Mr. Gladstone can not be dead to such appeals. He is overpowered by sympathy for the Boers, and their accumulated grievances determined many of them to quit the colony. Five thousand stout Dutchmen, heads of households, packed up their Bibles, took their old rifles, and set out for a land of freedom. The wagon is to the Boer a house on wheels. He and his family sleep in it at night; the latter traveling slowly, and he provides the dinner by bringing down some of the countless antelopes. Thus they plunged into the interior, now fighting, now negotiating, till they came to the Orange River. There, beyond the limits of the colony, they founded the Orange Free State. Another party, nine hundred strong, went to the coast to the Drakenberg and went down to Natal, on the coast, where they were intended to build a New Amsterdam. Here the Boers hoped to find peace. But in 1841 the English Governor of the Cape warned them not to attack his "allies," the Amponda Kaffirs. The Boers said that they would not do to do with England, and would protect their property as they chose. Two hundred and fifty British soldiers landed at Natal. The Boers told them to quit. They attacked the Boers, but were defeated and blockaded in their camp. At length more English soldiers were landed, and Natal was made an English colony.

This seizure of Natal, as impolitic as iniquitous, has been the cause of all England's subsequent troubles in Africa. The English settlers in Natal were chiefly land speculators, army contractors, office-holders, and the like, and war and annexation were right popular among them. Their influence led to the invasion of the Orange Free State, and its transformation into the Orange Sovereignty. The General of the Boers, Pretorius, was driven across the Vaal. When he saw in these iniquitous conquests was built in, John Bull began to grumble. The settlement of Natal had one bad one, and in 1851 Great Britain left the Dutch in possession of the Transvaal and Orange River territory, stipulating never to interfere between the Boers and the natives, and never under any pretext to cross the Orange River. The Boers were not to be troubled by the Basuto tribe—whom the Boers were going to wipe out—under her protection and she crossed the Orange River. When she left the Orange territory in 1852, it was poor. Farms since then have been laid out, towns built, roads made, and regular government established, but the country was not worth anything. In 1869, however, the Orange Free State contained the most remarkable diamond mine in the world. On an old map of 1850 there is written across this tract the words "Here be diamonds." Of course it was contrary to good policy to allow the natives of the country but England to have such a mine. Land-sharks and swindlers set to work. They soon found that the mine was not in the Orange State or

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The principal witness in a case on trial was a woman. She had sworn so positively to the facts that her opposing counsel saw that their client would be defeated, unless her testimony could be impeached. She was a stranger, and no one knew whether her character was good or bad.

But she had sworn that at a certain time she was living in Ohio. Upon that point they called a witness to contradict her; and thus established the inference that if she was false in one point she was false in all. The witness then called swore that he saw her at a dance in Illinois at the time she testified to being in Ohio.

The woman, who was seated some distance from the witness-stand, and wore a beautiful set of false teeth, whispered to the counsel on her side, "Let me ask him a question?" "Certainly," he answered. Turning her head, she slipped out her false teeth, stepped up quickly to the witness-stand, and held them up to the face, opened wide her mouth, exhibiting two or three rotten fangs, and said—"Did you ever see me before?" "No, I can swear I never did," answered the amazed witness. You looked some like the lady I saw, but I see you are not the same woman. She had been in the witness-stand, but she had testified at first.

The Average Man.

The average weight of an adult man is 140 lbs. 6 oz.

The average weight of a skeleton is about 14 lbs.

Number of bones, 240.

The skeleton measures one inch less than the height of the living man.

The average weight of the brain of a man is 3½ lbs., of a woman, 2½ lbs. 11 oz.

The brain of a man exceeds twice that of any other animal.

The average height of an Englishman is 5 ft. 7 in. of a Frenchman, 5 ft. 4 in. of a Belgian, 5 ft. 6½ in.

The average weight of an Englishman is 150 lbs.; of a Frenchman, 136 lbs.; and of a Belgian, 140 lbs.

The average number of teeth is 32.

A man breathes about 20 times in a minute, or 1,200 times in an hour.

A man breathes about 18 pints of air in a minute, or upwards of 7 hogheads in a day.

A man gives off 4.08 per cent. carbonic gas of the air he respire; respire 10.666 cubic feet of carbonic acid gas in 24 hours; consumes 10.667 cubic feet of oxygen in 24 hours, equal to 125 cubic fathoms of common air.

A man gives off 120 pounds of water in a day.

The average of the pulse in infancy is 120 per minute; in manhood 80; at 80 years, 60. The pulse of females is more frequent than that of males.

The weight of the circulating blood is about 25 lbs.

The heart beats 75 times in a minute; sends nearly 10 lbs. of blood through the veins and arteries each beat; makes four beats while we breathe once.

540 lbs. or 1 hoghead 1½ pints of blood pass through the heart in one hour.

12,000 lbs. or 24 hogheads 4 gallons, or 1,782 pints pass through the heart in a day.

1,000 oz. of blood pass through the kidneys in one hour.

174,000 holes or cells are in the lungs, which would cover a surface 30 times greater than the human body.

The Lapeer Tragedy.

The examination of Mrs. Barnard, charged with the murder of Mrs. Curtis, was continued before Justice Barber at Lapeer last week. The prosecution introduced the dying declaration of Mrs. Curtis, which was admitted as evidence after objection and argument. The declaration reiterates the statement that Mrs. Barnard is guilty and relates the facts of the alleged crime as heretofore detailed in these columns. Dennis E. Holland, the officer in the case, gave the details of the arrest and the prosecution rested.

On Wednesday the defence introduced Wm. Henderson, at whose house Mrs. Barnard boarded. Witness had occasion to get into the rear to defend Mrs. Barnard, and he testified that he did not see either kerosene or gasoline.

Wm. Colerick, sheriff of Lapeer county, testified that he made a thorough examination of the prisoner's clothing about half an hour after the arrest, and that he did not find any powder or lead.

On Thursday several witnesses were introduced who testified to the good character of the defendant, and the case closed with a motion to discharge made by the defence. The justice overruled the motion and held the accused for trial, declaring the crime to be murder in the first degree and not bailable by an examining magistrate.

It is understood that the defence will move for a change of venue and apply to the supreme court for leave to furnish bail.

A material which has been proposed for the filtering and decolorizing of sugar and other substances consists of a mixture of clay and blood, mixed with blood in the proportion of three parts of clay to four of blood. Some mixture is added to lumps of any convenient form, dried, broken into small pieces, mixed with an equal bulk of granulated sugar, and after having been carbonized in a retort, carefully screened. The screenings are said to answer admirably for the purpose for which they are designed.

A stock company was formed by seven boys of Belleville, Ind., for the purpose of selling up railroad iron into chunks and selling it to junk men. They raised a capital of \$6, with which they bought some tools and began operations. One rail had not been prepared for market, however, before the shareholders were all arrested. The concern is insolvent.

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