

Ann Arbor Democrat.

Published every Thursday. ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN BY JOHN L. BURLEIGH.

The People's Paper

TERMS: \$1.50 PER ANNUM. Invariably in Advance.

COOK HOUSE AND ST. JAMES

H. HUDSON, Proprietor. Ann Arbor, Mich.

H. R. HILL

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office No. 8, Opera House Block, Ann Arbor, Michigan.

W. E. DEWEY

TURNBULL & DEWEY, Attorneys at Law, Room 3, Opera House Block, Ann Arbor, Mich.

W. W. NICHOLS

DENTAL OFFICE, over Joe T. Jacobs' Clothing Store, Ann Arbor, Mich.

WILLIAM CASPARY

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY, 22 Detroit Street.

JOSEPH CLINTON

Merchant Tailor, shop over Wm. Allen's boot and shoe store. All work guaranteed or no charge.

JOHN F. LAWRENCE

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office, Nos. 2 and 3 Hill's Opera House, Ann Arbor, Mich.

O. C. JENKINS

DRUGGIST, Rooms No. 19 South Main Street, opposite the First National Bank, Ann Arbor, Mich.

THEOS DALE

Professional Dyer and Clothes Cleaner, third door south of the Opera House. Samples of work can be seen at the shop. Satisfaction guaranteed.

ANTON EISELE

DEALER IN MONUMENTS and Gravestones, Manufactured from Italian Marble and Granite. Also Scotch and American Granite. Shop Cor. Detroit and Catherine sts. Ann Arbor, Mich.

LOUIS ROLAND

DEALER IN TOBACCO, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, and Snuff, of all kinds. Also manufacturer of Cigars at No. 7 East Huron street, Ann Arbor, Mich. Strictly Retail.

PATRICK MCKERNAN

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Notary, Public, Real Estate Agent, Money to Loan and Records searched. Conveyancing and all legal documents drawn on reasonable terms. Office in the court house, Ann Arbor, Mich.

JACOB HALLER & SON

DEALER IN WATCHES, CLOCKS, Spectacles, Jewelry, Special attention given to repairing Watches and Jewelry. 44 South Main Street, Ann Arbor.

WILLIAM HERZ

HOUSE, Sign, Ornamental and Fresco Painting, Glazing, Caulking, Papering, and Paper Hanging. All work done in the best style and warranted to satisfaction. 44 West Washington Street, Ann Arbor, Michigan.

S. B. PARSONS, M. D.

Successor to Stone & Parsons, OFFICE AND DISPENSARY, Corner Huron and Fifth Streets, Ann Arbor, Mich.

E. C. FRANKLIN, M. D.

OFFICE OF SURGERY, HOMEOPATHIC DEPARTMENT, University of Michigan. Residences and offices at Liberty Street. Dr. Franklin will attend surgical cases here, or by consultation in different parts of the State. ALL DEFORMITIES CURED by his improved method.

Mrs. E. F. Todd

Would call the attention of her old patrons to the fact that, having removed her Dressmaking Rooms over A. Wiley's Music Store, she is prepared to do all kinds of Dress and Cloak making in all the latest styles. Perfect Fits Guaranteed. Children's clothes a specialty.

WILSEY'S MUSIC STORE.

PIANO ORGANS, SHEET MUSIC, Instruction Books, Violins, Guitars, Flutes, etc. cheap at Wiley's Music Store, east side Public Square, Ann Arbor, Michigan. The largest and best Stock of Musical Goods ever brought into Washington County. Violin and Guitar strings call before purchasing anything in the Music line.

J. R. SAGE'S

MUSIC STORE is the cheapest place to buy Pianos, Organs, Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Tambourines, Drums, Flutes, Flageoles, etc. Also, Accordions, Piano Stools, Violin Boxes, Instruction Books for all kinds of instruments. These Music notes, Strings, and quality of all kinds. Everything in the music line from a Chickering Grand to a Jew's Harp can be found at J. R. SAGE'S Music Store, No. 4 Washington St., Ann Arbor.

FOR INSURANCE

YOUR PROPERTY

C. H. MILLEN, INSURANCE AGENT,

No. 4, South Main Street, ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN.

The oldest agency in the city. Established a quarter of a century ago. Representing the following first class companies:

Home Mutual Ins. Co. of N. Y. Assets over \$4,000,000

Commercial Union Ins. Co. of N. Y. Assets over \$2,000,000

Fire Ins. Co. of N. Y. Assets over \$1,000,000

Fire Ins. Co. of N. Y. Assets over \$1,000,000

Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid

The Ann Arbor Savings Bank,

(Organized 1869, under the General Banking Law of Michigan) has now, including capital stock, etc., etc.

OVER \$500,000 ASSETS.

Business men, Guardians, Trustees, Ladies and other persons will find this

SAFE AND CONVENIENT

Place at which to make Deposits and do business.

Interest is allowed on All Savings Deposits of \$1.00 and upward, according to the rules of the bank, and interest compounded semi-annually.

Money to Loan in Sums of \$25 to \$5,000.

Secured by Unincumbered Real Estate and her good securities.

DIRECTOR—Christian Mack, W. W. Biss, W. D. Hartman, William Dumble, R. A. Wain, Donahue, Wain, W. B. Biss.

OFFICERS—Christian Mack, President; W. W. Biss, Vice-President; C. E. Hancock, Cashier.

A HANDFUL OF EARTH.

Here is a problem, a wonder for all to see. Look at this marvelous thing I hold in my hand.

This is a magic, surprising, a mystery. Strange as a miracle, hard to understand.

What is it? Only a handful of earth; to your touch.

A dry, powdery powder you tramp beneath your feet.

Dark as lifeless; but think, for a moment, how much it hides and holds that is beautiful, bitter, green.

Think of the glory of color! The red of the rose, the green of the myrtle leaves and the fields of grass.

Yellow as bright as the sun where the daffodils bloom, Purple where violets nod as the breezes pass.

Think of the manifold form of the oak and the vine, Nut, and fruit, and cluster, and ears of grain.

Of the anchored water-lily, a thing divine, Unfolding its delicate snow to the kiss of morn.

Think of the delicate perfume borne on the breeze, Of the golden wren catkin's odor of Spring.

Of the breath of the rich narcissus wakening, Of the sweet pea's flight of flowers, of the nestle's nest.

Strange that this lifeless thing gives vine flower, tree, Color and shape and character, fragrance, too.

That a timber that builds the house, the ship for the sea, Out of this powder, its strength and its might, comes slow to draw.

That the cocoa among the palms should suck its life from this dry dust, while dates from the same soil grow.

From this dry dust, rich fruits; that our summer's sweet, rich fruits; that our autumn's glory should yield to it.

How should the poppy sleep from the seed of this source?

That the grapes in the vine should be made of this dust?

How does the weed find food for its fabric? Where the lilies proff their blossoms pure?

Who shall compass of fathom God's thought profound? We can but praise, for we may not understand.

But there's no more beautiful riddle than this: That in this mass of dust I hold in my hand.

—Youth's Companion.

NEEDLE AND THREAD.

'An old bachelor?' said Honora Maywood.

'That's what he told me, just in so many words,' said Mrs. Pennyacker.

Who stood at the threshold of her best pocket-handkerchief, and a hair broom in her hand, wherewith she gesticulated, after a tragic fashion, as she talked, while Miss Maywood, tall and slender as a white lily, stood in the hall, with a roll of music under her arm, and her slight figure wrapped in a shabby black shawl.

Every day night, never attempted to beat me down a penny, if you'll believe it, my dear.

'Why shouldn't he?' said Honora.

'Most people do,' said Mrs. Pennyacker. 'A wrinkled old widow like me, who has her living to earn, is mostly fair game for everybody. A real gentleman, my dear, every inch of him, but he's a little particular I'm afraid.'

'I suppose most old bachelors are,' said Miss Maywood, smiling.

'Yes, my dear—yes,' nodded Mrs. Pennyacker. 'But this gentleman is beyond the average, I think.'

'And if he is?'

'Nothing,' said Mrs. Pennyacker, making a dash with her broom handle at a stray moth fluttering in the air, and suttering blindly against the garnet damask window curtain. 'Nothing, except that one don't know where to have him. He drinks only English breakfast tea, and he wants his pie-crust made with the best Alderney butter, instead of lard, as is so good enough for other people's windows, and an open grate, instead of the base burning stove; and—I hope you'll not be offended, my dear—but he particularly dislikes a piano.'

'Dislikes a piano?' said the little music teacher, reddening in spite of her self.

'And he says, says he: "I hope, Mrs. Pennyacker, that there is no piano in the house. A piano," says he, "plays the deuce with my nervous system, with its everlasting tun, tun!" These are his words, my dear. So I courties, and says: "You'll not be troubled with one here, sir. "And so, my dear, I'll be grateful if you won't mind doing your crockery" while he's out for his daily walk—from 1 to 3, just as regular as the clock.'

Miss Maywood looked piteously up in the landlady's face.

'I will do anything to oblige you, Mrs. Pennyacker,' she said earnestly.

'I haven't forgotten how much I'm indebted to you, both in a practical and in kindness, which money can never repay.'

And her soft blue eyes filled with tears as she spoke.

'My dear, don't say a word,' said Mrs. Pennyacker, hastily. 'You've been sick and you've got a little behind hand, and it's quite natural you should be a little low-spirited now and then. But you mustn't get discouraged. Things will look up after a while. And you're quite welcome to stay on here until you're able to settle up your little account.'

Honora Maywood sighed as she thought how often her little advertisement had been inserted in the daily papers, without attracting the least notice from the world of patrons and pupils. There were so many "capable music teachers, willing to give lessons at moderate prices," nowadays, and how was any one to know how sorely she needed the money?

And as time crept on and no pupils came, Honora began to ask herself seriously whether she should go out in some menial capacity, or stay genteelly at home and starve.

'Yes,' said Honora, coloring. 'Put them down, Sally. But I—I'm afraid it isn't convenient to pay your mother's bill.'

'Mother didn't say nothin' 'bout the pay,' said Sally, wiping her forehead with a whisk of her hand, sniffing herself nearly off her feet. 'I was to leave the clothes with her 'umble duty, and she 'oped they'd suit; but it was that

damp on Monday and Tuesday as starch wouldn't stick. And she 'opes you'll excuse all mistakes, as they'll be done better next time.'

'I dare say they are quite right,' said Honora, with a little sigh, as she surveyed at this unexpected access of courtesy on the part of her Milesian landlady.

But when Sally had stumped off down stairs, her flapping slippers beating a sort of tattoo as she went, and Miss Maywood took off the fringed towel that covered the basket of clothes, she gave a little start.

'Shirts,' said Honora, 'and socks, and turn-over collars, No. 16, and great, big pocket handkerchiefs, like the sails of a ship, and white vests, and—goodness me! what does it all mean?' Mrs. Mulvey has sent me some gentlemen's wardrobe by mistake. I must send these things back at once.

And Miss Maywood looked down at the articles in grave consideration.

'I never had a brother,' mused Miss Maywood; 'and I can't remember my father; but of this I am quite certain, if I had either one or the other, I should thank a girl to mend their dilapidated wardrobes if they looked like this. And Mrs. Mulvey came here last night, and unfortunately I have nothing to do, so I'll just mend this poor young fellow's clothes, whoever he may be. A half-starched theological student, perhaps, training for the Polynesian Islands; or, perhaps a newspaper reporter, or a pale clerk under the dazzling sky lights of some dry goods palace. At all events, he's worth what I am, for he can't mend his own clothes and I can.'

And the smiles dimpled around Honora Maywood's little rosebud of a mouth, as she sat down to darn-holes, sew on tapes, and insert patches.

'He'll never know who did it,' said Honora to herself, 'but I dare say he'll be thankful, and if one can't get a little good in this world, one ought not to grudge one's time and trouble.'

And as Honora sitched away she mused sadly whether or not she ought to accept a position which had offered itself as assistant matron in an orphan asylum, where the work would be almost unendurable, and the pay next to nothing, with no Sundays nor holidays, and a ladies' committee, consisting of three starched old maids, to 'sit' upon her the first Friday of every month.

'I almost think I'd rather starve,' said Honora. But, dear me! starving is a serious business, when one comes to consider it.

And Mrs. Mulvey came back, puffing and blowing like a human whale, in about two hours.

'Mother says she's sent the wrong basket,' said she breathlessly.

'I thought it very probable, Sally,' said Miss Maywood.

'And mother compliments,' added Sally, 'and she can't undertake your things no longer, Miss Maywood, 'cause she does a cash business, and she ain't been paid on your account since last June.'

Honora felt herself turning scarlet.

'I am very sorry, Sally,' said she. 'Tell your mother I will settle my bill as soon as I possibly can.'

Sally frowned out of the room, red and indignant, like an overcharged thunder cloud, and poor little Honora, dropping her head on her hands, burst into tears.

'Pretty girl, that—very pretty,' said Mr. Broderick, the old bachelor, to his landlady.

'Do you mean—'

'I mean the young lady boarder of yours that I see on the stairs now and then,' said Mr. Broderick. 'Nice figure—big, soft eyes, like a gazelle. Didn't she tell me she was a music teacher?'

'That's her profession,' said Mrs. Pennyacker. 'But there ain't many pupils as wants tuition, and poor little dear, she has but a hard time of it.'

'Humph!' grunted Mr. Broderick. 'What fools women are not to have a regular profession. If I had a daughter I'd bring her up a self-supporting creature.'

And Mr. Broderick disappeared into his room, in the midst of a large circle of devoted friends, who will rejoice to hear of her union with the sometime Lord Mayor of London. The groom has been married before and has a family by his first wife, and it is indirectly through his daughter, Miss Hilda Waterlow, attending the same school as the daughter of General Williams of this state, and the friendship which grew up between them, that the wedding in Paris has resulted.

When Gen. Williams visited his daughter in England, introducing an American lady as his daughter's chaperon, naturally the whole party shared the attention and hospitality of the Baronet. Consequently, last autumn when Sir Sidney Waterlow came on this coast, some of those who had been so handsomely entertained by him while in England, gave him, his young daughters and son, a hearty welcome.

The acquaintance of Miss Hamilton and Sir Sidney dates from that period. As the guests of the family of Charles Crocker in London, Hamilton and her sister were en route for Monterey at the time Sir Sidney Waterlow was passing over the road in his private car, accompanied by Gen. Williams. It was on the cars that he first met Miss Hamilton, the gentleman's manner proving conclusively he was attracted in no ordinary degree. Subsequent acquaintance, however, and billiard-playing in which Miss Hamilton was an adept, and the charming faculty of entertaining both young and old, made an impression which culminated in a formal proposal of marriage at a dinner-party given under the hospitable roof of Mr. Crocker.

On the subsequent arrival of Miss Hamilton and Mrs. George Hearst, Sir Sidney and she were met at Liverpool by Sir Sidney and informed that a suite of rooms at the hotel was in waiting for them, but as a special favor to himself and particular gratification to his daughter, who had met Miss Hamilton in California, he begged to be allowed the pleasure of entertaining the ladies. At last Mrs. Hearst consented, agreeing with Sir Sidney that by acceding to his invitation the family would have a better opportunity to know the lady upon whom he had placed his choice. In due time the Baronet declared to his family and relatives his intentions regarding Miss Hamilton. The news was received with the best of feeling, and resulted in an interesting and special business of tendering congratulations.—San Francisco Chronicle

'Oh, dear! oh, dear!' said Mrs. Penny-

THE FARM.

SPRING NOTES FROM A BATTLE-FIELD.

The farmer and the farmer's wife. A sitting hen defied.

And, for a while, glad vict'ry seemed. To crown the aggressor's side.

The coach-house was the battle-field, And Biddy's will was arm.

Within its sacred precincts there To serve her little term.

What though they shut the wood-shed door, And showed her the nest—

Filled the very bin with eggs— To soothe her ruffled breast?

This Biddy knew a thing or two; And, from a window high,

Back to her chosen mate again Triumphantly did fly!

Two was shot here, and shot there; And shriek, and squawk, and flatter,

Until that peaceful farm was filled With noises just too utter!

And angry farmer lost his wife; The wife he never saw again.

He and Biddy, both sitting hen Had such determined loy.

They pecked here! they pecked here! They treated in accents dire!

But you they feared not, well! Her purpose 'ere to stir!

And even though a wagon-pole Was brandished at a pinch,

They could not scare nor terrify Nor budge that hen an inch.

At last the farmer charged the hen, But punched a milk-eyed cow,

Who pined the plow, who kicked the pig, Who raised a dreadful row.

The pig broke out and found his way. Down to the garden bed;

And followed on his marital heels The hen who treated him as dead.

They visited the rows of beans, The hills of early corn,

The hot-beds and the lettuce beds, And left them all forlorn.

All that day, and all next week, The farmer did repair.

His wife he never saw again, But Biddy is not there.

Look for her in the carriage-house, Where, prickly as a thistle,

That sitting hen is sitting well. In one person and a bill!

The farmer and the farmer's wife At last have had their bill.

And Biddy sits victorious Upon that battle-field.

Oh, folks, delect Victory, To this desert us men,

And expect delicious plumage after this May-Day exercises, and so do modern men, but in the case of the celebrator of May-Day to-day there is always a lively uncertainty as to whether he will get his bed up in time for a solid nap, or whether he will be obliged to sleep on the floor.

With the extraordinary impetus given to cattle raising in the far west and southwest during the past decade, the present scarcity in the supply of cattle available for beef purposes, which has led to the recent advance of twenty-five per cent in the prices of beef, is quite unexpected to the average citizen.

For such cattle as are fitted for market the present is an unusually good time for realizing, since the present range of prices can be but temporary. Grass-fed beef will soon arrive on the market, and while high prices of meat also have a tendency to bring forward cattle which are ordinarily unprofitable, these would be good for fattening and marketing later in the season. Had it not been for the mild weather of the past winter and the excellent feed which has prevailed in most of the great grazing sections, the present scarcity of fine cattle would have been of still greater severity.

Next fall increased supplies of beef may be looked for. Returns from the Texas and the southwest, and even in Montana, has been very favorable, and the losses in cattle unusually light. It should also be remembered that extreme prices for beef checks its consumption among the masses of the people, who are forced to substitute fish, eggs, beans, pork and mutton.

As a result of the summer months is much lighter than in the winter season.

One of the most potent factors in the present enhanced cost of beef is the extensive export trade in American cattle and meat. In 1880 280,032 cattle, valued at \$16,877,882 were shipped abroad, and in 1881 215,762 head, valued at \$10,590,880. Upwards of 40,000 tons of American beef were imported into England last year, at a cost of about ten cents per pound. In the seven years between 1874 and 1881 the decrease in value of the live stock of Great Britain and Ireland showed \$22,620,180 in cattle, \$69,876,000 in sheep and \$2,905,000 in pigs, hence with an ever increasing population, especially among the meat-consuming classes, the deficiency in home supplies must be made up by imported meat. America seems to be the most natural source of supply, as, notwithstanding the great trade made over the shipment of Australian beef, recent attempts have turned out failures, and the United States need have no fears from either Australia or South American competition.

As a result of the summer months is much lighter than in the winter season.

One of the most potent factors in the present enhanced cost of beef is the extensive export trade in American cattle and meat. In 1880 280,032 cattle, valued at \$16,877,882 were shipped abroad, and in 1881 215,762 head, valued at \$10,590,880. Upwards of 40,000 tons of American beef were imported into England last year, at a cost of about ten cents per pound. In the seven years between 1874 and 1881 the decrease in value of the live stock of Great Britain and Ireland showed \$22,620,180 in cattle, \$69,876,000 in sheep and \$2,905,000 in pigs, hence with an ever increasing population, especially among the meat-consuming classes, the deficiency in home supplies must be made up by imported meat. America seems to be the most natural source of supply, as, notwithstanding the great trade made over the shipment of Australian beef, recent attempts have turned out failures, and the United States need have no fears from either Australia or South American competition.

As a result of the summer months is much lighter than in the winter season.

One of the most potent factors in the present enhanced cost of beef is the extensive export trade in American cattle and meat. In 1880 280,032 cattle, valued at \$16,877,882 were shipped abroad, and in 1881 215,762 head, valued at \$10,590,880. Upwards of 40,000 tons of American beef were imported into England last year, at a cost of about ten cents per pound. In the seven years between 1874 and 1881 the decrease in value of the live stock of Great Britain and Ireland showed \$22,620,180 in cattle, \$69,876,000 in sheep and \$2,905,000 in pigs, hence with an ever increasing population, especially among the meat-consuming classes, the deficiency in home supplies must be made up by imported meat. America seems to be the most natural source of supply, as, notwithstanding the great trade made over the shipment of Australian beef, recent attempts have turned out failures, and the United States need have no fears from either Australia or South American competition.

As a result of the summer months is much lighter than in the winter season.

One of the most potent factors in the present enhanced cost of beef is the extensive export trade in American cattle and meat. In 1880 280,032 cattle, valued at \$16,877,882 were shipped abroad, and in 1881 215,762 head, valued at \$10,590,880. Upwards of 40,000 tons of American beef were imported into England last year, at a cost of about ten cents per pound. In the seven years between 1874 and 1881 the decrease in value of the live stock of Great Britain and Ireland showed \$22,620,180 in cattle, \$69,876,000 in sheep and \$2,905,000 in pigs, hence with an ever increasing population, especially among the meat-consuming classes, the deficiency in home supplies must be made up by imported meat. America seems to be the most natural source of supply, as, notwithstanding the great trade made over the shipment of Australian beef, recent attempts have turned out failures, and the United States need have no fears from either Australia or South American competition.

As a result of the summer months is much lighter than in the winter season.

One of the most potent factors in the present enhanced cost of beef is the extensive export trade in American cattle and meat. In 1880 280,032 cattle, valued at \$16,877,882 were shipped abroad, and in 1881 215,762 head, valued at \$10,590,880. Upwards of 40,000 tons of American beef were imported into England last year, at a cost of about ten cents per pound. In the seven years between 1874 and 1881 the decrease in value of the live stock of Great Britain and Ireland showed \$22,620,180 in cattle, \$69,876,000 in sheep and \$2,905,000 in pigs, hence with an ever increasing population, especially among the meat-consuming classes, the deficiency in home supplies must be made up by imported meat. America seems to be the most natural source of supply, as, notwithstanding the great trade made over the shipment of Australian beef, recent attempts have turned out failures, and the United States need have no fears from either Australia or South American competition.

As a result of the summer months is much lighter than in the winter season.

One of the most potent factors in the present enhanced cost of beef is the extensive export trade in American cattle and meat. In 1880 280,032 cattle, valued at \$16,877,882 were shipped abroad, and in 1881 215,762 head, valued at \$10,590,880. Upwards of 40,000 tons of American beef were imported into England last year, at a cost of about ten cents per pound. In the seven years between 1874 and 1881 the decrease in value of the live stock of Great Britain and Ireland showed \$22,620,180 in cattle, \$69,8

Entered as Second Class Matter in the Post Office at Ann Arbor, Mich.

The assassination of Lord Frederick Cavendish and the Under Secretary will, it is to be feared, prove an irreparable injury to the Irish cause. The act will be deprecated by every liberty loving citizen of every nation.

The colored people are becoming justly indignant at the way they are treated by the republicans and propose to hold a convention soon. A very interesting article in reference to the subject will be found in today's paper. It should be read by every colored voter in the city.

At President Arthur's reception Tuesday evening, the crowd was so great that the entire time between 8 and 10 o'clock was consumed in receiving a continuous stream of people, and at 10 o'clock many present had not had the opportunity to reach the Blue room, where the Presidential party were in line.

A few persons have been making a great noise because the common council would not permit the publication of the names of the sureties on the saloon bonds, or in other words would not let the reporters examine them. Members of the council were asked to do this by many business men who signed bonds, for they did not like to have their names in print.

Whether the council were justified in taking the course they did is not for us to say, but we do know that it has been approved by those who are familiar with the facts. It certainly would not be fair to allow one newspaper permission to publish the names of the bondsmen to the exclusion of others and the council would not do it—all were served alike.

The question might properly be asked, "what good would it do to publish these names?" We leave it to those who seem to be more particularly interested in the matter to answer.

JUSTLY INDIGNANT.

The Colored Voters on Their Ear.

A NEW DEAL PROPOSED ALL AROUND.

What the Result Will Be Remains to Be Seen.

The colored voters of Michigan feeling they have nothing to hope for from the republican party, have started the "battle cry of freedom," and now propose to have a new deal. They have sent forth the following to their brethren of the state which will be read with deep interest, particularly by those with whom they have affiliated since given the right of suffrage. The colored people have just cause to feel indignant at the treatment they have received while subservient to the party that has never rewarded them with an office in republican Michigan.

THE APPEAL.

As we are now in the transit, from an unjust and involuntary attitude of menial servitude, civil and political, it is our important duty to understand ourselves on all moral, political and industrial subjects of the country, that we may so act as to command and effectually demand, the respect of our fellow citizens, of the other races of men, who, in the great aggregation of races, make up the nation of the United States of America.

THE APPEAL.

We have tried trusting long enough to convince any reasonable man that it is so fixed in the providence of the all-wise Ruler of all things, that we must, fearlessly and faithfully do our part, to attain due political representation and civil respect. Through the providence of God, the power has been placed in our hands, to accomplish those just ends for the moral and political benefit of all the citizens of the United States.

THE APPEAL.

But we cannot advance further, until we are organized and thoroughly understand each other and act solidly upon true principles of just representation, and labor earnestly and faithfully for the mutual equality in political and civil rights of the nation of the United States.

THE APPEAL.

Recent developments of the United States. Recent developments of the United States. Recent developments of the United States. Recent developments of the United States.

THE APPEAL.

The following are the transfers of real estate for the week ending Wednesday, May 10:

WARSAW DEEDS.

J. Melville Freer to Jas. Freer, 200 sec 17 and 18, lot 1, \$1,700.77. I. F. Nichols to Isabel Robinson, land in Ann Arbor township, \$800.74.

WARSAW DEEDS.

Edgar Bogardus to Murdoch McLain, lot in Saline village, \$600. Walter B. Hewett to Edward Reese, 2 acres Ypsilanti town, \$200. H. R. Hill to Anna B. Hill, lot 34 Jewett's add Ann Arbor \$1.

ers, at their caucus nominated Frank Beason, Esq., for supervisor in their township, and gave him their undivided support, at the polls and elected him—vice, Volinia township having a larger preponderance of white voters than Calvin of colored and from eighty to a hundred republican majority, at their caucus nominated Wm. Jefferies, a colored man, for highway commissioner, but at the polls they deserted him, and, of course, the republicans defeated him, but elected every republican on the ticket, with above mentioned exception. It is only reasonable to suppose that if the republicans had not considered Mr. Jefferies competent for the office, they would not have nominated him, and on the basis of competency are men nominated in any republican caucus, it is in the custom and habit of the party. Then, it must be settled upon us, to be a fact in this instance. And upon this point we conclude, upon reasonable grounds, that prejudice to our race—the old relic of barbarism—is what defeated Jefferies in Volinia. Such injustice to us can be amended, but by no other than ourselves. And, for that purpose, we should, and it is really incumbent upon us, to hold a county convention, at as early date as convenient, and organize ourselves for mutual support in all moral and political benefits, that, through providence, is placed in our hands. It is plain duty we owe the nation, and at this juncture, should we fail to do our duty we but prove that we are recreants and unworthy of our present privileges.

THE APPEAL.

All who favor calling a county convention to take into consideration the above mentioned, with many other important subjects of interest to us, and to appoint a standing advisory committee, to look after our interest, (convention to be held in Calvin, in May or June 1st, 1888) will please write a line to that effect to T. J. MARTIN, Dowagiac, Mich. Or to Jesse Ward, Cassopolis, Mich.

THE APPEAL.

The High School Prize Exhibition. It has been for sometime known that the school authorities have been planning for an exhibition of Mr. Douglas' pupils in advanced elocution, and that it had been proposed to offer substantial cash prizes to be competed for by those taking part. At first, when the prizes were proposed, some of the teachers were not in favor of the plan, as they thought it would be likely to establish a precedent which might be followed in other studies, thus introducing the prize system, the influence of which is so detrimental and deceptive in scientific studies. The majority of the teachers, however, as well as the board of education, considered that the work in elocution, especially in the higher grades, is of an entirely different nature from the other studies of the school, being an art in the proper sense, while they are truly sciences; and that, therefore, a prize exhibition in elocution is just as proper, and indeed conducive to real advancement as the prize exhibitions of the national academy are to the encouragement of the highest painting. When it was seen that this view of the case was the true one, the plan of the exhibition as at first proposed was completed.

THE APPEAL.

When Mr. Douglas took charge of the work in elocution last fall it was wisely decided to require in all the courses leading to a diploma two years' work of weekly recitations in the subject, the first year being devoted to intelligent appreciative reading, and the second to practice elocution, that is, to acquiring the ability to stand upon one's feet and express oneself in a natural, dignified and forcible manner. For those who wished to make a special study of elocution, there was arranged an advanced course, in vocal culture and gesture, which was made elective in the third and fourth years; but it was presumed that the number taking this course would not be large. At the opening of the term, however, no less than 84 elected the study, and at the beginning of the winter term it was found necessary to organize another class of those whose studies had been so arranged that they could not enter the first. This second class numbered 49, making in all 133 taking advanced elocution, so it was out of the question for so large a number to compete directly for prizes, it was decided to appoint a certain number to represent the class in the prize exhibition, and that these appointments should be made on a basis of the public Friday afternoon recitals, as this would practically allow all to compete. Accordingly, ten members of the class, those having the highest standing in these recitations, have been appointed to take part in the exhibition; and the names were read by the superintendent in chapel Tuesday morning.

THE APPEAL.

The exhibition will occur Friday evening, June 9, probably in the chapel. The prizes will be three in number: a first prize of \$20, a second prize of \$15 and a third prize of \$10. They will be awarded at the close of the exhibition by a committee elected by the board of education. The names of those chosen to speak are as follows: Agnes J. Calvert, Ann Arbor; Anna L. Campbell, Ypsilanti; Henry L. Clayton, Marion, Ind.; Gertrude Gregory, Ann Arbor; Frederic Lawrence, Clyde; Louise L. Lovins, Ann Arbor; Jesse H. Shattuck, Dowsco; Clement R. Stickney, Ann Arbor; and John F. Todd, New Sheffield, Pa.; Alice B. Wheeler, Pittsfield.

THE APPEAL.

Imus pays cash for live chickens. A. F. Darrow, the 10 cent bus man, takes orders at Holmes' drug store in the Cook house block.

THE APPEAL.

Byron Green having regained his health, offers his services as solicitor. Residence corner of Fourth and Ann Sts., Ann Arbor.

THE APPEAL.

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS.—Special inducements are offered you by the BURLINGTON ROUTE. It will pay you to read their advertisement found elsewhere in this issue.

THE APPEAL.

ADDITION G. McKEAN. GEORGE ARDNER'S Hotel and Restaurant, opposite the Michigan Central Depot.

THE APPEAL.

Accommodations for Travelers. Meals at all hours. A lunch counter in connection with his restaurant.

THE APPEAL.

GEORGE ARDNER, Proprietor, Ann Arbor.

THE APPEAL.

RESTAURANT! Having removed from the basement of the St. James Hotel to the new building occupied by CHARLES MILLER, on West Washington street, I take pleasure in notifying my many friends that I have opened a

THE APPEAL.

FIRST-CLASS RESTAURANT! Where lunch can be had anytime through the day. Meals at regular hours.

THE APPEAL.

Wm. Frank, PROPRIETOR.

THE APPEAL.

QUIT-CLAIM. Myron E. Knapp to Cerenia E. Knapp lot in Ypsilanti, \$1,200.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

TO BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received by Leonard Gruner for the construction of a School House in the Sixth ward of this city, until Saturday evening the 13th inst. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Judge Harriman in the Court House, after Monday next. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. By COMMITTEE. Ann Arbor, May 3, 1888.

TO BUILDERS.

The time for receiving the above bids is extended for one week, to Saturday, May 20.

Recent Announcements! We are receiving our Spring Purchases of Clothing, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods. OUR STOCK THIS SPRING IS VERY LARGE! And never as Stylish. My stock of Childrens' Clothing is the Largest Ever Shown in Ann Arbor. At prices this spring no one need go ragged. Call and see us. 27 and 29 Main Street, Ann Arbor Michigan.

F. & A. M.

ANN ARBOR COMMANDERY NO. 13 K. T. Regular Conclave held the first Tuesday evening of each month at the Lyman, in Masonic Hall at eight o'clock. W. D. HARRISMAN, E. C. W. A. TOLBURN, Recorder.

WASHBURN CHAPTER, No. 6, R. A. M.—Regular convocation at Masonic Hall on Monday evenings on or preceding each full moon. Visiting companions will be cordially welcomed. W. M. G. DOTY, H. P. ALBERT, Sec'y.

GOLDEN RULE LODGE NO. 159, F. & A. M.—Regular meetings at Masonic Hall, Thursday evenings on or before the full of the moon. N. D. GATES, Sec'y.

FRATERNITY LODGE NO. 392, F. & A. M.—Regular meetings Wednesday, and the first full moon in each month. Special meetings every first full moon on each Wednesday evening at 7:15 o'clock at Masonic Hall on South Main street, Ann Arbor.

W. D. HARRISMAN, W. M. N. D. GATES, Sec'y.

ANN ARBOR DEMOCRAT.

FRIDAY, MORNING, May 11, 1892

Friends of The Democrat, who have business at the Probate Court, will please request Judge Hartman to send their printing to this office.

JOTTINGS.

Additional local on second page. Judge Beakes is seriously ill. Donovan's famous Tennesseans May 20.

Ex-chief of police Johnson is in feeble health. In 1881 only 21 deaths occurred in this township.

Capt. Allen spoke in Ypsilanti Sunday afternoon. Fifty-six lawyers compose the bar of this county.

Masonry was first introduced into this city in 1826. Chelsea went almost mad over the circus Tuesday.

Isaac Dunn returned from his western trip Saturday. Dr. Douglas was in Cincinnati and Chicago last week.

Henry Matthews has a handsome new delivery wagon. The weather for the past few days has been delightful.

Wm. Potter is back from Kansas on a four weeks' visit. Mrs. Paul Schall—a boy, weight eight and one-half pounds.

The German theatre company was entitled to better houses. Members of the Saline club addressed the Lodi club Sunday.

The Savings bank is being handsomely frescoed by Fred Sorg. Eli Jenkins of Jackson, spent Sunday with friends in this city.

The old Danforth homestead is to be sold at auction Saturday. The fruit crop was not injured in the least by the recent frosts.

The bonds of the druggists in Dexter have been fixed at \$1,000. Mrs. E. J. Ferdon is going to build a residence on State street.

Deputy register of deeds Carpenter is sick with the bilious fever. The university boys beat the Cass base ball club Saturday 10 to 13.

W. H. Orndorf, junior lit, left for his home in Canton, Ill., Friday. M. H. Brennan has purchased the Dr. O'Toole property for \$2,350.

Next Tuesday the board of review will meet in the council chamber. Mrs. Lizzie Jewett, of Buffalo, N. Y., is visiting friends in the city.

Many citizens went to Detroit Tuesday to witness the K. T. trial. Dr. Maclean has refused an offer of \$1,200 for his spanking team.

The contractor gets 30 cents per yard for digging the postoffice cellar. Mr. W. Jenkins of Toledo spent Sunday with his people on Fourth street.

Special election next Wednesday at the engine house in the fourth ward. Dudson Webster, for 51 years a resident of Salem, died Friday aged 78 years.

The Walker Bros. will do the mason work on Henry Matthews' brick store. Dr. W. F. Breakey was called to Tawas City Monday on professional business.

Oscar O. Borg, the well known painter, is doing an immense business this season. Henry Hill, a colored person, was buried yesterday. He died of consumption.

The patient operated on by Dr. Franklin for tumor in the breast is doing nicely. Several persons from this city were attracted to Ypsilanti yesterday by the circus.

Ex ald. Kitredge has been awarded the contract of cleaning the streets. Price—\$30. Prof. Jenny, the electrician of Ft. Wayne, Ind., has been in the city some days.

Ann Arbor Commandery K. T. went to Detroit Tuesday. They will return tonight. The grass in the court house square was cut Tuesday for the first time this season.

Mate Wood attempted to kill herself last week by taking 10 cents worth of laudanum. Hanover square has been put in excellent shape under the direction of Ald. Henderson.

The ladies' homeopathic aid association will meet this afternoon at the hospital at 3 o'clock. The Racine and University base ball clubs play to-morrow afternoon on the fair grounds.

Martin Belser found a silver hunting case watch while walking on the Toledo road Sunday. Every tax payer in the city should vote for building an engine house, but they will not do it.

Isaac Dunn had something to say last evening in the Unitarian church about his western trip. Dr. Stowell read a paper before the state medical society which convened in Ypsilanti yesterday.

There was a reunion of J. H. Hicks' family in Lodi Monday and the occasion was an enjoyable one. The Alexander Bros. are building a barn 40 x 70 feet, and 20 feet high on their farm in Webster.

T. J. Keech furnishes the lumber for Prof. Spaulding's new house. N. H. Stone has the contract. Wm. Sanford, who skipped the country recently, left some \$8,000 in debt to numerous parties in Saline.

Chief Nowland has been called upon to bury five colored persons at an expense to the city of \$15 each. Rev. John Alabaster preached in Evans-ton Sunday. Rev. Mr. Bourns occupied the pulpit in his absence.

J. M. Slater has purchased 223 and 1.2 acres of land in Hand county, Dakota, and has gone to farming. Ypsilanti would like to have the brigade encampment there this summer. Hope it will so be arranged.

The Baptist association of this county will hold a two days' session in this city next Monday and Tuesday. Doc Calvert and Douglas Bealan were committed to jail Saturday for 30 days each for assault and battery.

Miss Emily B. Allen of Lodi is visiting friends at South Lyon. Before her return she will visit New York. Rev. Wyllis Hall and daughter went to Lansing Monday to attend the consecration of the Episcopal church.

James M. Wilcoxson runs the probate office during the absence of Judge Hartman and probate register Doty. Chas. Detas, who purchased the Wetzel place on Second street, is going to lay out several hundred dollars in repairs.

Chas. Miller offers a reward of \$10 for the arrest of the person, or persons, who broke off the tops of his evergreen trees. The saloons in Saline did not open last week. The Observer says it was an account of a "bitch" in the bond business.

The Hangsterfer confectionery company have commenced business, and their first order for candy was from A. Kearney. Jno. Schumacher has been given a lay off and Chas. Boylan will act as president of the reform club until after the election in July.

Fred Gakle and John Meyer killed a blue racer Sunday near the railroad bridge west of the city, that measured seven feet. Patzig Leonard of Northfield was arrested Saturday by detective Imus on the charge of assault and battery and threatening to kill.

Geo. Miller and A. Defries are the delegates from the Ann Arbor Arbeiter Verein to the state union to be held in Pt. Huron June 2. The apportionment of the primary school money is \$1.24 a head for each scholar in this county, or 18 cents more than last year.

The circuit court opened Monday with only 41 cases on the docket: Criminal, 6; court, 6; issues of fact, 18; Impairment, 1; chancery, 10. Herald: Wm. Judson, Geo. Taylor and F. D. Cummings, left Chelsea last Monday evening with nine hundred thorough-bred sheep for Texas.

Gilbert Bliss will leave next week for New Mexico. He will be accompanied by his wife as far as Chicago. They will be absent two weeks. Although there are not as many cases on the calendar as usual, a great many are for trial, and the term will probably last several weeks.

The sidewalk in front of F. Parker's building is in a dangerous condition. Unless it is repaired at once, some one will get their neck broken. Geo. LaMotte has received another invoice of groceries. His business in the opera house block is increasing, and he is building up a fine trade.

Geo. Marsden has beautified the grounds of the Psi Upsilon place, and has materially improved the appearance of Dr. Herdman's grounds by sodding. Mrs. Marion, Baxter of Charlotte, will deliver the next lecture in the Lever course at the Unitarian church, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Admission 10 cents.

The University base ball club contemplate taking a trip in a few days and will play in New York city, Princeton, and other places before their return home. Policeman Brown patrols the university campus with a new gold tucker in his vest pocket. The watch is a beauty and cost \$100. It was furnished by Watts, the jeweler.

Ernest Rector lately from Germany was before justice Winger Tuesday on the charge of intimidating the men in the employ of Joseph Audette. Sentence suspended. Donovan's famous company, "The Tennesseans" will give one of their popular concerts in this city May 20. They come highly endorsed by the press and public.

There are in Washtenaw county 12,787 children in the school census; the number included in the apportionment, 12,699; and the amount apportioned \$15,745.76, or \$1.24 per head. Gates of the fifth ward, commenced digging the cellar for the new postoffice Monday. Mack & Schmid purchased the dirt to level up some lots near the old brick yard on South Main street.

The residence of Jas. O. Smith on Mann street was discovered to be on fire Thursday afternoon last, but the neighbors succeeded in extinguishing the flames. Loss \$50. No insurance. Quincy Adams Turner will take the place of J. A. Buss as mailing clerk in the postoffice. Mr. Buss has occupied the position for years, but has concluded to go to Colorado to seek his fortune.

The telephone exchange started with 25 subscribers, and the business has increased until there are now 64 telephones in use in this city. It is a mere question of time before there will be 100 subscribers. Peter Pultrachar, a Frenchman who attempted to carve Russel Godfrey some days ago, got his sentence Monday. He will spend the next 90 days at Ionia. The case was heard before justice Winger.

Chas. D. Harvey, 39 years of age, in the employ of the Ann Arbor Agricultural company for the past eight months, and formerly from Lansing, died Monday. The remains were taken to Iliody for burial. Alfred Birmingham and Holly Humphrey who escaped from jail sometime ago, are now serving a year's sentence in Ionia. At the expiration of their term, they will be brought here and prosecuted for jail breaking.

P. McKernan, who acts for the prosecuting attorney in this city, says that he intends to bring in the future shall have justice done them, and that no man shall be sentenced to Ionia unless he has committed some crime. There was a great rush Monday morning for reserved seat tickets, and B. F. Watts was the busiest man in town. Last evening the opera house was crowded. McCullough fully sustained his reputation as a great tragedian. His support was also good.

J. B. Williams, who has been in the postoffice for a year or more, left this morning for Sheldon, Dakota, where he will open a general store with Jas. W. Allen, formerly a clerk in the postoffice. This one by one are citizens of this place drifting westward.

M. C. Siewcraft, a highly respected colored citizen, and proprietor of the tonorial rooms on Huron street, died Tuesday of consumption, after a long and severe illness. Sometime since he went to Colorado for his health, but soon after returned without having received any benefit.

While Thos. Wallace and Lovell Harrison of Northfield were returning home Sunday, a spirited young colt which Wallace was driving, shied to one side of the road and tipped the carriage over about half a mile from the city mills. Wallace had two ribs broken and Harrison was badly shaken up.

Ex-aiderman Ortman who has been engaged in business in the fifth ward for 25 years, has disposed of his interest, and left the city the last of the week. Before going he was treated to a serenade by the German band. Frank has many friends in this city whose best wishes will follow him to other fields of labor.

Sun: Mrs. Ann Doody, wife of John Doody, of the town of Dexter, died on the morning of May 31, aged 64 years, of heart disease. She was one of the pioneers of Michigan, having resided in the town of Dexter 45 years. Her life was one of Christian consistency. A large number of relatives and friends mourn her departure.

Prof. E. B. Warman of Detroit, an experienced and able elocutionist, will give a free entertainment under the auspices of the Alpha Nu literary society next Friday evening in room 24, north wing of university hall, upon true and false elocution and elocutionists, with examples of each. The entertainment promises to be very interesting.

Saturday a tramp was taken before justice Winger. P. McKernan appeared in behalf of the people and A. G. McKean for the defendant. Because the justice would not send the man to Ionia, the officer in charge got as mad as a hornet. He went for the court, attorneys and Matt Winger, and for a time it looked as if a knock down might follow.

Dexter Sun: Is it no disgrace to the name of our village to have such gambling, drunken scenes as of last Saturday and Sunday nights? A short time ago it was deemed wise to establish a night watch, for a time, to guard against the burglars. Would it not be well for our city fathers to take immediate measures to have their own laws enforced?

The students' lecture association elected the following officers last week: President, Edwin F. Mack; recording secretary, Arba S. Valkenburg; assistant treasurer, Walter Miller; corresponding secretary, Theo. W. Peers; treasurer, Louis E. Chapin; senior committeeman, Henry P. Packer; junior committeeman, Frank N. Lufkin; sophomore committeeman, Louis Gascoigne; vice-president, Henry E. Palmer.

Observer: A Camp of the Knights of the Macabees was organized in Saline Wednesday evening with the following officers at the helm: P. C. Geo. H. Mitchell, Com.; A. Miller, L. C.; A. F. Clark, R. K.; John Gillen, G. C.; A. F. Warren, Prel.; W. D. Mead; physician, Dr. P. McLachlan; Sec'y, W. J. Jackson; M. A. J. H. Bortle; 1st M. G., John A. Dunn; 2nd M. G., D. Sears; sentinel, C. C. King; picket, L. A. Phelps.

The following companies have entered for the sham battle and prize drill to take place in Detroit, June 15: Light Guards, City Greys and Montgomery Rifles, Detroit; Union Blues, Flint; Light Guards, Jackson; Light Guards, Adrian; Company A, Ann Arbor; Light Guards, Monroe; Light Guards, Ypsilanti; Cadets, Toledo; Greys and Light Guards, Cleveland; City Cadets, Buffalo; and several other companies yet to hear from.

The following Knights attended the big blow out in Detroit: W. D. Harrisman, Joe T. Jacobs, B. F. Watts, H. T. Morton, W. W. Nichols, J. H. Shepard, Howard Stephenson, H. F. Scoville, Martin Cremer, Dwight Peables, C. M. Hagadorn, Wm. H. Potter, W. A. Tolchard, A. Lord, J. W. Hamilton, J. C. Remes, Byron Green, Thos. F. Hill, C. F. R. Bellows, Chas. E. Hancock, C. S. Millen, L. C. Risdon, L. Goodrich, Jerome Freeman.

The house of Jacob Reinherd, near the Socio German church, including the contents, was destroyed by fire Monday morning. Insured in the German mutual. The house destroyed was one of the oldest in the township, and was formerly owned by Geoffrey Miller. At an early day it was a great place of resort for many who are now pioneers. The property was a total loss—over \$3,000. The building was insured for \$750 and contents for \$450.

Dr. O'Toole, a graduate of the medical department, class of '63, and for some years a practitioner in Bay City, and still later in this city, will leave in a few days for Chico, Butte county, California, which place he will make his future home. Dr. O'Toole, like many others, believes the west the country to go to, and so, believing, has concluded to seek his fortune on the Pacific coast. He will carry with him the best wishes of a large number of friends and acquaintances, and THE DEMOCRAT trusts that his hopes may be fully realized.

The following standing committees were appointed by the board of regents last week: Executive, Regents Blair, Cutcheon and Duffield; finance, Regents Walker, Grosvenor and Van Riper; literary department, Regents Cutcheon, Duffield and Joy; law department, Regents Joy, Blair and Shearer; medical department, Regents Grosvenor, Joy and Van Riper; library, Regents Duffield, Van Riper and President Angell; museum, Regents Van Riper, Blair and Cutcheon; chemical laboratory, Regents Joy, Shearer and Duffield; buildings and grounds, Regente Shearer, Walker and Grosvenor.

Rev. P. Werbeim and Henry Kirchoff called at the Enterprise office a few days ago and showed us the plans and specifications of the new church the Lutheran society will build in this village this season. Judging from the drawing, it will be an imposing structure. It will be located in the centre of the block just west of the public square. It will be built of brick, the main part 80x42 feet,

with a vestry in the rear 35x15 feet in size. The front of the building will be surmounted by a steeple 150 feet in height. The building will cost about \$20,000. Those who desire to see the plans and specifications for the purpose of making bids for the erection of the building, should call on the above-named gentlemen.—Enterprise.

Ypsilanti Committee: City officers and council.—Mayor, Henry R. Scovill; treasurer, Don C. Batchelder; attorney, Thos. Nindé; clerk, Peter W. Carpenter; marshal, A. H. Goldsmith; Supt. city poor, O. G. LaRue; health officer, E. Batwell; M. D.: city surgeon, Prof. Bellows; pound master, first district, William Smith; second district, John Pearl; aldermen—1st ward, Franklin Hineley and Wm. Robbins; 2d ward, Reuben D. Roys, Jerome Stephenson; 3d ward, N. M. Thompson, Thomas Campaign; 4th ward, George A. Neat, Joseph Fullmer; 5th ward, John Terna, Wm. H. Deulbe. N. M. Thompson fills a vacancy in the resignation of Capt. Richards, the latter's business obligations making it necessary for him to resign.

A bold scheme was carried out last Thursday by James Miller, a man in the employ of James Duncan at the time was using a span of brown horses on the farm, when the men approached they said they had a chattel-mortgage on the team, and so proceeded to read it, while the others strapped the team, when this was done, they bade Mr. Miller an affectionate farewell, and hastened away with the team as fast as possible. They were pursued as far as Milan and there their trace was lost. Since that time Mr. Duncan has received word from a man in Ohio that Mr. D. could have the team by paying him \$100—the amount claimed on the chattel mortgage.—South Lyon Express.

The Ann Arbor call to vote on that \$10,000 engine house appropriation next week is addressed to "all taxpayers." Wonder if that includes women? The ladies can vote at elections for school officers, but can they on other questions? There are possibly more women than men taxpayers in Ann Arbor, and surely they should have a say as to the matter. Almost the entire property on State street from the railroad to the university is owned by widows or maidens, and the proportion of such owners, in other parts of the city is very large. It is said that of the dozen or two votes cast by ladies on a similar occasion were thrown out; but, be that as it may, one lady (a large property owner) informed a News article the other day that unless she could have a vote on this tax proposition she should refuse to pay any tax if it be ordered, based on the ground that although "a taxpayer" her vote was rejected.—Evening News.

Circuit Court Proceedings. Wm. P. Campbell vs. Walker B. Sherman; on motion of E. B. Norris time to settle bill of exceptions extended to May 20. Lewis Beele vs. Jacob Staffan; judgment for defendant, cost entered. Edward P. Smith vs. Geo. Moffatt; on motion of defendant continued on payment to plaintiff of an attorney's fee of \$5 and clerk's fee of \$1. Harriet Walker vs. Thos. Walker; that complainant be allowed to testify in her own behalf. E. R. Aldrich vs. Alida Annin and B. W. Forbes, administrator; continued until next term of court. Wm. P. Campbell vs. W. B. Sherman; time to settle bill of exceptions extended until the evening of May 23.

Saline Doings. John LaRue and Charlie Harmon have returned from Texas.—There will be a social hop at Y. Davenport's, on the Ridge road for the benefit of the Universalist church of York, next Friday evening. Some of the farmers around here say they will not trade in Saline until they allow the saloons to be opened.—John Scher informs us that if he does not have a billiard ball this week he will open a billiard hall.—Tom Blackburn and Richard Marsh are going to start a restaurant in the Ortman building.—The editor of the Observer and Wm. Emmet intend opening a boot, shoe & crockery store in the Union block.—Fred Henis is going to start a grocery in the Union block.—The fire bell tower has been painted.—Geo. Ehnis has opened a tailor shop over John Schaffer's saloon.—J. Patte has returned from Dakota and says more of the boys will be back in the fall.

AN ORDINANCE

RELATIVE TO HACKNEY CARRIAGES AND OMBUSSES. [Passed May 1, 1892.] Be it ordained by the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen of the City of Ann Arbor:

SECTION 1. Every public carriage, cab, coach, hack or other vehicle drawn by one or more horses, or other animals, which shall be kept, used, driven or employed to convey any person, or persons, from place to place, within the limits of the city of Ann Arbor, or to carry any person or persons by the hour in said city, for hire, shall be deemed a "hackney carriage" within the meaning of this ordinance.

SECTION 2. No person shall hire or keep for hire, within the limits of the city of Ann Arbor, any hackney carriage or omnibus without a license therefor from the recorder.

SECTION 3. The recorder is hereby authorized to issue licenses, for the purpose aforesaid, to any resident of the city of Ann Arbor, of the age of twenty-one years, or upwards, of good moral character, upon his paying into the city treasury the sum of one dollar and the recorder's fee, and to any person, a non-resident of the city of Ann Arbor, of twenty years or upwards, of good moral character, upon his paying into the city treasury the sum of nine dollars and fifty cents, and the recorder's fee, for each hackney carriage or omnibus kept as aforesaid, and executing a bond to the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen of the City of Ann Arbor, in the penal sum of five hundred dollars, with one or more sureties, to be approved by the common council of said city, conditioned for a faithful observance of the charter and ordinances of said city, and that he will pay all fines, penalties, costs and damages for which he may become liable on account of such hackney carriage or omnibus, under his license as aforesaid, and that he will pay into the city treasury, the number of each hackney carriage or omnibus, with the name of the person to whom granted.

SECTION 4. No person shall drive or be permitted to drive any hackney carriage or omnibus, without being licensed as a public driver by the recorder.

SECTION 5. The recorder is hereby authorized to grant licenses to residents of the city of Ann Arbor, of the age of twenty-one years and upwards of good moral character, to act as drivers of hackney carriages or omnibuses, on the person applying the same, and paying into the city treasury the sum of seventy-five cents, and if a non-resident the sum of one dollar and seventy-five cents, together with the recorder's fee, and executing a bond to the Mayor, Recorder and Alder-

men of the City of Ann Arbor, in the penal sum of five hundred dollars, with one or more sufficient sureties, to be approved by the common council, conditioned as prescribed in section three of this ordinance.

SECTION 6. Every conveyance licensed under this ordinance, when driven or used at night, shall be provided with two lighted lamps, with plain glass fronts and sides; and shall also have the number thereof, as stated in the license painted in legible characters thereon, or upon some durable substance to be placed in conspicuous places on the outside of each hackney carriage or omnibus, in such a manner that the same may be distinctly seen and read when the conveyance is standing or in motion.

SECTION 7. Every person licensed under this ordinance, who first engaged such conveyance, shall at all times keep a good and sufficient carriage and horses.

SECTION 8. No owner or driver of any hackney carriage or omnibus, shall be allowed to remain on any street, square, lane or alley, without some proper person to take care of the same, and no owner or person to whom any place or places within the City of Ann Arbor, and on the person or persons being licensed under this conveyance, the same shall be driven by the most direct and safe route, to the place to which such person or persons may wish to go; and no driver or owner of any conveyance, except omnibuses, shall, without the consent of the person or persons therein, or of their parents or guardians, allow such conveyance, place therein any other person or persons.

SECTION 9. No owner or driver of any hackney carriage or omnibus, shall suffer the same to remain on any street, square, lane or alley, without some proper person to take care of the same, and no owner or person to whom any place or places within the City of Ann Arbor, and on the person or persons being licensed under this conveyance, the same shall be driven by the most direct and safe route, to the place to which such person or persons may wish to go; and no driver or owner of any conveyance, except omnibuses, shall, without the consent of the person or persons therein, or of their parents or guardians, allow such conveyance, place therein any other person or persons.

SECTION 10. Every driver of any hackney carriage or omnibus, shall be allowed to remain on any street, square, lane or alley, without some proper person to take care of the same, and no owner or person to whom any place or places within the City of Ann Arbor, and on the person or persons being licensed under this conveyance, the same shall be driven by the most direct and safe route, to the place to which such person or persons may wish to go; and no driver or owner of any conveyance, except omnibuses, shall, without the consent of the person or persons therein, or of their parents or guardians, allow such conveyance, place therein any other person or persons.

SECTION 11. No person unless licensed as an owner or driver, as herein provided, shall procure passengers for, or charge or receive for conveying passengers, the following rates or prices of fare and no more, to-wit: Twenty-five cents for the fare from the depot to any place within the city limits for each passenger, and where the time occupied does not exceed half an hour, twenty-five cents per ride for each passenger; and where the time occupied is more than half an hour, and less than an hour, fifty cents per ride for each passenger; children between the ages of four and twelve years when accompanied by their parents or guardians shall be charged half fare, and children under four years of age shall be carried free of charge. For the use of any hackney carriage or omnibus by the hour for not more than four persons, and with the privilege of going from place to place and stopping as often as required, one dollar per hour for the first hour, and seventy-five cents for each additional hour, for each passenger, for each trunk fifteen cents, but no charge for hours at the rate of seventy-five cents per hour; and for each additional passenger twenty-five cents. For the use by the day of such conveyance, ten dollars per day. For each trunk fifteen cents, but no charge for hours at the rate of seventy-five cents per hour; and for each additional passenger twenty-five cents. For the use by the day of such conveyance, ten dollars per day. For each trunk fifteen cents, but no charge for hours at the rate of seventy-five cents per hour; and for each additional passenger twenty-five cents.

SECTION 12. The drivers or owners of hackney carriages or omnibuses, may demand and receive for conveying passengers the following rates or prices of fare and no more, to-wit: Twenty-five cents for the fare from the depot to any place within the city limits for each passenger, and where the time occupied does not exceed half an hour, twenty-five cents per ride for each passenger; and where the time occupied is more than half an hour, and less than an hour, fifty cents per ride for each passenger; children between the ages of four and twelve years when accompanied by their parents or guardians shall be charged half fare, and children under four years of age shall be carried free of charge. For the use of any hackney carriage or omnibus by the hour for not more than four persons, and with the privilege of going from place to place and stopping as often as required, one dollar per hour for the first hour, and seventy-five cents for each additional hour, for each passenger, for each trunk fifteen cents, but no charge for hours at the rate of seventy-five cents per hour; and for each additional passenger twenty-five cents. For the use by the day of such conveyance, ten dollars per day. For each trunk fifteen cents, but no charge for hours at the rate of seventy-five cents per hour; and for each additional passenger twenty-five cents.

SECTION 13. There shall be fixed in every hackney carriage or omnibus licensed under this ordinance, and in such manner as to be conveniently read by any person in the same, a card containing the name of the owner of such conveyance, the number of the conveyance, and the whole of section two of this ordinance printed in plain legible characters. The said card shall be furnished by the City of Ann Arbor and be given to any licensed owner or driver, who may apply for the same. Any driver who shall drive a hackney carriage or omnibus without such a card being placed therein, and any owner who shall neglect to place such a card in his conveyance, shall be punished as hereinafter provided.

SECTION 14. This ordinance shall apply to any carriage or omnibus which may at any time be placed upon a public street, for public hire, and to all omnibuses or carriages, kept by hotel or livery stable keepers for the purpose of carrying passengers for hire, to or from the railroad depot, or other place in said city, or for carrying any person or persons by the hour in said city.

SECTION 15. Any violation of, or failure to comply with the provisions of, this ordinance, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed seventy-five dollars and costs to be recovered before any justice of the peace in the City of Ann Arbor, and in the imposition of any such fine and costs, the said justice of the peace may make a further sentence, that in default of the payment thereof, within the time to be fixed in such sentence the offender be committed to the Detroit house of correction or the county jail for any period of time not exceeding ninety days.

SECTION 16. So much of an ordinance, entitled "an ordinance relative to hacks, cabs, drays, and other vehicles" as relates to the subject matter contained in this ordinance, or parts of ordinances inconsistent with the provisions of this are hereby repealed.

SECTION 17. This ordinance shall be published for two weeks successively in THE ANN ARBOR DEMOCRAT, a newspaper published in the City of Ann Arbor, and that at the expiration of the said fifteen days after the first insertion in said paper. JOHN KAPP, Mayor. MYRON H. FRENCH, Recorder.

If you wish to purchase one of the best BABY CARRIAGES manufactured, remember the only place in the city to find them is at Koeck & Haller's.

Women who have not fine teeth only laugh with their eyes. BRIGOT'S DISEASE, DIABETES.—Beware of the stuff that pretends to cure these diseases or other serious kidney, urinary or liver diseases, as they only relieve for a time and makes you ten times worse afterwards, but rely solely on Hop Bitters, the only remedy that will surely and permanently cure you. It destroys and removes the cause of disease so effectually it never returns.

Balls of colored wool are made up of edge flounces and basques. If you are subject to Ague you must be kept cool and dry, and take the following in good firm condition. For when so, you will be safe from all attacks. The remedy to use is Kidney-Wort. It is the best preventive of all malarial diseases that you can take. Read advertisement in another column.—Translated from the New Yorker Skirting.

Full apron skirts, looped very high on the hips, have been revived. WOMAN'S THREE PHASES.—A friend in need is a friend indeed. This next campaign, especially when assistance is rendered when one is sorely afflicted with disease, more particularly those complaints and weaknesses so common to our female population. Every woman should know that Electric Bitters are woman's true friend and will positively restore her to health, when all other remedies fail. A single trial always proves our assertion. They are pleasant to taste and only cost fifty cents a bottle. Sold by Eberbach & Sons.

Intense colors and aesthetic styles are avoided by fashionable women. Mrs. Sarah J. Van Buren, of 192 Franklin St., Buffalo, N. Y., whose portrait appears in another column of this paper, is preparing a "Ladies' Tonic" which has

proved a blessing indeed to many a worn-out wife or mother. The sensitiveness of woman's organization makes her more susceptible to disease than man, and there has been a long-felt want among ladies for something which would overcome those many weaknesses so common to the sex, and assist nature in building up a shattered constitution. This Mrs. Van Buren's "Ladies' Tonic" has never failed to do.

Bayader stripes appear on many new parasol covers. "BUCHU-PAIRA."—New, quick, complete cure 4 days, urinary affections, smarting, frequent or difficult urination, kidney diseases. \$1 at druggists. Mich. Depot, JAMES E. DAVIS & CO., Detroit, Mich.

Dress parasols have the entire top covered with artificial flowers. SKINNY MEN.—Wells' Health Renewer. Absolute cure for nervous debility and weakness of the generative functions. \$1 at druggists. Mich. Depot, JAMES E. DAVIS & CO., Detroit, Mich.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples sent free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. CITY SCAVENGER.

The undersigned offers his services as Scavenger. Vaults, cesspools, &c., cleaned to order by the season, at reasonable prices. House Drains made to order. Vaults made. Orders may be left at 47 South Thayer street, or made through the postoffice. Work will be done as cheap as the cheapest, and all orders promptly attended to.

Wm. Action. Executrix Sale! A large two story brick house and extra large lot in one of the best locations in the city known as the residence of George Danforth. There are good well and cistern on the premises. Title perfect.

Terms of Sale: One-third down, balance in three equal annual payments, with annual interest at 9 per cent. Sale on Saturday, May 13. At ten o'clock A. M. Also at one o'clock sale of furniture and fixtures.

Mrs. E. Jewett, Executrix. Persons wishing to look through the house and examine the abstract can call on C. Boylan, 19 South Main street. C. BOYLAN, Salesman. MASTERLY MCCORMICK

Harvester and Twine Binder. IT SCOOPS THE CHAMPION, BUCKEYE, DEERING, WOOD, OSBORN, AND ALL WITH WHICH IT COMES! IN CONTACT.

F. Wagner & Bro., who are agents for the above machine, have also on hand the finest line of carriages to be found anywhere. Wagons or carriages made to order. F. WAGNER & BRO. Second St. between Washington and Liberty Sts.

\$200.00 REWARD. Will be paid for the detection and conviction of any person selling or dealing in any bogus, counterfeit or imitation of Hop Bitters, especially Bitters or preparations with the word Hop or Hops in their name or connected therewith, that is intended to mislead and cheat the public, or for any preparation put in any form, pretending to be the same as Hop Bitters. The genuine have clusters of Green Hops (notice this) printed on the white label and are the purest and best medicine on earth, especially for kidney, liver and nervous diseases. Beware of all others, and of all pretended formulas or recipes of Hop Bitters published in papers or for sale, as they are frauds and swindles. Whoever deals in any but the genuine will be prosecuted. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

MICHIGAN.

A heavy gun is heard from all over Michigan over the death of fruit buds by the heavy frosts of May 1st and 2d.

The crew of the wrecked schooner Calla were picked up by the propeller Van Raalte and landed at St. Ignace in safety.

N. P. Laverage of Colvater goes to Washington as assistant collector of the department of the interior.

Forty carloads of merchandise passed through Detroit on route to Manistee May 8. The new ferry boat "O. D. Connor," named in honor of the senator, was launched at Port Huron this week.

The Detroit Scientific Association will have museum and lecture rooms free when the Detroit Medical college commences business in their own house, lately the Y. M. C. A. building.

The M. E. church at Manistee burned on the 3d inst., and is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Burglars visited the residences of Messrs. Allen, Ross and Webber, Portland, and secured only \$50.

Two cases of small pox are reported at a farmhouse lumber company boarding house. Those who have not the disease are likely to die of fright as they who are sick.

John Granger, a Detroit druggist, in an altercation with his wife, became so enraged that he attempted to throw her out of the window. He succeeded, but she held fast and he went also. Result: some severe bruises on both sides.

Another project for a wholesale escape from the Wayne county jail was discovered in time to prevent it. The leaders in the enterprise will soon take up residence in Jackson. Closson, the sentenced forger, was for a time secured in a dungeon, and was thereafter better.

The strike in Muskegon has been in operation some four weeks. On the third inst. some 30 Pinkerton detectives arrived, who will protect as far as possible all men who want to work. Several carloads of Canadians are expected to take the place of the strikers. The latter, feeling that a crisis is at hand held a mass meeting Wednesday night.

Perley Pearson, of Grand Rapids, has been convicted of stealing wheat from farmers by the town of West.

Respectful father is one of the county superintendents of the poor, and is an esteemed citizen. When the report of gully was brought in the old, gray-haired father, bowed with grief, left the court room. The young man was taken to the county jail.

John Dittloff of Wayne county asks a divorce from his wife on the plea that he was involuntarily married while he was irresponsible for his act by reason of intoxication.

Adrian's council at its last meeting voted to offer \$1,000 for the capture and return of ex-Mayor Navin.

The latest from Muskegon is that some 150 Canadians arrived and were immediately interviewed by the strikers and induced to join the strike. Excitement is great. The streets are crowded with people. The Canadians are lodged with the strikers at their homes.

Fire in Heald, Murphy & Creppin's lumber yard at Montague, destroyed about 100,000 feet of dry lumber.

Anel B. Whitmore, the Lake Shore railway detective, Adrian, is ill with a severe attack of typhoid fever.

Miss Ella Berry, daughter of James Berry, Esq., lumber dealer, of Adrian has just been married to George Washer, railway postal clerk between Pittsburg and Cincinnati, and the newly-wedded couple will make their home in the former city.

A correspondent from Whitehall writes: After a vigorous campaign, the Prohibition ticket was elected here last Monday by 103 majority. Whitehall is now without a saloon, and will probably remain without any for a year at least.

Ber. H. C. Scofield of South Arm, lost his home and household effects on the 25th ult. A runaway horse in Bay City caused a stampede in which nine teams took part. John Rowell was killed, and much property destroyed.

The excitement in Hudson over paving Main street has not subsided. An anti-paving syndicate has been formed which will have an inflection on the work.

The Canada Southern train which the Vanderbill party a ride from Grand Trunk Junction to Grosse Ile at the rate of over a mile a minute.

Primary school fund apportioned to Wayne county by the superintendent of public instruction, is \$67,568.96. Rate of apportionment, \$1.4 per capita.

At the second annual meeting of the Ridge-way wool growers and sheep breeders this week, sixty-six sheep were exhibited, of which 37 were shorn. The heaviest sheep weighed 125 lbs, 12 ounces; the heaviest fleeces 25 lbs 4 ounces.

Benton Harbor reports slight damage by frost to fruit in that vicinity.

David Dues, two-year-old child fell from the life saving service platform at Sand Beach and was drowned.

Mr. A. C. Webb of Chicago, has just married Miss Lizzie Kline, of Coloma, near Benton Harbor. Mr. Webb is a son of Prof. J. Russell Webb, author of the "Word Method" school books system. He was for some time editor of the Benton Harbor Times.

The residence of Rev. Buysie in Jackson was robbed on Thursday of some \$300 value in cash, jewelry, etc.

At the annual meeting of the directors of the M. C. R. R. in Detroit, this week, Wm. H. Vanderbill was re-elected president, vice president and treasurer, Cornelius Vanderbill, general manager, Henry B. Ledyard, auditor, D. A. Waterman.

Closson, the forger, was sentenced to ten years in Jackson. He was closely watched on the way to prison as several plots to rescue him have been discovered. There were in all 150 convicts, 15 were registered Michigan, and one thousand bred Cotswold, two of the Cotswold lambs owned and bred by Mr. Atmore, aged six weeks, weighed 4 1/2 and 4 1/4 lbs. T. W. Sprague's fine \$2,000 ram, one year old, was not shorn, the heaviest weight sheep was 135 lbs. 8 oz., the heaviest fleece 28 1/2 lbs. growth 25 lbs. 5 oz. from a ram owned by Mr. Sprague.

The cash and bond liability belonging to the estate of A. F. Eisenman, Monroe, was entirely consumed by fire on Saturday. Loss \$23,000, with no insurance. The property was the entire dependence of the widow.

On Saturday the Central house barn, Big Rapids, was burned, together with three cows and three horses. The wind was blowing a gale at the time and it was with difficulty that a large fire was prevented. The Brackett house was damaged.

The Hudson council gave the contract to W. W. Van Akin for excavating West Main street preparatory to paving. Hearing that an injunction was to be served Van Akin set his men to work at midnight. When the angry residents awoke at 5 o'clock in the morning they to their surprise the street was plowed up and the pavement commenced. They wanted to use every word but it was too late.

The freight and passenger depot of the Flint and Pere Marquette and the G. R. & I. R. B. R. burned at Bay City Saturday night. Work will begin immediately on a new and better building.

A fire in Manistee destroyed several buildings including three stores. Loss \$6,000.

On Sunday in Whitehall fire was discovered in A. J. & C. E. Covell's lumber yard. Montague steam and tug boats and a tug were there for five hours; notwithstanding but little was saved, 1,000,000 feet burning at a loss of \$45,000.

Eastern Michigan has furnished pine logs as follows: The Au Sable, 100,000,000 feet of new logs; Alpena, 70,000,000 feet; Alpena, 70,000,000 feet; Cheboygan, 50,000,000, a total of new logs of 1,470,000,000 feet.

The Michigan sportsmen's association has selected Cyrus W. Higby of Jackson as game and fish warden of the state at a salary of \$3 a day and expenses to enforce the game laws. Each game club has been assessed \$10, and individuals interested in the preservation of game, animals, birds and fish, are requested to send contributions to Treasurer Osgood at Little Rock.

The reward offered for the arrest of Navin is on condition that the arrest be made within six months from the passage of the resolution.

Henry Whiteford and Samuel Dill, engaged in removing the old railroad bridge over the St. Joseph river at Niles, were knocked into the stream by a falling timber. Dill swam ashore, but Whiteford was drowned. He leaves a wife and five children.

The meeting in Detroit of the 26th annual convention of the Knights Templar brought together some twenty commanderies. The street display was very fine and was witnessed by a large number of spectators. Lexington, East Saginaw, Flint, Lansing, Pontiac, Bay City, Jackson, Ann Arbor, Adrian, Kalamazoo, Marshall, Grand Rapids, St. Johns, Niles, Big Rapids, and other places were largely represented.

C. C. Bart of Jackson has commenced a new \$20,000 suit against Michigan dentists for infringement on his patent.

A storm of wind, hail and rain is reported to have done great damage in Lyons, stone front windows being broken and fruit and shade trees destroyed.

Rev. E. Davis, formerly pastor of a church at Detroit, has been some time away. Later he was charged with burning the parsonage. Returning via Detroit on the 8th, he was arrested on the train near Monroe by Deputy Sheriff Hyde of Adrian, the warrant charging him with arson.

Coranna is to have a new \$10,000 jail. The money is already subscribed.

A St. Joseph county farmer has recently made sale of 2,000 pounds of peppermint oil at \$2 per pound, to several parties. There is in St. Joseph county some 10,000 pounds of oil held for a higher figure. The prospect of a favorable crop is excellent. What is looking well.

Manistee has a water works company with \$200,000 capital.

A terrific hail storm visited various parts of the town on Tuesday, doing great damage. Ionia lost a great portion of its window glass.

Gov. Jerome and members of the state fire commission, making a tour of inspection through the burned districts of Michigan, report great enterprise manifested. New cottages are going up, and the inhabitants are doing their best to retrieve their shattered fortunes.

The strike of the Muskegon boom men still continues. The men made a proposition to work 15 days of 10 hours at \$2, and if the logs could not be moved fast enough they would work extra hours after 6 p. m. for extra pay at the same per diem rates. The president of the boom company, to whom the proposition was submitted, refused to entertain any proposition for less than 11 hours. The men are determined that their demand for 10 hours shall be yielded to. There is only one thing that prevents a settlement by the booming company and the mill owners, and that is the proprietors do not propose to be ruled by a union.

MISSOURI AFFAIRS.

All of last year's directors of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railroad were re-elected at the annual meeting held in Cleveland. The report for the year shows a decrease of nearly \$800,000 in the gross earnings, and an increase of over \$800,000 in expenses.

Gen. Hazen remains the secretary of war that Capt. Howgate is at large and suggests that efforts for his capture and trial be more vigorously pushed.

Hon. Raymond, the well known politician of Tennessee is dead and lies at half mast.

In Laredo, Texas, a poor peasant was shot without trial, because stolen stock was found on his premises. He was proven to have been innocent, after death.

The Apaches were badly routed by Major Tupper at Los Animas on the 28th ult., and were met on the 1st inst. by Mexican troops. Seventy-eight Indians were killed and 33 taken prisoner.

A fire in Newark, N. J., destroyed the fire engine house, leaving three buildings.

A lot of 7830 ft has just been sold in New York city on Wall street for \$18,000.

The Rockaway Beach hotel, New York, on which was an indebtedness of \$600,000, has just been sold for \$90,700.

The President on Wednesday issued a proclamation to the "Cowboys" of Arizona, warning all engaged in obstructing the laws to desist and return to their homes on or before the 15th of May.

The anti-Chinese immigration bill, with the 10 year term clause, is ready for the President's approval.

In the Christiany divorce suit, witness Stephen Chester of New York will be recalled for further examination as to alleged admissions made to him by one Haight of Hartford of improper conduct with Mrs. Christiany.

When the star route prosecutions against Brady, Dorney, Turner and others were called on to inquire whether any money had been raised, by contribution or otherwise, from parties in interest to promote the passage of details of the bill relating to distilled spirits in special bonded warehouses, and if so for what uses the money has been expended, was adopted without debate. The debate on the Court of Appeals bill was resumed to day.

The House went into committee on the Tariff Commission bill. Messrs. Randall and Curtis favored the bill; Whitthorn opposed it. Mr. Tucker advocated tariff for revenue only, and opposed a commission. Mr. Randall offered amendments providing that the commission consist of five senators, three representatives and four civilian experts. At the evening session forty-five pension bills were passed.

May 8.—A bill was introduced for the relief of Fitz John Porter. The provisions are that the House should be held in session until the 10th of May.

road had both feet cut off. The car burned and the wounded were with difficulty removed.

H. B. Henry, a wealthy stock man of Akron, O., committed suicide at Las Vegas, N. M., by shooting himself.

The judicial party were taken from Amherstburg to St. Thomas, 111 miles, in 112 minutes, withstanding a four minutes stop for water.

Fire at Racine, Wis., Saturday, 7th, caused immense damage in the business quarter of the city.

The disastrous fire in Racine on Saturday destroyed the oldest and least attractive portion of the city, aggregating a loss of over half a million of dollars. Some of the heaviest losses were the St. Paul elevator, \$400,000; Kelley, Weeks & Co., lumber yard, \$75,000; Jones Knapp & Co., lumber, \$80,000; silver plating company, \$45,000; Miller & Co., boots and shoes, \$50,000.

The Cumberland paper mills at Westbrook, near Portland, Me., are damaged by fire \$25,000.

After all the fuss made about Mrs. Edwin Booth's will it seems she gave her mother, Mrs. Booth, the bulk of her real estate, etc., in Chicago and vicinity to her husband.

A St. Louis, Mo., firm, Burt & Miller, have been caught by government officials in the perpetration of a shameful swindle in their dealings in bogus land scrip certificates. It is ascertained already that the firm must have realized over \$500,000 through their operations.

In the examination of Senator Blair before the house foreign affairs committee on Saturday was stated from the stand that Blair had estimated the value of the Landrum claim at \$135,000,000, and of the Cobett claim at \$1,000,000,000. Witness thought it would have been possible and proper, without violating any obligation to any European country, to have preserved peace between Peru and Chili and made Peru a strong commercially ally of the United States.

In Marshall, Ill., another terrible storm has occurred, and for the first time this season the city was flooded by the overflow of creeks and rivers.

There have been 503 deaths in Cincinnati from small pox since January 1st.

Barum has just lost one of his female otchiches. It will be given to the Smithsonian Institute after the taxidermist has done his work.

The house of the Connecticut legislature has voted to prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors. To become operative it must pass the next legislature by a two-thirds vote, and then be ratified by the people.

Over 10,000 immigrants arrived at the port in New York in April, 40 per cent. of them Germans. The rest are Scandinavians, Hollanders and Italians. The German immigrants had from \$60 to \$250 each in money. Among twelve hundred Italians there was \$105 in gold.

The Gutierrez case has been postponed a day another case being ahead of it in the court bench. The prisoner has written Chief Justice Waite that he shall not attend.

Citizens of Arizona and Dakota are not pleased with the President's "cow-boy" proclamation. The Tucson Star states that a band of thirty marauders were guilty of murder, etc., and that the President has accepted the resignation of chief clerk Power. Col. Ames Webster of Massachusetts at one time a member of Gen. Grant's staff, will be the successor in office the first of next month.

Mrs. Garfield's pension is paid at the Columbus, O., office, the amount being \$5,000 a year. The House of Representatives passed the tariff commission bill by a vote of 151 to 33.

Chicago votes the stringing of wires through the streets for lighting houses, etc., by electricity. Underground with your wires, gentlemen.

President Arthur has signed the anti-Chinese immigration bill, with the ten years' suspension clause.

James Gordon Bennett on Tuesday took President Arthur and members of the cabinet on an excursion down the Potomac in his new yacht.

Notwithstanding the terrible fate of the Gallant and his men Esauin Lucien Young, the deLion of the ill-fated Florida, who saved so many lives when that vessel went down off the coast of North Carolina, wishes to go to the Arctic seas in search of the pole.

A cyclone struck the Central Wesleyan College, Warren, Mo., and carried away a portion of the wall, roof, etc., damaging the building about \$15,000.

Hen. Alex. H. Stevens fell on the capitol steps on the 9th, receiving serious injury.

Leanne woman, whose husband deserted her, killed her child, and her child, and was held for the fourth but he made his escape and gave an alarm. When help arrived the woman was stabbing herself and will very likely die.

The Buffalo Express has a libel suit on hand damages \$10,000.

CONGRESS.

May 3.—In the House Mr. Henderson, from the military committee, submitted a privileged report upon the President's message regarding the Arizona troubles, with a bill to amend the revised statutes as to permit the use of the army as a police constabulary.

The governor of any state or territory, ordered printed and laid over. The speaker announced the enrollment of the Chinese bill, and affixed his signature. Adjourned.

In the Senate Mr. Anthony presented, from the committee on printing, an adverse report on the resolution in favor of an itemized statement of the expenses of transportation of the executive branch of the government in creating an excess of expenditure to the amount of \$52,000. The resolution and papers were referred to the committee on appropriations.

The Senate devoted the remainder of the time reserved for the calendar to the Political Disabilities bill, repealing the statute prohibiting appointments of ex-Confederates in the army or navy.

May 4.—In the Senate Mr. Voorhes offered a resolution to appoint a special committee to inquire whether any money had been raised, by contribution or otherwise, from parties in interest to promote the passage of details of the bill relating to distilled spirits in special bonded warehouses, and if so for what uses the money has been expended, was adopted without debate. The debate on the Court of Appeals bill was resumed to day.

The House went into committee on the Tariff Commission bill. Messrs. Randall and Curtis favored the bill; Whitthorn opposed it. Mr. Tucker advocated tariff for revenue only, and opposed a commission. Mr. Randall offered amendments providing that the commission consist of five senators, three representatives and four civilian experts. At the evening session forty-five pension bills were passed.

May 8.—A bill was introduced for the relief of Fitz John Porter. The provisions are that the House should be held in session until the 10th of May.

same as the horse bill. Bills were reported appropriating \$35,000 for the extension of the executive manure. Messrs. Winchell, Hawley, Harrison, Cockrell and Pugh constituted the committee of investigation concerning the bonded distillery spirits bill.

In the house bills were introduced by Mr. Townsend to place the tax on salt used in curing pig and beef on the same basis as salt used in curing fish. By Mr. Calkins to aid in making further arctic exploration and detailing Master Lucien Young as commander of the expedition. It authorizes the secretary of the navy to purchase a vessel of proper size and structure for the expedition at a cost to not exceed \$50,000 and appropriate \$100,000 for the expenses of the expedition. The house proceeded to the consideration of the bill to enlarge the duties and powers of the department of agriculture. The speaker announced that during a temporary absence Mr. Burrows, of Mich., would occupy the chair.

May 9.—In the Senate all the pending horse bills demanding condemnation claims for monumental and other purposes were passed. Mr. McMill introduced a bill for a wagon bridge across the Missouri between Council Bluffs and Omaha. The senate passed the house tariff commission bill—yeas, 25; nays, 19. Six Democrats voted with the Republican side in the affirmative and two Republicans with the minority against the bill.

The House bill concerning the powers of the agricultural department was taken up. Mr. Dummell offered an amendment providing for a division of forestry, the chief of which shall ascertain the annual amount of consumption, exportation and importation of timber and other forest products, the probable supply for future wants, and the means best adapted for preservation and renewal of forests. Adopted.

Foreign.

Ireland is jubilant over the Land League victory. The large cities were ablaze with illuminations and bonfires. Parnell, Dillon and O'Kelly will immediately go to London and lake their seats in Parliament on Friday.

The ex-Empress Eugenie, who has been selling Lyons on her way back from Rome, was touted at as she left her hotel for the railway station yesterday.

Forster, Secretary of Ireland, has given to the house of commons his reasons for resigning that he strenuously objected to the release of imprisoned suspects unless they gave a public pledge to abstain from all opposition to the execution of the laws.

Lord Frederick Cavendish, the new Secretary of Ireland, is waiting to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

The New York Herald says concerning the state affairs: The murder could not have happened at a more inauspicious moment for Ireland. She was enjoying a great victory. She had obtained more at a stroke than she had expected to obtain in the course of years.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

The New York Herald says concerning the state affairs: The murder could not have happened at a more inauspicious moment for Ireland. She was enjoying a great victory. She had obtained more at a stroke than she had expected to obtain in the course of years.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which they went for a walk in Phoenix Park. They were shot close to Chief Secretary's lodge, by two men who came up in a car and suddenly attacked the officials slaying them both several times in the throat and breast. The victims struggled for life, and in the struggle became separated, their bodies being found some ten yards apart. The tragedy occurred about ten minutes after 7 o'clock Saturday evening, while it was yet broad daylight.

Mr. Gladstone is writing to grant her terms for the changes in the law of the land. They had been engaged in business at Dublin Castle until dinner, after which