

THE REGISTER.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1887.

THE COMMON COUNCIL.

Proceedings of Monday Night's Meeting—New Ordinance—An Executive Session.

The council did nothing at their meeting Monday evening of any importance, until they went into an executive session, a very uncommon action for a body of legislators take, who are elected to transact the business of the city and to vote away its money. The executive session was taken to talk over the city treasurer's report, cut in justice to some of the aldermen it should be said that they bitterly denounced such action.

A number of petitions were presented. One asked for a sidewalk on the west side of W. First-st, between S. Madison and W. Jefferson-sts, and for a crosswalk across W. Jefferson-st. Another asking the council to order a sidewalk laid in front of the property of Chas. Richmond on E. University avenue.

A communication from the fire wardens, signed by Caspar Rinsey and Emanuel Luick, was read, setting forth that the frame building owned by Mr. James OH the northeast corner of Fourth and E. Washington-sts was in an unsafe condition, and that the same was a fire trap, and that it was liable to fall at any time, to the injury of passers-by and of occupants therein. Referred to committee on fire department.

Godfrey Schottle asked the council to refund him his license from the present time to the first of May, 1888, which he had paid, for the reason that he had gone out of business.

Also a petition to remove the electric light on Geddes-ave at least 100 feet towards the cemetery gates and to place it on a pole not less than 40 feet high. Referred.

L. Gruner, Miss Birk and J. Herrmann asked the council to extend Second-st from Jefferson to Madison-sts. The street in question runs through the property of the petitioners, who agreed to give the city a deed of the street free of charge. The deed was ordered opened.

A letter was read from J. E. Wyman in regard to establishing a market in the rink building, which is referred to in our local columns.

Gottlieb Schneider (successor to Godfrey Schottle) and John Schneider, presented their liquor bonds, which were accepted.

REPORT OF THE FINANCE COMMITTEE.

The finance committee recommended allowing claims to the following amounts from the different funds named:

First ward	\$ 91 04
Second "	50 36
Third "	283 80
Fourth "	215 91
Fifth "	660
Sixth "	189 45
General street fund	149 27
Contingent "	649 12
Dog tax "	125 60
Total	\$1839 95

Also claims of nine different parties amounting to \$21 for services at the last fire were allowed.

The M. C. Railroad company was granted the privilege of laying a track on Depot-st, on the south side of their freight house for a period of twenty years.

The sidewalk committee reported in favor of laying sidewalks in different places on Fifth, N. Second, Fuller and S. Second-sts.

POOR ORDERS.

Marshal Siple's poor report showed that he had drawn orders to the following amounts in the different wards:

First ward	8 39
Second "	1 82
Third "	16 97
Fourth "	44 30
Fifth "	80 38
Sixth "	29 80
Total	114 36

Alderman Seabolt's resignation, which was presented at a previous meeting, was accepted.

A committee of five, consisting of the Mayor, Aids, Herz, Wines, Kearns and Swift, was appointed to confer with the Business Men's association on a proper disposition of the \$5,000 raised to boom the city. The city attorney was instructed to investigate the city's title to Monroe-st between Main-st and the Toledo R. R.

Aid. Aumendinger presented an ordinance relative to telephone, telegraph and electric light poles, which was adopted, and which appears in another column, entitled, "An ordinance etc." The council then went into executive session.

HALL'S \$100 BOWARD, \$100.

The readers of THE REGISTER will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known in the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength, by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The Proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer one hundred dollars, for any case it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75 Cts.
CATARRH CURE.

Hello! Hello! Hello! 351

The enterprising Druggist, Mr. H. J. Brown has taken the agency of Baxter's Lucky Star Cigar. Hereafter the lovers of a good smoke can be accommodated with a cigar for five cents that will prove, upon trial, superior to the ten cent cigars sold. The Lucky Star is pure Havana filler and guaranteed unfavored.

H. J. BROWN, Sole Ag't
Ask for the Lucky Star, Only five cents

SCORES ROASTED ALIVE.

Mad Bush to Death in a Burning Theater in EDGland.

Scores Trodden Under Foot and Suffocated During the Awful Struggle—One Hundred and Thirty Killed Bodies Taken Out.

A THEATRE HORROR.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—A theater at Exeter took fire last evening during a performance of "Komany Rye." The occupants of the pit, after an awful struggle, escaped, but many of them were greatly injured. There was only one exit from the gallery and the crush there was terrific. Scores were trodden under foot and suffocated. A fire escape was brought to a window and many inside were rescued. Sixty corpses have been removed. The injured survivors were sent to a hospital.

The fire blazed fiercely, lighting up the whole city, and people were soon flocking to the scene in thousands, inquiring for friends. The scene inside the theater when the fire broke out was an awful one. Some men implored the audience to be cool, but it was impossible to check the frantic rush. The theater hose was brought into use in a few minutes, but the water had little effect on the flames. The actors and actresses were taken from the windows with the aid of ladders. They lost every thing except what they wore at the time.

Up to the present time 130 bodies have been recovered. They are almost unrecognizable. Thirty injured survivors have been taken to hospitals. The fire burned throughout the night. The search for bodies proceeds slowly. In many cases every shred of clothing is burned off and the bodies look black and raw.

There were several thrilling rescues. The majority of the victims were men and boys. About thirty women were burned.

When the fire started the drop scene was lowered to prevent a draught. Some of the actors opened a door to escape, causing the fire to burst through the drop scene and ignite the gallery. The flames overtook the people, who were wedged in an immovable mass, and roasted them to death. Many who were rescued alive died soon after being brought out of the burning building. The occupants of the dress-circle escaped without serious harm.

The structure burned was the Theater Royal. It was built after the latest designs and was elaborately finished, being considered one of the prettiest in the kingdom. There was a full house, and every thing was all right until the end of the third act, at 10:30, when a drop fell, and in a moment the whole stage was a mass of fire. A wild panic ensued. The occupants of the tails, pit and dress circle escaped after a dreadful crushing, many being badly bruised. The actors and actresses were in their dressing-rooms when the fire began, and all escaped.

The fire originated in the flies and spread rapidly, filling the theater with dense smoke. The occupants of the upper circle and gallery rushed to the windows, screaming frantically. Many jumped from the windows and were injured. Others were rescued with the aid of ladders from the verandas.

CHANGED HANDS.

The United States Express Company Purchases the B. & O. Kspresg.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—The following official announcement was made yesterday by the president of the United States Express Company:

"The plant, franchise and business of the Baltimore & Ohio Express has been sold to the United States Express Company for a period of thirty years. The sale was made directly by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, no other parties being recognized. The agreement was consummated last week, and we take possession to-morrow. The negotiations for the sale have been pending about a month, having begun with President Garrett before his departure for Europe."

It stated on Wall street that the price paid was \$2,500,000, of which \$1,000,000 was paid in cash and \$1,500,000 in United States Express stock.

State of Trade.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The state of trade is reported generally encouraging. In the Northwestern States the number of sales was said to be greater during the past week than for several months before. The business failures throughout the country during the last seven days number for the United States 175, for Canada 24, a total of 199, compared with 185 last week and 190 for the corresponding week last year.

Death of Marshal Cousins.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 2.—John E. D. Cousins, United States Marshal of Missouri, died yesterday morning of dropsy, aged seventy-three years. Mr. Cousins had lived in St. Louis fifty-one years and during that time had filled many local offices. He was the father of Phebe Cousins, the well-known lecturer and advocate of female suffrage.

Will Do as They Please.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Sept. 2.—The difficulty between the Dubuque shippers and the Illinois Central and St. Paul railroads has not been settled by the decision of the Railroad Commissioner. Wednesday the companies refused to acknowledge the commissioner's right of deciding for them and would not switch cars for competitive points at any price.

Threatened the Wrong Man.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 3.—Near Lancaster, Ky., Thursday night, Peter and Henderson Green, brothers, threatened Eb Cooley and ordered him out of their way. Cooley replied with a shot-gun and revolver, killing one of the bullies outright and mortally wounding the other.

Eleven Persons Drowned.

ROBT WOKTL, Tex., Aug. 31.—Heavy rains during the last twenty-four hours have raised the rivers in Northern Texas over their banks, and many washouts are reported. Trains are delayed. Eleven persons have been drowned at Cleburne.

Suffering for Grain.

MEXICO, Mo., Sept. 1.—There has been no rain here since the 2d of July! Every thing is parched, and this being a great stock country, they are suffering terribly from the effects. The prospects for stockmen in this county are not flattering.

Death of Rear-Admiral Greene.

BOSTON, Sept. 2.—Rear-Admiral Theodore P. Greene, U. S. N., retired, died suddenly Tuesday at his home in Jaffrey, N. H. Admiral Greene was born in Montreal in 1810, and was appointed from Vermont in 1826.

Died at the Age of 105.

NEWARK, O., Sept. 2.—Mrs. Mary Yearley was buried at Brownsville Tuesday at the age of 105. She was born in Baltimore County, Md., in 1782.

The Guillotine's Victim.

PARIS, Sept. 1.—Pranzini, the murderer of Marie Kegnault, her cook, Annie Gramet, and the latter's child, was beheaded in this city at five o'clock yesterday morning.

Farmers Out of Corn.

FAIRMOUNT, Ill., Sept. 1.—Farmers in this vicinity are feeding wheat to their stock owing to the scarcity of corn.

OUR BREAD IN DANGER.

The United States Government Chemists, in their examinations of articles of food offered for Government use, have developed the alarming fact that almost all the brands of baking powders upon the market are made from alum or phosphates, or contain large quantities of lime or other adulterants. As a matter of fact, of the samples analyzed, the Royal was the only baking powder found free from all of these deleterious ingredients, and absolutely pure.

Alum is used as a substitute for cream of tartar to produce a cheap baking powder. It costs less than two cents a pound, whereas pure cream of tartar costs forty. The effect of alum upon the system has been ascertained to be poisonous, and overdoses have been attended with fatal results. The phosphate are next to the alum powders in cheapness. They contain a large amount of lime. The baking powders sold with a gift are of the alum or phosphate class.

Lime is the most useless adulterant yet found in baking powders. It is true that when subjected to heat it gives off a certain amount of carbonic acid gas, but a quicklime is left, one of the most powerful caustics known. Chemists have found twelve per cent., or one-eighth of the weight, of some of the baking powders advertised as pure to be lime.

The absolute purity and wholesomeness of the Royal Baking Powder—now affirmed by every chemist and food analyst of prominence, and conceded by all manufacturers of other brands—arise from the exclusive use of cream of tartar which is specially refined by patent processes that totally remove the lime and all other impurities. These facilities are possessed by no other manufacturer.

In his report, the United States Government Chemist says: "The Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure, for I have so found it in many tests made for the United States Government. I will go still further and state that, because of the facilities that company have for obtaining perfectly pure cream of tartar, and for other reasons dependent upon the proper proportions of the same, and the method of its preparation, the Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public."

Death of S. W. Shurtleff.

Died, in the township of Ann Arbor, Sept. 2, Seldon W. Shurtleff, aged 64 years, 5 months and 5 days.

Seldon Wilcox Shurtleff, whose death we thus chronicle, was born in the township of Canandaigua, Ontario county, state of New York, March 28, 1823; he was married to Miss Jennett Crandall in 184 G, when he came to Michigan, and settled in the township of Salem, Washenaw county. In 1849 he removed from Salem to this township, where he resided up to the time of his death.

In 1853 his wife died, and one daughter, Mrs. C. C. Warner, of this city was the result of the marriage. In the following year he was united in marriage to Miss Maggie R. Johnson, of Bristol, N. Y. His now be- loved widow, three sons and two daughters, survive him: Dr. H. A. Shurtleff, of Partello, Calhoun county, T. W. Shurtleff, and Misses Ella, Nina, and Wait Shurtleff, all of this township.

Mr. Shurtleff was an exemplary and thorough business man, and was held in high esteem by his fellow townsmen, and his neighbors and acquaintances generally. In his business transactions and otherwise he was brought in close contact with nearly all of them. In politics he was a staunch republican, and for nine successive years represented his township as supervisor. He also served one term of four years as justice of the peace. The funeral was held Sunday last, from his late residence, and the services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Ramsay, of the M. E. church. It was attended by one of the largest gatherings of a like occasion ever held in the township of Ann Arbor, many of the old settlers feeling an unusual interest and participating with aching hearts.

Friends and neighbors gathered early at the house to view, for the last time, the remains of him from whose lips, now closed in death, they had received so many hearty greetings, and with silent tears gave their last farewell. At 3 o'clock the casket received its covering, and he was borne by six of his intimate friends to his last resting place. The pall bearers, of his own choosing, were: Jno. C. Mead, A. O. DeForest, N. Brundage, Calvin Mitchell, A. G. Savage and Supervisor Braun.

The turf in Leland cemetery will grow green over no nobler heart than that of S. W. Shurtleff, and few men have passed away, leaving behind them sweeter memories. All, when released by death, pass into the beautiful world of goodness, where the soul goes "marching on and on" to perfection. One of the leaders in those ranks will be S. W. Shurtleff, and were I to write his eiptaph, should simply say, he was a good man. H. H. H.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures when every other so-called remedy fails.

Mr. Quilp made a little excursion down to Lewiston the other day, and was exasperated by hearing a young woman behind him exclaim, while going down the gorge on the observation train: "Oh my! Ain't it pretty. Just like soap suds!" Mr. Quilp remarks that this was nearly as appreciative as the journeyman tailor's involuntary tribute to the cataract when he first saw it: "What a place to sponge a coat!"

Rules

For the care of the sick. How to cure disease, its symptoms and causes, and other information of great value, will be found in old Dr. Kaufmann's great book; 100 pages, fine colored plates. Send three 2-cent stamps to post postage, to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy free.

A Mormon elder wants to know if there is any place on this broad earth where the Saints would not be persecuted. Oh, yes, there is Patagonia. There are only a few savages there, and they wouldn't see anything very immoral in Mormonism. We advise the Saints to check their baggage for Patagonia.

Popular Education.

We sympathize with the feeling, which often leads citizens to boast that no child born in this country need grow up in ignorance, and yet it is a fact that many people who have learned to read and write have never taught themselves to think. A man who suffered from catarrh, consumption, bronchitis, scrofula, or "liver complaint," might read, till his eyes dropped out, how these and many other diseases have been cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, but if he did not take the lesson to himself and test the virtues of this great medicine, his time would be thrown away.

Miss Agnata Ramsey, who recently carried off the highest classical honors at Cambridge University, has received a testimonial from Queen Victoria. It is a chromo of her Majesty which Miss Ramsey could have gotten if she had bought a pound of tea from a London grocer.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough, and Bronchitis. Sold by Eberbach and Son.

Companions in arms—twins.

ANN ARBOR MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE REGISTER, 1 Sept. 8, 1887.

These quotations are corrected weekly. Under the head "wholesale" we quote prices as paid to farmers bringing their products in, and under the head "retail" we quote prices to consumer as sold over the counter. We are under obligations to the Central Mills, Kinsey & Seabolt, John Hetznmann and M. Weismann for favors rendered.

Wholesale Market.

Wheat—100 72c per bu.
Apples—42c per bu.
Beans—\$1.00@1.25 per bu.
Beef—65 60c per ft.
Chickens—12c a lb.
Clover seed—36.50 per bu.
Butter—18c per lb.
Call Beans—69c per green.
Corn—60c per bu.
Eggs—12c per doz.
Hay—\$10 a ton.
Hides—5c per ft.
Live pork—5c per lb.
Maple Syrup—\$1.25 per gal.
Mutton—7 60c per ft.
Oats—30c per bu.
Pigs—10c@11 60c.
Pork—7c per ft.
Potatoes—75c per bu.
Tallow—3 7c per ns.
Turkeys—10 00c per lb.
Veal—7c per ft.

Retail Market.

Apples—60c per ft.
Bacon—12c per ft.
Beans—60c per qt.
Bedstead—10c@12 75c per ft.
Butter—22c per lb.
Chickens—dried, 20c@25c per ft.
Cornmeal—7c per ft.
Eggs—1c per doz.
Flour—at the mills, 12.38 per cwt.
Grapes—36c per lb.
Ham—14c per lb.
Honey—1c per lb.
Lard—10c per lb.
Lemons—25 30c per doz.
Muttons—6c@12 50c per lb.
Matmeal—4c per lb.

A Good Appetite

Is essential to good health; but at this season it is often lost, owing to the poverty or impurity of the blood, derangement of the digestive organs, and the weakening effect of the changing season. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a wonderful medicine for ere ting an appetite, toning the digestion, and giving strength to the whole system. Now is the time to take it. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

An attorney for a railroad is a thing very different from a railroad lawyer. The railroad lawyer is a member of Congress, or has been; the attorney is a member of the bar.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by Eberbach & Son.

Proctor Kuott will soon be at leisure and can go up and see Duluth, the city which he found when it consisted of a map, and in one speech turned into a metropolis.

COMPARISON SOLICITED.—A wise discrimination should be exercised by all who take medicine. The proprietors of Hood's Sarsaparilla solicit a careful comparison of this medicine with other blood purifiers and medicines, being confident that the peculiar merits of Hood's Sarsaparilla are so apparent that the people will unhesitatingly prefer it to any other preparation. Hood's Sarsaparilla is not a mixture of molasses and a few inert roots and herbs, but it is a pe uliar concentrated extract of the best alterative and blood-purifying remedies of the vegetable kingdom. The enormous sales of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and the wonderful cures effected, prove even more than has been claimed for this medicine. If you are sick, the best medicine is none too good. Therefore, take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

It does not take long to discover in the maze of the summer resorts that the loudest gong does not summon to the most attractive meal.

A Generous Firm.

We are informed that the proprietors, Messrs. A. P. Ordway & Co., recently sent three dozen of their reliable medicine, Sulphur Bitters, to the Catholic Home for the Aged, which is highly appreciated by the directors and inmates. "As ye sow, so shall ye reap."—Editor Catholic Union.

It is a little singular that the most famous playwrights are always looking for a "situation."

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts, 50 cts. and \$1. Sold by Eberbach & Son.

As Homer was not altogether unaccustomed to nod, a star may be occasionally permitted to twinkle.

Convenient

certain in their results, are Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. Recommended by physicians and endorsed by all who have used them. The best remedy for Dyspepsia, Flatulency, and Constipation. Guaranteed, and sold at 25c. by JOHN MOORE, Druggist.

Dogwood, strange to say, has no more bark than any other undergrowth.

TO THE LADIES!

If you are afflicted with rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous exhaustion, dyspepsia, or with diseases of the liver, kidneys, headache or cold feet, swollen or weak ankles, or swollen feet, an Abdominal Belt and a pair of Magnetic Foot Batteries have no superior in the relief and cure of all these complaints. They carry a powerful magnetic force to the seat of the disease. For lame back, weakness of the spine, falling of the womb, leucorrhoea, chronic inflammation and ulceration of the womb, incidental hemorrhage of flooding, painful, suppressed and irregular menstruation, barrenness, and change of life, this is the Best Appliance and Curative Agent known.

Price of Supporter with Magnetic Foot Batteries, \$10. Sent by express C. O. D., and examination allowed, or by mail on receipt of price, and if not found satisfactory even after six months trial they can be returned and money refunded. In ordering, send measure of waist and size of shoe. They are worn over the underclothing. They hold their power forever.

Send for the "New Department in Medical Treatment Without Medicines," with thousands of testimonials. Send for circulars. Write us full particulars as regards your difficulties—orders direct

THE MAGNETIC APPLIANCE CO., 134 Dearborn St., Chicago, 111.

It was an engineer's slow watch that caused the railway smash-up at Chattanooga on Saturday. There is but one worse liar than the watch, and that's the railroad clock that trains arrive by.

Chattel Mortgage Sale

Having purchased the Furniture Stock of John Muehlig at a great bargain, I propose to give the Citizens of Ann Arbor and surrounding Country a benefit.

—I have also added a—

FULL LINE OF NEW DESIGNS

—in—

Parlor Furniture

—and—

Bed-Room Furniture

For low priced Furniture you will find my store the best place in the City.

W. G. DIETERLE,

JOHN MUEHLIG'S Old Stand, - 37 South Main-St.

"Ah me!" sighed Potts, "I'm tired of living. The world is hollow, ambition's vain."

"Come now!" said his chum, "I know the symptoms; It's all your liver—that's very plain.

You need not suffer, for help is easy:— Pierce's Pellets go right to the place. 'A friend to the bilious,' I well might call them— There's nothing better; they'll suit your case."

Potts ceased his sighing and bought the "Pellets."

No more he mourneth his hapless lot! His face is cheerful, his heart is lightsome. His melancholy is quite forgot!

Whitewashing a man by a set of printed resolutions is a common form of word painting.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Sold by Eberbach & Son.

Hotel men advance the sapient opinion that this has been a Maud S. of a summer. It has gone like the wind, with very little to show for it.

The reason

fa warranted, is because it is the best Blood Preparation known. It will positively cure all Blood Diseases, purifies the whole system, and thoroughly builds up the constitution. Remember, we guarantee it. JOHN MOORE, Druggist.

Mr. Powderly says that if he should leave his present place he would devote himself to literary pursuits. Then he would be a sure-enough wokinjinman.

"HACKMETACK," a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by Eberbach & Son.

The great sources of the extensive curative range of Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic are its great blood purifying qualities and its gentle aperitive action, thereby removing all restraint from the secretive organs, curing promptly and thoroughly dyspepsia, costiveness, bad breath, piles, pimples, low spirits, sick and nervous headache,ague, malaria, and all stomach, liver and kidney troubles. The most delicate stomach accepts it with relish. Price 50 cents, of Eberbach & Son.

If some of our rogues would work as hard to keep out of jail as they work to get out when they are once in, they would get more fun out of life with half the exertion.

Give Them A Chance!

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Jfot only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do, they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption of any of the family of throat and nose and head and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be gotten rid of. There isist one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

A poet sent to an editor a contribution entitled "Why do I live?" The editor answered: "Because you sent your contributions by mail instead of bringing them in person."

A Friend In Need.

Carpenters, builders, laborers and in fact all kinds of working men who are particularly liable to Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Backache, etc., should always have close at hand a Pomeroy's Petroleum Plaster. In nearly every case the result is instantaneous. There is no remedy equal to them. For over five years they have been in general use and stood the test of public criticism, and are to-day more firmly established than ever in public estimation, and steadily increased in favor. There are few families who do not use them as a household necessity. Beware of counterfeits. Insist on having the genuine article. For Sale by J. H. Brown, Dist. Agt. for Ann Arbor.

A new horror has been sprung on the New York hotel keepers by the order to provide ropes for fire-escapes. It has let loose on them an army of drummers whose persistency is likely to be an appalling feature in the near future.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Canker Mouth. Sold by Eberbach & Son.

One of the brightest young men in the Tenth Ward joined an Anti Poverty Society last Sunday. He married an economical girl and took the pledge at the same time. It is understood that all the saloon-keepers in the ward will wear crape for thirty days.

BUSINESS CARDS.

GEORGE E. FROTHINGHAM, M. D., Physician and Surgeon.

TSK. W. HAMILTON, Attorney at Law.

GEORGE W. RENWICK, TEACHER OF VOICE CULTURE, SINGING, HARMONY & PIANO.

I. O. G. T., Washenau Lodge, No. 719, meets every Monday evening at 7:30 in their temple.

DEAN M. TYLER, M. D., PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

DR. ARNDT, (Office over First National Bank.)

KELLY'S PEERLESS TRUSS, 34 given on trial and warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

O. C. JENKINS, D. D. S., DENTAL OFFICE.

NICHOLS BROS., DENTAL OFFICE.

ZXN. F. KING, Law and Collection Office.

HOBBAOE T. PTJ&FIELD, Carpenter and Joiner.

RUPTIEK! EQANS IMPERIAL TRUSS.

WE BIGGS, Contractor & Builder.

WILLIAM ARNOLD, SELLS 1847 RIGERS BROS.' SPOONS, FORKS AND KNIVES.

ROCKFORD WALTHAM and ELGIN WATHOMES.

STEKETEE'S NEURALGIA DROPS.

STEKETEE'S NEURALGIA DROPS, A New Discovery. Price Only 50c. Per Bottle.

STEKETEE'S NEURALGIA DROPS, HAS NEVER FAILED TO CURE.

STEKETEE'S NEURALGIA DROPS, LOCAL DISCHARGES, or WHITES, ULCERS, SWELLINGS, and NEURALGIA of the WOMB or BOWELS.

STEKETEE'S NEURALGIA DROPS, Ladies Read This!

STEKETEE'S NEURALGIA DROPS, Doctors Do Not Help Her.

STEKETEE'S NEURALGIA DROPS, MAKE YOUR OWN BITTERS.

STEKETEE'S NEURALGIA DROPS, GEO. C. STEKETEE, 89 Monroe St., Grand Rapids, Mich.

PARTIES AND ISSUES.

Conventions Held and to Be Held in Various Places.

Parties Meet and Nominate State Ticket and Promulgate Platforms - Elections to Occur This Year - Other Political News

PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATS, ALLENTOWN, Pa., Sept. 1.—The Democratic State convention was called to order at noon yesterday by Dallas Sanders in the Academy of Music.

The Administration of President Cleveland is heartily indorsed as pure, economical and fearless; a demand is made that the large surplus already in the treasury shall be used to pay the public debt.

DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 2.—The Greenback party in Iowa finally passed out of existence here Wednesday.

IOWA DEMOCRATS, DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 2.—The State Democratic convention met at the Opera House in this city yesterday and made the following nominations:

MASSACHUSETTS REPUBLICANS, Boston, Sept. 5.—The Republican State convention of Massachusetts is called to meet at Tremont Temple September 28.

ELECTIONS, The following States will hold elections November 8, for the offices named, and, in most cases, for members of the Legislature:

German Catholics, CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—The Roman Catholic Central Union of North America opened its thirty-second annual meeting at St. Michael's school, in this city, yesterday morning.

Peaceful Submission, DUBLIN, Sept. 5.—The Irish National League meeting at Ennis yesterday ended without the expected riot.

Signal Service Bulletin, WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The following is the weather crop bulletin of the Signal Service office for the week ended on the 3d:

Meeting of Indiana Editors, WABASH, Ind., Sept. 6.—The tenth annual convention of the Indiana Republican Editorial Association meets at Warsaw September 13, 14 and 15.

Tragedy in Pittsburgh, PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 2.—A vegetable peddler named Thomas Joyce fatally shot his wife yesterday and dangerously wounded his daughter.

A Living Death, NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Michael Butler, a discharged keeper of the insane asylum on Ward's Island, states that out of the 1,750 inmates of the asylum, 300 of them are perfectly sane and 1,000 harmless.

EARTHQUAKES AND PLAGUES.

Chilian Districts Severely Shaken—Cholera Claiming Scores of Victims.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Advices from Valparaiso, dated July 23, say: "A severe earthquake shock was experienced here on Thursday at four p. m. and it was followed by slighter shocks at intervals."

Cholera has been raging in Angel. On July 30 there was thirty cases in the lazaretto at Concepcion and about fifty in private houses.

NO GROG-SHOP WANTED, A Building to Be Opened as a Saloon Torn Down by the People.

FATAL FLOODS, An Entire Family Drowned in Texas Bridges Washed Away—Cattle Lost.

Obtained Full Control, SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 5.—A controlling interest in the American Sugar Refining Company has been secured by the old minority stockholders.

Punished for Killing Missionaries, SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 5.—By the steamer Alameda it is learned that the expedition to the New Guinea, dispatched to inquire into and punish the perpetrators of the recent massacre of missionaries and native Christians at the mouth of the Heath river, attacked a Moveavi village, killing several and wounding a number of the natives.

Looked Like a Tornado, SPRINGFIELD, 111., Sept. 5.—About four o'clock yesterday afternoon a dark cloud passed over this city from the south.

Lost at Sea, LONDON, Sept. 6.—The ship Falls of Bruar, of Glasgow, bound from Hamburg to Calcutta with a cargo of salt, foundered off Yarmouth, the cargo having shifted.

Fatal Accident, LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Sept. 4.—Near here Friday night a freight train was derailed by an open and unlighted switch, and went over an embankment on the Union Pacific road, killing the engineer, James Munden; T. W. Brown, a brakeman, and Frank Chase, the fireman.

Thrown Into the River, MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 6.—John Eastman, a colored teamster, attacked W. H. Coffman, a foreman, at Brunswick, Tenn., and was subsequently set upon by Coffman's friends, riddled with bullets, and drowned in the river. Several arrests were made.

Killed Himself Accidentally, FORT WAINE, Ind., Sept. 5.—While cleaning a gun with the muzzle against his side, Saturday, Edward Hermanheiner was instantly killed by the accidental discharge of the weapon.

THE MARKETS, NEW YORK, Sept. 6.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6. LIVE STOCK—Cattle, 12 00 @ 5 90; Sheep, 3 85 @ 5 25; Hogs, 5 70 @ 5 80.

CHICAGO, Sept. 6. BEEVES—Extra, 4 50 @ 5 10; Good, 4 00 @ 4 45; Medium, 3 50 @ 3 95.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 6. Common Dressed Siding, 19 00 @ 21 00; Flooring, 22 00 @ 23 00; Common Board, 12 00 @ 13 00.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 6. Common Dressed Siding, 19 00 @ 21 00; Flooring, 22 00 @ 23 00; Common Board, 12 00 @ 13 00.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 6. Common Dressed Siding, 19 00 @ 21 00; Flooring, 22 00 @ 23 00; Common Board, 12 00 @ 13 00.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 6. Common Dressed Siding, 19 00 @ 21 00; Flooring, 22 00 @ 23 00; Common Board, 12 00 @ 13 00.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 6. Common Dressed Siding, 19 00 @ 21 00; Flooring, 22 00 @ 23 00; Common Board, 12 00 @ 13 00.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 6. Common Dressed Siding, 19 00 @ 21 00; Flooring, 22 00 @ 23 00; Common Board, 12 00 @ 13 00.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 6. Common Dressed Siding, 19 00 @ 21 00; Flooring, 22 00 @ 23 00; Common Board, 12 00 @ 13 00.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 6. Common Dressed Siding, 19 00 @ 21 00; Flooring, 22 00 @ 23 00; Common Board, 12 00 @ 13 00.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

The Detroit grain and produce quotations are: Wheat—No. 1 White, 78¢ @ 79¢; No. 2 Red, 75¢ @ 75¢.

The skeleton of an immense animal was recently found on the farm of James Grant, in Williams township, Bay County.

A fire at Gaylord, Otsego County, the other morning destroyed A. B. Comstock's barn and contents, including a stock of stoves, amounting to \$2,530, insured for \$300.

Canadian counterfeit bills are in circulation at Port Huron.

Wahlman & Grip, of Ishpeming, were recently awarded a \$30,000 contract for building cells and doing other work on the new branch prison at Marquette.

A farmer drove into Charlotte the other day with a load of 20,160 eggs.

Nine years is a long time for a man to brood over a thing until it makes him a raving maniac. That is what Elander Colwell did, who was yard-master in Detroit at the time of the great Michigan Central disaster in 1878.

Judge Daniel Goodwin, aged eighty-eight years, the Nestor of the Michigan bench, died the other evening at his residence in Detroit after an illness of some months.

Jesse L. Beroh, general manager of the Deering Harvesting Machine Company, died at Jackson a few days ago.

A large steamer is being built by the Detroit Dry Dock Company to be used as an ice breaker in the straits of Mackinac.

Coldwater employs a teamster—Daniel De Clete—for the good work he can do, but he has lately found time to make a table-top containing 4,804 pieces.

A fire at Nashville the other night destroyed Peck's bakery, the vacant store of Robert Brady, a harness shop, Van Necke's photograph gallery and Amos Dewar's house.

Arthur Callender, of Battle Creek, had his hand cut off in the Art Album factory a few days ago.

Mrs. Millie Lancaster, of Kalamazoo, while visiting her sister, the wife of Seth Guthrie, in Battle Creek, a few days ago accidentally slipped and fell into the water at the boat-house on Lake Gogoc.

While Albert Ray, near Battle Creek, was attempting a few mornings ago to bury a rock weighing ten tons, it fell upon him, crushing him to death.

The post-office and Western Union Telegraph office in Tawas City were burned the other day. All mail and registered letters and \$900 in cash were burned.

Two barns of the Southern Michigan Hotel at Coldwater were burned the other afternoon. Less, about \$1,500; insurance, \$300. The barns were supposed to have been set on fire.

Herbert Sager, while out hunting near Scott's Station a few days ago, was killed by the accidental discharge of his gun. The shot penetrated his neck and breast.

Captain Daniel Densler, late of the Fourth Michigan Cavalry, which captured Jeff Davis near Abbeville, died near Coldwater a few nights ago.

Prof. Meile A. Breed and Miss Addie E. Filkins, both teachers in the public schools of Coldwater, were married a few days ago. Prof. Breed will teach in Indianapolis next year.

Edmund Lapeer and Dan Aubright, sawyers, were caught under a log-carriage in the Cheboygan lumber mill and fatally injured a few days ago.

Reports to the State Board of Health by fifty-six observers in different parts of the State for the week ended August 27 indicated that inflammation of the bowels increased, and intermittent fever and erysipelas decreased in area of prevalence.

There is a set of eight-year-old triplets at Bay City. At Howell, Livingston County, Mary Melandy died the other day from drinking carbolic acid from a bottle which she thought contained brandy.

ARE YOU MADE RISEABLE BY INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, DIZZINESS, LOSS OF APPETITE, YELLOW SKIN? SHILOH'S VITALIZER IS A POSITIVE CURE. SOLD BY EBERBACH & SON.

About 3,000 tons of grapes were manufactured into wine at the De Turk wineries in Cloverdale and Santa Rosa, Cal., last year. The vintage will be much larger this year, it is thought.

SULPHUR BITTERS

Best and Purest Medicine. EVER MADE. It will drive the Imp from your system, and make your skin clean and smooth.

It cures Pimples and Blotches which mar your beauty, are caused by impure blood, and can be removed in a short time, if you are wise and use the great Sulphur Bitters.

It cures Biliousness, Constipation, Indigestion, Headache, and all the ailments of the liver and bowels.

Send 3-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published?

New Advertisements

THOS. MILLER & SONS' Fall & Winter Catalogue OF LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

THOS. MILLER & SONS, 6th Ave., cor. 23d St., NEW YORK.

UNIQUE ELECTRIC BURGLAR ALARM and CALL BELL System Combined.

CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER, AFFORDS QUICK RELIEF OF NEURALGIA, HEADACHE, HAY FEVER, CATARRH, ASTHMA.

TANSY CAPSULES, THE LATEST DISCOVERY.

JAMES MEANS' \$4 SHOE, \$3 SHOE.

JAMES MEANS & Co., 41 Lincoln St., Boston, Mass.

PRETTIEST, CHEAPEST AND MOST DURABLE FENCE AND MACHINE EVER OFFERED.

STANDARD MFG. CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

EBERBACH & SON, DRUGGISTS AND PHARMACISTS

No. 12 South Main Street, Keep on hand a large and well selected stock of D&UG8, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, DYE-STUFFS, AKTISTS' AND WAX PLOWBB MAM BIAU3, TOILET ARTICLES, TRUSSES, 4', PURE WINES AND LIQUORS

LUMBERT LUMBER!

If you contemplate building oall at FERDON LUMBER YARD!

Corner Fourth and Depot Sts., and get our figures for all kinds of LUMBER

VERY LOW PRICES!

BIHSBY & SBABOLT, ISTOS, 6 ZEST 8

GROCERY LINE! Teas, Coffees and Sugars

QUALITY AND PRICE.

TANSY CAPSULES, THE LATEST DISCOVERY.

JAMES MEANS' \$4 SHOE, \$3 SHOE.

JAMES MEANS & Co., 41 Lincoln St., Boston, Mass.

STANDARD MFG. CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

THE REGISTER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
K. KITTBEDGE.
ANN ARBOR, MICH.

TEEMS:

One Dollar per year In Advance: \$1.00
If not paid until after six months.

Five Fifteen Cents per year additional, to Subscribers
outside of Washtenaw County.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1887.

ALLEGAN, Esston and Grand Traverse counties are moving for an early vote on local option.

THOMAS A. EDISON, the wizard of inventors, has been studying for a long time the problem of converting the combustion of coal into electricity, and claims to have succeeded. If this is so it will immortalize his fame as much if not more than any previous invention he has made.

THE Baltimore and Ohio Express, with all rights, privileges and franchises pertaining thereto, has been sold to the United States Express Company, for a period of thirty years. The purchase price is said to be \$2,500,000, of which \$1,000,000 is cash and the remainder United States Express stock.

WHILE every other nation upon the globe is fidgeting about how to raise money to pay its interest and keep up appearances, the United States is mainly bothered with the question what to do with the millions of surplus in the treasury. This is one of the inheritances of republican financing. But it is better than the collapsed treasury Republicans found when they took charge of the nation's affairs.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

BISHOP WILLIAM LOGAN HARRIS, one of the most highly esteemed members of the Methodist Episcopal church, died at his residence in New York city, Tuesday, Sept. 2, aged 70 years. He had been ill for a number of years, and subject at times to severe attacks of heart disease, and this trouble finally culminated in his death. He was a man of great energy, and an immense worker, and had a large body and commanding appearance. He was known and had friends in almost every church and station in his church. He was admitted to the ministry Sept. 7, 1837, by the Michigan conference, and by a peculiar coincidence he was to have opened that conference the 8th of next month, just fifty years to a day after he became a minister.

THE man of whom the colored race has the most reason to be proud, Frederick Douglass, has lost none of his republican under the temptations which have been held out to him more than once by the democrats. The words of this eloquent representative of his race should command the earnest consideration of every friend of liberty in this country.

Writing to a friend, Dr. William H. Johnson, of Albany, N. Y., he says.

I have come home as I left home, firmly believing in the future of our country and of the colored race and of the republican party. I have no more patience now than heretofore with those that teach the colored citizen to believe that the occupation of the republican party is ended; that there is now no difference between the two great parties; that the colored man has no more to hope from the one than from the other, and that we should now throw principles to the wind and go just where we can get the largest share of the spoils. The black man was hatched into freedom and political life in the republican nest and under republican wings, and it is a foul bird that will soil his own nest or despise the wings that have sheltered and warmed him into life. I fear we shall have to wait a good while before the democratic party, with its antecedents, its war record, its dependence upon the Solid South, shall make itself acceptable to any considerable number of colored voters. I would rather be with the party of freedom and progress in defeat than with the party of the Glenn bill in victory.

Yours truly,
FREDERICK DOUGLASS.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The people of Ann Arbor are to be congratulated that our public school system is so admirably conducted as to give entire satisfaction to the large body of our citizens. As a community we take an interest in everything that relates to this department of our educational work, and with a commendable spirit of solicitude watch every new development. We are aware of but little deserving of criticism in the management of this interest, and we know of much that is worthy of honest praise. Our teachers are uniformly selected with much thoughtfulness, and should one be found insufficient for the position, the name is quietly dropped from the list and the vacancy is quietly filled. From the superintendent through the various grades, the instructors are regarded as well qualified for the positions they are called to fill, and are doing excellent work in their several departments. Indeed, we have obtained a just celebrity throughout the state for the excellent management of this interest, which is second in importance to none other, in building up for us a good name that shall bring to us the increased prosperity we are desiring. The standard of scholarship is high, the discipline of the school is firm and honorable, and the work that is expected is

both extensive and practical. We should be thoroughly satisfied with our public schools.

The school year commenced on Monday last, under most encouraging circumstances. Our young people are home again from their vacation, and are now ready for their daily tasks. The rooms are not only filled with the accustomed numbers, but there will be an unusual pressure upon the authorities to provide sufficient accommodations for the numbers who are assembling from great distances, to avail themselves of the superior advantages afforded in this important educational centre of the interior. We are pleased to see these young people again in our streets, and trust that the year that begins in this promising way will be one of more than ordinary advantage.

All this is highly gratifying. Free schools well conducted and liberally patronized, add immensely to the popularity and substantial prosperity of a city. To increase their efficiency will be the aim of every liberal minded citizen. Money expended in this direction in a judicious and economical way in order to increase our educational facilities, is well laid out. When our best business men are placed in the board of trustees, and they give their time and attention to this interest, as they are doing with us, it is a most healthy sign. While we are congratulating ourselves upon the improvement in trade, and are looking after our mechanical and manufacturing upbuilding, let us also make prominent the fact, that our public schools occupy a deservedly high place in the minds of the people, and are not surpassed by any others in our state.

W. H. ALABASTER.

A dispatch from J. L. Alabaster at Canandaigua, N. Y., was received yesterday afternoon, by Rev. Dr. Ramsay, stating that his father, the Rev. Dr. John Alabaster had passed away at 3 o'clock P. M., and the funeral was to be held there at 2:30 Friday. This news will be received with deep regret by a large number of people in this city where Dr. Alabaster resided five years ago as pastor for three years of the M. E. church. He was one of the ablest and most eloquent of ministers this people ever had the pleasure of listening to and his death is a great loss to the church. He leaves five children, two sons and two daughters by his first wife, (one of whom, Mrs. D. Osborne, left here a few weeks ago with her husband to renew his labors in China as medical missionary) and one young child by his second wife. The following item from a late number of a Chicago paper gives further information concerning this revered minister: "Dr. John Alabaster, pastor of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, is lying ill at Canandaigua, N. Y. The doctor's health has been failing for about a year. He was given a vacation of three months last spring, and he went to Clifton Springs, and was so far recovered that he came home and resumed his work, but it was soon discovered that he could not go on, and liberal friends at Trinity gave him \$1,000 to make a trip abroad, and the church continued his salary; but his trip did not prove of advantage, and he came back to Clifton Springs, but he soon passed beyond medical aid and was removed to Canandaigua, and he is not expected to recover. His affection is heart disease. Dr. Alabaster is a fine scholar and an eloquent preacher. He was transferred from Indianapolis two years ago, and stationed at Trinity Church by Bishop Harris, whose death is just announced. Dr. Alabaster has resigned his charge, and it will be necessary to make a new appointment this fall for Trinity Church. The conference meets the 28th inst. at Rockford, Ill. Dr. Alabaster is about 60 years of age, and his loss to the church will be seriously felt."

Hints on How to Boom Ann Arbor, Frieni a Gentleman of Experience.

To the Editor:
I notice by your paper that the people of Ann Arbor vote on the matter of raising by taxation \$5,000 for the purpose of advertising the town, at an early date. I have had some experience in booming towns in the west. I would like to make a suggestion to you, viz: That this fund, if raised, be used at home, that is, with the home papers. Illustrate by word and in pictorial form the many advantages of the place in the home papers and send them broadcast over the country. I have used Kansas City, Atchison, St. Joe, and Omaha papers, and while perhaps they pay, yet I find home papers attract more than foreign ones. Wichita's boom can be credited to the Eagle, a home paper. The same can be said of Kansas City and her papers.

I think so much of the effect of home paper advertising, (that in a new town in which I am interested, to the extent of one-third the stock) that I am starting a new paper with no other object in view than to boom the town. You see one helps the other. While perhaps Wichita made the Eagle, yet the Eagle in a great measure made Wichita. A booming town and a booming newspaper must go hand in hand.
Yours truly,
C. D. HEHRICKSON.
SMITH'S CENTRE, KANSAS.

For Sale.

One Paris Range cook stove, nearly new; one G-arland coal heating stove, medium size. Call at 26 East William-st. 663 tf

Save half your money and buy second-hand school books at Sheehan & Co.'s bookstore on State-st.

THE WEBSTER FARMERS' CLUB.

Their First Meeting after their Summer Vacation—Discussion on Sowing Wheat—Annual Fair at W. E. Hoyden's, the Second Week in October.

The Webster Farmers' Club held its regular monthly meeting at the residence of A. J. Sawyer, Saturday, Sept. 3d. After having had a summer vacation of three months, the club came together with renewed vigor and with fresh plans. The place of meeting was a very pleasant one, and the day was all that could be desired. Long before noon the yard was thronged with carriages, the spacious barns and sheds were filled to overflowing with horses, and from every room of the house came the hum of many voices. Among the numerous visitors present were Hon. E. B. Winans, Hon. A. J. Sawyer, L. D. Ball and A. Valentine. After being called to order by the president the meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. J. E. Butler. The committee on topics reported that they had held one meeting and had decided that the club needed a complete revolution in the way of a

LITERARY PROGRAMME.

While the past meetings had been very profitable in every way and would have been a credit to any community, yet the club is capable of still greater things. And in order to plan to the very best advantage for the future, this committee asked that an addition be made to the committee, consisting of the following: Mr. and Mrs. O'Uaver, Mr. and Mrs. Merrill, and also the wives of the present members of the committee. This request was granted. After various other matters of business were disposed of the club adjourned for dinner. Without stopping to describe the very delightful dinner that was then enjoyed, suffice it to say that it was fully equal to any dinners served by this club in the past. Any one who has ever attended the Farmers' Club will know that this is saying considerable. After the usual recess taken for social enjoyment, the club was again called to order by the president. A very

DELIGHTFUL VOCAL SOLO

was given by Miss Rosa Mills, of Marian. This was followed by a humorous declamation from Dorr Queal—one of Will Carleton's poems, entitled, "Them ere is My Sentiments Tew." It was recited in a manner entirely in keeping with the poem, and "brought down the house." A general discussion was then had on the following subject: "The best methods of preparing wheat grounds." The discussion was opened by

WILLIAM HALL.

In his experience, sowing wheat upon oats stubble had sometimes proved successful and sometimes not. In sowing oats ground the field should have been well plowed before sowing the oats, and also well manured. Then it should be plowed immediately after harvesting the oats. On sandy soil the ground should be rolled as fast as plowed. Use the cultivator freely, so as to destroy all the oats. By doing this the strength that would otherwise go into the young oats goes into the wheat. And then a man is not disappointed when spring comes and the field presents a more barren appearance than it did in the fall when the oats were growing. The best time for sowing is from the 15th to the 23d of Sept. As to varieties, it is difficult to say which is the best in all cases. Different producers have different experiences with the same variety. Without any question the best way of sowing is with the drill. In this way wheat can be sown more evenly than in any other, and it is followed by seeding more successfully. Too little time is spent with the fanning mill. We sow too much cockle and small wheat. Last year he sowed four varieties. He sowed ten acres of Traverse. This looked backward in the fall, and still more backward the next spring, and at harvest time it was decidedly backward. He sowed Clawson, Valley Amber and Martin Amber. The Clawson was completely destroyed by the insect. The others yielded 15 or 16 bushels per acre. The Amber is less subject to the ravages of the insect because the plant does not spread out as much as others. Large seed should be sown, because it furnishes more nutriment for the young plant. Of the Fulse and Clawson about two bushels per acre should be sown; of the Amber about one and a half bushels per acre. As to fertilizers, he has had no experience with any except barn-yard manure.

MR. XORDMAN.

We are in the dark on the wheat question. The insect is upon us. You farmers in Webster have not been so much troubled with the insect as in other parts of the county. It may be that the condition of the soil has much to do with keeping off the insect. Red wheat has not been injured as much this year as white wheat. Farmers should not launch out too much on new varieties of wheat. He referred to A. C. Glidden, as a very interesting writer for the Michigan Farmer. But in response to an advertisement in the Michigan Farmer, he sent to A. C. G. for a bushel of Australian white wheat. On receipt of the seed he found it necessary to screen out a peck, a good share of which was chaff and cockle. This was the first introduction. Some of the seed he sowed alongside of Clawson. That failed, while the Clawson was good. Some he sowed on barley ground. When that matured he found in it four varieties. From Mr. Glidden's reputation he had expected better things. If this report should happen to fall under the eye of A. C. G. an explanation would be very appropriate. As to fertilizers, top dressing is not desirable. Would plow manure under. Top dressing produces too great a growth of June grass. If he could get plaster this fall he would sow plaster. Knows nothing of the effects of salt. Clawson has done better than any other kind on low ground.

HON. E. B. WINANS.

Thinks he is the poorest farmer here. Strictly speaking the farm requires as much brain work as any other business. He had succeeded in farming because he had done as his neighbors had. Last fall he sowed Martin Amber and Traverse. The insect destroyed one about as much

On Hand Early!
Knowing that Mothers are thinking and planning about getting those
Irrepressible Boys

Ready for school, we have bought our Boys' and Children's Clothing early, placed them in stock, and now this portion of their
LABORS "WILL BE LIGHTENED,
And at slight expense.

Children's Single Pants to finish out an old coat or waist.
Children's Suits at \$3.00 to \$5.00, were never better.
Boys' Single Pants! Boys' Durable Suits! Boys' Nobby Suits!
Our Boys' and Children's Fine Clothing is equal in every respect to anything manufactured.

A. L. NOBLE,
Leading Clothier and Hatter, NEAR OF THE RED STAR.

as the other. The insect absorbs the juices of the young plant. If the soil is strong the plant will be strong, and so can withstand the work of the insect. Barn-yard manure plowed under is the only practical kind of fertilizer. He was glad to meet this club, and thought the club ought to press forward in their well-begun work.

ROBERT MCCOLL.

Had been successful in raising the Lancaster wheat. For low ground the Egyptian is good.

L. D. BALL.

Had found by experience that sowing 150 pounds of salt per acre would destroy the worst lot of cut-worms. In this way he had raised 40 bushels of wheat per acre, while in an adjoining field his neighbor had raised only ten bushels per acre under precisely the same conditions except that he failed to sow the salt.

E. LELAND.

Had destroyed cut-worms entirely on twenty acres of corn ground by the use of salt.

MR. NORDMAK.

Care should be taken to select seed wheat from the best part of the field, where the heads are the longest.

MR. BROCKWAY.

Sowed salt last fall on his wheat, and this season harvested from 16 to 25 bushels per acre.

The club will hold its annual fair at W. E. Boyden's, the second Saturday in October. Cyrus G. Stark will read a paper at that time.

Real Estate Transfers.

Following is a list of the real estate transfers in Washtenaw county, as recorded by the register of deeds, for week ending Sept. 3:

B. W. Lampkin to W. B. Lampkin, York	\$3,100
Hudson T. Morton to Oscar O. Sorg, Ann Arbor	150
Susan M. Gay to J. W. Blakeslee, York	125
Jannett West to Henry West, Ann Arbor city	1,000
Eliza C. Bird to Addie D. Bird, Ann Arbor city	1,600
Eliza C. and Addie D. Bird to W. O. Bird, Ann Arbor	3,500
O. B. Porter to Wm. A. Clark, Salem	209
Clark Cornwell to Geo. Moorman, Ypsilanti city	10,000
Susan A. Granger to F. J. Schleede, Ann Arbor city	2,000
Burnett Steinbach to H. and A. C. Steinbach, Chelsea village	3,000
Henry Steinbach to Jacob Steinbach, Lima	2,100
Henriette Otmeier to J. H. Otmeier, Ann Arbor city	600
Robert George to Cornelius Carr, Manchester	3,600
Emma E. Janness to Ellen B. Tuttle, Ypsilanti city	800
S. P. Jewett to A. B. Covert, Ann Arbor city	300
Francis Archer to Mary Archer, Ann Arbor city	900
Mary Archer to Henry Cornwell, Ann Arbor city	1,800
Lillie A. Chandler to Wm. McFetridge, Pittsfield	7,600
S. H. Adams to Mary L. Crookston, Ann Arbor	7,000
Joseph McMahon to J. & S. Seekinger, Manchester village	750
Leonard Gruner to Ann Arbor Improvement Company	350
Wm. D. Harriman to Ann Arbor Improvement Co.	300
Caleb Lampson to John Kirk, Manchester	200
Lee S. Forsyth to John Kirk, Augusta	525

COHNS & AMSDEIT

—DEALERS IN—

Stone, Lime, Water Lime, Cement, Calced Plaster, Plastering Hair, Brick, and Masons' supplies in general.

Also all kinds of

WOOD AND GOAL!

FLOUR,

Feed and Baled Hay.

Offices, Bfs. 33 and 36 East Hnron-st.

Do You Know!

That of all the pianos in the market, only those made by less than a dozen manufacturers have ever been considered, by competent judges, first-class, reliable instruments.

As several scores of firms represent themselves as manufacturers of the best (?) instruments, who in reality do nothing more or less than get the different parts of a piano from as many different makers and put these parts together, hit or miss, it is worth your while to find out before buying whether or not the piano you may have been shown or urged to buy is a first-class, desirable instrument.

IT IS NO LESS A FACT, that more money is made on poor pianos than on good ones; and therefore an agent who cares not to earn a reputation for himself or instrument, will use every effort to sell the cheapest piano he can buy.

MESSRS. HAINES BROS., OF NEW YORK, have for years been known as manufacturers of the first rank; and the upright pianos, which they are manufacturing exclusively, are recommended by all artists as the finest upright piano in the world.

I challenge any agent or dealer in the United States to dispute these facts. I ask but one favor of all who contemplate purchasing a piano: Call and examine these instruments, at my store. They speak for themselves. And I will prove every statement I make regarding them. Call and see them. The "Square Music Dealer."

Also agent for the Famous Estey Organ, and dealer in everything in the music line. Goods sold on easy payments. Pianos to Rent.
LEW H. CLEMENT,
25 S. Fourth-st.

The Great Toledo Fair

Occurs this year, September 5th to 10th, with 250,000 in Premiums. In addition to the magnificent exhibit offered by the Fair, which includes a big list of special attractions, and a superb lot of races, trotting, pacing and running, there will be a dazzling display of Natural Gas, made by the City, at an expense for arches and stand pipes of \$25,000. President Cleveland and the Governors of the three States have been invited and are expected to be present. 059-61

The Palace Grocery,

NO. 9 NORTH MAIN ST.,

FRED STIMSON,

PROPRIETOR,

Have on hand a Fresh and Complete Stock of Every thing in the

Grocery Line

TEAS, COFFEES AND SUGARS

In Large Amounts and

AT CASH PRICES!

And can sell at Low Figures.

The Large Invoice of Teas they Buy and Sell is good proof that in

Quality and Frieos

THEY GIVE BARGAINS.

Fresh Roasted Coffees every week and none but Prime Articles are used; Also a Large Line and Fine Assortment of

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE & LAMPS.

*3-2 all and See Them I

TURNER'S ZEPHYR!

Heats 3 or more rooms and does not over heat the rooms.

It sets in

J. SCHUMACKER'S,

68 South Main-st. 6.8165

BOYS!

RUN! RUN!

BEFORE THEY ARE ALL GONE.

More of those \$1.75 Shoes, worth \$3.00. Sizes 6 to 11. All goods in our store at a reduction of from 10 to 50 per cent, discount until September 1st.

SAMUEL KRAUSB, 48 S. Main.

FURNITURE EMPORIUM

—OF—

KOCH & HALLER,

52 South Main and 4 West Liberty Streets, Ann Arbor, Mich.

We have recently added to our already large line of Furniture some very attractive patterns in Plush Parlor Suites, (our own make) Bed Room Suites in Cherry, Antique, and Olive Wood; and also received the finest lot of Parlor Tables ever displayed in this city.

We make the Curtain and Drapery line a speciality and a number one assortment can always be found with us. We still cling to our reputation of having the lowest prices in the city.

Respectfully,

KOCH & HALLER.

YOUMAFS AND SILVERMAFS HATS!

—NOW READY—

ATT HE TWO 111.

Mr. Youman has brought out this season

1 HOBBY, TISIT ID A SHUSH II'i

It will certainly be very popular, and we invite our Friends in the City, Students attending the University and High School, to examine them; also compare them with other Hats shown in the City.

We Have the Most Complete Line in All Colors!

English Reds, Golden Brown, and Black.

OUR LINE OF FINE NECK-WEAR ZE3IAS ARRIVED.

Our Line of

Nobby Suits for Fall Wear

3STOW READY.

Examine our Line of

FINE FALL OVERCOATS

THE TWO SAMs,

The Only Strictly One-Price Clothiers in Ann Arbor.

Special Inducements for 30 Days

—IIS-T—

CARPETS! CARPETS!

Velvet Carpets, Body Brussels Carpets, Tapestry Brussels Carpets, Ingrain Carpets, Stair Carpets.

RUGS! RUGS!

Smyrna Rugs, Tapestry Rugs, Wool Rugs, Oil Cloth Rugs, Coca Rugs, Rubber Rugs.

MATTINGS! MATTINGS!

China Mattings, Ros Matting, Coca Mattings, Fancy Mattings.

OILCLOTHS! OILCLOTHS!

Our Stock is Complete. Call and see us.

WINES & OTORDEXT.

JUST RECEIVED

New Stock of Furniture

—at the—

KECK STORES, South. Main-st.

New Parlor and Bed Room Suites, fancy Centre Tables and Stands—beautiful Side Boards in Antique Oak, Walnut and Cherry Book Cases, Secretaries, Extension Tables, Parlor, Reception, Dining Room and Common Chairs. Furniture of all kinds fresh and new. Splendid line of Lace and Heavy Curtains, Draperies and Drapery Trimmings of New and Elegant Patterns, New Smyrna Rugs, Brussels, Tapestry, Three-Ply and Ingrain Carpets of the latest patterns and lowest prices. Hair, Wool, Cotton, Fiber and Husk Mattresses, all at bottom prices.

We call special attention to our New and Handsome Bed Room Suites, only \$20.00

Don't miss the chance now offered to purchasers your Furniture at the very lowest prices for cash.

Upholstering and Repairing neatly and promptly done at our stores.

RICHMOND & TREADWELL.

COUNTY NEWS.

Chelsea.

L. E. Sparks has moved to Jackson with his family.

Miss Margaret Seger died of typhoid fever last Sunday morning.

Hugh Duffy, of Lyndon, died Sept. 3, 1887, in the 80th year of his age.

Several of our citizens attended Episcopal services at Dexter last Sunday.

W. J. Knapp and family returned home from Ypsilanti yesterday morning.

Miss Maria Sargent, of Detroit, spent last Sunday with her cousin, Miss Alice Sargent.

All the classes in our union school were well represented at the opening last Monday.

Win. H. Depew, late of Harrisville' now of Alpena, was in town last Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. M. Jewell, of Mason, is visiting her brother, Mr. Alva Freer, and other friends in this vicinity.

Mr. Blaich, of Syracuse, N. Y., has returned home from a three weeks' visit with his sons, Blaich Bros.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis M. Stover, of Wheatland, Ill., visited friends in this vicinity a few days last week.

Our union school building has been repaired, renovated and put in order for the fall term, which commenced Monday.

Wm. Henry Morris died at the home of his brother-in-law, Mr. Ira Freer, last Saturday, of consumption, aged 62 years, 8 months and 21 days.

V. H. Wood, successor to L. E. Sparks in Chelsea flouring mill, has donned the miller's hat and coat, and entered upon his new employment.

Miss Lucy E. Lowe, of Augusta, one of the recent graduates of the State Normal school at Ypsilanti, has been employed as assistant principal in our high school.

Mrs. T. S. Sears accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Noble to their home in Boston last week. Mrs. S. will spend several weeks among her Boston, Connecticut and New York friends.

Work in the primary department of our school will be delayed a week or two on account of the unfinished condition of the addition being made to the primary school building.

Miss Nellie Copeland, of Dexter, will teach the intermediate department of our union school, the coming year, in place of Miss Tillie Mutschel, who will attend the Normal at Ypsilanti.

A very elegant German whirligig has been erected on Daniel Tichenor's lot on South-st., around which crowds gather every evening. We fancy it will become a great annoyance to that neighborhood, if it remains long.

E. G. Hoag, successor to E. G. Hoag & Co., has moved his goods into J. R. Gates's new store, on the site made vacant by fire last February. We predict a large and profitable trade for Ed., in his new, finely situated, and elegant quarters.

Ypsilanti.

The Gospel tent preachers have left for new fields of labor.

Chas. McCorkle and sisters have returned from Goderich, Ontario.

Doctor Watling and family have returned from their trip abroad.

Miss Carrie Weed has returned from her visit to Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Cornwell and daughter are back from the sea-shore.

C. H. Cady will soon make Ann Arbor his home as well as place of business.

R. W. Hemphill has purchased Mrs. N. K. Seaver's property on Huron-st, for \$3,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Lucius Mills, of Webberville, Mich., are visiting Mrs. Mills' parents, Doctor and Mrs. Kinne.

The ground is at last being broken for the foundations of the new Savings Bank building, on Congress-st.

Prof. Pease has moved his family into the house recently vacated by Mr. Bowling, corner of Cross and Huron streets.

Miss May Lambert, formerly one of the editors of the Hillsdale College paper, is at present connected with the Ypsilantian staff.

Messrs. Chas. Woodruff, editor of the Sentinel, and O. E. Thompson, were elected trustees, at the school meeting Monday.

Wm. McCullough is down from Gladstone, U. P., packing his household goods and foundry machinery, for shipping to his new home. He expects a big boom in Gladstone as soon as the railroad reaches the town.

The first notable social event of the season was the marriage last Tuesday of Miss Minnie Samson, daughter of E. Samson, the well known druggist, to Mr. James Gifford, recently of Detroit, now an owner of an extensive ranch in southern Idaho. Many guests from Detroit and Chicago were present, and the wedding passed off very pleasantly. The young couple have the best wishes of scores of friends for their future welfare and happiness.

Lightning made sad havoc, Tuesday, at the residence of Edward Gorton, a farmer living near Ypsilanti. He, with a number of other men, had taken refuge in the barn during the storm, and when the lightning struck the building they were all prostrated, but none seriously shocked, excepting Mr. Gorton, who it was feared, for some hours, would not survive the injuries, but we understand he is out of danger now. The barn with all its store of a season's grain, hay, etc., was totally consumed. Mr. Edgar Comstock's horse, which was in the building, was killed, and his buggy burned. Taken all together it makes a serious loss to all parties concerned.

COUNTY.

Both hotels at Milan have new landlord? Stock shipping from Dexter has commenced.

Ypsilanti fair dates, September 29-30 inclusive.

Very few watermelons were raised around Dexter this year.

Wm. Buss and wife, of Scio, celebrated their golden wedding, Aug. 24.

Henry O. Butter, » highly respected citizen of Dexter, died August 19.

The work on the school house in district No. 3 in Sharon, is nearly completed.

The North Lake church has received a present of \$25 from an unknown friend.

The Baptists and Methodists of Dexter picniced at Bass Lake, last week, Wednesday.

Miss Addie Atchison will teach the primary department of the school at Salem station.

Chelsea proposes to have a rattling good fair this season. It will be held September 27-30.

The fats and leans, of Dexter, contested their base ball qualities in that village Tuesday afternoon.

Dexter's new school house is not yet completed, which will delay the opening of the school for a few weeks.

The Dexter Leader, one of the best local papers in the county, has changed its day of publication from Thursday to Friday.

The proprietors of the "Flying Dutchman" were escorted out of Dexter, a few days ago, by a lot of boys with rotten eggs.

The ladies' library of Dexter will be open every Saturday afternoon, from 3 to 6 o'clock, from September 1st to March 1, 1888.

The September meeting of the Saline farmers' club will be held at H. W. Bassett's, on Friday, the 9th. Each member is expected to prepare a question box.

Dexter Leader: M. F. Smith has rented the building occupied by the bakery, and about the first of October will put in a stock of bakers' good, candies, cigars, etc.

The Sharon farmers have concluded not to hold a picnic this fall. The leading ones say that as everybody has been to the lakes this summer they fear the attendance would be small.

Saline Observer: William Turner and wife, of Dexter, township, have lived together 67 years, and nearly all of that time on their present farm. Mr. Turner is 89, and his wife is 87 years old.

One Lodi farmer sowed 20 bushels of wheat on 40 acres of land, threshing 79 bushels of wheat. A Scio farmer threshed 29 bushels of wheat from 18 acres on which he had sown 28 bushels.

The following officers have been chosen for the Milan driving Park association: President, M. Phillips; secretary, Chas. Gauntlett; treasurer W. H. Whitmarsh. Grounds have been leased and they expect to have it ready for races yet this fall.

During the absence of the family one day last week, Robert Harrison's house in Pittsfield was entered and thoroughly rummaged. A number of articles were taken. An attempt made to enter Mr. Reese's house on the same day was fortunately frustrated.

The Norvell farmer's club met at the residence of H. A. Ladd, August 19, and was attended by nineteen members and their families, which mads a company of 62 persons. The next meeting will be held at James Fay's, October 1, at 1 p. m. Question: "The future of farmers and farming in its social and financial aspects." Papers by C. L. Hall and R. D. Palmer.

Saline Observer: School Director Mason was around last week, taking the census of children of school age in the district. The number is 278, a gain of six over last year, of whom 173 live in Saline, 55 in Lodi, 28 in York, and 22 in Pittsfield township. In two families he found six children between the ages of 5 and 20; four families of five; 11 families of four; 17 of three; 28 of two.

Manchester Enterprise: Oa Saturday, August 27, the farmers of Bridgewater held their annual picnic with quite a large attendance. During the early part of the afternoon the sky was overcast with clouds and no doubt many were deterred from attending by the threatening and lowery aspect of the western heaven? But Jupiter Pluvius was propitious a more beautiful day could not have been chosen. The literary programme was excellent, though brief, and the committee was very fortunate in procuring the music, which was rendered in an exquisite manner by the M. E. church choir, the New Era quartette and the martial band, all of Clinton.

Mrs. DvrightKies read a selection which, though interesting, was inaudible to the greater portion of the audience. HOD. Chas. H. Richmond, of Ann Arbor, was the orator of the day, and set forth in a terse and concise manner the natural dependence of the community upon the farmer. The address was followed by a finely rendered select reading by Mrs. Arthur Lowery. After the programme officers were elected for the ensuing year.

Please Take Notice.

I want all men who owe me to bring the change around on or before October 1. Djn't fail to comply with this request; it will be for your benefit as well as mine. There will be no leaving over this time. I cannot accept of any excuses for poor crops. I didn't make them poor.

659 66 M. ROGERS.

DYSPEPSIA

Causes its victims to be miserable, hopeless, confused, and depressed in mind, very irritable, languid, and drowsy. It is a disease which does not get well of itself. It requires careful, persistent attention, and a remedy to throw off the causes and tone up the digestive organs till they perform their duties willingly. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proven just the required remedy in hundreds of cases.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for dyspepsia, from which I have suffered two years. I tried many other medicines, but none proved so satisfactory as Hood's Sarsaparilla."

THOMAS COOK, Brush Electric Light Co., New York City.

Sick Headache

"For the past two years I have been afflicted with severe headaches and dyspepsia. I was induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and have found great relief. I cheerfully recommend it to all." MRS. E. F. ANNABLE, New Haven, Conn.

Mrs. Mary C. Smith, Cambridgeport, Mass., was a sufferer from dyspepsia and sick headache. She took Hood's Sarsaparilla and found it the best remedy she ever used.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. «1; six for «5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

New Goods!

NEW GOODS!

New Goods!

J. T. JACOBS & CO.

J. T. JACOBS & CO.

J.T. Jacobs & Co.

NEW FALL GOODS

—Are now arriving, suitable for—

TV^edcLing Presents!

Housekeepers, see our Stock of

Silver-Plated Knives, Forks, Spoons & Castors

THE FITTING OF SPECTACLES A SPECIALTY WITH US.

C. BLISS & SON, No. U.S. Main.

662-74

TIKIE!

Art Garland

COAL STOVE

Is far ahead of anything made. Is quite different from any other stove. In fact, it has no competitor. Don't fail to see it before you buy.

49-SOLD OXLT BY-Ea

SCHUH & MUEHLIG, No. 21 S. Main

AND NO. 11-2 WASHINGTON STS.

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY!

COMMENCING

Saturday, Aug 13.

ALLOFOUR

BOYS' UNO CHILDREN'S

CLOTHING



AT COST.

Call Early and get the First Choice!

WM. W. DOUGLAS & CO.,

THE FIRE RECORD.

Great Damage Done by Flames in Many Localities.

Several Persons Hurt Numerous Horses Lose Their Lives In Burning Buildings—Valuable Property Swept Away by the Fire-Flood.

NUMEROUS FIRES.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 2.—Harry Rockafellow was burned to death in a stable at Fremont, Neb., Tuesday night. Fire broke out in Baldwin's livery establishment, and in an attempt to save the horses the man lost his life. Nine animals perished in the flames.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 1.—George S. Hall, a farmer of Macomb County, was burned to death in a livery-stable fire in this city early yesterday morning.

MVKDOCK, Ill., Sept. 1.—Murdock & Son's elevator and contents were destroyed by fire yesterday morning, causing a loss of \$12,000.

HURLY, Wis., Sept. 1.—The saw-mill of Kimball & Clark, near here, was burned yesterday. Loss, \$100,000.

KOEHLER, Mich., Sept. 2.—Terrible forest fires are raging in this vicinity. Immense damage has been done to the standing timber, and thousands of dollars' worth of logs and ties which were hung up in the stream for want of water to run them out in the Spring have been destroyed. A large crew of men are fighting the fire two miles south of here.

A strong wind carried the flames into a lot of logs and ties owned by Lovelace Blakey, burning 80,000 feet of logs and 4,000 cedar ties, causing a loss of \$2,000.

Over 1,000,000 feet of logs and nearly 25,000 ties are surrounded, and it is doubtful any will be saved in this section. The prevailing drought is the worst known for years. No rain has fallen since July 4, and the ground is literally parched. A large meadow owned by H. L. Koehler, which caught fire six weeks ago, is still burning. The soil is a rich loam muck, and holes two and three feet deep have been burned in it. All efforts to extinguish it have been fruitless. All vegetation is scorched, and potatoes and late crops are a total failure.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 3.—A fire in the Hadsleigh mill in this city yesterday morning caused a loss of \$50,000.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 4.—A Huntingburg (Ind.) special reports that the magnificent abbey and college of St. Meinrad, located at Indian Town, Spencer County, was destroyed by fire Friday, including a valuable library of 15,000 volumes, a large collection of old and very rare coins, and a large museum. The total loss is fully \$500,000; no insurance. The college had just been repaired and renovated for the school term, which was to begin next week. The term will begin on the 10th and will be held in the former convent at Ferdinand. The college will be rebuilt at once.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 6.—A fire in the East Liberty Stock Yards Saturday burned all the retail pens, bore-barns and stables. None of the stock was lost. The loss is estimated at \$30,000. The fire has caused a renewal of the talk of removing the yards to Wall Station, fifteen miles from the city, on the Pennsylvania railroad.

MONTREAL, Can., Sept. 5.—At St. Henry, near this city, Moseley's tannery was burned on Saturday. Loss, \$100,000.

PESTH, Sept. 6.—A terrific conflagration is raging in the town of Veszpreim, Hungary. Reports received here at a late hour say that 200 houses have been reduced to ashes.

MAUSTON, Wis., Sept. 6.—The village of Werger, Juneau County, was destroyed by fire last week, the flames starting in Beacher's building. The losers were William G. Cotthrop, E. D. Wightman & Co., Mr. Arpin and Mr. Belcher. The post-office was also destroyed, with \$14 of stamps. The losses aggregated \$21,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 6.—Advices received here say that the business portion of Calico village in Southern California was burned Sunday night. Loss between \$75,000 and \$100,000.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—The Daily Commercial Bulletin's tire record for August shows a total loss in the United States and Canada of \$8,317,500, against \$13,000,000 in August, 1886. The average August losses for ten years have been about \$7,000,000. The total losses for the first eight months of 1887 are \$85,245,000, against \$70,900,000 for the corresponding period of 1886.

A FATAL EPIDEMIC.

Nearly Half the Residents in Lockport, Pa., Sick with Black Diphtheria—Thirteen Deaths in Five Days.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 3.—An epidemic of black diphtheria is raging at Lockport, Pa., a small town of 200 inhabitants, situated on the Pennsylvania railroad, about sixty miles east of this city. Nearly half the population are reported down with the disease, and thirteen deaths have occurred within the past five days. Recently an old invalid, which formed a part of the State canal, was destroyed by dynamite at that point, leaving stagnant pools of water, which it is believed caused the epidemic. The victims are seized with black vomit and usually die in two or three days.

The Chatsworth Damage Suits.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 4.—Service has been secured on the Toledo, Peoria & Western railway by the sheriff of this county in the cases thus far filed by the claimants for deaths and injuries resulting from the Chatsworth wreck. The amount is now \$140,000. Ann Kellogg claims \$10,000. New suits against the road were begun Friday by Isaac Chellev and his wife, who each claim \$10,000 damages, and by the administrator of Wilhelmina Garretton, damages being laid \$5,000.

Work of the "White Caps."

NEW ALBANY, Ind., Sept. 2.—The "White Caps," a lawless mob in Harrison County, Ind., took John Hildebrand, a justice of the peace, from his bed on Tuesday night and beat him unmercifully, because they disapproved his decisions. They have also signified to a widow named Dougherty their disapproval of her choice of a prospective husband.

Pauper Immigration.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—In the House of Commons Thursday Mr. Balfour, in replying to Mr. Healy's questions as to what steps had been taken in view of America's objections to receiving pauper immigrants, said that the Government would allow no more money for the transportation of such persons during the remainder of the year.

Lands Restored.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Acting Land Commissioner Stocklager has issued the necessary instructions to carry into effect Secretary Lamar's recent order restoring to settlement and entry certain indemnity land of the Marquette, Houghton & Ontonagon Railroad Company, comprising about 258,000 acres of unapproved selections.

Immigration Statistics.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—The statistics of immigration at Castle Garden for the month of August show that 27,265 immigrants were landed, as against 25,266 in August, 1886. The total immigration this year up to date is 267,764, being an increase of 6,937 over the same period of last year.

BASE-BALL.

Unding of the Three Leading Organizations Up to September 3.

In the race for the championship National League clubs stand as follows:

Table with columns: Club, W., L., Per cent. Lists teams like Detroit, Chicago, New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Pittsburgh, Washington, Indianapolis.

Table with columns: Club, W., L., Per cent. Lists teams like St. Louis, Louisville, Cincinnati, Baltimore, Brooklyn, Athletic, Metropolitan, Cleveland.

Table with columns: Club, W., L., Per cent. Lists teams like Milwaukee, Des Moines, St. Paul, Oshkosh, Minneapolis, La Crosse, Eau Claire.

A BIG RAILWAY DEAL.

The Baltimore and Ohio Road Transferred to a Syndicate.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—A preliminary contract was signed yesterday whereby the Baltimore & O. railroad passes under control of a syndicate composed of J. S. Morgan & Co., Baring Bros. & Co., and Brown, Shipley & Co., of London, and Drexel, Morgan & Co., Brown Brothers, and Kidder, Peabody & Co., of New York, and Drexel & Co., of Philadelphia. The latter agree to supply \$10,000,000 to liquidate the floating debt of the road, and propose to do all in their power to remove existing antagonisms and insure the permanent working of the line in harmony with other trunk lines. It is stated that the sleeping-car system will be controlled by the Pullman Company; that the Western Union will take the telegraph business, and that the road, when divested of all extraneous enterprises, will be operated practically by the Pennsylvania railroad.

A Large Suii Missing.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 6.—The safe of the county treasury at Greenville, O., was found open yesterday morning and a large amount of money is missing. County Treasurer Simon and his son were arrested, the father being charged with embezzling \$35,000, and the boy with the larceny of \$40,000. Both waived examination and gave bail. Simon's shoe store has also been closed by the sheriff. The new county treasurer was to assume charge yesterday, and Simon claims the safe was rifled by robbers.

The Medical Congress.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—The International Medical Congress commenced in this city yesterday, over 2,500 physicians being present from all portions of the world. President Cleveland opened the convention and Secretary Bayard delivered the address of welcome. Dr. Nathan S. Davis, of Chicago, was chosen president. Brief and appropriate speeches were made by several delegates from abroad, after which President Davis read his opening address.

Iron and Steel Importers Fail.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 6.—E. S. Wheeler & Co., heavy importers of bar iron, steel, tin, etc., of this city, and the New Haven Wire Company failed yesterday. The liabilities are figured at \$2,000,000, and fears are expressed that the crash will involve banks and business houses at New Haven and elsewhere. E. S. Wheeler & Co. have branch houses in Baltimore, New York and Chicago.

Internal Revenue Collections.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—The collections of internal revenue for July last were \$10,007,879, being \$361,411 more than the receipts during the same month of last year. There was a decrease of \$178,540 in the collections on spirits, an increase of \$312,700 on tobacco, an increase of \$204,727 on fermented liquors, and a decrease of \$3,296 on miscellaneous objects. The receipts from oleomargarine were \$251,818.

Thio-o-Carlisle Election Contest.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—The testimony in the contested election case of George H. Thobe against John G. Carlisle, Sixth Congressional district, Kentucky, was opened yesterday by the Clerk of the House and ordered printed. Mr. Carlisle appeared in his own behalf and General H. A. Sypher, ex-member from Louisiana, appeared as counsel for Mr. Thobe. Mr. Carlisle offered no testimony.

Said to Be Still Living.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 6.—An Alabama man, just returned from the City of Mexico, reports that Marsh T. Polk, the defaulting State Treasurer of Tennessee, is living in the Mexican capital. After his arrest for robbing the treasury he was reported to have died in this city, and the body was sent to Bolivar for burial.

All Quiet in Havana.

KEY WEST, Fla., Sept. 2.—The latest advices from Cuba corroborate the reports of last Sunday of riotous times at Havana, but all is now quiet. General Mann in having carried out his determination to break up the smuggling ring. Resistance has ceased, and the home Government has cabled an indorsement of the Governor-General's course and prolonged his term of authority.

Fatal Wreck in Colorado.

SALIDA, Col., Sept. 4.—The railroad bridge over Beaver creek was crushed by the fall of a rock from the side of the canyon yesterday Thursday night. The engine of the east-bound Louisville express from here broke through the bridge. Engineer Shaw and two others were killed and several persons wounded.

Death of a Noted Divine.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Bishop William Logan Harris, of the Methodist Episcopal church, died at his residence in this city yesterday afternoon of heart-disease, aged seventy years. He leaves a widow and three children. Bishop Harris was born in Ohio, November 4, 1817, and was ordained a Bishop at Brooklyn, N. Y., in May, 1874.

Veteran Firemen on a Tour.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—One hundred and fifty of the Veteran Firemen's Association started in a special train of palace-cars yesterday, bound to the Pacific coast. The excursion will reach San Francisco September 15.

Captured.

GLEN'S FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 6.—J. E. Merwin, the express agent who robbed the office at this place of \$6,000 on the 20th of August, has been arrested at Henderson, N. C., and is on his way back with \$3,400 of the stolen money.

The Deadly Crossing.

SALEM, Mass. Sept. 6.—Odion Manard, his wife and baby were struck by a train when driving across the track yesterday afternoon. The man and child were killed and the woman, it is thought, is fatally injured.

Hanged in the Ohio Penitentiary.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 2.—Josiah Terrell, of Meigs County, convicted of killing Charles Phelps, an old miser who lived near Pomeroy, was executed in the Ohio Penitentiary annex just after midnight by Warden Coffin.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

For Week Ended September 6.

Heavy gales, with many minor marine disasters, are reported on the English coast. The collections of internal revenue for August in the Peoria (Ill.) district amount to over \$1,300,000.

The time for the redemption of trade dollars has expired. The total amount redeemed is \$7,153,000.

All the labor organizations in Pittsburgh paraded on Saturday, fifteen thousand men being in the procession.

C. M. Hovey, the well-known horticulturist, died at Cambridge, Mass., Friday. He was seventy-seven years of age.

Myrtle Watson, four years old, died at Assumption, Ill., on Saturday, from eating poisonous sugar-coated pills.

Near Wabash, Ind., on Wednesday two brothers named Darrow were suffocated with damp while digging a well.

C. A. Campbell, an extensive coal dealer at Boston, failed Wednesday for \$350,000, with assets estimated at \$250,000.

A Louisville baker named Peter Schems being put in jail, cut his throat and the artery of his left arm with a tin bucket.

The Colorado beetle has been destroyed in Germany by the timely use of exterminants and the active tilling of the fields.

Texas fever is said to exist in Adams, Hancock and Kankakee counties. Ill. Quarantines will be established at once.

Charles Coleman, a negro charged with rape, was taken from jail at Flemingsburg, Ky., Saturday, and hanged by a mob.

In the six months allowed for the redemption of trade dollars at New York, 3,402,417 of them were taken at the sub-treasury.

With liabilities of \$500,000, the Richmond Paper Company, at Providence, R. I., let its paper go to protest on Friday.

Pigman and Perry were acquitted Thursday at Moorehead, Ky., of the murder of Craig Tolliver. Every thing is reported quiet.

By the upsetting of a coal-oid stove in Cincinnati Friday night Mrs. John Martin and her two-year-old daughter were fatally burned.

Prof. S. P. Kelliot, of Buffalo, N. Y., was elected president of the American Microscopical Society at its final session at Pittsburgh Friday.

Frank Hammond, a married man, shot and killed his paramour, Mrs. Lizzie Tate, a widow, at Cincinnati, Friday, and then killed himself.

The report that John Piuskin, the famous English author and critic, had become insane, is denied by the daughter of his publisher in London.

An Australian wool-broker named John Stairgirth has been arrested in San Francisco for forgeries on a Melbourne bank aggregating \$75,000.

At Latonia Springs, Ky., Monday, Henry C. Tugate was shot and killed by Joseph Carter, whose sister, Mrs. Yamey, Tugate had knocked down.

During a row Monday night in Chicago, Charles H. Wood, a member of the Veteran Police Patrol, shot and killed Joe Zenieschek, a saloon-keeper.

The Kentucky Furniture Manufacturing Company, at Louisville, suspended Saturday with debts of \$50,000 and nominal assets of the same amount.

The superintendent of the Quincy (Ky.) Sunday-school, named James Weeks, was shot dead on Sunday when leaving the church by John Harris.

Paris dispatches say that France has accepted England's proposal for the neutralization of the Suez canal and the settlement of the New Hebrides question.

Labor Day was generally observed on Monday in all the great business centers of the country. Parades, picnics, excursions, etc., were the order of exercises.

Jack Turner, leader of a Kentucky vendetta, was killed on Saturday. He had been a leader for twenty years, and numerous murders had been charged to him.

Judge Valliant, of St. Louis, on Monday rendered a decision affirming the constitutionality of the law closing saloons and other places of business on Sunday.

The Memphis & Little Rock road was sold Thursday under mortgage to R. K. Dow, of New York, for \$2,800,000. It is said the line will be extended to Dallas, Tex.

Resolutions denouncing the Knights of Labor were introduced and favorably received on Monday at the meeting of the German Catholic Central Union in Chicago.

George Mount and James Grady, prominent farmers of Nodaway County, Mo., fought a duel with knives on Friday near Marysville, and both were fatally wounded.

It was reported from Indianapolis on Friday that 126 persons lost their lives in the recent Chateworth (Ill.) wreck, and that the actual extent of the calamity was concealed.

At a trades-union congress held at Swansea, Wales, a resolution condemning the Government for suppressing public meetings in Ireland was passed by a vote of 87 to 7.

Switchmen on the Wisconsin Central line are on a strike. They demand fifteen cents a day more than is now being paid. The officers say they will not pay the sum demanded.

A distinguished citizen of Bell County, Ky., rejoined in the name of Andy Johnson. He is twenty-three years old, and is credited with five murders, for two of which he is about to be tried.

The Wisconsin Leather Company, at Milwaukee, the oldest of the kind in the West, yielded to a pressure of judgments Monday and went under. The liabilities are said to be \$400,000.

E. P. Taylor, ninety-eight years of age, died at South Bend, Ind., Friday. He was one of the three white men who first settled in that locality, and was one of the founders of South Bend in 1813.

The Land Department has restored to public entry the indemnity lands of the Atlantic & Pacific road branch from Van Buren, Ark., westward, and also on part of the main line in Missouri.

In the past year 100 Charleston, S. C., over 6,000 earthquake-wrecked buildings have been repaired or rebuilt, and 271 new buildings erected. The money expended in the work amounted to \$4,300,000.

In Burlington, Ia., on Sunday night Conrad Dreher, formerly a saloon-keeper, hanged himself. He lost his money by the Prohibition law, and in attempting to kill himself then destroyed his eye-sight.

Near Lebanon, O., at two a. m. on Thursday obstructions were found on the railway over which an excursion train of eleven cars and 500 passengers was to pass. The object was supposed to be robbery. Nobody was hurt.

On Saturday two coal shovelers at Cincinnati, named William Kinney and John Slattery, quarreled over ten cents which one claimed the other owed him, and in less than twenty minutes Slattery was a corpse and Kinney in a felon's cell.

Free Postal Deliveries.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Acting Postmaster General Stevenson has directed that the free-delivery service be established at the following post-offices October 1: Iowa City, Ia.; Beatrice, Neb.; Ottawa, Kan.; Grand Island, Neb.; also at Tacoma, W. T., on November 1, the Old Tacoma post-office to be discontinued.

THE BIG NEWSPAPER.

HAS THE LIMIT OF THE READERS' PATIENCE BEEN REACHED?

The Newspaper of the Future Slay be Smaller Than the Present Average. Condensation in the Judicious Sense. The Pictorial Practice.

When the big newspaper becomes still bigger how is it to be delivered? Newsdealers and carriers have already complained of the hardness of the task of handling so many pounds of paper. How will it be when still more pounds are added? Why, it will be impossible, certainly at the prevailing low rates. The days of the cheap press will be passed.

The price must be very considerably increased to induce the middlemen to dispose of Mr. Jones' larger sheets and more of them.

The newspaper of the future will be smaller instead of larger than the present average. And it will be no worse a newspaper on that account, but rather better. This result will be reached by condensation in the judicious sense. I don't mean by this "boiling down everything," so that there is little of spirit or substance left in the article or paragraph, or anything much but the heading. The process to which I refer is condensation by exclusion.

The newspaper of the future will publish only what it is really worth while to publish. The newspaper of the present prints a vast mass of matter upon which space is wasted, which nobody is profited by reading or actually wants to read, or having read recalls a moment later. If all of this were omitted the newspaper would shrink rapidly.

IN OTHER DEPARTMENTS.

But it is not only the literary department that condensation is advantageously practicable. The commercial department is as inviting a field. I doubt that the present system of advertising will be in operation in 1937, or even in 1937. An illustration will point the case. If all the newspapers in New York should agree to double their advertising rates, and if in consequence the advertisers should buy half as much space as heretofore, it is, of course, mathematically demonstrable that the newspapers would be no worse off pecuniarily. I think it is morally demonstrable that the advertisers would be no worse off in respect to the publicity of their business, but that all hands by and by would be a great deal better off in every way.

The advertisement would attract very nearly as much attention. It would get quite as much if the advertisers agreed to stand upon a level. It is the competition in magnitude—the struggle for a longer announcement and for bigger letters, the enormous alphabetical blotches which disfigure so many daily journals—that characterizes the system. Then there is another sort of competition within the paper itself, between the literary and commercial columns.

THE PICTORIAL PRACTICE.

Mr. Ottendorfer says: "I think the habit of presenting illustrations in such journals is foolish and in very bad taste." I certainly agree with him; but if we should trace the genesis of the pictorial practice might we not find that it originated in part in a supposed necessity for an offset to the black, street poster letters of the advertisements? There was, perhaps, a disposition to restore the balance between the departments, and to do it by floated headings, monstrous "cuts" and diffuse padding of all sorts were resorted to. This policy of the literary half in turn stimulates the commercial half to fresh efforts.

If journalism could recover from this madness of magnitude the two sides would still react upon each other, but in a more wholesome way. Both would learn that there are effective opportunities in compactness of space and moderation of statement. It seems to me that the hope of journalism lies in such reform as this. Otherwise its fate threatens to resemble that of an overgrown, gigantic vegetable, not nutritious, but running to useless pulp and unproductive seed.

I think the newspaper of the future will have smaller pages and fewer of them. The tendency alioct everywhere seems away from the blanket form.—Cor. Brooklyn Eagle.

Cookery in the South.

It has been the habit of some to speak and write slightly of cooking in the south. The itinerant journalist travels through a southern state, stops at a railway station, buys a cup of badly prepared coffee and a sour roll, or hastily bolts a wretchedly cooked dinner; jots down his unfortunate experience in his notebook, and at his next sleeping place writes his letter to the northern daily or weekly; graphically portrays the barbarities of southern cooking, and would almost persuade his readers that he is journeying in a land outside the pale of civilization. The man who keeps the eating house may be, like himself, a stranger to the south, stopping there only for the purpose of making money; or he may be as inefficient as some who reside at similar houses in the north, since even there a railway station dinner is not often the most tempting meal to a discriminating palate.

But the mind of the journalist is in no mood to appreciate conditions; he must see upon facts. During his journey he has not, perhaps, entered one southern home, has not been once seated at a family table. With the capricious gods of the station and the saloon he has had some dealings, but the lures and penalties of the southern fireside have neither welcomed him nor revealed themselves to him. What, then, does this Munchausen know of southern cooking and southern tables?—Zitella Cocks in American Magazine.

The Cramp of Swimmers.

People are drowned by an attack of cramp because of the terror accompanying it, when the arms are invariably thrown up over the head—a sure way of going to the bottom. I teach even little children, from 5 years up, to propel themselves through the water with one hand only, or one foot, or with hands or feet alone, and through familiarity with such movements, if an attack of cramp should overtake the swimmer, she will be prepared for the emergency and keep cool until a landing is effected, when a vigorous rubbing of the cramped muscles will make matters all right.—Kate Bennett in Herald of Health.

A Porter at the Door.

At all of the leading hotels of London there is a uniformed porter at the door. If there are one or two inside doors, you will find a porter in uniform at each one of them. At the elevator often stands a porter in the uniform of a chasseur. You will find at every turn and bend in any great London hotel a gayly uniformed servant, ready to step across your path and insist upon helping you in the most trivial way, but expecting always in return for each act a sixpence.—London Cor. New York World.

Reform is Needed.

Professor F. A. Marsh, of Lafayette college, ex-president of the Philological association, in pleading for a reform of English spelling, says that we throw away \$15,000,000 paying teachers for adding the brains of our children with bad spelling, and at least \$100,000,000 more paying printers and publishers for sprinkling our books and papers with silent letters.—The Epoch.

the Children. They are especially liable to sudden Colds, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. We guarantee Acker's English Remedy a positive cure. It saves hours of anxious watching. Sold by JOHN MOORE, Druggist.

Scales are now made so delicate that a signature on a piece of paper with a lead pencil can be weighed, and yet it is difficult to tell whether some people have souls.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK.

AT ANN ARBOR, MICH., ON MONDAY, July 4th, A. D., 1887.

HADE In Accordance with Sections 18,10 and 67 of tin- Oeneral Bunking Laws as Amended In 1871.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts, 31652 11 Bonds and Mortgages, 29210 85 Overdrafts, 125 2 Furniture and Fixtures, 1500 85 Cash from National and State Banks, 49010 57 Due from Depositors, 29339 36 9 67,721 95

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock, 51000 00 Surplus Fund, 50000 00 Profits and Loss, 25181 07 Dividends, 2575 00 Due Depositors, 97685 88 1 67,721 95

I do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CHAS. E. HISCOCK, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 5th day of July, 1887.

ADAM D. SEYLER, Notary Public.

PAINT

By H. H. COIT & Co's ONE-COAT WHITE PAINT. Paint Friday, run it to Church Sunday. Eight fabulous Shades: Black, Maroon, Vermilion, Blue, Green, Olive, Yellow, Red, Orange, White, Green, No Varnish necessary. Dries hard with a shine. One Coat and Job is done.

YOUR BUGGY

Tip top for Chairs, Lawn Seats, Sleds, Flower Pots, Baby Carriages, Curran Poles, Furniture, Front Doors, Stair-Fronts, Screen Doors, Boats, Mantles, Iron Fences in fact everything. Just the thing for the ladies to use about the house.

FOR ONE DOLLAR GOIT'S HONEST

Are you going to Paint this year? If not, don't try a paint containing water or benzine when for the same money (or nearly so) you can procure GOIT & CO'S HONEST PAINT. It is made of the best HOXST, GEBHORN, MINSKID OIL PAINT and free from water and benzine. Demand this brand and ask for GOIT'S HONEST PAINT. It is our agents and authorized by us, in writing, to warrant it to meet 5 GALB with 3 COATS or 8 GALB with 2 COATS. Our Shades are the latest Styles used in the East, and you will find it popular in the West, and you will never regret it. This is the way to save money.

HOUSE PAINT

COIT'S FLOOR PAINTS. Paint that never dried before the sticky part was a week, spot the job, and then wear off. Next time call for COIT'S FLOOR PAINT. It is a popular and suitable shade, warranted to dry hard as a rock, and never to trouble.

SHINGLES!

The best Roofing in the world is Walter's Patent Shingles. Made of Iron, Tin or Steel. Cheaper More Durable and Ornamental Than Slate. Warranted to give satisfaction. For particulars and prices address

GEORGE SCOTT, Architect. Sole Agent for Wash-tenaw County.

MACKINAC.

Summer Tours. Palace Steamers. Low Rates. Four Trips per Week Between DETROIT AND MACKIN

Blenken's Arnica Salve.
Best salve in the world for Cuts,
Sores, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Tetter,
Scalded Heads, Chillsblains, Corns, and
all Blisters, and positively cures Piles,
no pay required. It is guaranteed to
perfect satisfaction, or money re-
funded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale
at Eberbach & Son.

In view of the recent exhibitions of bad
temper by Jeff Davis, why not call him
the South's Cross?

NASAL INJECTOR free with each
bottle of Shilob's Catarrh Remedy. Price
50 cents. Sold by Eberbach & Son.

It seems that it is a crime to sleep on
a railroad track. At any rate, the death
penalty is attached to it.

Those who believe that nature will work
for a cough or cold should understand that
it is done at the expense of the constitu-
tion. Each time this weakens the system
and we all know that the termina-
tion of this dangerous practice is a com-
pulsive grave. Don't take the chances,
when a fifty cent bottle of Dr. Bigelow's
Positive Cure will quietly and promptly cure
a recent cough, cold or throat or lung
trouble. Buy the dollar bottle of Eber-
& Son, for chronic cases or family

An exchange tells "How a song was
written." The most of us are more deep-
ly interested in how a song is sung. It
may be written with a type-writer, for all
we care, but we prefer to have it sung in
more melodious manner.

KASKINE

(THE NEW QUININE.)

Gives
Good Appetite,
New Strength,
Quiet Nerves,
Happy Days,
Sweet Sleep.

A POWERFUL TONIC

that the most delicate stomach will bear.

A SPECIFIC FOR MALARIA,
RHEUMATISM,
NERVOUS PROSTRATION,
and all Germ Diseases.

Rev. Wm. Lucas, Rector Grace Church, Raven-
wood, writes: "I cordially endorse Kaskine as
being just what you claim, an excellent substitute
for quinine, with none of its bad effects. Mrs.
Lucas had a serious form of malaria, and was
confined to her bed for months. Kaskine had her
up and around in a few days, and in a short time
she had her."

The Agent of KASKINE has on Public Exhibit
a remarkable MANIKIN, or model of the
human body, showing the Stomach, Heart, Lungs,
Liver, Spleen, Kidneys and the other organs and
their Health and Disease. By an Inspection
of this model you can see the nature and location of
their troubles and learn how KASKINE relieves
and cures them.

Letters from the above persons, giving full de-
tails, will be sent on application.

Kaskine can be taken without any special
medical advice. \$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for
\$5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

KASKINE CO., 54 Warren St., New York.

to irk Small Fruit Nursery!

All kinds of Berry Plants; Fine
Plants of the Sharpless; The best
Strawberry; Fruit and Ornamental
trees from Ellwanger & Barry, Roches-
ter, N. Y. Orders must be sent early.

WINES AND SYRUPS.

Sweet Home-made Wine for Invalids,
and the Encharist, Sour Wine, Rasp-
berry Syrup, Shrub, Pear Syrup.

Plymouth Rock Eggs.

B. BAUR,
West Huron St., Ann Arbor.

INSURANCE,

REAL ESTATE AND LOAN AGENCY OF

A. W. HAMILTON

Offices, No. 1 and 2, First Floor
Hamilton Block.

Parties desiring to buy or sell Real Estate will
find it to their advantage to call on me. I repre-
sent the following first-class Fire Insurance Com-
panies, having an aggregate capital of over
\$8,000,000.

The Grand Rapids Fire Ins. Co.,
The Ohio Fanner's Ins. Co., (insures
only dwellings).
The German Fire Ins. Co.,
The Concordia Fire Ins. Co.,
The Citizens Fire Ins. Co.,
The Westchester Fire Ins. Co.,
The Milwaukee Mechanic's Mutual
Fire Ins. Co.,
The New Hampshire Fire Ins. Co.,
The Amazon Fire Ins. Co.

Rates Low. Losses liberally adjusted and
promptly paid.

I also issue Life and Investment Policies in the
Conn. Mutual Life Insurance Company. Ad-
verts \$55,000,000. Persons desiring Accident Insur-
ance, can have yearly Policies written for them or
Traveler's Coupon Insurance Tickets issued at
Low Rates in the Standard Accident Insurance
Company of North America. Money to Loan at
Current Rates. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 12 M.
and 2 to 5 P. M.

ALEX. W. HAMILTON,
Hamilton Block.

It is Generally conceded by physi-
cians that the spring truss is the best
known instrument for retaining hernia,
giving a uniform pressure and conform-
ing to the various positions of the body.
They are clean, comfortable and dur-
able.

Our stock is large, embracing all the
leading makes. We guarantee satisfac-
tion.

Browne's Sharpe Hair Clipper No. 1
M. 50; Postage 15c.

Browne's Sharpe Horse Clipper No. 2
M. 50; Postage 25c.

HANN BRO'S, Druggists, Ann Arbor.

CARELESS DOCTORS.

CRIMINALLY SERIOUS SLIPS MADE
IN WRITING PRESCRIPTIONS.

Physicians, and Not Druggists, Generally
to Blame for Accidents in Putting Up
Medicines—How Mistakes Frequently
Occur—Another Evil.

How often do we hear of a fatal error made
by some sleepy or negligent druggist's clerk,
compounding morphine for quinine, laudan-
um for paregoric or oxalic acid for Epsom
salts. How seldom do we hear of the criminal
carelessness or murderous errors made by
physicians themselves in writing their pre-
scriptions. I am satisfied, after careful ex-
amination, that the latter exceed the former
ten to one, and that the services of the
coroner are not often required in due conse-
quence to a fact notorious in the profession, that
a competent druggist carefully studies every
prescription calling for powerful drugs, and
himself corrects the doctor's mistakes. One
serious error by a druggist winds up his busi-
ness in rapid order. There is no one to stand
between the incompetent druggist and his vic-
tim, but the careless doctor can depend with
reasonable assurance upon the strong proba-
bility that if his figures are wrong and the
dose of the drug is double what it should be,
the pharmacist's trained eye will detect the
slip or the ignorance and put in the right
quantity.

asked a prominent druggist the other day
if he often had to correct prescriptions. He
smiled. "I never correct a physician's pre-
scription," he replied. "My business is phar-
macy, not medicine."

"But in case you got an order calling for
ten grains of strychnine, to be taken at
once!"

"I would not fill it. I would send it back
to the physician with a polite note of inquiry.
That would be the retort courteous."

"Do you examine all prescriptions you
compound with a view to possible errors?"

"Certainly. Every druggist is compelled
to do that in self protection. For example,
here is a prescription sent here a few weeks
ago.

"Now this, as you see, called for twenty
pills of sulphate of morphine, gelatine coated,
each to contain two grains."

"Did you refuse it?"

"No, I filled it—and there was no funeral
followed. I gave ten two-grain pills of sul-
phate of quinine, gelatine coated, for I knew
that to be what the physician intended to
prescribe. He is getting a little old now and
sometimes makes a slip of that kind, but we
always manage to set it right. About four
months ago one of my clerks brought me a
prescription calling for one gramme of bi-
chloride of mercury, or corrosive sublimate,
in eight pills. A gramme is sixteen grains,
which would have made the dose two grains
in each pill—enough to kill an elephant. I
sent the prescription to the physician. He
erased gramme and wrote grain, even then
prescribing the maximum dose of the drug—
one-eighth of a grain."

"Could not gramme be easily mistaken for
grain?"

"Most easily. Gramme is usually abbrevi-
ated thus, 'gm.', while grain is 'gr.'. Many
physicians use the metric system, and specify
the weight in grammes. Now, if only one
drug is ordered the sign 'gm.' may easily be
read 'gr.', and the patient will get only one-
sixteenth of the amount intended, or, vice
versa, he may get sixteen times too much.
The latter case is not so probable, for the
druggist's knowledge of doses would inter-
fere. But such a prescription falling into
the hands of an ignorant clerk could easily
furnish business for the undertaker and no
one be the wiser."

"How often is the judgment of the druggist
called into play over such questions?"

"With us it is a matter of almost daily oc-
currence, but of course we handle a large
number of prescriptions. Most of the puzzles
are due to the wretched handwriting affected
by some doctors."

I asked another leading uptown druggist
concerning his experience with errors in pre-
scriptions.

"They have numbered hundreds," he said,
"but as we invariably refer them back when
illegible or calling for more than the max-
imum dose given in the dispensatory the con-
sequence does not fall upon the patient."

"How do the doctors behave when advised
of their mistakes?"

"Some take it kindly; others try to bluff
the case through by saying that heroic doses
were required; others get angry. I sent one
prescription back to an eminent professor in
this city. It called for half grain of strychnine
to the dose. He tore it up, withdrew
his patronage and wrote us an indignant let-
ter, claiming that the prescription called for
only 1/25 of a grain. He had destroyed our
evidence and there the matter ended. One
night I got a prescription calling for IC
grains of iodide of potassium in three pow-
ders, one to be taken every four hours. The
regular dose of iodide is from five to ten
grains. I sent a messenger to inquire, and
the reply was the erasure of 'iodide' and
the substitution of 'bromide.' The least conse-
quence of the iodide would have been a fur-
ious eruption all over the patient, to which
certainly his malady would not justly have
entitled him, as he was suffering from de-
lirium tremens."

"Do you have much trouble with quacks?"

"No. Quacks usually give very simple and
harmless remedies. They know their incom-
petence and constantly fear arrest for mal-
practice should an accident occur. The
quack, as a rule, confines himself to light
cathartics, tonics and lotions, giving a child's
dose to an adult and trusting to luck and na-
ture to effect a cure. Most of them compound
their own nostrums and thus make double
profit, besides avoiding the placing of their
errors on record. It is the regular physician
and the physician of high standing who is
most apt to be careless."

Another evil to which my attention was
called is the habit of some physicians instead
of specifying the dose and the time for its
repetition, to give simply this general order:
'To be used as directed.' Perhaps several
medicines have been ordered. The invalid
may be in charge of an ignorant or forgetful
nurse to whom this gives discretionary pow-
ers which may easily become fatal. I saw
myself a prescription calling for Majendie's
solution of morphia and marked in this way.
Was not this criminal carelessness?

Medicines are often kept in the household
after the illness for which they were pre-
scribed has terminated. The direction of the
physician has long since been forgotten.
Another member of the family, perhaps a
child, is taken down with some petty com-
plaint, and the quondam patient prescribes a
dose of the remedy used in his own case.
How much shall he give? He looks at the bot-
tle. "Use as directed." He thinks he remem-
bers having taken a tablespoonful, so he ad-
ministers that quantity. The sufferer grows
rapidly worse. The doctor is sent for and
finds a case of morphia poisoning. The
bottle is produced. The doctor sees "Use
as directed," and discreetly holds his peace.
Perhaps death follows, and no one is the
wiser.—New York World.

Daniel J. Rudd conducts, at Cincinnati,
the only colored Roman Catholic newspaper
in the United States. He is a young man
and a fine orator.

AN CMEN.

A star fell from the zenith bright,
Astar it swept, a track of light.
A spirit left its earthly home,
Through boundless unknown tracts to roam.

They marked the two, the star, the soul;
They said, so long as time shall roll,
When falls a star from boundless height,
A spirit too shall take its flight.

Unknown, unseen by mortal eye,
Each night a star falls from the sky;
Unknown, unsung by mortal song,
Each second bears a soul along.

—Alice M. Schoff in Commercial Gazette.

THE DAYS OF GIANTS.

So Important Difference in the Size of
Primitive and Modern Men.

An opinion was current, in the last century,
that our ancestors, at some time in the past,
were the equals or superiors in size of the
largest men now to be found. M. Henriou
presented to the Academie des Inscriptions,
in 1718, a memoir on the variations in the
size of man from the beginning of the world
till the Christian era, in which Adam was
given 123 feet 9 inches and Eve 118 feet 9
inches. But after the first pair the human
race, in his imagination, suffered a regular
decrease, so that Noah was only 100 feet high,
while Abraham shrank down to 28 feet,
Moses to 13 feet, the mighty Hercules to 10
feet 8 1/2 inches and Alexander the Great to a
bare 6 feet. The communication, it is said,
was received with enthusiasm and was re-
garded, at the time, as a "wonderful dis-
covery" and a "sublime vision."

The complaint about the degeneracy of the
human race is not new, but dates as far back
as the time of Homer, at least; for the men of
his day were not like the heroes of whom he
sang. It is not confirmed, but contradicted,
by all the tangible facts, and these are not a
few. Human remains that are exhumed,
after having reposed in the grave for many
centuries, as in the catacombs of Paris, have
nothing gigantic about them. The armor,
the cuirasses and the casques of the warriors
of the middle ages can be worn by modern
soldiers, and many of the knights' suits
would be too small for the cuirassiers of the
European armies; yet they were worn by the
selected men, who were better fed, stronger
and more robust than the rest of the popu-
lation. The bones of the ancient Gauls, which
are uncovered in the excavations of tumuli,
while they are of large dimensions, are com-
parable with those of the existing populations
of many places in France.

The Egyptian mummies are the remains of
persons of small or medium stature, as are
also the Peruvian and Mexican mummies and
the mummies and bones found in the ancient
monuments of India and Persia. And even
the most ancient relics we possess of individ-
uals of the human species, the bones of men
who lived in the tertiary period, an epoch
the remote antiquity of which goes back for
hundreds of centuries, do not show any im-
portant differences in the sizes of the primi-
tive and of the modern man.—Popular
Science Monthly.

Gastronomic Possibilities.

There is one aspect of the question which
is of such extreme importance that it should
have received attention long ago. It is pos-
sible to combine vegetable and animal flavors,
and thus produce an infinite variety of new
flavors. I do not refer to the combinations
made in the kitchen—as in stews and vegetable
soups—but to far more subtle and delicious
combinations in the living animal. It is well
known that many birds and beasts are un-
palatable at certain times of the year, owing
to the food they eat. On the other hand, it
is proved that the canvasback duck, the
most delicious morsel known to mortal palate,
owes its exquisite aroma entirely to the so
called wild celery on which it feeds in the
Chesapeake bay; for if the same bird is killed
in the state of New York or in New Jersey
its flavor is not superior to that of other
ducks. Again, the flavor of Congo chickens
is described by an African tourist as being of
peculiar excellence, and he adds that these
chickens are fed almost exclusively on pine-
apple.

Why should not the principle here involved
be applied in a systematic manner? By rear-
ing poultry and other animals on food of a
special fragrance this quality might be im-
parted to their meat, and the producers, like
certain winegrowers, might make fortunes by
securing an international reputation for the
excellence of their special "brands." Such
original nuances of flavor would not only de-
light the epicures, but stimulate anew the
flagging appetites of invalids, prove a potent
weapon in combating the most prevalent of
modern disorders—dyspepsia—besides open-
ing a wide field for the exercise of human in-
genuity and creating a new industry.—The
Contemporary Review.

"Per Acre" Not Always BelUMa.

You know the fellow who lived at the rate
of \$500,000 a year for ten minutes. He's first
cousin to the fellow who lives in the country
and values things per acre. Per acre sounds
very big, but it is not always reliable.

"I once lent a fellow \$100 when I was well
off," said a friend to me a few days ago, "and
he never paid me back. Well, I am not as
rich now as I was then, and it pleased me a
week or two ago to meet a man from the
same district where my debtor lives. 'How
is Jones getting on?' I asked him. 'Splend-
dly, splendidly!' he said. 'I'm glad to hear
it,' said I. 'Yes, Jones is making money, do-
ing well. He's making \$500 an acre of canary
seed.' 'You don't tell me,' I said. It oc-
curred to me that it would not be a
bad time to tackle Jones for that \$100
he owed me. So I wrote to Jones and con-
gratulated him and asked him inci-
dentally if it would be convenient, etc. I
felt quite sure of getting it and I ordered a
suit of clothes on the strength of it. I got a
letter from Jones. There wasn't any remittance
in it. He said it was perfectly true he
would be making \$500 an acre of canary seed
if he had an acre, but he only had twenty
square feet and that was about as much as he
could do with."—San Francisco Chronicle
"Undertones."

Outside the Baseball Grounds.

The most appreciative spectators are those
who can't afford to pay to see the game. The
more active of them shin up the telegraph
poles outside the ground and perch on the
cross tees, getting a fine bird's eye view of
the diamond. They know all the players by
sight and watch every point of the game.
When a big game is on, the chaps on the
telegraph poles stretch and describe it for a
mob of youngsters down below.

"Say, Jimmy, who's at the bat now?" in-
quired one of the groundlings.

"Roger Connor. He's two strikes and three
balls."

A yell from the inside causes great excite-
ment among the groundlings, and the man
aloft is eagerly looked to for an explanation.

"That's a dandy. Way over to left field.
Go it, Roger!" shouts the man up aloft.

"Three bagger, ain't it, Jimmy?"

"Bet cherlie. Hi, yil! Outside the cin-
ders. Run, Roger, yer got ter run! Whoop!
Home run!"

The groundlings who haven't seen it are
just as excited as the crowds on the grand
stand, and they dance and yell and slap each
other on the back. Some of the barelegged
littles follow through handsprings to express
their delight.—New York Sun.

PETROLEUM AS FUEL.

THE RECENT EXPERIMENTS MADE
BY A RAILROAD COMPANY.

The Result Quite Favorable, but the
Prospect Not Good for Any General
Use of Petroleum as a Fuel for Loco-
motives.

The fact that the Pennsylvania Railroad
company has been making experiments in the
use of petroleum as fuel on some of its en-
gines has already been announced. It is in-
teresting to know that all the experiments
have been attended with success. In speak-
ing of the matter, T. N. Ely, superintendent
of the motive power of the company, gave
information which cannot fail to prove in-
teresting to the reader and to the general
public.

He said: "For some months a passenger
locomotive has been running west of Altoona,
and within a few days has made several trips
between Altoona and Pittsburg, hauling
regular passenger trains, the fuel used being
the residuum of oil refineries. The attention
of the officers of the Pennsylvania railroad
was attracted to reports published in English
engineering journals in regard to a method
in use on the Grazi Tsaritzin railway in
southeastern Russia, where oil was burned
upon a large number of locomotives.

"A representative was sent to Russia, who
found in successful use upon all the loco-
motives of the Grazi Tsaritzin railway a method
for burning residuum, which method had
been developed by Mr. Thomas Urquhart,
locomotive superintendent of the road. In
applying Mr. Urquhart's system to the Pen-
nsylvania railroad locomotives it was neces-
sary to make a number of modifications, due
to the fact that the speed is greater and the
size of the locomotives much in excess of those
used in Russia.

The final results, however, have been very
satisfactory, and it is indeed a novelty to see
a fast express train running without smoke or
cinders. The work of the fireman is ideal,
consisting simply in the management of a
small hand wheel, which controls the amount
of oil delivered to the fire box, the device
being so sensitive that the slightest turn of
the wheel enables him to supply more or less
oil to meet any change in the condition of
the work to be done by the locomotive. In
the trips referred to between Pittsburg and Al-
toona the average number of cars hauled was
seven, and on one occasion twenty-five
minutes were made up on the schedule time
of the day express, the locomotive steaming
very freely at all times. The average amount
of oil consumed on the westward trip was
4,511.025 pounds, and on the eastward trip
3,985.30 pounds.

"Admitting that the practical part of burn-
ing oil in locomotives or stationary boilers
has been successfully worked out as described,
which we may safely do after the informa-
tion gained from the Pennsylvania railroad
and the Grazi Tsaritzin railway, we are led
to look at the matter from a commercial
standpoint as relating to the economy in the
use of oil, as compared with coal. We have
the following data, which are the result of
careful experiment, conformed by a chemical
examination of coal and oil.

OIL AND COAL COMPARED.

"One pound of petroleum successfully
burned will generate as much steam under
the same circumstances as would one and
three-quarter pounds of coal. In locomotive
practice, when the cost of handling fuel, dis-
posing of ashes, and the diminished repairs to
the fire boxes of locomotives is taken into
consideration, it is found that one pound of
oil is as valuable as two pounds of coal. The
oil preferred weighs on an average seven and
three-tenths pounds per gallon; therefore, six
and one-half barrels of oil, at forty-two gal-
lons per barrel, would make exactly one ton.

In order to ascertain the relative economy
for heat production, the cost of six and one-
half barrels, divided by one and three-
fourths, gives an equivalent value of coal.

"These figures will vary when heavy or
light oil is used. The prospect for fuel is not
favorable. The Pennsylvania railroad alone
burns about 8000 tons of coal each day, which
would consume over one-third of the total
daily production of the United States. It
could hardly be questioned, however, that
there is a demand for a limited use of oil as
fuel for stationary boiler purposes in localities
where smoke and cinders from coal are
objectionable, and in locomotives running
in cities and on high class trains where it is
possible that an increased expenditure would
be warranted.

"Even this limited use, should it come
about, would, in the aggregate, amount to a
very large consumption of oil. Judging
from past experiences in matters of this kind,
the natural tendency would be for refiners to
increase their price, and possibly to such an
extent that those desiring to use the oil could
not afford to do so in competition with coal,
and would have to seek some other means
of obtaining the advantages which the oil had
given them."—Pittsburg Cor. Cincinnati
Commercial Gazette.

A Singular Adventure.

The W. H. Upham, who is at the head of
the Upham Manufacturing company, which
lost \$800,000 by the great fire at Marshfield,
Wis., was the hero of a singular adventure
when a young man. He was a member of a
Wisconsin regiment which participated in
the first battle of Bull Run, and was thought
to have been killed. His comrades saw him
fall and none of them made any doubt of his
death. Being the first victim of the strife in
his own neighborhood there was great public
mourning for him. A memorial service was
held, in which thousands of people partici-
pated, and many eloquent eulogies were
passed upon him.

Six months later Upham appeared in Wash-
ington with a party of exchanged prisoners.
He had been desperately wounded and taken
prisoner, but the Confederates had attended
to his wants, and when the exchange took
place he was sent home. When in Washing-
ton he was taken to the White House by
Judge Doollittle, then a senator, and intro-
duced to President Lincoln as a soldier who
had come back from the grave. As Upham
was on all the records as dead, Mr. Lincoln
ordered a correct entry to be made, and then
gave the boy an honorable discharge from
the service. When he reached his home in
Racine he was the lion of the hour, and the
people who had participated in the memorial
meeting in his honor got up a jubilee which
was hardly less numerously attended. Later
on in the struggle the fortunes of individuals
were not so closely watched.—Chicago Herald.

The First Locomotive Engine.

Trvechick in 1810 made the first loco-
motive steam engine. Till his experiment it
was imagined that turned wheels would give
locomotion, and this mistake obstructed the
introduction of steam navigation by revol-
ving paddle.

What Gen. Pope Says.

Gen. Pope says, in The North American Re-
view, that "during our civil war, the most
tremendous convulsion that is recorded in
history, New England produced neither a
great uoldijr nor a statesman of commanding
influence."

IN THE LIMEKILN CLUB.

Inimitation of the Hon. Plumbago Josty-
lin—The Committee on Applications.

The wisdom of the club in deciding not
to permit any lecturer to enter the hall until he
had passed an examination before a commit-
tee was apparent when the Hon. Plumbago
Jostylin, of Huntsville, Ala., walked into De-
troit to deliver his lecture on "Can We Ever
be Perfectly Happy?" the committee sub-
mitted him to the following examination:

"When and where was Plato born?"

"What brought the downfall of the Roman
empire?"

"What nation first made use of the soup-
bone as a substitute for turkey?"

"Who introduced the game of policy into
this country?"

"Who was De Soto, and why did he discover
the Mississippi river?"

"If I have 1,000,000,000 coconuts and give
a strange ducky 266,483 of them, how many
do I have left?"

"How long would a body weighing 250
pounds take in falling 1,800 feet?"

The list of questions embraced thirty-one,
and the Hon. Plumbago could not return a
correct answer to a single one of them. He
grew quite indignant over the examination,
claiming that the only two things which
stood in the way of perfect happiness on
earth were green watermelons at fifty cents
apiece and the house fly; but the committee
were firm, and he was told to jog along.

"De report of de committee will be accepted
an adopted," observed Brother Gardner, "an
each member of it will also consider him-
self formally thanked. I had de Hon. Plumbago
been allowed to take dis platform we should
hev lost half an hour of our valuable time
an' be no wiser. We will now proceed wid
de reg'lar pceedin's."

The committee on applications reported un-
favorably on the candidates named:

Judge Exchange Johnson, of Canton, Ohio,
for having been sent to jail for stealing two
sheep. He sought to explain that he thought
the two sheep were simply one pig, but the
wool wouldn't wash.

Elder Huckleberry Banks, of Toronto,
Ont., for false pretenses, he having a wooden
leg and being deaf in the right ear. In hunt-
ing up the elder's record it was also dis-
covered that he had twenty-one bird shot in
the calf of the other leg, and he refused to ex-
plain how they got there.

Professor Antimony Jackson, of Grenada,
Miss., for several suspicious incidents con-
nected with his career during the past year.
In these incidents was being found in the
postoffice at night, where he claimed to have
called to inquire for a letter. Another was
in having two razor backed hogs penned up
under his cabin, and when the owner of the
animals came around the professor claimed
that he took them for crows.—Detroit Free
Press.

Queer Notions About Ascension Day.

They have a peculiar superstition in Cum-
berland county that everybody must go to
a fishing on Ascension Day. From whence it
comes or what its origin nobody pretends to
explain. The people only know that it is so
and they all follow the rule blindly. Work-
shops close, the shoemaker leaves his bench,
the carpenter drops his plane, the printer
leaves his case, furnaces shut down for the
day, foundries stop work and the men fish.
It does not matter if they do not get the
ghost of a nibble; they are carrying out the
unwritten law and keeping up with the super-
stitious procession. Another superstition con-
nected with Ascension Day in Cumberland
county is that any woman who wears a dress
made on that day will be struck by lightning
while wearing it. Nobody can explain the
origin of this. A lady residing in Mechanics-
burg, who was anxious to have her dress-
maker hurry up with some work she was do-
ing, was astonished to hear her say one
evening:

"Of course you won't want me to work to-
morrow?"

"Why, of course I shall," said the lady;

"why not?"

"Why, to-morrow is Ascension Day, and if
you wear a dress made on that day you will
get struck by lightning."

The lady laughed at the foolish idea and the
dressmaker worked on Ascension Day. Of
course you expect me to

BAOH & ABEL will have something of importance to announce in a few days.

H. Woodward, of this city, is general agent for eastern Michigan, of the Empire Harvesting Machinery Co. of Akron, Ohio. He will exhibit at the state fair, and wishes his Ann Arbor friends to call at his tent.

A very interesting game of base ball was played on the fair grounds Wednesday afternoon, between the Browns and a club from Adrian. The score stood 13 to 6 in favor of the Browns. Lewis and Booth were the battery for the home club.

Charles Lohrke is the possessor of a loving wife, three children and a violent appetite for liquor. Tuesday he got on one of his sprees, and as a consequence shamefully abused his wife. Charles will be tried in Justice Frueauff's court, the 28th, for assault and battery.

J. E. Wyman, of Detroit, who owns an interest in the skating rink property in this city, proposes to establish a market in the building, with a suitable number of stalls for all who should want to rent one, providing the council will pass an ordinance that will protect him in doing so.

The statement in an esteemed contemporary, last week, that E. S. Crawford had sold his interest in the Saturday Telegram, was without any foundation whatever. The Telegram is one of the brightest papers in the Saginaw Valley, and we predict that it has a long lease of life.

During the month of August five mail carriers delivered 26,470 mail letters, 5,744 mail postal cards, 1,276 drop letters, 669 drop postal cards and 19,887 papers. For the same month they collected 19,131 letters, 4,908 postal cards, and 1,057 papers. The total receipts at the office, for the same period, for stamps, postal cards, etc., were \$1,001.66, and for envelopes, wraps, etc., \$224.27.

The Students' Christian Association desires to compile a list of boarding places and rooms, for the aid of students seeking such. All who have rooms to rent will find it to their advantage to send a notice of the fact to the chairman of the committee, Geo. A. Brown, care of 23 Thompson-st., stating location and number of rooms, price, and whether furnished or unfurnished.

The Sunday Free Press, in speaking of the personnel of the Carleton Opera Company, pays an Ann Arbor boy the following compliment: "Another member of the company is the Michigan tenor, Jay C. Taylor, who is looking as brown as the traditional berry after his summer full of rest and comfort on his farm near Ann Arbor. Mr. Carleton promises that the public shall hear good reports of this modest tenor during the season."

The marriage law recently issued in pamphlet form by the Secretary of State, provides that no man shall marry his mother, grandmother, daughter, grand-daughter, stepmother, grandfather's wife, wife's mother, wife's grandmother, wife's daughter, grand-daughter, nor his sister, brother's daughter, sister's daughter, father's sister, or mother's sister. They further provide that no woman shall marry her father, grandfather, son, grandson, step-father, grandmother's husband, husband's father, husband's grandfather, husband's son, husband's grandson, nor her brother's son, father's brother or mother's brother.

The annual meeting of the soldiers and sailors of south-eastern Michigan at Adrian last week is said to have been one of the most successful ones ever held by the association. Capt. Manly, of this city, who was in command of the camp, and Capt. Allen, of Ypsilanti, treasurer of the association, received high compliments from the press for their courteous manner and efficient work. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: president, B. F. Graves, Adrian; vice president, Gus. F. Smith, Jonesville; secretary, Mr. Delvin, Jackson; treasurer, E. P. Allen, Ypsilanti; the only change was in secretary. Capt. Manly would have been made president, but he positively declined.

The Sanitary News uses the following terse language concerning the establishment of a hygienic laboratory in the U. of M.: "The establishment of a laboratory of hygiene at the University of Michigan marks an advance in sanitary science which is very gratifying. Several medical colleges have recognized the importance of studying hygiene in connection with medicine, and have established lectureships in hygiene, but no institution of learning in the United States has before deemed it necessary to establish a hygienic laboratory. That such a magnificent university as that maintained by the state of Michigan should be the first to take this step, augurs well for the future. Prof. Victor C. Vaughan, a well-known scientist, has been appointed director of the laboratory."

Nothing affects the appearance of a street or highway more than the growth of obnoxious weeds, and it is the duty of highway commissioners to cause them to be cut down twice each year. Section eight of the Michigan statutes defining the duties of the overseers of highways, which is section 1,419 of Howell's annotated statutes, page 414, contains the following clause: "Every overseer shall cause the obnoxious weeds within the limits of the highway within his district to be cut down and destroyed twice a year, once before the first day of July, and again before the first day of September, and the requisite work shall be considered highway work. * * * Any overseer who shall refuse or neglect to perform the duties required by this section shall be liable to a fine of \$20."

August Tesser is a lad of only 20 summers, but he is as well versed in the art of winning the affection of the feminine sex as one twice his year. He has recently become attached to a short-haired maiden, who wears a little cream-colored boy's hat. He was not content with the sweet words of love he poured into the young girl's ears seven nights in the week, but wanted to give her a present. Now, August has a mortal fear of work, and consequently his pockets are not lined with shekels. He had no money and couldn't get trusted, but his girl had to have the present; consequently, to meet the emergency, on Saturday evening he presented an order to a well known dry goods house on Main-st., bearing his father's signature, which stated that the firm mentioned should let the boy have what he wanted, as he wished to make his mother a birthday present. All went well while he bought a dress and a few trinkets, but when he asked for a corset and some underwear the clerk's suspicion was aroused. A boy was dispatched to see Mr. Tesser, senior, who at once pronounced the order a forgery. In the meantime the lad had completed his purchases, amounting to \$13.59, and made his way to the home of his lady-love. A warrant was issued for his arrest, but subsequently the boy's mother fixed matters up and no further legal action was taken.

W. W. Watts was in Detroit, Monday. George Jacobus has returned from Toledo. Mrs. M. C. Sheehan is visiting relatives in Howell. Eugene K. Frueauff and Titus Hutzel are in Toledo today. D. Cramer spent Monday and Tuesday at Tecumseh and Adrian. John Ryan, clerk of Livingston county, was in the city last Saturday. Jim. Goodspeed, of Goodspeed & Sons, is spending the week in Detroit. Guy Stevenson has returned from a two months' visit to his brother in Wallaceville. Mrs. Dr. Tindall, of Toledo, has been the guest of Mrs. D. Cramer; for the past week. Mrs. B. F. Watts returned Monday, from Flint, where she had been visiting a sister. J. W. Hamilton left Wednesday morning for a six weeks' business trip to New Mexico. Adena Walz, of Manchester, visited Miss Lizzie Miller, of North Second-st., last Thursday. Chas. Fante, of Minneapolis, was in the city last Friday and Saturday, looking after his interests. Fred. W. Miller, of Northville, Mich., visited his mother and friends in the city, the first of the week. Mrs. C. M. Jones, of Wichita, Kan., is expected in the city, this week, to visit friends and relatives. T. D. Kearney attended the reception of Col. P. J. Sheahan and bride, in Detroit, last Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. Gates, of Alpena, are spending the week with Dwight Smith and family, on Huron-st. Jay Reed and wife, of Chicago, are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Hiscock, on N. Main-st. E. H. Scott was in Eaton Rapids, last Friday, where he read a paper before the Eaton County horticultural society. Seward Cramer was home from Toledo, over Sunday. He expresses himself as highly pleased with his new position. Mrs. H. Woodward and child returned Tuesday evening, from a ten weeks' visit to relatives in Readsburg, Wisconsin. Misses Nellie and Pet Keefe, and Mrs. Donovan, of Youngstown, Ohio, are visiting Mr. Burchfield's family, on West Miller-ave. Mr. Frank Currier, a professional piano tuner, of Detroit, will be at Clements' music store, next Monday, where orders can be left for tuning. Mrs. D. P. Sloan, of Detroit, who has been visiting in Chelsea for the past five weeks, returned home after making a short visit with friends on Division-st. Mrs. W. W. Watts went to Grand Rapids, Saturday, for a short visit. Mrs. Powers, her sister, who has been visiting in the city for some time, returned with her. Col. Dean, Dr. Breakey, E. H. Soot and Mrs. Stevens, are at Old Mission, this week, making arrangements to have their land laid off into lots, and making such other arrangements as are necessary for starting a summer resort. Charles Kempf, of Church's Ferry, Dakota, a former well-known resident of Ann Arbor, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Allaby, on East Washington-st the first of the week. Mr. Kempf is now a prosperous business man in his Dakota home. Mrs. E. Donovan and young son, of Kansas City, who have been visiting at the home of P. Donovan, returned to her home last Tuesday. Mrs. Maggie Donovan accompanied her to Chicago, where she will spend a few weeks with relatives and friends. Mrs. C. R. Craig and son, Tom, and Mrs. Royer, will leave Saturday, for New York. Tom will stop at Manlius, where he will enter a military college, for the coming year. Mrs. Craig and Mrs. Royer will go on to New York City to meet Miss Louis Craig, who will arrive next week from England, where she has been spending the summer.

INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL.

W. W. Watts was in Detroit, Monday. George Jacobus has returned from Toledo. Mrs. M. C. Sheehan is visiting relatives in Howell. Eugene K. Frueauff and Titus Hutzel are in Toledo today. D. Cramer spent Monday and Tuesday at Tecumseh and Adrian. John Ryan, clerk of Livingston county, was in the city last Saturday. Jim. Goodspeed, of Goodspeed & Sons, is spending the week in Detroit. Guy Stevenson has returned from a two months' visit to his brother in Wallaceville. Mrs. Dr. Tindall, of Toledo, has been the guest of Mrs. D. Cramer; for the past week. Mrs. B. F. Watts returned Monday, from Flint, where she had been visiting a sister. J. W. Hamilton left Wednesday morning for a six weeks' business trip to New Mexico. Adena Walz, of Manchester, visited Miss Lizzie Miller, of North Second-st., last Thursday. Chas. Fante, of Minneapolis, was in the city last Friday and Saturday, looking after his interests. Fred. W. Miller, of Northville, Mich., visited his mother and friends in the city, the first of the week. Mrs. C. M. Jones, of Wichita, Kan., is expected in the city, this week, to visit friends and relatives. T. D. Kearney attended the reception of Col. P. J. Sheahan and bride, in Detroit, last Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. Gates, of Alpena, are spending the week with Dwight Smith and family, on Huron-st. Jay Reed and wife, of Chicago, are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Hiscock, on N. Main-st. E. H. Scott was in Eaton Rapids, last Friday, where he read a paper before the Eaton County horticultural society. Seward Cramer was home from Toledo, over Sunday. He expresses himself as highly pleased with his new position. Mrs. H. Woodward and child returned Tuesday evening, from a ten weeks' visit to relatives in Readsburg, Wisconsin. Misses Nellie and Pet Keefe, and Mrs. Donovan, of Youngstown, Ohio, are visiting Mr. Burchfield's family, on West Miller-ave. Mr. Frank Currier, a professional piano tuner, of Detroit, will be at Clements' music store, next Monday, where orders can be left for tuning. Mrs. D. P. Sloan, of Detroit, who has been visiting in Chelsea for the past five weeks, returned home after making a short visit with friends on Division-st. Mrs. W. W. Watts went to Grand Rapids, Saturday, for a short visit. Mrs. Powers, her sister, who has been visiting in the city for some time, returned with her. Col. Dean, Dr. Breakey, E. H. Soot and Mrs. Stevens, are at Old Mission, this week, making arrangements to have their land laid off into lots, and making such other arrangements as are necessary for starting a summer resort. Charles Kempf, of Church's Ferry, Dakota, a former well-known resident of Ann Arbor, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Allaby, on East Washington-st the first of the week. Mr. Kempf is now a prosperous business man in his Dakota home. Mrs. E. Donovan and young son, of Kansas City, who have been visiting at the home of P. Donovan, returned to her home last Tuesday. Mrs. Maggie Donovan accompanied her to Chicago, where she will spend a few weeks with relatives and friends. Mrs. C. R. Craig and son, Tom, and Mrs. Royer, will leave Saturday, for New York. Tom will stop at Manlius, where he will enter a military college, for the coming year. Mrs. Craig and Mrs. Royer will go on to New York City to meet Miss Louis Craig, who will arrive next week from England, where she has been spending the summer.

A DEFICIENCY OF \$6,678.09.

About \$1,100 of this deficiency was made since his first term of office expired. Inasmuch as Mr. Sorg's bondsmen went on the bonds when he was elected last year, and have not qualified since his re-election this year, an impression seems to prevail that they will not be liable for the latter amount; but Mr. Kinne, the city attorney, gives it as his opinion that they are liable to the city for the entire shortage. As soon as Mr. Sorg's bondsmen, nine in number, were notified of the state of affairs, they at once secured from him an assignment of his stock of goods and book accounts to secure them against loss. Mr. Sorg also gave the city a chattel mortgage on his goods to secure it for the amount over which there seems to be some question as to who is liable. The bondsmen are some of our best men, who would not be embarrassed if they lost the whole amount; but the stock of goods and the book accounts are considered ample to cover their liabilities. Mr. Sorg appropriated the money to his own use, with the intention of replacing it as fast as city orders were presented for payment, but the "day of reckoning" had come and he found he was not able to meet his expectations.

AN EXECUTIVE SESSION.

The common council in executive session, Monday evening, received the resignation of Mr. Sorg, as city treasurer, and tabled it, and then removed him from office. Eugene Beal was unanimously elected to the office made vacant, and his bond fixed in the sum of \$80,000. Aid. Wines offered the following resolution, which was carried:

Resolved, That Mr. Albert Sorg, late city treasurer, is hereby instructed to pay over to the city treasurer, after he has qualified, the sum of \$6,678.09, the balance of city money remaining in his hands on the first of September, as shown by the accountant's report to the finance committee. Also, all books, papers and documents belonging to the city and now in his possession.

Aid. Wines also offered the following, which was carried:

Resolved, That the city attorney take the necessary steps to recover from the bondsmen of Albert Sorg, as city treasurer, any moneys which still remain in his hands and for which they are responsible as his sureties.

Authorized to Teach.

Following is a list of the successful candidates, for certificates to teach, at the examination held in this city August 28, 1887:

FIRST GRADE.
O. L. Waller.
SECOND GRADE.
Mary H. Vantyne, Ida Webb, Ida L. Burroughs, Eva I. Mains, Hattie A. Mitchell and Allie Harper.
THIRD GRADE.
Mrs. Myra Lawrence, Cora E. Lewis, Eugene Axtell, Flora C. Goodale, Frank M. White, Hattie McKinnon, Lynn Gorton, Carrie E. Fossett, Eloise S. Bradshaw, Addie Van Wanner, Annie K. Judson, Annie E. Delaforte, Charles A. Brown, Cora Hanson, Sarah Foster, Glenn V. Mills, Maud Watkins, Ona Andrews, Vera Sage, Carrie A. Renwick, Lizzie M. Dennis, Sara M. Fay, May Dasher, Nettie M. Homer, Ella Murray, E. I. Whaliam, Albert W. Don, Lizzie G. Glover, Lucy A. Burch, Jennie E. Caldwell, D. B. McDonald, Cora A. Hitchcock, C. M. Fuller, Arthur B. Mitchell, Minnie Ruckman, Gertrude L. Sanford, Olive L. Whelock, Charles W. Hollis, L. E. Guinan, Nettie L. Sanford, Fred C. Packard, Rosina Lovey, Ida Wither, Elya E. McCormick, S. B. Crouse, Bert J. Howlett, Minnie K. De Puy, Emma A. Hery.

Will Settle Questions of Fact.

Following is a list of jurors drawn for the October term of the circuit court: David Rinsey, Ann Arbor city. Chas. Warner, Ann Arbor city. James M. Cook, Ann Arbor city. John C. Mead, Ann Arbor town. Norman Redner, Augusta. M. J. Flinn, Bridgewater. Henry Wilsey, Dexter. Frederick Breitenwischer, Freedom. John J. Gross, Lima. Hector Drake, Lodi. Edwin C. May, Lyndon. Benjamin F. Matteson, Manchester. George Daskens, Northfield. John C. Schmidt, Pittsfield. Charles K. Ryder, Salem. James L. Harcois, Saline. Richard Smith, Scio. Gerhart Voegeding, Sharon. Ward Conklin, Superior. Iliram Lighthall, Sylvan. Charles Wheeler, Webster. A. D. Jackson, York. Charles D. Pierce, Ypsilanti town. Philander Stevens, Ypsilanti city. Seth Sage, Ypsilanti city. Samuel Krause, Ann Arbor city. Samuel McLaren, Ann Arbor city. Edwin B. Curtis, Ann Arbor city. John Kepler, Ann Arbor town. P. II. O'Brien, Augusta.

Coming Kiv-nis.

A temperance social will be held at Cropsy's Hall on Friday evening, Sept. 10. Fruit of all kinds, and melons, will be reserved. Price 15. Biscuit, peaches and cream if wanted.

Miss M. S. Brown, superintendent of the Industrial school, announces that the school will reopen at two o'clock P. M. Saturday, Sept. 10th, over Cropsy's store. She will be pleased to see all her girls and boys, and wishes the parents to remind them when the time comes.

Card of Thanks.

How feeble are words at a time like this. None but those who have passed through like afflictions can fully realize it. As it is impossible to take each by the hand who have been so kind in our deepest sorrow, we desire to return our sincere gratitude, especially to the Rev. Dr. Ramsay for his cheering words of consolation, to the loving hearts that sang sweet praises, and the kind hands that gently bore our loved one to his last resting place. Also to Dr. George who labored so bravely to save that life. Space forbids further mention of names, but suffice it to say should afflictions come may you one and all meet with like sympathizing friends.

MRS. MAGGIE R. SHIRTLEFF AND FAMILY. Ann Arbor, Sept. 5, 1887.

SORG'S SHORTAGE.

Treasurer Sorg's Predicament—He is Found to be Short \$6,678.09 in His Account with the City.

For several months past the city treasurer, Albert Sorg, has not made his regular monthly statement to the council as the city charter prescribes, which created a suspicion, with those aware of the way in which he had been transacting the affair of his office, that something was wrong. When his term of office expired and he was re-elected, no statement of the condition of the city finances was made by him. For some reason the finance committee did not examine his books—though a resolution was passed by the council at the May meeting instructing them to do so, until about two weeks ago the committee employed an accountant to make a careful examination of the books. Friday night he completed his work and reported to the finance committee that the books were all straight, but that there was not so much cash in the bank to the city's credit as the books called for. They should have been in the bank on the first of September, \$6,811.22, and as there was only \$133.13 deposited, there was of course

A DEFICIENCY OF \$6,678.09.

About \$1,100 of this deficiency was made since his first term of office expired. Inasmuch as Mr. Sorg's bondsmen went on the bonds when he was elected last year, and have not qualified since his re-election this year, an impression seems to prevail that they will not be liable for the latter amount; but Mr. Kinne, the city attorney, gives it as his opinion that they are liable to the city for the entire shortage. As soon as Mr. Sorg's bondsmen, nine in number, were notified of the state of affairs, they at once secured from him an assignment of his stock of goods and book accounts to secure them against loss. Mr. Sorg also gave the city a chattel mortgage on his goods to secure it for the amount over which there seems to be some question as to who is liable. The bondsmen are some of our best men, who would not be embarrassed if they lost the whole amount; but the stock of goods and the book accounts are considered ample to cover their liabilities. Mr. Sorg appropriated the money to his own use, with the intention of replacing it as fast as city orders were presented for payment, but the "day of reckoning" had come and he found he was not able to meet his expectations.

AN EXECUTIVE SESSION.

The common council in executive session, Monday evening, received the resignation of Mr. Sorg, as city treasurer, and tabled it, and then removed him from office. Eugene Beal was unanimously elected to the office made vacant, and his bond fixed in the sum of \$80,000. Aid. Wines offered the following resolution, which was carried:

Resolved, That Mr. Albert Sorg, late city treasurer, is hereby instructed to pay over to the city treasurer, after he has qualified, the sum of \$6,678.09, the balance of city money remaining in his hands on the first of September, as shown by the accountant's report to the finance committee. Also, all books, papers and documents belonging to the city and now in his possession.

Aid. Wines also offered the following, which was carried:

Resolved, That the city attorney take the necessary steps to recover from the bondsmen of Albert Sorg, as city treasurer, any moneys which still remain in his hands and for which they are responsible as his sureties.

Authorized to Teach.

Following is a list of the successful candidates, for certificates to teach, at the examination held in this city August 28, 1887:

FIRST GRADE.
O. L. Waller.
SECOND GRADE.
Mary H. Vantyne, Ida Webb, Ida L. Burroughs, Eva I. Mains, Hattie A. Mitchell and Allie Harper.
THIRD GRADE.
Mrs. Myra Lawrence, Cora E. Lewis, Eugene Axtell, Flora C. Goodale, Frank M. White, Hattie McKinnon, Lynn Gorton, Carrie E. Fossett, Eloise S. Bradshaw, Addie Van Wanner, Annie K. Judson, Annie E. Delaforte, Charles A. Brown, Cora Hanson, Sarah Foster, Glenn V. Mills, Maud Watkins, Ona Andrews, Vera Sage, Carrie A. Renwick, Lizzie M. Dennis, Sara M. Fay, May Dasher, Nettie M. Homer, Ella Murray, E. I. Whaliam, Albert W. Don, Lizzie G. Glover, Lucy A. Burch, Jennie E. Caldwell, D. B. McDonald, Cora A. Hitchcock, C. M. Fuller, Arthur B. Mitchell, Minnie Ruckman, Gertrude L. Sanford, Olive L. Whelock, Charles W. Hollis, L. E. Guinan, Nettie L. Sanford, Fred C. Packard, Rosina Lovey, Ida Wither, Elya E. McCormick, S. B. Crouse, Bert J. Howlett, Minnie K. De Puy, Emma A. Hery.

Will Settle Questions of Fact.

Following is a list of jurors drawn for the October term of the circuit court: David Rinsey, Ann Arbor city. Chas. Warner, Ann Arbor city. James M. Cook, Ann Arbor city. John C. Mead, Ann Arbor town. Norman Redner, Augusta. M. J. Flinn, Bridgewater. Henry Wilsey, Dexter. Frederick Breitenwischer, Freedom. John J. Gross, Lima. Hector Drake, Lodi. Edwin C. May, Lyndon. Benjamin F. Matteson, Manchester. George Daskens, Northfield. John C. Schmidt, Pittsfield. Charles K. Ryder, Salem. James L. Harcois, Saline. Richard Smith, Scio. Gerhart Voegeding, Sharon. Ward Conklin, Superior. Iliram Lighthall, Sylvan. Charles Wheeler, Webster. A. D. Jackson, York. Charles D. Pierce, Ypsilanti town. Philander Stevens, Ypsilanti city. Seth Sage, Ypsilanti city. Samuel Krause, Ann Arbor city. Samuel McLaren, Ann Arbor city. Edwin B. Curtis, Ann Arbor city. John Kepler, Ann Arbor town. P. II. O'Brien, Augusta.

Martin & Company, at 26 East Washington-st., received two large ice boxes last week for their oysters, fish and butter. They were manufactured by the Belding Manufacturing Co., Ionia, Mich. They keep a dandy place, and don't you forget it. Give them a call.

Special sale of Boys' and Children's Suits at Wm. W. Douglas & Co.'s, commencing Saturday, Aug. 13. Every article at cost.

Money to Loan
On first class and first mortgage Real Estate. Apply to S. H. Douglass.
S. H. DOUGLASS, I. W. HUNT, Trustees.
Ann Arbor, Dec. 1886. 626f.

Don't forget the auction sale of Wyoming horses at Geo. Olp's livery stable, on Saturday, Sept. 10th at 2 o'clock. Forty-eight head of nice young horses from three to five years old.

I Offer some Extra
bargains in Pianos and Organs to close out a certain line of goods.
AtvN WILSEY.

School Notice.
Parties buying school books will do well to call on Sheehan & Co., the State-st. book-sellers. Big bargains in second-hand books.

Fresh fish, oysters, poultry, etc., at Martin & Company's, 26 East Washington-st. Open Sunday, from 9 to 10 a. m., and Sunday afternoons you can telephone for your oysters from 1 to 2 p. m. Choice butter in store. Don't forget the place.

Mothers should be sure and call at Wm. W. Douglas & Co.'s during the coming week and get one of their fine Children's Suits, which they will offer at exact cost. 059

Saturday morning Wm. W. Douglas & Co. will offer their entire stock of Boys' and Children's Clothing at exact cost. This sale will continue one week only. 659

Itch of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by H. J. Brown, druggist, Ann Arbor, Mich; Synek & Co., Manchester, Mich. 674*

Dress Cutting.
Ladies wishing to perfect themselves in the art of Dress-making, will have an opportunity, as Prof. Livingston's French system of Dress Cutting is being taught at 95 E. Huron-st., where one may learn to Cut, Baste and Drape a garment, which will not require alteration, also to copy fashion plates. Patterns cut to measure, waists cut and basted. Lessons day and evening.
L. M. FOLET,
95 East Huron-st.

Farm For Sale.
Having grown fruit for forty years, with much pleasure and a fair margin of profit, I find that increasing years bring decreasing strength, and not being able to be with my men as a person should who conducts a general fruit farm, I propose to sell one or both of my places to some young person who has not been so much worn by the fatigue of labor and business. The home orchard consists of about 25J acres, lying nearly 200 feet above the Huron river, with good air and water drainage, and has planted on it 4,500 peach trees of the best varieties, from the earliest to the latest; 450 apple trees of the best varieties, mostly Baldwins; 200 plum of about 20 kind; mostly of best American varieties; 150 quince of four best kinds; 125 pear, chiefly Bartlett; 800 grape vines, principally of Concord and Wyoming, but a small number each of 12 or 15 other good varieties. There are about four acres blackberries and raspberries, consisting of Snyder, Taylors Prolific, Cuthbert, Gregg and early Ohio. The orchard is surrounded by a well-kept honey locust hedge and the low places underdrained. Upon the place are two cottages—one story and a-half house, canning house, peach house, frost-proof house, ice house and three sheds. The other place is in the western part of the city, consisting of 12 acres of very choice land and planted about one-half to Snyder blackberries, the other to Gregg raspberries, with 450 peach trees among the blackberries. I offer also my dwelling house, pleasantly located on three lots, planted to pears and plums. The whole premises are in good order and will be kept so while I own them. Many years ago the home farm was laid out in blocks and lots, several of which were sold and built upon, but the sale was stopped when it was found that peach-growing could be carried on to profit on this high rolling land. Both these places can be divided so that a person can purchase much less than the whole of either place. Correspondence is solicited with persons living abroad and wishing to come here and educate their children, as I did forty years ago. I shall be pleased to show any person the place, while the growing fruit is on the trees and vines, who may wish to purchase. Prices will be made reasonable and terms of payment easy.
J. D. BALDWIN.

ANN ARBOR, Aug. 1887. 62-64

An Ordinance.

An ordinance relative to the property of the Telephone and Telegraph Construction Company, of the Ann Arbor Thompson Heuston Electric Company, of the Edison Light Company, and of any telegraph company doing business in the city of Ann Arbor.

SECTION I. Be it ordained by the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen of the city of Ann Arbor, that no person, association, corporation or company shall post, paint, impress or in any way affix to any pole connected with said system, or any box, wire or other appliance connected therewith, any placard, sign, notice or announcement of any kind, or cut, mutilate, alter, mar, deface, cover, obstruct, or connect, or interfere with the same in any manner whatever, or paint, or cause to be painted, the poles of any other telegraph, or any other poles on the line thereof, of a similar color or colors, or in imitation thereof.

SECTION II. Any violation of the provisions of this ordinance shall be punished by a fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars, and the costs of prosecution.

SECTION III. This ordinance shall take effect from and after due legal publication.

WILLARD B. SMITH, Mayor.
ANN ARBOR, Sept., 6, 1887. 6634

The Great English Prescription Cures Weakness, Spasmodic, Emissions, Imbecility and all Diseases caused by self-abuse or Indiscretion. One package \$1, six \$5. [Write for Pamphlet.] EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., (Detroit) Mich.

COLORED

DRESS GOODS.

BLACZ

Dress Goods!

OPENING

SALE!

—AT—

D. F. Schairer's.

We open the

FALL SEASON

WITH OVER

200 PIECES

Navety Dress W

IN THE

CHOICEST SHADES,

Including nil the New effects

Stripes, Checks, Plaids, Pish and Velvet Combinations for Street and House wear,

New 36-inch Etamines, Checks, Plaids and Stripes at 35c, worth 50c.

Foule Serges, Fancy French Mixtures, Mosaic Checks, French Cashmeres and Tricots, new Shades and Blacks, 36 and 40 inches wide, at 50c a yard.

Norwich Diagonals, Checks, Stripes, Plaids, Whip Cords, Sebastopol Cloth, Bough Twills. Surah Twills, Beatrice Suitings and French Foulies, 44 to 52 inches wide, at 75c, and 85c per yard.

Trimnings, Braids and Buttons. The largest and finest stock ever shown in this city.

Elegant Satin Hhadames, New Shades at \$1 a yard.

Rich, Black Satin Rhadames, all Silk at 75c \$1 and \$1.25 a yard.

Black and Colored Faille Francaises at \$1.25 a yard.

New Fall Cloth Jackets, for Ladies and Misses, now open at \$3, \$3.50, \$4 and \$5.

This collection of early Fall Goods will prove instructive and entertaining. All are invited.

D. F. SCHAIBEB.