

THE ANN ARBOR REGISTER.

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WHOLE NO. 656.

OUR BERRY INTERESTS.

A GLIMPSE AT THE BUSINESS.

Its Growth In Washtenaw County—From a Small Beginning Ten Years Ago to its present Magnitude.

The fruit growing industry of Ann Arbor and vicinity is one of considerable magnitude, and about which but little is known by a majority of our readers, or those living at a distance. With these facts in view THE REGISTER has this week endeavored to gather such information as it could, concerning the growth and cultivation of berries in this immediate vicinity, so as to furnish an article, not for the particular benefit of the different growers, but one which will show the growth of the industry in Washtenaw county.

Benjamin Day was first sought by the reporter, who at once entered into a pleasant conversation on the subject of berry growing. Myron Mills, of Ann Arbor town is probably the veteran berry grower in this section, but Mr. Day was the first to engage in the business on a large scale. In 1875 he planted the

FIRST RED RASPBERRY.
of the Cuthbert variety, and from that date the raising of berries has grown to its present large proportions. There are many different varieties raised, but of the real raspberry the Cuthbert is the most extensively cultivated. The Gregg is the favorite of the black cap family, while the Snyder is the leading variety of blackberries. The history of the Cuthbert variety is a very peculiar one, and about which but little is known. A Mr. Cuthbert, who lives on the North River, a few miles above New York city, discovered it in his garden about 15 years ago, but how it came there he has never been able to determine. Noticing the superior quality of the berry he began its cultivation, until today it is the most popular variety grown. After experimenting with the red raspberry for three or four years, and satisfying himself that they could be successfully grown in this section he set out the first

BLACK RASPBERRY.
commonly called the "black cap." The Gregg is the favorite variety and the one almost exclusively grown. At about the same time the introduction of the

BLACKBERRY
was made which is now quite extensively grown. As other berries, this one, too, has its favorite variety, the Snyder, which is a very prolific bearer. It would be next to impossible to ascertain the exact number of acres under cultivation but to say that at least

ONE HUNDRED ACRES
are now planted to berries is a very low estimate. Clayey soil seems to be best adapted to the general growth of the berry but they do well on any heavy soil. The crop this season has not been as heavy, per acre, as some others, on account of the extreme dry weather which set in just as the berry began to ripen, but those who cultivated their ground the most seem to realize the best crop.

The life of the berry bush is only about five or six years, when they should be plowed up and new ones set out. One of the perplexing difficulties the growers here have to contend with is the express company, who, instead of lowering express charges, as the business increase, raise them each year.

BERRY HARVESTING.
begins about the first of July and lasts about a month. Usually boys and girls are employed for doing this work, for which they receive, on an average of a cent and a half per quart, and can, by steady working, make from forty to sixty cents per day. By far the largest per cent, of the crop is shipped to Detroit and Toledo, prices varying from \$2.50 to \$4.00 per bushel, depending largely on the quality of the berry, the supply and the season. In a good season 100 bushels per acre is considered a good crop.

PROMINENT GROWERS.
As stated above Benjamin Day is the veteran grower, and has probably done as much or more to advance the business than any other person. He began on a small scale and gradually worked up, in the mean time experimenting with different varieties and methods of culture, and from his experience, other raisers are indebted in a large measure for their success in the business. At present his patch is not large but his interest in it continues unabated, and he will ever be found willing to give the new beginner the benefit of long years experience. When he first commenced, twelve years ago, he shipped mostly to Detroit where he received \$7.00 per bushel.

J. D. Baldwin planted his first bush in 1880, and is today probably the largest grower in this section, having sixteen acres under cultivation, four where he lives on Greddes-ave and twelve on the Chubb road. Mr. Baldwin raises only black caps and blackberries, to the latter of which he gives the most attention, and ships daily from 20 to 30 bushels. He will have about 400 bushels of the black caps which will average him \$2.75 per bushel. The blackberry crop is just being picked and an estimate of this crop he was unable to give. The drought has not effected his crop to any great extent, which he says, is due to the thorough cultivation he gives his ground.

E. H. Scott, proprietor of "Elm Fruit Farm," is also an extensive grower. He commenced in a small way 10 years ago until now he picks berries from fifteen acres, which is divided about equally be-

tween the three kinds. He introduced the Gregg variety of black caps nine years ago. About 35 boys and girls can be seen there any day picking berries and he expects that they will pick 500 or 600 bushels, which will bring him from \$3.00 to \$4.00 per bushel. Mr. Scott is a firm believer in the old adage that the "early bird catches the worm," and raises the early variety of the red raspberry which brings in more money, per bushel, than does the later ones. He has heretofore engaged quite extensively in the sale of plants, his sales amounting, some seasons, as high as 200,000 plants.

In 1882 J. E. Sumner planted half an acre and has kept adding to it until now he is the proud possessor of a 7-acre berry patch, located about a mile and a half south of the city on State-st. His crop will not be large this year on account of the drought. Between two and three hundred bushels will be about the amount of his pickings, which are mostly black berries.

On Chubb road Jacob Ganzhorn cultivates a 4-acre patch. He raises mostly the red raspberries and black caps.

L. Gruner commenced about three years ago on the Foster road. He has red raspberries and black caps spread over three MM.

Prof. E. Baur commenced ten years ago and now cultivates three acres on west Huron st. Mr. Baur takes a great interest in all kinds of fruit and is one of the enthusiastic workers in the Pomological society.

J. H. Clough is one of the largest growers, although he did not commence the business until two years ago. Ten acres is the size of his "plantation" and he picks as many bushels to the acre as any of his neighbors.

John Allmand, on west Huron-st, is one of the earliest growers, having commenced in a small way, when the business was in its infancy, and now he picks berries from six acres.

There are many others who are engaged in raising berries, on a small scale, who are deserving of mention, but time and space forbids.

The Washtenaw Fuel Gas Co.

We live in the age of progress. That which is new to-day, may be supplemented by something new, and become old tomorrow. He who succeeds in making two blades of grass grow where one grew before is counted a philosopher. Anything sought to be introduced to our citizens, that will reduce the cost of cooking our meals, warming our dwelling, churches and places of business, adding economy, cleanliness, convenience and comfort to our homes, should receive all the aid and encouragement within the means of our citizens to give.

Those who have not taken time to give the matter a thought, (and it is fair to assume that but few have) have not the faintest idea of the great saving to our citizens by the introduction of the greatest of modern blessings, "Fuel Gas." Basing the population of our city at 10,000, allowing five persons to each family, would give two thousand dwellings to be warmed during the year. Assuming that the average outlay annually for coal, and wood to cook the meals and warm the homes of these two thousand families to reach the sum of \$250,000, (not taking into consideration the amount of labor required to get this fuel in position to obtain from it the best results) it is safe to say that fully 20 per cent, of the above amount, (\$50,000) can be saved to our citizens by the introduction of fuel gas. This great saving is distributed among all classes in proportion to the cost of their fuel annually.

It would be folly perhaps to assume that natural gas for fuel purposes will be found merchantable in quantities in all places, (it certainly will not until sought for) but this unfortunate circumstance need not discourage those who may be located in places remote from gas belts. We believe from information obtained from geologists of Ohio and Pennsylvania that our city lies on or very near a gas belt. Gas and oil are known to exist in paying quantities, at Port Huron in this state, and at Bryan, Ohio. Draw a line from Port Huron to Bryan and this line will run in a north-easterly and south-westerly direction, close to Ann Arbor. In Pennsylvania, those engaged in searching for gas or oil, when over on the belt, will drive in a northeast or south-west direction only.

The time is rapidly approaching when gas will be almost exclusively used as a fuel, and when that time arrives consumers will be astonished to know how they did so long without it. We have endeavored to show the great economical advantages of this new fuel over that of anything else, no matter whether procured from the earth, or manufactured, if but introduced, will at once spring into universal use, for by its discovery and use in Pennsylvania and Ohio it has long since passed the experimental stage, and been accepted as the greatest of modern blessings.

As an investment for surplus capital, nothing is more safe or more profitable than the stock of fuel gas companies. Thus our citizens have a triple incentive to give aid and encouragement, to a home enterprise, viz: Reducing the cost of fuel, inviting manufacturers to locate here, and having an opportunity for a safe, permanent and profitable investment in a company organized under Michigan laws, and composed of our well-known and enterprising citizens in whom we have confidence, therefore, let us all subscribe in proportion to our means, not as a contribution but for the stock of the company as a safe investment, to benefit ourselves as well as our neighbors, and the more promptly we act in the matter, the sooner will the desired end be obtained, our meals cooked and our homes warmed by fuel gas.

A Snake and Bird Exporter.

But few people in Washtenaw county are cognizant of the fact that there is a gentleman living in their midst who annually makes from one to two trips to Old England with an invoice of birds, fowls, snakes, and all kinds of small game, but such is the case; and he enjoys the proud distinction of being the only person engaged in this business in this section of the United States. His name is D. Wright, and his residence is Whittaker's Corners, in the township of Augusta. This gentleman has now collected over 200 live snakes, which includes all the different species which inhabit this country, and over 200 wild birds and fowls, of all kinds, that fly in the aerial regions of this climate. Besides this collection he will take with him a great variety of small animal, insects etc., including woodchucks, rabbits, squirrels, weasels, chipmunks, potato bugs, cockroaches, etc, etc. Mr. Wright will leave Ypsilanti for England, August 10th or 11th, with his collection, which is valued at \$800, where he will dispose of it. He expects to return with a smaller collection of native birds, small game, etc., which he will dispose of in this country. This will be Mr. Wright's eighteenth trip across the pond, and every time he has had a similar cargo in charge.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alums or phosphate powders. Sold only in Quarts. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, N. Y.

Jet Trimmings. THE New Gloves. Great Rush FOR Dry Goods and Carpets IS AT WINES & WORDEN Because every one says they have the Largest, the best and the Cheapest stock this Spring of any dealers in Ann Arbor. 20 South Main Street. Carpets. Rugs.

SPECIAL SALE

SUMMER GOODS AND REMNANTS

We will sell them at prices that will not let them long remain. Colored Dress Goods comprising Plain, Plaids and Check for 12c, 15c and 20c, some of these formerly sold at 37c. Handsome Dress Goods in Plain, Plaid and Striped at 25c, 30, 35c, many of these are less than half original price. French all Wool and Silk and Wool Dress Goods for 50c, former prices from 75c to 85c. White Wash Dress Fabrics in Swiss and Nainsook, Striped, Checked, Plain and Plaid at 8c, 10c, 12c, 15c, 20c and 25c. Lace Effects in White and Ecu 15c to 25c. Linon de Inde, Plaid and figured Organdies. Sweeping reductions in Pattern Suits and many great bargains in Remnants of Dress Goods, Silks, Satins, etc., etc. If it is your interest, and we think it is, procure some of them. Parasols, balance of stock must go, prices no object. Fans in Japanese, French, German and Vienna makes at greatly reduced prices. We open a large assortment of Horn and Rubber Hair Pins, Oxidized, Silver and Rhine Stone Pins.

MACK & SCHMID.

CUT, CUT.

Down go the Prices

On all Summer Weight Goods. We do not wish to keep over until next season any Summer weight goods and propose to sell them now if the price will move them. Before quoting any prices we wish to state that we can not give one-half off on this season's goods as our stock is not marked to sell at 50 per cent profit. All goods not purchased this season will be sold regardless of cost. Read the following prices, all ate goods purchased this season:

Men's Suits, fine cassimere, \$6.00 cut to \$4.50.
Men's Suits, fine cassimere, 7.00 cut to \$5.50.
Men's Suits, all wool cassimere, 9.00 cut to \$8.50.
Men's Suits, fine, all wool, 9.15.00 cut to \$12.50.
Men's Suits, fine, all wool, \$18.00 cut to \$15.00.

Boys' Sailor Suits, in gray and blue, short pants at \$1.50. Boys' Suits, short pants, good quality, cut from \$3.25 to \$2.75. From \$4.00 to \$3.25. From \$5.50 to \$4.25 and from \$8.00 to \$5.00.

Boys' Suits, long pants, cut from \$3.25 to \$2.75, from \$5.00 to \$3.75, from \$3.00 to \$5.50, etc. We have a good assortment and have marked the goods very low.

We have also taken a large lot of fine pants ranging in price from \$4.00 to \$5.50 and give you your choice for 3.50.

WAG-UEH & CO., 21 S. Main-st.

This Thursday Morning;!

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARING SALE COMMENCED AT THE STAR CLOTHING HOUSE!

Wo are Making a Terrific Slaughter in all Lines.

All light weight pantaloons are placed into four lots and prices named for the choice in each that is about the cost for the cloth.

All Wool Pantaloons, at \$2.50.

Notice our Show Window--the Choice, \$3,

Men's Business Suits, 1-4 off Regular Figures.

Mackinaw and Canton Hats, One-Half Price.

All Chip and Straw Hats, worth 15c, 20c and 25c,

Now 10 Cents.

All thin Coats and Vests AT COST and less.

Children's Suits and Kilts, at \$1, \$2 and \$3.

Boys' Suits, \$3 to \$5, former price, \$10 to \$12.

NOTHING LIKE THIS SALE: NEVER WILL BE.

INCOME SABLY FOR. TBS CHOICE BARGAINS.

A. L. NOBLE, Leading Clothier and Hatter.

COUNTY NEWS.

YPSILANTI.

Both Cheataqua circles picniced last Friday. Misses Carrie and Nan Towner, are visiting in Connecticut. O. A. Ainsworth & Co., are in their new building on Congress-st.

Miss King, the Normal preceptress, is spending the summer in St. Clair. Recent advertisements have revealed the fact that Ypsi. has a "live" grocer.

Our colored brethren are getting ready for the first of August excursion to a foreign shore near Detroit.

Mrs. Susan Dodge, the aged mother of S. H. Dodge, died Sunday. She had been an invalid for about twenty years.

Mr. D. C. Batchelder has returned from Clifton Springs, N. Y. He left his wife and daughter at St. Catharines, Ont.

Robert Coy, a former druggist of this city, is here on a short visit. Says he likes traveling on the road much better than running a business of his own.

Messrs. Marshal Pease and C. L. Ellis while enroute for Eureka, Cal., stopped off one day at Salt Lake city. They reported the swimming excellent in the briny lake.

W. H. Brooks, one of the Normal professors of learning, is doing amateur work on a bicycle and quite a number of hitching posts are not yet uprooted.

Rev. Maclean and Chas. King, having done London, Paris, Florence and Rome, and gazed upon Switzerland's beautiful scenery started on the homeward route today.

Geo. B. Hodge has joined a hydraulic engineer corps; before he left the city his Baptist friends presented him with a purse of \$50 for effective and valuable services in the choir.

Mrs. Daniel Quirk went to Chicago Monday night in response to a telegram announcing the death of a young grand child, the youngest child of her daughter, Mrs. Younglove.

The east side business men are waking up and stirring themselves in spite of the hot weather. They hoist weather signals every day and hire a band to tout forth goul thrilling strains every Saturday night.

The Ypsilanti dress suit factory had a narrow escape from burning, the other night. One of the ironing tables was discovered to be on fire by a passer-by. The alarm was promptly given and the danger averted.

Among the throng seeking to get cooled off at Petoskey are Capt. Allen, Prof. D. Putnam and daughter, Clark Wortley and daughter and Mr. and Mrs. Will Clark. Mrs. Capt. Allen intend joining the party next week.

A number of our well-known singers under the direction of Prof. Pease, gave a summer-night concert at the opera house, last Friday evening, which was a most enjoyable affair. The proceeds will be used to bear the expenses in having the Episcopal church organ moved down from the gallery and placed in the frost part of the church.

A party, composed of Messrs. Alex Hardy, Bert. Comstock, Archie Drury, Archie Sullivan, Will Marshall, Will Carpenter, Will Putnam and Fred Holmes, silently stole away Tuesday night, as the town clock was tolling a dozen times; and rumor has it that they are hiding in the wilderness at Base lake, and that for the next two weeks the farmers in that region will look up their green corn patches and hen roosts.

Among those who visited Detroit Tuesday were Mrs. Goodson and daughter Bertha, Prof. Chas. Edwards, Mrs. Keyser, Geo. Tyler, Mr. and Mrs. Sweet, Mr. W. B. Drury, Rev. Mr. Spridger, Rev. Mr. Cheeney, Mr. St. James, Mr. Barnes, Misses Stewart and Moore. It is rather remarkable that each and every person, however, seemed to be in such blissful ignorance that such a thing as a big horse race was in Detroit and emphatically averred that it was simply the human race they went in to see.

Stony Creek.

T. Buch has repainted his house. The wheat is nearly all harvested. Mrs. Harmon is visiting in Detroit. Oats are being rapidly put into the shock. A company of serenaders were on the streets one evening this week.

Mrs. G. L. Hayden, of Toledo, Ohio, is visiting friends and relatives in this vicinity.

A. Ambruster has his new house nearly completed. C. Vanblarum did the carpentering.

Workmen are busy at work on the new church for the M. E. society. It gives promise of being a fine structure.

Win. Calhoun has as fine a patch of onions as one could wish to see. He expects to gather about 2500 bushels.

Last Sunday was afflicted by some to be the warmest day ever known in this vicinity. In some places it marked 110° in the shade.

R. Salsbury had a very narrow escape from death recently. While on a load of wheat the horses became unmanageable and ran away throwing the load onto Mr. Salsbury injuring him severely if not fatally.

While some men were at work for T. Buch, lately, they caught a rare and curious bird which never had but one wing, that one being fully developed. But no sign of any on the other side having been there. No one seems to know what kind of bird it is. It is certainly a great curiosity.

To dream of a ponderous whale, Erect on the tip of his tail, Is the sign of a storm (If the weather is warm), Unless it should happen to fail.

Dreams don't amount to much, anyhow. Some signs, however, are infallible. If you are constipated, with no appetite, tortured with the sick headache and bilious symptoms, these signs indicate that you need Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. They will cure you. AH druggists.

COMPARATIVE WORTH OF BAKING POWDERS.

Table comparing various baking powders: ROYAL (Absolute Pure), GRANTS (Alum Powder), RUMFOBDS, HANFORD'S, REDHEADS, CHARM, AMAZON, CLEYELANDS, PIONEER, CZAR, DR. PRICE'S, SNOW FLAKE, LEWIS, PEARL, HECKER'S, GILLET'S, ANDREWS&CO, BULK, BUMFOKDS.

REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT CHEMISTS

As to Purity and Wholesomeness of the Royal Baking Powder.

"I have tested a package of Royal Baking Powder, which I purchased in the open market, and find it composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder of a high degree of merit, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substances.

"It is a scientific fact that the Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure."

"I have examined a package of Royal Baking Powder, purchased by myself in the market. I find it entirely free from alum, terra alba, or any other injurious substance."

"I have analyzed a package of Royal Baking Powder. The material* of which it is composed are pure and wholesome."

The Royal Baking Powder received the highest award over all competitors at the Vienna World's Exposition, 1873; at the Centennial, Philadelphia, 1876; at the American Institute, New York, and at State Fairs throughout the country.

NOTE.—The above DIAGRAM illustrates the comparative worth of various Baking Powders, as shown by Chemical Analysis and experiments made by Prof. Schedler. A pound can of each powder was taken, the total leavening power or volume in each can calculated, the result being as indicated. This practical test for worth by Prof. Schedler only proves what every observant consumer of the Royal Baking Powder knows by practical experience, that, while it costs a few cents per pound more than ordinary kinds, it is far more economical, and, besides, affords the advantage of better work. A single trial of the Royal Baking Powder will convince any fair-minded person of these facts.

* While the diagram shows some of the alum powders to be of a higher degree of strength than other powders ranked below them, it is not to be taken as indicating that they have any value. All alum powders, no matter how high their strength, are to be avoided as dangerous.

COUNTY.

Rev. Gallup, of Dexter, has accepted a call to Dakota.

A party of Manchester ladies are cariping at Sand Lake.

The drug firm of Miles & Carlett, of Dexter, has dissolved. Mr. Curlett retiring.

The fat and lean men of Dexter are going to have a match game of ball in a week or two.

It is rumored that a 31 pound pickerel was caught in Silver Lake, in Freedom, a few days ago.

Rev. Mr. Owen, of Detroit, occupied the pulpit in the Salem M. E. church last Sabbath morning.

Webb Logan, of Manchester, was seriously bruised on the head, one day last week while in bathing.

Manchester people are elated over the fact that the boys are no longer permitted to play catch on Exchange place.

On Tuesday, the 26th, Jacob Lutz, proprietor of the Pleasant Lake house, in Freedom, will give a harvest picnic and dance.

Comstock Post, G. A. R., of Manchester, will attend the annual encampment of the Southwestern G. A. R. Association at Adrian, August 30th.

Milan citizens have organized a trotting association. Over \$2,000 worth of stock has been subscribed, and work on securing and getting ready the race track will be commenced at once.

The Clinton woolen mills are now running on samples and have about 20 hands employed. In the course of two months they expect to be running full force with about eighty operators.

Holt & Co., of Manchester, are experiencing some difficulty in getting water enough out of the River Raisin to run their mill, and they are now talking of tapping one of the lakes near by.

Dexter Leader: Ed. Dancer, of Lima, killed on his farm last Tuesday a rattlesnake measuring 28 inches in length and six inches "around the waist."

At the annual meeting of the Universalist society, of Manchester, held at Charles Kendall's last Friday afternoon, S. H. Pennington was elected president; Mrs. T. J. Farrell, vice-president; Mrs. E. T. Greene, secretary; Mrs. E. S. Jaynes, treasurer.

A base ball club has been organized in Milan composed of the following gentlemen: Captain and manager, Tom Barnes; Secretary and treasurer, W. W. Bateman; Louis Blinn, Milton Hitchcock, A. W. Reynolds, Arba Andrtw, Ed. Warner, Wilmer Butler and Lute Bortles.

Manchester Enterprise: Judge Harriman has been here this week hearing, examining and allowing claims against the estate of Emiline M. Wait, deceased. Ed. Kinne, esq., of Ann Arbor, and J. W. Patchin, of this village, appeared as attorneys for Mr. Fellows, the executor, and Hewett & Freeman appeared for Mr. Wait. A number of witnesses testified, and the case was adjourned today until August 9th, when it will be heard in Ann Arbor.

It may not be known by everybody that there is no real black false hair. Black hair taken from the head fades a shade, and has to be colored to match even the head it was taken from.

Ostriches do not feather their own nests. They know they will need all the feathers milliners don't get.

HALES' HONEY is the best Cough Cure, 25c. SELL'S GERMAN CORN REMOVER kills Corns & Bunions, 25c. HILL'S HAIR & WHISKER DYE—Black & Brown, 50c. PIERCE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS cure in 1 Minute, 25c. DEAN'S RHEUMATIC PILLS are a sure cure, 50c.

A TERRIBLE TALE.

Hundreds Fall Victims to the Son's Fierce Rays.

(Over 130 Deaths in Chicago—The Intense Heat Still Melting Down Humanity in Various Cities Throughout the Country.)

X MOURNFUL RECORD.

CHICAGO, July 19.—It is not easy to realize the extent of the calamity inflicted on this city by the awful heat of Saturday and Sunday. If the same number of people had been lost in a shipwreck, a conflagration, a railroad accident, or a disaster of any other kind, the public would have been appalled. The figures are startling. At the latest returns the number of persons sun-struck and overcome by the heat was 193. Of these 137 were fatal, 19 were dying, 22 had recovered and 15 were on the way to recovery.

The deaths were not particularly heavy in any one portion of the city, but were about equally divided. Most of those who died were laborers or men who worked in the sun. It seems that many of those who began to feel the effects of the heat Saturday died Sunday or Sunday night. Exertion was the chief cause of the mortality, and the immoderate use of liquids follows immediately behind.

The majority of those who have fallen victims of the excessive heat are from the ranks of the very poor, and their consignment to the dust will inflict no little amount of privation on their families.

Never before in the history of Chicago have so many burial permits been issued as were made out yesterday at the Health Department. Dr. Tomlinson usually does the work alone, but he had to have two assistants yesterday. The total number of deaths, reported was about 200, and this does not include the sunstrokes, on which cases inquests are to be held. The great mortality is among infants, although every age and condition, with every imaginable ailment, was represented. During the week ended Saturday, July 16, the official death record of the health department shows a startling total of 488.

The change of temperature yesterday saved thousands of lives, for had the day been as warm as the previous the people would have dropped off like leaves in autumn.

THIS HEAT ELSEWHERE.

CINCINNATI, July 19.—Seventy-one prostrations from the heat were reported to the police yesterday, of which twenty-one were fatal. Dispatches from country towns in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky report numerous prostrations during the last three days. The thermometer has fallen 10 to 15 degrees since dark here. During the day the mercury in the signal office reached 100, while it was 7 to 6 degrees higher on the shady side of the streets where people traveled. Comparatively few were on the street.

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—The intense heat of the last ten days continued yesterday, the mercury reaching a maximum of 103 degrees in the shade at two p. m. Toward evening a brisk and cooling breeze came down from the north and northwest, lowering the temperature a few degrees, but at midnight the thermometer showed but a slightly less degree of heat than the average for the last week at the same hours. Forty-three cases of prostration were reported, but up to midnight only three deaths were reported.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The mercury rose to 103 in the signal office yesterday, and OD the sidewalk the temperature was from 110 to 112 degrees. A thermometer laid on the concrete pavement in the shade registered 126. During the hottest part of the day outdoor work was generally suspended. In some of the rooms of the departments the heat was so intense that no work could be done. Fifteen or more cases of sun-stroke were reported, five fatal.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 19.—Mercury touched 95 at three p. m., and then began to fall. At midnight the temperature was comfortable. There were twenty-three deaths from the heat, making thirty-eight within the last forty-eight hours, and many more people were prostrated. Among the dead is Stephen Strunz, a well-known soap manufacturer. Nearly all the factories and mills temporarily suspended operations during the heat of the day.

GIBSON CITY, Ill., July 19.—The corn crop in the rear part of the season promised to be the largest in this vicinity for years, but the present drought is cutting down the yield fast, and unless it gets rain soon it will not be quite an average crop. The weather is the hottest this city has had for several years. Streams are drying up, but the wells are holding out thus far.

RICHMOND, Va., July 19.—The mercury ranged at three p. m. yesterday from 100 to 106 in the shade. There have been many prostrations from the heat in the last two days, and twelve resulted fatally. Several industries employing a large number of operatives suspended work yesterday, owing to the extreme heat.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 19.—Six deaths resulting from the extreme heat of the last few days were reported to the health office yesterday, making ten fatalities in all.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 19.—The weather yesterday was the hottest ever known in this city, the thermometer at three o'clock registering 103 degrees in the shade. About twenty-five cases of prostration were reported up to midnight, six of them proving fatal.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—Mercury touched 95 degrees at noon. Thirty-one deaths from heat were reported yesterday, and seventeen others were overcome by heat, but most of them will recover.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 19.—The thermometer ran up to 100 yesterday and stood (here nearly all day. A dozen cases of sun-stroke are reported, four of which were fatal.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 19.—Mercury ranged from 97 to 104 degrees yesterday and fourteen people were prostrated, of whom three died. Mayor Denny was overcome in his office at nine o'clock.

PERU, Ill., July 19.—The mercury yesterday reached 104. Many persons were prostrated and a farmer was killed by the heat.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The thermometer stood at 90 in the shade at 8:30 p. m. yesterday. At midnight it stood at 74, with a cool ocean breeze blowing.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 19.—Yesterday was the hottest day this summer. The thermometer reached 103X at four o'clock in the afternoon.

In Brief, And To The Point.

Dyspepsia is dreadful. Disordered liver is misery. Indigestion is a foe to good nature. The human digestive apparatus is one of the most complicated and wonderful things in existence. It is easily put out of order.

Greasy food, tough food, sloppy food, bad cookery, mental worry, late hours, irregular habits, and many other things which ought not to be, have made the American people a nation of dyspeptics.

But Green's August flower has done a wonderful work in reforming this sad business and making the American people so healthy that they can enjoy their meals and be happy.

Remember—No happiness without health. But Green's August Flower brings health and happiness to the dyspeptic. Ask your druggist for a bottle. Seventy-five cents.

The point in question—an interrogation point.

HAUL'S \$100 Reward, 9100.

The readers of THE REGISTER will be pleased to learn that there is at least one UP added disease that science has been able to cure till its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure, now known in the medical fraternity. Cntorrh remng H constitutional disease requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure it taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength, by building up the constitution find assisting nature in doing its work. Tue Proprietors have RO much lull in its curative powers that they offer one hundred dollars, for any case it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggie, 75 Cts. CATAKRH CPKE.

"Up one side and down the other"—the picture.

ANN ARBOR MARKETS

OFFICE OF THE REGISTER, 1 July 21, 1887. These quotations are corrected weekly. Under the head "Wholesale" we quote prices paid to farmers bringing their products in, and under the head "Retail" are prices to consumers as sold over the counter. We are under obligations to the Central Mills, Rinsey & Seabolt, John Heimann and M. Weinmann for favors rendered.

Wholesale Market.

Wheat—\$4.35c per bu. Apples—\$1.00 per bu. Beans—\$0.12c per bu. Beef—47¢ per lb. Chickens—10c a lb. Clover seed—\$6.50 per bu. Butter—12¢ per lb. Calf Skins—72¢ per green. Corn—26¢ per bu. Eggs—12¢ per doz. Ham—12¢ a ton. Hides—4c per lb. Live pork—6c per lb. Maple syrup—\$1.25 per gal. Mutton—7¢ per lb. Oats—32¢ per bu. Pigs—10¢ per 60. Pork—7c per lb. Potatoes—75c per bu. Turkey—34c per lb. Turkeys—10¢ per lb. Veal—7c per lb.

Retail Market.

Apples—12c per bu. Bacon—12c per lb. Beans—6c per qt. Beefsteak—10¢ per lb. Butter—16c per lb. Cherries-dried, 20¢ per bu. Commel—2c per lb. Eggs—16c per doz. Flour—at the mills, 12 1/2¢ per cwt. Grapes—30c per lb. Ham—14c per lb. Honey—18c per lb. Lard—10c per lb. Lemons—25¢ per doz. Mutton—6¢ per lb. Matmeal—4c per lb.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the 20th day of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of John C. Bird, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Jane C. Bird praying that certain instrument now on file in this court purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that she may be appointed executrix thereof.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the first day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor REGISTER, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate. WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register. 65-47

Chattel Mortgage Sale

Having purchased the Furniture Stock of John Muehlig at a great bargain, I propose to give the Citizens of Ann Arbor and surrounding Country a benefit.

FULL LINE OF NEW DESIGNS

Parlor Furniture

Bed-Room Furniture

For low priced Furniture you will find my store the best place in the

W. G. DIETTERLE, JOHN UUEHLIG'S Old Stand, 37 South Main-St.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 28th day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

Present, WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Lawrence Van Valkenburgh, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Delbert J. Utis praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that Arba S. Van Valkenburgh may be appointed executor thereof.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Friday, the 22d day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor REGISTER, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate. WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register. 65-66

Chancery Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw. In Chancery. At a session of said court, held in the court room, at the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, on the twenty-ninth day of June, A. D. 1887.

Present, Hon. C. Joslyn, Circuit Judge. Albert H. Wilkinson, as administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Mary A. Andrews, deceased, vs. John S. Worden, Mary A. Worden, Henry M. Curtis, Henry Van Tuyl, Anson Sears, George H. Nugent, and Josiah P. Fish.

It is satisfactorily appearing to this Court by the affidavit of Albert H. Wilkinson, on file in said cause, that the defendant, Anson Sears, is a non-resident of this State, but resides in the State of New Jersey, and that the defendants, George H. Nugent and Josiah P. Fish, cannot be found and their places of residence cannot be ascertained, on motion of Wilkinson & Post, solicitors for said complainant, it is hereby ordered that each of said defendants, Anson Sears, George H. Nugent, and Josiah P. Fish, cause his appearance to be entered herein within five months from the date of this order, and in case of his appearance that he cause his answer to the complainant's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitors within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order, and that in default thereof said bill be taken as confessed by said defendants.

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days after the date hereof, the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor REGISTER, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that said publication be continued therein at least once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served upon each of said defendants at least twenty days before the above time prescribed for their appearance.

C. JOSLYN, Circuit Judge. WILKINSON & POST, Solicitors for Complainant. 65-69 w 7

Chancery Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw. In Chancery. At a session of said court, held in the court room, at the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, on the twenty-ninth day of June, A. D. 1887.

Present, Hon. C. Joslyn, Circuit Judge. Albert H. Wilkinson, as administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Mary A. Andrews, deceased, vs. Alva Worden, Adella R. Worden, Henry M. Curtis, Henry Van Tuyl, Anson Sears, George H. Nugent, and Josiah P. Fish.

It is satisfactorily appearing to the Court by the affidavit of Albert H. Wilkinson, on file in said cause, that the defendant, Anson Sears, is a non-resident of this State, but resides in the State of New Jersey, and that the defendants, George H. Nugent and Josiah P. Fish, cannot be found, and their places of residence cannot be ascertained, on motion of Wilkinson & Post, solicitors for said complainant, it is hereby ordered that each of said defendants, Anson Sears, George H. Nugent, and Josiah P. Fish, cause his appearance to be entered herein within five months from the date of this order, and in case of his appearance that he cause his answer to the complainant's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitors within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order, and that in default thereof said bill be taken as confessed by said defendants.

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days after the date hereof, the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor REGISTER, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that said publication be continued therein at least once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served upon each of said defendants at least twenty days before the above time prescribed for their appearance.

C. JOSLYN, Circuit Judge. WILKINSON & POST, Solicitors for Complainant. 65-59 w 7

PLANTS

For the Garden and Lawn. Vegetable Plants.

Lettuce, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Beet, Pepper, Vegetable Egg, Tomato, Celery, etc.

OUT FLOWERS AND DESIGNS

For Funerals, Weddings, School Commencements, etc. Patronize home trade if you wish to sustain first-class Florists. We are not amateurs, but professional Florists.

YPSILANTI GREENHOUSE,

WELLS * CO., Tpsilanti, Mich. One door West of Postoffice. 645-60

BUSINESS CARDS.

ROBERTS E. FROTHINGHAM, M. D., Physician and Surgeon...

W. HAMILTON, Attorney at Law...

I. O. G. T. Wkshten Lodge, No. 719, meets every Monday...

DEAN M. TYLER, M. D., PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

A. F. SMITH, Public Farm Auctioneer.

O. C. JENKINS, D. D. S., DENTAL OFFICE.

NICHOLS BROS., DENTAL OFFICE.

ZINFI F. KING, Law and Collection Office.

WE BIGGS, Contractor & Builder.

D. W. AMSDEN, HARD & SOFT WOOD.

CO. A. L. Flour and Feed!

WILLIAM ARNOLD, SELLS 1847 RISERS BROS' SPOONS, FORKS AND KNIVES.

ROCKFORD WALTHAM and ELGIN WATCHES.

SOB. F. O. E. T. PT. 17EXZLD. Carpenter and Joiner.

TANSY CAPSULES. THE LATEST DISCOVERY.

SHINGLES! The best Roofing in the world!

Walter's Patent Shingles. Made of Iron, Tin or Steel.

Durable and Ornamental Than Slate.

GEORGE SCOTT, Architect.

TELEPHONE 1111. THE NEW YORK...

TEACHERS IN COUNCIL.

Thirteenth Annual Session of the National Association.

Every State and Territory Is Represented.

EDUCATIONAL. CHICAGO, July 15.—The American Educational Association...

CHICAGO, July 16.—The National Educational Association...

They regard the education of the youth of our land as of supreme importance.

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HEADLONG TO THEIR DEATH.

The Fearful Hide of Four Indiana Farmers—A Car Breaks Loose and Dashes Down a 700-Foot Incline...

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 19.—A fatal and distressing accident occurred late Saturday afternoon at the peach orchard of Angus Dean...

At the orchard is an incline railway used for hauling the peaches from the highlands down to the river...

The men who had witnessed the catastrophe climbed up the incline to look after their comrades...

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BASE-BALL.

Standing of the Three Leading Organizations Up to July 16.

Table with columns for team names and statistics.

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NO COLD FEET!

Send one dollar in currency, with feize of shoe usually worn...

Our Magnetic Kidney Belts for gentlemen will positively cure the following diseases...

NOTE—The above described Belt with insoles is warranted to positively cure chronic cases...

THE U.S. M.T.S. APPLIANCE CO., 134 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

An ill-bread man—a sick baker.

How Sweet. The collector at Bomb y has among his curiosities...

R-mbrandt's 'ehingof "Christ Healing 'e S'ck" has been sold to the British Mu-mem for \$6500.

NEW YORK, July 18.—A fearful storm of wind and rain prevailed in this city yesterday...

A Wisconsin Tornado. WACASA, Wis., July 19.—Great damage to the crops in this vicinity was wrought...

EL PASO, Tex., July 19.—The Mexicans along the border who find employment on this side...

LINCOLN, Neb., July 16.—A collision occurred between freight trains near this city yesterday...

A Murder Plot Defeated. GREENSBORO, Pa., July 18.—Reports reached here yesterday of a plot among the Hungarian strikers...

CHICAGO, July 18.—It is estimated that the total amount of money stolen by corrupt officials of this (Cook) county during the years from September, 1884, to September, 1886, is \$1,003,000.

A Negro Lynched. UNION CITY, Ky., July 18.—John Thomas, a negro, who had outraged a white girl eleven years old, named Elsie Turner, was taken out of the court-room here Saturday by a mob of citizens and lynched.

THE MARKETS. NEW YORK, July 19. LIVE STOCK—Cattle, 4 50 @ 4 70.

CHICAGO, July 19. BEEVES—Extra, \$4 50 @ \$4 60.

CHICAGO, July 19. BUTTER—Creamery, 13 @ 13 1/2.

CHICAGO, July 19. CORN—Mixed Western, 35 @ 35 1/2.

CHICAGO, July 19. WHEAT—No. 2, 69 @ 70.

EBERBACH & SON,

DRUGGISTS AND PHARMACISTS. No. 12 South Main Street.

Keep on hand a large and well selected stock of DRUGS.

MEDICINES. CHEMICALS. DYE-STUFFS.

ARTISTS' AND WAX FLOWBB VLAII RIALS. TOILBT ARTICLES.

TRUSSES, Ao. PURE WINKS AND LIQUORS.

SpecU attention paid to the furnishing of Phj+ acians, Chemists, Schools, etc., with Philosophic+ and Chemical Apparatus, Bohemian Chemol+ Glassware, Porcelain Ware, Pure Reagents, etc.

142-178.

FERDON LUMBER YARD! LUMBER!

If you contemplate building call at FERDON LUMBER YARD!

Corner Fourth and Depot Sts., and get our figures for all kinds of LUMBER.

We manufacture our own Lumber and guarantee VERY LOW PRICES!

49—Give us a call and we will make 1+ <+ your interest, as our large and well graded stock rally sustains our assertion.

JAMES TOBERT, Prop. T. J. K. & Co., Supt. 427-178.

BQTSST & SEABOLT. 1105. 6 J&3STID 8.

Washington Street, Ann Arbor Michigan.

Have always on hand a complete Stock of every thing in line.

GROCERY LINE! Teas, Coffees and Sugars.

All prime Articles bought for Cash and can sell at low figures. Our frequent large invoices of Teas is a sure sign that we give bargains in QUALITY AND PRICE.

We roast our own coffees every week, always fresh and good. Our bakery turns out the very best of Bread, Cakes and crackers. Call and see us. 48-2507.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS. Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases.

Advertisement for 'The Great German Remedy' with text and graphics.

Advertisement for 'The White Sewing Machine' with text and graphics.

Advertisement for 'Menthol Inhaler' with text and graphics.

Advertisement for 'Mackinac' with text and graphics.

Advertisement for 'Summer Tours' with text and graphics.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE

125 SUITS 125

—AT—

THE TWO SAM'S

—AT—

\$2.60

AT TWO DOLLARS AND SIXTY CENTS.

We must close them out I Oome and see them! Everyone worth \$5, \$6 and \$7. One Dollar and Fifty Cents will buy any of twenty-five Suits. These Suits are well worth \$3, \$3.50 and \$4. All these Suits will be found in our Children's Department. We must have room for our Fall Stock and they must go. Men's Suits we are selling at \$2.50, \$3, \$4 and \$5. These Suits are worth double the money we ask. Good Pants for Workingmen at 60c; Better grade at 90c. Four and Five Dollar Pants, all odd sizes at \$2.70. These Goods must go. Oome and see them. White Shirts. We have one hundred of them; all laundered and are worth 81 and \$1.25 each at 60c, large sizes. Colored Shirts at 40c, Laundered. Big lot of Men's ODD COATS at One Dollar.

Come Quick! Come Now! THE TWO SAM'S are making things wild in Ann Arbor. Let all our Customers come from Ypsilanti, Chelsea, Dexter, South Lyons and Saline. Come everyone! You are welcome to

THE TWO SAM'S.

At One-Price to All! And Strictly One-Price.

JUST RECEIVED

Low Stock of Furniture

—at the—

KECK STORES, South Main-st.

New Parlor and Bed Room Suites, fancy Centre Tables and Stands—beautiful Side Boards in Antique Oak, Walnut and Cherry Book Cases, Secretaries, Extension Tables, Parlor, Reception, Dining Room and Common Chairs. Furniture of all kinds fresh and new. Splendid line of Lace and Heavy Curtains, Draperies and Drapery Trimmings of New and Elegant Patterns, New Smyrna Rugs, Brussels, Tapestry, Three-Ply and Ingrain Carpets of the latest patterns and lowest prices. Hair, Wool, Cotton, Fiber and Husk Mattresses, all at bottom prices.

We call special attention to our New and Handsome Bed Room Suites, only 12.00

Don't miss the chance now offered to purchasers your Furniture at the very lowest prices for cash.

Upholstering and Repairing neatly and promptly done at our stores.

RICHMOND & TREADWELL.

FURNITURE EMPORIUM

—OF—

KOCH & HALLER,

52 South Main and 4 West Liberty Streets, Ann Arbor, Mich.

"We have recently added to our already large line of Furniture some very attractive patterns in Plush Parlor Suites, (our own make) Bed Room Suites in Cherry, Antique, and Olive Wood; and also received the finest lot of Parlor Tables ever displayed in this city.

We make the Curtain and Drapery line a speciality and a number one assortment can always be found with us. We still cling to our reputation of having the lowest prices in the city.

Respectfully,

KOCH & HALLER.

THE REGISTER.

THURSDAY, JULY 21, 1887.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

J. E. Beal is on an eastern trip. E. B. Abel is in Detroit to-day. Chas. H. Richmond is on a trip to the "Soo." Geo. S. Brush was in Detroit Wednesday.

Mrs. Peter Dignan is visiting at Port Crescent.

Rev. Fr. Fierlie was in Monroe the first of the week.

Capt. Ward of Tecumseh, was in the city, Tuesday.

Mrs. W. Q. Dieterle is visiting relatives in Manchester.

Prof. J. B. Davis has returned from his northern trip.

President Angell was in Detroit, Monday, on business.

Dr. McLachlan was in Detroit Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Mattie Goodell is visiting friends in Geneva, N. Y.

Stanton Rowell has gone to Dundee to rusticate for a month.

Major Soule and family will start for Topinabee, Saturday.

Thos. F. Leonard has been out riding for the past few days.

Miss Louise Pond is visiting relatives and friends in Adrian.

Mrs. M. J. Bourke has gone to Port Huron for an extended visit.

M. C. Sheehan and family, are spending the week at Whitmore Lake.

Mrs. Prof. H. W. Rogers, left Monday for an extended eastern visit.

J. C. Batton, of Philadelphia, was the guest of C. H. Millen over Sunday.

Miss Lillian Byington, of Fayetteville, N. Y., is visiting at Chas. Worden's.

A. B. Pomeroy and wife of Westmoreland, Kansas, are visiting in the city.

Miss Mattie Border, of Toledo, O., is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. A. Remick.

M. Hudson, of the Hudson house, Lansing, is a guest at the Cook House.

Wirt Doty of Detroit, is spending his vacation with his parents, in this city.

Jag. Robison of the Detroit Free Press, visited his parents in this city Sunday.

A. L. Noble was in Bay City, over Sunday, attending the funeral of Fred Romer.

Mrs. Frank Boylan and son Charlie, are visiting relatives in Onondago, N. Y.

Prof. Elisha Jones and wife are rusticating in the frigid regions of, Charlevoix.

J. M. Allen, of the Dexter Leader, made us a short call the first of the week.

Miss Carrie Jacobus left last Saturday for Port Huron where she spends the summer.

Mrs. T. Schmidt, of Chicago, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hutzel, in Pittsfield!

B. F. WatU started for Wichita, Kan., Wednesday morning, to visit his brother-in-law.

T. L. Craig will attend the St. John Military School, near Syracuse, N. Y. next year.

E. M. Roberts, editor of the Fort Madison (Iowa) Democrat, is the guest of Geo. Millen.

Mrs. L. C. Risdon left Wednesday morning for an extended visit to relatives in Connecticut.

Mrs. A. Oswald and daughter started Wednesday for Kincodine, Ontario, to visit friends.

J. J. Quarry, left Tuesday morning for a two week's visit to his parents at Park Hill, Ontario.

Mrs. Rev. Walter and children, of Amherst, O., are visiting the former's mother, Mrs. Gundert.

Q. E. and Will Frothingham, T. L. Craig and Mr. Stewart, are camping at Whitmore Lake.

Rev. R. B. Pope, pastor of the A. M. E. church will attend quarterly meeting in Ypsilanti, Sunday.

Dr. L. F. Hatch and wife moved to Plymouth, Monday, where the doctor will practice medicine.

Dr. G. A. Hendricks, and his brother, who is visiting him, are spending the week at Rush lake.

Emery Townsend, law '82, and wife, of East Saginaw, are visiting the former's parents in Superior.

Chai. T. Holmes, of Toledo, formerly an Ann Arbor druggist, was in the city Sunday, visiting friends.

Dr. J. B. Stevens left for East Tawas this morning where he will engage in the practice of dentistry.

Mrs. C. D. Loring and Miss Nellie Loring, are spending the summer among the mountains of Virginia.

C. E. Mutschell was overcome by the heat last Saturday and has been confined to his home ever since.

Dr. H. K. Lum and wife, who have been sojourning in Kansas City for the past two months, have returned home.

W. R. Hendricks, editor of the Sun, Hummelstown, Pa., is the guest of his brother, Dr. G. A. Hendricks.

Dr. W. A. Campbell, secretary of the medical faculty, left for Chicago, last night where he will spend a few days.

William McCreery and daughter, Miss Josie, started Wednesday morning for Petoskey, to spend the summer.

A large number of Ann Arbor people have visited Detroit this week. To attend the races? Ob, no; on business.

S. Langsdorf, T. H. Goodspeed, J. J. Quarry and Barney Johnson, visited W. L. Becker, at Brighton Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Sprague, of Detroit, are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Sprague, in the Fifth ward.

Geo. A. Isbell, is tuning pianos in the Knight-McClure music store, Denver, Colorado, and likes his new home very much.

Miss Maggie Harding and Miss Jennie Cowan left Wednesday morning, for a visit to friends in Buffalo and Rochester, N. Y.

Prof. B. W. Cheever left Monday for Duluth, Minn., where he will read a paper

before the American Institute of mining engineers.

Hon. John J. Robison will leave for Colorado, next Monday on business connected with the Star Mountain Mining company.

C. W. Ashford, who graduated in the law department in '80, has been appointed attorney general in the cabinet of King Kalakaua.

Dr. C. H. Johnson has gone to Grand Rapids where he has associated himself with Dr. J. B. Griswold, a prominent physician of that city.

Robert Butler, of Chicago, who has been in the city for the past few days, returned to his home Sunday night, accompanied by his nephew, John Butler.

Miss Allie Angell, of Adrian, who has been the guest of Miss Emma Payne for the past four weeks, returns to her home today, accompanied by Miss Payne.

Geo. Kingsley, of Paola, Kansas, joined his family in this city the first of the week. Wednesday morning they started for the sea shore where they will spend the summer.

ExGov. Felch started for Marquette, Wednesday morning, via the lakes, to visit his son-in-law, Judge Grant. He was accompanied by his grand-daughter, Miss Emma Grant, who has been visiting him for the past few days.

Drs. A. B. Palmer, G. E. Frothingham, W. J. Ilerdman, and V. C. Vaughan, were in Detroit Monday, attending the conference meeting between the regents and the Detroit committee on the feasibility of moving the clinical department of the University to Detroit.

Dr. A. N. Collins, medical class of '85, has recently been successful in another competitive examination and has obtained the situation of ambulance surgeon, at Bel'eye hospital, New York city. As there were graduates of the medical colleges of Buffalo, Albany, Philadelphia and New York's own schools among the competitors, this speaks well for the medical department of the University of Michigan.

Saline.

A. M. Clark, of Pittsfield, is very low.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wahr, are visiting in town.

Chas. Reynolds, of Detroit, spent Sunday at home.

Ed. Dennis and A. Warren were in Toledo the 15th.

Mr. and Mrs. Larzabre visited at Manchester, the 17th.

Miss Mary Parson has returned to her home at Owosso.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Jake Hensee' July 16th, an 8 lb. boy.

Wm. J. Jackson, on Henry-st, catches more fish than all of 'em.

Several of our citizens will attend the races at Detroit this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Cady, of Belleville, are visiting at H. M. Russell's.

A. K. Rouse, machine expert for the McCormick Co., spent Sunday at home.

Mrs. Belle Squires, of Owosso, is visiting at Alfred Miller's on Ann Arbor-st.

Fred. Schollas, a young man teaching the German school, was drowned while bathing, the 18th inst.

O. E. Hawkins and devil, F. D. Ford, Mart. Reynolds, and J. Clark took in the excursion to Toledo, the 17th.

Real Estate Transfers.

Christian Hank to Lambert Gierke, Manchester. \$ 700

Jennie C. McDowell to S. H. Dodge, Ypsilanti city. 1700

S. M. Cutcheon to McPherson & Scott, Ypsilanti. 5000

S. M. Cutcheon to W. E. Scott, Ypsilanti city. 600

Elizabeth A. Lee to Caroline L. Bowling, Ypsilanti city. 4000

Emma Parker to Mary Meyers, Lodi. 450

Levi L. Barbour to C. H. Richmond, Ann Arbor city. 2500

Jane Barnes to M. C. R. K. Co., Superior. 5000

John W. Wallace to John Bissel, Chelsea village. 115

Don L. Davis to John H. Miller, Ypsilanti city. 3500

Bradshaw and Scinture to Geo. Lampkin, Augusta. 800

Business drives the man, and man drives his nerves with stimulants and then soothes them with narcotics. Then he wonders that he does not improve physically instead of retrograde. Now what is the reason, with all this knowledge that men will abuse themselves with injurious truck when they know better? Now it has been fully demonstrated that the positive harmless Moxe will make your nervous system feel better through a natural channel as other food does. Why don't you take it? Ask your druggist and grocer if I tell the truth.

Beware of Scrofula

Scrofula is probably more general than any other disease. It is insidious in character, and manifests itself in running sores, pustular eruptions, boils, swellings, enlarged joints, abscesses, sore eyes, etc. Hood's Sarsaparilla expels all trace of scrofula from the blood, leaving it pure, enriched, and healthy.

"I was severely afflicted with scrofula, and over a year had two running sores on my neck. Took five bottles Hood's Sarsaparilla, and am cured." C. E. LOVE JOT, Lowell, Mass.

C. A. Arnold, Arnold, Me., had scrofulous sores for seven years, spring and fall. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured him.

Salt Rheum

Is one of the most disagreeable diseases caused by impure blood. It is readily cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

William Spies, Elyria, O., suffered greatly from erysipelas and salt rheum, caused by handling tobacco. At times his hands would crack open and bleed. He tried various preparations without aid; finally took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and now says: "I am entirely well."

"My son had salt rheum on his hands and on the calves of his legs. He took Hood's Sarsaparilla and is entirely cured." J. B. Stanton, Mt. Vernon, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by all druggists, 61; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

'Just Think of It

A Boy's Suit for Workingmen's Pants for \$1. \$3.00. WARRANTED NOTTORIP

A Man's Suit for White Shirts for 50 cents. \$8.00. STRICTLY ALL WOOL THE BEST MADE.

AND EVERYTHING

—IN OUR—

IMMENSE STOCK

—At the—

Lowest Prices

EVER QUOTED IN ANN ARBOR.

We are bound to reduce our Stock regardless of former prices.

DOFT FAIL TO GIVE US A CALL

And see for yourselves.

WM. W. DOUGLAS & CO.,

18 S. Main-St., - National Bank Block.

DONT YOU DO IT!

The man who claims to GIVE Something for Nothing is the very same man who is trying to GET Something for nothing.

Watch Him!

Don't you believe him when he claims he will sell you just as good an article for 85c as every one else sells for \$1.00.

GENUINE U. S. \$10 GOLD PIECES CAN'T BE SOLD FOR A CENT Standard, well known and honestly made instruments can never be compared with inferior, cheap (?) ones any more than 810 gold pieces can be compared with a new cent piece. One has value, the other appearance.

When you want a piano, organ or anything in the music line, go where you can always rely on Honest goods, Honest prices and "Square" dealing.

LEW H. CLEMENT, 25 S. Fourth-st.

Special Bargains In Second-hand Pianos IIIU Month. -g- Pianos to Rent.

Closed 8 o'clock Standard time every Eve. except Saturday

THOSE BARGAINS Ton Are LOOKING FOR HAVE ARRIVED

Women's Kid Button Shoes worth 82.00 for 81.25.

Gents' Button, Lace and Congress Shoes for 82.00, sold elsewhere for 83.00.

Gents' Seamless Kangaroo Congress for 83.75, worth \$6.00.

Misses' Spring-Heel Button Shoes for \$1.75, worth \$2.25.

Children's Spring-Heel Button Shoes for \$1.25, worth \$1.60.

The best 50c Baby Shoe in the City.

It will pay you to come in and look at our Bargain Counters. We know we can please you and be full of smiles when you wear them out and come for the next pair.

SAMUEL KRAUSE. - 48 S. Main-st.

SOHUH AND MUEHLIG

TEJ+TIIDWARE.

31 South Main-St., - Ann Arbor.

THE ITHAS GASOLINE STOVE

Is the only stove that is positively free from leaks or leaking gas.

BUILDERS' AND HOUSEKEEPER'S Hardware a specialty.

LOW ZESTIZMT-A-TIES

GIVEN ON PLUMBING, STEAM AND GAS FITTING.

C. BLISS & SON

Have just received a fine line of

Gold and Silver Headed Canes!

Also a fresh assortment of SILK UMBRELLAS in New Patterns.

New Novelties in Jewelry just out for the Spring trade.

A FATAL EXCURSION.

Terrible Accident on the Grand Trunk Railway.

A Train Loaded with Pleasure-Seekers Dribbled into a Freight-Train—The Wreck Fired by Blazing Oil—Many Lives Lost.

A FRIGHTFUL COLLISION.

ST. THOMAS, Can., July 17.—A terrible accident occurred at the crossing of the Grand Trunk and Michigan Central railways in this city about seven o'clock Friday evening. An excursion train on the Grand Trunk from Port Stanley ran into a passing freight train on the Michigan Central, made up of a number of cars laden with oil. The engine crashed into one of these cars, when the oil instantly took fire and burned with great ferocity, communicating to the cars on both trains and extending to Griffin's warehouse, coal and lime-sheds, adjoining the track on the west, and John Campbell's dwelling on the east, all of which were burned to the ground with their contents. Engineer Donnelly of the excursion train was buried in the wreck. His fireman jumped and escaped with slight injuries. The forward car of the excursion train was filled with passengers, who made frantic efforts to escape, but notwithstanding hundreds of brave and willing hands were immediately at work to assist in their rescue a number of lives were lost; how many is not yet known. At eight o'clock, when thousands of people were crowding around the burning pile, one of the oil-tanks on the cars suddenly exploded, throwing hundreds to the ground with great force and scattering fire in all directions, and severely, perhaps fatally, injuring many. At 8:33 o'clock rick bodies were taken out. They were burned to a crisp. It is almost impossible to ascertain with any certainty the names of those lost in the wreck until the arrival of the late train from Port Stanley. There are many conflicting rumors, but it seems almost certain that the following were burned to death: H. Donnelly, engineer of the excursion train; Mr. Zealand, clerk in Nickelborough's dry-goods store, and his child; Mrs. James Smitaers and child. Mrs. Zealand was got out badly burned. Among those injured by the explosion are the following: Herman Ponsford, a bricklayer, it is feared, fatally; Nelson Gadsby, blacksmith, burned on the head; V. H. Joyce, engineer Grand Trunk railway, badly burned on arms; W. H. Valbrunne, chief of the fire department, burned on the neck; Charles Dale, of the Dale House, burned on the hands and back; Richard Woodruff, back and neck burned; Oliver Norsworthy, back and neck burned; Arobie Norsworthy, neck and arms burned; Potts, son of the master mechanic of the Michigan Central railroad, burned on the neck. And scores of others, who were taken to their homes before their names could be learned.

ST. THOMAS, Can., July 17.—Fully 150 persons were injured in the collision, and 40 number of persons killed is twelve.

CLOSE OF THE PATRIARCHAL CONCLAVE* MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 17.—The conclave of the Patriarchal Circa was concluded Friday. These officers were elected: Commander, H. W. Bernhardt, of Rochester, N. Y.; Secretary, M. T. Kreuser, of Michigan City; Treasurer, C. H. Armstrong, of Grand Rapids; Standard Bearer, S. T. Carpenter, of Elkhart, Ind.; Counsel, J. H. Baker, of St. Paul; Venerable Orator, B. B. Hurlbut, of Red Wing, Minn.; Oracle, Samuel Flakier, of Ottumwa; Vice-Oracle, Dr. Alexander Donald, of St. Paul; Marshal, C. H. Lovell, of Englewood, Ill.

Capture of Two Murderers* LOGANSPORT, Ind., July 17.—Deputy-Sheriff Bueley telegraphed to the sheriff of this county Friday from Fort Worth, Tex., that he had arrested William and Amer Green. The Green brothers are charged with murder. William killed Enos Broombaugh, of Young America, at a picnic six years ago. Amer abducted and murdered Luella Mabbit on the 7th of last August. The men were found 300 miles southwest of Fort Worth, on the frontier, living under the assumed name of Hartman.

Envelope-Makers Combine. NEW YORK, July 18.—The principal envelope manufacturers of New York and 2few England, representing fully nine-tenths of the envelope production of the United States, and making from 10,000,000 to 12,000,000 envelopes per day, have entered into an arrangement for advancing the price of their goods. The new corporation is called the Standard Envelope Company. It is claimed that there is no intention of raising prices to an unreasonable figure. The estimated increase is between five and ten per cent.

Negro-M Starving in Liberia. COLUMBIA, S. C., July 18.—Letters are frequently received here from the colored people who emigrated from this State to Liberia several years ago, in which woeful "yes are told of their condition in that country. A few days ago a colored tenant on John D. Tyler's plantation, in Lancaster County, received a letter from one of his kinsmen, in which he pleads for means to return to South Carolina. He represents himself and others who went with him from Lancaster County as being in a most pitiable condition, bordering on starvation.

Gladstone Talks. LONDON, July 18.—Gladstone addressed the National Liberal Club Saturday, and denied that he was in any alliance between the Nationalists and Liberals of which either side need feel ashamed, and said his endeavor would be to promote a settlement of existing issues that would fulfill two conditions—the satisfaction of the Irish people, and the adjustment of affairs so that the greatness of the empire could in EO wise be threatened.

Effects of Prohibition Ha the Ronth. CHICAGO, July W.—At the temperance convocation at Lake Bluff Saturday Senator Colquitt, of Georgia, gave some interesting details of what prohibition has done and is doing in the South. In the twelve Southern States there were fewer saloons to the population than in any other States except Maine and Kansas. Local option had been adopted in Georgia and Alabama, and prohibition was a complete and permanent success.

Important Land Decision. WASHINGTON, July 18.—A decision has just been rendered in the case of James Young, a homestead-entry man on Salt Lake City, which confirms the position of the Land Department that cultivation and improvements and the showing of good faith in other respects can not compensate for lack of actual residence upon the land sought to be procured.

Must Stand Trial. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 19.—Justice Harlan of the Federal Court rendered his opinion in the Coy habeas corpus proceedings, sustaining Judge Woods in all essential points and denying the application. Coy was remanded to the custody of the sheriff, but will be released on bail. There can be no appeal and a TV case will now be tried in the federal - Mf.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

For Week Ended July 19. The summer-resorts of the Northwest are overcrowded.

The Colorado beetle is devastating the potato crop of Prussian Saxony. Five persons were killed at Pittsburgh, Pa., by kindling fires with kerosene. Henry Hollstone accidentally shot and killed his wife at Crystal Falls, Mich. An earthquake was felt Monday at Malta, at Cairo, and along the Italian coast. Eleven children, victims of the excessive heat, were buried on Monday at Rockford, Ill.

Mrs. Catherine Van Buren Seaman, who was buried in a New York cemetery Friday, was aged 106 years. The Catholic clergy of Baltimore began a vigorous attack from their pulpits upon the liquor traffic Sunday. It is estimated that the iron ore production this year will be 1,000,000 tons in excess of the output for 1886.

John Nash Feake, a colliery-owner at Staffordshire, Eng., has failed, with liabilities from \$100,000 to \$200,000. W. H. W. Markham, an absconding British navy paymaster was arrested Thursday at Kansas City, Mo. Mrs. James Smith, of Four-Mile Run, Pa., was fatally burned while attempting to light her fire with kerosene.

Mrs. John A. Logan was seriously but not dangerously injured Friday while carriage-riding at Carbondale, Ill. Miss Jane Andrews, well-known as a writer of juvenile books, died at Newburyport, Mass., Friday, aged fifty-two.

Charles Grosse, a prominent citizen of Cincinnati, hanged himself Friday because he feared he would become a pauper. The works of the Coldwater Cart Company at Coldwater, Mich., were destroyed by fire Saturday, with a loss of \$26,000. Jay Cooke, a Washington banker, and nephew of the famous Philadelphia financier of the same name, died on Friday.

James Kuhn, a farmer, was lynched Saturday at Nelson, Neb., for the murder of Henry Sallam, a neighboring farmer. Three workmen in the Bridgeport steel-works at Chicago were fatally injured Saturday by an explosion of molten metal. Jean P. Sobuot was convicted at Green Bay, Wis., of murdering his wife fourteen years ago, and sentenced to imprisonment for life.

Hammond & Sons' iron works at Pittsburgh, excepting the puddling department, were burned Sunday night. Insurance, \$75,000. A venturesome Frenchman named Jovis will attempt in October to cross the Atlantic in a balloon, starting from St. Nazaire.

David L. Wightman, secretary of the Cleveland Humane Society, and a well-known philanthropist, died at Cleveland Monday. The steamer City of Mackinaw ran over a row-boat near Detroit, and Christopher Nicolas and Jacob Bonier, with their wives, were drowned.

Governor Rusk, who has been in failing health during the hot weather, left Madison, Wis., Monday, for a month's sojourn at the seashore. Leonard Swett, one of Chicago's famous lawyers, was married on Thursday to Miss Marie Decker, a clerk in his office for the past seven years.

R. F. Cowan, Supreme Keeper of Record and Seals of the Knights of Pythias, died at his home in St. Louis on Thursday, aged fifty-seven years. In the Georgia Legislature a bill has been introduced making it a penal offense to neglect white and colored children in the same institutions.

The Wabash railway elevator at Roann, Ind., has been burned, with 7,000 bushels of wheat owned by farmers in the neighborhood. Loss, \$12,000. Eighty acres of timber near Abingdon, Ill., were destroyed by fire Sunday. Several fields near Galesburg were devastated by fire in the afternoon.

Business failure* for the week in the United States and Canada number 179, against 154 last week, and 183 for the corresponding week of 1886. Joseph M. White, cashier of the Philadelphia Times for about ten years, was on Thursday said to be a defaulter to the amount of at least \$20,000.

The Metropolitan Storage Warehouse in New York burned Saturday. The building was packed with furniture and valuables. The total loss is over \$500,000. The sum of \$900,000 has been subscribed for the Cincinnati centennial exposition, and it is said that \$1,000,000 will be secured before the close of the week.

The woolen and carding mills at St. Hyacinthe, Quebec, and the works of the Royal Electric-Light Company were burned Monday, with a loss of \$75,000. Bernard J. Michenfelder, son of a wealthy weaver of Detroit, who was bitten by a pet dog five weeks ago, died of hydrophobia Friday morning.

August cotton declined fourteen points in New York Monday on the announcement of the failure of Julius Runge, the big Galveston cotton operator. Detective Billy Halloran, of Chicago, was shot and killed Saturday night by Mike Lynch, an ex-convict, whom he was about to arrest. Lynch is in custody.

Archbishop Walsh, of Dublin, is endeavoring to induce the British Government to suspend further evictions in Ireland until the Land bill has been passed by Parliament. At West Richmond, O., Sunday, Charles Reed hanged himself in his barn. His wife discovered the body and cut it down. She then fell in a faint, never rallied, and died Monday morning.

After his race Friday at Peoria, Ill., Glen Miller, a trotting stallion, was given a drink of ice waifer, which resulted in his death Sunday. He had a record of 2:18, and was valued at \$10,000. Marshall & Brothers' saw and planing mills at Lapeer, Mich., together with 900,000 feet of lumber, at Imley City, Lapeer County, were burned Monday afternoon. Loss, \$15,000; no insurance.

Workmen in laying tracks near Monticello, Wis., discovered a mine of dynamite connected with a battery in an adjoining held. The stuff was removed, but there is no clew to who placed it there. Judge Lewis, of Sioux City, Ia., the prohibitionist candidate for Supreme Court Judge, has declined because, as he says, he has confidence in the Republican party to settle the temperance question. At a meeting of the Chicago City Council Monday evening a resolution was adopted providing for the entertainment of President Cleveland, should he see fit to accept an invitation to visit Chicago. It is stated that plans for the organization of women and girls in trade unions are being quietly perfected at Boston, which city expects to be pioneer in a movement that, it is hoped, will spread to other cities. The commemoration of the fall of the Bastille occurred on Thursday in Paris, and passed off without disorder. In the afternoon a military review took place at Longchamp, where President Grey received a friendly greeting from UM people.

I CAMP AND FIELD.

1 Helical Mai's Memory of far-fc

BY C. B. JOHNSON.

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(Section III—Continued.)

The 6th of April, 1862, made memorable to the writer by the death of a relative, is remembered as a typical April day—now a cloud, now a shower, now sunshine, a little wind, a little warm and a little mud, but pleasant withal and full of the promise of spring.

Little did we of the North know when the sun went down that quiet Sabbath evening, through what peril one of our great armies had passed. In the same secluded, sparsely-settled section, seven miles from a post-office, where the writer spent the winter of 1862, he also spent the spring and summer following, contentedly farming and dreaming of the college life, which he hoped was near at hand.

About this time too he first saw a national bank note. The man who had several five and ten-dollar bills of this species still in his pocket was "legal-tender." Their bright, crisp appearance; and artistic workmanship were in striking contrast with the State bank—wild-cat currency, up to that period the only paper money in circulation.

This State bank money was of such uncertain value that many of the old-fashioned, but sturdy, people refused to receive it in payment of dues, and insisted upon having only gold and silver. Consequently paper money naturally held a lower place in the public estimate than hard money.

The National currency soon banished the State currency. Gold and silver disappeared from circulation in 1862, and fractional currency was issued by the Government of fifty, twenty-five, ten, five and even three cents value. The daily newspaper was almost never seen and even a good weekly but seldom. However, the neighborhood was by no means deprived of news as a party, whom we will call Brown, amply supplied the place of a local paper.

Brown was of middle age and medium size, of rough-strong build, had coarse red hair, never wore whiskers, but seldom shaved oftener than once in a fortnight, hence his face was usually covered with a porcupine-like growth of an uncertain yellow.

(Gen. Franz Sigel.—From Portrait in Harper's, lowish red hue, often covered with tobacco-juice was the front of his brown domestic shirt that fastened at the neck with a large horn button, but left a great gaping space of eight or ten inches below, displaying his hairy breast. He wore a pair of brown-jeans pants held up by one, sometimes two, "gallouris" made of striped bed-ticking, and in any thing like mild weather had on neither coat nor vest. On a hot head was the remnant of a coarse wool hat, his pants invariably short, failed when he was sitting to meet the tops of his blue woolen socks and the interval thus left was uncovered by underwear; on his feet, summer and winter, were coars3 brogan shoes, in size about number eleven.

In lie eyes of Brown any man who wore anything finer than Kentucky jeans was proud, and every woman *uck up*, who of Sundays, donned any thing save a "sun" bonnet. Brown believed he was just as good as anybody, but, fearing others would not think so, took occasion every now and then to assert that fact.

He probably never missed a meal of victuals in his life on account of sickness, but when accosted with the unswerving "Howdy do, Brown," invariably answered, "only *o-l-l-k*." His family consisted of a hearty wife and some half-dozen healthy children, but he never would concede their healthy status, and when asked regarding their health always answered with some qualified phrase as: "Furty peart considering," "all stirrin' when I left," "so's to be round," "all about now," "only tolie like," "all air'ge but the old woman, she's powerful weak," "jist middin'," etc., etc.

But once seated in your house and having satisfactorily compromised the health of himself and family, Brown lost no further time, but at once began unloading his latest batch of war news. "Hain't heered 'bout the big fight on the Tenisy, I recon? That Gin'rl that hope (helped) the gunboats take them air forts down thar, whar they ketchted so many sojers—Donel's'n and Henery, b'lieve they call'em. I fergit his name—O yes; Grant. Well, he's got whipped mighty bad, him and his army—got his'n all cut up and lots of 'em took prisner.

"Some's sayin' they recon he must a ben in lieker to get whirped that away. "They fit two whole days, and if it hadn't ben for them air gunboats belpin', him and his whole army ben tuck prisner, shore. They are sayin': 'Peas like Grant's awful lucky git'n' hope from gunboats."

"The first time he fit at a place called Bell smutin' (Belmont), they got him out, then they done most of the fightin' at Henery, and I reckon lots of it at Donel's'n, and this last time they saved his bacon, shore. Pon my soul, b'lieve the South's gin'rl to gain, though."

Not long after Shiloh Island No. 10, in the Mississippi, with a goodly number of prisners surrendered to General Pope. This in the West was at the time taken as a sort of offset to our failure at Pittsburg Landing, or Shiloh.

Early that spring the writer remembers reading of the now world-renowned engagement between the Little National Monitor and the huge Confederate iron-clad Merrimac. This engagement in Hampton Roads revolutionized naval warfare and forever done away with unarmored wooden vessels.

The name Monitor, which was afterwards used in a generic sense and applied to all vessels built after the same general pattern of the one which so successfully encountered the Merrimac, at first sounded strangely, but by and by became familiar enough.

There was a good attendance, and much earnestness was manifested. The exercises consisted of martial music, singing and speaking. One of the speakers was a ruddy-faced, good-looking young Englishman whose

The war, among other things, brought into general use a whole brood of peculiar and unfamiliar words.

The first word of this kind to attract attention was *seasion*, corrupted by many into *stetch*. Coercion as applied to compelling the return of seceded States was another.

Contraband was first used by General Butler when referring to slaves who had come within his lines. This was an unusually hard word at first, but soon became familiar when whole clouds of *contrabands* (slaves) sought freedom under the protection of our armies. "Refugee" applied to such white people as



GENERAL GEORGE B. MCCLELLAN.—From a Photograph Taken in 1863.

he favored the Union cause, fled from the South and sought safety and protection within our lines.

Copperhead was a term used to designate such as openly opposed the war and yet had their homes in the North. But while one who openly opposed the war was called a *copperhead*, one who violently opposed it was called a *sechx*.

After the battle of Pittsburg Landing an immense Union army under General Halleck concentrated in that vicinity for the advance on Corinth. Pope's forces had been ordered thither, and Bull's and Grant's armies were there already. Halleck divided his grand army of over one hundred thousand effective men into right and left wings, center and reserve, commanded respectively by Pope, Bull, Thomas and McClellan.

Pope Grant, under a cloud after Shiloh, was nominally second in command, but was really a sort of supernumerary. The attention of the whole country was concentrated upon this fine army as it slowly besieged Corinth and attempted to bag General Beauregard.

But one night, May 30, 1862, he quietly evacuated and either destroyed or carried away a -ery thing of value. The whole story was well told at the time by a cut in Harper's Weekly, which represented in one picture a huge hand—Halleck's army—closed, all but the index finger, which was reaching out to seize a flea—Beauregard's army—at rest on a plane surface. Just opposite was another picture, which represented the huge index in contact with the plane surface, but the flea was in air, having, true to his nature, jumped timely!

SECTION IV.—CALL FOR 600,000 IN 1863.—ENLISTMENT OF THE WRITER.

About the first of April, 1862, the Army of the Potomac under McClellan began the Peninsular campaign, slowly approaching from Fortress Monroe toward Richmond. A month was consumed in the siege of Yorktown, nearly six weeks more were occupied in the sickly swamps of the Chickahominy, when McClellan began his change of base to the James river, and then followed the seven days' battles about Richmond, viz.: Mechanicsville, June 28; Gaines' Mill, June 27 and 28; Savage's Station, June 29; Peach Orchard, June 29; White Oak Swamp, June 30, and Malvern Hill, July 1. July 2, the Army of the Potomac retreated to Harrison's Landing on the James river, and thus the "change of base" was effected.

This repulse of McClellan was a sore disappointment to the North, but knowing the Nation's power, the President issued a call in the early days of July for 300,000 volunteers, which a month later was increased to 600,000.

Like most individuals, the writer had all along been interested in the progress of the war, but fifteen months' continuation of the conflict had in a degree removed the keen edge of that interest, and he all along believed he would not be identified with it personally. The previous winter he had

been preparing for college, when at leisure from teaching, and throughout the spring and summer he occupied his odd moments in study. His zeal leading him in hot days, while his panting horse at the plow was resting, to use the freshly-turned earth as a sort of blackboard, upon which, with a stick, he marked out for demonstration propositions in geometry. His dreams were all of the halls of learning, not of the fields of strife. These personal matters are mentioned because it is believed that thousands upon thousands of young men up to this period had like aspirations and bore a like relation to the war, who soon after enlisted, and very many such lost their lives in the country's service.

One day early in August, 1862, the writer having followed the plow till noon, had just come in from the field for dinner when a relative drove up with the information that a *tear meeting* was to be held the second day thereafter at the writer's native village, ten miles distant, and that the day previous a war meeting had been held at the county seat at which many old schoolmates and particular chums had enlisted. Joining the army, like measles, mumps and some other diseases, is catching.

And when the writer learned that "Sam," "Tom," "John" and the rest had enlisted, it suddenly occurred to him that maybe his country needed *hit* services, and he straightway resolved on enlistment. With this purpose uppermost in his thoughts he attended the war meeting at the village. The time was Saturday afternoon, August 9, 1862, and the place a shady grove of young oak trees in the outskirts of the little hamlet.

There was a good attendance, and much earnestness was manifested. The exercises consisted of martial music, singing and speaking. One of the speakers was a ruddy-faced, good-looking young Englishman whose

(Continued on 7th Page)

Blood Will Tell.

There is no question about it—blood will tell—especially if it be an impure blood. Bloches, eruptions, pimples and boils, are all symptoms of an impure blood, due to the improper action of the liver. When this important organ fails to properly perform its function of purifying and cleansing the blood, impurities are carried to all parts of the system, and the symptoms above referred to are merely evidences of the struggle of Nature to throw off the poisonous germs. Unless her warning be heeded in time, serious results are certain to follow, culminating in liver or kidney disorders, or in consumption. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will prevent and cure these disagreeable, by restoring the liver to a healthy condition.

The engrossing clerk of the Missouri House is a woman. Some of the gallant legislators are doubtless very much engaged.

Throat ailments get well of itself, but deepens until it undermines the constitution, wastes away health, strength and flesh, and finally fastens itself on the lung, completing the wreck and ruin of the whole man. Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure is the only safe, sure and speedy remedy for coughs, colds, and all throat and lung diseases. Sold by Eberbach & Son, at fifty cents and one dollar. Pleasant to take and safe for children.

We've all heard of angry seas and that's why the waterspout.

Many of the good things of this life are sorrowfully alone on account of Dyspepsia. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Constipation; sold on a positive guarantee at 25 and 50 cents, by JOHN MOORE, Druggist.

A happy medium—a spiritualist who has just visited Heaven in a trance.

When all so called remedies fail, Dr. Sage's Cattarrh Remedy cures.

Lord bless you! 'Tiere ain't nothiu' in a man's house, n'r in the wide world, that can take the place of babies!

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK AT ANN ARBOR, MICH., ON MONDAY, July 4th, A. D., 1887.

Table with financial data including Assets, Liabilities, and Resources. Assets include Capital Stock, Surplus Fund, Profit and Loss, etc. Liabilities include Capital Stock, Surplus Fund, etc. Resources include Loans and Discounts, Bonds and Mortgages, etc.

I do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. CHAS. K. HISCOCK, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 5th day of July, 1887. ADAM D. SEYLER, Notary Public.

Forest City Bird Store, established 1872, Singing Birds, Talking Parrots, Bird Cages, Pure Seed, Song Restorer, Insect Cure, Fishing Tackle, Bird Books, Poultry Supplies, Gold Fish, Dogs & their Medicines, H. H. WILSON, 349 Superior St., Cleveland, Ohio.

YOUR LAST CHANGE TO BUT MINNESOTA TO DAKOTA. THK CHICAGO WESTERN RAILWAY CO. HALF MILLION ACRES.

SAFE INVESTMENT. CHARLES E. SIMMONS, Land Com. O. 4 N. W. Riley, J. CHICAGO, ILL.

PRETENSES, CHEAPEST AND MOST DURABLE FENCE AND MACHINE EVER INVENTED. STANDARD MFG. CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

FENCE BUILDER. FARMERS, EVERY MAN HIS OWN FENCE BUILDER. FENCE MACHINES.

There was a good attendance, and much earnestness was manifested. The exercises consisted of martial music, singing and speaking. One of the speakers was a ruddy-faced, good-looking young Englishman whose

(Continued on 7th Page)

MICHIGAN CENTRAL Niagara Falls & Route. The Great Central Line. The Grand Old Line. The Great Lakes & St. Lawrence River.

GOING EAST. STATIONS: Chicago, LaSalle, Kalamazoo, Battle Creek, Jackson, Chelsea, Dexter, Delhi Mills, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti, Wayne, Detroit, St. Thomas, Niagara Falls, Buffalo.

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(Continued from 4th page.) earnestness and eloquence made a lasting impression on the writer.

He began by reading in a most impressive manner a poem, then just published, beginning: "We are coming Father Abram, six hundred thousand more, From Allegheny's rugged heights, from Mississippi's winding shore." These lines are quoted from memory and may be inaccurate, yet it is believed are substantially correct. While they began the poem they were also at the end of each stanza.

The speaker, when through reading, said: "I am, as you all know, an Englishman, not a drop rare English blood courses in my veins, and near to my heart is the memory of dear, merry old England. Her green, peaceful fields, her happy homes, her thrifty sons, her broad-shouldered, deep-chested, manly men, and her rosy-cheeked, healthy women, wives, sisters, mothers, can never, never be forgotten."

"But, much as I love old England and proud as I am of the power and fair name of my native land, I am to-day an American citizen, and as such, should the English Government see fit to take up arms in aid of the South, I will shoulder my musket and fight against her as long as there is breath in my body."

The impassioned address of the eloquent Englishman was intently listened to and most heartily cheered by the audience. Under these patriotic influences and amid these surroundings, the writer gave his name to an enrolling officer, and for more than three years thereafter was in the army.

The war had now been in progress for sixteen months and a brief resume of the views and opinions of the rural population with whom the writer came in contact may not be out of place.

Regarding the propriety and justness of the war there were three classes. The first class including all Republicans and many others favored a vigorous prosecution of the war; a second class as strongly opposed it, while between these was a third, vacillating in their views, at one time favoring the war at another opposing. As the war progressed the first class largely increased by the accession of many war-Democrats, and the other two correspondingly diminished.

A few, however, seemed to have implicit faith in final and complete triumph. July 4, 1861, the writer listened to an able and scholarly address from a prominent clergyman upon the perilous condition of the country.

He closed with a most eloquent peroration, in which the prediction was made that: "Crowned with a halo of glory, the Nation, reunited, would come out of the fiery ordeal grander, nobler, stronger than ever before."

These words were, so to speak, burned into the writer's memory, and now seem like a prophesy; yet, in those trying days, it was hard to believe in their fulfillment.



STPBHBS A. DOUGLAS, From an Old Photograph.

But those were stirring times, and important events developed rapidly, and men's minds underwent prompt and radical changes. The patriotic and manly course of many leading Democrats, notably Senator Douglas, in supporting the new administration in its efforts to sustain and prosecute the war for the Union, had much to do in making stanch Unionist* of many who, up to that time, had openly opposed the course of the Administration, or hesitated in giving it their support.

Under Lincoln's call for six hundred thousand troops in July and August, 1863, two large full companies had been enrolled in the writer's native county—a small one before the middle of August, and one which time they were ordered to the county seat—a quiet old-fashioned town, twenty miles from a railway—where they were to await orders from the State capital. Here they were quartered at the two or three "taverns" of the place.

Very many of the two hundred men, composing the two companies, were fine young fellows whose bronzed faces showed the healthy traces of the sun's rays under which they had followed the plow during the farming season then just over. Most of them were under twenty-five years of age—a great many under twenty—and a jolly, rollicking set they were, but almost to a man they were stanch and of sterling worth, belonging to the best families of the county. Added to this, they all seemed to have fine appetites, the demands of which taxed severely the larders of their rural landlords.

Beds for all could not of course be furnished, and lounges, benches, carpets, etc., were utilized as sleeping places. The officers had already learned a little of military tactics, and twice daily the men were drawn up in line and exercised in drill.

So passed the remainder of August and the early part of September, when one day an order came setting a near date for departure to a little city forty miles distant, where was to be effected further organization.

Shortly after the company to which the writer belonged was organized, one moonless night in August it was drawn up in front of the court-house to receive a beautiful flag from the ladies whose husbands, brothers and sons were soon to do service at the front. Two or three candles furnished a flickering, uncertain light under whose dim rays a beautiful young girl mounted the court-house steps, and with a few well-chosen words, spoken in a sweet voice, presented the flag.

The Captain of the company responded briefly and appropriately. The elegant flag was made of fine silk and most beautiful were its rich red stripes, snowy white ones and delicate field of blue, the latter stud-



KEKAL ZOLICOFFER, Killed at Mill Spring in January, 1862.

ded over with thirty-one stars, representing as many States, although eleven of these commonwealths were making war upon the flag and under the name "Confederate States of America" had organized a pseudo government of their own.

After the fair young maiden had spoken her few words and the Captain had said in response, the flag was unrolled, and, as its rich folds floated on the evening air, not a man present but silently resolved to give his life, if needs be, for its preservation.

SECTION V.—FBOM CORN FIELD TO CAMP.

In the latter part of August, 1862, while all over the North men in thousands were cheerfully responding to President Lincoln's latest and largest call for troops, Pope was seriously defeated in Northern Virginia, and with his army fell back upon Washington.

A little later, about the middle of September, these reverses were partially retrieved by the same troops under McClellan at South Mountain and Antietam. All



STREET SCENE IN EARLY DAYS OF THE WAR. This transpired while the two companies from the writer's county were yet in citizen's dress and eating the food of civil life. Already, however, had each member taken an oath before a justice of the peace to support the constitution and laws of the United States.

The little round of routine at the county seat—of eating, sleeping and imperfect dress—was varied one evening by a social gathering in the body of the court-house, at which all the soldiers and many citizens and ladies were present. One young lady sang with much effect the piece then just published, in which are the words: "Brave boys are they, gone at their country's call, 'And yet, and yet we can not forget that many brave boys must fall.'"

The song made even the more thoughtless of the newly-enlisted think seriously of the new and dangerous duties upon which they were about to enter.

As before stated an order had been received directing the companies upon an early date in September to report at a little city forty miles distant.

As the time for departure drew near every man visited home for the last time, and final arrangements were made for long absence.

Then the adieus were said and all once more came together at the county seat.

But sad and fearful were those adieus as father, mother, brother, sister or wife took the parting one by the hand, none knowing how soon he would see the fall in war's frightful harvest of human life.

At the appointed time friends, neighbors and relatives came with wagons, and early one fine September morning the vehicles were loaded with hearty specimens of young manhood, and the journey over a dusty road to the railway, twenty miles distant, was begun.

Three or four miles on the road was a hill, where the procession for some cause halted for a time.

From here the writer remembers taking a look at the court-house and church spires behind, thinking may be this was the last time he would ever see them.

At about noon the railway station was reached and all boarded the passenger train that soon arrived. To many of the younger men the experience was new as they were never before inside a railway car—a statement that may sound strange to the rising generation, but a quarter of a century ago railroads were much less common than now.

After traveling on the cars for twenty or thirty miles the men got off and marched seven miles across the country to the little city of their destination. The afternoon was hot, the roads were dusty, and the writer remembers suffering much discomfort from a pair of new, tight-fitting shoes he had put on that morning for the first time.

Indeed the discomfort amounted almost to torture, and for this reason this trip of seven miles proved one of the hardest marches in the whole three years' service.

Arrived at the little city, the men were directed to the fair grounds, where, under the sheds in the horse and cattle stalls, they found quarters. An abundance of bright, clean straw had been provided upon which, with the blankets and quilts brought from home, sleeping places were made. The grounds were inclosed with a high, tight-board fence, and within were green with thrifty grass while scattered about were groves of shade trees. The September weather was delightful, and the novelty of the new way of living with its pleasant surroundings was most enjoyable.

However, there was one drawback; meals were taken at the boarding-houses in the city; these were all run by Germans, and the taste and fumes of garlic seemed to permeate every article of food on the table. It was, of course, in all the meats, in many of the vegetables; but every man would have taken oath that it was in the bread, coffee, and even in the salt and sugar as well.

Nearly all took severe colds from sleeping in the open air.

Only about ten days were spent at this place when the men were ordered to the State capital, Springfield, Ill. St. Louis was reached by rail, where a steamboat was taken for Alton, Ill.; here after night the men boarded a train of coal-cars, boards having been put across for seats. The ride was anything but pleasant, those sitting near the outer edge of the car seemed in constant danger of falling overboard, and the smoke, cinders and sparks from the engine were tormenting in the extreme.

After awhile Springfield was reached; meantime a little rain had begun to fall, and the men found shelter as best they could. The writer, with a companion, made his bed for the remainder of the night on the stons steps—over which was a projection—a friendly church building near the railway depot.

Next morning breakfast was found at the hotels. During the forenoon the writer with several comrades visited the late residence of President Lincoln, gathered some flowers from the yard and sent them home as a souvenir.

About noon the cars were taken or Camp Butler, seven miles east of Springfield. Here was found an inclosure of about forty acres, having around it a high tight-board fence. Near the sides of the inclosure were rows of long, narrow buildings—barracks. At one end were the officers, commissary and quartermaster departments; at the other end the guard-

house, hospitals, sutler's stores, etc.; in the center was a large open space, the drill ground.

At either end, at about its middle, was a large high gate for teams, and beside it a smaller one for persons to pass through; at each of which stood a soldier with musket, guarding the entrance.

Life within soon grew to be veritable prison experience. A company was assigned to each of the buildings, which, as said before, was a long, narrow structure, and had at one end a kitchen and storerooms and at the other two or three small apartments for the officers. Through the center of the main room ran a table made of rough boards from which all ate.

At the sides of the long room were box-like structures, open in front, having tiers of boards laid wide enough for two to sleep upon. These were bunks.

The barracks were made of rough boards put on "up and down," with no ceiling overhead save the shingle roof. Windows and doors were few, purposely so to economize space.

Here began the crude, coarse fare of soldier life. Rations in abundance were of course supplied, but their preparation lacked the delicate, skilled hand of woman. Two men were daily detailed from the company to serve in the kitchen two days.

These, the first day, served as assistants to two other men who, but the day previous, were *assutants*, and with the ripe experience thus gained in *one day's apprenticeship*, were now full-fledged cooks.

With these constant changes in the kitchen, the food was at nearly all times illy prepared, and chance to often an important factor in the results, obtained. For illustration, meat that was put in the oven to bake or rather roast, from the presence of too much fat, turned out a fry, and beef put in the kettle to boil, from the heat of a scarcity of water towards the last, ended in a bake.

Potatoes were almost never well cooked, even when apparently done a raw core would be found in the center. Coffee was sometimes a little stronger than water at Others like lye.

But rice, white beans and dried apples, gave the new cooks most trouble.

In cooking these the novice invariably filled the camp kettle, a large sheet-iron vessel holding two gallons or more, with one of these articles and then poured in water and set it upon the stove. In a little while the rice, apples or beans began swelling and the vessel commenced running over; the novice meantime dipping out the superfluous quantity and putting it in another vessel, this process goes on till he finds he has been compelled to take out more than there is left and still the camp kettle runs over and seems to have lost none—and in the end there is enough for a regiment.

Good cook stoves and utensils of all kind were furnished by the Government. The table-was all of tin or iron.

Through the day there was company drill, occupying an hour or two after breakfast and before supper. The rest of the time was spent reading, writing letters and playing checkers and pitching quoits with horse-shoes.

Occasionally a pass was procured from the commander of the post, and a trip made to Springfield or to the woods or into the country across the fields. The camp had grown terrible monotonous and any chance to get out, where the view was less circumscribed and the pure air in more abundance, was welcomed.

SECTION VI.—FROM CAMP TO THE ENEMY'S COUNTRY.

In the autumn of 1863 a great many newly-enlisted men were sent to Camp Butler for drill and organization. These came in squads, companies and regiments, always unarmed and not uniformed.

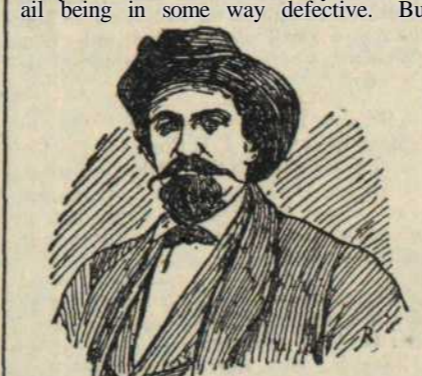
In these men a few days time often effected a wonderful transformation. One regiment in particular is called to mind; it came in one day from Southern Illinois, and was the most motley lot of men ever looked upon. Brown jeans was the prevailing dress, but every imaginable cut of coat and style of hat could be seen, and all from Colonel down were slouchy in attire and awkward and ungainly in gait. A few weeks later the same body of men marched out to take the cars, bound for the seat of war, dressed in new, neat uniforms; their bright, new arms glistening in the sun, every man marching with regular firm step, and the whole regiment moving with machine-like precision.

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In front of the Post Commandant's headquarters at Camp Butler was a flag-pole, upon which early each morning was run up the stars and stripes, that were taken down again when night approached.

Here also was a cannon that was fired every night at sunset and every morning at sunrise.

To keep the men from climbing over the fence a chain of guards was posted next to it all around. These were armed with old army muskets that were utterly harmless, all being in some way defective. But



JOHN MOBAM, THE NOTED RAIDER.—From a Portrait in Harper's War Volumes.

armed with one of these, given the countersign and put on his "beat" perhaps between a hickory tree and a white oak stump, the new soldier felt all the dignity of his position by day and the full weight of his responsibilities at night. At this period words from the Eastern army were most in favor of *countersigns*, such as "Burnside," "Kearney," "Hooker," "Chickahominy," "Potomac," "Rappahannock," etc.

After night the guard allowed no one to approach without challenge, when, if the party purported to be a friend, he was required to whisper the countersign over the musket's length with bayonet attached.

Before regimental organization had been perfected, the writer, with two comrades, procured a furlough to visit home for a few days. They arrived by rail within twenty miles of their destination at nine one night. Time was limited, so it was resolved to foot it home that very night. After walking about five hours the home of one of the party in the country was reached, and to save time and get to sleep as soon as possible, it was decided to slip in the house quietly and go to bed at once. Accordingly, guided by the comrade whose family occupied the house, all were soon disposed of, and, being exceedingly weary, quickly went to sleep.

The writer occupied the front of one bed and one of his comrades the back. All slept late and at the breakfast table the next morning the lady of the house, a matronly woman, said to the writer:

"Didn't know I kissed you awhile ago! did you! Well," she continued, "I went into the spare room and first thing I saw was soldier's clothes and on the pillow I

tsaw a face which I thought was my John's and you better believe I gave it one good kiss. But I don't care, it was a soldier any way!"

Blessed be the memory of her patriotic heart; before the war ended, four of her sons lost their lives in the country's service. Not many sacrifices so much have we given so much to sustain the Nation's life, even in these troublous times when sacrifice and patriotic gifts were so common. After a few days spent most pleasantly at home, the writer returned to his comanor.

(To be Continued)

MICHIGAN JSTATE NEW&

The Detroit grain and produce quotations are: Wheat—No. 1 White, 84¢/84½¢; No. 2 Red, 75¢/75½¢. Flour—Roller process, 4.00/4.25; patents, 4.75/5.00. Corn—No. 2, 23¢/23½¢. Oats—No. 2, 30¢/30½¢. Butter—Creamery, 18¢/20¢. Cheese, 9¢/9½¢. Eggs, 14¢.

John Mace, a shoe-maker, died the other afternoon of delirium tremens at Grand Rapids.

Bay City has organized a new \$100,000 savings bank, with W. O. Clifford cashier. Charles Beegle, of Big Creek township, Oscoda County, is one of the happiest men in Michigan. The other day he went to the depot nearest his home and there met his sweetheart, who had traveled alone from Germany to meet her Charles, and in a few hours they were married.

Rev. C. T. Allen, of Pontiac, in one day recently married four couples, baptized a child and conducted a funeral service.

Tuscola County will produce more than an average crop of wheat this year.

The boom company at Menominee is assorting as high as 4,000,000 feet of logs daily, and the mills are cutting them at the rate of 3,000,000 feet per day.

Charlie Hubbard, of Port Huron, aged eight years, while playing ball a few days ago was struck on the nose by a batted ball and gradually bled to death.

The Bay View (Emmet County) Assembly will commence July 27 and continue for two weeks. The assembly is an aggregation of popular schools in art, music, cookery, elocution, a teacher's institute, minister's institute, children's meetings, Sunday-school, normal classes, etc., each in charge of eminent specialists. These schools are attended by hundreds of enthusiastic people and the department work is varied by daily concerts, lectures, enjoyable readings, evening concerts on the bay, etc. The railways have greatly reduced their fare during the assembly season. Full particulars will be furnished by applying to John M. Hall, the superintendent, at Flint.

During the month of June diphtheria was reported at thirty-nine places in the State, scarlet fever at forty-two, typhoid fever at twelve, measles at thirty-six, and small-pox and typhus fever each at one place.

The Secretary of State recently furnished the following statement of wheat acreage and yield: Area in wheat in the southern counties, 1,414,820 acres; in the central counties, 2,037,719 acres; and in the northern counties, 34,994 acres. Correspondents estimate the yield per acre in the southern counties at 13 bushels, in the central counties at 15 bushels, and in the northern counties at 14½ bushels. If these estimates prove substantially accurate the total yield in the State will be about 21,600,000 bushels.

The Michigan Scoop Company of Battle Creek has recently sent bills of goods to Christiania, Norway, Stockholm, Sweden and Copenhagen.

A Swede working on the schooner P. E. Gilmore at Marquette lost a hand the other morning by having a coal bucket lowered on it while unloading.

Gold was found west of Ishpeming a few days ago on lands of the Lake Superior Iron Company. Specimens shown are very rich, showing fine gold in immense quantities. The big find had created intense excitement throughout the mining districts.

Seth Nickerson, of Cheboygan, fell into the river off a log-raft a few days ago and was drowned.

Miss Carrie Williams, of Detroit, has begun a suit against Frank N. Tomlinson, photographer, for \$10,000 damages. It is claimed that some time ago Miss Williams, who is well known as an amateur actress, sat for a vignette portrait to Mr. Tomlinson, and that afterwards he sold the negative to the Acme chemical works. They used the picture on bottles of cosmetics. Mr. Tomlinson denies the charge that he sold the negative.

The Supreme Court has ordered the Board of Supervisors of Branch County to pay the account rendered by parties in Quincy for property destroyed by order of the Board of Health of that township.

Recent statistics show that there are now in Detroit 85,959 families. On the basis of 5.00 persons to each house this makes Detroit's population 181,952.

Mrs. William Sempel, of Port Sherman, Muskegon County, was taken with a fit the other morning, and falling with her face in the soft sand in the yard she smothered to death before she was discovered. She was seventeen years of age and married but three months.

William H. Hendricks, an old and respected citizen of L'Anse, Baraga County, shot himself dead a few days ago. No cause was assigned for the deed.

During the past year 8,193 persons have lodged in Michigan jails.

Reports to the State Board of Health by sixty-four observers in different parts of the State for the week ended on the 9th indicated that tonsillitis, inflammation of the kidneys, diarrhoea, cholera infantum, cholera morbus, remittent fever and measles increased, and intermittent fever and rheumatism decreased in area of prevalence. Diphtheria was reported at seventeen places, scarlet fever at ten, typhoid fever at five and measles at nineteen places.

Ampersee's mill at Kalamazoo was burned a few nights ago. The mill was not in use and was destroyed by an incendiary. Loss, \$5,000; no insurance.

Sneak-thieves raided the Chippewa House at Sault Ste. Marie the other night and secured \$1,000 worth of property.

Joseph Siemens aged eighty years, fell from a wagon in Jackson the other afternoon and broke his neck. He was a rag buyer and without relatives.

Patrick J. Clair, who figured largely as a leader of a strike in Detroit last year, was arrested a few days ago and jailed for non-support of his family.

Sault Ste. Marie has established a real-estate review, and will have an electric street-railway and sewerage system.

Mrs. A. Mallory, of Moscow, Hillsdale County, has lived on the farm which is now her home for exactly fifty years.

Hon. Erwin A. Hewitt, an old-time Democratic leader in Central Michigan, died at Augusta, Kalamazoo County, a few days ago, aged seventy-one years.

Kerning & Co.'s machine shop and foundry and dwelling adjoining were destroyed by fire recently. Loss, 15,580. Origin unknown.

Can't Sleep? S52& £ thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles, sold on a positive guarantee at 10c., 50c. JOHN MOORR, Druggist.

JuJutif, from what one reads it will not be long before there will be an army of crank* who will wait to stop other people from drinking tea add coffee. There is already a society to stop the use of tobacco* "peaceably if we can, forcibly if we must."

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS Purify The Blood.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS Sound, Refreshing Sleep.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS That Tired, Weary Feeling.

Sick Headache. GENTS:—I have been subject to Sick Headache for years, and have tried, I believe, every advertised remedy and several physicians, but all to no purpose. At last I tried your B. B. Bitters—without much faith, I admit—but to-day I can truly say, that after taking the third bottle I have not suffered from it. I recommend it to all my friends; several have been cured by it. My little grandson was permanently cured of Biliousness and Sick Headache, which were so severe as to cause convulsions. They have all ceased since he commenced the use of B.B.B. MRS. B. C. BODLE, Orange, Luzerne County, Pa.

ANEWBRAF THE GRAPE CURE. Sal-Iuscatella

The crystallized salts as extracted from grapes* and fruit; a most wonderful product from Nature's laboratory; the greatest sovereign preparation ever placed before the American public. Sal-Iuscatella is Nature's own product; it supplies to the weary system the want of sound, ripe grapes and fruit; it keeps the blood pure and the brain clear; is a natural blessing to the fagged-out and weary, an imperative companion to business men, ladies and children. Hare it in your homes, travels, summer resorts and sea-side cottages.



Sick Headache and by 'pep'fa Cure. Prepared by the

SAL-MUSCATELLE CO., P. O. Box 3482, New York City.

FOR SALE BY **H. J. BROWN** Druggist, ANN ARBOR, MICH.

Farrand, Williams & Co., Wholesale Agt. DBTEOIT.

FBOM CAPTAIN THE HONORABLE ALISTAIR HAY, THIRD BATTALION BLACK WATC& Royal Highlander's

(SECOND SON OF THE EARL OF KINNOULL.) DUPLIN CASTLE, PERTH, SCOTLAND.

TO THE LIEBIG COMPANY: "I was in a condition of great debility, consequent upon a broken-down stomach, dyspepsia and malaria, complicated with kidney irritation, when my medical attendant directed me to take your incomparable Coca Beef Tonic. Its effect was simply marvelous. The power of digestion was quickly restored, the kidney irritation vanished and rapid restoration to health followed. "Other preparations of Coca had been tried without the slightest effect."

mi mi LUOT m SECH Professor of Medicine at the Royal University, Knight of the Royal Austrian Order of the Iron Crown, Knight-Commander of the Royal Spanish Order of Isabella; Knight of the Royal Prussian Order of the Red Eagle; Chevalier of the Order of the Iron Cross, etc.

LIEBIG CO.'S COCA BEEF TONIC should not be confounded with the horrid OS trashy cure-alls. It is in no sense of the word a patent remedy. I am thoroughly conversant with its mode of preparation and know it to be not only a legitimate pharmaceutical product, but also worthy of the high commendations it has received in all parts of the world. It contains essence of Beef, Coca, Quinine, Iron and Gallics, which are dissolved in pure genuine Spanish Imperial Crown Wherry.

THE REGISTER

THURSDAY, JULY 21, 1887.

B. & A.

Our Summer Silks begin to go slowly. There's only one sure way to live them. Make the Prices so Low that you'll snap them on sight.

They might sell in the next few weeks and they might not. We want no uncertainty. The time to hustle them out is when you are asked for them.

Women's White Embroidered Muslin dresses very cheap, to close them out. No refuse or rubbish! Fresh, perfect and handsome.

SEERSUCKERS.

There are dozens of styles in which beauty seems to have been the last thing thought of. You'll think so when you see them in the piece; but whoever saw an ugly Seersucker when made up?

CORDED GINGHAMS.

Among the newest, nattiest, neatest of the Cotton novelties. You'll likely think they're from Paris. The idea is; there's French fancy in every pretty thread.

PERCALE. The tough, yard wide "shirting" so many ladies are buying. Forty to fifty styles. 12c cents from 16.

There is pushing and crowding every day about the 17 cent Sateen counter. They're worth an effort to get. Light or dark colors. Every one has been 25 cents.

Do you suppose we would sell such heaps and heaps of Muslin and Cambric Underwear if you could make it at home for anything like the money? You can't.

BACH & ABEL.

OUR 25 TEXT COL'N' MSL.

Advertisements, SUCH as To Rent, For Sale, or WinM, not exceeding three lines, can be inserted three weeks for 35 cents.

FOR SALE.—Farm of 80 acres, good buildings, soil, etc. Location unsurpassed. Long time, low rate of interest and on easy terms, or will exchange. Correspondence solicited. C. C. Crane, Stone Creek Mich.

WANTED.—A situation as book-keeper. Address Miss C. J. Estey, 16 S. Thayer St. 666-47.

FOODS ASTRAY.—The Drayman who took the 17th Hammocks, Ropes, Turkish Rugs, Books, etc., to Mrs. Bennett's, on East University Ave., on Saturday, July 2, and did not leave them there, will please deliver the same to Mrs. E. A. Spence, 26 South Division St. 1 w.

LOST.—Between my store, and house on cor. of Packard and Main, a pair of gold-bowed Spectacles. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning them to Wm. Wagner. 616-87.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—For City residence, farm of 65 acres, one mile south west of City. Or will sell or exchange 15 acres with buildings. Enquire at 26 South 6th St. S. A. Henion. 656-1 f.

FOR SALE.—A Jersey Cow and calf. A rare chance for any who wish to purchase one of the best cows in the country. The Cow is but 4 years old, perfectly gentle, and from the finest milk stock in this country. Call at 31 North University Avenue, Ann Arbor, or address Dr. H. L. Obetz, Detroit, Mich. 456-1 f.

WANTED.—A young girl to help with house work. 32 E. Ann-st. 655-57.

TO RENT.—House with Barn. No. 45 East Huron opposite Ladies Library. Possession 1st of August. Occupied now by Miss Jackson. Address E. D. KINNE or S. P. JEWETT. 651-7.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.—House and lot. No. 28 Maynard-st. Location desirable for student boarders. Inquire of E. B. Pond, 6 N. Main-st. 640f.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE OR RENT.—Houses and lots valued from \$1,000 to \$6,000 and containing from one-fifth of an acre to twenty acres—all in the city limits. Houses rented on reasonable terms in central localities. Every conveyance made for city property. Enquire of J. Q. A. SESSIONS, 622f. Attorney and Real Estate Agent. Office over Express Office, Main St., Ann Arbor.

TTOR SALE.—My house, No. 27 Ann street, or will exchange for smaller house, or well located vacant lot. H. M. Taber. 625f.

FINE FARM FOR SALE.—Two miles from Ann Arbor, consisting of 160 acres in a high state of cultivation. Has been used as a dairy farm for 15 years, consequently soil is very rich. Splendidly watered by creek and springs, large two story frame house, large tasselment barn, carriage house, large shed with hay loft, also grain barn; good orchard. Terms one-third cash, balance on long time to suit purchaser. Address, R. Watermann, Ann Arbor, Mich. 624f.

TO OANING.—Money to loan on first class real estate mortgages at current rates of interest. Satisfactory arrangements made with capitalists desiring such investment. Every conveyance made on abstracts of titles carefully examined as to legal effect. Zina P. Kingle, Ann Arbor Mich.

THE CITY.

Subscribers to the Register who wish to take advantage of the free mail delivery, should leave their street address at this office.

Don't forget the date of Co A's excursion. Read the new advertisement of the Two Sams.

E. H. Scott is building three houses on Ann-st.

D. F. Sohairer has a new advertisement in this issue.

Supervisor ButU will open a real estate office in a few days.

The "Big Six" will give a dance at the rink Friday evening.

We are indebted to J. D. Baldwin for a basket of delicious plums.

Quarterly meeting was held at the A. M. E. church last Sunday.

Gustave Roehm has opened his new hotel and saloon on Detroit-st.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Sohairer, Saturday, a bouncing baby boy.

Peter Carey will commence his new building on Detroit-st next week.

Prof. Trueblood, has purchased Prof. J. B. Steere's residence on Hill-st.

S. B. Thompson has opened a law office at his residence on North Main-st.

D. F. Schairer, the dry goods man, has a change of advertisement this week.

The Water Works Co. pumped over one million gallons of water last Thursday.

L. Q-umer has purchased the Condon property corner of Thayer and Ann-sts.

Prof. J. W. Langley is building an addition to his residence on Washtenaw-st.

Mayor Smith has put down a flag stone walk in front of his residence on E. Huron-st.

Ferguson, the road cart manufacturer, has been offered \$2,000 to move to Owosso.

Company A and the city band will give a grand street parade, next Monday evening.

I. K. and A. B. Pond, of Chicago, are the architects of the new laboratory building.

E. B. Gidley, of the board of health, has ordered the cutting down of all noxious weeds.

F. Homer and family have moved to Belleville, where they will reside in the future.

J. E. Suiner expects to pick two thousand and bushels of peaches from his orchard this fall.

The colored I. O. G. T. lodge are initiating from five to ten members at every meeting.

F. H. Slattery, who run an abstract office in this city a short time, is now in California.

Something should be done to have the nails that are sticking up in the sidewalks driven down.

It took 27 men to put up the drinking fountain—two to do the work and twenty-five to oversee it.

P. M. Doty, formerly of this city, was married in Grand Rapids, Friday, to Miss Fannie E. Pearsall.

The Bethlehem Sunday school will hold their annual picnic at Relief park, Wednesday, July 27th.

Arrangements have been made whereby the capsule factory will probably remain in Ann Arbor.

Mr. J. B. Steere and family are moving on their farm, on the south Ypsilanti road this week.

Edward DePue has been appointed supervisor of Saline in place of Michael Burkhardt who had resigned.

A petition will be circulated in a few days for signatures asking for a special election to vote for local option.

The county treasurer continues to take in liquor money. E. Bertell, of Ypsilanti, is the latest to take out a license.

Allmendinger & Schneider bought the first new wheat last Saturday, 365 days from the date they purchased the first last year.

About 75 of Ann Arbor's citizens went to Toledo and Presque Isle, last Sunday, on the T. & A. excursion.

Capt. Schuh: "Just one thousand is the number of persons we would like to have go on our excursion next Wednesday."

Every citizen of Ann Arbor, who has the interests of the city at heart, should attend the meeting in the council rooms Friday night.

The proprietors of the proposed State-st hotel are endeavoring to secure a location. As soon as this is done work will be commenced at once.

Gates & Gates are building a two-story frame house corner of Forest and Washtenaw avenues, for Mrs. Torrence. It will cost about \$2,500.

A petition signed by over 300 citizens will be presented to the council at the next meeting, asking to have the slaughter houses removed.

The Washtenaw Mutual Insurance Co., has sustained losses amounting to \$850, caused by lightning, since January first. It was all on horses.

Chas. Mosher, of Mosherville, state organizer of the prohibition party, will meet with a committee of Washtenaw county prohibitionists, in this city, August 3d, to perfect arrangements for a local option campaign.

A large number of our colored citizens will attend a concert at Ypsilanti, tonight, given by the colored people of that city.

Henry Blittin, living on Hill-st, fell through the joists in the new Nichols' brick, last Friday, sustaining severe bruises on his right limb.

The Courier is authority for the statement that a new church of the sect known as the Disciples of Christ, is to be built in this city, at a cost of \$20,000.

A. P. Hanson, law '80, has opened a law office over Rinsey's grocery store. Mr. Hanson has been practicing at Hornellsville, N. Y., where he was quite successful.

Mrs. Giles O. Vandergrift, an estimable lady of Manchester, and well known in this city, died last Sunday after a lingering illness. The funeral was held Tuesday.

Hutzel & Co., has taken the contract from the Detroit Metal company for putting the steam heating apparatus in the county house. They will begin work next week.

The A. M. E. church has recently been thoroughly renovated, repainted and carpeted which adds much to the beauty of the interior and comfort of those who attend.

On our second page to-day will be found a striking and instructive illustration of the comparative worth of the various kinds of baking powders now in the market.

The Chequamegon Orchestra re-organized July firsthand E. B. Perry was elected business manager in place of E. L. Drake, dent '87, who has located in Marquette.

The Two Sams have two silver cups on exhibition in their windows which will be presented to the best lady and gentleman waltzer at the dance at the rink Friday evening.

S. A. Moran has found teaching short-hand go profitable that he has decided to remain here permanently. He says his business has increased far beyond his expectations.

The health office-s are doing their part to have the slaughter houses removed and if the council will exhibit a little backbone they will be removed, no doubt, in a short time.

A couple of colored members of the tramp fraternity broke a window in Duffy's grocery store, Saturday evening. One of them was caught and lodged in jail but was released the next morning.

Some steps should be taken by the authorities to have all dogs muzzled during the hot weather. The sad death of a young man in Detroit, who died from the effects of a dog bite, should be a warning.

John Dieterle, who has been studying for the German ministry for the past seven years, will conduct the services in the Bethlehem church, Sunday morning. In the evening he will be ordained as a minister.

The bucket shop has again closed its doors. Not on account of a failure but because the Chicago board of trade refuse to furnish the grain market to parties who have no intention of delivering the good.

Increase in business has compelled Cousins & Hall to build an addition to their hot houses and make other needed improvements. It will be heated with a Ramond furnace and is put in by Schuh & Muehlig.

Mad dogs are creating considerable excitement in various cities of the state these hot days, and are being shot on every hand by the police. Let the canines in this city be re-muzzled before somebody dies with hydrophobia.

The drinking fountain erected on the south side of the court house is a very pretty one and one which will meet the approval of the tax payers generally. The committee who had it in charge are to be complimented on their good judgment.

Emancipation day will not be observed in this city by the colored people, but instead they will join their Ypsilanti brethren and go on an excursion to Manhattan, a small place a few miles from Windsor, where a grand celebration will be held.

Detroit Evening Journal: "An exchange says Prof. J. B. Steere of the University has gone to the Philippine Islands in charge of three students." Guess not. Prof. Steere is straight as a string, and can go anywhere he wants to on this earth without watching."

Programmes have been issued for the fourth annual reunion and encampment of the G. A. R. association of southwestern Michigan. Gen. Sheridan and Gov. Luce are expected to be present, and deliver addresses. Capt. Manly, of this city, will be colonel commanding.

Miss Annie Colannen, about thirty years of age, was found on the streets in an intoxicated condition about one o'clock Wednesday morning. She was taken before Justice Fraeuff, in the forenoon, who fined her \$10, in default of which she will board at the county jail for ten days.

Schuh & Muehlig are making more improvements in their hardware store. This time they have moved their desk to the front end of the store, and the partition in the back end is to be moved ten feet further to the front. This change has been made necessary by an increase of business in their workshop.

Thos. F. Hill and Mrs. T. Taylor were married this morning at the bride's residence, on Division-st, by Rev. Dr. Earp, in the presence of a few relatives and immediate friends. The bridal party left on the 10:30 train on the M. C. R. R., for the Oakland house, at Lake St. Clair, where they will remain a few days.

Fred. Bonier, of Bay City, who was a freshman lit. last year, was drowned last Friday, at Oak Grove, while bathing in a small stream of water. Deceased was a member of Beta Theta Pi fraternity and was much respected by those who knew him here. He was a cousin of Mrs. A. L. Noble. The remains were taken to Albion, N. Y. for interment.

The trial of Thomas and John Both of Freedom, for committing an assault and battery on their brother, Jacob, a full account of which was given in THE REGISTER at the time, was held in Justice Pond's court Tuesday. The parties were found guilty and fined \$1 each and costs, with the advice that they must not do so any more.

At a meeting of the Ann Arbor Schutz-enbund, held Monday evening, it was decided to hold a two day's shoot August 21 and 22. Prizes amounting to \$2,000 will be offered, and invitations extended to clubs in various parts of the country. Clubs in Detroit, Battle Creek, Toledo, Sandusky, Cincinnati and other places, have already signified their intention of attending.

C. H. Millen: "Why don't some of you fellows say something about building a boulevard in Ann Arbor? By expending a little money on the middle Ypsilanti road it could be made a splendid driveway. If enough gentlemen would go into it, I would be in favor of buying or leasing land, about four miles out, for a half mile track, and put up a club house. I tell you it would be grand thing."

J. M. Ashley has only to look at a new railroad route and some one will announce the fact that he is constructing a new line. The West Bay City Times says: Every one in Michigan knows J. M. Ashley. He is a railroad builder, and he has the reputation of building more roads on less money than any one else. Mr. Ashley is now constructing a road from Durand via Flushing to East Saginaw, a distance of 38 miles.

The T. A. A. & N. M. R. R. announce the following rates to Petoskey: Round trip tickets for \$8.70, good to return August 15, to those desiring to attend the camp meeting, which is held there from the 18th to the 27th. To those holding certificates the same rate is given, good to return up to October 15th; regular round trip tickets good to return up to October 15th, will be sold to any person for \$11.60. Excursion to Whitmore Lake, as usual, on Sunday.

Fred Schollas, of Saline, aged 16 years, met with a sudden death Monday evening while diving in the water. He had ascended to a high bank and jumped in where the water was shallow, striking the ground at the bottom of the river on his head. Not coming up in proper time his comrades got him out when it was found that his neck was broken. He was a very exemplary young man and was studying for the ministry. The funeral was held this morning. He was a step-brother of Fred. Gakle, of this city.

The next two recitals at the Hobart Hall, this evening and Monday the 25th, will comprise only compositions of Beethoven. Four of his most celebrated Sonatas, including the "Sonata Pathétique," and the great D. minor, sometimes called the "Tempest" Sonata, will be played, and two concertos with accompaniment of second piano. Miss Ella Joslyn, who was so well received at the Elijah, has been engaged to sing at the next four recitals. Tickets to the six remaining may be had for \$1.50. Single admission 50c cm? The hour is 8 P. M., prompt.

Much criticism has been indulged in of late by our citizens on the watering trough, recently erected on the south side of the court house, which should be withheld for the present, at least. It is only one of a number the council contemplate erecting in various parts of the city, and this is a pattern of those recently erected in eastern cities. If, after trial, it should prove too high, it will be lowered and probably removed to another location. The Aldermen who have it in charge are men of good judgment and of practical ideas and we have no doubt they will do what is best before it is accepted by the council.

The annual meeting of the business men's association will be held in the common council rooms Friday evening, at eight o'clock, for the election of officers, and a full attendance is desired. The committee on the capsule factory will make their final report which will show that this enterprise will probably be retained in this city. The association has recently received a proposition from a firm in Pennsylvania, who manufacture boilers and engines, to move here. They would bring with them about twenty-five men. Let there be a good attendance and everyone appoint himself a committee of one to take some one along.

Ann Arbor must be quite an attractive place for students, since there are already three summer schools here now: Mr. Moran's summer school of shorthand, the summer school of music and of oratory, and the eighth of next month will bring a fourth, the summer school of pedagogics, conducted by Prof. Payne. The A. A. of oratory comes here representing the national school of oratory at Philadelphia, formerly conducted by Prof. Shoemaker, whose text book is used in the University, and carried on by his widow, Mrs. Shoemaker. It is the custom of the school to hold summer schools each year in different parts of the country, in order to advertise the school at Philadelphia.

A game of base ball between the members of the school board and the common council would be a highly entertaining sight, and would certainly draw one of the largest crowds of admirers of the national sport ever assembled together in this city. The conditions for such an exhibition are first-class and a large number of people would hail with delight the amusement of a game between those two august bodies. To make the affair complete, city attorney Kinne could umpire the game and there is but little doubt that he would be one of the leading attractions at the game. We trust that the educational and municipal legislators will seriously consider the suggestions contained herein, and that such a contest will be arranged with all possible expedition.

The entertainment offered by the Summer School of Music, at Hobart Hall, last Monday evening, deserved to draw a larger audience than it did. The programme consisted of a violin recital by Wm. Luderer, of Detroit, interspersed with recitations by J. H. MaKuen, of the Summer School of Music. Mr. Luderer possesses a perfect control of his instrument and plays with a great deal of technical skill and finish, but he does not attempt to give any deep spiritual interpretation to his

music and for that reason his interpretation fails somewhat to arouse the enthusiasm of the audience. Mr. MaKuen has a clear, pleasant voice, an excellent articulation and some facial expression. The first selection "The Song of the Myrtle" seemed rather badly chosen, because the thought is so subtle that it is impossible to render it by the sound of the voice.

Chas. A. Ashburner, O. E., state geologist of Pennsylvania, who has made a careful study of the natural gas subject, has the following to say in relation to the matter: "The rapid development of the natural gas industry in western Pennsylvania and the great economy which results from its use both for manufacturing and domestic purposes, has led to an inquiry as to the occurrence of this gaseous mineral in all thickly populated and large manufacturing centers of the United States. Natural gas springs are to be found in almost every state in the Union, and in many states gas has been obtained in wells sunk either for water, oil, or gas, or in search of solid mineral deposits." "When the rock formations are pretty flat and have remained nearly undisturbed over extensive areas, there is always a chance of finding gas (if not oil) at some depth beneath the surface determined by the particular formation which appears at the surface."

The Hottest for Years.

The heat during the first seventeen days of the present month has exceeded that of former years by a Urge majority. The man who can tell you when the heaviest fall of snow occurred, or when we experienced the longest drought, fails to recall the time when he has suffered more from the heat than he has during the past few days. During the last three days of last week the mercury fluttered around the onehundredth degree with remarkable ease.

The following statement shows the highest and lowest degrees the temperature reached each day, for the first seventeen days of the month, as taken at the observatory:

Table with 4 columns: Day, Highest Degree, Lowest Degree, Day, Highest Degree, Lowest Degree. Rows 1-6.

Prof. J. M. Schaeberle, to whom we are indebted for the statements here produced, says that the temperature in the business portion of the city was no doubt a few degrees higher than that taken at the observatory.

The following table shows the maximum temperature for the months of June, July and August, from 1881 to 1886, inclusive, there having been no record kept prior to 1881:

Table with 4 columns: Year, June, July, August. Rows 1881-1886.

Let every Mother, every Father, every Guardian bring their wards to the Two Sams.

A pair of the best working Pants (warranted not to rip) for One Dollar at Wm. W. Douglas & Co's. 647

FOR SALE.—A lot of furniture and household goods, cheap for cash, at J. K. Thompson-st.

Attend the Great Cut Clothing Sale at the Two Sams.

We are making it hot in the Clothing trade now, our Cut Sale means business. Two SAMS.

Money to Loan On first class and first mortgage Real Estate. Apply to S. H. Douglass.

S. H. DOUGLASS, I. W. HUNT, Trustees. Ann Arbor, Dec. 1886. 626f.

You can buy a handsome suit for your boy for three dollars, at Wm. W. Douglas & Co's. 047

Big bargains for a few days at the Two Sams. Bring your children.

Try one of those fifty cent white Shirts at Wm. W. Douglas & Co's. 047

Buy Clothing enough to last you a year at the Two Sams.

Hello! Hello! Hello! 351 The enterprising Druggist, Mr. H. J. Brown has taken the agency of Baxter's Lucky Star Cigar. Hereafter the lovers of a good smoke can be accommodated with a cigar for five cents that will prove, upon trial, superior to the ten cent cigars sold. The Lucky Star is pure Havana filler and guaranteed unflavored.

H. J. BROWN, Sole Ag't. Ask for the Lucky Star, Only five cents

Families using Oat Meal should have Schumacher's and no other. I receive it direct from the mill. J. W. MAYNARD. G51-53*

Boys' Clothing at the Two Sams at a big reduction.

Itch of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by H. J. Brown, druggist, Ann Arbor, Mich; Synek & Co., Manchester, Mich. 674*

I Offer some Extra bargains in Pianos and Organs to close out a certain line of goods.

ALVIN WILSEY. A. L. Noble has recently opened another case of those Popular Crush Hats in the various shades

Let every person call at the Two Sams during the Reduction Sale.

Call: St Mann's Pleasant Barber Shop, directly opposite the south door of the court house, is the best place in the city for anything in his line. Try it 645f

The Two Sams are having a big rush during their Clothing Sale.

"Be cheerful," cries the philosopher. "Laugh at misery." So we do; at some other fellow's.

AGAIN DO WE WISH

To Attract Traie

Cutting Down Prices,

Bargain Sal*

OPALL

SUMMER GOODS

Prices Made

To Clear Up Stock

ALL

teh dress (goods cut boJ

Crinkled Seersuckers at 80 and 10 worth 12 1-2c and 14c.

GINGHAMS, PRINTS<<

WHITE DRESS GOODS

ALL OUT DOWN

Wonderful Bargains in Ms lin Underwear and Corsets.

Sale of Ladies' Night Robes at 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

Sale of Ladies' Skirts trimmed with Fine Embroidery and Torchon Lace at 50c, 65c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25 to \$3.

Sale of Ladies' Corset Covers - at \$35c, 50c and 75c.

Sale of Ladies' Drawers at 25c, 30c, 50c, 75c, and \$1.

Sale of Ladies' Chemises at 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.

Sale of Children's Short / White Dresses at 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.

There is nothing the matter with the goods, we guarantee them sound, well made and trimmed with fine Embroidery and Torchon Lace and Fruit of the Loom Cotton.

Ladies' Gauze Vests, Long and Short Sleeves at 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c.

Ladies' Low Neck and Short Sleeve Vests at 40c and 50c.

Children's Gauze Vests at 20c, 25c and 30c.

Men's Gauze Shirts at 25c, 30c, 40c and 50c.

25 doz. New Style Bustles at 25c, 30c and 50c. Our Bustle Trade is Very Large and we always show the Novel ties.

10 doz. Gents' Night Shirts trimmed with Embroidery at 75c, worth \$1.

Special Bargains in Unlaundered Shirts at 50c and 75c.

In our Corset Department we are still selling the best Corset at 50c, 75c and \$1 in the City.

Thompson's Glove Fitting Corset at \$1.

Madame Mora's Comfort Hip at \$1. Dr. Shilling's Health Corset at \$1. Four-in-Hand at \$1.

Bortrees Duplex at \$1. Tandem at 75c, Jersey Lily at 75c, Brighton at 50c, Patti at 50c.

Misses' Baker Waist at 50c. B. C. and C. B. at \$1.