THE ANN ARBOR REGISTER.

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ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1887.

WHOLE NO. 632.

A VISIT TO THE POOR FARM.

Charitable Institution of Which Washtenaw County May Well Feel Proud.

"The Poor Ye have Always with You."

Last Tuesday morning a REGISTER reporter received an invitation from Dr. Darling, the comy whysician to visit the poor farm. The invitation was very gladly accepted and we were soon seated in his carriage ready for

"Over the hills to the Poor House." We didn't wander there to die, as the

poem goes, but to gather up a few items of interest concerning this charitable institution. Dinner was announced soon after our arrival and true to our professional instincts we joined the family and sat down to as fine a repast as a man's appe-tite could wish for. Dinner being over we immediately set out, in company with the doctor, to explore the internal regions

THE POOR HOUSE.

The first building or resident portion, is about the same as any ordinary farm residence, and is occupied by the keeper and matron, Mr. and Mrs. McDowell, and their assistants. Extending from this is two three-story brick buildings, known as the left and right wings, each 30x80 feet. The former is used by the male occupants and the latter by the female inmates. first floor, or pasement, of the left wing is divided off into apartments for the left wing is divided off into apartments for the old and feeble men who are unable to climb up stairs. On the second floor is the of-fice and men's hospital, which at the pres-ent time contains two inmates; the chapel and the laundry, the work in this place being done by the women who are able to work. The third floor is used for sleeping apartments, excepting one room which is used as a Catholic chapel. Passing through these rooms one sees nothing to excite any particular interest except the note-worthy cleanliness of everything. The inmates are not particularly striking in their appearance, except as to their age

The first floor, or basement of the right wing, is divided into three rooms. The first one is used for a kitchen, where the cooking is done for the poor unfortunates. The other two rooms contain a large oven and furnace, respectively. The second floor is divided into several appart-ments which are used by the women for a dining room, sitting room and sleeping rooms. Passing on up to the third floor of the building one sees all kinds of people. This floor is divided into two separate apartments and one of them is divided into rooms for the insane women. of whom there are five; the other room is arranged for the epileptic and foolish men, and a more sorrowful lot of human beings it would be hard to find.

A few feet from this building is the new hospital, a two-story brick, 16x28 feet. The first floor is used for syphilitic cases; the second by women who are in an enciente condition, of whom there are five.

THEIR BEDS

are uniform throughout the building, being iron cots securely fastened to the floor, on which are placed straw ticks. The bed clothes consist of good, heavy blankets, sheet and a quilt and good pillows. The same cleanliness as noticed throughout the building was also noticeable in respect to the bedding.

THE BILL OF FARE

does not consist of all the dainties of the season, but contains plenty of substantial tood. The breakfast consists of meat, potatoes, bread and coffee. For dinner there are vegetables of some kind, eitner beans, cabbage or turnips and fried potatoes The vegetables are cooked in a 30-gallon cauldron kettle. For supper they are given bread and syrup and cold vegetables, excepting three evenings in the week when either ginger-bread or cookies are furn-ished. At dinner, Fridays, they are provided with fish and potatoes.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

are held every Sunday afternoon at three o'clock, by some denomination or another. There is nothing compulsory about their attendance, but they are always urgently requested to do so.

Returning to the sitting room, Mr. Mc-Dowell handed us an old journal contain-ing the proceedings of the first session of the Washtenaw county poor commissioners, which we herewith give as it has never before been, published and contains some very interesting information:

February 27, 1836. "Daniel Page, by appointment, pur-mased poor house farm from Claudius

ritten, price, \$1,200. Job Gorton, Lewis Barr and Samuel D. McDowell were appointed a committee to superintend the establishment on the 17th day of March, 1836. Moses M. Boylan and family were hired at \$250 per year, to com-mence on the first day of April following, in charge of farm and contents.'

There were only three inmates of the house during the first year, Fannie Vantassel, Nathan H. Baker and Henry Best, one of whom it is said sat perched on a stump watching them build the house, so anxious was he to be installed in the new

Entering into conversation with Mr. Mc-Dowell, he said: "We have at the present Dowell, he said: "We have at the present time 95 inmates, 35 of whom are females, and their health, considering their age and condition, is exceptionally good. We require every one to take a bath once a week. They are very peaceable at present, causing us but very little trouble. The farm here is a good 120 acres, valued at \$10,000 and the building and contents about \$20,000. Some people have an idea that we get a good deal of work out of the men, but such is not the case. We cannot depend on them; it costs more to cannot depend on them; it costs more to watch them than they earn. One day I set one hoeing in the garden and when I got around again he had hoed up a row of vegetables No, sir; as help around the

farm they are of no use. We raised last year 740 bushels of wheat, 170 bushels of oats, 600 bushels of corn, 400 bushels of potatoes, 100 bushels of turnips, 10 bushels of onions, 30 tons of hay, produce from garden, etc., which netted us \$2,125."

By this time the doctor had finished at-tending to the wants of the afflicted and not being quite prepared to take up our permanent abode in this paradise of unfortunates, we started for town.

MICHIGAN CROP OF 1886.

Some Interesting Figures Concerning the Yield and Cost of Wheat, Oats, Corn and Hay Crops of 1886.

The Michigan crop report for the month of January presents some interesting figures concerning the wheat, oats, corn and hay crop for 1886, and relates mostly to the cost of producing the same. The whole number of reports received is 654 representing 537 townships; being from 337 townships in the southern four tiers of counties, and 106 townships in the fifth and sixth tiers of counties. The total area of improved land represented is 59,785 acres, of which 11,863 acres, or 20 in each 100, were in wheat, 6,228, or 10 in each 100, were in oats; 5,924 acres, or nearly 10 acres in each 100, were in corn; and 11,-376 acres, or 19 acres in each 100, were in

WHEAT.

The following table shows the cost of producing one acre of wheat in the southern tiers of counties, in which Washtenaw county is included, as is itemized for this

CALMATA			
Cost of ploughing	5	1	58
Cost of fitting.	20		11
Cost of fertilizers purchased		п	14
Cost of barn-yard manure			38
Cost of seed		1	34
Cost of drilling		100	35
Cost of harvesting.		1	43
Cost of stacking		*	71
Cost of threshing		1	47
Cost of marketing		*	20
Interest at 7 per cent		2	93
Insurance		0	07
			35
Taxes			
Cost of repairs			98

Total cost of producing and marketing \$14 61 The cost of producing and marketing in the central counties was \$13.29; in the northern counties, \$14.03; total average in the state, \$14.20. Subtract from these amounts the value of straw, per acre, and the rental value of the dwellings, the cost would be, in the southern counties \$12.42, in the central counties \$10.91, in the northern counties \$10.70, and \$11.85 as the average for the state. The cost of producing and marketing one bushel of wheat in the southern four tiers of counties is found to be 62 and 3-tenths cents, in the central counties 61 and 5-tenths cents, in the northern counties 72 and 6-tenths cents, and the average cost in the state 62 and 5-tenths cents.

The average price of wheat January 1, 1887, was in the southern four tiers of counties 74 cents per bushel, in the central counties 73 cents per bushel, and in the northern counties 74 cents per bushel. The net profit on investment in the southern counties is 17 per cent., and in the state 16 per cent.

The cost of producing and marketing one acre of oats, in the southern counties, which includes Washtenaw, was \$13.67; in the fifth and sixth tiers, \$12.96; in the northern counties, \$12.07; and in the state, \$13.28. The average price of oats in the state, January 1, was 30 cents per

The cost of producing and marketing one acre of corn in the southern counties was \$17.74; in the central counties \$17.-19; in the northern counties, \$17.58; and in the state, \$17.47. The average price of corn in the state, January 1, was 25 cents per bushel of ears.

The net cost to the farmer of a ton of hay in the southern counties is \$4.57; in the central counties, \$4.07; and in the northern counties, \$5.07.

WHEAT MARKETED.

The reports cover the quantity of wheat marketed by farmers in the month of December at 273 elevators and mills. The total number of bushels marketed is 1,526,106, of which 450,460 bushels were marketed in the southern tier of counties; 384,347 bushels in the second tier; 284, 418 bushels in the third tier; 228,438 bushels in the fourth tier, and 118,443 bushels in the counties north of the southern four tiers.

The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed in August, September, October, November and December is 8,130,136, or about 31 per cent. of the crop of 1886. The number of bushels reported marketed in the same months of 1885 were 9,104,763, or 29 per cent. of the crop of 1885. The total wheat yield in the United States in 1886 was 457,218,000

The cost, including value of board of man and keep of team, of a man, team and plow one day, in the southern counties, is \$2.79; in the central counties, and in the northern counties

High School Notes.

Essays from the junior class are due next Monday.

For an innocent sport, Prof. Perry recommends the toboggan slide rather than

the billiard room. There will be a senior class social at the home of Miss Seyler, on Fourth

street, to-morrow evening. At the meeting of the junior boys on Tuesday, they decided to have music at the social, and dancing will be indulged in.

UNIVERSITY ITEMS.

Adelphi election Saturday evening. On dit that the lecture board had to pay \$300 to get Justin McCarthy.

The senior law class will be photographed by Tomlinson, of Detroit.

Prof. Griffin finished his quizzes of the senior laws on evidence last Monday.

Bliss, instead of Pomeroy, will hereafter be used for the senior law quiz on code of pleading.

Hon, C. K. Davis, U. S. Senator elects of Minnesota, graduated in the literary department in 1857.

The Chronicle board held their regular semi-annual banquet at Hangsterfer's, last Thursday evening If everything is agreeable for the occa-on, '89 will sleigh ride to Whitmore

Lake, tomorrow evening. Another meeting will be held Saturday evening to perfect the formation of a "Natural History Association."

Prof. M. E. Cooley attended the eighth annual meeting of the Michigan Society of Engineers, at Grand Rapids, last week.

The Jeffersonians gave a special programme last Thursday evening, and is reported to have been one of their best

The current number of the Assembly Herald, Michigan Chautauqua circle's journal, contains a good cut of Prof. Alexander Winchell.

The first anniversary of the Kirchner Debating society, occurred last Friday evening and the event as celebrated by inviting the Rogers' Debating society to assist them in doing honor to the occasion,

Mrs. Angell and Mrs. Sewall have very generously donated a large number of magazines, etc., to the patients in the hospital. Such gifts are duly appreciated and thankfully received by the poor sufferers. The following named gentlemen were

elected, last Saturday morning, members of the editorial staff of the Argonaut: Junior editors; S. A. Moran, P. V. Perry and J. N. McBride; sophomore editor, W. W. Parbet; freshman editor, P. G. Sjöblom.

The Alpha Nu literary society elected the following officers last Saturday evening: President, R. C. Bryant; vice president, E. E. Hubbard; secretary, H. L. Forbes; treasurer, Mr. Frost; senior sybyl editor, Miss Dora Kennedy; junior sybyl editor, H. F. Shier; critic, Miss E. Gaerman

Prof. Levi P. Griffin rode the Phi Delta Phi goat, last Wednesday evening, and is now a member of that fraternity. After a short time spent in explaining how well others had ridden it, they adjourned to Hangsterfer's where a banquet was spread. Prof. Rogers, Hutchins and Knowiton re-

The Glee Club was most enthusiastically received on the occasion of their appearance in Detroit last Friday evening: The club is composed of the tollowing members: First tenors: Waggoner, Dodge, Shelbach, Upson; second tenors: Car-penter, Clark, Cole, Taylor; first bassos: Pittman, Hodge, Thomas, Winchell; second bassos: Hibbard, Wiseman, Green and Smith.

The following members have been elected from the Jeffersonian Society, to participate in the joint programme of the two societies, to take place April 29: Orator, G. C. Manly; essay, O. A. Williams; debate, Ferry; declamation, S. I. Slade. The following from the Webster: Debator, M. De Fries; orator, W. H. King; declamation, J. E. Pichard; declamation,

The report that Prof. H. C Adams will not lecture at Cornell next year, because of his semi-socialistic views do not please the University officials is absolutely without foundation. Cornell is the ast institution that would close its doors to earnest and gifted lecturers because of their advanced ideas. If Prof. Adams does not lecture here next year it will not be the fault of the University .- Cornell Sun.

The management of the University base ball team are making vigorous efforts to make a success of the spring games. The team has obtained the consent of the Rugby association to use the gymnasium for practice next semester and all students who are interested in the game should arrange their hours so that they will be able to be at the gym. upon Tuesdays and Thursdays from 2 to 6 p. M., and from 9 until 12 A. M. upon Saturdays.

MICHIGAN LAW MAKERS.

The Michigan Legislature has accepted the invitation extended to them by President Angell, and the common council, to visit the University, and will arrive at

5:30 this evening.

At a meeting held in the county clerk's office, Tuesday evening, the tollowing

program was arranged: Upon the arrival of the party they will be escorted in carriages, to Hangsterfer's, where supper will be served. After sup-per they will be taken to the University where they will be received in the chapel by the faculties and citizens. Music will

be furnished by the Glee Club. 7:30. Lecture by Prof. J. W Langley in the medi-cal building. 8:30. Visit to general library and art gallery. 9:30. Carriages will be in waiting in front of Uni-versity Hall to take guests to their lodgings.

9:00. Guests will assemble at the President's effice and proceed at once to the engineering labora-tory.

tory.
9:45 Guests may attend as they prefer:
(a) Lecture on Anatomy by Dr. Ford in the medical building.
(b) Lecture in Law by Prof. Rogers in the law building. (c) Lecture in the homoeopathic college by Dr.

Wood.

(d) Lecture by Dr. Taft in the dental college.
The classes in the academic department are also open to visitors.

10:46. Guests will return to the President's office whence they will be conducted to the large half to meet students of all departments who will be assembled there.

12:45. Dinner hour.

AFTERNOON.

The Kind of Farming that Pays.

A gentleman who is temporally stopping in our city, and who formerly was an agent for copper mines in the Upper Penin-sula, informs us that the Calumet and Heckla mines turned out the enormous amount of 100 tons of stamped copper daily, during the month of December last. This company has the largest locomotive ever made, weighing 80 tons, and capable of hauling 40 cars loaded with ore, and that too up a heavy grade. The discovery of these mines, the largest in the world, was effected by some prospectors who discovered some hogs whose snouts were covered with a peculiar, greyish dirt found on the surface of copper ore. The location was ascertained where the hogs had been rooting for mast.

Another Good Word for the Dogs.

The writer being an eye witness to the scene, begs permission to speak in behalf of the dog who was attacked by a "vicious man," on one of our streets, in the first ward, about two weeks since. The dog was a little harmless spaniel puppy. He was barking and playing in the snow, running along beside a horse with which he has formed a strong friendship. He was not interfering with any one when he was attacked by a "vicious" man—who drew a pistol from his pocket and fired a shot which took effect in his fore leg, from which he has suffered intense pain since, much to the grief of a little girl playmate It was a cowardly, unprovoked attack, and it is only to be regretted that the owner of the dog was not present to have interested himself in behalf of the dog. Let me re-echo the sentiment of the "Humanitarian" of last week, in which he says: "In the name of justice to the brute creation, as well as to man, I think that a society for the prevention of cruelty to animals should be formed in this city. What a pity that the tottering, worn out, old dray horse (who ought to be on the retired list) might not have the strength, and know it, to retaliate in self defense, on their drivers, who certainly evince less sense than the poor overloaded animals which shrink and cringe under the cruel lash. Shame on the man without a heard Would that we might have a society for the poor brutes protection, in our city of culture and refinement, for it is needed.

Free Delivery ?-Yes.

FOR THE REGISTER:

To a very large majority of your num-erous patrons the happy days of a free de-livery has long been anticipated, and now when Uncle Sam has kindly offered it to them, it does seem so surprisingly strange that a few pusiness men to gratify their sordid and selfish propensities are striving

to defeat the project.

The same business men have been very active the past season in their zeal to boom our city. Yes, they have nicely boomed the tax-payers with their water works and electric light projects, and now when these same tax-payers have a great convenience offered them, by a free mail delivery, these boomers are out with their petitions to squelch this humane movenent for the benefit of the whole city; and all because they foolishly imagine their business will be injured if a customer does not have a chance to patronize them

by going to the post office for his mail.

Our citizens are not buying goods every time they visit the post office, nor do they buy them at all until they need them. Thus a few business men are raising their opposition to the measure without the least good reason for so doing. Any one can get his mail at the post office if he prefers, but when, as is very evident, great majority of our citizens would like a free mail delivery, their wishes should be gratified in preference to a small number of selfish tradesmen.

Other cities in the state that have the right kind of boom in them are gladly adopting the free delivery, and there is no good cause why Ann Arbor should not come to the front and equal, at least, her sister cities in all sensible improvements. Yours, A CITIZEN.

Farm, Family and Draft Horses always on hand. Eight hundred sold in six years. Every horse guaranteed as represented or money refunded. We refer with pleasure to all purchasers.
promptly answered.
Noves & Wallace. to all purchasers. All correspondence

Chelses, Mich.



alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall

THERE IS MONEY IN THIS

All \$6.00 and \$7.00 Overcoats, now \$4.75. \$10.00 and \$12.00 Overcoats, now \$7.00 and \$8.00.

Finest Black Beaver Overcoats, sold everywhere at \$20.00 and \$22.00; now only \$15.00. These goods are as staple as wheat and will prove a good investment.

Wide Wale Worsted Overcoats worth \$18.00, now \$13.50.

Fine Seal Brown, all wool, Kersey Overcoats worth \$15.00, now \$10.50.

\$4.00 Boy's Overcoats, heavy and serviceable, now \$2.50.

Fine \$5.00 Boy's Overcoats, fancy collars, now \$3.00.

Men's Cassimere Sack Suits, former price \$5.00 and \$6.00, now \$3.75.

Wool Cassimere Suits, former price \$10.00 and \$12.00, now \$7.00 and \$8.00.

Wool Worsted Suits for \$10.00, worth \$15.00.

Boy's School Suits worth \$5.00, for \$3.50.

Boy's School Suits worth \$5.00, for \$3.50.

Boy's School Suits, all wool, former price \$7.50 and \$8.00, now \$5.00. Boy's

Worsted Suits, all wool, worth \$10.00, for \$7.50.

All Underwear without regard to what the goods cost.

These goods must be sold by March 1st.

WM. WAGNER. 21 S. Main-St. Ann Arbor.

THE BIG AND INTERESTING EVENT

Of the Young New Year begins at

Being the Semi-Annual Grand Clearing out Sale

Of all winter and Surplus Stock at the public's own prices. Call and ee how much you may get, and for so little. Our entire Stock of Cloaks every one of them (though we have an immense Stock) must be sold as our rule is not to carry over any Cloaks. No matter what they bring they must be closed out in this Sale, and no matter what you are offered a garment for, come to us and we will beat the prices.

Dress Goods, Silks, Velvets and Plushes at prices that should open the eyes of every Lady in the County, and make her a purchaser. Great reduction in Blankets, Flannels, Underwear, etc.

It will pay every body to come to us and see what Bargains we are offering. We guarantee to save buyers from 25 to 45 per cent in their

MACK & SCHMID.

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FIRE, FIRE

We have bought a large stock of Shoes from an Eastern Factory which have been solled a very little on linings by water through fire and will be sold now at 1-2 price.

We will also sell our entire stock from 10 to 40 per cent discount; everything goes regardless of cost, until Feb. 15, 87. Don't buy a shoe until you see our goods and prices.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

SOUTH MAIN ST

I take pleasure to announce that I have now established relations with leading British, German and Continental houses and am prepared to obtain any accessible work speedily and reasonably. I

dow Shades. Subscription Agents for all American and Foreign Newspapers and Magazines.

shall constantly keep on hand the best selected

stock of Books, Stationary, Wall Paper and Win-

Second-hand Books Bought, Sold and Exchanged. I invite special attention to my large stock and low

CEORCE WAHR,

Successor to GEO. OSIUS & CO., Masonic Block.

Splendid Bargains

DON'T YOU MISS THEM Keck Stores,

COR. MAIN AND LIBERTY STS.,

Furniture, Carpets, Lace Curtains, Draperies, Oil-Cloths, etc.

Although our sales have been large the past three weeks, we still have a fine line of goods in each department for purchasers to select from, and we shall sell the remaining Fifteen Thousand Dollars of Stock at such low prices as

will enable us to close all out in the next forty days. You will never have such an opportunity again to purchase Furniture so cheap for CASH as is offered by this closing out

sale. Ann Arbor, January 12th, '87.

RICHMOND & TREADWELL.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1887.

SHAMEFUL ABUSE Heaped upon a Noted Englishman for His Open Honesty.

WM. Ed. Robson, M. D., L. R. C. S. I. M. K. Q. C. P. I., late of the Royal Navy of England has got into professional trouble for writing the following open letter to the editor of the

ing open letter to the editor of the London Family Doctor:

"I believe it to be the duty of every physician to make known any means or remedy whereby sickness can be prevented, and it is for this purpose I write to give my experience both here and abroad. I ask the publication of the statement that people may be warned before it is too late, to say to them that there is at hand a means by which they may be restored to perfect health. It is may be restored to perfect health. It is well known to the medical world, and indeed to the laity, that a certain disease is making a terrible havoc; that next to consumption it is the most fatal, and that when fully developed there is not the well-served. nothing to be done for the sufferer.'

Physicians and scientists have long been trying to throw light upon the casuse, and if possible, find in nature a medicine for this fatal malady. They have shown, absolutely, that the bloodpurifying organs of vital importance, are the kidneys, and that when they once fail, the poison which they should take out of the blood is carried by the blood into every part of the body, de-

"In my hospital practice in England, India and South America, and also while a surgeon in the Roal Navy of Great Britian, I gave a great deal of at-tention to the study of diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs, and found that not only was the cure of chronic Bright's Disease hopless, but that kidney disease was remarkable prevalent; much more so than generally known, and was the cause of the majority of cases of sickness, and further, that the medical profession has no remedy which exerts any absolute control over these organs in disease."

"Some time ago when I had a case which resisted all regular treatment,—which is very limited,—complicated with the passing of stones from the kidneys, much against my will I permitted my patient to use Warner's safe cure, of which I had heard marvelous results. In his case the result was simply marvelous, as the attack was a severe one, and development very grave, for analysis showed per cent. of albumen and granular tube casts." "The action of the medicine was sing-

ular and incomprehensible to me. I had never seen anything like it. The patient recovered promptly, and is to-day a well and healthy man. This stimulated my inquiry into the merits of the remedy, and after analysis I found it to be of purely vegetable character, harmless to take under all circumstan-

'Casting aside all professional prejudice I gave a thorough trial, as I was anxious that my patients should be reanxious that my patients should be restored to health, no matter by what medicine. I prescribed in a great variety of cases, Acute, Chronic, Bright's Disease, Congestion of the Kidneys, Catarrh of the Bladder, and in every instance did it speedily effect a cure."

"For this reason I deem it my duty to give to the world this statement recording the value of Wagner's safe cure."

garding the value of Warner's safe cure. prepared to produce and substantiate. I appeal to physicians of large practice who know how common and deceptive diseases of the kidneys are, to lay aside professional prejudice, give their pa-tients Warner's safe cure, restore them to perfect health, earn their gratitude, and thus be true physicians."
"I am satisfied that more than one-

half of the deaths which occur in England are caused, primarily, by impaired action of the kidneys, and the consequent retention in the blood of the poisonous uric and kidney acid. Warner's safe cure causes the kidneys to expel this poison, checks the escape of albumen, relieves the inflammation and prevents illness from impaired and im-poverished blood. Having had more than seventeen years' experience in my profession, I conscientiously and emphatically state that I have been able to give more relief and effect more cures by the use of Warner's safe cure than by all the other medicines ascertaina-ble to the profession, the majority of which, I am sorry to say, are very un-certain in their action."

"Isn't that a straightforward, manly

Indeed it is."

"Well, but do you know the author has been dreadfully persecuted for writing

"How so? What has he done to merit it?"

Done? He has spoken the truth out of school, and his fellow physicians, who want the public to think they have a monopoly in curing diseases, are terribly angry with him for admitting professional inability to reach certain disorders.

"That letter created a wonderful sen-sation among the titled classes and the This jarred the doctors terribly. The College of Surgeons and Queen's College, from which institution he was graduated, asked for an explanation of his unprofessional conduct, and notified him that unless he made a retraction

they would discipline him.
"The 'doctor replied that he allowed his patients to make use of Warner's safe cure only after all the regular methods had failed and when he was satisfied there was no possible hope for them. Upon their recovery, after having used Warner's safe cure, he was so much surprised that he wrote the above letter to the Family Doctor. He regretted that the faculties found fault with his action in the matter, but he could not conscientiously retract the

facts as written to the Family Doctor. The faculties of both colleges replied that unless he retracted they should cut him off, which would naturally debar him from again practicing his profession, and also prevent him from securing another appointment in the Royal Navy!"

The illustrious doctor's dilemma is certainly an unpleasant one, emphasizing as it does, both his own honesty, and the contemptible prejudice and bigotry of English medical men. The masses, however having no sympathy with their nonsense, keep on using the remedy he so highly recommends and get well, while the rich and able depend upon the prejudiced doctors and die!

BOYCOTTING IN INDIA.

SOMEWHAT DIFFERENT FROM THE PRACTICE IN OTHER COUNTRIES.

Very Curious Examples of the Practice, Whole Families Boycotted for Years and Years-What Gold Will Accomplish-Outcast Women.

Boycotting, differing in some particulars from the way in which it is done in the land where the English term originated, has been practiced for ages in India. There is this great difference between Irish and Hindoo boycotting; the former is based mainly on political, semi-political, or fiscal reasons; whereas the latter is practiced on purely social or religious grounds. Then the Irish is severer than the Hindoo method in this sense, that no tradesman will sell anything to the boycotted man, who is more or less like a prisoner in his own house; whereas a boycotted Hindoo can buy anything anywhere or go to any places he likes, only people will not go to his house or asso-

ciate with him or his family in any way.

On the other hand, the Hindoo is severer than the Irish boycotting in that the latter may be only temporary, and rises at the caprice of the boycotters; whereas the former is often permanent, or can be done away with only by going through certain expiatory rites or costly ceremonies, which come hard even on the richer classes. A man may be boycotted in Ireland for no fault of his own; but in India boycotting follows upon a breach of observance of some time honored custom, or by any public offense against traditional notions of propriety. Indian boycotting is allied to out-casting, but is quite distinct from it and not half so severe. A man can lose his caste only by breaking one of its well defined rules, which are quite different from mere customs for observances. An outcast man is necessarily boycotted; but a boycotted man keeps his caste all right as long as he does not act against its rules. Again, a man may be outcast, but not his family for that reason; yet his relations will be boycotted if they associate with him. SOME CURIOUS EXAMPLES.

Let me now cite some examples. Some years ago a learned Pundit gave his daughter in marriage when she was a few years older than the prescribed marriageable age among the Hindoos; and the offense was rendered doubly heinous by the perpetrator being a Brahmin of high order. He was strictly boycotted accordingly; and, I be-lieve, notwithstanding his great reputation as a scholar and a benevolent person, and in spite of his endeavors to propitiate the Brahmins in many ways, he is still avoided by orthodox Hindoos. A whole family has been boycotted for receiving and associating with one of its members who returned from England and had lost his caste through eating with Englishmen. One gentleman has been boycotted forever for getting his

widowed daughter married.

If anybody's son or daughter-in-law associates with non-Hindoos publicly the offending individual is outcasted and the whole family is boycotted. If a son does not mourn for his deceased father in the prescribed manner he is boycotted. In some parts of India men are boycotted for wearing trousers of European fashion-or, in-deed, any dress that was not worn by their ancestors of a thousand years ago. A well known historical example of Hindoo boycotting is that of the Jeypore royal family, which was boycotted for hundreds of years by the other Rajpoot royal families for being the first Hindoo family of princely rank who offered a daughter in marriage to a mogul emperor. In Rajputana whole tribes are often boycotted if somebody does not properly observe the traditional customs or forms connection with a lower caste or with non-

WHAT GOLD WILL DO.

But nowadays boycotting can be raised in India by a judicious use of the almighty gold. I may mention a well known case. A distinguished Hindoo gentleman and merchant of a large Indian town was boycotted for reforming propensities. His old orthodox mother, who lived in the country, on the occasion of a religious festival directed the servants as usual to distribute offerings of rice, fruits and sweetmeats among the Brahmins of the neighborhood. To a man they refused to accept the same on the ground that her son was deserting his caste. The old lady was deeply chagrined and began to be mortally afraid of the destination of her soul after death. On hearing this her son went down to his country house and ordered the serv ants to take the offerings again to the Brahmins, this time placing five rupees on each of the plates. The expedient answered wonderfully well. The very Brahmins who a few hours before had turned away the servants ignominiously now came running to the merchant's house and literally scrambled for This story seems to justify the saving of another rich Hindoo that "caste was in his iron chest."

Boycotting and outcasting are made double oppressive to Hindoo women, and for the most trifling reasons. A married woman not putting the sindoor (a red powder) on the parting of her hair is boycotted. In the country if a mother-in-law eats or lives in the house of her son-in-law before her daughter has a child she will be at once boycotted. A young married lady was boy-cotted for not observing some ceremony at the birth of her child. A man can regain his caste by performing the expiatory rites; but an outcast woman, especially if she has broken away from the zenana or asso-ciated with non-Hindoos is never taken back to her caste.—Hindoo in St. James' Gazette.

The Piutes' Crops.

Sarah Winnemucca writes from Lovelock, Nev., complaining about the destruction of the Indians' crops by the cattle and hogs be-longing to white people, and asks if there is no law for the protection of the Piutes'

M. Pasteur's Portrait.

An artist is painting a portrait of M. Pasteur from a photograph, and applied to him for "further particulars." M. Pasteur's an-swer was: "Face, pale yellowish; eyes, dark gray; grayish beard; hair scarcely gray.

The Battenberg Baby.

Queen Victoria is said to have taken an immense fancy to the Battenberg baby. She gets down on her royal hunkers and says "Goo" just like any other grandma.

A Chance to Rest. Gentleman (to hod carrier)—Doesn't it make you tired, Pat, to climb that ladder all

Pat-Yes, sir; but I have foine rest comin' down.-Life.

Length of Life.

Thomas Bailey Aldrich, who has just been undergoing the ordeal of a birthday anniversary, says a man should either die at 30 or live to be 300. – New York World.

Cloths dipped into hot potato water are recommended for immediate and complete relief in the severest cases of rheumatism.

A SPREE FOR SCIENCE.

DR. HAMMOND'S ASTONISHING EX-PERIENCES WITH COCAINE.

A Small Dose Produces an Exhilaration of Spirits-A Stimulant for the Imagination-Abnormal Loquacity-A Severe Test-Experiments.

Dr. Hammond had used coca wines, fluid extracts, and other forms of the drug, but had discarded the fluid extracts because they were badly borne by the stomach, and the extractive matters and differed so much in their effects. He found that two grains of hydrochloride of cocaine to the pint of pure wine was the proper preparation and pro-duced all the beneficial effects and none of the deleterious results. Then he began a series of experiments with hypodermic injections of the hydrochloride to ascertain whether the stories about the cocaine babit were true or false.

"At first I injected one grain and experienced an exhilaration of spirits similar to that produced by two or three glasses of champagne," said Dr. Hammond to a re-porter. "My powers of imagination in-creased. The physical sensation was a delightful, undulating thrill. I was in a very happy frame of mind—a sociable mood and no doubt would have been quite agreeable company. The after effects were in-ability to sleep until 5 in the morning, and a headache when I got up. The next night I took two grains, and in addition to the sensations described I felt a desire to write. I had begun a letter to a friend, and under the influence of the drug I extended what would an epistle covering a wide variety of topics and forty-eight pages of paper. It proved to be correctly written and coherent and gave much satisfaction to the receiver, but I found that I had treated diffusely of many things that ordinarily I would not deem worth mentioning.

STIMULATING THE IMAGINATION.

"If a man were desirous of writing to fill space or utterly exhausting a given subject even to the most thrilling details, I would recommend him to fill his inkstand, get a ream or two of paper and plenty of pens, and have a physician give him a hypodermic injection of cocaine. If you want to con-dense your subject don't take cocaine in large No doubt a moderate quantity taken in wine will stimulate the imagination and enable one to write more brilliantly and with Sue never wrote without a bottle of champagne at his elbow, and the luxuriance of his jaw may be attributed, in part, to the effects of the wine. The difference between cocaine and alcohol as stimulants is that alcohol has a tendency to lower the mental and moral tone and brutalize the nature, while cocaine has a refining, softening effect. Under the influence of moderate doses I became rather sentimental and said nice things to everybody. The world was going very well, and I had a favorable opinion of my fellow men and women. There was not a bit of pugnacity about me, and I didn't want to fight, argue or dispute with any one.

"The next time I increased the dose to three grains, which unlimbered my tongue in the most astonishing way. I wanted to talk, and I did talk, not in the oratorical manner, but I was just purely loquacious. When nobody was present I talked to my-self. There was no disarrangement of the mental faculties, no disorder of the process of thought. I talked coherently and cor-rectly, and I am certain that if I had been in the lecture room I should have spoken much better than I usually speak. I was perfectly able to restrain the impulse to talk, but it was pleasant to speak, and I enjoyed myself hugely. There was an abnormal quickening of the faculties; the mind's operations were rapid and the imagination vivid. Headache followed.

"Then I doubled the quantity of the cocaine and became somewhat intoxicated. The scribbling propensity returned, and I wrote voluminously. I was preparing medical work, and my mind was full of the subject matter. What I wrote was an introduction to the book, and I thought it a very brilliant production. Ideas came thick and fast, and I was persuaded that my composi tion work was going to eclipse anything that I had ever done in that line. When I put it away and went to bed I congratulated myself that I should be satisfied with my night's work when I should read it over.

A LOT OF ARRANT NONSENSE.

"I didn't sleep at all that night. When I looked over my famous introduction I found it to be arrant nonsense. Each sentence was complete and coherent in itself, but none had any relation to the others, although all were in the general line of the subject I was treating in the book. The stuff read as a whole very much like a dream. It was a mess of ragged, disconnected ideas and notions, set down in a disorderly fashion and containing matter that did not belong to an introduction. But in spite of the rampant disorder of ideas I had no hallucinations such as are produced by hasheesh, no grotesque delusions or insane imaginings. The mental machinery was running with the governor belt thrown off, and the brain raced, so to speak. Eight grains three nights later produced similar effects, but I did not write and the sensation became rather painful than agreeable.

"The next night I determined to make a more severe test, and so injected eighteen grains within twenty minutes. The results were stunning. I became intensely exhila-rated and finally oblivious. What I did or rated and inally oblivious. What I did or thought or felt I don't know, except from circumstantial evidence. I got to bed in some way. In the morning I found the library in disorder. All the volumes of two large cyclopædias were opened and scattered about the floor as though I had been searching for something and could not find it. I had not the elightest received. had not the slightest recollection of touching a book or wanting to look up anything. Any brillant idea I might have had under the influence of eighteen grains of cocaine is irrevocably lost to the world. But I have a vivid remembrance of a most preposterous headache that lasted two days and refused to succumb to cold baths. I cured it with strong coffee. Then I stopped the experiments. I acquired no habit and had no difficulty in quitting the use of cocaine. Experiments upon others and observation of the results of administering cocaine in cumulative doses for three months in cases requiring such treatment have satisfied me that there is no cocaine habit. When used to cure the opium habit by persons ignorant of the proper way of using it cocaine has produced bad effects; but an opium eater has s habit of having a habit, and no will power, and if he were to take sawdust as a substitute for opium he would acquire a saw-dust habit. Take the opium or morphine habit away from the patient and administer cocaine properly and you will cure the opium habit without introducing a cocaine

"One singular effect of cocaine is that it will induce people to speak who are afflicted with silent melancholia. A woman who had not spoken for nine months began to talk within four minutes after I had injected four grains, and in ten minutes she talked at a

rate that made up for lost time. Nothing could stop her. Whether this property of cocaine is beneficial and desirable depends, perhaps, upon circumstances."--New York

LOVE IN BOHEMIA.

So lay your head on my arm, Lisette: Have care, ere your little feet get wet. The dew is bright on the bending grass, And the nightingales pipe, "Alas! alas!" As they see the rose in damask rain The garden's emerald border stain

Cling close with your slender hand, Lisette,

For sweet with kisses we can't forget
Are the star bright hours that brought us here A week ago—or was it a year? Did not my life in the old days hold Your lips' caress and hair of gold?

Cling closer and fonder still, Lisette, For the night born glamor rules me yet—
The spell that came when our drifting boat
Saw the snowy gleam of your petticoat,
And love his arrows did through me shoot,
From the ambush of a dainty boot.

O, winsome, bonnie and glad Lisette, I've buried life's useless care and fret In the red of lips, whose fragrant breath Is sweet as the lift that there to death The butterflies with their iris wings And amorous bees with golden rings

Yes, iay your head on my heart, Lisette; Its yellow mesh is the Gordian net That holds me fast, as the nymphs of eld The radiant charms of Hylas held; And out from the past to sunlit plains I float, bound thus in your arms' warm chains,

Who gathers your supple form, Lisette,
Owes beauty a never balanced debt.
What! All your glory and joy are mine?
Ho! garcon! two flasts of amber wine!
Who holds your love at his soul's command
Is king, indeed, of a royal land.
—Thomas S. Collier.

WHEN EVARTS WAS YOUNG.

His Early but Innocent Experience with

a Forged Check-Silent Amazement. "Do you know," said a prominent mem-ber of the bar the other day, as he watched Senator William Maxwell Evarts sauntering along past St. Mark's churchyard, "that the senator's first large fee as a lawyer didn't do him a bit of pecuniary benefit?

The reporter didn't know it. "Well, it's rather a good story," the law-yer said, "and as few lawyers even remember it, it can be told without any fear of the chestnut annunciator. The incident oc-curred in 1842, when Evarts was only 24 years old and a slim young lawyer with an old fashioned choker collar and his interrogative forefinger just beginning to be a noticeable part of his practice. He was then a criminal practitioner and giving glimpses of that peculiar mastery of sentences of all sizes which has kept pace with the effective use of the forefinger.

"Monroe Edwards, a very skillful and conscienceless penman, had forged a check, got caught and hired young Evarts to save him from Sing Sing. The trial came on June 6, and lasted six days. The future senator stabbed at witness after witness with his deadly forefinger interrogatories and finally appealed to the jury for his client's acquittal. It was a marvelous speech, full of the fire and impetuosity of youthful enthu-siasm. It was the talk of the courts for months, and undoubtedly laid the basis of William Maxwell's fame as an advocate. But the jury freed itself from the glittering heap of brilliant sentences that young Evarts piled up on them and found Edwards guilty. The judge complimented Evarts, and then sent his client to Sing Sing for ten years. The prisoner complimented Evarts on his eloquence, too, and just before he walked into the sheriff's carriage to go to the Sing Sing train gave the tall young advocate a neat check bearing the signature of a well known man. It was for several hundred dollars, and William Maxwell went proudly to the bank with it after he had bade his client

'No good,' said the bank cashier when Evarts handed it up for deposit.
"Why? cried young William Maxwell,

The signature is a forgery, sir,' the cashier responded.
"It is related that this was the only

sion in his lifetime that, given a chance to use some vigorous and impressive sentences, William Maxwell Evarts let the opportunity slip. He simply stared at the check in silence."—New York Sun.

Beaten at Their Own Game. It was at a seaside resort. A lonely mer-chant was in search of health, and he took a great deal of exercise in playing poker. He had two opponents, and they always won. There is nothing so liable to ruin a man's reputation as to win regularly at poker. Your dearest friend mistrusts four aces, and to have four kings frequently spoils pleasure of the game—to others. two gentlemen always won. A friend of the lonely merchant whispered to him one day that they were not so lucky as he was green and that they were well known sharpers. He was out \$60. He did not like to lose it. So he said to his friend one day, as one of the sharpers came up behind him:
"Follow my lead. Keep the conversation

He pretended he was not aware of the sharper's presence, and he said in a casual way to his friend:

I've been darned unlucky lately at cards. But to-morrow I have \$600 coming and you bet I'll clean those fellows out."

The sharper stole away. That night he played again, and his luck changed. He backed his luck, and it stood by him. He won \$80. Then he quit.

"You're ahead," said one of the sharpers

'A little."

"Well, you must give us revenge."
"When that \$600 comes," he said, and winked. The two sharpers kicked themselves metaphorically all over the hotel.— San Francisco Chronicle. The number of those who are now invalids as the result of the war is said to be about 265,854, the total number of soldiers having

"O, Clara," said Maud, "Charley (took

me sleigh-riding last night. I had such fun. I drove." "What was the matter with Charley?" "Stupid! He couldn't drive with his teeth, could he?" He—I'm awfully glad to be able to offer you an umbrella, Mrs. Hauterive. She—You're very kind, Mr. Seizer. I shall take great pleasure in returning it to my husband. He left it at the club last night,

you know. "You can't expect a man of my trade to join this strike," said a carpet-beater. "Why not?" asked the walking delegate. "Because we are the only carpet knights, and we can raise more dust by working than loafing."

"Do you know, my friend," said the temperance man, solemnly, "what it costs you to drink whisky. It costs you health, character, home, happiness—" "Yes, by jings! and it costs me \$4 a gallon be-sides. That's the wust of it."

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direct.
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It is repeated, with all details, that the Czar did kill Count de Reuterr. He entered the Count's room, saw him smoking a cigar, and instantly shot him dead. He must have been smoking a five-cent Cigar.

For the Ladies.

There are some complaints to which women are peculiarly liable, and from which they will suffer in silence for years, when they could be easily cured by the use of Pomeroy's Petroline Plasters. Its healing and soothing properties have met, with universal and unqualified commendation from all using them Ladies who have never used them will find it to their advantage to try them. If they once do so, they will never be without them again. For Sale by H. J. Brown, Dist. Agt. for Ann Arbor.

When the small boy reaches the dentis.'s to have a tooth removed his tooth-ache departs. Would that a woman's ache for a bonnet would fly as quickly and positively on reaching the modiste's.

Throat-all seldom gets well of itself, but deepens until it undermines the constitu tion, wastes away health, strength and flesh, and finally fastens itself on the lungs, completing the wreck and ruln of the whole man. Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure is the only safe, sure and speedy remedy for coughs, colds, and all throat and lung diseases. Sold by Eberbach & Son, at fifty cents and one dollar. Pleasant to take and safe for children.

Tender-hearted young lady-O! you cruel, heartless little wretch! to rob those poor birds of their eggs! Wicked little boy—Ho! That's the old one 'at you've got on yer bonnet. Guess she won't

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The readers of THE REGISTER will be leased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known in the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease r quires a constitutional treatment. Hail's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system, thereby distroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength, by building up the con-stitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The Proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer one hundred dollars, for any case it fails to cure, Send for list of testimonials. Address,

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"See here, my triend," said the bartender to a man who for several minutes had been engrossed at the free lunch table; t you going to buy any beer "I was read sir," replied the busy man. ing last night that beer tends to take away the appetite."

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A Hindoo correspondent of a London paper says: "Johur is an awful rite. A whole tribe may become extinct by it." Strong efforts should be made to have the rite of Johur introduced into the tribe of Anarchists in this country. It seems to



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A GREAT STRIKE.

Forty Thousand Men In and About New York Quit Work.

Knights of Labor Called Out Through Sympathy with the Coal-Handlers-Ocean Vessels Unable to

DESERTED DOCKS.

New York, Jan. 28.—Twenty thousand men are now on strike among the coalshovelers, 'longshoremen, freight-handlers and men employed on the river-front in this city, and the number is augmented to close on to 40,000 by the strikers on the Brooklyn and Jersey shores. In conse quence it is almost impossible for any of the steamers for Europe or coastwise to

The strike is for the purpose of forcing the coal companies and the Old Dominion Steamship Company to make a settlement with their striking employes. Forty thousand men in all are estimated to be on strike. There has been nothing in the history of labor strikes in this country to equal what New York is now experiencing. Commerce is almost paralyzed. Steamers and vessels of every description that should be at sea are still tled up at the docks and it is uncertain when they will be able to move. Vessels that have come in heavily laden are lying at their wharves unable to discharge their cargoes. Empty ships lie at the piers that are heaped with the car-goes that should be in their holds. The great trans-Atlantic passenger steamers are unable to get away except as they make their crews put in coal enough to enable them to reach Halifax or some other

station for coaling. Manufacturers on all sides are closing for the want of coal, and hourly additional thousands of workmen are left without employment. Several deaths have already occurred by violence, and many accounts and individual violence, and many accounts and individual violence. assaults and incipient riots are feared. The least accident or indiscretion might precipitate a bloody affray. The tone of the press is largely adverse to the strikers, the Post being particularly fierce toward them and in demanding of the coal companies that they hold out against the strikers to the bitter end.

New York, Jan. 29.—Business on the river front is almost completely paralyzed, with the exception of a small amount of freight being moved by green hands on one or two piers. The Erin, which should have sailed Wednesday, is not more than half loaded. By Monday the vessel may be ready for sea. The Britannic sailed ves erday morning with a full cargo. Old Dominion Company say they can get all the men they want. The police cap-tains report quiet along the whole water-

The strikers are confident that they will succeed and gain their demands. Their next move will be to get the pilots on the ocean steamship service to come out. The pilots are organized, and should the order go out for them to quit work the strikers hope to stop all trans-atlantic steamers from sailing in or out of port. This, the Union men claim, will compel the steamship companies to come

New York, Jan. 31 .- The strikers on the water front of this city now number 30,000. James E. Quinn, of the Executive Board of 'Longshoremen's Union, was held in 15,000 for conspiring to injure the business of the Old Dominion Steamship Com-

pany. New York, Feb. 1.—The great strike took on a new phase yesterday morning. It involves not only the additional 'long' shoremen who went out in the morning, but also the freight-handlers of the rail-roads, thus tightening the blockade on transportation and adding other thousands to the thousands already idle. Apparently by preconcerted action committees of the freight-handlers of a number of the roads presented formulated demands on management, and it is understood that similar demands will be made on the managers of all the roads leading into this city.

The New Jersey Central freight-hand-

lers quit work at three o'clock on receiving the company's refusal to comply with their demand for an increase in wages. It is reported on good authority that the Knights of Labor will call out to-day all the employes on the Jersey Central and Pennsylvania railroads except the conductors, engineers and clerks. About 10,-000 men in all will be affected. The strike will not extend over the whole of the Penn sylvania system, but will include several

important divisions. Sullivan's Arm Broken Again.

New York. Jan. 29.—John L. Sullivan went to the office of Dr. Sayer yesterday and consulted him about the broken arm. The celebrated surgeon quickly determined that the bone had not been set in the best manner, and told Sullivan that he would never get the complete use of the arm unless he had it broken again and rested. Sullivan told the surgeon to go ahead. The physician did so, and the pain was so great that the strong man fainted. There is no doubt in Dr. Sayers' mind that the arm will now become as strong and effective as it ever was.

Terrible Affair in a Ball-Room

Wellington, Kan., Jan. 29.—While a masquerade ball was in progress at Freeport, a few miles west of here, Thursday night, the paper head-dress worn by a Miss Cora Boulder, one of the maskers, caught fire from a bracket lamp near which she was standing. She was burned to death in the presence of a hundred panic stricken persons. The young lady was a resident of Ottawa, Ill., on a visit to

Death of Commodore Johnson. Washington, Jan. 29.—Commodore P. C. Johnson, commandant of the Portsmouth (N. H.) navy yard, died at Portsmouth early Friday morning of Bright's disease, Commodore Johnson was born in 1828, and had he lived, the announcement would have been made yesterday of his promotion to be Rear Admiral, to succeed Rear-Admiral McAuley, retired.

Watching for American Fishermen. EASTPORT, Me., Jan. 29.—The winter school of herring has struck in on the American shore and about twenty-five English boats and vessels are fishing on this shore. Meanwhile the cruiser Middleton is patrolling between here and St. Andrews, ready to seize any American fisherman that may venture over the dead line.

Michigan's Next State Convention of Re-

DEFROIT, Mich., Jan. 20.—The Republican State Central Committee met here Thurs-day afternoon and decided to call the State convention for the nomination of Regents of the University and Judges of the Su-preme Court to meet in this city February 23.

Workmen to Share the Profits. Sr. Louis, Jan. 29.—The Nelson Com-pany, of this city, in accordance with a plan adopted lost March, has declared a divisiond of five per cent, on the salaries of eighty

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

For Week Ended Feb. 1. The ice in Lake Huron extends from the

American to the Canadian shore.

The Prohibitionists of Illmois will hold a conference at Springfield February 17. Henry Claess defeated Jacob Schaefer in a fifteen-ball pool match at St. Louis Sat-

English shareholders in the Pennsylvania Railroad Company demand larger divi-

Prank Girard, night policeman at Kanka-kee, Ill., was found murdered Saturday Seven Nihilists were hanged in the prison

at Odessa, Russia, and 200 were banished to Siberia. Tourists are leaving Cuba in great num-

bers on account of the great prevalence of yellow-fever. Germany has arranged for the erection of barracks at various points along the

French frontier. Cholera has made its appearance on the Chilian frontier, and great excitement ex-

ists in consequence. The bill empowering women to vote at municipal elections passed the Kansas Sen-ate Friday —25 to 13.

The authorities of Edinburg University have decided to invite the Prince of Wales to become its rector. The mineral product of the United States

for 1885 was \$428,521,356. The product of coal was valued at \$159,019,596. The fur store of Benedict & Rucdy, at

Cleveland, was during Friday night robbed of forty-five sealskin sacques. A negress in Baltimore was filled with shot while entering the window of a whole-sale grocery house before daylight.

Post-office Inspector Newberg has decided to recommend that the free-delivery system be inaugurated at Moline, Ill. United States Treasurer Jordan will re

sign in May to accept the Presidency of the Western National Bank of New York. Shaver & Dow's cracker factory, at Cedar Rapids, was burned Friday morning, the loss being \$20,000; fully insured.

Jesse Spalding, president of the Sturgeon Bay Canal Company, intimates that the Government can have the cut for \$150,000. Ex-President R. B. Haves has been appointed by Governor Foraker trustee of the Ohio State University for a term of seven

The bill repealing the law giving women the right to vote at school elections was killed Thursday in the Wisconsin As-

Dr. Schooler, dean of the Iowa Medical College, has been arrested for co in the robbing of the grave of Miss Hull, at

Cardinals Gibbons and Taschereau sailed from New York Saturday for Rome, where each will receive the Cardinal's hat from

R. F. Simpson, who lived at St. Elmo, Ill., was bitten on the thumb by his little recently, and died last week of blood

An assignment was recorded Thursday in Montreal by Pinkerton & Turner, boot and shoe manufacturers, whose liabilities aggregate \$140,000. A three-year-old child of Charles Gilman, of Minnesota Junction, Wis., has just died after expelling from its stomach a

twelve-inch snake. Eighteen hundred of the strikers in Lorillard's tobacco factory in Jersey City, N. J., returned to work Monday morning at the firm's terms.

',A stay of execution until April 1 has been granted by the Supreme Court of Missouri to W. H. L. Maxwell, the murderer of Arthur Preller. Dr. C. D. Bradley, of Chicago, who two years ago had a practice worth \$10,000 per

year, has been sent to the insane asylum as a wreck from cocaine. A bill was introduced in the New York Assembly to prevent combinations to advance prices. It is intended to reach the present coal trouble.

A jury at Madison, Wis., gave Sarah A. Angle juagment for \$351,935 against the Chicago, Portage & Lake Superior railroad, for violation of contract. The Inter-State Commerce bill is almost

certain to become law. The Attorney-General yesterday returned it to the President without a written opinion. The Governor of Ohio appointed William H. Taft to the vacant seat on the bench

of the Supreme Court. His father formerly held the same position. Minister Phelps and Premier Salisbury had a conference, at the latter's request,

Friday, to discuss the fisheries dispute. The conference was cordial on both sides. A verdict of \$10,000 damages has been awarded to a Philadelphia newsboy who was pushed off a car of the Traction Com-

pany and had to suffer the amputation of a The Chicago Glycerine Company's works at the corner of Fortieth and La Salle streets, Town of Lake, were burned to the

ground early Sunday morning with a total John Roach's will divides his property equally between his wife and three sons. It consists of the Morgan iron-works in

New York and his ship-yard at Chester,

Jay Gould, on returning from an inspec-tion of his roads, says that if the Inter-State bill becomes a law it will put an end to the enlargement of his system in the

James Blackwood, a miner, was found guilty at Brazil, Ind., of murdering his wife by kicking her to death while drunk, and a life sentence was imposed. The jury were out all Friday night Two hotels, two general stores and a sa-loon on Mackinac Island were swept away by fire Sunday night. Many persons nar-

rowly escaped with their lives. The loss is \$60,000; no insurance. The tenants on Achill Island, off the Irish

coast, keep a constant watch for the sher-iff, who is thought to be on his way thither to serve fifty ejectment suits. Notice of his approach will be given by fires and Early Monday morning Raymond Bel-

mont, son of August Belmont, the banker, accidentally shot and killed himself in the shooting-gallery in the basement of his father's residence, No. 109 Fifth avenue, New York.

Prohibition in Michigan.

LANSING, Mich., Jun. 28 .- The joint resolution submitting a prohibitory amendm to the constitution was passed in the Michigan Senate yesterday. The question will be submitted at the State election in April. Pig-Iron in Great Britain.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The production of pig-iron in 1886 is estimated by the *Iron Trade* Express to have amounted to 6,800,000 gross tons. In 18.5 the production was 7,250,657

Many Drowned.

BRISBANE, Jan. 31.—Serious floods have occurred in Southern Queensland. Fifty-eight persons have been drowned and much damage has been done to property.

Twenty Lives Lost. Opessa, Jan. 31.—The British steamer Blair Athal has foundered in the Black sea. Twenty persons were drowned. LYNCHERS AT WORK.

Mob Vengeance Wreaked on a Colored Rav-isher at Leavenworth, Kan., and a Mur-derer at Springfield, Ky.

LEAVENWORTH, Kab., Jan. 31.-Early Sun broke into the jail, took out a negro ravisher named Richard Wood, and dragged him to death in the streets by a rope attached to the saddle of a masked horseman. No effort is likely to be made to arrest the lynch-

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 31.—The citizens of Springfield, Ky., have lynched Ludiow Cornish, who took the life of Lulu Green because she refused to marry him, and also undertook to kill her mother and sister. The mob broke in the door of the jail and took Cornish out. The miserable wretch was lifted on to a horse and taken to the woods. A rope was fastened to his neck and thrown over a hickory limb, the horse was suddenly switched, and the murderer was left dangling in the

BEATS THEM ALL.

With the Aid of a Parachute an Aeronaut Leaps from a Balloon at a Height of 1,000 Feet, Landing Unharmed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—Clinging to a parachute T. S. Baldwin leaped Sunday afternoon from a balloon over 1,000 feet up in the air, thus making, it is believed, the biggest drop on record. Baldwin is the man who walked on a tight rope from the Cliff House to Seal Rocks last summer. His feat Sunday took place in an inclosure outside Golden Gate Park, and was witnessed by about 12,000 people The rush downward increased with every foot until the velocity was frightful. Thousands rushed to his aid, but picking himself up he threw back somersaults, ran a fifty-yard spurt, and said he would make the drop 1,500 next time.

INNOCENTS SLAIN.

Terrible Deeds of Crazy Mothers in Cleve-land, O., and Burr Oak, Mich. CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 29.—Friday Mrs. Anna Roth, wife of Frank Roth, purchased a quantity of "Rough on Rats," and after poisoning her one-year-old baby took a dose herself. Mrs. Roth lived only one hour, and the babe survived its mother but thirty minutes. It is believed the woman did the deed in a fit of temporary ineanity.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 29.-Mrs. Asa Milil man, of Burr Oak, threw her two children and self into the cistern Thursday night and all three were drowned. She left a note to her husband, directing him where to find them. She had lived unhappily with

Prohibition in Michigan.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 29.—A resolution for the submission to popular vote of a protution at the coming spring election has been adopted by both houses of the Michigan Legislature, and signed by Governor

Charter for a New Road.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 29.—A charter was granted Thursday, to a company which proposes to build a railway from Lyon County, Kansas, through the Indian Territory to Fort Smith, Ark. stock is placed at \$55,000,000.

A Home for Indiana's Feeble - Minded Children.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 28.—The Indiana Legislature yesterday determined to establish the asylum for feeble-minded children at Fort Wayne, the building and grounds to cost \$50,000.

A Bank Wrecked.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Jan. 31.—The Ger mania Savings Bank, of this city, has closed its doors, on account of the disappearance of Cashier Schroeder with \$30,000. It is thought the depositors will be paid in full. Indians in a Pitiable Condition.

FORT KEOGH, M. T., Jan. 29.-The condi-

tion of the British Cree Indians on Sun

river is said to be alarming. A band num-bering fifty, cooped in the mountains by snow, has ten starved ponies, little clothing, neither food nor arms, and are starving to death. Money to Run Naval Affairs. WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.-The House Naval

Committee has completed the Naval Appropriation bill. It appropriates \$23,067,-042, while the estimates were \$20,639,756, and the appropriation for the current year, Oyster Fishers Drowned.

Baltimone, Md., Jan. 29.—The oyster schooner John and James was capsized during a tremendous gale on the Potomac river Wednesday, and three men, all on

board at the time, were drowned. Charitable Chinese.

Washington, Jan. 29.—The Consul-General of the United States at Shanghai reports that \$1,260 has been contributed by Chinese in that city for the Charleston

sufferers. January Revenues. WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.-The Government those of last January by at least \$5,000,000.

THE MARKETS.

7.77	NEW	YORK.	Fel	b. 1.
	LIVE STOCK-Cattle.	80.80	00	6 40
	Sheep	3 90	(68)	5.00
	Hogs			5 55
	FLOUR-Good to Choice	9.65		5 40
8	* Patents	4 75		5 40
	WHEAT-No. 2 Red	913		91 %
	No. 2 Spring	94	466	0415
8	CORN	475		40
31	OATS-Mixed Western	36	6	42
-	RYE	58	ALL.	59
3	PORK-Mess	12 25	601	
	LARD-Steam	6 80	61. 6	
	CHEESE	115		1034
ì	WOOL-Domestie	90	100	288
8	CHICAGO.	100	1900	-
я		AT. 44	-	
3	BEEVES-Extra			5 65
н	Choice	4.45		4.50
2	Good	3 90	00	
а	Medium	3 60	90	
а	Butchers' Styck	8 00	0	
u	Inferior Cattle	1 00	100.5	
8	HOGS-Live-Good to Choice,.	4 40	100	
3	SHEEP	3 25	60 4	
3	BUTTER-Creamery	15	69	28
	Good to Choice Dairy	19	0	21
2	EGGS-Fresh	27	St	28
a	FLOUR-Winter	8 75	00	
я	Spring	8 50	100	
8	Patents	4 00	0.4	
п	GRAIN-Wheat No. 2	77	100	7756
	Corn	353		85%
ı	Oats	25%	160	25%
d	Rye, No. 2	54	86	5434
1	Barley, No. 2	51	00	50
	BROOM CORN-			100
и	Self-working	8	0	5
ı	Hurl	3	60	5
П	Inferior	8	0	354
	POTATORS (bu.)	35	62	58

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Medium

HOGS SHEEP-Poor to Choice

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You will notice how quickly a thoroughly successful article is imitated, and aslo that the imitations are without merit, as they are gotten up by unscrupulous Beware of imitations of Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic. The genuine is sold by Eberbach & Son, and promptly cures dyspepsia, costiveness, bad breath, piles, pimples, ague and malaria disea es, poor appetite, low spirits, headache, or diseases of the kidney's stomach and liver. Price fifty cents.

An article now going the rounds is headed "What to wear." We know what to wear now without reading it. It is winter clothing.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

The difference between a journalist and a newspaper man is that the former writes with a pearl-handled gold pen and the latter with anything he can get hold of.

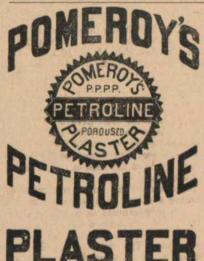
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CORN PLASTERS

Are the best known remedy for hard and soft corns, and never fail to cure. Price, 25 cents, PEDACURA INSOLES

Cure Cold Feet, Gont, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Swollen Feet, etc. The Peleg White Proprietary Co., 34 Church Street, New York, Manufacturers. Of first class druggists and H. J. BROWN, Dist. Agt. for Ann

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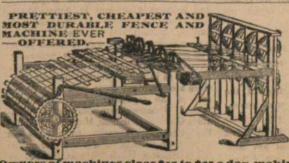
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tents or ascertaining the po-

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K. KITTREDGE.

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THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1887.

Republican County Convention.

A Republican County Convention to elect eighteen (18) delegates to the Republican State Convention, to be held at Detroit, on Wednesday, February 23d, 1887, for the purpose of nominating one Judge of the Supreme Court, and two (2) Regents of the State University, also to elect eight een (18) delegates to a Convention of the 22d Judicial Circuit, hereafter to be called, and to transact such other business as may properly come be fore it, will be held at the Court House, in the city of Ann Arbor, Wednesday, Feb. 16, 1887, at 11 o'clock, A, M.

The cities and townships will be entitled to delvention as follows:

egates in the County	C
-	
ANN ARBOR CITY.	780
First Ward	
Second Ward	- 4
Third Ward	4
Fourth Ward	. 5
Fifth Ward	. 3
Sixth Ward	. 3
Ann Arbor Town	4
Augusta	
Bridgewater	
Dexter	- 9
Freedom	4
Lima	
Lodi	4
Lyndon	. 3
Manchester	. 8
Northfield	5

Sylvan.... Webster... York Ypsilanti Town...

YPSILANTI, Jan. 31, 1887 W. M. OSBAND, Chairman. R. H. MARSH, Secretary.

Republican Caucus.

PITTSFIELD The republicans of the township of Pittsfield

are requested to meet in caucus, at the town house, Thursday, February 16, at two o'clock, P. M., to elect four delegates to the county conven tion at Ann Arbor, Wednesday, February 16, 1887. MORTON T. CASE, Chairman.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A republican state convention to nominate a justice of the supreme court in place of James V. Campbell, and two members of the board of regents of the state University, in place of Ebenezer O. Grosvenor and James Shearer, and for the transaction of other business, will be held in Whitney's opera house, Detroit, on Wednesday, February 23, 1887, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Washtenaw county is entitled to eighteen deli-

THE RIGHT ACTION.

The state senate on Tuesday, by a vote of 22 to 10 voted to submit the prohibitory constitutional amendment to a vote of the people. This result was brought about by the united and earnest efforts of the republican party in our legislature in spite of the almost unanimous opposition of the democratic senators and representatives. The republican party thus again puts itself on record as the champion of the people, and honestly devoted to their best interests. It is the party of progress and humanity, and the people should recognize it as such and stand by it as their true friend. The right of petition was involved, and the republican party, as no honest party could fail to do, defended almost unanimously their sacred right.

THE Prohibition state convention for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for regents of the University and justice of the supreme court will be held at Lansing, Feb. 23.

WE have not heard yet of a republican or democratic paper in the state coming out squarely in favor of prohibition, since the amendment passed. But they have hardly had time to think of it and settle their minds as to what they will do. Probably the most of them are waiting to see what the others are going to do about it.

THE REGISTER would be pleased to hear from the people, on the very important question of prohibition, to be settled at the April election. Short, crisp articles, signed by the authors' names will be gladly received and published. Personally the proprietor of this paper expects to vote for prohibition for the "humanity" there is in it; but he recognizes the right and respects the reasons that may cause many to differ with him.

Col. Charles D. Long, of Flint, is nominated by the Adrian Daily Times to succeed Hon. James V. Campbell, in the office of justice of the supreme court, provided he does not desire a re election. Colonel. Long has, certainly, all the qualifications that would fit him for the position. As the Times says, he is a good citizen in the best and most comprehensive sense of the term; a man of high and trained intellect, a close student of his legal profession, yet finding time for the cultivation of his fine literary taste, and with an empty sleeve and rebel bullet in his body to attest his patriotism.

We publish one communication and have on our desk another strong one in favor of the free mail delivery in this city. THE REGISTER respects the feelings of the business men who have signed a remonstrance to the petition, fearing that their business interests will be injured by a free delivery; but we are not yet convinced that any such result will follow, and that the little loss some firm may sus-tain, will be greatly overbalanced by the inconsistency. The vote stood: Yeas, 22; nays, 10. Senator Hubbell and Seymour voted with the democrats. The announce-

general good to the city. We believe the bills for sugar and shoes, dry goods and druggists sundries will be just as large as ever, and a little larger by the increased number of residents who will take note of this as one of the numerous attractions of our beautiful residence city.

THE text of the joint resolution submitting the question of prohibition to a vote of the people at the April election, is as follows:

There shall be submitted to the electors of this state, for their approval or rejection, the following amendment to the constitution of Michigan, to stand as section 49 of article 4:

Sec 49. The manufacture, gift or sale of spirituous or malt liquors in this state is prohibited, except for medical, mechanical, chemical or scientific purposes. No property rights in such spirituous, malt or vinous liquor shall be deemed to exist, except to manufacture or sell for the foregoing excepted purposes. The legislature shall enact laws with suitable penalties for the suppression of the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale or gift of intoxicating liquor. This proposition shall be submitted to electors at the next spring election, taking place on first Monday in April, 1887, and the ballots shall be canvassed as in the election of supreme court judges and regents of the University.

OUR LANSING LETTER.

There was a change in the legislative programme last Saturday. Instead of adourning from Friday night until the folowing Monday night, the house actually held a two hours' session Saturday forenoon, adjourning at 11:45 until 2 P. M. Monday, while the senate, greatly to the amazement of everybody, not only met Saturday morning but postively held an afternoon session. Somebody has said "the unexpected always happens." It certainly does happen sometimes.

Apropos, I may mention that Representative Webber is contemplating some movement taking cognizance of these Friday adjournmennts. It is his private opinion publicly expressed that four hours a day for four days a week is calculated to make a man with ordinary energy rust on

I suppose the extra effort of last Saturday was induced by the fact that on Thursday, Feb. 3, the legislature will adjourn for the long recess, which will last until Tuesday, Feb. 15 at 10 a. m. This recess is taken in order to allow the committees to visit the several state institu-

There has been the usual flood of bills in both houses the past week and a large number of minor bills have been passed. An old legislator ventures the opinion that about every law on the statute books will be subjected to some amendment before the close of the session. Of a verity, "all is change."

In the senate the house resolution appointing a special committee to investigate the charges made against the soldiers' home failed, and instead the regular committees were instructed to make the investigation. The bill was passed establishing a state weather service and appropriating \$8,587 for the purchase of iustruments, etc. On Friday of last week the late Ovid N. Case was eulogized by Senators O'Reilley, Edwards, Post and and Howell, all of whom paid handsome tributes to the memory of the deceased.

Representative Rumsey's bill to punish Bohemian oat swindlers and others who perpetrate frauds in the sale of grain, seeds and cereals, came up in the house last week, but in consequence of being so crudely drawn as to be of doubtful validity was referred to the committees on agriculture and judiciary jointly. Mr. Green gave notice of a bill to establish a state agency for the care of juvenile offenders. Bills have been introduced to provide for paying bounties for the killing of English sparrows; to incorporate the W. C. T. U. of Michigan; to prevent and restrict hydrophobia and glanders; to prevent certain individuals from using the word "Bank" on signs; to amend the act for the organization of railroad companies; to preserve the purity of elections; to pro vide labor for prisoners in county jails; to provide for building and furnishing an addition to the state normal school, and so

The seating of Senator Rairden makes a total of 34 Labor members in the legislature-26 in the house and 8 in the senate -all of them good and true Knights, with their armor buckled on all the time ready to do battle for the cause they represent. They have an arrangement whereby they meet together and discuss measures in which workingmen are especially interested, thus enabling them to act in concert. If they stand together they can defeat any objectionable measure. It is more than likely they will be speedily heard from in reply to the petition of Fred A. Baker against the repeal of the Baker conspiracy law. It is considered a model document of the kind. Mr. Ogg

has the floor. The debate last week in the senate on the prohibitory constitutional amendment resolution called out a large crowd of people, who were treated to several rattling speeches pro and con. Senator Westgate opened the debate by walking vigorously into the affections of Senator Deyo, who had previously spoken in opposition to the resolution. Senator Deyo came up smiling in turn, and whether Mr. Westgate remained in any way indebted to the other when he had spread his peroration over the assemblage is an open question. In this, as in other political debates, both sides are confident their man held the big end of the argument in the allocutical tussle. Speeches were also made by Senators Gormon, Babcock, Mayo and Palmer, the latter taking occasion to put his foot down with the forc of a pile driver on the tail of Senator Hubbell's coat, for alleged

ment of the vote was received with vociferous applause.

The resolution was speedily decorated with Gov. Luce's chirography, the governor remarking as he attached his autograph that it afforded him unbounded pleasure to do so.

The bill introduced by Mr. Breen in the house to punish those who decoy young gir's to, or frequent, houses of ill-fame in the mining and lumbering camps, went through the house Tuesday with a rush. The vote stood: Yeas, 84; nays, 0. The bill provides that all persons found guilty of the offences stated may be sent to the state prison for five years. It is confidently expected the bill will pass in the senate and go into immediate effect.

If the stories are not magnified which Mr. Breen tells regarding the inhuman treatment of girls unfortunate enough to fall into the hands of the monsters who keep these dens of iniquity, five years imprisonment is no adequate punishment. The accounts he gives, supplemented by victims, read more like legends of barbaric ages than occurrences of the nineteenth century.

A joint resolution was passed and copies transmitted to the Michigan senators and representatives in congress, requesting them to use their best efforts to secure such legislation by corgress as will result in the United States acquiring the ownership of the Portage Lake canal for the purpose of a harbor of refuge and of mak ing the same a free water-way. The canal is now owned by New York capital ists, who impose excessive tolls upon pass-ngers and freight.

The Rairden-Gudenau contested election case was decided Thursday, Jan. 27, by the unseating of the latter. The recount by the senate election committee of the ballot boxes of the uncertain district found Rairden to have 14 plurality, whereas the tally sheets of the same boxes gave Gudenau a plurality of 30 odd. Mr. Gudenau is a Democrat, and his successful opponent is a labor-republican and proprietor of the Detroit Labor Leaf.

President Angell, on behalf of the regents of the university and the city council of Ann Arbor, has invited the members of the legislature to accept the hospitality of the citizens and the freedom of the city. and visit the University, on Thursday Feb. 3. The invitation was accepted and the details of the trip arranged by a joint committee. A special train will take the members to Ann Arbor, from whence, it is expected, they will go direct to Detroit to attend the reception of ex-Gov. Alger on the afternoon and evening of the 4th. Lansing, Feb. 1, 1887. Mac.

Charles A. Chapin.

When the life career of any citizen who has faithfully and efficiently discharged all the duties imposed upon human existence is closed by death, both the social compact and body politic sustains a loss. In the death of Charles A. Chapin, the community, and especially those who knew him best, sensibly and keenly realize the

The best eulogy that can be pronounced upon our departed friend is an uncolored relation of his every-day life of which time and space restricts us to a brief epitome

He was a man of a quiet, mild and reserved disposition and was eminently endowed with those qualities both of the head and the heart which endears a person to his friends and the community in which he lives. He was charitable almost to a fault, as many of the recipients of his charity can testify. He was a communicant in the Episcopal church and a man whose caily life exemplified his belief. a pastime but as a living reality, a system, containing and embodying the true princi ples of human life and human actions. In all the relations of life he was upright and strictly honest, doing unto others as he would that others would do unto him. He never betrayed a trust or a friend, and when he left this way station in life's endless journey, he left behind many, many who will sadly miss him in their daily routine of life.

The leisure hours which fell to his lot were profitably redeemed in acquiring useful knowledge which evinced by his familiarity with scientific literature and historical research. He was a good listener, and a critical observer of the events transpiring around him. He lived up to his belief that man was created to wear out and not rust out, hence he was most unhappy when forced into

Charles A. Chapin, the eldest son of Volney and Chloe (Sloan) Chapin was born at Ogdensburg, New York, August 1, 1830. He was a lineal descendant of Deacon Samuel Chapin, the progenitor of all who bear the name in this country, and who settled in Springfield, Mass., in

In June 1833, when Mr. Chapin was three years old, his parents moved from New York to Ann Arbor, so that for fiftythree years of his life, his home was in

It was the desire of his parents that he should receive a liberal education. that end he prepared for the University. But not fancying any of the professions he changed his course and applied himself to those studies necessary for a business life. He availed himself of all the facilities which the institutions of the state afforded for the most complete commercial education and in 1852 graduated from a com-mercial college in Detroit.

Immediately after finishing his studies he entered upon the stern realities and duties of life. His business enterprises were many and varied and to all he applied his abilities with rare assiduity and

fidelity. He was an equal partner in the firm of Lund & Chapin in the manufacture of paper, in the fifth ward. The firm was rmed in 1852 and was subsequently changed to Lund, Chapin & Co., his father having bought an interest therein. This firm built the first paper mill at Geddes. He continued in this business until 1865. He was a large stockholder in the Ann Arbor Salt and Lumber Co., in Saginaw county. For a considerable time he was in the employ of Evarts & Ensign, Philadelphia, who were extensively engaged in publishing local histories in the different states. His adaptability for this kind of

READ THIS

ANNOUNCEMENT

Having purchased the stock of Sheet Music, Music Books and Musical Merchandise formally owned by Mr. A. Wilsey it gives me pleasure to state that I am prepared to furnish the public with anything in the music line as low and in many cases lower than can be obtained elsewhere, NOT excepting our large cities. Having had an experience of six years in attending to the wants of the musical people of Chicago and being a practical musician I feel confident that I shall be able to please and meet the demands of all who me with their patronage.

I shall do my utmost to serve my patrons, and would be happy to have any who desire call and I will gladly show goods and furnish prices whether they wish to purchase or not

It will be my aim to show in Ann Arbor an assortment of all musical goods from which the most fasti-

dious can make a satisfactory selection.

There can always be found in stock a fine line of the CELEBRATED HAINES BROS., BOARDMAN & GRAY and other PIANOS, and the ESTEY and STORY & CLARK ORGANS in many different styles, and at prices which defy competition.

I desire to make my store musical headquarters for our city and wish all to consider it as such. Yours ready to plea

Wilsey's Music Store, 25 Fourth St., Ann Arbor.

LEW H. CLEMENT.

Genuine Reduction Sale!

STAR CLOTHING HOUSE

Every Article in the Store with the exception of

THE DUNLAP AND GUYER HATS

Will be sold at Greatly Reduced Prices for the next 30 days.

On Overcoats, we will give a larger reduction than any house in the city, and in addition, will give a present to every purchaser. Every Overcoat in the Store is included, from the cheapest to the best.

All Underwear, Gloves and Mittens, and heavy Cloth and Fur Caps are marked way down.

During the Reduction Sale we will show the largest line of fine Cassimeres and Corkscrew Suits carried by any house in Ann Arbor, which, also will be sold at very bottom prices.

Remember that very Article Must Co!

A. L NOBLE.

The Palace Grocery, NO. 9 NORTH MAIN ST.,

PROPRIETORS.

Have on hand a Fresh and Complete Stock of Every thing in the

Grocery Line

TEAS, COFFEES AND SUGARS

In Large Amounts and AT CASH PRICES!

And can sell at Low Figures.

The Large Invoice of Teas they Buy and Sell is good proof that in

Quality and Prices

THEY GIVE BARGAINS.

Fresh Roasted Coffees every week and none but Prime Articles are used; Also a Large Line and Fine

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE & LAMPS. Ar Call and See Them !

work earned from him many encomiums from his employers. From 1882 to within a few months prior to his death, he was a clerk in the pension office in Washington. This position he was obliged to leave on

account of ill health. For a number of years he was a vestryman, secretary and treasurer of St. Andrews' church. He was a member of Fraternity lodge of F. & A. M. He was city recorder for 1864-66; alderman for fourth ward 1870-71; recording secretary of the Washtenaw County Pioneer Society; recording secretary of the Washtenaw County Agricultural and Horticultural Society, 1882. He left every position of

trust that he ever occupied with the benediction, "well and faithfully done." In 1855 he married Miss Francis E. Kingsley, only daughter of the late Hon. James Kingsley, who survives him. He also leaves three children, Volney A., of St. Johns, Mich.; Miss Lucy E. and Miss Mary F., of this city, and a sister, Mrs. S. S. Walker, of St. Johns, Mich. One of his strongest characteristics was his love for his home and family, and a kinder and more devoted husband and father never journeyed along life's rough and rugged

roadway.

He died at his residence on Bowery-st, Ann Arbor, Tuesday, December 28, 1886, of hemorrhage of the lungs. The funeral services were held in St. Andrews' church, December 31, Rev. S. Earp, rector, officia-ting. He was borne to his final resting place by Col. H. S. Dean, Ambrose Kearney, Moses Rogers, L. C. Risdon, Z. P. King and M. H. Goodrich.

Died.

FREEMAN.—At his residence in the fourth ward, Thursday, Jan. 27, of pneumonia, Bryant Free-man, aged 75 years. Funeral was held at the residence, Monday afternoon at two o'clock.

LATHROP.—At the residence of her father, O. Lathrop in Dixboro, Saturday, Jan. 29, of erysipelas, Grace Lathrop, aged 10 years and three months. Funeral at the residence, Monday forenoon, and the remains were deposited in Forest Hill cemetery.

STRONG.—At his residence on Packard-st, Satur-day, Jan. 29, of old age, Col. Nelson Strong, aged 87 years. The funeral was held Monday after-noon at 2:30, at the residence.

GALLIGAN.—Atthis residence in Northfield, Sunday, Jan. 30, of old age; Bryon Galligan, aged 102 years and 3 months. Funeral was held at his residence, Tuesday, at 10 a. m, and the remains deposited in the Northfield vault.

1886.

Fall and Winter.

DRY+COODS

Of every variety. CARPETS in large

And OIL CLOTHS, A Full Assortment,

INFACT OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE We do not say, we sell for less money than any other concern, and those who do say so, do not expect sensible people will believe them But we do say that we will endeavor with good Goods and fair dealing to give all who patronize us, full value for their money.

Ann Arbor Small Pruit Nursery!

Grapes, Strawberries, Raspberries, Gooseberries, Plants cheap, strong and

Agent for Ellwanger & Barry, of Rochester, N. Y. Reliable Nursery Stock. Call or address early for orders. Genuine Grapewine, especially adapted to Invalids. Syrup and Vinegar of Raspberries. Fine Syrup of Bartlett

E. BAUR, West Huron St., - Ann Arbor

Michigan Furniture Co.

ANN ARBOR, MICH.

Manufacturers of Ash, Cherry, Oak, Antique and Walnut Bed room Suites SALE ROOM,

No.52 South Main Street

$\mathbf{M} \odot \mathbf{M}$

Lewis' Force Pump.

IT DON'T PAY TO GROW

FRUIT and INSECTS ON THE SAME TREE.

Niagara Grape Vines!

And all other varieties; also any Nursery Stock furnished at lowest rates. Peach Trees, 5c. A fine Young Roadster for sale.

W. F. BIRD.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
COUNTY OF WASHTENAW,
At a session of the Probate Court for the
County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate
Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the
25th day of January, in the year one thousand
eight hundred and eighty-seven.
PRESERT, WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of
Probate.

REINHARDT & CO.

The acknowledged Low Priced

HOE DEALERS

Down them all for low prices.

Ladies' Fine Kid Button Shoes \$1.25

Gents' Fine Calf Buttoned Shoes

REMEMBER THIS.

will pay you to see our goods, and get our prices, we can and will give better

Sole Agts GRAY BROS. Ladies Fine Shoes. !: ILLY, BRACKETT & CO'S Gents Fine Shoes. 42 S. Main-St.

No matter what others may offer, it

and upwards.

\$1.25 and upwards.

PRESENT, WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Edward Olney, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Sarah H. Olney praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that she may be appointed executrix thereof.

Thereupon it is Ordered, that Monday, the 21st day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor REGISTER, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,

(A true copy.)

WM. G. Dory, Probate Register.

THE REGISTER.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1887.

COUNTY NEWS.

Ed. Kanouse, of Saline, has gone to

Mrs. Aseneth Hicks, of Dexter, died last Wednesday.

Geo. Kempf, of Northfield, will build a new barn in the spring.

Rev. Mr. Robison, pastor of the Baptist church, Saline, will soon resign.

The Dexter Leader predicts for that lively village, a building boom in the

H. A. Williams, H. C. Gregory and H. W. Newkirk are Dexter's new notary

Mrs. Reuben Westfall, of York, who has been sick for the past two years, died last Saturday.

The Norvill Farmers' club was enter-tained last Saturday by Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mount.

A Sunday school institute will be held in the Baptist church, Dexter, Sunday, February 6th.

Rev. O. C. Bailey, of Dexter, and Rev. O. N. Hunt, of Unadilla, exchanged pulpits last Sabbath.

Seymour Coon, of Manchester, is a member of a surveying party in the Indian territory. Geo. Crane has returned from Alpena

to his home in Dexter. He is suffering with inflammatory rheumatism. The W. C. T. U. of Saline, have elected Mrs. L. S. Pierce, president; Mrs. Robison, secretary, and Mrs. W. J. Jackson, treas-

A donation at the Presbyterian church, Saline, last Wednesday evening, for the benefit of the pastor, Rev. Caldwell, net-

ted \$83. The Pentecost band has struck Mooreville and they say they are going to stay if they have to "sleep in the church and

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Elliott, of Ypsilanti, spent the fore part of the week with the latters parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A.

At the last meeting of the Dexter common council, the resignation of Fred Lathrop as city marshal, was accepted. M. VanBuren was elected to fill the vacancy.

The 20th anniversary of the wedded life of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Perry, of Sharon, was celebrated, January 22d, by about forty of their friends calling on

G. S. Sill and D. Quish who have run separate hardware stores in Dexter for a number of years, have consolidated their business, under the firm name of Sill &

Miss Ellen, daughter of Shephard Tay-lor, of Dexter, was called upon by a num-ber of her friends a few evenings ago, and presented with a number of elegant and costly presents.

Milan lodge No. 400, I. O. G. T, elected officers last Tuesday evening for the ensuring term, as follows: C. T., A. B. Smith; V. T., Mrs. Thorp; Secretary, Wilmer Butler; F. S., Cora Hanson; Treasurer, W. L. Trimble; M., Joseph Jones; I. G., Gertie Hanson; O. G., W. Wolcott.

Charles Rowe, of Sharon, left Tuesday for Riverside, Cal., near which place he owns land, on which Isaac Jones, formerly of that township, has resided, but Mr Jones wishes to move on his own land which he has recently purchased, and writes Mr. R. to come and take possession

The next meeting of the Saline farmers' club will be held at A. A. Wood's residence on Friday, Feb. 11. The topic for discussion will be "Will it pay farmers to dispose of graide and native cattle, and purchase unfashionable or plain bred shorthorn cattle?" T. Josenhans opens the

Mrs. Wesley Westfall and Mrs. Mark Ormspp wont ride with John Humme, of Saline, again for some time. The three comprised a party that were going to Saline, the other day, and a corner was turned so suddenly that the carriage was tipped over, the ladies receiving severe injuries by striking on the frozen ground.

Dexter Leader: Last Saturday night our townsman, Frank H. Evarts, started for Southern California, where he intends to locate permanently and engage in the ranch business, his family following him in early spring. Frank is well known to the people of this vicinity, all of whom extend to him their best wishes for prosperity in his new home.

Manchester Enterprise: The "kick" made by several of our citizens last fall which resulted in the calling of an indignation meeting, owing to the seemingly long delay in the erection of the Exchange Place bridge, appears to have lasted much longer than was anticipated, as a number of the heavy taxpayers of this township have refused to pay their township tax, claiming the bridge tax was improperly spread upon the roll. The township treasurer says that he must have the tax or property and as attorneys have been consulted we presume there will be

Milan Leader: The wives of the G. A. R. members met at the residence of H. A. Taylor on Tuesday and made arrangements for making a G. A. R. quilt to raise funds to purchase a flag for the post in Milan. The pattern for the quilt is designed so as to contain the names of the donors to the quilt fund, and as the price for each name is only five cents, it will give an oppor-tunity for a large number of patriotic people in this vicinity to be remembered in this donation of the National colors to the Grand Army of the Republic. The manner of disposing of the quilt, when com-pleted, will probably be by tickets at a very moderate price.

FROM YPSILANTI

Suicide-Fire-Burglary-Anniversary -Social Events, Etc.

Mrs. Campbell, of Sharon, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Capt. Allen. Prof. Lodeman has given up housekeeping and taken rooms at the Follett

James M. Forsyth's house burned early Sunday morning. Defective chimney. No

Alexander Hardy, the principal man at the post-office, is being shaken to pieces

Mrs. E. Bowling will start for Columbus! Ohio, some time this week, for a stay of several weeks.

Fairchilds & Co.'s feed store, on Huron street, has been moved into S. Post's vacant store, same street.

Mr. and Mrs. Will McCullough celebrated their eighth anniversary last eveping with a few friends.

Albert Stuck gets a pension of \$8 per month. He's has worked hard enough and long enough to get twice that amount at

A number of Ypsilantians visited the Scott manual training school at Toledo last week, and were greatly pleased with the success which the school has attained.

Quite a sensation was brought about Sunday afternoon by the sudden death of a s'ranger named Daley, at the Follett house, and which has given rise to numer-ous wild rumors and exaggerated reports which have been as thoroughly sifted as was possible by ye reporter, with the fol-lowing results: R. Daley came to the Follett house a week or more ago, seeming quite "under the weather" and soon showed symptoms of the delirium consequent upon hard and continual partaking of liquor. A doctor was called Sunday morning, who administered morphia and left him to himself. During the absence of the doctor, he took an overdose of chloral, whether from suicidal intent or not, will never be known, and was found dead in bed sometime during the after-noon. On looking through his papers it was found that he was a graduate of some Iowa college and upon telegraphing to that institution, information was obtained regarding his friends who were in Kansas Mack & Mack took proper care of the body of the deceased, who was a fine looking man of about 30 years, until his western friends had responded to the notification of the wanderer's untimely death. There may be no dark mystery connected with the stranger, but there's lots of busy oodies energetically engaged in manufac turing one to fit the case

Probate Court Proceedings.

Estate of Christian Miller, deceased. Petition for probate of will filed.

Estate of Geo. B. Arnold, minor. Ac count of guardian filed.

Alma M. Miller, of this city, declared insane and sent to Pontiac.

Estate of Patrick Donahue, deceased. Petition for appointment of administrator filed; hearing Feb. 21.

Estate of Frederick Emninger, deceased. Fourth supplemental account of ex-ecutor filed; order for hearing March 2. Estate of Grover C. Koch, et. al. Geo.

April appointed guardian. Estate of John G. Davis. Order for hearing final account set for March 1.

Estate of Samuel Cushman. Will admitted to probate; E. S. Cushman and E. P. Allen appointed executors; D. G. Rose and W. B. Osborne appointed appraisors. Estate of Sarah McDonald Millen. Will admitted to probate; Chauncey H. Millen and Chas. S. Millen appointed ex-

Estate of Geo. Schaible. Final account of John H. Schleet allowed.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following list of transfers for the Francis A. Slattery, Washtenaw County Abstract of Title Office, second floor Farmers' & Mechanics' Bank building,

11,400

4 sec 25, s w ½, of s e ½, sec 27, fown of Ypsilanti...

Wm. to Thomas Sprague, piece of land in n w ½, sec 22, town of Augusta...

Robert to J. K. Campbell, n e ½ of s e ½, sec 5, town of Augusta...

Mary P. Holmes to H. C. Swift, piece of land, 38 c, s of French claim 681, and w of highway, town of Ypsilanti...

Taylor to Libbie Taylor, 4 and 68-one-hundredths a, on sec 7, town of Lima, 16 and 36-one-hundredths a, on sec 6, town of Lima, 5 and 14 one-hundredths a, on sec 1, town of Sylvan, ½, a, on sec 6, town of Lima.

Jacobus to S. &. E. Wood, part of 1 6, b 5, Ormsby and Pages, add to Ann Arborningh Rose to J. Jacobus, same as above....

Vm. Kern to M. Schaible and Geo. Roller, the 1½ of 3 10 a, w of Jackson, at Manchester...

M. A. and E. A. Smith to Mack & Schmid, w 1/2 of s e 1/4, s w 1/4 of n e 1/4, sec 7, town of Salem.

Mack & Schmid to M. A. and E. A. Smith,
plece of land on e side of Pontiac-st, Ann plece of land on e side of Pontiac-st, Ann Arbor...
C. Warner to A. A. Wood, w ½ of e ½ of s e ½, of sec 27, town of Lodi...
Wm. Buele to L. Dettling 2 and 16-one-hundredtha a, in n w ½, sec 22, town of Freedom...
Kempf, Bacon & Co. to L. Bacon, e ½ of 15 and 6, b 12, E. Congdons, second add to Chelsea... 15 and 5, b 12, E. Congdons, second and to Chelsea.

L. A. Edwardsto F. Stofflet, 17, b 1, R. S. Smiths add to Ann Arbor.

A. V. Robison to Ell J. Bobison, 16, b 2, s of Huron-st, R 5 e, Ann Arbor.

A. M. Neithammer to A. E. Kapple, n e 4, see 35, town of Scio.

E. Mann to Mack & Schmid, piece of land on e side of Pontlac st, Ann Arbor.

J. J. Robison to A. Morgan, s e 4, of see 5, town of York.

J. J. Robison to A. Morgan, s e 1/4 of sec 5, town of York.

E. A. Davis to A. Morgan, s e 1/4 of sec 5, town of York.

J. Masters to J. D. O'Brien, 1 a on n w 1/4 of n w 1/4 sec 22, town of Augusta.

RIVER BOTTOM AND UPLANDS THE LITTLE ROCK & FORT SMITH RAILWAY CO The GREAT ARKANSAS VALLEY emb Finest Agricultural Lands of the West.

During the Clearing Sale Our

The Lowest Price ever Marketed.

Cut Prices on Everything in the Store.

J.T. JACOBS & COMPANY

MAIN STREET, ANN ARBOR.

Famous One-Price Clothing House.

Mufflers. Elegant Neckwear, Gloves and Mittens

The Finest Line Ever Shown in Ann Arbor.

Overcoats Must Go

Regardless of Cost

WM. W. DOUGLAS & CO.

DOTY & FEINER.



ALL GOODS CHEAP

Cork Sole Shoes

No. 7 S. Main Street.

OUR

Youman's & Silverman's HATS Now Reduced!

We wish it understood that all Soft and Stiff Hats must go at a big reduction.

\$3.85

PANTS! PANTS! PANTS!

Three Eighty-five will buy any Pants in our house. We shall close our Sale of Pants next Saturday, as we have only a few pairs left.

OUR OVERCOAT SALE!

And Clothing Sale will continue until further notice. Only a few Overcoats left. Those in need, please call, we can save you money at

THE TWO SAMS,

The Only Strictly One-Price Clothiers and Hat ters in Ann Arbor.

We can not carry our Stock over until next Spring on account of a a Bankrupt Sale, and therefore conclude to sell our Goods at any price regardless of Cost.

It is a pity to see such a new and carefully selected Stock as ours sacrificed in such a way.

KOCH & HALLER

Commissioner Black's Circular Explaining Its Provisions-The Week's Work in the Senate and House of Representatives.

OLD WARRIORS REMEMBERED. Washington, Feb. 1.—The President has signed the Mexican Pension bill and the bill for a public building at Worcester,

Washington, Feb. 1.—The passage of the Mexican Pension bill has opened up a vast amount of correspondence for the Pension Office. Commissioner Black, in order to give all information necessary for would-be applicants to present their claims, has prepared a circular in which he briefly names the conditions upon which pensions are to be granted under the act. In summing up those who are entitled to the benefit of the act the circular states that only those surviving soldiers and officers of the Mexican war who bave attained the age of sixty-two years will be entitled to the eight dollars per month pension granted by the act—the officers to receiveno more than the men. The conditions for both officers and men are the same; that is, they will be required to have served sixty days in the war. In case an officer or soldier is disabled or dependent, he will be allowed the pension, upon proof there-of, though he has not reached sixty years The unmarried widow of a soldier or officer of the Mexican war is en titled to the benefits, if she has reached sixty-two years of age, or, if not, can furnish satisfactory proof that she is disabled or dependent upon others for sup-

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—HOUSE—The Senate Fisheries bill was laid before the House yesterday, and on motion of Mr. Belmont (N. V.) it was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and leave granted the committee to refairs, and leave granted the committee to report at any time. The House agreed to the conference report on the Army Appropriation bill. Mr. Nelson (Minn.), in committee of the Whole, offered a substitute to the River and Harbor bill providing for an appropriation of \$7.500,000, to be expended by the Board of Engineers as they found necessary. The substitute was rejected and the original bill was ordered engrossed and read a third time...

SEXATE—The credentials of Senators Gray engrossed and read a third time...

SENATE—The credentials of Senators Gray
(Del.), Dawes (Mass.), and Cockrell
(Mo.), for the full term commencing March 4, 1887, were presented in the
Senate yesterday. The bill creating a Department of Agriculture was reported from the
Senate Committee on Agriculture and placed
on the calendar. The Seante yesterday, by a
vote of all to 28, passed a resolution to investigate the allegation that three residents of
Washington County, Tex., were driven from
their homes, compelled to abandon their proporty, and deprived of the right of suffrage.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—HOUSE—The House
of Representatives passed the River and Harbor
bill, which appropriates \$7,000,000. An adverse

of Representatives passed the River and Harbor bill, which appropriates \$7,000,000. An adverse report was made on the joint resolution providing for the election of United States Senators by the people. At Mr. Weaver's (Ia.) request the resolution was placed on the calendar... SERATE — The Senate yesterday passed the House bill for the rehef of dependent parents and of honorably discharged soldiers and sailors now disabled. It provides for a pension of \$12 per month. A bill for the establishment of agricultural experimental stations was passed. Senator Cullom (Iil.) gave notice that on February 3 he would offer proper resolutions and ask the Senate to take action with reference to the life and services of his late colleague, Senator Logan. A substitute late colleague, Senator Logan. A substitute for the Edmund's Postal-Telegraph bill was favorably reported from the Committee on Post-offices. [The provisions of the substi-tute will be found elsewhere.] The Sundry Civil bill, appropriating \$22,693,856, was report-This is an increase of \$2,940,445 over the

Washington, Jan. 28.—House—The National House debated the Pleuro-Pneumonia bill at great length yesterday, but adjourned without reaching a vote. Several amendments were adopted. The House also passed the Washington cable-railway charter and agreed to a conference report on the bill making an annual appropriation of \$400.000 for the equipment of the militia forces . SENATE—The session in the Senate was taken up in debating the bill to prohibit Senators and members of Congress from acting as attorneys or employes of land-

WASHINGTON, Jan. 81.—House—The House of Representatives passed the Post-of propriation bill and a bill setting aside \$10,000 for a special distribution of seed in Texas by the Commissioner of Agriculture...Senate—The Senate passed the bill changing the boundaries of the Yellowstone Park. The Beck Railroad-Attorney bill was left unfinished business for to-day. Washington, Feb. 1,-House-In the House

Washington, Feb. 1.—House—In the House pesterday Mr. Lawler (Ill.) presented resolutions reciting the possibility of war with England, calling attention to our defenseless sea and lake ports, and asking the President, as Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy, to report what steps are necessary, in his judgment, to provide for this emergency. The resolutions were retread, Mr. Boutelie (Me.) offered a resolution. ferred. Mr. Boutelle (Me.) offered a resolution directing the Foreign Affairs Committeeto report back forthwith the Senate Retaliation bill. Mr. back forthwith the Senate Retaliation bill. Mr. McRea (Ark.) introduced a bill prohibiting Congressmen from acting as attorneys or employes for railroad companies holding charters or having grants of land or pecuniary aid from the United States. Mr. Campbell (N. Y.) introduced a bill increasing to \$15,000 the salaries of the Supreme Court Justices and the Cabinet officers. The Agricultural Appropriation bill was passed...SENATE—The Senate yesterday adopted resolutions of inquiry as to the Apache Indians held in confinement in Fiorida, and whether any National banks require payment of loans or discounted notes in gold only. Senator Hoar (Mass.) presented a resolution declaring in favor of retaliation to the extent of prohibiting Canadian vessels from purchasing supplies in American vessels from purchasing supplies in American ports, and, eventually, the exclusion of all Canadian products by land or sea, it was re-ferred to the Foreign Relations Committee.

After the Shylocks

Bosrox, Feb. 1.—Mayor O'Brien has found that 230 city employes have assigned their wages, amounting to \$120,000 a month, to shylouks, to whom they pay from 60 to 12) per cent a year. The mayor has determined to break up the evil, and has written a vigorous message to the City Council denouncing the shylocks and de-manding that the money-changers be driven from all connection with the city department.

Receiver Asked For.

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 1.-A receiver has been asked for by the Monarch Insurance Company, of this city, which is unable to raise \$65,000 to pay accrued losses, B. F. Allen has for two years been president of the institution, and will continue as re-

Death of a Wealthy Safe-Maker. SARATOGA. N. Y., Feb. 1.—John McBride Davidson, the safe manufacturer, died here Sunday night. He leaves an estate of about \$500,000. He was a ward of Erastus Corning, and was one of the promoters of the Albany day line of steamboats.

A Farmer Assigns. VINCENNES, Ind., Feb. 1.—Captain Al Sloo, a wealthy farmer near here, assigned Saturday for the benefit of his creditors.

Liabilities, \$30,000. Woman Suffrage in the House of Lords. LONDON, Feb. 1.—In the House of Lords yesterday a motion for a second reading of Woman Suffrage bill was rej con without a division.

OCEAN HORROR.

A British Ship Sunk by an Unknown Ves-sel Off the Coast of Brazil-Three Hun-

dred Emigrants Drowned.

London, Feb. 1.—The British ship Kapunda, which left London on December 11 for Fremansle, Western Australia, with emigrants, came into collision near the coast of Brazil with an unknown vessel and was sunk. Three hundred of those on board were drowned. The remainder were saved and have arrived at Bahia. The Kapunda was an iron ship of 1,084 tons. She was commanded by Captain Mason.

clude nearly all the crew. The women and thildren went down with the awful surge with which the vessel sank, known vessel, supposed to have been an armored war ship belonging Chili, escaped in the dark darkness without an attempt to rescue the victims of the accident. She is blamed for the collision by the Kapuna's people, who say their lookout and lights were efficient, while the other vessel, going at full speed in spite of a heavy fog, paid no attention and backed out as quickly as the engines could be reversed, leaving a chasm

The survivors are mostly men and in-

in the quarter of the emigrant vessel. LONDON, Feb. 1 .- The vessel with which the Kapanda collided was the British bark Ada Melmore, which also went to the bottom. All told 304 persons were drowned.

A FALLING TREE.

It Crushes Through a Building, Killing Nine Chinamen and Wounding Several Persons.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. L - About two o'clock yesterday morning a high wind sprang up on the west slope of the Casmountains. East of Tacoma, W. T., about eleven miles from west end of the Northern Pacific tunnel, it blew a large tree down into a camp where a number of Chinese laborers were sleeping. Nine bodies had been re-moved at last accounts, and a dozen or more were injured. There is three or four feet of snow on the ground, and several bodies are still supposed to be buried in snow under the fallen timber.

At Hunt's camp, a few miles west of the Chinese camp, a similar accident occurred among white laborers, and six were severely injured, none, it is believed, fatally. The wind blew probably sixty miles per hour down the gorge through which the Cascade branch of the Northern Pacific

PARNELL'S VIEWS.

The Irish Leader's Amendment to the Address in Reply to the Queen's Speech. LONDON, Feb. 1 .- Mr. Parnell's amendment to the address replying to the speech from the throne sets forth that the relations between the owners and the occu-piers of land in Ireland have not been seriously disturbed in the cases where the owners have granted to tenants such reductions as were demanded by the prices of agricultural and pastoral produce. The remedy for the crisis in Irish agricultural affairs will not be found in increased stringency in criminal procedure or in the pursuit of such novel, doubtful and unconstitutional measures as have recently been taken by her Majesty's Gov ernment, but in such reform of law and system of government as will satisfy needs and secure the confidence of the Irish people.

German War Views.

Berlin, Feb. 1.-The National Liberal Committee, in their address to the electors, say: "Never since the Franco-German war has the danger of great conflict been so near. No statesman can form any certain conclusion as the future, even for a few weeks. The peace of Europe rests at this moment sole ly upon the strength, readiness for action and moral trustworthiness of the German army. The unpropitious issue of the elec-tions will bring down upon the country war with all its terrors, and, even with the best results, heavy losses."

Gladstone on the Irish Question.

LONDON, Feb. 1 .- Mr. Gladstone, in another article in the February number of the Nineteenth Century, contends that, though Ireland formerly gained concessions from England through fear, an attempt by Ireland to repeat her former tactics would be like warring against Heaven. Now England's strength, compared with Ireland's, is as ten to one. He would rather rely, he says, upon England's innate sense of justice. Mr. Gladstone defends the Ameri ionations to Ireland on the ground that they have done much to stave off famine.

Pendleton Interviewed.

New York, Feb. 1.-Hon. George H. Pen dleton, United States Minister to Germany, who arrived from Berlin Sunday, said in an interview yesterday that while the situa-tion when he left Germany two weeks ago was very much strained he believed that Emperor William and Prince Bismarck were anxious to avoid a war with France and would accord heartily with any honorable proposition for peace.

Spies' Betrothed Writing a Book CRICAGO, Feb. 1 .- Miss Van Zandt is now engaged in getting ready for publication a history of Spies and the other con-demned Anarchists. An interesting feature in the book is an auto-biographical sketch by Spies, in which he blasphemously compares himself to Christ, and finds an analogy in the crucifixion to his own condemnation for inciting the Haymarket massacre.

Favor the Construction of More Cruisers. WASHINGTON, 1 Feb. 1 .- The naval subommittee on construction has reached an agreement, which will doubtless receive the approval of the full committee, looking to an appropriation for the construc-tion of two 5,000-ton cruisers of the New-ark type, five 1,700-ton gun-boats patterned after gun-boat No. 1, and three sea-going

Adams Gets Five Years.

Curcaso, Feb. 1.—Judge Biodgett, in the United States District Court, yesterday morning, overruled a motion for a new trial of "Bobby" Adams, the Minneapolis post-office robber. Then Adams was brought into court by a bailiff and was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary at Joliet and \$100 and one-sixth part of the costs of his trial. CHICAGO, Feb. 1 .- Judge Blodgett, in the costs of his trial.

Many Converts.

CHAMPAIGN, Ill., Feb. 1.—A remarkable religious awakening is sweeping over this and adjacent counties in Illinois. Revivals are in progress at one or more churches in almost every town. Elder Parker says over 700 have been converted in the Methodist churches alone in the Champaign dis-

Heirs to a Large Estate.
WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 1.—Intelligence was received here Monday afternoon by Alderman G. S. Graff that his family had fallen heirs to an estate in Holland worth \$76,000,000. Descendants of the original owner of the property are said to be scattered over the Western States.

Three Hundred Lost. London, Feb. 1.—The British ship Ka-punda, loaded with emigrants for Austra-lia, was sunk off the Brazilian coast for collision with an unknown vessel. Three

hundred and four lives were lose.

UNGER'S ANGER.

It Causes Him to Commit a Terrible Crime.

A New York Man Murders a Friend During a Quarrel, Dissects His Remains and Ships Them to Baltimore in a Trunk-His Confession.

A WRETCHED MURDERER'S STORY.

New YORK, Jan. 28.—Edward Unger, fifty-two years of age, has been arrested for the murder of the butchered man found Wednesday in a trunk at Baltimore motive of the crime was robbery. The evi-

dence is strong against him.

New Yors, Jan. 31.—Unger, the man suspected of the murder of Bohle, has conlessed to Inspector Byrnes.

He says he first met Bohle in November. The latter soon afterwards went to live at Unger's rooms. January 20, while Unger's son was out, Bohle and Unger had a quarrel when the former applied opprobious epithets to the latter and struck him. This led to a fight, and Ungerclaims that Bohle attempted to stab him, whereupon he hit Bohle in the head with a hammer, which went into the skull up to the handle. Bohle fell dead on the sofa, and Unger hid the body in the room so his son would not know what had happened. Next day Unger bought a rubber bag and a rubber cloth and cut the body up, first severing the head. The remains were placed in a trunk belonging to Bohle, and then he took the head under his arm, and going on board a Grand street ferryboat dropped the bundle into the East river. He next got the trunk out of the house, and sent it to the beer saloon of a man named Beuse at No. 395 Kent avenue, Brooklyn. Unger then gave an order at Wescott's express office to send for the trunk, having first placed the card on it addressed to John A. Wilson, Baltimore. Unger identified the trunk and clothing found in it, also the slip of paper or which Wilson's address was writted. says he did not mean to kill Bohle, but be lieved his life was in danger when he struck him with the hammer, and that he disposed of the body as he did so as to cure himself and his children from disgrace.

RATHER THREATENING.

Canada and England Assume a Warlike Attitude—Pensioners Ordered to Prepare for Active Service-A Fleet of War Vessels to Be Dispatched from England.

Oftawa, Ont., Jan. 31.—A circular has been received from the British Admiralty calling upon all marine pensioners under fifty-five years of age to hold themselves in readiness for active service. Only one such circular has been issued since the Crimean war. Considerable excitement has been caused among pensioners and their families.

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 31.-It is officially stated that the Government, in response to an appeal to the mother country, has re ceived assurances from the Imperial au-thorities that men-of-war will be dis patched in the spring for the purpose of co-operating with Canadian cruisers in en forcing the protection of Canadian fish-

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 1 .- A prominent official confirms the report that the Imperial Government will send out men-of-war next season to assist in protecting Canadian fisheries. The reason why aid was not rendered last season was due to the long correspondence which had taken place be tween Canada and England on the matter, and by the time the Imperial authorities had settled on their policy the fishing season had nearly expired.

Senator Farwell's Position. WASHINGTON, Jan. 81.—Senator Farwell

says frankly that he does not intend to vote against the confirmation of any of the President's nominees unless they are proved to be very deep-dyed rascals, that this is a Democratic Administration and Mr. Cleveland is responsible for the men he picks out, and Senator Farwell has no notion of volunteering to share his responsibility. Work Commenced on an Immense Audi-

torium.

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—Ground was broken Saturday for the great new Auditorium edifice, to be erected on the north side of Congress street, in this city, extending from Michigan avenue to Wabash avenue. It is to be eleven stories high and will cost \$1,500,000. The seating capacity of the auditorium will be 5,000, with a possibility

Randall's Proposed Tariff Bill. WASHINGTON, Jan. 27 .- An estimate of the reduction that would result from the passage of the bill outlined by Randall

lows: Tobacco, \$27,925,139; licenses, \$4,884,33; fruit distillations, \$1,321,897; whisky, \$23,028,938; alcohol, \$4,500,000; tar-iff reduction, \$8,000,000.

Why the Knights Object.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The belief on Change is that the Knights of Labor are desirous that the President should veto the Inter-State Commerce bill, because if becomes a law the railroads will to a ertain extent, be under Government control, and a strike against a road may be considered resistance to the Government.

Frost Ruins the Prospect for Peaches. perienced fruit-men in this section say that he recent severe cold weather has killed he peach crop. Small fruits, such as black erries, raspberries, cherries and currants,

They Want to Be Heard.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—C. Me Depew, president of the New York Central road, has asked of the Attorney-General a hear-ing in opposition to the Inter-State Com-merce bill. He was requested to forward a brief of his argument.

Dividend Declared.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31 .- Acting Secretary Fairchild has declared a final dividend of five per cent. in favor of the creditors of the World's Exposition at New Orleans, payable out of the appropriation of \$335,000 made by Congress in aid of the exposition.

Not Trying to Secure Mackin's Pardon. CEICAGO, Jan. 31.—In a card to the public the wife of Joseph C. Mackin states that no steps toward his pardon have been taken with his or her sanction, and that a release obtained by scheming is not desired.

Indicted for Election Frauds. Sr. Louis, Jan. 29.—Fourteen indictments against persons who violated the election

laws last November were returned Friday by the United States grand jury. Warrants were issued for the arrest of the accused. The Flood at Port Deposit. PORT DEPOSIT, Md., Jan. 33.—The ice gorge remains unbroken, and the main street is still four feet under water. The situation here is becoming more serious, as

provisions and fuel are growing scarce.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 31.—May Foster, on trial for the murder of Josie Scarry, her room-mate and companion in shame, has

Free Trade.

The reduction of internal revenue and the taking off of revenue stamps from Proprietary Medicines, no doubt has largely benefited the consumers, as well as relieving the burden of home manufactures. Especially is this the case with Green's August Flower and Boshee's German Syrup, as the reduction of thirty-six cents per dozen, has been added to increase the size of the bottles containing these remedi-s, thereby giving one-fifth more medicine in the 75 cent size. The August Flower for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, and the German Syrup for Cough and Lung troubles, have perhaps, the largest sale of any medicines in the world. The advantage of increased size of the bottles will be greatly appreciated by the sick and afflicted, in every town and village in civilized countries. Sample bottles for 10 cents remain the same size.

A great scarcity of the very small coins is reported. We are afraid the heathen have got all the very small coins by this time.

the Children. They are especially liable to sudden Colds, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. We guarantee Acker's English Remedy a positive cure. It saves hours of anxious watching. Sold by JOHN MOORE, Druggist.

If at the last day every one has to answer for every idle word spoken on earth it will take eternity for the society girl to file all her answers.

Mr. W. R. Graves, of Wetheredville, Md., writes:-I suffer sometimes with acute rheumatism, and your Salvation Oil gives me instantaneous rehef. 1 cordial'y recommend it as a sure cure.

A good many tables begin "Once on a time." Oddly ground men have been once on a time they are apt to invent fables.

Dr. Seth Arnold: My Dear Sir-"The Cough Killer vou kindly sent me is almost gone, and I want it always in the house. wish the world knew its value,"-Rev. Jefferson Haskall, Medford, Mass. For sale at all druggists. Price 25c, 50c and \$1 per bottle.

Next to trying to catch the ear of a deaf man, the hardest thing in the world is to convince yourself that you've caught the attention of a cross-eyed woman.

HALE'S HONEY is the best Cough Cure, 25. 50c., \$1. GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP heals and beautifies, 25c. GERMAN CORN REMOVER kills Corns & Bunions, 25c. HILL'S HAIR & WHISKER DYE-Black & Brown, 50c. PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS cure in 1 Minute, 25c DEAN'S RHEUMATIC PILLS are a sure cure, 50c.

Emma-"Reggy, darling, when we are married you wil not smoke in the house, will you?" Reggy-' No, love, the fellows will expect me at the club, you know." Still, Emma is not happy.

Young husband--Isn't there something peculiar about the taste of these onions my dear? Young wife (anxiously)-9, I hope not, dear. I took such pains with I even sprinkled them with jockey club before I put them to boil to take away the unpleasant odor.

THE LATEST DISCOVERY.

Dr. Laparle's Celebrated Preparation, Safe and Always Reliable. Indispensable to *LADIES*. Send 4 cents for Sealed Circular. CALUMET CHEMICAL CO., Chicago. Mention

ALLI BILLID

The Greatest Blood Purifier KNOWN. This Great German Medi cheapest and best. 128 dose PHUR BITTERS for \$1.00, one cent a dose. It will o worst cases of skin diseas t common pimple on the o that awful disease Scro SULPHUR BITTERS is cest medicine to use in asses of such stubborn an leep scated diseases. D ur Kid-

BLUE PILLS ter what all Sulphur Bitters! Syour Tongue Coate Don't wait until you Il cure you. Sulph

The Invalid's Friend. The young, the aged and to read here, it may save y ife, it has saved hundre on twait until to-morrow,

Try a Bottle To-day! Are you low-spirited and weak suffering from the excesses outh? If so, SULPHUR BITTERS

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published?

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

Ann Arbor Savings Bank ANN ARBOR, MICH.,

MONDAY, Jan. 3d, A. D., 1887 MADE

in Accordance with Sections 18, 19 and 67 of the General Banking Laws as Amended in 1871.

RESOURCES.

LIABILITIES.

Furniture and Fixtures

Due from National and State Banks.... Cash on hand ... \$ 584.86

I do solemnly swear that the above statemer true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. CHAS. E. HISCOCK, Cashie

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 4th of January, 1887. L. GRUNER, Notary Publi

WOOD, FLOUR AND FEED.

I have constantly on hand a large Stock of

Atas Reasonable Prices as any in this City.

SPECIAL RATES

To purchasers of four Cords or over.

I also keep all kinds of

& Feed Which

will be delivered on Short Notice. Telephone No. 111.

H. RICHARDS. GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1876 BAKER'S



Breakfast Cocoa. Warranted absolutely pure Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar and is therefore far more economi cal, cotting less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health. Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Sawing Made Easy. MONABCH LIGHTNING SAWING MACHINE SENT ON 30 DAYS TEST TRIAL.

MONABOH MPG. CO., CARPENTERVILLE, ILL.



THE BEST POTATO DIGGER

THE "MONARCH" aves its cost yearly. Guar-anteed to dig 500 bushels per day. Special Terms to good agents SENT TEST TRIAL. MONARCH MFG. CO., Carpentersville. III.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. Advertising Bureau (1985pulce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK. For Sale by Druggists in Ann Arbor.



Time Table.-Taking effect Nov. 14, 1886. GOING EAST. -STANDARD TIME.

Stations.	*N	6.1), A								
Chicago		M. 50		M. 00								ı
									P.	M.		
Michigan City	9	15			4	58	10	18				
Buchanan	10	20		M.						M.		
Niles	10	38	12	15	5	49	11	13	12	55		
Decatur	11	27	12	58					1	42		
	P.	M					A.	M.			A.	M
Kalamazoo	12	17	1	50	6	58	12	83	2	35	6	
Battle Creek MarshallArri	1	12	20	27	3	38		au		20		
	ve 2									43		
Albion		25								05		
Jackson	3	10	4	18				10	4			1
Grass Lake		88		55522						13	9	
Chelsea		59								35	9	
Dexter		38		30				35				
Ypsilanti		50										
Wayne Juncti	on 5	15	6	05			5	15	6	47	11	0
West Detroit											11	
DetroitArri	ve 6	00	1 6	40	10	50	6	00	6	30	17	4

GOING WEST. "M'I Ex. Ex. Kex Ex. Ex. Detroit.....Leave West Detroit..... Wayne Junction ANN ARBOR....

> Canada Division. GOING EAST. - DETROIT TO BUFFALO

Pac. N. Y. M'l & Atl B&NY NY.EX L. EX ac'da. Ex. Ex.

Canada Division.

GOING WEST .- BUFFALO TO DETROIT. Chi. Fast M'l & Amer Pac. Ex. W.Ex Acc. Ex. Ex. Buffalo.....Leave *11 30 *5 45 *6 65 *19 00 *11 35 Susp. Bridge...Ar 12 30 6 43 Runs via 12 38 Niagara Falis... 12 45 6 55 Ft. Erie 12 56 Falis View 70 10 7 26 7 10 10 65 1 33 St. Thomas...Ar. 4 10 9 55 11 15 1 10 4 35 Detroit....Arrive 8 05 1 05 8 45 5 20 8 45 A. M. P. M. P. M. P. M. P. M.

*Sunday excepted. †Daily, O. W. RUGGLES. H. W. HAYES, G. P. & T. A., Chicago, L cal Ag't, Ann Arbor Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan R'y. Time Table going into effect Sunday, Nov. 28, *86. Going North, STATIONS. Going South.

4. 6. 2. Standard Time. Ex. Pass. M'l. 7 30 Leland's 6 45 7 48 Whitmore Lake A. M. 7 55 Hamburg 30 Howell 18 30 Durand 14 11 58Alma 12 45 ...Mt, Pleasant

All passenger trains run daily except Sunday. Connections at Toledo with railroads diverging. At Manhattan Junction with Wheeling & Lake Erie P. R. At Alexis Junction with M. C. R. L. S. d'y and F. & P. M. S. E. A. Monroe Junction P. R. At Alexis Junction with W.C. R. R. L. S. a'y and F & P. M. S. E. A. Monroe Junction with L. S. & M. S. R'y. At Dundee with L. S. & M. S. R'y. At Dundee with L. S. & P. Ry. At Pittsfield with L. S. & M. S. R'y. At Ann Arbor with Michigan Central R. R., and at South Lyon with Detroit, Lansing and North-ern R. R., and G. T. Ry. H. W. ASHLEY W. H.BENNETT

-CUSHMAN'S-PAT. JAN. 5, 1886.

MENTHOL INHALER AFFORDS QUICK RELIEF OF NEURALGIA, HEADACHE, HAY FEVER,

CATARRH, ASTHMA,

H. D. CUSHMAN.

Children Cry For PITCHER'S

A Practically Perfect Preparation for Children's Complaints.

HEARTLESS CRUELTY

it is to delude a poor sufferer into the belief that some worthless liniment will cure rheamatism and neuralgia. Honesty is the best policy in the manufacture of proprietary ar-ticles as in all other matters, and the fact that the proprietors of Athlophoros have never claimed for it even all its merit would warrant has not a little to do with its wonderful popularity, and the thousands of grateful stimonials received by them show that their policy has been wise as well as right.

Experience has amply demonstrated that mere outward applications are worth-The disease has its seat in the blood. and any remedy to be successful must deal with the obstructive acid which poisons

Athlophoros acts on the blood, muscles and joints directly. It takes the poison out of the blood and carries it out of the system; it invigorates the action of the muscles and limbers the stiffness of the joints. It reaches the liver and kidneys, cleansing them from irritating substances, and, if followed up after the rheumatic conditions cease, it will restore these organs to regularity and health.

Otto Auwers, Watertown, Wis., says: "I have been more or less subject to severe rheumatism for fourteen years. During that time I was never free from the disease until I used Athlophoros. I have been laid up for months at a time; the last at-tack was four months. I could not assist myself, my wife was obliged to feed me and I had to be lifted in and out of bed. I have spent at least a thousand dollars with nothing but temporary relief. When I used the first bottle of Athlophoros I began to feel relief and when I had finished taking the fourth bottle I was well and have not been troubled with rheumatism since.'

Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they can-not be bought of the druggist the Athlo-phoros Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is \$1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c for Pills.

for Athlophoros and 50c. for Pills.

For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, and digestion, weakness, nervous debility, diseases of women, constitution, hendache, impure blood, &c., Athlophoros Pills are unequaled.

-THE--PARMERS' and MECHANICS' BANK

OF ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN,

Report of the condition of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank at Ann Arbor, Michigan, Jo Saturday, July Third (3) A. D. 1886, made in ac-corrance with Sections 18, 19, and 67 of the General Banking Laws as amended in 1871.

KESOURCES,		
Loans and Discounts	8 165,992 549	57
Overdrafts	3,497	
Due from Banks and Bankers	24,225	
Legal Tender and Bank Notes	4,977	
Bonds, U. S. Premiums on U. S. Bonds	735	
bonds, Local	2,836	
Specie, Frac. Currency, Nickels and Pennies,	3,850 67	
	\$210,627	70
'LIABILITIES.	SCTO, UNI	**
Capital paid in	50,000	
Surplus Fund	3,485	
Undivided Profits	155.355	
Dividends	1,750	
	BOAD DOD	-

I do solemnly swear that the above statement true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. WIELIAM A. TOLCHARD, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this Sixth day of July, 1886.

O. L. MATTHEWS, Notary Public.

INSURANCE,

REAL ESTATE AND LOAN AGENCY OF

W. HAMILTON Offices, No. 1 and 2, First Floor Hamilton Block.

Parties desiring to buy or sell Real Estate will find it to their advantage to call on me. I repre wing first-class Fire Insura panies, having an aggregate capital of over \$30,

Sun Fire, London Guardian Insurance, . London

Guardian Insurance, London
Northern, London
Fire Insurance Association, London
Mechanic's Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Milwaukee
Fire Association, Philadelphis
American Fire, Philadelphis
Westchester Fire, New York
New Hampshire Fire, Grand Rapids
Underwriters, Grand Rapids
Underwriters, Chicago

Rates Low. Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid.

I also issue Life and Investment Policies in the New York Mutual Life Insurance Company. As mets \$55,000,000. Persons desiring Accident Insur ance, can have yearly Policies written for them of Traveler's Coupon Insurance Tickets issued st Low Rates in the Accident Insurance Company of North America. Money to Loan at Curren Rates. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 12 M., and 2 W

> ALEX. W. HAMILTON, Hamilton Block

THE BEST SALESMEN.

Newspaper advertising is now recognized bearewd business men as the best of all possible salesmen—one who never sleeps and is never weary—who goes after business early and lais—who can be in a thousand places at ones, an speak to a million people each day, saying to eacone the best thing in the best manner.



It is Generally conceded by physicians that the spring truss is the best known instrument for retaining hernia, giving a uniform pressure and conforming to the various positions of the body. They are clean, comfortable and dur-

Our stock is large, embracing all the leading makes. We guarantee satisfac-

Browne & Sharpe Hair Clipper No. 1 \$3.50; Postage 15c. Browne & Sharpe Horse Clipper No. 2 \$3.00; Postage 25c.

MANN BRO'S, Druggists, Ann Arbor.

Before you place a dollar's worth of Newspaper advertising, get our prices. The exact cost of any paper, or list of papers cheerfully furnished free upon application.

J. C. HOUCH, HOUGH BLOCK Details Me

A NOVEL INSTITUTION.

A PLACE WHERE LONDONERS GO FOR INFORMATION OF ALL KINDS.

An Office of Universal Information for the Public-Simple System of Arrangement-Curious Queries Received from Widely Different Sources.

"Nothing is so easy as the invention of yesterday," is a truism of particular force when brought in connection with the univer sal knowledge and information office situated in Southampton street, Bloomsbury, which will probably be best known to the our readers from the sight of elongated persons with lugubrious faces, dressed in coats reaching to their feet, and carrying a lightly made desk, wal'ting along the main thoroughfares for all the world like a series of new and revised editons of the Wandering Jew. These men are perambulating branch offices of the central information office, and any question given to them in writing will be forwarded to headquarters and replied to without loss The history of this remarkable in stitution is brief but curious, since it differs from all similar undertakings in the fact that it is neither a commercial concern nor s money speculation. The establishment of a universal knowledge and information office is entirely due to Lord Truro, who started the office with the double object of benefiting the public and providing a new opening for the employment of women. "It was my idea," said the founder of the bureau in the course of an interview we had with him on a recent occasion, "to found a central office, where any person could have any question answered without delay, where researches into literature, science and art could be conducted, where all languages could be written or transposed, calculations be made, and statistics be kept always available." Such an institution is now in a flourishing state of existence and its work is as various as it is interesting. A SIMPLE SYSTEM.

The system of arrangement is simple. Correspondents have been appointed in every town of importance throughout the world. Its interor working is divided into departments, each comprising a range of subjects, from agriculture to Hindoostani and from literature to engineering. A large staff, comprising over thirty persons, is kept on the premises, and among them are linguists capable of writing and translating every tongue from Welsh to Japanese and from Portuguese to Greek. One is a practical chemist, another an engineer, while among the rest are artists, designers, ladies well up in the various kinds of fine work, tapestry, etc., and gentlemen of liberal education and literary knowledge for general research. Beside these some 200 others are employed on various errands. A large staff is kept making researches at the British museum, another at the Guildhall library. In short here is no branch of knowledge, language or subject on which immediate information cannot be given, providing it is not a question requiring lengthy research. There are, however, two things which the office will not do, and about these Lord Truro, who, by the way, personally superintends the bureau every day, is very particular. The first relates to questions of a detective or in-quisitorial character; the second rule lays lown that the office shall not interfere with any of the professions.

The arrangements in Southampton street are admirable, but although established only in January, 1884, the work has outgrown the space allotted to it and larger premises will have to be shortly sought. Several hundred letters are received every morning and more continue to pour in throughout the day. Every letter is at once attended to and put into the hands of a lady or gentleman in whose department the inquiry may be. questions are next registered in a book and the answer when sent is also recorded. Some of these queries are exceedingly curious and give an interesting insight into the bent of people's minds. They comprise every subject, known or unknown languages to be translated into English and back again and we may here note that a very large number of queries come from abroad. The payment for these foreign questions is generally made in money or stamps of the country from which the letters come, and in this way Lord Truro has acquired a large and curious collection of foreign money and stamps. Among those we saw were Russian rubles, Roumanian 20 lei pieces, Italian lire, German gulden, American notes and Spanish dollars, to say nothing of rupees and postage stamps galore.

THREE CLASSES OF QUESTIONS.

The questions received in Southampton street may be divided into three classesthe ordinary, the curious and the ridiculous, though the last mentioned comprise but a small minority. Queries respecting hair dyes, nose machines, quack medicines, etc., are, of course, in the ascendant, but of a more thoughtful kind are those such as that put by an inquirer wanting to know: "How can you tell the difference between a blow and a fall, judging from the effects only?" Another inquiring mind asks for the address of "the headuarters of the non-polygamous Mormons." Others demand a list of the different appointments in the gift of the government for which no examination is required, the first mention of the mehdi, and where it occurs, why St. James is the patron saint of Cupar-Fife and fourteen or fifteen names of men who deal in cotton waste in Spain. One correspondent writes from Japan to learn "the French for opium caste," and another from Worcester asks "Who is in possession of two estates in Santa Cruz.

It is the ladles, however, who distinguish themselves the most, and their queries are as various as they are instructive. A number have sent for correct costumes for fancy dress balls, one even requiring that of the Queen of Sheba, a request which was met with a water color sketch of the dame in queston correctly costumed. Two different ladies in different towns have asked for recipes for preventing blushing, a somewhat startling fact; indeed, we could have more easily understood a prayer for the secret of an imitation article "Where," asks one damsel, "can information be obtained as to the falsetto singing practiced in the Alps, and "what," writes another fair maid, the antidote for the poison of a fleas" Th quest for a recipe for an ink that will vanish after it has been on paper eight or ten days can be easily understood and is often repeated, but what is meant by the petition for "full particulars as to flirtation by postage stamps" we are at a loss to learn. Leaving the fair sex and quoting from the general questions we cull the following: "Who in the house of commons uninterare the duties of best men at a wedding? "How to enter ladies' society?" the average speed of a fire engine" "Where can a dumb piano be purchased?" "Is there a copyright between England and Russia?" "Give the names of architects practicing in Copenhagen." "Give addresses of homes for ladies suffering from dipsomania," and Do Bordeaux pigeons really come from

The registers from which we have quoted are kept in strict privacy, but were they available they would give a better insight into the workings of the minds of the public than any similar records with which we are

acquainted. The charges made for answering such questions as these vary considerably, from 1 shilling for an ordinary query to sev eral pounds for researches extending over a lengthy period. - London Globe.

HOW TO GET STRONG.

Good Advice for Weaklings-Some of Mr. Blaikie's Maxims.

William Blaikie, the author of that much read little volume, "How to Get Strong and How to Stay So," in the course of his lectare urged that the education of our bodies was neglected; that we used our muscles, but not wisely. Exercise was necessary, and it should be judicious, well directed and constant to be beneficial.

To illustrate how deficient many men were who were professional athletes, Mr. Blaikie instanced the case of Edward Hanlan, whom he had had excellent opportunity to observe when referee in the famous boat race at Chautauqua lake, where Courtney's shell "Hanlan harl been pulling all his life," said the speaker, "and his pulling muscles were tremendously developed. I doubted if his pushing muscles were so strong

so I asked him to try this little exercise. Here Mr. Blaikie brought forward a couple of chairs, placed himself between them, his hands on the top of the chair backs and did the "dipping" exercise which was practiced

so much by the late William Cullen Bryant. "I did this exercise five or six times. tinued the lecturer, "and then asked Hanlan to try. How many times do you suppose that big, muscular oarsman did it? He got lown on his knees between the chairs and there he stuck. 'Get up,' said I. 'I can't,' says he. 'Try hard,' I urged. 'I am trying hard as I can, he protested. Think of that for the then champion oarsman of

Mr. Blaikie then passed to a review of men and women who were celebrated for their great achievements, attributing much of their superiority to their physical strength an endurance.

Following are some of Mr. Blaikie's One way to derive benefit from exercise is

Fight shy of shower baths; they shock the

What is the good of superfluous flesh? In short, what is the good of anything super-

Breathe through your nose when running and always run on your toes. A runner's heels should never touch the ground. Bicycling is a good exercise until you come

Deep breathing will save you from many lung troubles and build up your chest. Six hours of mental work, or eight at most,

Overwork in a gymnasium is dangerous.

A Great City's Dead Animals.

"What becomes of the dead animals in a large city?" asked an official in the health office yesterday. "I can tell you what becomes of those we have to deal with. are shipped to a rendering establishment thirty miles south of the city, where they are skinned, cooked, dried and ground up into guano. These works are located in a The place is called Globe station, but with the exception of the huge building in which the rendering is done there is not a structure for miles around. No passenger trains run past this immense animal crematory for the reason that the stench hanging around the neigh-borhood would nauseate an ordinary person,

The dead animals reach the works late at night. Upon their arrival a nan goes around yanking off the shoes on the horses' feet and cutting off their tails and manes. The dogs, cows, cats and horses are then taken to the steaming room, where the frost is taken out of them, after which they are skinned. The meat is taken off their bones and cast into a great vat, where it is boiled to a pulp. From the vat the meat is taken to a drying room, where it soon hardens. It is then ground up and sold as one brand of guano. There is nothing about a dead ani-mal that is not turned to profit. The skin of the horses is sold for saddle coverings and boot leggings, while the larger bones of the noble animal are purchased by manufacturers of cutlery. The manes go to the shoe-makers and the long, glossy tails are made up into livery stable switches. The small bones of all animals are ground up into fertilizing material, which is preferred to either blood or meat guano for the reason that it contains more lime.

"It costs the city \$7,500 a year to dispose of its dead animals. The owners of the beasts receive no money for the 'stiffs,' as they become the property of the city the moment they are removed from the buildings in which they died."—Chicago Herald.

Four Cylinders to a Locomotive. "There is a revolution impending in the construction of locomotives," said a railroad engineer the other day, "and the improve-ment, I understand, is due to the success of the triple expansion engines on ocean steam-Not that compound engines are to be used for locomotives, but if a number of cylinders aggregating the same power will save coal on an ocean steamer why not on a locomotive. The fact that the present system is not the best has been well known for a long time. The transmission of power through the connecting rods to the two drivers is an uneconomcial way at best, and when in going around curves the wheels are not able to turn in unison one or the other must slip so long as they are rigidly con-

'Now it is proposed to use four cylinders instead of two, one pair for each set of drivers. The aggregate power of the four is equall to that of the two now used, but it was found in a series of experiments made at Woolwich arsenal in England by the British war office that the power used to move the locomotive itself was from 30 to 40 per cent. less with four cylinders than with two. experiments were made with an old two cylinder locomotive altered to use four cylin-Of course the results were not to those that could be obtained with a machine made to order. The coming loco-motive will have a pair of cylidners for each driving wheel axle."—New York Sun.

The Blue Catfish as Game, All my life I have taken great delight in

fishing, and have had the pleasure of landing many of the game fishes of our waters. Among those which have furnished the most sport is the blue or channel cat. Of all the fish that I ever booked it makes the hardest fight for its life. It differs from them in that they, when struck, leap out of the water and rush through it with their mouths open thus making it much easier to conquer and land them; while the catfish takes the hook in its mouth and starts for the bottom of the stream or lake with a vim that will test the tackle of the best expert. I have had more real sport with it than with any other the strike to the landing net, and requires longer to bring it to land than any other of its weight. —Forest and Stream.

A Commendable Art.

It is proposed to the government to an-nounce the coming of storms by firing cannon. The idea seems commendable. Each signal cannon should be loaded with a

MUSIC FOR CHURCHES.

THE STAGE ROBS THE CHURCH CHOIR OF THE BEST VOICES.

The Growing Demands of Church Goers, The Secret of the Present Dearth of Good Voices-Sopranos and Tenors Becoming Scarce.

The churches in New York are trying to solve the problem how and where the music for 1887 is to be obtained. There is money enough to pay for cultivated voices, but the trouble is that trained voices are not in the market. As in times past the church going public demanded that they should have a preacher of celebrity and power, so now they demand that cultivated voices shall be furnished for the choir. Although there is a development of the craving for chorus choirs and for double quartets, nothing short of a well balanced, competent choir that can interpret the most difficult selections will satisfy the average church goer. In fact, the character of the music rendered by a church choir to-day is of as much importance and great a drawing card as the man who occupies the pulpit. Con-sequently the church music committees are having a very industrious hunt for good

Cultivated soprano and tenor voices are in great demand, and it seems that the vocal-ists of New York are looking for salaries as well as fame. It is estimated that the sala ries paid for church music in this city, although ranging from \$100 to \$3,000 per year, aggregate without doubt many times the pastoral salaries. It has long been the complaint of those engaged in church choir work that they were by no means sufficiently recompensed for the time and abil-ity involved, but so long as volunteers and able recruits could be had almost for the asking their plaints and criticisms were

FOUND A BETTER MARKET.

"I do not think the secret of the present dearth of good voices is that singers have determined to be paid for their work or not ' said a well-known wielder of the chorister baton the other day. "It is rather that they have found a much better market for their voices. Since the introduction of 'Pinafore' into this country the church thoirs have been ransacked and depleted to the end of furnishing leading and chorus voices for the multitude of comic operas lowed Gilbert and Sullivan's tuneful history of Ralph Rackstraw. Where a good singer once lent the best endeavors to obtaining a position in a church choir, to-day the rule is to seek out some manager in anticipation of securing an engagement on the stage. Even those persons who have not succeeded in finding such an engagement still refuse church work because they hope soon to secure the long coveted place on the operatio or theatrical stage. In brief, the church has been robbed by the stage for the past five

"Not only are our own city churches in need of good voices, because of this gradua-tion to the stage, but because out of town churches, finding it difficult to secure competent voices, have invaded New York, and by making liberal offers have carried away some of our best singers. There are plenty of singers to be sure, but there is a scarcity of available voices of the requisite cultiva-tion for church service. Though the main difficulty seems to be in obtaining sopranos and tenors, the deficiency is really not confined to one class of vocalists. Altos and bass voices can be had, but they must be liberally paid for. I call to mind now an instance where one church in this city will pay a newly engaged alto more than double the salary given to her predecessor. While many bass and baritone voice are in the market, so to speak, the rich, deep, well rounded bass is to be obtained only with have no cultivation, and those whose voices show culture are lacking in the desired timber. It is a fact that in order to retain the valuable components of their choirs many of the churches will have to increase the salaries next year more than ever before. As I look back I can call to mind several well known companies on the road that represent many of the best voices that have en heard in church choirs."-New York Mail and Express.

Business Done by Big Stores.

An idea of the extensive, indeed enormous, business done in some of the big stores may be obtained by the statement that a popula up town hatter considers it a "small Satur-day" that he does not take in over his counter \$2,800, not to mention his regular or ac count custom; a dry goods store on Sixth avenue yields between \$2,500 and \$3,500 a day; a drug store in a populous neighbor-hood receives \$1,800 per day; a news stand in one of the hotels is worth between \$500 and \$600 per day; a celebrated oyster saloon takes in ordinarily \$1,200 per day, and \$2,500 Saturday afternoons and evenings; an up town hotel cab stand takes in ordinarily \$200 and \$250, but as high as \$500 in good sleighing times; a hotel barroom of the art gallery order takes in \$700 per day ordinarily and as high as \$1,500 on parade days, while an ordinary but generally popular one takes in \$450 to \$500 without fail. A liquor saloon with restaurant attached for gentlemen only averages \$500 per day, while there is a model beer saloon on a side street that is good any day for \$350. There is a jowelry store that frequently takes in at this holiday season as much as \$75,000; a picture and art emporium that does no take in interest or expenses for several days together, but then makes the sale of a cale brated panting at the profit of thousands.

One Congressman's Small Outlay. There is a representative in congress from one of the southern states who manages to live comfortably in Washington at an outlay of not more than \$1,500 per annum. He has no family, neither drinks nor uses tobacco in any form, yet he apparently enjoys life in his own way and is a general favorite with his congressional associates. He has neet but not extravagant apartments in an eminently respectable section of the city and dresses in good taste. Many of his compan ions are very anxious to learn his methods of saving so much of his salary, but he refrains from giving any advice on the subject, but tells them good naturedly that it is the result of his self control. He is not in any sense miser, but he is about the best specimen of a model moral congressman in existence today,-Washington Cor. Baltimore Sun.

On the question of introducing the study of English literature side by side with the classics at Oxford, Mr. Gladstone expresses himself as "utterly deploring whatever tends to displace a classical education for those in any way capable of receiving it, and strongly disapproving all efforts in that direction." John Bright, on the other hand, declares that "the study of the ancient languages is not now essential to education, so far as the acquisition of knowledge is concerned."

Ready Once More.

Deadwood papers tell of an old gentleman in that village who has a suit of clothes in which he has been married three times, and is now desirous of repeating the performance.

HORACE GREELEY.

AN INSTANCE WHERE HE DID NOT ADVISE TO "GO WEST."

Confidential Words from the Great Editor-Prophesying the Day Editorials and Literary Journalism Would Be Divorced from the Commercial.

A number of years ago I found myself in New York with a few dollars in my pocket, over which I was debating at the cross roads of indecision as to whether I should invest it in an attempt to got a foothold in journalism on some of the metropolitan papers, or go west, whither the star of in-tellectual as well as material empire seemed

I had brought with me from my New England home a letter of introduction to Horace Greeley, given me by a distinguished American poetess, to whom he had long been attached by the closest spiritual ties. But so much had I heard of the savage humors with which one was liable to be confronted, should his presence happen to be ill timed, that I felt like one who carried a free pass to enter a lion's cage, and the certainty that the pass would carry me up when once delivered made it all the more incomfortable in my pocket.

On the afternoon when I had determined to hazard the die I passed and repassed the old Tribune building several times on the opposite side to get my first journalistic wind, for I was scarcely more than a blushing, shrinking New England boy, who felt constrained in the presence of 'great men'1 to assume the attitude of a toad looking up at St. Peter's.

But I finally gathered myself up, and sighting the door of The Tribune office, crossed the street with firm and steady tread, and soon had my card in the hands of the office boy, who disappeared with it up stairs. After a few awful moments the lad returned and bade me follow. I ascended a couple of flights of rickety stairs and soon reached a door which looked as though it might be an entrance to the top loft of a grist mill. I entered, and as the door closed behind me seated myself cautiously upon a dilapidated chair, for the abiding spirit into whose presence I had entered turned not

round nor made any sign of recognition.

I shall never forget the picture of that editorial "den"-if that can be called picture which is thrown together by the demons of disorder and chaos. Papers, pamphlets, books, unused copy, old hats and editorial bric-a-brac of all descriptions were scattered about promiscuously. Greeley's traditional gray coat was flung into the corner, with his slouched hat resting tranquilly upon it. A generous profu-sion of cobwebs and dust forced upon the visitor's attention the conspicuous absence of broom, soap and toilet furniture. Verily here was the fitting abode of intellectua Rattlebones—the disputed realm of Rhadamanthus and the Sun god.

The figure, whose brawny back was turned toward me, was elevated on an antique chair, the limbs of which seemed to be holding rivalry with those of its occupant. Be fore him was a deak nearly as high as his shoulders, on the side of which was a pot of ink, set in a pile of quills. The paper on which he wrote was held at a vertical angle. With his great hand grasped firmly around the quill, as though it were the level that moved the world, he would thrust it into the ink pot, and then with a motion projected from a level with the eye he would swing it across and back on the paper, as though it were a jackplane, till the sheet was full. Whoever saw Horace Gree-ley swing his quill in that weird sanctum witnessed a species of "technique" the like of which was never seen before in this world and will probably never be seen again.

When he had finished the editorial upon which he was at work he scrambled the sheets together, scribbled out the headline and calling a boy sent the copy up to the compositors. Fortunately for me it happened to be his last office work for that reading over the lady's note, which recom mended me to his kindest consideration, as a youth of more promise than experience in the literary world, he turned to me, and setting his specs upon his spacious temples, said: "Well, young man."

Heavens! thought I, now the rest is com-But that which came did not point westward, but pointed rather, as subse experience has since taught, to the best sense within me.

"I am in a mood," he continued, "in deference to my dear friend Mrs. W., to give you my very best advice as to the advisability of entering upon journalism as a profession. If you have brains, conscience and independent creative, literary ability, my advice to you is to keep away from the newspapers and work your level best in patience till you can make a point as a maga-zine writer. You have then laid the corner stone of your record, and if you sustain it the way is certain for you to be rated for all you are worth in literature. A newspaper is primarily a commercial enterprise, whose proprietors are engaged in the trade of buying and selling news and of furnish-ing the various members of society with the means of making known to each other their wants and trade facilities. Outside of this it is incidentally a literary reformatory and educational enterprise; but these latter phases are bound to be largely subservient to the commercial purposes upon which the enterprise financially floats. It is for this reason that young men are not usually taken into a newspaper office, except they are willing to begin as news gatherers, and thus make a thorough understanding of the commercial side of journal-ism the groundwork of their efficiency. It will not probably be in my time, young man, but the day is coming when the editorial and literary side of a newspaper will be divorced from the commercial. day is not yet arrived, and the man who advertises andles, pills and old junk in a great journal feels that the editor is morally responsible to him for his views on potatoes, economics and education. You are young. and will probably live to see the day when distinctively literary bureaus outside of the newspaper office will furnish the editorial literary miscellany of the coming great journal over responsible signatures. This will extricate editorial integrity from commercial pressure and make the newspaper a power for good which it finds it hard to be at present,

The fading twilight was struggling to reach the great blue eyes of the Tribune philosopher through the dirt-begrimed window as these confidential words were being spoken in a spirit of somewhat touching kindness. I felt that I had caught Horace Greeley in happy moments when his great beautiful self was ready to come to the sur-As he rose to look after his coat and

hat, he concluded:
"Now, young man, I have given you my
best advice, and you must do as you think
best. If you want to try journalism, go down and tell Mr. Reid from me to take care of you; but whatever you do, try to make it pay to be a man! Good-by!"—Henry Appleton in New York Star.

There is a rush of gold seekers to the country on the Straits of Magellan.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is a purely vegetable compound, innocent in nature and wonderful in effect. For children it is invaluable, curing croup, whooping cough etc., in a few hours. Price 25

Clerk (in fashionable up-town bakery to proprietor)-That tray of American soda biscuits in the window, sir, has been there for three weeks, and they are getting sour. What shall I do about it?" Pro-prietor—Label them English tea muffins

Convenient pleasant, and certain in their results, are Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets, Recommended by physicians and endorsed by all who have used them. The best remedy for Dyspepsia, Flatulency, and Constipation. Guaranteed, and sold at 25c. by JOHN MOORE, Druggist.

"The ministers are almost unanimous in saying that the ballet must go," said a traveling man. "Yes, one of them went to see an opera with a ballet attached and was terribly shocked." "Poor man! I guess he never attended a full dress reception."

The best on earth can truely be said of Griggs' Glycerine Salve, which is a sure, safe and speedy cure for cuts, bruises, scalds burns, wounds and all other sores. positively cure piles, tetter and all skin eruptions. Try this wonder healer. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents.

"If you were going to lay in \$1,000 worth of wine, who would you go to?" he asked of the barkeeper of an uptown hotel. "To any of the manufacturers of bogos liquor." "You would?" "Cerbogns liquor." "You would?" "Certainly; that's the only way you can be sure of what you have got.'

"And what's become of George Tulliver?" asked one old friend of another, in reviewing the days of their youth. Poor fellow, I hear that he came to a bad end I" "Ah, yes," replied the friend; a very bad end. George went up behind a mule."

BUY IT AND TRY IT.

Try it for earache, Try it for headache, Try it for toothache,

Try it for backache. For an ache or a pain Thomas' Eclectric Oll is excellent.—Chas. F. Medler, box 274,

Thomas' Eclectric Oil is the best thing going, pa says. Cured him of rheumatism and me of earache—two drops.—Master Horace Brenizer, Clinton, Iowa.

Try it for a limp, Try it for a lameness, Try it for a pain, Try it for a strain.

From shoulder to ankle joint, and for three months, I had rheumatism which yielded to nothing but Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Thomas' Eclectric Oil did what no physician seemed able to accomplish. It cured me. - John N. Gregg, Supt. of Railway Construction, Niagara Falls.

> Try it for a scald, Try it for a cut, Try it for a bruise, Try it for a burn.

Price 50 cts. and \$1.00. FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop's. BUFFALO, N. Y.

WM. BIGGS

And all kinds of work in connection with the above promptly ex-ecuted Shop. Corner of Church and Orleans Sts. Box 1243. 582-633



FROM

CAPTAIN THE HONORABLE ALISTAIR HAY, THIRD BATTALION BLACK WATCH

Royal Highlander's (SECOND SON OF THE EARL OF KINNOULL.)

DUPPLIN CASTLE, PERTH, SCOTLAND.

TO THE LIEBIG COMPANY: "I was in a condition of great debility, consequent upon a brok-n-down stomach, dyspepsia and maiaria, complicated with kidney irritation, when my medical attendant directed me to take your incomparable Coca Best Tonic. Its effect was simply marvelous. The power of digestion was quickly restored, the kidney irritation vanished and rapid restoration to health followed:

"Other preparadons of Coca had been tried without the slightest effect."

PROF. CHAS. LUDWIG VON SEECER,

Professor of Medicine at the Royal University; Knight of the Royal Austrian Order of the Iron Crown; Knight Commander of the Royal Span-ish Order of Isabella; Knight of the Royal Prus-sian Order of the Red Eagle; Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, Ac., Ac., and sian Order of the Red Engle; Chevaller of the Legion of Honor, &c., &c., &c., &sys:

"LIEHIG CO.S COLA HEEF TONIO should not be confounded with the horde of treshy cure-alls, It is in no sense of the word a patent remedy. I am thoroughly conversant with its mode of preparation and know it to be not only a legitimate pharmaceutical product, but also worthy of the high commendations it has received in all parts of the world. It contains essence of Beef, Coca, Quinine, Iron and Calisaya, which are dissolved in pure genuine Spanish Imperial Crown Sherry."

Invaluable to all who are Run Down, Nervous, Dyspeptic, Bilious, Malarious or afflicted with weak kidneys.

Beware of Imitations.

Beware of Imitations,

Her Maiesty's Favorite Cosmetic Glycerine

Used by Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales and nobility. For the Skin, Complexion, Eruptions, Chapping, Roughness. \$1.00. Of LIEBIG CO.'S Genuine Syrup of Sarsaparilla is guaranteed as the best Sarssparilla in the market. N. Y. Depot 38 Murray-st



BACH & ABEL

Our reduction sale has been entirely satisfactory. How could it well be otherwise? The goods are here, the prices down and a great many of you know it. As it is so early to make big statements, to trifle with the truth a little, we are not surprised that a few doubt That they see in the papers, al-though we try to tell the exact truth. You are doing precisely what we want you to do, bring our price list clipped from the papers and ask to see the goods. If we can't show you what we've advertised, you ought not to stay a minute.

ASTRACHAN WRAPS

That were selling the first of the season No. 9,268 at \$32,00, now going at \$23 50

No. 2,601 at \$23,00, now going at \$16 00 No. 22,077 at \$28,00, now going at \$20 00 No. 1,111 at \$20 00, now going at \$14 00 770 at \$25,00, now going at \$18 00 730 at \$14,00, now going at \$ 9 00 934 at \$12,00, now going at \$ 8 50 422 at \$11,00, now going at \$ 7 50

CLOTH WRAPS. No. 352 that were \$16 are now \$12.

No. 8,289 that were \$20, are now \$15. No. 16 055 that were \$16 are now \$12. No. 2,595 that were \$18 are now \$13. PLUSH WRAPS

That brought at the opening of the

No. 426—\$30, selling for \$21. No. 688—\$35, selling for \$25. No. 553—\$25, selling for \$18. FRIEZE WRAPS.

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No. 1.128 formerly at \$18, now selling at

SILK CIRCULARS.

No. 73 that were \$12, now \$7. No. 453 that were \$20, are now \$14. No. 456 that were \$23, are now \$16. No. 452 that were \$15, are now \$11,50.

We have in stock 10 Russian Circulars, that were selling the first of the season at \$10, \$12, \$15, and \$18, now going at \$6, (your choice).

Bach & Abel.

OUR 25 CENT COLUMN. Advertisements, such as To Rent, For Sale, or Wants, not exceeding three lines, can be inserted bree weeks for 25 cents.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—Large white English and small brown ears, brown spot on rump and small brown spot between ears. Yellow eyes, nose noticeably long. The owner will make it an object for any one knowing the whereabouts of this dog, to disclose same. Address, REGISTER Office.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE OR RENT.—Houscontaining from one-fifth of an acre to twenty acres—ali in the city limits. Houses rented on reasonable terms in central localities. Farms exchanged for city property. Enquire of
J. Q. A. SESSIONS,
632tf Attorney and Real Estate Agent.
Office over Express Office, Main St., Ann Arbor.

WANTED TO RENT.—A small house in Ann Arbor. Would like possession by March 15. address with terms, E. E. Spencer, Salem III.

TO RENT-House No. 11 Thayer, 2d door from Washington St. 632-4

OST-Two dogs, one black Shepherd with white face, breast and legs; responds to the name of "Quail." The other a small female Water Spaniel with spotted nose; responds to the name of "Fannie." Suitable reward will be given for the return of either or both to H. J. Brown, Cor. Main and Huron Sts. Ann Arbor. 682-4*

SPECTAL SALE—I am going to clean out what they will bring: Two second hand square pianos, one Whittiey Organ, (new), one fine Palace organ, one household Sewing Machine, one William's Sewing Machine, and two New York Sewing Machines. These are new and will be sold regardless of cost. They must go, to make room for a new and splendid stock of Pianos, Organs, and the matchless "Standard" Sewing Machine. Alvin Wilsey. 632-4

FARM FOR SALE—160 Acres, 2½ miles south-west of Ann Arbor. A first-cl-ss farm well under-drained and improved. Address, Israel Clark, Ann Arbor.

W EATHER STRIPS. CHAMPION—Best in the orders at Eberbach's Hardware store or No. 12 Lawrence-st. No extra charges for repairs. M. J. FURNUM, Prop.

L OST—A Russia Leather Pocket-Book, containing small amount of money, between No. 23 E. University Ave. and sixth ward school. Finder will please leave at this office or telephone office and oblive owner.

L OST—On Friday, January 21st, a Scotch Ter-rier, nearly white, named Ksty. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at 40 S. Fifth st. 631-33*

FOR SALE—My house, No. 27 Ann street, or will exchange for smaller house, or well located vacant lot. H. M. Taber. 628tf

FARM FOR SALE—187 acres, feed Buildings, Flarge orchard, 32 acres of wheat on ground, Mile North of Saline. Enquire on premises, Mrs. L. D. Wheeler. 631-36*

L OST—On January 22, between University and Post Office, a Chenille Robe; black on one aide and mottled on the other. Size, about 31/2 by 4. Leave at Randall's Art Store. 631-38*

FINE farm in Salem, belonging to the Smith heirs; also 40 acres in Gratioti Co., for sale cheap. O. L. Matthews, Real Estate Agency. 630-2

FARM FOR SALE—197 acres, said land is is situated in the Township of Webster, four miles north of Delhi Mills. 169 acres on section 28, and 37 acres on section 10. Said Farm is first class in every respect. For further information address the undersigned at Dexier, or inquire on the premises. A. Apand R. O. Buckelew. 628-83*

NOTICE—In order to close an estate, I wish to sell what is known as the Whitlark Farm, consisting of 101 acres, five miles north east of Ann Arbor. Farm in good condition. Time will be given on a portion of the purchase price paid, if desired. Dated, Ann Arbor, Jan.1st, 1887. E. Treadwell, Administrator. 628 33*

FARM FOR SALE—160 ACRES, 234 MILES F southwest of Ann Arbor. A first-class farm well under-drained and improved. Address Israel Clark, Ann Arbor.

RINE FARM FOR SALE—Two miles from Ann Arbor, consisting of 160 acres in a high state of cultivation. Has been used as a dairy farm for 13 years, consequently soil is very rich. Splendidly watered by creek and springs, large two story frame house, large basement barn, carriage house, large shed with hay loft, also grain barn; good orchard. Terms one-third cash, balance on long time to suit purchaser. Address, R. Watermann, Ann Arbor, Mich. 624tf

I OANING—Money to loan on first class real catate mortgages at current rates of interest. Satisfactory arrangements made with capitalists desiring such investment. Every conveyance and transaction in abstracts of titles carefully examined as to legal effect. Zina P. King, Ann Arbor, Mich.

UNDERTAKING.

Having purchased the Hearse and Undertaking outfit formerly belonging to John Keck & Co., I am ready to at-tend to all calls by night or day. Can always be found in the Keck

W. G. DIETERLE.

THE CITY.

Wild West show at the opera house tonight.

The old electric light wires are being tsken down.

Thos. Reilley, of this city, is among the late pensioners.

Regular meeting of the council next Monday evening.

The last of the series of K. T. parties occurs tomorrow evening. Company A is sparing no money nor

pains in fitting up their new armory. J. T. Jacobs & Co. have opened a branch store in Dexter for a short time.

L. H. Clement, successor to Alvin Wilsey, has joined the Chequamegon orches-

James Carrey was sent to jail for ten days by Justice Frueauff, Friday, as a

Mack & Schmid have exchanged their 'Partridge" property for a 120-acre farm in Salem.

The University orchestra will furnish music for a select party at Ypsilanti, tomorrow evening.

Uncle Tom's Cabin company failed to materalize at the opera house Monday evening, as advertised.

The Washtenaw Agricultural and Horticultural Society is holding a meeting in the court house today. The simple fact that the saloon men are

unanimous against free delivery, argues well in favor of the system. The induction from the new electric

light wires is materially effecting the working of several telephone wires. Shelley's Wild West Co. will give one

of their entertainments at the opera house this evening. Don't fail to see it. Monroe E. Swartout will build a \$1500-

residence on the south Ypsilanti road, near the city limits, in the spring. Wednesday was Candlemas, (ground-hog) day. The old fellow will not go back into his hole for another six weeks.

Messrs. Bently and Rogers, of Aurelius, Ingham county, have purchased the show tent owned by the red ribbon club of this city.

Candidates for circuit judge are beginning to develop. Judge Joslyn will probably be renominated by the demo-

S. S. Blitz has rented M. C. Peterson's fine residence, corner of Fourth and Lib-erty-sts, and will occupy the same after Some very old people passed away dur-

buried nine whose ages varied from 69 to 103 years. The Irish National League are perfecting arrangements to celebrate St. Patrick's

ing the month of January. O. M. Martin

day. They will banquet at Hangsterfer's in the evening. Frank Wood has recently come into

possession of a harness shop in Jackson,

and he contemplates moving to this city in the spring. Justin McCarthy, M. P., was entertained in the Cook house parlor, after his lecture ast Friday evening, by members of the

Irish Land League. Dr. Donald Maclean has sued the Detroit Evening News for \$50,000 for an alleged libelous article appearing in that

paper last Wednesday. By reference to the probate court proceedings in this issue it will be seen that Alma Miller has been adjudged insane

and committed to the asylum at Pontiac. The residence of Mr. and Mrs. Darrow, on High-st, was totally destroyed by fire Tuesday evening, together with the con-tents. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Inasmuch as the court house tower is lighted only about half of the time, why would it not be wise to give the new electric light company a contract for light-

It is very probable that the whole Michigan brigade will go to Washington in May. This will be a treat for those who are fortunate enough to belong to the state

The management of the Wabash & St. Louis railroad have tendered Judge Cooley, the management of the Eel River railroad and the Detroit & Butler railroad. He declined the tender.

It is seldom that a city has the honor of entertaing the legislature, in a body, and every person should appoint himself a committee of one to see that they are properly taken care of.

Lena A. Gilbert, of Ypsilanti, filed a bill in chancery for a divorce from A. George Gilbert, in the Washtenaw circuit court, Monday. They were married May 18, 1886, and lived at Ypsilanti.

The free delivery question has been thoroughly discussed the past few days, by both its friends and enemies. Petitions for and against have been circulated, both of which have received long lists of names.

Wm. Spikerman, a freight conductor on the M. C. R. R., received severe internal injuries by falling off his train at Geddes, last Friday morning. He was brought to the hospital in this city, where he still re-

Georgie Mosier was granted a divorce from her husband, Thomas Mosier, by Judge Joslyn, Wednesday. Mrs. Mosier has been a resident of Canada for the past two years, and Mr. Mosier is a resident of Detroit.

Electric fire alarm stations placed in the outskirts of the city would prove of great benefit whenever a fire was discovered. It would have made a half hour's difference in getting to the fire Tuesday evening.

The editor of the Dexter Leader thus "We are pleased to expresses himself: note from the A. A. REGISTER that W. W. Wadhams has been elected secretary of the firm of J. T. Jacobs & Co., vice Louis Taylor, resigned."

Dr. Darling has recently exhibited a knowledge of mathematics that has sur-prised his most intimate friends. He has ust figured out that the distance he travels between his residence and office in the course of a year, is over 2,000 miles.

John Mulaney, who stole the clothing from Patrick Martin, Jan. 20, was taken before Judge Joslyn, Tuesday, who sentenced him to Jackson for six months. The plea that he was drunk when he committed the act, reduced his sentence one half.

D. C. Fall, of the J. T. Jacobs & Co. clothing house, was placed in a position last Saturday where he couldn't talk back. That day being his thirty-ninth birthday the clerks of the firm presented him with an elegant present, as a token of the esteem with which they held him.

Frederick Weinman, and not Wm. Weinman as we unintentionally put it last week, who was arrested on the 21st inst., for striking his father, appeared before Justice Frueauff last Friday and paid up the costs, and upon recommendation of the prosecuting attorney the case was

The Farmer's Institute which was held in the Webster Congregational church, Tuesday evening, January 25th, and con-tinued through Wednesday evening, passed off very pleasantly with a full attendance at each session. The papers and discussions were good, and all went away feeling that their time had been pleasantly and profitably spent.

One of the principal social events of the season at Washington was the Kirmess given last week. It was participated in by the most prominent ladies and gentlemen of the capitol and it is said to have been a scene full of rich coloring and beauty. Many nations were represented in the fig-We hope the Kirmess to be given here soon may be equally as interesting, if not quite so elaborate.

Mr. A. Wilsey has sold his stock of books and sheet music to Mr. Clement, of Chicago, who will continue the business at Wilsey's new music store, 25 Fourth-st. We have met Mr. Clement, found him a pleasant gentleman to know, and bespeak for him the kind consideration of our citizens. Mr. Wilsey will hereafter interest himself in pianos, organs and the Standard sewing machines, and may be found at the old stand.

The proposition to endow a chair of mathematics in the Kalamazoo college in honor of the late Prof. Edward Olney has taken a substantial form. Tuesday after-noon at a meeting held at the residence of Rev. L. H. Trowbridge, in Detroit, a formal organization was perfected for the raising of the \$20,000, and a committee was selected to hold in trust whatever funds may be secured until the whole amount is obtained.

The township treasurer of Bridewater was the first to settle with the county treasurer, which he did last week, returning 99 cents of uncollected taxes. The treasurer of Sharon, was next, he settled Tuesday, returning \$11.68 of uncollected taxes. The treasurers of Northfield, Sa-Augusta, Dexter and Salem settled Wednesday. In Salem and Lima the taxes were all collected. In Northfield \$2.71 was returned, Saline \$22.71 and Dexter \$1.41.

Carl D. Hendrickson, who went from this city to Kansas last year, seems to be meeting with excellent success. He has become director of the Smith Centre, national bank, and the local paper in mentioning the fact says: "C. D. Hendrickson, who is manager of the Chicago lumber company, at this place, is always foremost in everything pertaining to the advancement of the city; is a rusher on general principles and his name in connection with the bank will add nothing to its detriment.

Joseph Rabbitt, over whom the officers are having such a time, is still causing them trouble. It will be remembered that he was brought back from Pontiac last week by the sheriff. Saturday he was taken to his home in Dexter by a deputy sheriff, but was no sooner left there, when he started back to this city. He arrived here late in the evening and was again locked up by the sheriff. Monday morning he was liberated, but was soon arrested again for breaking one the large plate glass windows in the postoffice.

For lack of room Co. A has tound it necessary to hold their masquerade at Palace Rink. The members of the company are very active, and will make this eclipse anything heretofore held in the city or state. Among the representatives will be an elephant, giraffe, donkeys, a full bazoo band, and a large number of other animals; also king, queen, demons, clowns, fools, etc. As the entertainment is fully worth the price charged for admission and the proceeds will go to furnish the armory we predict that the largest gathering that the rink ever had will be February 22d.

Miss Jennie Gordon, of Ithaca, New York, visited our city last Friday, in company with her cousin, Lyman Hub-bard, of Northfield. On their return to Mr. Hubbard's home, their horse slipped on the ice, when opposite Deihl's hotel, and fell. Fearing something serious would occur, Miss Gordon jumped, striking the ground in such a manner as to break one of her legs a few inches above the ankle. She was carried into the hotel and Dr. Smith summoned, who set the broken limb, and very kindly offered to take her to his home, where she now is, and receiving all the care and attention that can be

Hello! Hello! Hello! 35! The enterprising Druggist, Mr. H. J. Brown has taken the agency of Baxter's Lucky Star Cigar. Hereafter the lovers of a good smoke can be accommodated with a cigar for five cents that will prove, upon trial, superior to the ten cent cigars sold. The Lucky Star is pure Havana fill-er and guaranteed unflavored.

H. J. BROWN, Sole Ag't. Ask for the Lucky Star, Only five cents

Frank Lerg is a well to-do German farmer living in Bridgewater, and has a great, big, open heart for a friend, or at least he had in years gone by. Several years ago he had a friend in need and indorsed his notes to the amount of several thousand dollars, taking as his security a brewery in Adrian, at the time doing good business, but which now stands still, and the building is worth about nothing. These notes finally came due and Mr. Lerg had to mortgage his property to pay them. A few weeks ago one of his tarms was sold on a mortgage foreclosure, and the rest of his property is also going. Mr. Lerg now sings, "A boys' best friend is his mother."

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

S. C. Andrews is in New York.

Joe. T. Jacobs was in Detroit, Saturday. J. W. Hamilton was in Detroit Monday. T. R. Bours will visit friends in Detroit, Sunday.

J. J. Gibson wil spend Saturday in Detroit.

Dr. L. L. Davis, of Eaton Rapids, is in the city today. Dennis Schields, of Howell, was in the

city Wednesday. B. Johnson entertained a friend from Detroit over Sunday.

The family of John Keck joined him in Grand Rapids, Monday. Giles Lee, of Brighton, spent Sunday with his family in this city.

J. Z. Batten, of Philadelphia, spent Sunday with Chas. S. Millen. Chas. S. Fall started Monday morning on his initial trip selling clothing.

Mrs. Goodale and Mrs. Frank Goodale, of Delhi Mills, were in the city Saturday. Miss Auringer, of Detroit, has been the guest of Miss Mozart, the past few days. Geo. Benton, of Saline, has entered the employ of Joe T. Jacobs & Co., as book-

keeper. County Clerk Howlett attended his father's 70th anniversary, in Lyndon, Wednesday.

Chas, Wells, of Chicago, has been visiting his Ann Arbor friends during the past few days.

L. C. Harrison gave a very pleasant social at his residence on North Main-st, last evening. Miss Georgina Stiling, of Detroit, is vis-iting her aunt, Mrs. J. H. Nickels, on

State street. F. Markham has engaged to travel the coming season for the Deering twine

binder company. Prof. J. B. Steere was in Jackson, yesterday, attending a meeting of the state temperance alliance.

G. F. Robison and family, of Detroit, spent Sunday with the formers parents, Mayor and Mrs. Robison.

R. Sigiyama, G. Kawadd, H. Mogance and S. Matsumdt, of Japan, are the latest arrivals at the University. B. F. Watts and J. H. Stone were in

Detroit, Tuesday as delegates to the state meeting of the A. O. U. W. A number of Ann Arbor young people will attend a party at Ypsilanti, by the polo club, tomorrow evening.

Lou Limpert, of Cheboygan, who has been visiting Ann Arbor friends for the past two weeks, has returned home. M. C. Peterson left Monday for Colum

bus, Ohio. He will probably extend his visit further south before he returns. Mrs. C. Mack leaves tomorrow for Utica, N. Y., to attend the funeral of Mrs.

r, a sister of the late Rev. Mr. Schmid. Miss Dollie Phillipps, of Kalamazoo, who is attending the Ypsilanti Normal, was the guest of Miss Alice Curtis, on East

Washington-st, Sunday. Thos. L. Belden, head clerk of the Chequamegon hotel, at Ashland, Wiscon-sin, was in the city Thursday, the guest of

the Chequamegon orchestra. G. R. Haviland will leave next Monday for an extended trip through the southern states. He will visit St. Louis, Memphis, New Orleans, and points in Florida.

John Weissert, of Hastings, Mich., spent Wednesday and Thursday in this city, visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Allaby, of East Washington-st. He is just returning home from a trip to Buffalo,

Geo. W. Millen and Mrs. J. S. Ricketts gave a very pleasant progressive whist party, at the formers residence, last Friday evening, in honor of Miss Cora Wetmore, of Concord. Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Watts carried off the head prizes, Harry Davis and Miss Lottie Millard secured the booby prize.

Coming Events.

Regular meeting of Golden Rule lodge F. and A. M., tonight.

The ladies of St. Thomas church will begin their entertainment in Firemen's hall, next Monday.

The concert of the Beethoven Gesang Verein, assisted by the Gesang section of Germania lodge, No. 496, D. O. H., is postponed to Feb. 17. Mrs. Sunderland will address the Tem-

perance union next Sunday, at three P. M., at Cropsey's hall. Subject: "The moral and religious duty of every voter at the coming election." Come and listen to earnest words. All are invited. Services at St. Andrew's church next Sunday as follows: Morning prayer and litany at 7:30 A. M.; holy communion and sermon at 10:30 A. M.; lecture by

Prof. Morris and Sunday school at 12 M.;

evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 P. M. The following programme has been prepared for the Unity club meeting, in the Unitarian church, next Monday evening: Miss Ada A. Morrish will describe Helen Hunt Jackson, as a woman and poet; Romona, by L. F. James; readings from Mrs. Jackson's writings, Miss Elsie Jones.

Rev. Mr. Sunderland will speak at the Unitarian church next Sunday morning on "Intemperance, its Causes and Prevention." In the evening he will answer the question, which, for want of time he was unable to answer last Sunday evening, "Is Unitarianism a good religion for a dying

Col. Nelson Strong.

Col. Strong, who died in this city, Jan.

29, 1887, was born in Pittsfield, Massachusetts, March 9th, 1800, where he resided until October 1854, at which date he removed with his f mily to Ann Arbor, where he has since resided. He was the son of a New England farmer, and during his boyhood days, in the summer, worked on the farm with his father, teaching school in the winter. At the age of twenty he entered the employ of Mr. Gold, a merchant of Pittsfield, Massachusetts, where he remained until he became the senior member of the firm of Strong & Bush. Up in the acceptance by Col. Strong, of the position of superintendent of the Boston, New York and Albany stag- lines, he retired from the firm of Strong & Bush. He remained superintendent of stage lines until the completion of the Boston & Albany R. R., when they were abandoned. He was then elected to the office of high sheriff, of the county of Burkshire, Mass., which he held for ten years, being repeatedly re elected. He also, discharged the duties of "Selectman" of the town of Pittsfield, Massachusetts, for many years, and was assessor of that town for twenty years, an office he resigned at the time of his removal to Ann Arbor. In his early man-hood he took a lively interest in military matters, and enlisted as a private in one of the independent companies of the Massachusetts State Militia, from which rank he by successive grades was promoted to the Colonelcy of his regiment. At the age of thirty he united with the First Congregation church of Pittsfield, Massachusetts. At the time of his death he was a member of the First Congregational church of Ann Arbor. Since his removal to Ann Arbor he has not taken active part in public affairs, but at all times as far as it was in his power, used his best efforts to promote the welfare of the community in which he lived. A son and daughter survive him, Edward R. Strong, of Detroit, and Mrs. Martha F. Stebbins, of Ann Arbor, Michigan.

Only thirty days more in which you will have an opportunity to buy Clothing and Furnishing Goods at prices never be-fore heard of. Only a few Overcoats left and they are marked way below what they cost. 632 Wm. Wagner. they cost. 632

NOTICE. The Ann Arbor Savings Bank, to accommodate the public, will keep the bank open every Saturday from 7 to 8 p. m., to receive savings deposits.

Seats for the Alpine Choir and Tyrolese Company can be secured at George Wahr's on Main st, and at Geo. Moore's on Statest, Wednesday, Feb. 9, at one o'clock P. M Admission 50 cents.

Alpine Choir and Tyrolese Co. litho-graphs are elaborate. See them.

One of those new and elegant Standard sewing machines would be a valuable present. Don't buy until you try a "Standard." Fine new stock at Wilsey's Money to Loan

On first class and first mortgage Real Estate. Apply to S. H. Douglass. S. H. Douglass, I. W. Hunt, Trustees. Ann Arbor, Dec. 1886.

Home, Sweet Home Wants to shut out the cold and make their homes comfortable. All in need of Weather Strips, don't forget the Cham-pion Weather Strips are the best; put on by M. J. Furnam, manufacturer and proprietor. And remember he makes no extra charge for repairs. "Live and let live," is his motto. Orders left at Eberbach's hardware store, or No. 12, Lawrence street, will be promptly attended

HICKORY TIMBER. I will pay \$12.00 per cord, Cash, for good second growth Hickory Butts, suitable for Axe-Handles, delivered at my shop, south of depot, Ypsilanti. Parties preferring to load on board cars at Ann Arbor, Address C. W. Dickinson, Ypsilanti. 620-32*

The Ann Arbor Savings Bank. Among the Savings Banks in our state there is no. e outside of Detroit that has taken a more solid and prominent posi-tion than the Ann Arbor Savings Bank. Its growth has been steady and of the kind that makes it one of the best banks in the state. The list of depositors em-braces our citizens occupying all different positions, but mainly among the farmers, mechanics and laborers, and these are the

classes whom they especially seek.

Deposits are received from one dollar up and interest paid.

Nothing as sensible offers itself to fond parents and friends as to deposit a small amount on New Year's time for some child, who will be prouder with a bank account than with any other gift. Saturday, the Bank will be open for savings deposits

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

from 7 to 8 p. m.

Friday Eve., February 4 Miss Helen Potter

AMERICA'S

Greatest Reader and Impersonator Will give one of her unique and varied Literary recitals for the benefit

of the BELIEF FUND

WELCH POST, No. 137, G. A. R. Miss Potter will be assisted by the

University Glee Club!

Tickets for sale at Eugene B. Yale's in Post ffice, Dean & Co's, J. T. Jacobs's & Co, Winan's & Stafford, H. Soule's office in the University, and by Members of the Post. Parquet and Circle, - 50 cts. Gallery, - - 25 cts. Reserved seats may be secured without extra charge at Yale's Stand in the Post Office, on and after Tuesday, February 1st. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Curtain rises at 8 o'clock, local time.



GRAND

ANNUAL SALE

Hamburg Embroideries,

Edgings, Insertions,

Torchon Laces. Muslin Underwear, Corsets and

Infants' Wear, at

D. F.

SCHAIRER'S

We shall go into no lengthy description here but will simply state that after two months of careful preparation, we feel abundantly able to meet and eclipse all competition, from whatever quarter directed, and that our schedule of prices for this Sale has been adjusted after much thought on the

The Lowest Possible Limit in Prices, Consistent with a Living Profit for First-Class Goods.

Our Assortment comprises the finest, largest and most comprehensive stock of carefully selected new Nainsook, Jaconet, India Linen, Embroideries in Edgings, Flounces, Insertions, Allovers, and Matched Sets ever shown in this city. The benefit of this timely purchase we shall gladly give our lady friends and customers. It is a conceded fact that we undersell all competitors in Embroideries, Muslin Underwear, and Corsets. Just the same in Silks and Dress Goods, at

5e, 8c, 10e, 12½e, 15e, 20e and 25e.

They are the Cheapest Embroideries in America and we invite every lady to examine them. The Styles are elegant; every piece is new, and the prices are Low. Our Superb Display of

Muslin Under-Wear

Is the product of two of the most ex-

acting manufacturers in New York and Brooklyn. LOT 1, Comprises Aprons, Corset Covers,

Chemises, Drawers, Vests and Children's Dresses.

Your Choice, 25c.

LOT 2. Comprises Embroidery, Trimmed Drawers, Corset Covers. Chemises, Plain

Skirts, and Night Dresses. Your Choice, 50c.

LOT 3.

Comprises Torchon Lace and Embroidery Trimmed Corset Covers, Drawers, Chemises, Skirts and Night Gowns.

Your Choice, 75c.

LOT 4,

Comprises Extra Fine and Heavily Trimmed Drawers, Chemises, Skirts, Corset Covers and Night Robes.

Your Choice \$1.

We will let the above statement suffice and content ourselves by inviting the most fastidious and critical to compare values, and let such ocular evidence decide what house in Ann Arbor merits the claim of selling reliable goods the cheapest.

D. F. SCHAIRER.

