

# THE ANN ARBOR DEMOCRAT.

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## THE DEMOCRAT.

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## THE DEMOCRAT, Ann Arbor Mich.

The Democrat must still insist that the investment of \$4,000 to \$6,000 in storm sewers at this particular time is unnecessary.

After holding an executive session with himself the putative father of the Postoffice club has decided that he don't want the postoffice.

Moran's attempt to purify the Republican party is too much like turning state's evidence to have much weight with the court.

The effort of the Burrows machine shop to convert Governor Pingree into a disappearing big gun may fail for lack of skilled workmanship.

It is understood that Billy Judson will strew the pathway of Moran & Co.'s pneumatic sensation with broken glass during the May term of court.

If Republicans were all as good as the Register crowd pretend to be, the Democrats wouldn't have anything to kick about and Pingree would be out of a job.

Farmers will continue to observe that the price of wool has raised quite as much in markets beyond the pale of the Dingley tariff as it has in this land of ours where taxation is considered a blessing.

After all, what can you expect from a president who publicly congratulates a rich rascal like Mark Hanna upon the successful purchase of a seat in the United States senate.

In the campaign which the Burrows-McMillan combine are preparing to wage upon our most Democratic governor, the most feigning music will be that set to the key of "dough."

When America stands ready to summarily avenge, at a moment's notice, insults and outrages upon American citizens then will American citizenship be respected abroad and not before.

Eugene Helber's opinion of the McMillan-Burrows ringsters is not calculated to impress those gentlemen with the oleaginous harmony which their political methods are developing in Republican circles.

It will be noted that among the many means suggested of raising revenue for war purposes an income tax, which would make the property of the country sustain its just proportion of the burden, is not mentioned.

Mark Hanna bought and paid for his president and no matter what the public pretense may be, the policy of this administration will be directed by the men who placed McKinley where he is, and whose sole inspiration to political activity is their own financial profit.

After ridding its magazine of its stock of blank cartridges, the Register will now proceed to recapitulate and re-affirm. But as the Register's affirmations do not strike the public with the unimpeachable divinity of truth, the latter performance will be as harmless as the first was grotesque.

It is in times like these when the attention of the people is focussed upon the all-absorbing issues of a foreign war that those who thrive by depreciations upon public rights and privileges are most active. The measures which cover mercenary designs with the mantle of patriotism and makes the specious plea of necessity will be numerous.

An income tax law which contemplated that the rich and prosperous should bear a portion of the burdens of government passed a Democratic house and a Democratic senate, was signed by a Democratic president, and came within one vote of passing the supreme court. With a war upon us and war taxes bearing down upon the masses of the people, the force of that infamous decision will come home to every household.

## WAR DECLARED.

Minister Woodford given his passports.—American warships sail for Havana under sealed orders.

Minister Woodford was given his passports yesterday, this breaking diplomatic relations between Spain and the United States. This action upon the part of Spain is equivalent to a declaration of war. News came from Key West that Captain Sampson's squadron has sailed for Havana under sealed orders. It is hoped that the government will at once strike a decisive blow. Spanish warships have been observed passing Haiti enroute to Cuban waters.

## THE WAR.

There is little reason to hope that war with Spain can be averted. The people, through congress, have demanded that the Spanish flag be driven from the island of Cuba and that the Cuban people be invested with the practical fruits of a freedom they have so dearly won. It is hardly among the possibilities that Spain will acquiesce in this peremptory demand without at least a show of resistance. How much that resistance will amount to will depend largely upon the promptness and decision with which our government meets the crisis. The weakness and indecision of the president has already lost to us advantages which it will cost blood and treasure to regain. Congress passed the war resolutions Saturday night. The Spanish authorities were in possession of our intentions before sunrise Sunday morning. President McKinley took until Wednesday noon to affix his signature to the resolutions and formally notify Spain of their import, again giving that government until tomorrow to communicate to us its intentions concerning the same. In the meantime Spain is hastening preparations for the struggle which is inevitable and every hour adds to the magnitude of the task which the American people have set themselves to accomplish.

The vigorous and pronounced action of congress, taken as it was in the face of executive protest and the utmost efforts of the administration whippers-in, only serves to make the nerveless incompetency of the administration the more apparent. But this is no time for carping criticisms. The die is cast and it is the duty of every citizen to give a loyal and consistent support to every effort of the president to carry out the instructions of congress. There is no question but that the president will receive this support in all sections of the land. Let us hope that this fact will nerve him for the emergencies with which he is confronted and that the war will be prosecuted with a vigor and decision consistent with our standing as a people.

## THE MAYOR'S MESSAGE.

Mayor Hiscock's second annual message to the common council was a concise and business-like document reviewing the year of municipal history just completed, and calling the attention of the aldermen to the weak as well as the strong places in our city government. His suggestions with respect to brick paving in the business portions of the city are wise and timely. The recommendation of the purchase of a suitable site near the boulevard for a city park should also meet with favor. The city is at the present time entirely without anything which may be dignified with the name of city park. The site offered is well situated for that purpose, convenient and suitable in every way. It can be secured now at a nominal sum. Its purchase will be a step which the people will never regret having taken.

The Democrat would commend to the parties who seem determined to prove Ann Arbor to be a disorderly city, whether the facts warrant that conclusion or not, a perusal of that part of the message which deals with the enforcement of law and the preservation of order within the city. The mayor challenges anyone to name a city where the laws are better enforced. His challenge will not be accepted for the reason that its acceptance would simply expose the ignorance of those who questioned the truth of his claims. The Democrat congratulates Mayor Hiscock upon the uniform success which has attended the first year of his administration.

It is to be regretted that President Hutchins and various members of the University faculty do not approve of the action of congress in relation to the Cuban matter, but as the government has managed to wiggle through numerous crises in the past without the advice or consent of the professors, it is barely possible that it may be able to do so upon this occasion.

It has been officially determined that Captain J. F. Schuch can do his constituents more good by staying at home and attending to the duties of the county clerk's office for another term, than he can fighting mosquitoes in Cuban swamps.

A Saginaw dispatch in the Evening News this week states that the taxpayers of that city are protesting against laying any more asphalt, that laid last year having proved entirely unsatisfactory. Evening Times please copy.

## A GOOD ENOUGH DEMOCRAT.

In criticizing the Democratic newspapers which have so uniformly supported Gov. Pingree in his efforts to secure a just apportionment of the burdens of taxation, the Lansing Journal is most ungenerous. Although elected upon a Republican ticket, hizzeccellency is a better exponent of all that is covered by that broad term Democracy than some of his critics who sport the Democratic label. It is the substance and not the name that we seek. All of the Pingree measures which have commanded the support and commendation of Democrats have been essentially Democratic. They are reforms for which true Democracy has always stood and the fact that they are vigorously pushed by Pingree and a few Republicans, who are in line with him, do not make them less Democratic or justify a factitious opposition upon the part of the Democratic press. Those who believe in that broad Democracy which is the conservator of the liberties of the people, will welcome efforts which tend to fortify and strengthen those liberties, without questioning the source from whence they come.

We are always working for converts to our way of thinking. Shall we refuse to accept a new recruit because he brings with him a vigorous personality and a numerous following? Shall we reject the good offices of one who from a conspicuous position within the enemy's lines, proclaims to the world that: "Today all of the trusts and monopolies, every agency which is bleeding the country, has taken refuge under the wings of the Republican party, because they fear the Democratic party which has kicked them out," and who, conforming his public action with his public utterances, has not only waged a vigorous warfare upon the common enemy, but has also subtracted from the Republican strength in this state a personal following, the loss of which is the most serious blow that has befallen that party in a quarter of a century? By all means let the good work go on and let us give a consistent and deserved support to all efforts which are in line with Democratic reforms, and which tend to the complete overthrow of Republicanism and its pernicious doctrines.

## THE NEW SUPERINTENDENT.

The selection of Herbert M. Slauson, of Moline, Ill., for the position of superintendent of Ann Arbor's schools is generally believed to be a good one. Mr. Slauson comes recommended as an educator of the first class. His usefulness here will largely depend upon the scope of the authority allowed him by the board of education. If that authority be sufficient to compass the work, the new superintendent will find ample opportunity for re-organization and reform in the ward schools. But if the board continues in the future, as it has in the past, to interfere and dictate to the superintendent in matters of a purely technical nature, the possibilities of reform will be slight. Let us hope that under the new order of things the board and superintendent will work together in harmony, and that as a result of new blood and new vigor our ward schools will be brought up to that standard of efficiency which the taxpayers and patrons of the schools have a right to expect. The standard of the high school and that of the ward schools are too widely separated. We would not bring the standard of the high school down but raise that of the ward schools up.

The people of this country have not yet forgotten the Virginian affair. In 1873 during the former Cuban rebellion, the American ship *Virginian* was captured by the Spanish navy. The crew and passengers were charged with being engaged in a filibustering expedition in aid of the Cuban patriots and, in the face of the protest of the American consul 53 American citizens were arbitrarily shot down without so much as the semblance of a trial. The country was shocked by this outrage. Summary vengeance was demanded. But the country was cursed at that time as it is now, by one of the most venal administrations it has been the misfortune of the country to suffer. "Diplomacy" was allowed to prevail and, after long waiting, the families of the murdered men were paid the sum of \$30,000, and the same was accepted by our government as adequate satisfaction for one of the most brutal of the long series of atrocities which have characterized Spanish domination upon this continent. Is it any wonder that the American people distrust a faltering government which presumes to place the well-being of stocks and bonds and the money sharks above the interests of humanity and the protection of American citizenship.

## WITH BRICK.

The City Council Decides to Pave Main Street From Catharine to William With Brick.

At the council meeting last night it was finally decided to pave Main st. with brick. The petition for asphalt only secured six signers among the numerous property owners of the five blocks which are to be paved. It was also decided to include the block between Liberty and Williams in the paving district. There was a hot fight on this point, there being but 18 feet majority in the block in favor of paving. Wm. Clancy was awarded the contract.

## TRUCE TO PARTIES.

The President has finally acted. He has set the hand and seal of the executive approval to the deliberate action of the supreme legislature, and from now on the country is formally committed to its policy of Cuban emancipation and war, if necessary to its accomplishment.

Stripped of all its verbiage, the issue as formulated is clear and distinct—it is this, "The people of the island of Cuba are and of right ought to be free and independent." It is fortunate for the country that this proposition, upon the truth of which we offer wager of battle not only to Spain but to all the world should it dispute its verity, involves no partisan differences of opinion in the people of our common country.

Democrats and Republicans meet upon the level when the sacred name of liberty is to be invoked or when her outraged altars call us to their defense.

Henceforth until this government shall have triumphantly established the everlasting truth of its second declaration of human independence, there is and ought to be no opportunity for partisan difference and animosity, no hair-splitting about the definition of "freedom" or "independence," no hesitation about the vigorous, united and determined effort to make good at whatever cost the majestic truth of our assertion. There will be time for politics when the flag of Spain is forever banished from the island of Cuba and the Stars and Stripes float in its stead in every zephyr that kisses the queen of the Southern seas.

But even then, we believe that Democrats and Republicans will unanimously agree, as they silently do today, that there is no "freedom" in all the world comparable to the freedom of the people of these United States, that there is no "independence" except that which is guaranteed and given beneath the sword and buckler of the American Union and symbolized by her starry flag. There is room in its field of blue for another star, and the lonely star of Texas, which set in honor to rise in glory in the constellation of the states, will flash a loving welcome to its Cuban sister when it joins the splendid galaxy. Then, and not till then, let politics intervene. The reconstruction of the Cuban state and the terms of its admission, the shaping of its constitution and the framing of its legislation will afford a field for partisan activity, and Democrats and Republicans may rightfully contest the debatable ground.

We are moved to these remarks by this extract from the speech of Rep. Grosvenor, of Ohio, in the house April 7th, which was as follows: "This war will be fought under the banner of the Republican administration of this government or it will not be fought at all."

The people have said that this war will be fought under the banner of the American Revolution, of 1812, of 1846, of the Union and of Liberty, very often and very truly called "Old Glory."

Tuesday last Rep. Grosvenor had the courage and the good sense to recall and explain his offensive remarks. This war knows no Republican flag, no Democratic flag, no flag in fact but the flag of the Union, and Cuba in it.

War and taxation go hand in hand. The greater and more violent the war, the greater and more burdensome the taxes. The house committee on ways and means expect to report their revenue bill on Saturday next. The committee has decided upon a double tax on beer, making it \$2 per barrel, and a double tax on manufactured tobacco from six to 12 cents per pound. Cigars over three pounds per 1,000, \$4; the existing law being \$3. The same when weighing three pounds or less, \$2 per 1,000. Cigarettes same tax with same increase. The committee has put stamp taxes on telegraph messages, all receipts by express and other carried companies, and all kinds of instruments such as bills of exchange, fire, marine and life insurance policies, bonds, certificates, power of attorney, bank checks and everything of that kind so the bill will raise \$30,000,000 from a stamp tax. From beer, \$30,000,000; tobacco, \$15,000,000, and from stamp taxes, \$30,000,000—in the aggregate \$75,000,000 from these sources. There will be a tax on green coffee of three cents; on roasted coffee, four cents, and tea 10 cents.

Minister Polo, who has received his passports and is now in Canada, says he will not remain there long for the reason that the war between his country and Uncle Sam will be of short duration and will result in a victory of Spanish arms. In the vernacular of the small boy, "Polo is talking through his hat." It is centuries since poor, blood-thirsty Spain has tasted of the fruits of victory. She has been whipped in Cuba before, and it took only 16,000 American and English troops to do it. They took possession of Havana and Morro castle. The capture, as all students of history well know, was made in 1762 by 2,000 American provincial troops and 14,000 British troops under Lord Albemarle. Israel Putnam, afterward famous as "Old Put," commanded one of the American regiments. The army landed in June, Morro castle was stormed July 31, and Havana surrendered August 11. Thirty thousand Spanish soldiers and sailors took part in the defense, but they were completely overpowered by an army half as large. (Mr. Polo will please take notice). Twelve Spanish line-of-battle ships were in the harbor, three of which were sunk to block the entrance. The Brit-

ish captured property worth 14,000,000. At one time during the siege an immense number of the British were sick. England made a great mistake when a year later it traded Havana back to Spain. The Spanish all were licked and they will be licked again.

The Holland submarine torpedo boat made a run under water Saturday afternoon from Old Orchard Light, in the lower bay, to East Point buoy, New York, a distance of more than a mile and a half. There was not a sign on the surface of the water from the moment she went down till she came up a black speck in the distance to show her whereabouts. This trial was one of several adjustment runs which have been arranged in preparation for the government test tomorrow. Yankee ingenuity has again come to the front, and a surprise will be in store for the Spanish.

By pettifogging with figures The Times has made it appear that the lowest bid for paving Main street with asphalt is but \$214 above the lowest bid for brick pavement when, as a matter of fact, the difference is \$2,253.30 in favor of brick. The bids of the contractors were for the work as a whole. There were no separate bids for pavement alone. The figures submitted for storm sewers are to be deducted from the total bids only in case storm sewers are not built. Those figures are at best dummies and there is no warrant for taking the difference between the gross bids and the amount stipulated for storm sewers and adding it to the cost of brick pavement.

## SNAP SHOTS.

The refusal of Ypsilanti's mayor to furnish the Normal free water is especially disheartening in view of the threatened increase in the tax on beer.

When George Apfel's heart begins to swell to undue proportions over those four girls he just remembers the awful swelling of Alderman Cady and the exclamation suffers a relapse.

If Shorty Cramer has more than a passing interest in that bicycle trail which he is constructing between Ypsilanti and Ann Arbor he will take proper steps to have it "retouched" as occasion requires.

Joe Miller, of Ypsilanti, was taking care of the baby when the little tot rammed his finger into the paternal eyeball and inflicted a painful wound. This will serve as a warning to those who injudiciously encroach upon the maternal prerogative of caring for the baby.

If you want to know anything about anybody, place or other old thing just call up Fred Huntoon at the United States express office. Huntoon is an intelligence bureau of the most approved kind with all modern equipments. Service prompt and prices reasonable.

During the continuance of hostilities between Spain and the United States, Commodore Cook's Strawberry Lake flotilla will traverse the rules of strict neutrality only so far as is necessary to protect the commodore's fortifications against the raids of the bands of predatory mosquitos which infest that region during the busy season.

Those who have heard George Apfel's patriotic war-whoop sounding the charge on Spain during the past few weeks will be both surprised and pained to note that in this hour of his country's need the Democrat is compelled to chronicle the arrival of two more girls at the Apfel residence last Saturday morning. By their deeds shall ye know them.

A Teutonic subscriber thus forcibly severs his relations with The Democrat this week: "Der is no Jus for Ju tu ent mir mein pepper ennl Dunch as Iei wlr to forrgess mein Dutch as schnell as possibel und want to ketsch up mit mein Englisch nebers. So ei sent zwei Dollar und ein halb vor das letz Jler end ju no sent mi mein pepper if ju plies. Ent ju no komm to mein Haus to kolek, as mein Hund will beiss ju wetter ju will speck to him or not. Kenn ju dat understent?"

Col. Joe T. Jacobs desires to haul a regiment on the rear guard of Spain's vanishing greatness. Captain Jacob F. Schuch, always a modest man, is more moderate in his ambition and would be content to "shoo" the fleeing Spaniard from behind a single company. In order to make things binding and insure a job for all concerned it was arranged that Joe T. should become the colonel of the captain's company. And that's where the trouble began. The captain insists on being mounted and the colonel insists that the captain cannot sit a horse with the grace and dignity becoming an officer of Uncle Sam's volunteer defenders. When this difference is adjusted the organization of the regiment, which now consists of a colonel and a captain, will proceed.

The "Do Drop Inn," the summer home of the Old Maids' club at Strawberry Lake, was broken into Saturday night and a quantity of camp goods were stolen. Among other things the steward reports as missing two corkscrews, four dozen corks, one kit mosquito puncture repair tools and supplies, one bottle snake bite antidote, two of Nick Jones' fatigue corsets, Sergeant Cooper's curling tongs, one copy of Huntoon's brass rules for the government of the guests and adjacent grounds, a carefully compiled directory

of the neighboring farmers who extend credit to tourists with annotations covering the size and temperaments of the dogs of the respective proprietors. The steward's note informing the members of the club of their loss closes with the assurance that the thieves left the surrounding scenery and the well intact.

The Alpha Delta Phi frat. owns a bull pup which, with a little judicious coaching, became possessed of the fascinating accomplishment of masticating all dogs of lesser magnitude which crossed his orbit, much to the amusement of his owners. But, technically speaking, he bit off more than he could chew when he closed in with Fred Green's Leo at the athletic field last week and now there is one bull pup in Ann Arbor that will exhaust all known expedients of diplomacy before beginning hostilities again, and yet he would not take a piece at any price.

They are telling a good one on the Duke of Lodi. The peace and quiet of the ducal estates had been broken by numerous bands of marauders of the tribe of Weary Willies. Not having his castle equipped with the modern rapid fire disappearing guns, the duke concluded to add a bull dog to the ranks of his retainers. He advertised for a recruit of this description and the next day had the pleasure of closing a bargain with an Ann Arbor sport for a canine in whose face beamed all the ferocity of a long line of ferocious ancestry. The dog cost the duke \$15 and the parting injunction of the vendor of sausage foandry supplies was: "Be careful of the brute, for he is ugly." "Dat's schust what I want," said the duke, "I shows them tramps somethings." And he took the dog home and turned him loose in the ducal bed-chamber, where his dogship firmly established himself underneath the bed.

"I schust like to see some tramp now," said the duke as he observed with satisfaction the conservative bearing of his new acquisition. The family retired and time rolled peacefully on 'til the duke awoke in the early morning with an emphatic yawn and proceeded to forsake his couch for the duties of the day. But the process of arising did not proceed far. The first foot that touched the floor brought forth a sullen warning from beneath the bed that caused its withdrawal without waiting for a more formal notification. After a little "good doggie" diplomacy the foot was cautiously ventured again, and was again greeted by that determined growl. But all expedients were not yet exhausted. Settling back in bed he said to his good wife: "Kate, I don't feel well this morning. You better get up and make the fire." But she was greeted with a louder and more pronounced warning, and after trying for two hours all sorts of measures, from the warlike threats of the jingos to the milder diplomacy of peace at any price, the duke says: "Do you know I had to shoot dot tam tog before we could get up." And since that time that particular part of Lodi has not been a favorite asylum for bull dogs.

## HERBERT M. SLAUSON

Chosen Superintendent of Ann Arbor Schools to Succeed the Late Prof. Perry.

At its meeting Monday night the city board of education unanimously chose Herbert M. Slauson, of Moline, Illinois, to succeed the late Prof. Walter S. Perry as superintendent of the Ann Arbor schools. It is believed that the board in so doing has acted wisely and with the best of judgment and that the choice is destined to be very popular. Mr. Slauson is about 45 years old and has unusual training for the difficult work he has to do. In 1877 he graduated from the University of Michigan. For six or eight years thereafter he was superintendent of schools at Houghton; then followed six years in a similar position at Coldwater. During the past six years he has been superintendent at Moline, Ill.

While at Coldwater he was simultaneously elected superintendent of schools at both Kalamazoo and Winona, Minn., but as he had no year remaining to serve at Coldwater he refused both offers.

About 1882 he was married to Miss Clara Conover, for a number of years a teacher in the Ann Arbor schools. Mr. Slauson is therefore a brother-in-law of Ald. Hamilton of this city. There are many people here who remember Mr. Slauson and who are highly gratified at his selection for this responsible position. A telegram was sent to Moline last night announcing the choice. Mr. Slauson replied formally accepting the proffered position.

## CRUSHED HIS SKULL

Will S. Shirley Jumps from M. C. Train and is Killed.

William S. Shirley and two other boys, named respectively Crandall and Carpenter, got on a Michigan Central freight train at Ypsilanti Sunday night, intending to steal a ride to Ann Arbor. When the train reached this city contrary to their expectations it did not stop. The three boys reside in this city and did not like to be carried by, so they jumped to the ground. Young Crandall escaped with several severe bruises, Carpenter came off scot-free, but Shirley struck on his head with great force, sustaining a severe fracture of the skull. He was removed to the hospital where he died in about an hour. He was the son of Thomas Shirley, of E. University avenue, and about 15 years old. An inquest was held Tuesday.

EXTRA SESSION LAWS

Eight Bills Passed by the Michigan Legislature.

PREPARATIONS MADE FOR WAR.

Four of the Bills Passed Were Presented by the Military Department in View of a Prospect of a Conflict with Spain—Bill Increasing the Taxes of Express Companies—Four Bills Failed to Pass, Among Them the Fingree Taxation Measure.

During the extra session of the legislature eight bills were passed. Four of these were presented by the military department in view of the prospect of war. They were the bill making a \$500,000 war appropriation, the bill increasing the membership of companies of the National guard from eighty to 150, the bill making an appropriation for the naval reserve and increasing its membership, and a bill exempting the military from prosecution for deserting service.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Expressing Sympathy for the Cuban Patriots in Their Struggle for Independence. Whereas, the Michigan legislature in regular biennial session assembled, one year ago, expressed its sympathy for the Cuban patriots in their struggle for independence; and

Whereas, war still continues on the island of Cuba, presenting the most horrible, pitiable and revolting conditions, and calling forth expressions of sympathy from all mankind;

Resolved (the senate concurring), That our sympathy for these afflicted people is hereby again renewed and our hope reaffirmed that war, desolation and death will speedily end on that unfortunate island and the boon of independence be again an established fact;

Resolved, further, That we express our highest appreciation of the policy pursued by President McKinley; assert our confidence in his calm, prudent, patriotic leadership; congratulate congress of the United States on the unanimity of their courageous action taken on the emergency war measure, and hereby assure the national administration that should war come, Michigan will quickly respond as in "Sixty-one" and furnish her quota of brave and loyal sons to keep step to the music of the Union.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded by the secretary of state to President McKinley and the president of the national senate and the speaker of the house for communication to those respective bodies.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Relative to the Printing and Binding of the Official Journals of the Legislative Session of 1898.

Resolved by the house (the senate concurring), That there shall be printed and bound in the usual form and style 3,000 copies of the official journal of this extraordinary session of the legislature; and

Resolved, That such number of copies of said journals as shall remain, after the distribution provided by the law shall have been made, shall be disposed of as the board of state auditors shall determine.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Directing the Board of State Auditors to Settle and Adjust the Claims of the Military Department for Clerical Services, Stationery and Postage, for Investigating Bounty Claims, Issuing Certificates of Service and Furnishing Data and Records of Service to the Soldiers of the Last War for the Years 1897 and 1898.

Whereas, it appears that a large part of the work of the adjutant general's office consists in investigating bounty claims, furnishing certificates of service and statements of war records to the soldiers of the last war, and none of the military funds at the disposal of the military department are available for such work; and

Whereas, the said work has been conducted for the current year and the year 1897 at the expense of the National guard fund;

Resolved, by the house (the senate concurring), That the board of state auditors be and is hereby authorized and directed to investigate and examine into the expense of such work, and determine as to what amount of the same should rightfully be paid from the general fund for the years 1897 and 1898. And if upon examination of the facts, it is found that the National guard or other military funds of the state ought to be credited with an allowance for such work, the board of state auditors is authorized, empowered and directed to draw their warrant for such sum upon the general fund, the amount of the same to be placed to the credit of the proper military fund.

AN ACT

Providing for Submitting to the Qualified Electors of This State, the Question of a General Revision of the Constitution of the State of Michigan.

The people of the state of Michigan enact: Section 1. That Whereas, it is provided by section 2 of article 20 of the constitution of this state that at the general election to be held in the year 1896, and in each sixteenth year thereafter, the question of the general revision of the constitution shall be submitted to the electors qualified to vote for members of the legislature; and

Whereas, the current year is the year that this question must be submitted to said electors;

Therefore, in obedience to this mandate of the constitution, the secretary of state is hereby required to give notice of the same to the sheriffs of the several counties of this state, the time prior to said election required by law, and the said sheriffs are hereby required to give the several notices required by law. Each person, voting on said question, shall have written or printed on his ballot as provided by law the words:

"For a general revision of the Constitution—YES."

And every person voting against said question shall have on his ballot in like manner, the words:

"For a general revision of the Constitution—NO."

The ballots shall in all respects be canvassed, and returns made in the same manner as they are made for the state offices named on said ballot. Approved April 15, 1898.

AN ACT

To Amend Section 2 of Act 140 of the Session Laws of 1867, the Same Being Chapter 103 of Howell's Annotated Statutes Relative to the Licensing and Taxing of Express Companies Incorporated in Other States.

The people of the state of Michigan enact:

Section 1. That section 2 of act No. 140 of the session laws of 1867, the same being chapter 103 of Howell's annotated statutes, relating to the licensing and taxing of express companies incorporated in other states, be and the same is amended to read as follows:

Section 2. It shall be a condition precedent to the issuing or the renewal of the annual certificate or license by the state treasurer, that the company, association or individual making the statement, shall pay into the state treasury a specific tax of 5 per cent, on the gross amount received by said company, association or individual, within this state, for the year included in this report, provided for in section 1 of this act, which said specific tax may be recovered in any court at the suit of this state. It shall be the duty of the state treasurer to give his receipt for all moneys paid into the state treasury under the provisions of this act, and to issue as many copies of the annual certificate or license as may be desired by said company, but not more than one for each agent or place of business of said express company, association or individual in this state. Approved April 15, 1898.

AN ACT

To Suspend the Refunding, by the Auditor General, of Moneys to Purchasers of Certain Tax Titles Held Invalid, and to Prohibit Proceedings for the Recovery of the Same.

The people of the state of Michigan enact:

Section 1. That hereafter, and until the lapse of ninety days from and after the close of the session of the legislature of 1898, no action shall be brought to compel the auditor general to refund any money to the purchaser of any lands for the taxes delinquent thereon, where such sale of such lands has been declared invalid by reason of said lands having prior thereto been bid in to the state, and continuing thus held while included in the auditor general's petition for the subsequent year, the sale for which was declared invalid.

Section 2. That, during the time above limited, no money shall be refunded to the purchaser of any lands for the taxes delinquent thereon, where such sale of such lands has been declared invalid for the reason expressed in section 1 of this act.

Section 3. The operation of all acts and parts of acts in any way inconsistent with the provisions of this act is hereby suspended.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect. Approved April 15, 1898.

AN ACT

For the Protection of Homesteaders.

The people of the state of Michigan enact:

Section 1. That hereafter, and until the lapse of ninety days from and after the close of the session of the legislature of 1898, no action shall be brought to oust or dispossess any person in possession of, and actually settled upon, lands subject to entry, or by the commissioner of the state land office supposed to have been subject to entry, under provisions of section 131 of act No. 206 of the public acts of 1883, and amendments thereto, which were, under the provisions of said section, taken up and entered as homestead lands and certificate issued by the commissioner of the state land office therefor.

Section 2. All such actions now pending, and the operation of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby suspended, until the termination of the time above limited: Provided, however, That this act shall not be construed as to prevent the recovery by any person, holding under such homestead proceedings, for improvements made either before or after the passage of this act.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect. Approved April 15, 1898.

AN ACT

To Protect Members of the State Militia, and All Citizens of the State of Michigan, in the Service of the United States, and Their Property from Execution, Seizure and Levy, and to Provide for the Continuance of Pending Suits in Law and Chancery, in the Event of War.

The people of the state of Michigan enact:

Section 1. That all citizens of this state, while engaged in actual military duty in the service of the state, or of the United States, in the event of war with Spain, as members of the naval brigade, national guard, or in the United States army, navy, or marine corps, or any other branch of service, shall not be subject to proceedings in this state for the collection of any debt incurred prior to, or during such period of service.

Section 2. The property of such citizens, serving as above mentioned, shall be exempt from execution, levy, seizure, or attachment for debts contracted prior to, or during such service, and shall continue exempt for a period of six months after such service shall cease; except in cases where the statutes of limitations might operate to make such debts or obligations void.

Section 3. This act shall not be construed as repealing any law of this state now in force upon the same subject.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect. Approved April 15, 1898.

AN ACT

To Amend Section No. 36 of Act No. 184 of the Public Acts of 1893, Entitled "An Act to Provide for the Enrollment, Organization, Equipment, Maintenance and Discipline of the Naval Militia of the State." Approved May 31, 1893, as Amended by Act No. 211 of the Public Acts of 1895.

The people of the state of Michigan enact:

Section 1. That section No. 36 of act No. 184 of the public acts of 1893, entitled "An act to provide for the enroll-

ment, organization, equipment, maintenance and discipline of the naval militia of the state," approved May 31, 1893, as amended by act No. 211 of the public acts of 1895, be and the same is hereby further amended so as to read as follows:

Section 36. For the purpose of providing the funds necessary for organizing, maintaining and equipping the forces of the state naval brigade, by law authorized and established, it shall be the duty of the auditor general at the time of apportioning the state taxes, to apportion among the several counties of the state each year, in proportion to the whole amount of real and personal property therein, as equalized by the state board of equalization, a sum equal to one-half of 1 cent for each person whom it shall appear, by the last preceding census, was a resident of this state, which sum so apportioned shall be collected in the same manner with other state taxes and shall constitute and be designated as the state naval militia fund. All provisions of law relative to the collection and disbursement of the state military fund, as by law established and created, shall apply to and govern the collection and disbursement of the said state naval militia fund. From said state militia fund it shall be and may be lawful for the state military board, with the approval of the commander-in-chief, to pay and refund all sums paid and disbursed by any division or divisions of the naval militia for expenses of the adjutant general's office or for freight or transportation of arms or other articles of equipment, loaned or furnished by the United States government. No moneys except those expressly apportioned by law for use, support and maintenance of the naval forces of the state troops shall be employed for any such purpose, and all moneys raised and appropriated for military purposes shall, unless otherwise expressly provided by law, be deemed to be raised and appropriated for the sole and exclusive use, support and maintenance of the land forces of the state militia.

This is ordered to take immediate effect. Approved April 15, 1898.

AN ACT

Authorizing a War Loan and Providing for the Disbursements of the Proceeds Thereof and for a War Loan Sinking Fund for the Purpose of Liquidating the Loan.

Whereas, the United States has reached a crisis making it likely that the president may call on the state of Michigan for troops and for a naval contingent; and

Whereas, it has become necessary for the several states to be prepared for all calls of a military nature made by the general government; therefore:

The people of the state of Michigan enact:

Section 1. That the governor and state treasurer be and they are hereby authorized and directed, in the name and on behalf of the people, and upon the faith and credit of this state, for the purpose of organizing a national guard, a naval militia and the volunteer militia for the purpose of repelling invasion or defending the state and nation in time of war against all enemies and opposers whatever, to purchase and contract for a loan or loans for such sum or sums of money as may be necessary for the purposes herein specified, not exceeding \$1,000,000 in all, on the most favorable terms that, in their judgment, can be obtained, redeemable at the pleasure of the state at any time not less than five, nor more than ten years from the first day of May, 1898, at a rate of interest not to exceed 4 per cent (4) per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of May and November in each year. Such loans shall be known as the Michigan war loan of 1898. The proceeds of such bonds shall be credited to the war fund and shall be paid out in no other manner and for no other purpose than in this act specified. The principal, as well as the interest accruing upon the bonds issued under this act, shall be payable from the war loan sinking fund hereinafter provided for.

Section 2. For the purpose of effecting the loan or loans by this act authorized, the governor and state treasurer are hereby empowered and directed to cause to be issued bonds of the state of Michigan from time to time as they may deem necessary in sums not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) each to be signed by the governor and countersigned by the secretary of state and state treasurer, with the seal of state affixed thereto, and the coupons for interest thereto attached. Both principal and interest of all bonds under five hundred dollars (\$500) shall be payable in the city of Detroit, and for principal and interest of amounts over five hundred dollars (\$500) in the city of New York. The bonds shall be drawn in favor of the auditor general, and when indorsed by him, become negotiable in such manner as the governor and state treasurer may deem expedient.

Section 3. The moneys arising from the sale of the bonds, by this act authorized to be issued, shall be paid into the treasury of the state to the credit of the war fund, and shall be drawn therefrom upon the warrants of the auditor general, which warrants, payable to the quartermaster general, shall be issued upon proper requisitions of the quartermaster general of the state, after the governor shall have certified that the amount stated in the requisition is needed for the purposes specified in this act. The moneys provided by this act may be used for the purpose of recruiting, enlisting, organizing, arming and equipping the military forces herein mentioned, and for the purchase and distribution of all necessary military and naval stores, whether of subsistence, clothing, pay, medicines, field, camp and vessel equipage, arms, munitions, and equipments for such organizations of the National guard, naval militia and volunteer militia of this state as may be mustered into the service of this state, or of the United States, under the provisions of any law of this state, or under any call from the president of the United States: Provided, That no moneys authorized by this act shall in any way be construed as applicable for the ordinary expenses of the naval militia or National guard, as contemplated by the laws of the state making direct appropriations for the general expenses of these organizations. Warrants payable to the quartermaster general may be issued by the auditor general, upon proper requisitions of the quartermas-

ter general, certified by the governor as hereinbefore provided, for such amounts as they shall deem necessary from time to time, and the expenditures of the money thus drawn by the quartermaster general, shall be accounted for under the provisions of the general accounting laws applicable to such cases. Provided further, Warrants may be issued by the auditor general upon proper vouchers certified by the governor for advances made by the quartermaster general of the state for expenditures already incurred for the purposes herein specified.

Section 4. All claims and accounts accruing against this state for expenses and disbursements authorized by this act, shall be audited and allowed by the state military board, in the same manner that other military accounts are now audited and allowed, but they shall be kept in the accounts of the quartermaster general, as a distinct fund, separate and apart from the other accounts kept by him.

Section 5. The bonds issued under this act shall be numbered consecutively and registered in a book provided for this purpose, which shall be kept in the auditor general's office. This register shall contain the date of the bonds, the number, to whom issued, and the amount of each bond; also the date of redemption, number of bond, of whom received and amount of each bond. There shall also be kept in the auditor general's office a register showing the date of the bond, the number, amount, date each coupon is due and the cancellation of such coupons as are paid, with reference to the number of the voucher paying the same. Whenever any such bonds shall be paid, the same shall be immediately cancelled by the treasurer and the auditor general shall also keep a full record of all bonds taken up and paid, as provided above. And immediately after the record shall have been made as aforesaid, the bonds so paid shall also be cancelled by writing across the face of each bond, which cancellation shall be signed by the auditor general and state treasurer, and such bonds thus cancelled shall be filed with the voucher as the basis of the auditor general's warrant for their payment.

Section 6. For the purpose of providing for the payment of the bonds issued under this act, and the interest thereon, there shall be assessed on the taxable property of the state as fixed by the state board of equalization in the year 1896, and in each year thereafter until the several amounts levied under this act shall become sufficient to extinguish the debt created herein, the sum of 1/4 of a mill on each dollar of said taxable property to be assessed and paid into the treasury of the state in like manner as other state taxes are by law levied, assessed and paid, which amount thus levied shall be credited each year to the war loan sinking fund as herein directed: Provided, That should the last levy necessary under this act produce a credit to the said war loan sinking fund in excess of the amount required to pay all bonds and interest thereon, such excessive credit if any shall when all bonds issued under this act and all interest accrued thereon have been paid, be transferred to the general fund upon the books of the state.

Section 7. The faith of the state is hereby pledged for the payment of principal and interest of the bonds which may be assessed under the provisions of this act.

Section 8. It shall be the duty of the governor, by and with the advice and recommendations of the state military board, to expend such part of the above fund as may be necessary to recruit, enlist, discipline, organize, instruct and thoroughly arm and equip the military bodies in this act mentioned for such active service as may be required of them.

Section 9. Not less than three months before the maturity of the option of the state to redeem any or all of the bonds issued hereunder, the treasurer shall give notice by advertisement for one week in two daily papers and for four weeks in the weekly edition of the same paper published in the city of Detroit designating the time when, and the number of said bonds which will be redeemed and the interest on such bonds as are described in such advertisement shall cease from the date specified for the redemption of such bonds: Provided, That should the condition of the war loan sinking fund at the date aforesaid be such as to permit the redemption of only a portion of the loan, the bonds to be redeemed shall be determined by the state treasurer in the following manner, viz: The treasurer shall cause numbers corresponding with the numbers of all bonds issued under this act to be placed in a box to be provided for that purpose and shall, in the presence of the governor and auditor general, proceed to draw therefrom numbers of bonds equal in amount as nearly as may be to the money in the state treasury applicable to the redemption of said bonds. The numbers thus determined shall be the ones used in the advertisement herein provided: Provided further, That in case the treasurer shall at any time before the state is authorized to redeem any of the bonds issued hereunder, have an opportunity to purchase any of said bonds at par with accrued interest thereon, he is hereby authorized to use any funds in the treasury available for this purpose.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect. Approved April 15, 1898.

AN ACT

To Promote the Efficiency of the Michigan National Guard and Naval Militia of the State, and to Provide for the Organization of the Volunteer Militia, in Case of Emergency.

The people of the state of Michigan enact:

Section 1. That in case of threatened war or invasion of this state, or of the United States, the governor of this state is authorized by the issuance of the proper orders to cause any or all the companies of the Michigan national guard to be increased to a strength of not exceeding 150 enlisted men for each company.

Section 2. Whenever a company is increased in accordance with the preceding section to a strength of 100 men or more, such company shall be officered by a captain, one first lieutenant, and one sergeant, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, and one junior second lieutenant. The non-commissioned officers of a company shall consist of five sergeants of the line, and one commis-

sary sergeant and eight corporals. When a company shall consist of over 100 men, there shall be eight sergeants of the line, and twelve corporals. In such case there shall be three musicians.

Section 3. In case troops of the state of Michigan are called into the field, for the purpose of recruiting them originally and of keeping the organizations up to maximum strength, the governor may appoint and commission recruiting officers and paymasters, and assign them to duty at such points in the state as he may designate. Such officers may be of any rank not higher than major, and shall be paid the pay proper of officers of like grade in the United States army and navy.

Section 4. It shall be the duty of such officers to enlist and muster recruits for the organizations from this state that may be in the military and naval service under any order of the president of the United States, and for those which are being prepared for such service. Such officers shall organize, instruct, drill and discipline the troops and naval forces enlisted in such manner as they shall from time to time be ordered to do by the governor in accordance with military and naval laws, regulations and customs of service.

Section 5. In case the recruits so enlisted for the infantry arm of the service shall not be needed to fill the regiments in active service, or in case it shall be advisable to organize volunteer regiments, the governor by and with the advice and recommendation of the state military board may organize regiments of eight companies each, each company to consist of not less than 100 men nor more than 150 enlisted men, with the same number of non-commissioned officers and musicians, and the same number of company officers of the same rank as are provided for in section two of this act.

Each regiment shall consist of two battalions of four companies each. The field officers of a regiment shall consist of one colonel, one lieutenant colonel and two majors. The staff shall consist of one surgeon with the rank of major, one assistant surgeon with the rank of captain, one chaplain with the rank of captain, one adjutant and one regimental quartermaster, each with the rank of first lieutenant. Skeleton regiments may be formed and recruited.

The non-commissioned staff shall be the same as that of an infantry regiment of the United States army.

The commissioned officers of regiments so organized shall be appointed and commissioned by the governor.

Regimental bands may be enlisted and mustered and shall consist of the like number of musicians as the band of an infantry regiment in the United States army at the present time.

Officers and enlisted men shall be paid from the time they are placed on duty with the pay of like grades in the United States army.

Artillery and cavalry and naval organizations may be enlisted and, in case they shall be, these arms of the service shall be organized in the same manner as the regular establishment of the United States army and navy are organized in time of war, and the foregoing provisions as to recruiting and recruiting officers shall apply to their organization. Camp instruction may be ordered.

Section 6. Wherever the organization of troops or naval forces, under this act, is not herein specially provided for, such organization shall, as nearly as may be, conform to the laws, regulations and customs of service of the United States army and navy.

Section 7. Whenever, in the discretion of the governor, the necessity for an increased strength of the companies of the Michigan national guard shall no longer exist he shall reduce such companies to the maximum strength provided for under the laws in force prior to the passage of this act. Such reduction shall be accomplished by mustering out all men unfit for service, and in the discretion of the governor all who shall apply for discharges. If these cases fail to reduce any company to its maximum strength under laws in force before the passage of this act, then such enlisted men as shall be recommended by their company commanders for muster out, shall be discharged.

If four company officers still remain to the companies, the junior second lieutenant shall be mustered out.

All such musters out and discharges shall be honorable, unless reasons exist under military laws for musters out and discharges of a different nature in individual cases.

Section 8. In case of a tie vote on an election for officers in any organization of the Michigan national guard, the proceedings at the election shall be at once returned to the adjutant general, and the commander-in-chief shall appoint and commission officers to fill the positions for which such election was held; such appointments shall be for the same term as if such officers had been elected, and the appointees shall take rank from the date of appointment.

Section 9. In case the congress of the United States shall pass laws applying to the military or naval forces of all the states, or the president shall call for different organization of troops from that herein provided, this law shall be in force only so far as it is not in conflict with the laws of the United States, or with the call of the president. In either case above mentioned, troops shall be organized in accordance with the laws of the United States or the president's call as the case may be.

Section 10. Officers of the line, staff and general staff not on duty outside the state may be assigned to active duty in connection with the organization of troops under the provisions of this act in accordance with their rank, and when so assigned shall receive the same pay as officers of like grade in the United States army.

Section 11. All acts and parts of acts heretofore passed by the legislature of the state of Michigan in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect. Approved April 15, 1898.

Section 12. The British ambassador has discussed the matter, and the former informed Chief Naval Constructor Hichborn that no objection would be entered to any caliber of gun proposed to be put on board the vessel.

Section 13. The British authorities, it is understood, have no objection to the character of armament which will be placed on board the gunboat to be built on the lakes. Assistant Secretary of State Adee and the British ambassador have discussed the matter, and the former informed Chief Naval Constructor Hichborn that no objection would be entered to any caliber of gun proposed to be put on board the vessel.

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Section 36. The British authorities, it is understood, have no objection to the character of armament which will be placed on board the



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Feeling sure that every one appreciates this fact, we have laid in a stock of toilet articles, Waters, Tonics, Face Powders, Face Cream, Tooth Powders, Toilet Powders, Perfumery, Soaps, Sponges, Brushes, etc., the quality of which is such as to insure perfect satisfaction.

We have also a large and complete stock of proprietary medicines. And of course you know our prescription department is well equipped.

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Said one of our Ann Arbor millionaires a fortnight ago to a laboring man: "I would give half of my wealth for just half of your appetite." He meant just what he said.

We bargained with him to give him all the appetite he wanted for \$50.00 and sent him a Crawford Bike.

Now he wants to bring his bicycle back; he says that his grocery bill is running up just something frightful.

Moral: Mankind is hard to please.

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**OUR WAY OF LOOKING AT IT**

The best way of securing pure and fresh spices for our trade is to order direct from the importer and grind them as needed by our trade.

**This is the Season you want SPICES**

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  - Caraway,
  - Fennel,
  - Dill, and
  - Celery Seeds,
  - Pepper,
  - Ginger,
  - Mace,
  - Cloves,
  - Mustard,
  - Allspice,
  - Nutmegs,
  - Turmeric.

For canning purposes, catsups, etc., the quality of the spices you use is of prime importance. You want pure and reliable goods. Our goods are absolutely perfect. Try them

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I keep on hand Large Quantities of all the various Granites in the North and am prepared to execute Fine Monumental Work on Short Notice. Inquire about my work. Correspondence Solicited.

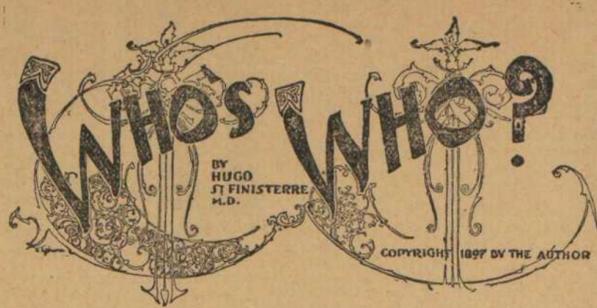
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**Crescent Bicycles**

The Popular Wheel at the standard price, and no better wheel at any price.

CRESCENTS are built on honor and sell on their merits.  
Price \$20 to \$75.  
Please call and see them.

**M. STAEBLER'S CYCLE EMPORIUM,**  
ANN ARBOR, MICH.



(Continued.)

the fact, the storm would soon break on my head.

Deprived of every dollar in the world, shorn of my miraculous strength and in a position where it looked impossible to deny that I was Harold Westcott, my doom would be as hopeless as that of Tom Discoe or Jake Huke.

Such was my reasoning, but how prone we mortals are to go astray! I was not within a thousand miles of the truth.

My reflections were not of a pleasant nature. It looked as if I had walked into every trap set for me and was deprived of every chance of escape.

"At any rate he has written to Miss Lawrence and made everything clear to her. So hereafter I must avoid her."

The temptation was strong to write to Harold, taking him severely to task, with the threat that if he did not do my bidding I would expose him at all costs. Great as would be the scandal, nevertheless I could convince him it was possible for me, through an appeal to my college mates and the friends of my boyhood, to establish my identity.

"However, I will wait until his letter arrives."

It was now noon, and I started down town. At precisely the same minute that I entered the broker's office on the preceding day I stepped across the threshold again to learn my financial fate. I quickly learned it.

**CHAPTER XIX. A REVELATION.**

With the same bland smile that he had greeted me on the preceding day the broker came forward and extended his hand. No doubt the headsman becomes so accustomed to his ghastly business that he can thus welcome his victims.

"Mr. Westcott, have you ever speculated in Wall street before?"

"Never."

"Nor in any kind of stocks?"

"In none whatever."

"Will you promise to follow my advice?"

"That's asking a good deal, but I think it is safe to give you my pledge."

"Never risk another dollar as you did yesterday."

"You have my promise to that effect." And I added mentally, "It is a safe pledge to make, since I shall never be able to break it."

"You are a young man, and I have seen so many ruined by doing as you did that my heart goes out in sympathy for them. Well, since you wish to close the account, I will give you the balance due you."

"Then I have something?" I asked in surprise.

"Yes. I will write our check."

He went back to his desk at the other end of the room within the railing, consulted for a few minutes with his bookkeeper, signed a check which was torn from a book and then came forward with the bland smile which had never left his countenance.

Could I believe my eyes?

That bit of paper was an order for the Astor bank to pay me \$126,000, with some extra cents added.

"I judge you hardly expected that," he remarked, with the bland smile slightly broader.

"I should say not. I didn't expect anything."

"It would hardly have been as bad as that, but once in several thousand times a man like you hits it. You went blind,

were engaged in marriage to each other. This is a deuced unpleasant fact when I inform you that I am already a married man. Some folks will condemn me and say I have not done the right thing. Perhaps it isn't exactly fair, but I swear to you that I had no intention of wronging her. When I asked her hand in marriage and she accepted it, there was never a more devil-dasher in love than I.

The wrong thing done by Jeanette was to leave me and go to Europe for an extended tour. She must have known that I couldn't exist without female society, and that if she deprived me of the pleasure of her sweet presence I had the right to look elsewhere.

Well, I looked elsewhere and was not long in finding my divinity. It was behind the footlights at the Olympia. Divine, entrancing, ravishing, irresistible as she was, I learned for the first time the meaning of love—true, honest, genuine love.

Still I wasn't sure it would last, so I didn't write anything to Jeanette about it. Give me credit for not wishing to wound her feelings. Did it last? It grew more intense as the days and weeks passed until I could not exist out of her presence.

Ye gods, but those divinities are expensive! I daresn't tell you how much I spent on her during the three months of wooing. But at last she consented to become my wife, and we were married. I had been married several weeks when I met you on the avenue.

That which I was figuring on was as to how I should straighten matters with Jeanette. I was still figuring at it when fate brought you and me together. Then a brilliant scheme flashed upon me. You wouldn't deny my cleverness when you come to understand its beauties.

I would go ahead with my charmer. I would hunt up Jeanette and introduce my wife to her. Of course there would be a scream and likely enough a faint. But it would be all over in a few minutes. Then, too, Jeanette could not be denying the choice I had made. So would you if you could meet her. I hope that pleasure may be yours some day.

But that isn't my scheme. Since you are on the ground and to all intents and purposes are myself why not take my place as the engaged lover of Jeanette? It may startle you, but I beg you to think of it. She is a real good girl and if you are not taken at first with her you will soon grow to like her. She is rich, which reminds me I made a little mistake when I told you the size of the balance in bank to your credit. It's just half the sum I promised.

The expenses of my humming bird have compelled me to withdraw all my property from your side of the Atlantic and to invest it here in the Old Lady of Threadneedle street. I hope there is enough to last my charmer, though she is getting away with a good deal more than I expected.

As for Huke and Discoe, I intended to suggest that their matter was worth your attention. I really thought seriously of going in with them, for the prospect is good. I meant to recommend it to you, but since they seem to have made a mess of it of course that is out of the question.

I must speak of another matter—the amount which I agreed to give you for taking the character of Harold in place of Harmon Westcott. I named \$50,000 as the right year's salary, but that is like me—always too generous. Have you reflected that it equals the pay of the president of the United States?

I am surprised that you agreed to accept it without protest, and yet I don't blame you. It isn't often a fellow gets such a soft snap. So I've changed my mind and decided to make it one-half the sum. That surely will be good wages for a mighty easy job.

Now, don't attempt to lecture me. I fancy you will be grateful for the handsome bonus that is yours, but will feel like scolding me as to Miss Lawrence. But none of that, Hal, as thou lovest me.

I have decided, too, to leave to you the task of explaining matters to my former fiancée. It would be deuced awkward for me to write to her, for I haven't done so since leaving New York.

I shall remain here, as I told you, for some time to come. Since you have been so lucky in disposing of the Discoe and Huke business (I fancy it would have been luckier had you fallen in with them) it may relieve you to know that there are no more snags in your path. All now is clear sailing, and with best wishes I am

WALCOTT.

"I was some minutes before I could master my emotions sufficiently to reason over the unprecedented state of affairs.

My first impulse was to send him every dollar in my possession, and I actually set out to do so, but common sense intervened.

"Yesterday and today down to the moment I received this letter the \$25,000 was as much mine as is the suit of clothes I am wearing, but not a cent belongs to me now, for to keep it would be to accept the wages of sin. Since the principal belonged to me yesterday and today does not, the accretions already made are wholly mine. Through providence and the good judgment of my brokers my fortune was quadrupled. From the gross amount I will deduct the \$25,000, plus the small sum he turned over to me before his departure, and send it to him. The rest belongs to me."

I was impatient to carry out my decision. No doubt, now that Harold had a spendthrift wife on his hands, he would be glad to receive the money, and any indignant comment I chose to make would be thrown away.

A bill of exchange for the exact sum was purchased, placed in an envelope and directed to H. O. Walcott, Berkeley House, London. The hardest thing to do was to restrain myself from giving rein to my consuming indignation. I did write a letter, such as you would have blistered the hide of a rhinoceros, but after reading it over twisted it up and held a lighted match to the corner until it was ashes.

"He would call it a deuced good joke. He would show it to the woman with him, and she, too, would laugh at the absurdity of it. They shall not have that consolation."

So when the missive reached Harold he found within the envelope a draft for the amount named. There was not a single word. He would understand it. There are some occasions where silence is a thousandfold more expressive than speech.

That disgusting business off my hands, I lost no time in leaving the apartments which he had occupied so long. I could no more breathe and exist in them than

(To be continued.)

Washington, April 20.—After one of the hardest fought battles between the two houses known in many years, congress came to an agreement upon the most momentous question it has dealt with in a third of a century.

The Cuban resolution was passed, and sent to the president to-day. Its provisions mean the expulsion of Spain from the island of Cuba by the armed forces of the United States. There were many loud calls in both houses, and each body held tenaciously for its own resolution. The conferees had great difficulty in agreeing. The first conference showed a determination on the part of the house not to yield a single point, and it was only after long consultation with the house leaders that they agreed to allow the little words "are and" in the first section of the senate resolution, which declares that the people of Cuba are and of right ought to be free and independent.

The resolution as finally adopted is that reported from the senate committee on foreign relations, with the addition of the fourth section, known as the Teller amendment, disclaiming any intention on the part of the United States to acquire Cuba.

The conference report was quickly passed in the senate by a vote of 42 to 35. The house took considerable time, but adopted the report by the remarkable vote of 310 to 6.

The following voted against the adoption of the report: Boutelle (rep. Me.), Brewer (dem., Ala.), Gardner (rep., N. J.), Johnson (rep., Ind.), Loud (rep., Cal.), McCall (rep., Md.).

The detailed vote on the adoption of the conference report in the senate was as follows:

Yeas.—Aldrich, Allison, Baker, Burrows, Carter, Chandler, Clark, Cullom, Davis, Deboe, Elkins, Fairbanks, Faulkner, Foraker, Frye, Gallinger, Gear, Gray, Hale, Hanna, Hansbrough, Hawley, Kyle, Lodge, McBride, McMillan, Mason, Morgan, Morrill, Nelson, Penrose, Perkins, Platt (Conn.), Pritchard, Proctor, Quay, Sewell, Shoup, Spooner, Warren, Wilson, Wolcott—42.

Nays.—Allen, Bacon, Berry, Bate, Butler, Caffery, Cannon, Chilton, Clay, Cockrell, Daniel, Harris, Helfield, Jones (Ark.), Jones (Nev.), Kenney, Lindsay, McNery, McLaurin, Mallory, Mantle, Martin, Mitchell, Money, Pasco, Pettigrew, Pettus, Rawlins, Roach, Stewart, Teller, Turley, Turner, Turpie, White—35.

The resolution in full is as follows:

"Joint resolution for the recognition of the independence of the people of Cuba, demanding that the government of Spain relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters, and directing the president of the United States to use the land and naval forces of the United States to carry these resolutions into effect.

"Whereas, the abhorrent conditions which have existed for more than three years in the island of Cuba, so near our own borders, have shocked the moral sense of the people of the United States, have been a disgrace to Christian civilization, culminating, as they have, in the destruction of a United States battleship, with 256 of its officers and crew, while on a friendly visit in the harbor of Havana, and cannot longer be endured, as has been set forth by the president of the United States in his message to congress of April 11, 1898, upon which the action of congress was invited; therefore,

"Resolved, first, That the people of the island of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent.

"Second, That it is the duty of the United States to demand, and the government of the United States does hereby demand, that the government of Spain at once relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

"Third, That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into actual service of the United States the militia of the several states, to such extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

"Fourth, That the United States hereby disclaims any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over said island, except for the pacification thereof, and asserts its determination, when that is accomplished, to leave the government and control of the island to its people."

**Where Life Is Longest.**

More people over 100 years old are found in mild climates than in the higher latitudes. According to the last census of the German empire, of a population of 55,000,000 only seventy-eight have passed the 100th year. France, with a population of 40,000,000, has 213 centenarians. In England there are 146, Ireland 578, and in Scotland forty-six. Sweden has ten, and Norway two, Switzerland none. Spain, with a population of 18,000,000, has 401 persons over 100 years of age. Of the 2,250,000 inhabitants of Centuria 575 persons have inhabited the centuria mark. It is said that the oldest person living whose age has been proven is Bruno Cotrim, born in Africa, and now living in Rio de Janeiro. He is 150 years old. A coachman in Moscow has lived 140 years.

**AGREEMENT IS REACHED.**  
House and Senate a Unit as to Cuba.

**ENORMOUS VOTE IN HOUSE.**

Three Hundred and Ten Representatives Declare for the Independence of Cuba and the Armed Intervention of the United States, While Only Six Oppose It—Was Carried in the Senate, 42 to 35—Full Text of the Resolutions.

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—THE PRACTICAL—  
**PLUMBERS, STEAM AND GAS FITTERS**

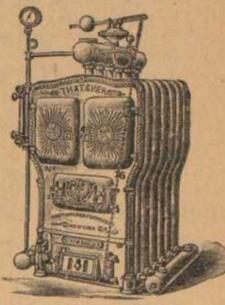
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**SAFETY SECTIONAL STEAM BOILER**

For Steam and Water Heating.

Estimates cheerfully given and all work promptly attended to.



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Ask your neighbor who has used them. Prices are right.

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DETROIT STREET.

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A First-class Sewing Machine, and all attachments, warranted for 10 years. \$20.00 (store price) former price \$45.00. All kinds of Sewing Machines sold at one-half former prices. Call at my store and save agent's commission. Write for prices

23 East Washington St. **J. F. SCHUH.**

**Ann Arbor Savings Bank**

Organized May, 1869, under the General Banking Law of this State.

**CAPITAL, \$50,000**

**Surplus, 150,000 Total Assets, \$1,400,000**

Business Men, Guardians, Trustees, Ladies, and other persons will find this Bank a safe and convenient place at which to do business. Interest is allowed on all Savings Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards, according to rate of the bank, interest compounded semi-annually.

**Money to Loan in Sums of \$25.00 to \$5,000**  
Secured by unencumbered Real estate and other good securities.

**SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULTS** of the best modern construction. Absolutely Fire and Burglar Proof. Boxes to rent from \$1.00 to \$10.00 per year.

**Three Per Cent Interest Paid on Deposits in the Savings Department**

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DAVID RINSEY, DANIEL HISCOCK,  
WILLIAM DUBEL, L. GRUNER,

**DR. W. B. SMITH.**

**OFFICERS:**

CHRISTIAN MACK, President. W. D. HARRIMAN, Vice-President.  
CHAS. E. HISCOCK, Cashier. M. J. FRITZ, Assistant Cashier.

**FERDON LUMBER YARD,**  
CORNER OF FOURTH AND DEPOT STS., ANN ARBOR.

**---LUMBER!---**

We manufacture our own Lumber and

**GUARANTEE VERY LOW PRICES.**

Give us a call and we will make it to your interest, as our large and well graded stock fully sustains our assertion.

A full assortment of Stone Sewer Pipe and Drain Tile, manufactured by the Jackson Fire Clay Co. These tile, being made of the clay, are of unusual strength.

T. J. KEECH, Supt. JAS. TOLBERT, Prop.

**Advertise in The Democrat.**



Could I believe my eyes?

which is the reason. Had you spent several months figuring out how to make a strike, you would have had only a few hundreds coming to you. Allow me to congratulate you and don't forget your promise."

He extended his hand, which I took in a dazed way and then passed out on the street. Within the same hour the check was deposited in the Astor bank up town, which, I may say, was not the one where Harold Westcott kept his account.

"It will prevent future mistakes," I said, recalling the error in his statement to me regarding his balance. "We can't be too careful of such things."

On the sixth day following the expected letter arrived from Harold. It was lengthy and left nothing to be told:

DEAR SIR—I have concluded to make a clean breast of everything. Since your telegram showed that you knew of Miss Lawrence's return to New York it is probable that you have met her. At least you learned that she and I

Subscribe for The Democrat.

Men's Suits and Overcoats.

FRESH SPRING ARRIVALS—VALUES SIMPLY MARVELOUS

SPRING OVERCOATS

Just take a look at these, and tell us if you ever see such garments at such very, very low prices. Silk lined, mark you that. Pretty? They are the prettiest spring coats you ever put on. Reliable? They were made for us by L. Adler Bros., one of the most prominent, most reliable houses in the United States.

CHILDREN'S SUITS

Spring Vestee Suits

For 3 to 8 years. Stylish little three piece suits—all the latest novelties for little men, ages 3 to 8 years. Price \$2.00 to \$5.50.

Spring Double Breasted Suits

For 8 to 16 years in all the newest patterns. Plaids, Checks, Over Plaids, Worsted, etc. Prices \$1.75 to \$7.00.

Everything desirable in Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing—Hats, Caps and Furnishings are here shown and twice the selection offered in any other store in Washtenaw county.

WADHAMS, RYAN & REULE,

200 and 202 S. Main Street, Ann Arbor, Mich.

GEORGE WALKER. MICHAEL GROSSMAN. CHRISTIAN BRAUN.

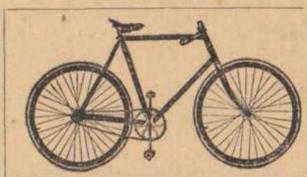
The Ann Arbor Carriage Works.



WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY on first-class Carriages, Surreys, Top Buggies and Road Wagons—all of our own manufacture. We have 65 or 70 different styles. The best of workmanship and material is used in the construction of our work.

We can also save you money on Hand-Made Harness, Sweat Collars, Dusters, Whips and Blankets of all styles.

We are headquarters for the largest assortment of BICYCLES in the city or county. Never before have such values been offered for the money and it will surprise you to see our '98 models and prices.



We have the machinery for equipping any vehicle, new or old, with rubber tires at a liberal discount.

WALKER & CO.

115 W. Liberty Street.

309 and 311 S. Ashley Street.

ARLINGTON HOTEL!

C. A. MILLARD, Proprietor. RATES, \$2.00 PER DAY. Washtenaw County trade especially solicited. Opposite Court House, ANN ARBOR, MICH.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL TREES

Plants and Small Fruits OF ALL KINDS. BEST STOCK. BARGAIN PRICES. Vick's Forest Hill Nurseries, Newark, New Jersey. Good Wages Paid

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HAS A COMPLETE LINE OF

Staple and Fancy Groceries

Good Goods at low prices. Call and be convinced. Don't forget the number

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Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Fine Confectionaries, Ice Cream, Cigars and Tobaccos.

Fine Meals, - 25 Cents.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

MANLEY BROS. PROP.

104 E. Huron St.

Telephone, New State 346.

HOW'S THIS:

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Traux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Walding, Kinnam & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

FOR SALE—Three horses, weight 1200 each; one 7 and two 10 years old; or will exchange for heavy team suitable for ice wagon. Inquire of S. B. Nickels, 330 S. State st. 3713

FORTUNE FAVORS THE BRAVE

And good health favors those who drink none but Ann Arbor Brewing Co.'s Pure Beer. Phone 101.

DON'T SWEAR OFF

But make up your mind to buy your meats from L. C. Weinmann's unequalled stock.

BEFORE AND AFTER

Eating your dinner use none but the Ann Arbor Brewing company's Pure Beer and you will always be healthy.

WEINMANN, THE MEAT MAN,

Buy in quantity and handles only the choicest quality of goods in his line.

THE PORTLAND CAFE.

The Portland Cafe has been removed to E. Huron street, next door to the Cook house, where they have a fine dining-room and are prepared to serve good meals for 25 cents. Meals at all hours. Good table and the best of service.

I must sell my home, as well as the rest I own. Investigate and make an offer for any part of it. It will be sold for less than it is worth.

A. M. CLARK, 439 S. Division.

Pabst Beer on draft at the Arlington Hotel. Also Choice Wines and Liquors for family use. JOHN BURNS, Prop.

Subscribe for The Democrat.

Property for Sale!

Parties Having Farm Property or sale or Exchange Can Have the Same Advertised in These Columns Free of Charge by Placing it With the Undersigned.

Two-story house in best of repair in good resident district, to exchange for farm. 302.

Good farm of 160 acres in Clare county to exchange for a 40-acre farm in Washtenaw county. 500.

Fine residence with all modern conveniences in one of the best residence streets in Ann Arbor to exchange for a good farm. 301.

\$1,500. 25 acres; farm house cost \$1,100. Only three miles from Ann Arbor. 517.

30-acre farm, fair buildings, to trade for Ann Arbor property. 516.

22-acre farm. Two-story frame house, cost \$2,200, barn 16x24, water piped through the house and to barn. Some fruit. 515.

To trade for Ann Arbor property 46 acres. Brick house. Barn 30x40. Good fences. Five acres to fruit. 514.

To trade for Ann Arbor property or smaller farm 225 acres, 60 timber, 45 to grass, 120 plow land. Nine-room house, good barn. 513.

Exchange for Ann Arbor property, 49 acres, 5 timber. Fair buildings. Three acres to fruit. Two miles to postoffice. 511.

\$1,900. 61 acres, 30 timber. Living water. Will trade for Detroit property of equal value. 510.

To trade for smaller farm or Ann Arbor city property, 169-acre farm, 10 of timber. Good 13-room house. Tenant house, 35x38 horse barn, 35x40 grain barn, cow barn, creamery, icehouse. Water forced by hydraulic ram to house and barns; also small stream which waters every field on place. Good sugar orchard 10 rods from house. Sugar house well supplied with apparatus. Some fruit on place. 504.

\$22 per acre. Choice farm. Large 12-room house, three barns and other outbuildings. Four miles from railroad station and market. 519.

W. H. BUTLER,

(Successor to Bach & Butler's, Real Estate and Insurance.)

202 East Huron Street

"A MAN'S WHAT HE EATS."

The better the food the better the man who eats it. But only what you know is good and wholesome; that which contains the best nutritive qualities. You'll find the goods handled by Davis & Seabolt, Grocers and Bakers, up to the standard.

A HOUSEKEEPER'S TALK

along the line of cooking materials is generally all right. They talk from experience, not hearsay. When you hear the expression—

"DAVIS & SEABOLT'S IS A GOOD PLACE TO BUY GROCERIES"

from an experienced housekeeper, you may be convinced that you will always find a select variety of good, clean, fresh groceries in stock and that our prices are right, too.

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY. GREAT REMOVAL SALE OF MILLINERY.

We move into the Binder store, corner of Main and Liberty streets, in a few days, and want to sell off all our Trimmed Hats and Bonnets before moving. Now is your chance to buy your Spring and Summer Millinery cheap. HENDRICK, 306 S. Main street, Pratt Block.

WE WANT TO REMIND YOU

That the Ann Arbor Brewing Co.'s Beers are pure and wholesome drinks. Call up Phone 101 and order a sample case.

Fine Coaches and Coupes for Weddings, Funerals, etc. Both 'phones 106.

HOLMES' LIVERY, 261 1/2 515 E. Liberty st.

It is a pleasure to make butter with the Aspinwall Double Lever. For sale by C. Schlenker, the Hardware Man, W. Liberty.

M. P. Vogel's meat market on W. Huron street gives trading stamps.

COUNTY NEWS.

YPSILANTI TOWN.

Mrs. Brock and Miss Emma Tuttle went to Flint Wednesday, to attend the convention of the King's Daughters.

Miss Siddington has closed her school temporarily on account of severe illness of her brother.

The mother of Mrs. F. Raymond is very sick. Mrs. Miller's aged mother, Mrs. Bird, is better.

Repairs are being made on the Friends' church.

Fruits of all kinds are budding full. Mr. and Mrs. Crittenden gave a 6 o'clock tea last Thursday evening.

HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL.

Practitioners' Clinical Course to Be Given Annually Hereafter.

The clinical course given by the faculty of the Homeopathic department, during the present week, for the benefit of the general practitioners of the state has been an unqualified success. The abundance of clinical material at the hospital during the past months, averaging during the month of March over forty and thus far in April over 55 daily, has made such a course feasible. The enthusiastic reception of such a course by physicians throughout the state has not only demonstrated the flourishing condition of this department, but also the gratifying fact that the profession of the state are as much interested in the upbuilding of the department as are the faculty and the board of regents.

The increased number of patients during the past winter had already overcrowded the hospital, and early in the month the congestion became so excessive that it was necessary to make an addition of twelve new beds. These have rapidly filled and the question is no longer more beds but more room. An example of the flourishing condition of the hospital is seen in the statement to the board of regents, wherein the amount taken in from patients for that month exceeded by over \$400 that of the same month last year. The prospects are that the number of patients for the present year, ending on October 1 next, will double that of the preceding year. These facts speak for themselves.

During the week just ended the daily average of patients in the Homeopathic hospital has been 62.

The clinics themselves were the most interesting feature and consisted of operations in general surgery by Prof. Le Seure, in gynecological and abdominal surgery by Prof. Kinyon and in surgical operations on the eye and ear by Prof. Copeland. During the first day of the present week the ophthalmologist performed the most interesting and difficult operations was the removal of a cancerous growth from the tongue. Prof. Copeland operated for cataract, gave demonstrations of tracheotomy and intubation, the use of the refractometer and the ophthalmoscope, exhibited cases of corneal ulcer and some dozen cases of refractive errors. Prof. Dewey showed some interesting cases of nervous affections to such as were specially interested therein.

The fourth day was devoted to general operative surgery. An important plastic operation was performed by Prof. Le Seure, made necessary by an extensive burn of the arm and side. Fifteen operations in all were performed during the day, making a total of 58 during the course.

The visiting physicians, in appreciation of the privileges of the occasion, unanimously passed the following resolutions:

"Whereas, We, the visiting physicians on this occasion, desire to formally express our appreciation of the efforts of the faculty of the Homeopathic college to make this four days' clinic an unqualified success, therefore be it

"Resolved, 1. That we consider that this clinical course will be of inestimable value to the individual physicians practicing in the state, and that we trust that it will redound to the upbuilding of our school at Ann Arbor;

"2. That we extend to the faculty our thanks for their sacrifice of time and for the evident interest and loyalty they have shown our profession in the state;

"3. That we trust the clinical course we are now attending is but the precursor of a regular annual clinic of like character;

"4. That should the faculty be pleased to establish such a course, we pledge it our unqualified support."

These resolutions were formally presented to the faculty. Dean Hinsdale replied by stating briefly the faculty's appreciation of this spontaneous expression of approval and said no relaxation of their efforts in their endeavors to build up the school.

The following physicians were among those in attendance during the course: Drs. F. E. Palmer of Albion, G. G. Towsley of Lowell, Dean T. Smith of Jackson, G. P. Hale of Memphis, P. Legan of Ypsilanti, E. Noyes, of North Adams, S. J. Allen of Charlotte, L. A. Hendershott of Irving, C. L. Stitt of Stockbridge, J. A. Walker of Salem, A. V. Leonardson of Corunna, M. Graham of Jonesville, C. G. Jenkins of Mason, E. D. Osmun and O. E. Goodrich of Allegan, P. H. M. Long of Eaton Rapids, B. M. Porter of Centerville, F. C. Gilchrist and C. E. Womer of Republic, Ohio, N. R. Simmons of Toledo, Ohio, W. J. Mills of Howell, A. B. Avery of Pontiac, F. B. Adams of Plymouth, H. P. Alderton of Deckersville, G. P. Conley, L. J. Orlean and Dr. Whitaker of Detroit, Drs. Hughes, Clark, Fitzgerald and Brooks of Ann Arbor, H. H. Fraziers of Moscow, H. M. Parmelee of Toledo, Ohio, W. H. Atterbury of Litchfield, J. H. Myers of Leslie, A. L. Walker of Salem.

A number of representatives from the other schools were also in daily attendance.

An interesting and instructive lecture was given on Wednesday evening by Dr. Samuel Jones, the first dean of the department, in the Homeopathic amphitheater on the campus. The lecture was largely unprepared and greatly appreciated. After the lecture Dr. Jones, Mrs. W. B. Hinsdale, assisted by the faculty and their wives, held an informal reception at their home.

In compliance with the unanimous and spontaneous request of the visiting physicians, the faculty have already decided to make the Practitioners' course a regular annual occurrence. Next year it will probably be extended another week and include besides op-

DR. BULL'S PILLS

The great blood, liver and kidney remedy, are genuine only when the fac-simile signatures of John W. Bull and A. C. Meyer & Co. are on the outside wrapper. All others are counterfeits.

Cheer LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote, 10c. Dealers or mail. A. C. Meyer & Co., Balto., Md.

GLEANINGS OF A WEEK.

Mrs. F. E. Fris, of Saline, died April 13. Interment at Saline April 16.

Ralph Farnum has been appointed substitute mail carrier by Postmaster Beakes.

Miss Florence Stieritt is spending a ten-day vacation with her sister in Kalamazoo.

Eight students sent in their applications last night for membership in Company A, M. N. G.

Miss Carrie L. Dicken, of the First ward school, is spending vacation week at her home in Romeo.

Mrs. Cora T. DePue, of N. Division street, is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Osgood, of Adrian.

Adrian Times: Mrs. S. D. Brooks went to Ann Arbor today, to take her daughter Helen for treatment for deafness.

Supper will be served at the Y. W. C. A. rooms Saturday from 5 to 8 p. m. Tickets, 15 cents. Everybody invited.

Peter Conkle, of Wellsville, Ohio, has gone to Indianapolis, Ind., after a week's visit with C. C. Jones of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Ingersoll, of Adrian, brought their mother to the University hospital for treatment of the eye last week.

Enoch Sears returned this forenoon from Grand Rapids where he has been very successful in organizing camps of Modern Woodmen. He goes to Ypsilanti next.

The Ann Arbor Clearing house opened Monday in a most satisfactory manner. The local banks made their clearances in eight minutes instead of nearer an hour, which it took under the old method.

Don't forget the entertainment at the Northside chapel Friday evening, April 22. Admission, 15 cents. Proceeds donated to the new church. Mr. Fred Schaeberle donated the piano free of charge for the evening.

Undertaker Martin has during the past week conducted the funeral of four persons whose ages aggregate 345 years and 24 days, something quite unusual. The persons were Mrs. Eliza Bird, Mrs. Abigail H. Gower, Mrs. Caroline M. Loomis and David D. Bird.

Walker & Co. have just returned out for the Ann Arbor Brewing company a delivery wagon which is a model of elegance and utility. While light and graceful in build, and light running the vehicle will carry 24 barrels. It is a credit to the builders and the Brewing company.

Ambrose Miller, of Florence, Montana, who has been sick with a fractured leg for 25 years, has been entirely cured after having taken treatment at the Homeopathic hospital three weeks. Mr. Miller feels very much elated and cannot say too much at the kind and successful treatment he has received at the hospital.

General Passenger Agent O. W. Ruggles, of the Michigan Central railroad, says that he has been advised by President Ledyard, through General Superintendent L. Hommedieu, that all employees of the company who may belong to any military organization, whether naval reserve or other military companies, who may be called upon by the government to serve, will, upon their release from military duty and return to this company, find the place they now occupy, or equivalent ones, ready for them.

The tenth anniversary of Joe T. Jacobs Camp, S. of V., was fittingly celebrated Monday in their hall. A large representation of veterans and Sons of Veterans was present to do honor to the occasion. Past Captain C. M. Stevens acted as toastmaster and among others introduced Hon. J. T. Jacobs, Col. H. S. Dean, Major Soule, Robert Campbell, Captain William Kramp, of the Sons of Veterans, and Edward Krapp, division quartermaster. The spirit of the evening was for war. Messrs. Thomas, Jones and Cox furnished the music which was highly appreciated. Charles Shoeman read a poem of his own production entitled "Sons of Veterans." It was applauded. The banquet reflects credit on the local order and shows it to be united in one common cause.

Prominent among the social events of the past week was the gathering at the home of Dr. and Mrs. M. H. Mills, of Packard street, on Friday evening, when about sixty friends assembled in honor of their 25th anniversary. The house was prettily decorated with palms and cut flowers, including several varieties of curious wild flowers sent from Texas by a brother of Mrs. Mills. The dining-room was presided over by Misses Alice Mills, Flora and Clema Mills, and Lillian Cousins, who dispensed dainty refreshments throughout the evening. The guests were entertained by Master Fred Daley in his usual delightful manner. Among those present from out of the city were Miss Anna D. Mills, Mrs. E. G. W. Hoffman and daughter, Dr. Cook of Detroit, Mrs. E. B. Griffith of Jackson, and Miss Stella Godkin of Adrian. The many beautiful gifts testify of the high esteem in which Mr. and Mrs. Mills are held by their numerous friends.

Desiring to close out my stock by May 1st I will sell best family Wines and Liquors in quantity at cost until that date. Call and examine my goods. Satisfaction guaranteed.

JOHN C. BURNS, 106 W. Liberty Street.

C. Schlenker, the Hardware Man, sells the celebrated Gypsin Wall Finish, the hardest and most durable finish on the market.

FOR SALE—New residence in best part of the city. Hardwood finish and all modern improvements. Price low. Terms easy. CHAS. A. WARD, Democrat office.

THE WONDERS OF SCIENCE

Lung Troubles and Consumption Can be Cured.

An Eminent New York Chemist and Scientist Makes a Free Offer to Our Readers.

The distinguished chemist, T. A. Slocum, of New York city, demonstrating his discovery of a reliable cure for Consumption (Pulmonary Tuberculosis), bronchial, lung and chest troubles, stubborn coughs, catarrhal affections, general decline and weakness, loss of flesh, and all conditions of wasting away, will send THREE FREE BOTTLES (all different) of his New Discoveries to any afflicted reader of this paper writing for them.

His "New Scientific Treatment" has cured thousands permanently by its timely use, and he considers it a simple professional duty to suffering humanity to donate a trial of his infallible cure.

Science daily develops new wonders, and this great chemist, patiently experimenting for years, has produced results as beneficial to humanity as can be claimed by any modern genius. His assertion that lung troubles and consumption are curable in any climate is proven by "heartfelt letters of gratitude," filed in his American and European laboratories in thousands from those cured in all parts of the world.

The dread Consumption, uninterrupted, means speedy and certain death.

Simply write to T. A. Slocum, M. C., 98 Pine street, New York, giving post-office and express address, and the free medicine will be promptly sent direct from his laboratory.

Sufferers should take instant advantage of his generous proposition.

Please tell the doctor that you saw this in The Democrat, Ann Arbor.

Advertisement for Domestic Sewing Machine. THE IMPROVED DOMESTIC. In the most perfect Sewing Machine ever produced. Correct mechanical construction. Elegant and artistic cabinet work. Latest and best improvements. Rapid Noiseless Easy Running Handsome Durable. Matchless and incomparable in every detail. Highest Award World's Fair, Chicago. Tested for 30 years. Nearly 2,000,000 in use. Experience has shown that the Domestic is the cheapest to buy, it always gives satisfaction, and will last a lifetime. No other ever equalled it. No other ever will. The name is a guarantee of superiority. Handsome Illustrated Catalogue Free. Exclusive Territory to Active Agents. DOMESTIC S. M. CO. 291 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

Advertisement for McCall's Magazine and McCall Bazar Patterns. M'CALL'S MAGAZINE and M'CALL BAZAR PATTERNS. These celebrated paper patterns have been favorites with the ladies for twenty-eight years; they are illustrated in McCall's Magazine. This magazine also explains and depicts the latest styles, gives household hints, pictures and stories, and contains the handsomest colored plates that it is possible to produce. All of these features are of interest to women everywhere. Thousands of pretty gowns and garments are shown, and patterns for the same, furnished for 10 or 15 cents—none higher. To every lady who will cut out this advertisement and send it with \$1.30 to this office, this paper and McCall's Magazine will each be mailed for one year, and in addition to this there will be sent to each subscriber a coupon entitling her to one McCall Bazar Pattern, which she may select at any time. Address The Democrat. Subscribe for The Democrat.

GLEANINGS OF A WEEK.

Fred C. Wetmore and Miss Cora Valentine, of Cadillac, are the guests of Rev. and Mrs. W. W. Wetmore.

David Henning, of Chicago, is spending a few days at the Cook house, looking after his business interests here.

E. H. Willard, of Detroit, is in the city. He is in partnership in Detroit with our well known former townsman, A. P. Ferguson.

The electrical apparatus at the shooting park was placed in order Saturday by H. Walter Haller and the targets are again in good condition.

Fred Staebler has been employed with Wm. Goodyear & Co. He succeeds E. C. Kramp, who again takes up his work at his father's planing mill.

Miss Clara Jacobs will sing an Ave Maria for offertory next Sunday in St. Thomas' church. People will be glad to hear this talented vocalist and teacher.

Our sprightly student contemporary, the U. M. Daily, suspended publication with yesterday's issue. It will resume at the close of the spring vacation.

Tobias Kuebler, arrested last Friday, charged with being a street loafer and all-around tough, was discharged in Justice Duffy's court on his promising to reform.

Jackson Press: A. J. Laraway, the father of Mrs. A. W. Martin and Mrs. H. C. Nicholls, departed for Ann Arbor today where the former will undergo an operation for spinal trouble.

A very pleasant surprise party was given little Amelia Staeb, of Third street Monday night. The occasion was her 10th birthday. Refreshments were served and a most enjoyable time is reported.

Adrian Times: Mrs. G. W. Patterson returned this morning to Ann Arbor, leaving her little daughter with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Fox. The little patient is considerably improved.

Jackson Press: The remains of Wm. Meacham, who died at the prison Wednesday, were shipped to Ann Arbor this morning by Undertaker Bennett, none of his friends caring to bear the expense of burial.

Carl Rettich has entered the employ of the Michigan Central road at this place as special night operator between Buffalo and Chicago. Carl is a hustling young man who believes in doing his work promptly and well.

Hon. Thomas E. Barkworth, of Jackson, will be one of the speakers at the coming annual Y. M. C. A. Sustaining Members' banquet. The date for the banquet is Tuesday, April 26. Invitations will be out in a few days.

The April Inlander is just out and is a most interesting number. Attractive contributions are furnished by Prof. Wenley, George W. Govert, John R. Effinger, Jr., Jessie Gregg, Roda Selleck, Irma Heath and C. Fred Gaus.

Capt. and Mrs. S. J. Salyer are selling their household goods at auction preparatory to engaging permanently in Salvation Army work. Capt. Salyer has been ordered to take up the work at Lansing, for which city he left Monday.

Lulok Bros. have secured the contract for the lumber and inside finishing of the new law building. The fact that they obtained this contract in competition with some of the strongest Detroit firms speaks well for this enterprising firm.

Owosso Argus: Miss Minnie Helle left last evening for Ann Arbor, where she will superintend the packing of her household goods, and together with her sister return next Thursday to this city. They have taken rooms at 115 W. Williams street.

Lansing Republican: Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Gower returned from Ann Arbor at 10:15 o'clock this morning with the remains of the former's mother, Mrs. C. N. Gower. They were taken directly to Mt. Hope cemetery and placed beside her late husband, Rev. Clarence F. Swift officiated. Miss Gower, of about 75 Ann Arborites went to Ypsilanti last Friday to attend the Eastern Star party, returning by two special motor cars at 1:30 a. m. They are highly pleased at the reception rendered them and report a jolly time. Palmer is still wondering where his friends got their fried oysters and chicken salad.

The members of the Light Infantry wish it known that they thoroughly appreciate the interest shown and the part taken by the ladies and citizens in the Military day ceremonies. The company has the honor of the last official act of Captain Cornelius Gardner for the National Guard (the inspection). Captain Gardner being recalled to his company in the regular army the next day.

An exceedingly clever and very successful surprise was perpetrated Thursday evening upon Mr. Oron J. Bury, of No. 617 Spring street, the occasion being his 19th birthday. About twenty friends and class-mates were present. A most enjoyable evening was spent, music, games, speeches and recitations contributing to the pleasure of all. Tasty refreshments were served, after which a "flash-light" group closed the entertainment.

There is a possibility that an excursion will be run from Findlay, Ohio, to Toledo, on the evening of the 28th, to give people there an opportunity of attending the Valentine theater the same day, when St. Thomas' Dramatic society, assisted by Freddie Daley and Miss Frances Caspary, will give a centennial celebration of the rebellion of '88. Excursionists from Ann Arbor can go at 11:25 a. m., or on the special train at 5 p. m., returning at 11:30 from Toledo. Fare only 75 cents. A number of reserved seats for the performance at the Valentine, Toledo, on April 28th will be on sale in Ann Arbor next Monday.

St. Thomas' Dramatic society will give "Robert Emmet" in Ypsilanti on the opera house on Wednesday evening, April 27th, and in the Valentine, Toledo, on the 28th. In each case the curtain-raiser, "Paddy Miles, the Limerick Boy," will be given before the regular drama named above. An excursion will be run from Ann Arbor to Toledo for the performance at the Valentine. Round trip 75 cents, good going either on the noon train or on the special theater train, which will leave at 5 o'clock, returning from Toledo at 11:30, arriving in Ann Arbor at 12:45. Reserved seats for the Valentine will be on sale in this city next Monday.

The regular meeting of Lyceum No. 1, of the Ann Arbor high school, was held Friday evening in the superintendent's room. Notwithstanding the small attendance, considerable interest was manifested by the members present. The following program was carried out: Roll call, patriotic sayings, message by the president; speech—"Am I Willing to go to War?" by Forkner, Debate—"Resolved, That the United States has the right to secure Cuban independence by armed intervention," affirmative, Jeffers and Mead; negative, Hubston and Potter; general debate, decision of judges; affirmative 3, negative 1. "Budget," Tinker. Business, Robert's rules. Owing to vacation there will be no meeting next Friday, April 22, but work will be resumed on opening of school. Watch the bulletin board.

"A Man of Ideas." This will be good news to all Ann Arbor theater-goers.

Engineer James Kearney, of the Ann Arbor road, has recovered from an attack of the grippe.

William Collins, of the New State Telephone company at Detroit, is registered at the Arlington.

Engineer Fred Cooley, of the Ann Arbor road, has returned from a visit to his mother at Bowling Green.

W. J. April has decided to support the proposed paving of Main street between Liberty and William streets.

Roland Reed, in his return date at the Athens Theater, the early part of next month, will present his new play.

Fireman John Topper, of the Ann Arbor road, was detained at home several days on account of sickness in his family.

Work on the new law building is progressing finely. The foundation is almost laid and the work is being rapidly pushed forward.

W. C. Sprague, president of the Detroit Correspondence School of Law, was with Ann Arbor friends Saturday. He was accompanied by his wife.

The senior law students are agitating the question of raising money to buy a cornerstone for the new law building, now in the process of erection.

George Dengler, for several years with the Courier bindery, is arranging to go into business for himself with offices in the Ann Arbor Savings bank block.

The board of public works recommends the use of Massillon brick and Medina curbing should brick pavement be adopted for the Main street pavement.

The lady ticket agents and telegraphers of the Ann Arbor are employing their spare moments making their new uniforms, which are to be worn after May 4.

A telegram was received by Manager Lisemer this forenoon announcing that the "Our Flat" company which was booked to appear at the Athens Theater April 29 has "stranded" at Chicago.

Herbert Randall, the photographer, is home from New Haven, Conn., and is greeting his many Ann Arbor friends. Mr. Randall is arranging to open an attractive art exhibit at his studio in a few days.

Fred Heffelbar, lit '97, has been awarded a \$650 scholarship at Columbia college, New York. His thesis furnished the Columbia faculty was upon the military terms employed in Caesar's Gallic war.

The Ladies of the Maccabees will give a May party at their hall over the postoffice, on Thursday, May 5th, from 8 until 10 o'clock; also a party for children from 4 to 6 in the afternoon. Ice-cream and cake will be served.

Owosso Argus: Freddie Daley, of Ann Arbor, who sang so beautifully Sunday at the Baptist church and Y. M. C. A., has been secured for a concert in this city in the near future. It will be a great pleasure to hear him again.

A most interesting photograph is displayed in the window of Goodyear & Co.'s drug store. It is an actual photograph of gold hunters "Crossing the Chilkoot Pass" and was sent to J. E. Beal by a friend who is now in that region.

The Women's League intends giving a play immediately after vacation. The play selected is Annie Elliot Trumbull's "A Masque of Culture." The performance will be given in the Barbour gymnasium and will be followed by a reception and dance.

The University baseball team and Knox college gave a sloppy exhibition for three evenings Monday, when the University of Michigan quit to catch a train. The U. of M. made 11 runs in the first inning; at the end of the third the score stood 14 to 11 in favor of Michigan.

B. H. Kroeze, lit '94, who is remembered by a great many Ann Arbor citizens, was regularly ordained a minister of the gospel Tuesday at Salline at the meeting of the Detroit Presbytery. The ordination was performed by Moderator J. M. Barkley, of Detroit, and the charge given by Rev. J. M. Gelston of this city.

Ten minutes after the president signed the Cuban resolutions the news reached this city both by postal telegraph and Bell telephone. The news was received with general satisfaction, but without great excitement. The national colors were run up at once on the flag staff at the armory. The men say it shall stay there till the Cuban difficulty is settled and settled right.

The railroad men are somewhat in doubt just at present about the prospects for the summer season. They are quite positive that if the war comes it will get a damper on the summer resort business, unless it should affect only the southern and eastern states. If that were true, then it might benefit the northern summer resorts by scaring people away from those on the seaboard.

Owosso Argus: The Baptist church was fortunate on Sunday in having in its choir Master Freddie Daley, soprano, of Ann Arbor. Master Daley is a truly wonderful singer, undoubtedly the best ever heard in this city. He sang several selections at both services. After Pastor Nortrop's sermon in the evening the young boy sang the "Star Spangled Banner" most beautifully. The feelings of the audience gave vent in a loud clapping of hands.

Toledo Bee: Detroit's new electric road will be completed to Wayne this week, the distance being 18 miles. It is then the intention of the company to extend the lines from Wayne to Ypsilanti, where it will connect with the Ypsilanti & Ann Arbor line, the road being eight miles in length and operated by electricity. J. D. Hawks, formerly chief engineer of the Michigan Central, and now president of the Detroit & Mackinaw, is president of the new Detroit electric road.

Mr. Ball, of Hamburg, says the next Michigan State fair will be held in Grand Rapids and the date is set for the last week in September. Mr. Ball, who is president of the society, announces that there will be horse racing and many special features for the fair; if anyone has any suggestions to make regarding special features, the board would be very glad to hear them.

"General Weyer" was suggested to him, and he said the board had been considering him, but was afraid that he could not be exhibited in Grand Rapids with safety.

The board of editors of the Michiganian, the senior annual, have announced the winners of the prize contests for the best story dealing with college life, and the best poem. The committee of judges, of which Prof. Wenley was chairman, have awarded the first prize of \$25 to Miss Katherine H. Brown, of Quincy, Ill., for her story entitled "Sister Mary." The prize of \$10 for the best poem goes to C. Fred Gaus, of Ann Arbor, whose poem is entitled "The Serenade." Both prize winners are members of the graduating class in the literary department.

Thirty stories and forty-two poems were submitted to the board of judges. The book will appear soon after the spring vacation and is expected to surpass all former annuals in every respect.

NOTICE OF DRAIN LETTING.

Notice is Hereby Given, That I, D. W. Barry, County Drain Commissioner of the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, will, on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1898, at the lower end of drain, in said Township of Augusta, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of that day, proceed to receive bids for the deepening and widening of a certain Drain known and designated as "The Big Marsh Drain," located and established in the said Township of Augusta, and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at Section Line 35 7-25 rods East of the North West corner of the East half of the North East quarter of Section 25, T. 4, S. R. 7 E., and thence running as follows:

Table with columns: SEC., COURSE, DISTANCE CHAINS, GRADE, CUT, WIDTH SURFACE, BOTTOM WIDTH, and other measurements for a drain.

To the Washab Railroad and there terminating 17.08 chains North 12 1/2 West from the North East corner of the West 1/2 of North 1/2 of North West 1/4 of Section 14, T. 4, S. R. 7 E.

The above described route is the center line of said drain and follows the channel thereof. The intersection of farm lines is noted. 25 feet on each side of the center line of said drain is taken to deposit excavations and for convenience in digging.

Also the cleaning out of the said drain from said R. R. to the north line of South 6 acres of the West half of West half of North East quarter of Section two, 1.60 chains East of the North West corner thereof.

Said job will be let by sections. The section at the outlet of the said drain will be let first, and the remaining sections in their order up stream, in accordance with the diagram now on file with the other papers pertaining to said drain, in the office of the County Drain Commissioner of the County of Washtenaw, to which reference may be had by all parties interested, and bids will be made and received accordingly. Contracts will be made with the lowest responsible bidder giving adequate security for the performance of the work, in a sum then and there to be fixed by me, reserving to myself the right to reject any and all bids. The date for the completion of such contract, and the terms of payment therefor, shall be announced at the time and place of letting.

Notice is Further Hereby Given, That at the time and place of said letting, or at such other time and place thereafter to which I, the Drain Com-

missioner aforesaid, may adjourn the same, the assessments for benefits and the lands comprised within the "Big Marsh Drain Special Assessment District," and apportionments thereof will be announced by me and will be subject to review for one day (from nine o'clock in the forenoon until five o'clock in the afternoon).

The following is a description of the several tracts or parcels of land constituting the Special Assessment District of said Drain, viz: The east half of southeast quarter, Sec. 24. Southwest quarter of southeast quarter, Sec. 24. Northwest quarter of southeast quarter, Sec. 24. South half of southeast quarter of southwest quarter, Sec. 24. North half southeast quarter of southwest quarter, Sec. 24. Northeast quarter of southwest quarter, Sec. 24. East half of southeast quarter, Sec. 23. East half of northeast quarter, Sec. 23. Northwest quarter of northeast quarter, Sec. 23. Southwest quarter of southwest quarter, Sec. 13. Northwest quarter of southwest quarter, Sec. 13. West half of northwest quarter, Sec. 13. Southeast quarter of southeast quarter, Sec. 14. South quarter of northeast quarter, Sec. 14. East third of south five-eighths of west half southeast quarter, Sec. 14. 20 acres of west two-thirds of south five-eighths of west half, southeast quarter, Sec. 14. Southeast quarter of southwest quarter, Sec. 14. South half of northeast quarter of southwest quarter, Sec. 14. North quarter of east half of southwest quarter, Sec. 14. North half northwest quarter of southeast quarter, Sec. 14. North three-eighths of east half of southeast quarter, Sec. 14. South half of east quarter, Sec. 14. Northeast quarter of northeast quarter, Sec. 14. South half of northwest quarter, Sec. 14. West three-eighths of north half of northwest quarter, Sec. 14. East half of west three-quarters of north half of northwest quarter, Sec. 14. East half of north half of northwest quarter, Sec. 14. Northwest quarter of northeast quarter, Sec. 14. East 24 acres of south half of southeast quarter, Sec. 11. West 46 acres south half southeast quarter, Sec. 11. Northeast quarter of southeast quarter, Sec. 11. 24 acres north of highway, in northwest quarter of southeast quarter, Sec. 11. 14 acres south of highway, in northwest quarter of southeast quarter, Sec. 11. That part south of railroad, east half of southeast quarter, Sec. 11. That part north of railroad, east half of southeast quarter, Sec. 11. West half of southwest quarter, Sec. 11. 27 acres south of highway in west half northwest quarter, Sec. 11. 53 acres north of highway, west half of northwest quarter, Sec. 11. East half northwest quarter, Sec. 11. Except 12 acres in northwest corner, 12 1/2 acres in northwest corner, east half northwest quarter, Sec. 11. South three-eighths of west half of northeast quarter, Sec. 11. Fr. 43 acres, north five-eighths of west half northeast quarter, Sec. 11. Southeast quarter of northeast quarter, Sec. 11. West half of east half of southwest quarter, Sec. 2. East half of east half of southwest quarter, Sec. 2. Northwest seven-eighths of west half southeast quarter, Sec. 2. East quarter of southwest quarter of southeast quarter, Sec. 2. South 20 acres of east half of northeast quarter, Sec. 2. North half of south 40 acres of east half of northeast quarter, Sec. 2. East half of northwest quarter, Sec. 2. West half of southwest quarter, Sec. 2. Northeast quarter of southeast quarter, Sec. 2. East half of southwest quarter of northeast quarter, Sec. 2. South 6 acres of west half of southeast quarter of northwest quarter, Sec. 2. Northwest 68 acres, west half of northeast quarter, Sec. 2. East half of southwest quarter, Sec. 13. East half southeast quarter, Sec. 24. 65 acres in east half of northwest quarter, Sec. 10. Northwest quarter of northeast quarter, Sec. 14. Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, Sec. 14. 9 acres in southeast quarter of southeast quarter, Sec. 11.

Now therefore, all unknown and non-resident persons, owners and persons interested in the above described lands, and you, Michael King, A. Janowiawski, Frank Poulton, C. Wozachowsky, F. Parker, Est. John Powlak, Ed. Kwicinski, Charles Frebis, Daniel Cox, Frank Butler, William Myers, William Hawker, Joshua Cox, Lucy D. S. Parker, Thos. Thorn, D. Albert Darling, Stephen Cox, G. W. Sanderson, Thos. Gotts, James Thorn, R. Bird, F. Meritt, E. M. Childes, Wm. Gotts, Aaron Childes, Est., A. R. Ketchison, W. Swazy, J. M. Jewell, H. Hay, G. W. Saunders, H. Dey, H. Abbey, F. H. Ballard, Carlos Childes, Morris Hogan, R. Kerchen, J. M. Brining, S. P. Ballard, H. Hawker, John Bunon, Geo. Russel, J. Carter, P. O'Brien, Est., D. W. Kane, M. Ryan, E. Ryan, Jesse Thorn, John Barnes, Wm. E. Sanderson, M. Dawson, Geo. Thompson, E. Taber. Are hereby notified that at the time and place aforesaid—or at such other time and place thereafter to which said hearing may be adjourned I shall proceed to receive bids for the construction of said big Marsh drain in the manner hereinbefore stated and also at such time of letting, from nine o'clock in the forenoon to five o'clock in the afternoon the assessments for benefits and lands comprised within the big Marsh drain Special Assessments district will be subject to review. And you, and each of you owners and persons interest in the aforesaid lands are hereby cited to appear at the time and place of said letting as aforesaid, and be heard with respect to such special assessments and your interest in relation thereto if you so desire.

D. W. BARRY, County Drain Commissioner of the County of Washtenaw.

Dated, this 6th day of April, A. D. 1898.

FOR SALE—Eggs from English Ringneck Pheasants, \$3 per setting of thirteen. When several settings are taken at one time a special rate will be given. Eggs delivered after April 15. Will also exchange Pheasant eggs for Wood Duck nests. For further information address S. Cooper, Howell, Mich., or George R. Cooper, Ann Arbor, July 1.

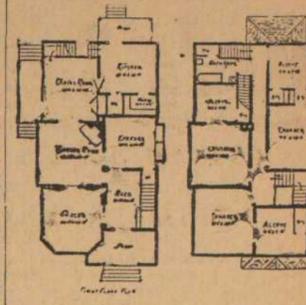
Desiring to close out my stock by May 1st I will sell best family Wines and Liquors at cost until that date. Call and examine my goods. Satisfaction guaranteed. JOHN C. BURNS.

CALL UP The Ann Arbor Brewing company by either Phones No. 101.

SUBDUING THE BICYCLE.

Mental and Physical Struggles of the Man Who Learned Late.

From the Kansas City Star: Accompanying the other harbingers of spring, the robin, the game of marble in the alley, the tan shoe, comes the learner on the bicycle. The cool, bracing air of an evening and the long stretches of smooth roadway tempt him, and in his mind's eye he pictures spins into the country, healthful, invigorating exercise and an appetite like that of a plowman. But above all he is impelled to learn by a dread of being considered a faddist. All of his friends ride. Already he imagines they look upon him askance and speak of him as a sort of Philip Nolan—a man without a wheel. For six successive seasons he has held out against the temptation and now he curses himself for his pains. Why didn't he learn then, when everybody was learning, instead of postponing the ordeal until now, when all are past masters in the art? So he may be seen every fine evening upon the level, asphalt paved side streets struggling to subdue an unmeted steel of the patents of '95, which costs him 25 cents an hour, with a \$2 indemnity against breakage. All this is gall and wormwood to the modest man. Not that he cares for the knocks and bruises. He would gladly double their number could he but escape the prying eyes, the derisive guffaws and half-suppressed sniggers of the men and women who have passed through it all years, years before. For these reasons he is a creature of apprehension and agony. After discovering the fallacy of the theory that the art can be acquired in a back kitchen with the curtains drawn he remembers a particularly unfrequented side street, lined with trees that help to obscure the light of moon and lamps. He takes off the handle bars of his machine to give the impression that the machine is out of order and that he is on his way with it to the repair shop. This furnishes him with an excuse for not riding. Then he sallies forth, leading his wheel. The unfrequented-by-street is due north, so of course he goes south, and tacks back to the windward side, like a yacht, and beats and maneuvers and hauls down his halyards and reeves the binnacle and so on and finally he heaves to in front of a livery stable, which he goes through till he reaches the alley and then by a sudden port movement he emerges trembling and demoralized upon the darkened thoroughfare. Of course, everybody stops to watch him tangle himself in his wheel. They gather in little groups along the driveway, and when he falls and appears about to slide, bicycle and all, into the catch basin of a sewer, they can between spasms of ill-timed mirth tender him assistance. It is well to leave him at such a time as this to settle with the man from whom he rented the bicycle and with his owner.



THIS IS A CHANCE

For some one wanting a bargain house to live in. I will build for anyone wishing to rent a modern house—will build to suit tenant—in a good locality, no better in the city, between U. of M. and Main st. Any one wishing this opportunity call and see me.

Chas. A. Sauer, The Architect and Builder. OFFICE—305 SOUTH MAIN STREET. Shop—512 Packard Street. New State Phone, res., 281; Office, 50.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.—At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden in the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 12th day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety eight.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John Shanahan, deceased, Ambrose Kearney, administrator with the will annexed, of said estate comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such administrator.

Thereupon it is ordered, That Monday, the 9th day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing said account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered, that said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Democrat, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate. P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register. (A true copy.)

Adrian Press: They are poking all sorts of fun at Marshal Sweet of Ann Arbor, who took a hide thief named Hi Kittredge to Detroit, having papers authorizing him to deliver the prisoner to the house of correction for a visit of 90 days. At the central depot, Kittredge gave the officer the cold shoulder and refused to be seen in his company. The marshal saw him heeling it for Canada, and began firing his son of a gun, but he couldn't hit a barn. Some one yelled out "Stop that Spaniard!" and Kittredge was nabbed by a Cuban junta that was soliciting provisions for the starving Cubans, to be sent to spoil at Key West. Kittredge was mad because they dubbed him a Spaniard and said he was only an ordinary thief. Sweet finally landed him in the house of correction, took a receipt and a car and went home.

C. Schlenker, the Hardware Man, handles Boyell Bros.' Celebrated Prepared Paints. None better sold. W. Liberty street.

Save Trading Stamps and secure valuable premiums at the Merchants' Supply Co. HOUSE-CLEANING IS HERE. Buy your wall finish, paints, oils, etc., at C. Schlenker's Hardware, W. Liberty.

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For reliable footwear at fair prices call on :: :: :: ::

J. T. JACOBS & SON, 121 S. MAIN ST., ANN ARBOR, MICH.

STRAWS....

SHOW THE WAY THE WIND BLOWS!

And it's the same with trade; it's the little things that show the discerning purchaser

WHERE HE CAN BEST LEAVE HIS MONEY

It's the little things—the buttons and button holes, the sewing, the set of the collar, the pockets, etc., etc., that convince the observing of the superiority of our clothing.

The Finest Worsteds and Serges we are showing at \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20. Fancy Chevots, in the new stripes, at \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20. (Those at \$18 and \$20 are all silk lined if you wish.)

Desiring to close out my stock by May 1st I will sell best family Wines and Liquors at cost until that date. Call and examine my goods. Satisfaction guaranteed. JOHN C. BURNS.

CALL UP The Ann Arbor Brewing company by either Phones No. 101.

L. L. James & Co.

RECOGNITION IS DENIED.

House Refuses to Concur in Senate Resolutions.

THE VOTE STOOD 179 TO 156.

Forty-Six Senators Voted Not to Agree to the House Amendment, While Thirty-Two Were in Favor of It—Refusal to Appoint a Conference Committee.

Washington, April 19.—The house met at 10 a. m., adjourned at once to noon to await the senate's messenger received the senate resolutions at 12:07 and passed Mr. Dingley's motion to accept them with an amendment striking out the recognition clause.

The vote on this motion was 179 to 156. Fourteen republicans broke party lines and voted no, as follows: Brownell, Brown, Colson, Cooper (Wis.), Door, Johnson (Ind.), Johnson (N. D.), Lorimer, Loud, Mahany, Mann, Sulloway, Warner and White (Ill.) One populist, Howard (Ala.), voted aye with the republicans. All the democrats voted nay.

There was a fiery clash between the speaker and Mr. Bailey after the vote, it ended in the latter denouncing a statement of the speaker as "absolutely false."

REFUSED TO CONCUR.

Senate Refuses to Accept Amendments of the House.

Washington, April 19.—When the house resolution was reported to the senate that body, by a vote of 42 to 36, refused to concur in the house amendments. The senate also refused to appoint conferees. The resolution now goes back to the house.

EFFORTS OF THE POPE.

Endeavors to Show Spain the Risks Involved in War.

London, April 19.—The Rome correspondent of the Daily News, telegraphing Sunday, says:

"According to news received at the vatican, the queen regent agrees with the pope as to the necessity of doing everything to avoid the risk of a war in which Spain has all to lose and nothing to gain. Still it is difficult to find a formula to allow Spain to renounce sovereignty over Cuba.

"The pope has renewed his efforts to convince the Madrid government that although it may be painful to abandon the island it is not dishonorable—Spain yielding to superior force, while with war Cuba would hardly be the only possession lost, and if others went also, internal troubles would be inevitable.

"At the vatican it is asserted that Austria and Great Britain have acted on the same lines, encouraging Spain to submit to the inevitable and abandon Cuba. They cite the recent example of Greece, which rejected the disinterested advice of the powers.

"Both the pope and Cardinal Rampolla, the papal secretary of state, expressed satisfaction that the Turpie amendment, recognizing the Cuban government, had been passed by the American senate, considering that it is a new delay and means the continuance of President McKinley's policy of giving Spain time to decide upon the best way to evacuate Cuba."

Menaced American Consulate.

Barcelona, April 19.—Although Sunday morning passed quietly here, there was a demonstration last evening when the crowds which gathered in front of the newspaper offices read the latest announcements of the action taken by the United States senate in regard to Cuba. After it became known that the senate had adopted a resolution favoring recognition of the present Cuban insurgent government there was a scene of the greatest excitement, and patriotic shouts were raised on all sides. When the students heard the news on leaving the theaters they paraded the streets, cheering for Spain, and made an attempt to reach the United States consulate. The authorities, however, had taken precautions, and the students and others who took part in the disturbance were dispersed.

Weyler Hung in Embry.

New York, April 19.—An effigy of General Weyler hung from a telephone pole at Seventh avenue and Seventh street, Brooklyn, all day Sunday. The figure was put up before daylight in the morning and was still hanging late last night. The effigy was dressed in a regulation military coat, with military trousers tucked into a pair of field boots. On the head was a campaign hat and the features were a true reproduction of those of Gen. Weyler. The figure was suspended fifty feet from the ground. On the breast, in large black letters, were the words: "Weyler, the butcher."

To Give Troop an Ovation.

San Francisco, April 19.—The troops at the Presidio, ordered to New Orleans and Chattanooga, will probably leave San Francisco tomorrow evening, but it is possible that their departure may be delayed until Wednesday. Efforts are being made to have the troops parade through the city on their departure, so they may be given an ovation, in which it is proposed that all the public school children will participate. General Shafter would not say positively today that any part of the national guard would be ordered to duty at the Presidio.

Charleston Ready to Sail.

Mare Island, Cal., April 19.—The last of the six-inch rapid fire guns were mounted on the Charleston today, completing her armament with the exception of the small rapid fire guns, which will be placed in the tower. She will be sent out in the stream the first thing tomorrow morning, giving place to

the dry dock to the Monadnock. Every day from twenty to thirty recruits are sworn in on the Independence. There is still a need of able seamen and second grade engineers.

Mosquito Fleet in Motion.

New York, April 19.—The vessels of the mosquito fleet were in the lower bay this morning. The Eagle, formerly the yacht Almy, which had gone down from the navy yard yesterday, probably will sail during the day. The steamer Hawk, formerly the yacht Hermione, at 9:07 a. m. passed out the hook to sea. The steamer Hosna, formerly the yacht Alisia, left the navy yard this morning and passed quarantine at 9:23 a. m., bound out.

The Eagle passed Sandy Hook at 9:45 a. m. and the Hornet fifteen minutes later. Outside they joined the Hawk, and all three proceeded under full steam to the southward.

Further Fighting in Cuba.

Havana, April 19.—News of further fighting between the insurgents and Spanish troops in the province of Pinar del Rio has reached here. It appears that a force of insurgents under Lores Agullar Rizo made an attack two days ago upon the Spanish fort at Espinosa, Pinar del Rio, and had the best of the fighting, even according to the Spanish account of the affair.

Nothing New at Washington.

Washington, April 19.—Nothing was done today in the way of formulating an ultimatum to Spain, nor was anything received from Minister Woodford or the other sources which may in any way change the situation. No one in official circles doubts that a hostile resolution will be passed by congress within the next day or two, and was almost certainly will follow.

Work for Flying Squadron.

Fort Monroe, Va., April 19.—A semi-official statement is to the effect that the flying squadron may be expected to sail from Hampton Roads within the next twenty-four hours, not on a practice cruise, but to some far-away destination selected by the navy department as a base for hostile operations.

Privateering Not to Be Permitted.

Washington, April 19.—An understanding has been reached with Great Britain by which, in the event of a war with Spain, privateering will be prevented. Such an understanding will be put away with the fear that Spain may prey on our merchant marine.

New Cable May Be Laid to Cuba.

London, April 19.—According to a special dispatch from Madrid Senor Moret, secretary of the colonies, has approved a contract to lay a cable between Cadiz and Havana by way of Tenerife and Vieque (Cuba island), nine miles east of Puerto Rico.

Spaniards to Leave America.

Washington, April 19.—Spanish colonies at Boston and New York leave on Wednesday. All Spaniards in this country will be appealed to to start at once to Havana to assist in its defense. Spain will defray all expenses.

To Pay Behring Sea Awards.

Washington, April 19.—The senate has under discussion a bill to pay the Behring Sea awards, amounting to \$473,151, in settlement of the claims of Great Britain against the United States.

Rumored Franco-Spanish Alliance.

Washington, April 19.—A report has reached the state department, but is not given much credence, that Spain and France have formed an alliance against America.

Senator Walthall Is Ill.

Washington, April 19.—Senator Walthall of Mississippi has been quite ill as the result of a heavy cold, but his condition shows an encouraging improvement.

May Arm Florida Citizens.

Washington, April 19.—Citizens of Florida towns have appealed to Secretary Alger for small arms with which they may be able to resist attacks.

Ireland Will Not Talk.

New York, April 19.—Archbishop Ireland, who is stopping at the Holland House, refused to be interviewed today.

Reunion of Veterans.

Reading, Pa., April 19.—The five Pennsylvania companies, now famous as the First Defenders, because they were the first to respond to President Lincoln's call for troops, observed at Orwigsburg, Pa., today the thirty-seventh anniversary of their departure for Washington. These companies mustered 530 men when they arrived in Washington. At the business meeting a report was made showing that 123 are still living.

Two Italians Killed.

Schenectady, N. Y., April 19.—Two Italian laborers were instantly killed and another seriously injured at Fondas Basin, six miles east of this city, yesterday by the breaking of a derrick beam while it was in use lifting stone. Some of the Italian workmen rushed upon the foreman with drawn knives, threatening his life, as they blamed him. The attack was checked, however, before they had done any injury.

Illinois Suffragists to Meet.

Springfield, Ill., April 19.—The annual state convention of the Illinois Equal Suffrage association will open here tomorrow morning and will conclude Wednesday night. It is expected that 200 delegates will attend the meeting, which will be devoted to addresses, papers and legislative work for the advancement of the association.

Japanese Land Wires Working.

New York, April 19.—The Commercial Cable Company gives notice that the Japanese land wires are now in working order and that messages for Japan are accepted without restriction. Subscribe for The Democrat.

AN ARMY OF 200,000 MEN.

Large Force to Be at the Disposal of the President.

PLANS BEING FORMULATED.

Congress Making Calculations—Bill Drawn Up by Representative Hull Will Call for 60,000 Volunteers to Be Drawn from Different States.

Washington, April 20.—Plans are now being formulated in congress involving the placing of about 200,000 soldiers at the disposal of the government within a very short time after the Cuban resolutions are approved by the president.

This calculation is based on the following figures covered in plans already in effect or in contemplation—viz.: Standing Army, 27,000; by call for volunteers, 60,000; by calling out state militia, 75,000 or 100,000; by army reorganization bill, 5,000.

Leaving aside the present regular army force, the second and fourth items are practically settled on in committee, while the third, as to state militia, is being actively canvassed, and while there are diverging views, they are expected to crystallize into an authorization to call out the numbers stated.

The bill drawn up in the war department for introduction by Representative Hull, chairman of the military committee, authorizes the president to call for something like 60,000 volunteers to be drawn through the several states. While this method obviates the legal technicalities involved in the services of state militia organizations per se, it is likely the volunteers thus obtained through quotas furnished by the respective state and territorial governors will come from the state militia ranks.

In the house committee on militia a plan to effectually put a large number of the militia at the disposal of the president is being formulated.

Some think 100,000 excessive, but Chairman Marsh and others regard the figure as conservative in the view of the fact that the resolutions evidently mean war.

The president, as now suggested by Representative Marsh, can call out the militia at any time, and congress can follow up the executive action by legislative enactment providing for their mustering into the United States service.

At the same time the army reorganization bill recently re-committed by the house is being carefully pruned in the military affairs committee to meet obligations. It is proposed to extend the army organization to the three battalion war formation and to increase the batteries of artillery to 200 men each.

This measure, it is claimed, may bring about 5,000 more men into the regular service to be added to the present 27,000 regular troops.

Senator Hawley has introduced a bill to increase the military strength of the United States. It is in accordance with the wishes of the war department.

CARLOS NEAR THE FRONTIER.

He is Prepared to Lead a Force of Insurrectionists.

New York, April 20.—The reality of the Carlist movement is, says the London correspondent of the World, now too potent to be any longer ignored.

Don Carlos is reported by some of his English sympathizers to have left Venice and to be now waiting at a convenient place to cross the Spanish frontier at the proper moment and place himself at the head of his followers as in former Carlist insurrections.

It is expected that a considerable body of Catholic young men, including some officers serving in the British army, will volunteer for service with the Carlists, although they will have to proceed circumspectly in order to evade being deemed amenable to the foreign enlistment act, under which Jameson was convicted.

It is an undoubted fact that Don Carlos has lost a large part of the sympathy and support formerly given to him by the old English Catholics, owing to his conduct. Since he inherited the large fortune of the late count of Chambord he has treated men who have made great sacrifices with absolute indifference and has starved the Carlist organization in Spain so that it has been kept alive only by the enthusiasm of fanatical supporters.

THE NATIONAL GUARD.

Adj. Gen. Corbin Declines to Give Any Information.

Washington, April 20.—In answer to numerous inquiries as to the manner and the number of troops that may, in the near future, be called into active service, the adjutant-general stated that it was absolutely impossible for him to give any definite information; that the president doubtless in any call he might make for troops would specify the number and character so as to give each state a representation in the proportion to its population.

Whether the National Guard can be called into service as such is a question about which there is a difference of opinion. It can be stated, however, that the war department recognizes the fact that the National Guard is largely composed of excellent military material, and within the limitations of the law, every effort will be made to secure this fine material for any active service that the government may have for troops outside of the regular army.

Quiet Day in Congress.

Washington, April 20.—Proceedings were very slow and dull in congress today. The house early adjourned after a personal explanation by Gros-

venor that he, in a recent speech, had intended no reflection on the loyalty of democrats and populists. He said the south will be foremost in the war at hand.

In the senate Allen offered a resolution recognizing Cuban independence and declaring that the United States would insist Cuba should not be responsible for any debt of Spain. He and Butler discussed it, and then the senate took up the sundry civil bill.

Many Spaniards Will Remain.

New York, April 20.—When the Spanish line steamship Panama leaves for Havana and Mexican ports tomorrow she will have on board about 150 Spanish residents of this city, whose departure is being arranged by the Spanish consul-general, and 10,000 barrels of provisions for the Spanish army in Cuba. These include grain, flour, corn, beans, pork, bacon, ham, lard and butter. The majority of Spanish residents here will remain. Even if hostilities are declared they feel assured of their safety in this city.

Rocheport Says It Means War.

New York, April 20.—Henri Rocheport said to the World correspondent in Paris last night: "The vote in the United States senate shows that the American nation desires a war with Spain. It neutralizes the idea suggested in President McKinley's message that intervention means annexation or protection equivocation. That idea is dissipated now and it is shown that America aims at making Cuba free and mistress of herself. It is a work of humanity and national solidarity—not conquest or confiscation. The great point is that the Cubans shall be free."

Vatican Still Hopes for Peace.

London, April 20.—The Rome correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says: "Some of the powers, including France and Italy, are acting in concert with the Vatican in an effort to persuade Spain to abandon Cuba. It is said Spain is secretly inclined to this course, but prefers to await the outbreak of war in order to have the appearance of yielding to force and so to be justified by public opinion. At the Vatican and several of the foreign embassies it is still believed there will be no war."

Tax on Railroad Tickets.

Washington, April 20.—Representative Grosvenor, discussing the war revenue bill now being considered by the committee on ways and means, said this morning there was a strong probability railroad tickets would be taxed lightly. Gen. Shattuck, for years traffic manager of Baltimore & Ohio, expresses the belief that \$25,000,000 can be raised in this way. Representative Dingley says the war tax bill will not be formally taken up until hostilities begin.

Spain Makes an Apology.

Washington, April 20.—Nothing has yet been received from Minister Woodford as to renewed rioting reported from Malaga. The last word received from him was a message dated yesterday stating that matters were very quiet in Spain. He also informed the department that the Spanish government had made an ample apology for the indignities inflicted upon the American consulate at Malaga by a mob last week.

The Sentiment at Madrid.

Madrid, April 20.—Every one here appears to realize that Spain's actual hold on Cuba is lost, but at the same time the people are united in a determination to cling to the sentimental bond that still exists between the mother country and the island. No one really hopes to keep that bond intact should war break out, but all are determined to make the victory of America a dearly purchased one.

Gen. Miles Will Go to Cuba.

Washington, April 20.—Gen. Miles will go to Cuba. He has been very anxious for this duty, and he will take command of the invading forces. He has selected some of the members of his field staff. Lieut.-Col. Ludlow, who has been in charge of the defense works on Long Island and Sandy Hook, and of certain important New York city river and harbor work, will be the engineer officer.

Will Call for 80,000 Men.

Washington, April 20.—The war department has practically decided that its first call to arms will be for 80,000 men, to be taken from the militia of the several states. There are some complications in the matter which it will take a little time to adjust and which prevented the issuance of a call today, and may delay it even a little longer.

Dreibund May Step In.

London, April 20.—It is reported that the dreibund, or triple alliance (composed of Germany, Austria and Italy), acting upon the suggestion of Italy, has proposed to the powers a plebiscite, under which the population of Cuba should be allowed to vote for the form of government under which they shall live.

Troops from Illinois.

Springfield, Ill., April 20.—It is semi-officially stated here that Gov. Tanner will call out the Second and Fifth regiments of infantry of the Illinois National Guard if the president's call for volunteers asks for two regiments from Illinois.

Warships Arrive at St. Vincent.

St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands, April 20.—The first-class Spanish cruisers Vizcaya and Almirante Oquendo, last reported at Porto Rico, arrived here at noon today, to re-enforce the Spanish fleet in these waters.

Naval Attachés Sent For.

Berlin, April 20.—United States army and navy attaches at St. Petersburg and Vienna have been called home.

Subscribe for The Democrat.

Little Harry had a picture book of animals and his father sometimes described the traits and peculiarities of those represented. One day in describing a hare, among other things he said the hare had no tail to speak of. Next day he asked: "Harry, what did I tell you about the hare yesterday?" "Oh," replied Harry, "you said he had a tail, but it wasn't to be talked about."

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.—At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 22nd day of April in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. On reading and filing the petition duly verified, of John L. Duffy praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased may be admitted to probate and that administration of said estate may be granted to himself or to some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, That Monday, the 26th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees, heirs at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, do appear at said session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted; and it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and of the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Democrat, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate. P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register. [A true copy.]

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.—At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the 6th day of April in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight. Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Lizzie Brunde, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, N. E. Sutton, praying that the administration of said estate may be granted to Wm. Burke, or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, That Saturday, the 30th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, do appear at said session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted; and it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and of the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Democrat, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate. P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register. [A true copy.]

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.—The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of William B. Van Valkenburgh, late of said County, deceased, and to give notice that six months from this date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and to file the same at the late residence of said deceased, in the township of York, in said County, on Tuesday, the 5th day of July and on Tuesday, the 4th day of October next, at ten o'clock a. m., of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, April 4, 1898. NORTON LAWRENCE, FRANK OLDS, Commissioners.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.—In the matter of the estate of Eliza Norton, deceased. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of order granted to the undersigned, Administrator with will annexed of the estate of said deceased by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the 22nd day of April, A. D. 1898, there is to be sold at Public Vendue, to the highest bidder, at the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, in the County of Washtenaw, in said State, on Wednesday, the 1st day of June, A. D. 1898, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased) the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

6 1/2 of s 3/4 of section No. 8, also 20 acres of the north end of the e 1/2 of the n 1/4 of section 17 all in T. 1. S. R. 7 east, Township of Salem, Washtenaw County, Mich.

W. GREENBERG, Executor. Administrator with will annexed.

SHERIFF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court, for the County of Washtenaw, in favor of Fred Brown against the goods, chattels and real estate of Clay Green, in said County to me directed and delivered, and on the 31st day of March, instant, levy upon and take all the right, title and interest of the said Clay Green in and to the following described real estate, that is to say, all of that certain piece or parcel of land situated and being in the City of Ann Arbor, Washtenaw County, Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: The north forty-eight and two-thirds feet in width of lot number two in block number two north of Huron street, range number five east according to the recorded plat of the village (now city) of Ann Arbor, all of which I shall expose for sale at public vendue to the highest bidder at the front door of the Court House, in said City of Ann Arbor (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for said County is held) on Tuesday, the 24th day of May, 1898, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

ARTHUR BROWN, Sheriff. LESTER CANFIELD, Attorney for Plaintiff.

PROBATE ORDER.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.—At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 22nd day of March in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Helen A. Reynolds, incompetent. On reading and filing the petition duly verified, of John R. Miner, guardian, praying that he may be authorized to bring an action upon the bonds of A. W. Hamilton's former guardian.

Thereupon it is ordered, That Monday, the 25th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and the heirs at law of said incompetent, and all other persons interested in said estate, do appear at said session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and of the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Democrat, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register. H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate. [A true copy.]

STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Twenty-Second Judicial Circuit, in Chancery.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, in chancery at Ann Arbor, on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1898. Daniel D. Nolan, Complainant, vs. Mary A. Nolan, Defendant.

In this cause, it appearing that the Defendant, Mary A. Nolan, is not a resident of this state and that her whereabouts are unknown, therefore on motion of M. J. Cavanaugh, solicitor for Complainant, it is ordered that Defendant enter her appearance in said cause on or before four months from the date of this order, and that within twenty days the Complainant cause this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Democrat, said publication to be continued once in each week for six weeks in successive issues.

E. D. KINNE, Circuit Judge. M. J. CAVANAUGH, Solicitor for Complainant.

ANN ARBOR Time Table, Sunday, Sept. 5, 1897. TIME TABLE: Trains leave Ann Arbor by Central Standard Time.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL The Niagara Falls Route. Central Standard Time. TRAINS AT ANN ARBOR.

Riney & Seibolt NO'S. 6 AND 8 WASHINGTON ST. Have on hand a Complete Stock of Everything in the

Grocery Line! Teas, Coffees, Sugars, In Large Amounts and at Cash Prices and can sell at Low Figures. The large invoice of Teas they buy and sell is good proof that In Quality and Price They Give BARGAINS.

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Steam Carpet Cleaners Manufacturers of strictly first-class Fluff Rugs FROM YOUR OLD CARPETS... All Orders Promptly Attended to.

For Circulars or any other Information call on or address Office and Factory—409-411 W. Huron Street, Both Phones, 176. Ann Arbor, Mich.

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ADVERTISE IN The - Democrat. Aud Get Value Received.

YPSILANTI.

Ten saloonists put in their liquor bonds to do business for the coming year and the council accepted them.

Matt. Roser will have his tent show in readiness to give an exhibition in this city the forepart of next month.

Ben Bush is trying to inject a little life into the defunct Ypsilanti Gun club and a contest with the University Gun club may be a feature in the near future.

The next professional attraction at the opera house is "Darkest America," which will play here May 9. The show created a most favorable impression here last year.

William Isaac Walton Cox has stirred up all the local fishermen again by bringing in fifteen black bass from Frayne's lake. The largest one weighed six pounds.

J. H. Taylor has commenced to fortify himself for the Klondike. He has ordered of Mr. Burbank a heavy fur overcoat that will be worn over an ordinary heavy ulster.

It may not be generally known, but persons anxious for war news later than the morning papers give, can keep posted at Everts & Co.'s brokerage office in the Savoy building.

Walter Case Newberry has applied to purchase the Mary Ann Starkweather property in Chicago at its appraised value, the option being given him under the terms of the will.

Trainer Tom Cox and the head coaches of the baseball team of the University are taking a course of baths at the Mineral bath house to determine if they are valuable for training purposes.

The Ypsilanti wheelmen have petitioned the common council to pass an ordinance to protect the bicycle path from people who will carelessly drive over it, obstruct it or maliciously throw glass upon it.

Cal. Davis, who has been visiting his parents, says he has a scheme on foot to bring together all the old performers of the Euterpean Minstrels, which was a favorite in this neighborhood 20 years ago, and give a performance during the street fair.

Fred Webb has applied for enlistment with the Detroit Naval Reserves but has received word that the organization has now its full quota of men and no more can now be taken. You can now show your patriotism by applying without any danger.

Ald. Worden succeeded in getting through the common council last night a resolution authorizing the board of public works to procure and cause to be set out 100 trees in the Fourth ward park. The Fourth ward park is distancing Lamb park.

It is to be trusted that the common council of 1898-99 will not attempt to have those beautiful monuments of municipal progress, the cow-sheds of Congress street removed, but rather leave them for future ages to point to as an everlasting witness of the wisdom to the now-dying council of 1897-98.

Buzz Silk, bred and formerly owned by Warren Lewis, in the San Jose, Cal. bench show took first in the limit class, first in the winner's class and special for the best cocker spaniel dog in the show. C. H. Ward, the present owner, has placed a price of \$250 on the dog now.

For the office of street commissioner the names of Bernard Kirk and William Kniseley are mentioned. It is said that M. T. Woodruff could have the city clerkship if the aldermen could be assured that he would devote his entire time during the day to the duties of the office.

Mrs. J. H. Clark, of Ellis street, who has been quite ill, we are pleased to hear is regaining her health. She and Mr. Clark had been contemplating a visit to their daughter in Chicago, Mrs. J. J. Gibson, wife of Photographer Gibson, of World's Fair fame, when she was suddenly taken sick.

Jos. Miller has been laid up for the past few days by a peculiar accident. Last Thursday he was fondling his baby son when the little fellow suddenly stuck a finger into his eye, lacerating the eyeball. At first it was feared that he would lose the sight of the eye but he is now past that danger point.

The Ypsilanti is getting so badly rattled and rattling. Pines and throwing bouquets at Editor Moran that in its last issue under church notices it ran a "plate" article on "Eleven Poker Hands—Which were beaten although they ought not to have been." For a good Methodist paper this is quite a diversion.

The remains of Curtis Emerick, of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Emerick, of 40 Huron street, arrived here from Charlotte Saturday and were interred in Highland cemetery today. The deceased was found dead beside some flood wood on the river bank at Charlotte and it is thought that apoplexy was the cause of the demise. He was 32 years of age and leaves a wife and family.

Says Vice-President Angus of the "Royal Blue" line: "If the council does not delay us about the Congress street bridge we will be running electric cars between Ann Arbor and Detroit by May 5. We will have cars out as far as Wayne this week while the track is already laid as far as Sheldons." This means that in about three weeks the line will be completed.

The common council last night passed a dog ordinance which provides that on and after May 10 every dog in the city must be registered each year with the city clerk, or the owner must stand the consequences. The registration or license fee of \$1 for male dogs and \$2 for female dogs is in addition to the regular state tax which has been heretofore paid. The ordinance is modeled after the Ann Arbor ordinance where it works to perfection. There is now a good opening for a dog-catcher in Ypsilanti.

It is pleasant to see exchange of courtesies between the different churches. This was noticeable in the "Spinning club" entertainment, and this week the Congregational ladies will be assisted in their pantomime, "Mistletoe Bough," by friends from each of the sister churches. Mr. Quirk has kindly consented to rehearse with the dancers of the "Minuet" which appears in Scene 1. At the opera house Friday evening. Tickets, 35 cents. Reserved seats at Rogers' without extra charge. Boards open at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning, April 20th.

St. Thomas' Dramatic society will stage "Robert Emmet" at the opera house on Wednesday evening, April 27. It is a drama of remarkable power and will be given with strict attention to all the details of the profession. A curtain-raiser entitled "Paddy Miles, the Limerick Boy" will be given before the regular drama. The society will be assisted by Freddie Daley, the boy soprano, and Miss Frances Caspary, of St. Thomas' Conservatory of Music, one of the leading sopranos of Ann Arbor. They will come down for rehearsal on Wednesday afternoon. The production will be given exactly as it was in Ann Arbor on March 17th, with about twenty members in the cast. Admission will be 25 and 50 cents.

Work on fitting up the power house with the machinery for the new electric road is progressing rapidly.

It is said that there are two Democratic aldermen who have leanings toward P. W. Carpenter for city clerk.

The Easter collection at St. John's church amounted to 106.50. From the St. Patrick's day banquet over \$300 was cleared.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Emerick wish to extend thanks to numerous friends who assisted at the funeral of their son, the late Curtis Emerick.

Ben Bush, the well known trap-shooter, will proceed to fix up the traps and it is probable that the defunct Ypsilanti Gun club will be revived to such an extent as to enjoy an afternoon's sport some day this week.

City Engineer Woodard has been so busy that it is impossible for him to prepare plans and specifications for paving Congress street before the next council meeting, which will be two weeks from last night. Such a thing as paving while the electric road is tearing up Congress street is now an impossibility.

Died, at his home on South street, Friday, April the 15th, George P. Stevens, aged 46, after a lingering illness of thirteen months. He leaves a wife and one daughter, Lizzie, to mourn his loss. The funeral in charge of the Maccabees, was held on Sunday at 3 p. m. at the Episcopal church after a short service at the house.

E. M. Norris came into Justice Childs' office this morning and gave notice that a suit would be started against the Ypsilanti Mineral Bath Company by a colored, whom he alleges was refused admission for treatment at the bath house for rheumatism. He says an Ann Arbor attorney would be retained, and thought that no Ypsilanti attorney would wish to start the proceedings.

W. S. Osler, the Elkhart wrestler, has completed arrangements to meet Charles Sweeney, of Ypsilanti, before the Kalamazoo Athletic club at that city April 27. It will be a catch-as-catch-can match, two points down, forcing barred, for the championship of Michigan and a purse of \$300.—Detroit Free Press. "Jake" Martin, who ought to know if anybody, was seen in regard to the above item and he says he knows of no Charles Sweeney and thinks it is somebody who is running himself in as a "ringer."

The prospects of war give rise to a good deal of "joshing." A job was put up on one of the colored porters of a barber shop of the city yesterday. A tall stranger came in and stated to him that he was empowered to get a list of names of persons subject to a draft. The height, weight and age of the subject of the joke was taken. The porter went out, the proprietor told the porter that there was only one way to escape going to Cuba and that was to get married. The young man hastened down to see his girl and try and have her save him from cruel war. She said it was too sudden, of course, but he is in hopes to change her mind before the fatal draft comes.

The Normal chorus will sing the anthem, "Pilgrims," at the commencement. This is one of Prof. Pease's latest compositions and of it James R. Murray of the "Musical Visitor" says: "Your second proof of 'Pilgrims' just at hand. Allow me to say that in all my experience in the examination and publication department of our house, I do not remember to have been so touched and delighted with a composition of the character as I have been with yours. It cannot fail to be useful. You have kept it in a good grade and though using simple harmonies have accomplished what more pretentious pieces fail to do and a piece which will appeal to and touch the hearts of all who sing or hear it."

The Kellar-Maber Fight. The Frank Kellar-Shadow Maber fight at Montreal April 12 ended in a draw, and again the Ypsilanti pugilist demonstrated his ability to stand lots of punishment. The fight was for ten rounds as under the Dominion laws such a thing as a finish contest is an impossibility. Maber is an Australian and has a world-wide reputation as a pugilist but although it was decided as a draw Kellar had all the best of it and it is hard to believe that Maber would have knocked the Kangaroo into a comatose condition. Paddy Ryan, ex-champion, was the referee. The first round was in Maber's favor, although he showed more agility in getting away than in getting there. In the second round Kellar knocked Maber to his knees where he stayed for nine seconds. Getting up Kellar punched him a hard one that almost settled Maber but a clinch saved him. In the third round Kellar punched his opponent on the nose so hard that he kicked him in the fourth round. Kellar's judiciously placed the geographical position of Kellar's jugular but he might just as well have been trying to punch holes in like Davis's majority in the 15th ward as hitting Kellar. In the fifth both men were tired and when Maber hit Kellar he placed his hand on the barber's powder. It was like the zephyrus brush of a humming bird's wing. In the sixth Maber got in two good ones where Kellar would have worn his neck-tie if he had not been in ring costume and the round ended with Maber's head jammed in between Kellar's legs. In the seventh the fighting was the hottest. Kellar made Maber think that breathing was not the easiest thing on earth and both men landed piston-rod drives that drew claret and cured catarrh. In the eighth Kellar made Maber a subject for a dentist. In the ninth Kellar landed repeatedly on Maber's solar plexus. The tenth amounted to nothing and both men seemed desirous of having it a draw. The Montreal papers all stated that a few more rounds would have settled the Antipodean Shadow.

Olivet Beat the Normals. Olivet, Mich., April 15.—(Special).—Olivet maintained her last year's record as champion of the M. I. A. A. ball players in her first game of this season this afternoon. The Normal college nine was defeated in a hard-fought game by a score of 8 to 7 in a drenching rainstorm. The sensation of the game came when Moore tied the score for Olivet by pounding a long liner over the back fence. Olivet then retired Ypsil's next three batters in short order and Davis made the winning score. Excellent feeling prevailed and there was no kicking. For Olivet, Crampton played an errorless game at first and retired fifteen men. Morse and Hoxie did the best work for the Normal. Score: Innings.....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Olivet.....0 3 0 1 0 2 0 1 1—8 Normal.....1 1 0 0 1 0 4 0 0—7 Batteries—Olivet, Moore and Wright; Normal, Brosky and Norris. Struck out—Moore 5, Brosky 7. Base on balls—Moore 3, Brosky 4. Umpire—Louis Bennett. Olivet. Attendance—300.

DOGS COST NOW.

Council Puts an Additional Tax on Every Dog—Penalty Severe.

At Monday's common council meeting Mayor Harding and Ald. Gaudy were the only ones absent.

The first thing to come up was President Schaffer's veto on granting free water for the Normal fountain. Ald. Meanwell moved that the original motion be passed, the acting mayor's veto notwithstanding. Ald. Davis and Ald. Moore voted "no" and President Schaffer did not vote so that the most strength the ayes could gather was six votes, which lacked just one vote sufficient to pass it over a veto and consequently the Normal is not yet granted its long sought-for boon.

The Ypsilanti Wheelmen asked for an ordinance to protect their bicycle path running west from the stand tower. The matter was referred to the committee on ordinances to report at the next meeting.

The stiff "dog" ordinance was passed. It provides as follows: The license for a male dog shall be \$1 and for a female dog \$2 for each year; every dog in the city must be registered at the city clerk's office at a cost of 25 cents, which will entitle the owner of the dog to a metallic plate or check which the owner shall also be required to have on the dog; the size and shape of the plate or check shall be changed each year; the poundmaster is to impound dogs not wearing the plate or checks, and if not redeemed within four days the dog is to be killed or if valuable may be sold to the highest bidder. The pound fees shall be 25 cents extra for each day in the pound; if a dog be impounded by others except the marshal or patrolman one-half of the redemption fee goes to the person who delivered up the dog; marshal may kill fierce or dangerous dogs running at large; it shall be unlawful for persons to own, keep or harbor a dog which by loud barking, howling or yelping shall disturb citizens; the mayor is empowered to issue an order to muzzle dogs; if a dog bites any inoffensive person, the justice of the peace before whom the case is brought shall issue an order to kill the dog; the ordinance is to take effect May 10; the penalty for violation is set at not exceeding \$50 fine or 30 days in jail.

Seven property owners asked for a sidewalk to be ordered built from the northwest corner of Oakwood avenue to the corner of H. Street. The sidewalk already built by J. H. Taylor in front of his premises on Cross street. The matter was referred to the committee on streets and walks with power to act.

The following liquor bonds were approved by the board of supervisors: Jacob L. Foerster and Adam Shaner, sureties. George Letter, principal; Brooks B. Hazelton and John Terns, sureties. Whitmire and Forthofer, principal; Joseph Meyer and Louis K. Foerster, sureties.

Foerster Brewing company, principal; Brooks B. Hazelton and Nicholas Max, sureties. Adam Shaner, principal; Joseph Meyer and Louis K. Foerster, sureties. Jacob Schmid, principal; John Terns and Wm. M. Smith, sureties.

Joseph Schaner, principal; Adam Schaner and Jacob L. Foerster, sureties. Frank G. McCaffrey, principal; O. F. Westfall and E. A. Bovee, sureties. William H. Lewis, principal; Thos. Neat and Louis Z. Foerster, sureties. Nicholas Max, principal; J. Ament, surety. George J. Ament, principal; Nicholas Max and William Dusibier, sureties. John Terns, principal; Wm. M. Smith and George J. Ament, sureties.

The committee on ways and means, to whom was referred the bills of ways and means for services on election day, recommended that the bills of J. H. Taylor and Charles Wesley be allowed at \$1.50 each and that the bills of Claude Pearsall be not allowed. The report was adopted. In the original report as drafted the committee had recommended that Moore's errors be allowed but Mr. Moore withdrew it so it was not included.

The committee on ways and means, to whom was referred the claim of Robert Geraghty for \$100 damages received from a fall owing to an alleged defective sidewalk on E. Cross street on March 14, reported adversely to allowing the same. The report was adopted.

The ways and means committee reported favorably to returning Milo E. Gage's \$10 and D. L. Ostrander's \$29, which was deposited for a receipt as there were no errors found. The report was adopted.

The D. Y. & A. A. Railway company presented plans for strengthening the Congress street bridge so that they can run their cars over in safety and during a recess of 15 minutes they will wave the flag of all kinds of investigation. The plans provided for no extension on the side of the bridge. The council finally agreed to meet again Thursday night and take definite action on the bridge question.

At the White House. Ypsilanti Girls Will Partake of a Luncheon Today.

Miss Lucile Watling, of Ypsilanti, Mrs. Kate Glover Brooks of Newton Center, Mass., and Mrs. Hal Glover, of Detroit, are attending a meeting of the "Brook Hall Alumnae association" last Saturday in Washington. "Brooke Hall" was until recently a well known boarding school for young ladies at Media, Pa., under the auspices of the Episcopal church, and Miss Maria L. Eastman has been its devoted principal until her death about two years ago. The annual meetings of the association, which is composed of both graduates and under-graduates, occur upon April 15th, the anniversary of Miss Eastman's birth. The young ladies have honored the memory of their beloved teacher by establishing an endowed scholarship at Byrn Mawr, called the Maria L. Eastman scholarship, and this year Mrs. McKinley, wife of the president of the United States, who attended Brooke Hall in '65, has invited them to a luncheon at the White House at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Mrs. Brooks will visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Glover next week, but Miss Watling will remain in Washington, not returning home until May.

WANTED—\$1,000. By Business Men's Association to Insure the Street Fair.

The Business Men's Protective association held a meeting Wednesday to take up the question of a street fair and about 25 were present. There is no question now about one being held as every merchant, with a single exception, seems ready to give his cooperation. All that is needed is a little better quality of enthusiasm. Every day counts now and the arrangements cannot be perfected too quickly to insure a success of the event. It is estimated that it will take about

\$2,500 in cash to make the street fair a grand success. Of this amount at least \$1,500 can be obtained from privileges, which will leave a balance of \$1,000 to be pledged by the business men. If 50 merchants go into it, this will mean about \$20 apiece. The fair will probably last three days. With a crowd of 30,000 strangers which can easily be brought here if the street fair is properly advertised, is there any doubt but that the merchant will get his money back many times over? A soliciting committee will make the rounds and report next week.

ROASTED THE SOLONS. Rev. Gardam Did for Their Trying to Attract So Much Attention Talking "War."

The approaching conflict between the United States and Spain is demanding the attention of the pulpit as well as press. Sunday morning Rev. Wm. Gardam in closing his sermon upon "Let your moderation be known unto all men," gave utterance to the following patriotic and Christian sentiments: "In a larger way have we not a national illustration of the opportunity for the working and the application of this Christian law of moderation in this awful crisis through which we are passing? The moderation, self-restraint and fairness of a people after all are but the grouping of these same qualities as you find them in you and me and all the individuals who make up the nation. Never since the war has there been such a call for these tempers. The American people have believed themselves and do believe themselves to be the apostles of righteousness and the defenders of suffering, oppressed humanity. The mind of the people is as fixed in the belief of the rightness and justice of our controversy with Spain as though an angel from Heaven had burned it in the hearts of every American. Never has a people in all history found itself to be more of one mind than we today. And yet there is danger that the very unanimity and strength of this conviction, the majestic sense of right, and the righteousness of our cause, should lead us into an unjust use of our power. The cause we have championed cannot be questioned—it is the cause of humanity. Four hundred thousand new made graves in Cuba officially recorded since this war began, besides the thousands who have died and found their graves in the bush and by the roadside, surely ought to speak to the heart of the nations. Spain has earned the righteous indignation of every nation that loves justice and truth and humanity. Yet this nation cannot afford to be unfair, cannot afford to lose its head in the very intensity of its righteous indignation. Our nobles legislators, few of whom would carry sword and gun to sacrifice life, should the sword be drawn in this cause, in their ambition to stand before the country as the great verbal champions of the oppressed, the verbose auctioneers for the public eye and ear, forget that a cause that is mighty and a people that are mighty cannot fall even if the counsels of moderation govern them. While the country has been calm and intelligent, yet determined—our legislative bodies have been suffering from excessive temperance and the invariably rambling and raving of fever. Thank God in this great crisis for our president's calmness and strength and intelligence. He represents the sober sense of a sober, thoughtful and intelligent people and has won for America the unquestioned sympathy of the world. Let us learn from this lesson of moderation, fairness, self-restraint—learn it for ourselves so that in temper and life we may show forth the praises of Him who hath called us out of darkness into His marvelous light—learn it for our behavior in all the relations of life, the family, the church, the community, so that all shall have the knowledge of us that we have been with Jesus and have learned of Him—learn it for our country so that our patriotism shall never run riot but shall ever be governed by the precepts of the gospel of peace and love and good will to men.

EASTERN STAR DANCE. The Event of the Year—There Were 104 Couples Present.

Beyond any question the most generally attended and most social dance of the year occurred at Light Guard hall Friday evening under the auspices of the Eastern Star Chapter. The committees have been hustling the event ever since Lent commenced and the arrangements they contracted for made it necessary that at least 75 couples should be present in order not to have a balance on the wrong side. Sixty couples is an unusually large dance for Ypsilanti and it was with some misgivings that the committee awaited the outcome. However, Ann Arbor responded cordially to the invitations sent and nearly 75 persons came down by the motor to participate in the event and they assured their Ypsilanti friends of the having had a most delightful time. Finney's orchestra of 12 pieces played dance music as only Finney's can and all arrangements were carried out to the great credit of the committees. Up to midnight the quadrille had an equal prominence with more modern dances. In favor of the "older crowd" but from that hour until 1 o'clock morning the waltz and two-step reigned supreme. Altogether there were 104 couples present.

It was impossible to obtain the full list of those present from Ann Arbor but the following were noticed as they entered the hall: Mrs. Ed. Erb, Trautwine and lady, G. J. Spatth and lady, Mr. Conlan and lady, Victor Cauffman and lady, Mr. Goldsmith and lady, Mr. Boynton and lady, Mr. Dutten Loffer and lady, Mr. and Mrs. T. Seabolt, Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Goodrich, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Brown, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Butler, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Watts, Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Morton, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Watts, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Mingay, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Erb, Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Wines, Mr. and Mrs. Greenwood, Miss Benham, Miss Winer and Mrs. Swift.

The inquest over the remains of young Will S. Shirley, who was killed Sunday Feb. 1, Mason and lady, of Michigan Central freight, was held at Martin's undertaking rooms Tuesday. The lad's companions were examined. The verdict was given in accordance with the facts already stated.

THE PRESIDENT WANTS MEN

Urges Necessity for Immediate Call for Volunteers.

BILL PRESENTED IN HOUSE.

Military Affairs Committee Asks That Haste Be Employed in Its Passage—Tremendous Demonstration in the House—Senator Allen Opposes Debt.

Washington, April 21.—The house unanimously agreed to consider the volunteer army bill and it was taken up at once in the committee of the whole.

Mr. Hull, chairman of the committee on military affairs, asked unanimous consent for the consideration of the bill he introduced yesterday at the request of the war department authorizing the president to call for volunteers. He explained that the committee had agreed to the measure at a special meeting this morning. It was a very urgent measure, he said. The secretary of war had appealed to him this morning to press it and he had just had a message from the white house saying that the passage of the bill to-day was imperative.

Mr. Hull said that the committee had made only one important change in the bill as prepared by the war department. That change reserved to the governors of the states the power to appoint company and regimental officers, which the bill as drawn conferred upon the president and was in harmony with the law of 1861.

There was a tremendous demonstration in the house immediately after the reading of the journal, when Mr. Pruden, the president's executive clerk, announced the president's approval of the Cuban resolutions.

The galleries cheered and the members on the floor applauded vigorously. The speaker, with difficulty, suppressed the ovation with which the announcement was greeted. The senate joint resolution authorizing the printing of extra copies of the military publications of the war department was adopted.

Opposed to More Debt. Washington, April 21.—In the senate the following resolution was presented by Mr. Allen of Nebraska: "That in the opinion of the senate no circumstances can arise in the relations of the United States of America and the kingdom of Spain that will warrant an increase of the interest-bearing bonded indebtedness of this government or that will in any manner interfere in the reform of the financial affairs of the United States on lines laid down in the national people's party platform of July, 1896." The resolution went over under objection.

NEWSPAPERS ARE WARLIKE. Madrid Journals Look Upon a Conflict as Inevitable.

Madrid, April 21.—The newspapers this morning were eagerly bought. They are very warlike in tone. The Imparcial (independent), contrasts the manner in which the United States and Spain enter into the conflict, saying: "The aggressor is noisy, insulting and clamorous, and the aggrieved is reserved, calm and self-contained."

The Liberal (moderate republican) remarks: "Even Minister Woodruff is convinced that war is at hand, having left his farewell cards with the diplomatic body."

The Liberal, which is the organ of Senor Sagasta, the premier, heads its leading article today with the single word "War," and says: "The resolutions passed (by congress) are tantamount to a declaration of war. Spain is fearlessly and unitedly prepared to defend her rights, single-handed and abandoned by the powers, but fortified by the justice of her cause."

The public generally accepted the situation without apparent concern. Means Recognition of Cuba. Washington, April 21.—Senator Foraker said in debate in the senate today that he had positive information that it is the intention of this government to recognize the representatives of the Cuban government in this country.

Palma and one of Gomez's brigadiers, it is said, have consulted with General Miles, arranging for co-operation against Spain. This is taken as a virtual recognition of the Cuban republic. It is stated that Palma was summoned here for this conference.

Prepare to Defend Havana. New York, April 21.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says: Troops continue to arrive in Havana. Gen. Hernandez de Velasco came from Vuelto Abajo Tuesday night. The volunteers throughout the island are ready to go to places which may be designated in the rural towns, as well as in Havana.

Will Be Treated as Neutrals. Havana, April 21.—Although the Plant line steamers have suspended their trips between Tampa and Havana possibly fearing seizure in the event of hostilities, Captain General Blanco has notified Alexander Gallon, the British consul here, who is acting for the United States, that even in the case of war being declared regular passenger steamers will be considered as sailing under a neutral flag.

Indications. Mrs. Ferry—"Are your new neighbors well-to-do?" Mrs. Terry—"I think they are. The children have such awful manners."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

No Wooden Pavement for Paris. Wooden pavements in Paris have been condemned, as they serve as a breeding place for all kinds of dangerous germs.

DECLARATION OF WAR

Must Surely Follow the Action of the Senate

And House of Representatives Monday Night.

Spain Is Notified to Get Out of Cuba.

Washington, April 19.—At 1:15 Tuesday morning the conference committee having under consideration the Cuban resolutions arrived at an agreement which was reported to the senate and adopted—42 to 35. In the house there were 310 votes for and only 6 against the adoption of the report.

After one of the hardest fought battles between the two houses known in many years congress, at an early hour this morning, came to an agreement upon the most momentous question it has dealt with in a third century. The Cuban resolution was passed and will be sent to the president this morning. Its provisions mean the expulsion of Spain from the island of Cuba by the armed forces of the United States. There were many roll calls in both houses, and each body held tenaciously for its own resolution. The conferees had great difficulty in agreeing. The first conference showed a determination on the part of the house not to yield a single point, and it was only after long consultation with the house leaders that they agreed to allow the little words, "are, and," in the first section of the senate resolution, which declares that the people of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent. The resolution as finally adopted is that reported from the senate committee on foreign relations, with the addition of the fourth section, known as the Teller amendment, disclaiming any intention on the part of the United States to acquire Cuba. The resolution cannot be sent to the president until after it is signed by the presiding officers today. The president retired before midnight, and the White House was deserted except for the executive clerk, Mr. Montgomery, who received the bulletin announcing the senate's action over the capitol wires. The message was turned over to the domestic end of the mansion, and without waiting for the action of the house the executive office was closed for the night.

The following are the senators and representatives who voted against the resolution: Senate: Allen, Bacon, Bate, Berry, Butler, Caffery, Cannon, Chilton, Clay, Cockerell, Daniel, Harris, Helffer, Jones (Ark.), Jones (Nev.), Kenny, Lindsay, McEnery, McLaughlin, Mallory, Mantle, Martin, Mitchell, Money, Pasco, Pettigrew, Pettus, Rawlins, Roach, Stewart, Teller, Turley, Turner, Turpie, and White—35.

House: Boutelle (Rep., Me.), Brewer (Dem., Ala.), Gardner (Rep., N. J.), Johnson (Rep., Ind.), Loud (Rep., Cal.), McCall (Rep., Mass.)—6.

Washington, D. C., April 19, 10:40 a. m.—The president will sign the joint resolution this morning. That is, of course, a foregone conclusion since the action of the senate in yielding the Turpie recognition clause.

All is ready for movement on Cuba. The commanders of waiting fleets have been given their final instructions as to plan of attack. The army is rapidly moving to southern seaports.

New York, April 19, 10:45 a. m.—A Madrid special to the World says Spain believes war is now assured. She has no allies but will protect her honor and the government will make every effort to insure unity of action among her somewhat divided and disaffected people.

Washington, April 19, 12:25 p. m.—The president will sign the resolution at 1 o'clock today and will then transmit an ultimatum to Spain, giving that country 24 hours to comply with the demands of the United States. It is not believed, however, that Spain's answer will be for peace. As soon as it is received, all diplomatic relations between the United States and Spain will close. Minister Woodruff will be recalled and Minister Polo will hasten from Washington.

The resolutions as agreed on by the conferees of both houses are as follows: Resolved, By the senate and the house of representatives of the United States in congress assembled.

1. That the people of the Island of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent.

2. That it is the duty of the United States to demand, and the government of the United States does hereby demand, that the government of Spain at once relinquish its authority and government in the Island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

3. That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is, directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States and to call into the actual service of the United States the militia of the several states, to such extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

4. That the United States hereby disclaims any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction, or control over said island except for the pacification thereof and asserts its determination when that is accomplished to leave the government and control of the island to its people.

THE DEMOCRAT.

Friends of the Democrat who have Business at the Probate Court will please request Judge Newkirk to send their Printing to this office.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY.

If you want to buy, sell or trade use the local columns of the Democrat.

Mrs. B. M. Thompson and daughter Ethel will leave Paris for home on the first of the coming month.

Attorney Frank Steivers left last night for Indianapolis on business. He expects to be away for several days.

The health officer reports a number of cases of measles about the city. Marshal Sweet is kept busy flagging the cases.

The fire commissioners have ordered parties near the postoffice block to stop putting up a frame building, since it is within the fire limits.

Miss Bessie Stevens returned to her school work at Albion, N. Y., last night after spending her spring vacation with her parents in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Shirley, of Hamilton, desire to return their sincere thanks to their many friends who so kindly assisted them in their late bereavement.

Sir Knights W. W. Watts and Cms. E. Hiscock of this city and J. B. Colvan, of Ypsilanti, leave Saturday for Pittsburg, Pa., to make arrangements for the Ann Arbor Commandery, K. T., to attend the next annual convocate at that city.

D. Burhans, of Owosso, is quartered at the Arlington. He is one of the bondsmen for the contractor who built the dormitory at the U. of M. hospital.

The painters, carpenters and boiler makers, of the Ann Arbor road, have gone to Frankfort where they will make the spring repairs on Ann Arbor car ferry No. 1.

Fred Martin, aged 14 years, was ordered taken to the Lansing school this forenoon to remain until his 15th birthday. Marshal Sweet will take him to Lansing tomorrow.

Mrs. G. M. Case of Helena, Montana, who has been spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Wm. F. Dains, at 1827 Broadway, leaves this forenoon enroute for Clyde, N. Y.

A. Stevens, proprietor of the Lake House at Whitmore Lake, is in the city. He says he is prepared to accommodate his old friends. He has made many improvements in his hotel.

David D. Bird, of Jackson road, Ann Arbor town, died Wednesday aged 85 years, 1 month and 16 days. The funeral and interment will be at Williams-ville Sunday. The deceased leaves two sons and a daughter.

Carl M. Green, as U. of M. manager of Interscholastic athletics, has sent formal invitations to the high schools of the state to take active part in the coming Interscholastic athletic meet and field day to be held in this city May 27 and 28.

At the annual meeting of the Ladies' Aid society of St. Andrew's parish in Harris hall, the officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President, Mrs. Arthur G. Hall; vice-president, Mrs. W. N. Brown; secretary, Mrs. L. P. Jocelyn; treasurer, Mrs. Alice Woodbridge.

The Odd Fellows of the city will attend religious services Sunday forenoon, April 24, at the First Baptist church, by invitation of Rev. and Bro. T. W. Young, who will preach a sermon appropriate to the occasion. All members of the order in or near the city are invited to be present.

M. J. Lehman left yesterday for Lansing on legal business. He will argue the appeal case of Haele M. Bond vs. the Lake Shore railroad in the supreme court today. It will be remembered that Hattie Bond was given a judgment in the May term of court in 1886 for a Lake Shore train near Saline.

The first annual contest of the High School Oratorical association will be held in High School hall on next Monday evening, April 26. Five of the best speakers in the school have entered, so that the contest is sure to be very close. Music will be furnished by the High School Mandolin club. Admission 10 cents, except to members of the Oratorical association, who will be admitted free.

A movement is on foot to remodel the entire front of the Main street buildings occupied by L. Gruner and Eberbach & Son. It would very materially help the appearance of the street if similar improvements were made in the entire block wherever needed. Main street with its new pavement, modern store fronts and bustling business enterprises will be a street to be proud of.

Cashier Clarkson, of the First National bank, has received a letter from the president of the Coldwater National bank speaking in very complimentary terms of Ann Arbor's new superintendent of schools. Secretary Mills, of the board of education, has received numerous other communications from friends of the city school expressing their complete satisfaction at the choice of Prof. Slauson.

Ann Arbor Courier: A gardener who has for years given the making of lawns a study, remarked that the general mistake made was in cutting the grass with a lawn mower and raking the grass off. He cited the case of a fine lawn which was treated in this manner, and it soon became so straggly that it took a week of sodding to put the lawn in presentable shape again. He maintains that the best pieces of grass left on the lawn after it is cut serves not only to protect the tender roots from the sun, but protects them from frost in winter and return to the earth the substance which has been given up in vegetation.

Company A will have an outdoor drill tonight, after which several applicants for membership will be voted on. Sam Lee, an ex-member, has just returned from Cuba and re-enlisted. Wm. B. Richmond, Irving Edwards, Wm. E. Decker and Henry Hitchcock have been detailed to act with Assistant Hospital Steward Joseph Ball on the ambulance corps. Warren Webster is visiting his father, Judge Webster of Bay City; Clarence Hurry is in Tecumseh; Charles King in Chicago; Charles Duncan in Detroit; Clarence Sweet in Jackson; Adria Crawford in Owosso and Corporal Albert C. Wilson in Wayne. All excepting King will be back if called to go south.

The U. of M. baseball team lost its game Wednesday to Beloit by the score of 2 to 5. Michigan should have won but too many errors tall the team. The play was good at times, and then it was awful in its stupidity. Despite the errors, Michigan held Beloit even till the first of the ninth, when a base on hits, four errors and a hit scored three runs. Michigan's two runs were secured on a hit by Wolf and a beautiful drive by Lunn, which was not handled fast enough and enabled him to score. Beloit scored in the third on a hit and a little combination of errors. They scored again in the seventh on a combination of errors without the hit. The same in the ninth with more errors.

MAYOR'S ANNUAL MESSAGE

Common Council Hears Message and Opens Paving Bids-Special Meeting Thursday.

At its meeting Monday night newly elected Aldermen Richards, Dieterle, Exinger, Brown, Weeks, Howell and Stevens were in their places. The visitors' benches were crowded with such prominent citizens as Frederick Schmid, J. W. Bennett, Dr. Kapp, M. J. Cavanaugh, George Clarken, George L. Moore, Dr. Georg. Herman Hutzel, W. J. Clancy, Titus F. Hutzel, Christian Mack, S. A. Moran, Leonhard Gruner, Dr. W. B. Smith and Judge N. W. Cheever, Ald. Vandawarker and Cady were absent. The most important business of the new council was the hearing of the mayor's annual message and action upon the paving bids.

Mayor Hiscock was present in person and read his communication when it was called for. He gave in detail the expenditures of the city during the past year, a total of \$66,760.91. There was paid upon the city's bonded indebtedness during the same period \$17,145.11, leaving a balance of \$49,615.80 remaining unpaid. He spoke of the proposed Main street paving with brick and urged its early completion, favoring also the future paving of Fourth avenue and portions of Ann, Huron, Washington and Liberty streets. He recommended the construction of a mile of sidewalk every year, favored purchase of 30 acres of land between the boulevard and the island for a city park, and wished all night lighting in the business part of the city. He reviewed the enforcement of law and challenged any one to name a city where the laws are better enforced. The mayor's message was referred to Ald. Coon, Brown and Koch.

President Luick then named the following standing committees for the ensuing year: Finance—Ald. Brown, Hamilton, Coon. Ordinance—Ald. Cady, Brown, Spathel. Sewers—Ald. Sweet, Richards, Dieterle, Vandawarker, Weeks, Howell, Stevens. Streets—Ald. Koch, Hamilton, Sweet, Vandawarker, Spathel, Coon, Cady. Sidewalks—Ald. Hamilton, Dieterle, Exinger, Brown, Weeks, Howell, Stevens. Fire department—Ald. Spathel, Richards, Dieterle. Water—Ald. Coon, Brown, Koch. Police—Ald. Dieterle, Cady, Howell. Lighting—Ald. Stevens, Richards, Spathel. Bonds—Ald. Vandawarker, Koch, Exinger. Licenses—Ald. Richards, Cady, Coon. Park—Ald. Exinger, Weeks, Vandawarker. Poor—Ald. Howell, Hamilton, Koch. Cemetery—Ald. Weeks, Sweet, Stevens.

The board of public works then presented the paving bids received by it in response to advertisement. The lowest bids for brick and asphalt follow: Wm. J. Clancy offers to put down brick pavement and the proposed storm sewer for \$26,417.00, or the storm sewer alone at \$4,005.70; the Alcatraz company offers to put down asphalt pavement and sewer for \$22,700 or the sewer alone at \$6,977.

The B. P. W. recommended the acceptance of the bid of Wm. J. Clancy. Resolutions were made by his honor, the mayor, who approved delay of the bids until after the meeting of the Board of Public Works, Monday, April 27, at 10 o'clock.

City Attorney Kearney presented a long paper on the Wetzel damage case, holding that the city is not responsible for injuries caused by the defective Detroit street bridge. The opinion also held that the city has the power to order the bridge removed. Acting on this suggestion the council voted to begin arrangements for extending Beakes, Detroit and Stevens streets across the Michigan Central railway on a level with the tracks.

The board of public works was authorized to purchase 10,000 feet of oak plank for crossings. The liquor bonds were placed at \$3,000, the same as last year. Adjoined.

Y. W. C. A. Entertainment. The entertainment to be given in High School Hall Friday evening, April 23rd, promises to be very good indeed. The young ladies have several tableaux representing noted women from Shakespeare's plays, and also a fine series illustrating the history of Joan of Arc. The story will be told, each stanza illustrated by a tableau. These will be: (1) Joan as a peasant girl, (2) The Blessing of the Angel, (3) The Dream, (4) Death at the Stake, (5) The Statue.

Among the recitations comes a gipsy piece by Miss Bertha Christman in costume, a scene from "The Prisoner of Zenda" by Miss Fuller, and a bright little selection by Nellie Arthur Brown entitled "The Famous Red Fan." The children give a series of Mother Goose scenes, "Rock-a-Bye Baby," "The Four and Twenty Black Birds," and similar old-time favorites. The program will close with several pictures from the well known "Kemble's Coons," including "Mummy's Lil' Honey Boy," "Eben-ezeer," and "A Virginia Creeper." To those who appreciate the exceeding cuteness and delightfully picturesque qualities of the dimly lit African, these will be very enjoyable after the white children of Mother Goose. Admission, 10 cents. Proceeds are needed to pay rent for Y. W. C. A. rooms.

New Books. List of books for the Ladies' Library April, 1898: "Old Virginia and Her Neighbors. John Fiske. "Aaron in the Wilderness. Joel Chandler Harris. "Following the Equator. Mark Twain. "Gondola Days. F. Hopkinson Smith. "Le Soutien de Famille. Alphonse Daudet. "The Fight for the Crown. W. E. Norris. "The Gaddy. E. L. Voynich. "Spain in the Nineteenth Century. Elizabeth W. Latimer.

Mrs. Cleveland's New Portraits. Mrs. Cleveland recently had a new set of photographs taken, the first time she had been photographed since leaving the White House and has given them to Mr. Bok, with permission to publish them in "The Ladies' Home Journal," where they will be publicly seen for the first time. The set also includes the first authoritative photographs published of the new Princeton home of the Clevelands.

Schlenker's Hardware. W. Liberty street, is the cheapest place in town to trade.

SCHOOL PRIZES.

The Democrat's Offer to School Children for the Washtenaw County Fair for 1898. Cut This Out.

The Democrat will give the following cash prizes to the school children of Washtenaw county for historical essays, to be exhibited school day at the Washtenaw county fair of 1898. All essays must be upon some topic relating to the early history of the school district of which the competitor is a resident. It is the design of these prizes to bring out hitherto unpublished reminiscences of early life in Washtenaw county and the originality of the narrative, as well as the merits of the English composition, will be considered by the committee in making the awards. All entries must be made in the regular way with the fair authorities.

To children of the graded schools of the cities and villages of Washtenaw county, below the ninth grade, for best essay conforming to the above conditions, \$3; for second best, \$2.

For children of country schools of Washtenaw county for best essay conforming to above conditions, \$3; for second best, \$2.

These special school prizes are offered thus early that teachers and scholars may avail themselves of the opportunity to compete for them and perfect their work before the close of the current year, as there is not sufficient time between the opening of the schools in the fall and the date of the fair to insure good work and general competition.

Real Estate Transfers.

Mary B. Moore to Dennis Warner, Dexter, \$50. Thomas Judd to George DeMosh, Ypsilanti, \$1,500. Herman Hutzel to Frederick Schmid, Ann Arbor, \$1. A. Marcentani to John Reinski, Augusta, \$1,800. Martha Long to Elizabeth Reichenchen, Ann Arbor, \$25. Augustus Steger to Frank Steffen, Chelsea, \$1. Lucy Potter to O. E. Thompson, Ypsilanti, \$800. Louisanna Evans to Edgar H. Lamb, Ypsilanti, \$550. Albert H. Ainsworth to Oliver Ainsworth, Ypsilanti, \$700. Rebecca Burkhart to Huldah Burkhart, Chelsea, \$1. Jeremiah Vedder to Norman Quackenboss, Augusta, \$1,000. Winfred J. Wallace to Joseph H. Taylor, Ypsilanti, \$425. Joseph H. Taylor to Martha L. C. Duncan, Ypsilanti, \$3,078. Christian Steeb to August John, Scio, \$2,650. Elizabeth C. Allmendinger to J. H. Taylor, Ann Arbor, \$200. Adella Vining to Mark L. Vining, Ypsilanti, \$200. Walter M. Cole to Ezekiel Cole, Superior, \$1. John R. Miner to Charles Esslinger, Ann Arbor, \$1,100. Amos Kitcheson to William Webster, Augusta, \$200. George Allmendinger to Louisa Sidina, Ann Arbor, \$1,200. Thomas Blake to John Leindermann, Lodi, \$150. Flora A. Wood to Martha J. Allen, Saline, \$1,150. Ann Crowley to Jeremiah McCarthy, Scio, \$530. John Shanahan to Margaret Shanahan, Northfield, \$725. John Shanahan to Margaret Shanahan, Northfield, \$150.

Marriage Licenses.

Karl Wahl, 33, Lima, and Rosina Heigle, 23, Lima. George Vogel, 30, Scio, and Emma Kappler, 26, Lodi. Charles A. Swick, 23, Milan, and Mildred J. Morton, 20, Milan. Columbus Santure, 26, Sumpter, and Ida Wynkauf, 18, Augusta. Orpheus A. Westgate, 23, Raisen Center, and Jennie Bird, 21, Webster. Edward J. Parker, 31, Lima, and Emma Noll, 25, Ann Arbor. Julius Bredernity, 30, Saline, and Clara Luckhardt, 24, Saline. Columbus Santure, 24, Sumpter, and Ida Weinkauf, 18, Augusta.

Miss Mollie Gibson, of the Ypsilanti Normal, is spending her vacation in the city with Miss Lisemer of Twelfth street.

Ann Arbor Markets.

Those consulting these reports will remember that some of the articles quoted here are subject to rapid fluctuations. Corrected regularly to Thursday of the current week.

Table with market prices for various goods: Corn per bu. 40, Wheat 50, Oats 30, Rye 42, Barley 65-75, Beans 60, Onions 60, Potatoes 55, Hides per lb 10-12, Honey 10-12, Tallow 3 1/2-2 1/2, Lard 4 1/2-5 1/2, Pork 8-9, Beef 7-8, Chickens 5-6, Eggs per doz 2 90, Clover seed 7-8 1/2, Veal 7-8 1/2, Lamb 8-9, Turkey 11-14.

Solid Trains of Light Running Plan. for the Harvest of '98.



The above is a snap shot of a solid train of Light Running Plano Binders, Mowers and Hay Rakes, decorated in gorgeous array, with streamers, banners and flags, which will start on the trip to last Tuesday for Jackson, Michigan. The Plano's famous Jones Lever Binder, Chain Drive Mower and Adjustable Hay Rake, have not only forged their way to the front in Michigan, but are fast taking the lead among farmers everywhere. They possess more modern and exclusive improvements than any other line of machinery, and perfection that baffles competition, and gives them widespread popularity. The largest delivery of harvesting machinery ever known in Michigan was made by a Plano agent at Caladonia, Kent County, when 153 Jones Lever Binders and Chain Drive Mowers were loaded into farmers' wagons, forming a procession over a mile long. Plano agents appear to be strictly "in it." We are informed that the great Plano factory at West Pullman, Chicago, is kept running both day and night to meet the demand already being made for the Harvest of '98, and that trains of similar to the one we present above are daily seen pulling out of the Plano shipping yards headed for all parts of the world.

A New House

Is not complete without one of

Schumacher's Royal Furnaces

200 of these furnaces are now in use in Ann Arbor and each one is a testimonial of their efficiency and economy. See us before you place your order.

Schumacher's Hardware,

312 SOUTH MAIN ST.

LADIES, LISTEN!

If you will come into our store while down town we will show you a large selection of

METALIC BELTS!

of the latest designs.

Our spring styles of Shirt Waist Buttons, Cuff Buttons, Etc., has also arrived.

Nothing sets off a pretty garment so much as does some appropriate jewelry.

Keller's Jewelry Store

HENNE & STANGER. HENNE & STANGER. HENNE & STANGER.

Advertisement for Henne & Stanger featuring an illustration of a parlor suit and text: WE SELL The Best \$20, \$25, \$30 and \$40 PARLOR SUITS Ever shown here. See them and you will want one. Our new line of COUCHES are selling quick. Don't buy CARPETS, RUGS OR MATTINGS Before seeing our spring stock. BABY CARRIAGES.

HENNE & STANGER. HENNE & STANGER. HENNE & STANGER.

Advertisement for Henne & Stanger featuring an illustration of a bed and text: Special Good Values in WHITE IRON BEDS AND DRESSERS... Now is the time to have us repair and upholster your furniture.

Henne & Stanger.

HENNE & STANGER. HENNE & STANGER. HENNE & STANGER.

ELEGANCY AND COMFORT.

Are embodied in clothes bearing the labels of

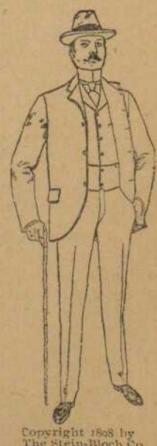
Hammerslough Bros., and The Stein Block Co.

Our stock of clothes made by these houses this season is larger than ever to meet the growing demand for these wholesale-tailors' clothes. There is a very pretty assortment of Sack Suits from which you can make a selection at as low a price as

\$12.00

From that you can wander up to \$20.00 and \$25.00

The higher prices mean only Finer Clothes and more Effective Trimming.



Lindenschmitt & Apfel,

221 SOUTH MAIN STREET.