

JUDGE KINNE DENIES.

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

was denied on the ground that the danger was too remote: the election might turn the other way.

Supposing that the people adopt prohibition and it be enforced, then the complainant can raise the question of unconstitutionality. If he raises it on the ground of injury to business, of course it would not hold, in view of the Kansas case in the U. S. supreme court. Such damages are not an objection to the law. Many kinds of business are injured by legislation.

If the court has the power to grant this injunction, then all elections may be prevented, and government be stopped. This court is entirely without jurisdiction in this case. The holding of this election is an exercise of local legislative power. Such power cannot be enjoined any more than the legislature can be enjoined from passing an unconstitutional law. This is an authorized and constitutional local legislative power. The court has no power to prevent a common council from passing an ordinance, but can stop the enforcement of the ordinance. The filing of the petition, the notice by the clerk, etc., are all in the exercise of political power over which this court has no jurisdiction. An order from a judge interfering with an election is void. The clerk can go on, in spite of an injunction, and call an election, without being liable to a fine for contempt. The complainant is seeking to deprive the people of the right to vote. This court has no power to interfere with the political power of the people.

JOHN F. LAWRENCE'S ARGUMENT.

Mr. Lawrence, for the complainant, first considered the question of the remoteness of the injury which his client expected would result from the election. His client would have to stop business May 1, or else be in danger of fine and imprisonment. This citizen owns a piece of property which, if the law passes, will be destroyed. He is threatened with injury.

As to the constitutionality, he claims that the title of the act does not embrace the object of the act. The title is to "regulate," and the body of the act is to "prohibit," as in the Orchard Lake case. If "regulation" and "prohibition" are not synonymous, then the title does not include the body of the law, and it is unconstitutional. The act does not attempt to regulate, although the title says that it will be done. He also claimed that the law was an unlawful delegation of legislative power. The constitution does not provide that legislative power can be conferred upon voters of state or county. The people have parted with all powers not reserved. The people of a county are practically the same as the people of a state. He read a New York decision which goes to show that the legislature could not make the operation of a law contingent upon the will of the people. The legislature cannot submit the question to the people as regards to the repealing of a law, and that is essentially what is attempted in the local option law.

Mr. Lawrence spent much time in trying to show that because the petitions were not generally signed by names in full, but by initials of given names, that there really was no petition and the county clerk could not call an election. The law requires that registration lists shall have names in full. How can the county clerk be sure that one-fifth of the legal voters have signed the petition unless the names are in full so that he can compare them with the registration lists? If the signatures are not those of electors, how can the county clerk lawfully call an election? Mr. Lawrence tried to create sympathy for his client by drawing an affecting picture of the ruin that would be wrought by the law if put in force.

MR. B. WHITMAN'S ARGUMENT.

Mr. Whitman began his argument Tuesday evening, and concluded Wednesday morning. He began by saying that a threat against property effected its value at once. Is there any doubt about the unconstitutionality of this law? Can a man's property be imperilled by an unconstitutional law? He attacked the constitutionality of the law on the ground of its title not embodying the object of the bill, and then on the ground of its being an improper delegation of powers, claiming that the decisions cited by Mr. Knowlton could not be applied to this.

What is sought to be done by this act? He called attention to act 313 of 1887, the present tax law under which saloons are regulated. Now, after this local option law was passed. If the people vote for prohibition under the local option law, it will virtually repeal the tax law, No. 313. The tax law could not be in force if prohibition were in force, so the legislature has given the people the power to repeal a law. Act No. 197 itself in its language recognizes that it is to prohibit, while its title says it is for the purpose of "regulating." If the people vote to adopt prohibition, they will also vote to suspend another law, act 313, just as much as though they were members of the legislature. It has never been upheld that the people in such a way have the authority by ballot to suspend the operation of any pre-existing law. The most that has been tried is to put in force some new law without setting aside an old law.

It is impossible to have a constitutional election without surrounding the ballot with all possible safeguards. In the matter of registration, for instance, which he described at length, as well as how elections are carried on legally. We have all possible protection to the ballot. The legislature, who is certainly not greater than the constitution, make a law permitting a special election, providing that before such election can be held, there must be an election, that is, one-fifth of the voters shall petition the county clerk to call the election. There should be safeguards about this. The county clerk cannot do the impossible. How can he canvass one-fifth of the electors as presented to our county clerk? Here Mr. Whitman asked the sheriff to bring in the "so-called petition." He endeavored to show the impossibility of the clerk's determining whether it was signed by one-fifth of the voters, ridiculing the petition. It is impossible for a man or for a set of men, to say on oath that the petition was a proper one. He then raised the point that because the petition had been filed in parts, it was not a proper petition. It is sought to suspend a law, hence it is necessary to comply strictly with the statute. When does it become a petition, if it be

not all filed on one day? If the law be unconstitutional, what reason can there be for the election? Some would vote yes, or the proposition because they are opposed to the liquor business, and some, and others yes or no for various reasons, and all would want the election only if it be constitutional. The other side must show why the injunction should not be issued. If there is any doubt in your Honor's mind about the constitutionality of the law, I would not ask you to grant the injunction; but if the law is clearly unconstitutional, the election should not be permitted.

Mr. Whitman then considered the point raised by Mr. Knowlton, that, even granting the unconstitutionality of the law, the injunction should not be granted, rebutting the decisions that had been cited by the other side. How can the complainant secure reparation if he be injured by an unconstitutional law?

In regard to Mr. Knowlton's point that the clerk could call the election anyway, Mr. Whitman examined the authority. It is true where the act is done under a constitutional law; but when the law is unconstitutional, he would be liable to a fine for contempt of court if he failed to obey the injunction that may be granted.

All the cases cited by the defense were where the election had been held, and where the court was asked to enjoin the counting of the vote, a purely judicial act; but this issuing of the notice of the clerk is a purely ministerial act which can be enjoined by the court. The injunction should be granted on the ground that if the election be called, there will be immediate injury to the complainant, and it will be done under an unconstitutional law. Even the friends of the law want the election for its substantial effect, hence if the law is void, the writ should not issue. It could not benefit anyone. A court of equity seeks to get at absolute justice, and avoids form. If there is any doubt about the unconstitutionality of the law, then the complainant's prayer should not be granted; but if the court believes that it is unconstitutional, then the county clerk should be enjoined from calling the election.

A. J. SAWYER'S ARGUMENT.

I occupy a peculiar position. I never before was employed on a case in which my client declined to consult with me. It is probably proper enough: he is the representative of the people. He thought it would be a long time before a county clerk of Mr. Howlett's intelligence would defy the wishes of 1900 voters of Washtenaw county, or put any impediment in the way of the operation of the law.

Mr. Sawyer proceeded to clear up the case from the technicalities thrown around it by the opposing counsel. It makes no difference whether the law is constitutional or not. No court can declare a law in embryo unconstitutional. After it is a law in force here, then the courts can get hold of it. This is an attempt to defeat the right of the people to vote, and if it can be done in this case, it can in others. It isn't a question of whether the law shall be enforced, but it is whether we shall have a chance to put it in force. The opposing counsel have not brought authority to show their right to defeat an election.

As regards the title and body of the law agreeing, he claimed that the law essentially embodied the idea of regulation, just what the title called for. If the law declared that only colored men should engage in the liquor business, that would be a regulation yet it would prohibit him. The Orchard Lake case was prohibition pure and simple. In this local option law, there is not pure prohibition; other things enter into it, and hence it amounts to regulation.

As regards delegation of legislative power, he said that four state decisions would sustain the position that the delegation intended in this law is not contrary to the constitution. It is merely taking advice of the people as to whether they want a law in force or not.

As to the question whether the court should stop this law in advance of its enforcement which might result in putting a man in jail before its constitutionality could be tested, Mr. Sawyer said that he had investigated it, and had found that it was just exactly a law in which a court would not interfere, and he read authority. The court is chary, especially in criminal law, to decide on their before actual cases of enforcement are brought to his attention.

If the injunction be granted, it will be on the theory that a business will be injured by an expression of the will of the people. Now, if this be done, I can, on the same legal principles, ask for an injunction that ministers be enjoined from preaching, because if the preachers win the world over to Christianity, it will destroy the liquor business. This goes to the heart of the matter. There is no damage caused by this local option law which a court can properly prevent.

In regard to the local option law, when adopted by a county, repealing the tax law now in force, Mr. Sawyer read from the tax law to show that the possibility of prohibition had been provided for in it.

As regards the petitions being improper, he found that a poll list in Ann Arbor contained names not in full. His own name was written A. J. Sawyer, and his honor's name was on the poll list as E. D. Kinne. They say that the election should not be called because the petition was not signed by names in full. Who is to settle the question whether 1900 voters have signed the petition? Does it belong to a court? No. It is a political question. Who is to settle it? Suppose all had been signed in full; then they would say that the names were forged. There must be common sense somewhere. The question is left to the county clerk to decide. It is judicial, and no court can interfere.

There is no real injury to enjoin. The vote may never be taken. If taken, the law may not be carried; if carried, it may not be enforced. It is a hypothetical injury which no court should step in to avert. It is a political question, and it is premature. If the law is unconstitutional, it will be set aside when the officers attempt to enforce it; if it be constitutional, then it cannot be complained of.

When an election is to be called and held, it is to be done according to statute. It is not a question for a court to decide how it shall be done or whether it shall be done at all or not. If anything illegal results from it, then the law can step in. This local option law provided all the machinery necessary for an election, and the question of whether the election shall be held or not belongs to the county clerk and not to the court. Mr. Sawyer read a

decision in a similar case in which the unconstitutionality of the law was admitted, yet the court refused to grant an injunction restraining the election, because a case had not been presented.

Granting that the law be carried and enforced, then found unconstitutional, there is no injury to any one in a legal sense. This question was fairly before the Georgia supreme court twice, and was so decided. None of the property can be taken under the law; the value of the property may be incidentally lessened by the passage of the law; but this cannot be guarded against in all legislation. Impairing the value of property by legislation cannot be said to be legal damage.

JUDGE KINNE DENIES IT.

The complainant in this case is a resident of this county, and under the laws of this State has been permitted to become invested with large property interests. Both he and his property are about to be subjected to the same recognition and the same protection, as if he were a filler of the soil or a merchant prince, and he is naturally and rightfully as sensitive to any encroachment or invasion of those rights as any other person, and no court, upon grounds of public opinion or agitation, should hesitate to do its duty to the full complement of his legal and equitable rights.

This is a proceeding upon the chancery side of the court, and the problem here presented is: Does the complainant by his bill and complaint make such a showing as entitles him to the relief asked?

The complainant alleges that he is the owner of a large and valuable brewery, that the defendant, who is the county clerk of Washtenaw county, is about to issue a call for an election by the electors of Washtenaw County, to be held in accordance with the provisions of Act 197, of the Session Laws of 1887, of the State of Michigan, to determine whether or not intoxicating liquors shall be manufactured or sold within the county of Washtenaw.

The complainant alleges that the petition filed with the county clerk, upon which it is supposed he is about to act, is insufficient for the reason that it is composed of separate and detached petitions, and because a large proportion of the signers to said petition have signed their given names in initials.

He further alleges, that if a majority of the electors of this county, at the impending election, should be induced to grant to the petitioners a vote of intoxicating liquors, it would result in his absolute financial ruin.

He therefore asks for an injunction of this court, restraining the county clerk from calling said election.

It has been said, and we think truly, that an injunction is not to be granted, except in a clear case of irreparable injury and with a full conviction on the part of the court of its urgent necessity. Whether the objection made to the petitions are tenable or not, become unimportant on this hearing, for the reason that the legislature has lodged with the county clerk the duty of calling an election, and that court cannot on this motion review his action.

The relief, therefore, asked for by the complainant involves not only the granting of an injunction, but a judicial determination that this act of the legislature is unconstitutional and void.

The legislature and judiciary are coordinate branches of the government, and a court cannot proceed with too much caution, when it is asked to nullify the laws of the state, nor in any way, should the courts be permitted to exercise a power which the legislature has reserved to itself, and which it may be deemed unwise, and even a public calamity. Yet these considerations would not authorize this court to declare the law unconstitutional.

If the position of the complainant, in respect to the unconstitutionality of this law, is correct and sound, and if the purpose of this bill, I can assume it so to be, men the apprehensions of the complainant are groundless, for the election could work him no irreparable injury.

If the act of the legislature is void, then no rights can be created under it, there can be no enforcement of its provisions, nor any punishment for its violation.

Again, courts of equity do not interfere where there is an adequate remedy at law. In the case at hand, the legal redress is complete, and a law may never become operative in the county of Washtenaw, if it should, yet, as complainant alleges, it is void and a nullity, the laws of this state are thereby completely nullified.

Again, the relief asked for in this case is of an unusual and extraordinary nature. It is alleged that the people of this county are about to exercise the inalienable right of freemen, the right of elective franchise, an indispensable element in American liberty, and the complainant asks that the people of the county, by the people, and for the people, be restrained and prohibited.

It seems to me that such a request must strike every reasonable mind as a remarkable and dangerous demand. The assumption of such a power by a court of chancery would be a most singular and pernicious prerogative. It is a direct assault upon the legislative and political power of the land.

It has been well said that if courts can dictate to the officers of the people that they shall not hold an election, or that they shall hold one, or that they shall hold one in a certain way, then the people and the officers are entirely subservient to the courts, and the consequences are too fearful to contemplate.

Such a principle would imperil every election, and furnish the most wholesale provision for obstructing the operations of our government. It would place the state at the very verge of political chaos and make it the mere pensioner of a judge's mandate. Such an idea cannot be tolerated.

The power to hold an election is political and not judicial, and a court of equity has no power to restrain an officer from the exercise of such power.

This court has no jurisdiction of the matters alleged in the bill of complaint.

It is not the province of the trial of such grievances. Such questions, if they arise, must be determined in a legal forum, and are foreign to the well defined jurisdiction of equity.

I may be allowed to remark that personally, I am, to say the least, conservative upon the questions involved and discussed on this hearing. I think the financial situation of the complainant appeals strongly to the sympathies of every rational and unprejudiced mind, but this injunction cannot be granted without violence to the consciences of the court, and the well settled principles of equity jurisprudence.

It is therefore my conclusion that the writ must be denied and the order to show cause discharged. E. D. KISNE, Circuit Judge.

Ann Arbor School of Music.

A writer in a Chicago paper, apropos of Miss Caruthers' appearance in concert in that city, has the following to say of the Ann Arbor school of music and of Prof. C. B. Cady: "I was interested in this matter for several reasons. In the first place, the teacher of Miss Caruthers is an old friend of mine, and of many others in this city. Prof. Calvin B. Cady is the same individual that we used to see around Root & Cady's store, before the fire, a blonde young man with eye-glasses and curly hair. He was a piano-tuner. He acquired funds in this manner to go to Oberlin to study, and afterwards went to Leipsic, where he made a creditable record. After coming back from Europe he taught at Oberlin for some years, and about ten years ago went to Ann Arbor, where, instead of founding a conservatory all for himself alone, he founded the Ann Arbor school of music, in the hands of trustees—he himself having only a teacher's interest in it. He is instructor in music to the University, but not yet a full professor. Things of this kind go slowly. I have known for a long time that Cady is one of the most profound musical thinkers in this country, and one of the few piano teachers who are veritable educators."

The advertising agency of Mr. S. R. Niles, Boston, has been in existence under one style longer than any other house in this line in America. Mr. Niles having personally conducted it for over twenty-five years. His excellent judgment and business methods have proved of the highest value to his clients; and his engagements have always been promptly met in full. Such an honorable record deserves remark, and we take pleasure in testifying to the cordial relations existing between this agency and the newspaper publishers of America.

LITEKART NOTES.

Ca'sell & Company have in readiness a small volume on "Color," by A. H. Church, which is intended as an elementary manual for students. Art students will find many valuable hints between these covers.

A new "character" poem by James Whitcomb Riley, "At -The Literary," with illustrations by Kemble, will appear in the forthcoming "midwinter" (February) Century.

Messrs. Cassell & Company have on several occasions had the pleasure of introducing new authors to the public, and as they have never done so without success, the public may congratulate itself every time this ceremony is gone through with. The last of these new authors is Elery Sinclair, who e novel "Victor," is ready for publication. Elery Sinclair is said to be a *nom de plume* but whether of a man or woman it is left the reader to discover. The delicacy of acme pas-snee) would indicate the woman's touch, while the boldness of others would indicate a masculine stroke. Whoever wrote the story, be it man or woman, shows a gift for the art of fiction that the public will doubtless encourage.

Woman's World, published by OaRell & Co., New York, and edited by Oscar Wilde, is certainly an elegant piece of work. The February number contains a fine article on the author of John Halifax, Gentleman.

Real Estate Transfers.

Following is a list of the real estate transfers in Washtenaw county, as recorded by the register of deeds, for week ending January 23, 1888

- H. N. Johnson to H. O. Smith, Dexter village 400
- Luther Boyden (by will) to E. L. Boyden, et al. 400
- Geo. Fritz to Catherine Fritz, Ann Arbor 1
- William Kern and wife to Ernst G. Haarer, Manchester 750
- Geo. A. Ingraham to Richard Green, Manchester 750
- R. J. Stuck to Chas. B. Stuck, Ypsilanti 1
- F. Breitenwischer to S. Zimmerman, Manchester 600
- Minerva J. Smith to Alia B. Wilkinson, Ypsilanti city 1
- Benj. Curtis (by heirs) to Julia A. Curtis, Augusta 400
- James Boyle and wife to Hovls Atchinson, Salem 400
- Hovls Atchinson to Fred. Foreman, Salem 400
- Matilda Lindsey to W. C. Foster, Scio 400

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY, SP.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 86.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. (gS^r Sold by Druggists, 75 cents.

More than 10,000,000 eggs are carried into New York each week. One might be tempted to think this an ova supply.—Transcript.

Jack and Jill each took a pill, Old-fashioned kind—full grown; Jack's went down—but with a frown— Jill died from "cause unknown."

Smiles will supersede many frowns, and many discomforts will be unknown, when Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets entirely supersede, as they bid fair to do, the large and less efficient pill of our forefathers. Every day they gain new laurels! Most popular when most ill! abundant!

There is no need of calling in Comstock to take care of the fellows that carry a naked light to look after a gas leak.—Bulletin.

Symptoms of Catarrh.

DJII, heavy headache, obstructions of the nasal passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; the eyes are weak, watery, and inflamed; there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scabs from ulcers; the voice is changed and has a nasal twang; the breath is offensive; smell and taste are impaired; there is a sensation of dizziness, with mental depression, a hacking cough and general debility. If you have all, or any considerable number of these symptoms, you are suffering from Nasal Catarrh. The more complicated your disease has become, the greater the number and diversity of symptoms. Thousands of cases annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, result in consumption, and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive and dangerous, or less understood, or more unsuccessfully treated, by physicians. Five hundred dollars reward is offered by the manufacturers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, for a case of Catarrh which they cannot cure. Remedy sold by druggists, at only 50 cents.

It Pays.

The Rev. Dr. Howard, rector of St. George's Church, pouthward England, was always in arrears with his tradesmen, and was often perplexed how to keep them in good temper. He one day took for his text, "Have patience, and I will pay you all." After dilating for some time on the virtues of patience, he said:—"And now I am come to the second part of my discourse, which is, 'and I will pay you all' but that will defer to a future opportunity." Pomeroy's Petrolene Porous Wasters" pay at once, for they at once alleviate the pain of Rheumatism, and after a short time effect a cure. All druggists keep them or will get them, but don't pay more than 25 cents for them. For Sale by H. J. Brown, District Agent for Ann Arbor.

The first day's sales for the engagement of Booth and Barrett in Baltimore amounted to \$8,000.

THE REV. GEO. II. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Sold by Eberbach & Son.

An Excellent Map.

Among the latest exhibition* of what it is possible to accomplish by the engraver's art is a large pocket map just issued by the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railroad, showing the northwestern country between Chicago and the Pacific Ocean in detail. A copy will be mailed free to any address upon application to C. H. Warren, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn. Ask for map H.

There are no real estate agents in Alaska. That's why nobody pretends it has the mod delightful climate in the world.—Globe.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Canker Month. Sold by Eberbach & Son.

Krv. - F. Brooks says that his little girl is troubled with malaria very severely, and that since he gave her Sulphur Bitters, he never thicks of leaving New York for his summer resort without a few bottles, for they always cure his family, and far superior to quinine.

The holiday iraitie may not have affected the surplus in the Capitol, but it did in every other piece.—Inter Ocean.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is the only sure cure for Bind, Bittmeig or itching Pile* ever Discovered. I never fail to cure old chronic cases of long standing. WillUm- MfgC^r. (lev land. O

For weights that are dark, commend us to the coal scales—Comraercial.

Salvation Oil is what you want. I kills pain and cures the worst cases of rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat, hoarseness, and headache. Price 25 cts.

Why is it that the rising generation rises lat. ?—News.

Acker's Blood Elixir is the only Blood Purifier guaranteed. It is a positive cure for Ulcers, Eruptions or Syphilitic Poisoning. It purifies the whole system, and banishes all Rheumatic and Neuralgic pains. We guarantee it. JOHN MOORE, Druggist.

The Kentucky Senator has been Beckoned back to his old seat, so to speak.

Dated this 4th day of January, A. D. 1888. SIDNEY BECKWITH, Assignee. 180W



A New Remedy with Wonderful Healing Powers. For both internal and external use. POSITIVE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA. Also Colic, Group, Headache, Lame Back, Wounds, and all distressing ailments of the human body. RAILROAD PAIN CURE is the Best on Earth for Bronchitis, COUGH CURE, Coughs, Throat and Lung Troubles. A POSITIVE CONSUMPTION CURE is its Earlier Stages. These Medicines are Warranted by our Druggist. Price 25c, 50c, and \$1 per bottle. For \$1 we will send largest size of either Cure, prepaid. Address: Rail-Road Remedy Co., Box 372, Lincoln, Neb. Trade supplied by Farrand, Williams & Co., Detroit.

BURPEE'S FARM ANNUAL FOR 1888

Will be sent FREE to all who write for it. It is a Handsome Book of 100 pages, containing the BEST GARDEN, FARM, and FLOWER SEEDS, and all the latest information on Horticulture, Poultry, and other matters of interest to the farmer and gardener. It is a valuable addition to the library of every farmer and gardener. Send address on a postal for the most complete Catalogue published, to W. ATLEE BURPEE & CO., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

ANN ARBOR ENGINE AND BOILER WORKS

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

Stationary and Portable Engines, Marine, Stationary and Portable Boilers, Oil and Water Tanks, Smoke Stacks, And all kinds of Sheet Iron Work, Saw Mill and Flour Mill Machinery, Iron and Brass Castings.

—Repairing Carefully Attended to—

R. REEVES & CO., Ann Arbor.

ISTITUATIS GIVES.

Chattel Mortgage Sale

nHaving purchased the Furniture Stock of John Muehlig at a great bargain, I propose to give the Citizens of Ann Arbor and surrounding Country a benefit.

—I have also added a—

FULL LINE OF NEW DESIGNS

Parlor Furniture

Bed-Room Furniture

For low priced Furniture you will find my store the beet place in the City.

W. G. DIETERLE,

JOHN MUEHLIG'S Old Stand, 37 South Main-St.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Eberbach & Son.

Of all the vice in the world respectable vice is the worst. And how black it does look when it's found out.—Graphic.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the 18th day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight.

Present, WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Alfred S. Waterman deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Lydin L. Waterman, praying that Administration of said estate may be granted to John B. Waterman or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the 20th day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and any other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; And it is further ordered, that said petition, together with the petition for said estate, and the hearing thereof, by causing copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor REGISTER, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate. WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of a certain mortgage made by Dwight Riggs and Mary A. his wife, to Henry Pratt, dated the second day of January, A. D. eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, to secure the payment of five hundred dollars, which mortgage is recorded in the register's office of the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, in Liber 38 of mortgages, page 275, and which was duly assigned by said Henry Pratt to Cyrus Beckwith by deed recorded in Liber 9 of Mortgage assignments, page 412, and by Cyrus Beckwith to Amarilla H. Beckwith, by deed recorded in said Liber 9, page 414, and whereas, there is now claimed to be due upon said mortgage the sum of five hundred and ninety-seven and 25/100 dollars at the date of this notice and no proceedings at law or in chancery having been taken to recover the principal sum and interest or any part thereof, now therefore notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the premises described in said mortgage to-wit: The north-east quarter of the north-west quarter of section thirty-two, township two south of range three east, situate in said county of Washtenaw, will be sold at public auction at the south door of the court house in the city of Ann Arbor in said county, that being the place for holding the circuit court of the county, on Saturday, the 7th day of April next, A. D. 1888, in the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to make the amount then due on said mortgage and the costs of these proceedings and the sum of twenty-five dollars attorney's fee as provided therein.

Dated this 4th day of January, A. D. 1888. SIDNEY BECKWITH, Assignee. 180W

Ann Arbor Small Fruit Nursery! All kinds of Berry Plants; Fine Plants of the Sharpless; The best Strawberry; Fruit and Ornamental trees from Ellwanger & Barry, Rochester, N. Y. Orders must be sent early.

WINES AND SYRUPS.

Sweet Home-made Wine for Invalids, and the Enchirist, Sour Wine, Raspberry Syrup, Shrub, Pear Syrup. Plymouth Rock Eggs. E. BADR, West Huron St., Ann Arbor

BUSINESS CARDS.

ALEX W. HAMILTON Attorney at Law. Will practice in both State and United States Courts.

VOICE CULTURE, SINGING, HARMONY & PIANO. Harmony successfully taught by mail.

M. TYLER, M. D., PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Office and residence over postoffice, first floor.

DE ARNDT. (Office over First National Bank.)

HOURS: 10:30 to 12 it and 2:30 to 3:30 p. M/ Can be reached at residence, West Huron-st., a the "Prof. Nichol place"; by telephone No. 97 and will reply to calls in the evening.

KELLY'S PEERLESS TRUSS. Is given on trial and warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

Office, No. 6 Tashington-st., Over Kinsey & Seabott's Store, Ann Arbor.

DENTAL OFFICE OVER ANDREW'S BOOK STORE, 13 MAIN STREET, ANN ARBOR.

NICHOLS BROS., DENTAL OFFICE second floor Masonic Block, over Savings Bank, Ann Arbor, Mich.

ZINA F. KING, Law and Collection Office.

D. S. COMMISSIONER, and Agent for pladn Insurance in reliable companies.

RTJFTTJRK EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS. Spiral Spring with graded pressure 1 to 6 pounds.

WM. BIGGS, Contractor & Builder. And all kinds of work in connection with the above promptly executed.

WILLIAM ARNOLD, SELLS 1847 RIGERS BROS.' SPOONS, FORKS AND KNIVE.

ROCKFORD WALTHAM and ELGIN WATCHES. Open face, Key and Stem-winding always on hand and regulated, ready for a man's pocket.

STEKETEE'S NEURALGIC DROPS. SURE CURE FOR NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, HEADACHE, BACKACHE, HEART CORRECTOR, OR PAINS.

Valuable Testimonials. A REMARKABLE CASE.—Doctors gave her up as incurable and her jaw bone must be removed.

Corner of Clancy and Cedar Streets, Grand Rapids, Mich., Dec. 5, 1883.

ASK your druggist for Stekete's Neuralgia Drops. If they have not it for sale, then take nothing else, but send direct to G. G. Stekete, Grand Rapids, Mich., who will send three bottles on receipt of \$1.50; express paid.

GEO. G. STEKETE, Grand Rapids, - Mich.

PATENTS FRANKLIN H. HOUGH, Solicitor of American & Foreign Patents, 935 F St., near I. S. Patent Office, WASHINGTON, D. C.

All business before the United States Patent Office attended to for moderate fees. Patents procured in the United States and all Foreign Countries. Trade Marks and Labels registered.

Send Sketch or Model for free opinion as to patentability. Copies of Patents furnished for 25 cents each.

CONGRESS AT WORK. A Daily Record of the Proceedings at the National Capitol.

CONGRESS AT WORK.

Important Measures Introduced in Senate and House—Speaker Carlisle Gives His Seat—Other News of Interest.

THE SENATE. WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Bills were passed in the Senate yesterday to refund the direct war tax of 1861, and to reduce the charge for passports from five dollars to one dollar.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—In the Senate yesterday Senator Hoar (Mass.) introduced a bill to grant a pension of one cent for each day's service to all survivors of the rebellion, such pension to be in addition to any pension granted for disability.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—In the Senate yesterday Senator Frye (Me.) spoke in opposition to the President's tariff policy.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The Senate yesterday passed a bill to amend the Pension laws so that they shall not prohibit the payment of pension money to any persons who served in the late rebellion against the United States.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—After a long and important discussion in the Senate yesterday, the resolution to refer the President's message on the Pacific railroads to a special committee of seven Senators (changed from five) was agreed to—yeas, 54; nays, 15.

Among the bills introduced yesterday were the following: By Senator Carl (Fla.) to prohibit subjects of foreign Governments from catching fish within three marine leagues of the coast or within any of the bays or headlands of the United States.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—In the House yesterday the bill appropriating \$585,000 to carry out the provisions of the agricultural experiment stations act of 1857 was passed.

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tender quality of the half-dollar, and for the issue of stiver certificates on the same; to punish the dealing in futures in agricultural products, and to provide that school catalogues and reports of benevolent societies shall pass through the mails at one cent per pound.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—In the House yesterday a bill was introduced authorizing the President to discontinue any customs district where the revenues are not equal to the expense? Bills were passed authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi river at Lexington, Mo., and conferring civil jurisdiction in the Indian Territory on United States courts having criminal jurisdiction.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Ex-Secretary Lamar was yesterday sworn in as Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The House Elections Committee was yesterday discharged from further consideration of the case of A. E. Redstone, claiming to have been elected from the fifth California district.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The Senate Thursday confirmed the nominations of Colonel Merritt to be Brigadier-General; D. L. Prindle to be Consul-General at Guatemala; E. Temple, Governor of Washington Territory; W. C. Hall, Secretary of Utah Territory; S. D. Shannon, Secretary of Wyoming; James Sheakley, Commissioner for Alaska, and these Consuls:

W. O. Patten, at Bahia, Brazil; J. George, at Charlotetown, P. E. I.; J. Hill, Montevideo, Uruguay; A. F. Dickson, Gaspe Basin, Que.; G. C. Tanner, Pictou, N. S.; E. C. Weiler, Sonneberg, Germany; R. W. Dunlap, Stratford, Ont.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The Committee on Appropriations made ready yesterday morning the regular annual Pension bill for report to the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The Senate Committee on Mines and Mining yesterday morning perfected an amendment, to the Alien Land law, exempting mining property from its operation—that is, allowing foreigners to purchase and own mines in this country.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—At yesterday's meeting of the House Committee on Ways and Means, a motion to take up Mr. McKinley's bill for the repeal of the tax on tobacco was defeated by a strict party vote, 5 to 4.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The new law passed by Congress relating to permissible writing and printing on second, third and fourth-class mail matter went into effect yesterday.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Mr. James G. Brooks, chief of the Secret-Service division of the Treasury Department, tendered his resignation when the present Administration came into power, and it was accepted Friday, to take effect February 1.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The President has sent the following nominations to the Senate: John W. Ross to be postmaster in this city; John Blair Hoge to be Attorney of the United States for the District of Columbia; Marshall McDonald to be Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—A sub-committee of the Senate Judiciary Committee reported favorably on the bill to return the direct taxes to the States, and the full committee will report it favorably at the next meeting.

LABOR STRIKES DURING 1887. Some interesting statistics made public by "Radstreet."

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Bradstreet's Journal has the following summary of strikes and lockouts of importance taking place during 1887, as compared with 1886: The totals are believed to include at least nine-tenths of the total number of industrial and transportation company employes who have struck within two years past.

There are reported 884 strikes, involving 340,000 strikers for 1887, as compared with 350 strikes (of note) and 450,000 strikers in 1886. The outbreaks have increased two and one-half times, but the number engaged in 1887 was but three-quarters of the total engaged in 1886.

There were twenty lockouts of 46,000 employes last year, and ten lockouts the year before, effecting directly 80,000 people. Seven-eighths of the locked-out employes were beaten last year and three-fourths of them the year before.

Two-thirds of the strikes were for higher or against lower wages, or for shorter hours at unchanged wages, and one-fourth of them concerned trades union demands not relating to wages or hours directly.

Of the total striking last year, 340,000, about 40 per cent succeeded, as compared with 20 per cent succeeding in 1886. These figures point to there having been at least 1,300 industrial strikes in the United States within two years by some 850,000 employes, of whom about 30 per cent gained their points wholly, or in part. Out of 340,000 strikers, Pennsylvania reported 111,317, or nearly 33 per cent, and New York 62,650, or 18 per cent, or these two States together one-half of the total.

Chief Big Bear Dead. WxNinna, Man., Jan. 23.—A Battleford dispatch says: "Word has just been received of the death of Big Bear on Monday last. See his release from the Stony Mountain penitentiary he has made his home on Poundmaker's reservation. He has been ailing for some time. He will be remembered as the chief who led the Frog Lake massacre."

Sam Toner Collects \$3,500. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 23.—Sam Jones, the revivalist, spoke "to men only" Sunday afternoon. The attendance was 6,000, and the collection for Jones' benefit amounted to \$3,500. He spoke at night to an audience of 7,000.

The Lottery Swindle. PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 23.—William Murdoch, an old resident of this city, was victimized by a bunco man out of \$10,000. He was met by a man who had just drawn \$20,000 in a lottery and got a certificate cashed.

Victory for the Hell Telephone. CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 21.—The First District court of the republic has rendered a decision affirming the validity of the Bell telephone and Blake transmitter patents under the laws of Mexico.

Two Americans Killed by Apaches. NOGALES, A. T., Jan. 21.—A report has been received here that two American prospectors were killed and two wounded a few days since on the Yajuri river, Mexico, by a band of eight Apaches.

Firm on the Gallows. CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 21.—James E. Nowlin, aged 18, who a year ago murdered George A. C. Cutney, the "Crazy" man, the body, was hanged Friday morning in the jail here, meeting his doom with firmness.

Ten Persons Buried to Death. TO WEB, Minn., Jan. 23.—The boarding-house of Nelson Barnaby, at this place, was burned Friday night, and ten persons perished in the flames.

OF CANADA.

The Disastrous Attempt to Accomplish It by Force—A Famous Retreat.

The present agitation concerning the relations between Canada and the United States recalls the time when the annexation of that country was proposed to be brought about by force of arms.

The project was entrusted to the brave General Montgomery, assisted by the famous patriots, Colonels Ethan Allen and Seth Warner. While engaged in this invasion Ethan Allen was taken prisoner by the British and sent to England, where he experienced very harsh treatment.

It was Colonel Warner who twice conducted his men safely home, though the march was constantly surrounded by dangers. Once Montgomery sent them home because their time was out, and though they were willing to continue in service, they were without sufficient clothing, and none could be had in that country.

Colonel Warner had hardly arrived home before he heard that Montgomery had been killed, and the cause, as well as the lives of the men, were put in great jeopardy. He collected his men again and at once started for Canada to assist his countrymen in their extremity. But his efforts were of no avail, and it was soon found necessary to take up the line of retreat.

It was the dead of winter, and only necessity sanctioned moving the troops. The terror of pursuit and the rigor of the season furnished sufficient cause for alarm and haste. Colonel Warner remained with the rear of the army, and aided them in many ways most factually, as he was a man well posted in caring for the sick and this knowledge now came into excellent use.

He must keep the army in motion, not a day must be lost, and yet he without any chest of medicines. But he understood the medicinal use of roots and herbs, and of proper care at critical times, and with these allies, he made an effectual fight against disease among his men.

When Ticonderoga was reached and the roll called, thanks to Seth Warner but few vacancies in the ranks appeared.

Col. Warner saved the lives of hundreds of men in this way, and he did a noble work, but it remained for his namesake, H. H. Warner, head of Warner's Safe Cure establishment, to give the same kind of remedies then used to the people of to-day, in "Warner's Log Cabin Remedies." These remedies have been adopted after thorough trial and investigation, and they are remedies of established reputation. Being wholly vegetable, they can be used without any fear as to the results.

Among the new remedies is a Sarsaparilla for the blood, Hops and Bchu for the stomach and digestion, Cough and Consumption Remedy, Scalpina for the head and hair, Rose Cream for that terrible disease, catarrh, a Log Cabin Liver Pill, a Log Cabin Plaster and an Extract for internal and external use. Our readers may rest assured that there is merit in every article.

A girl who weighs 120 pounds and has \$30,000 in her own right, no matter how homely, unattractive or cross-tempered she may be, is worth her weight in gold.—Courier.

Rhyme and Reason. If you can not keep quiet, because your cough makes a riot, there's something, pray try it, a quarter will buy it; be quick now about it; your cough, this will rout it; I beg you not doubt it; 0 yes, you guess! Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Ex-President Grevy is feeling the present influence of that little prefix "ex." Fourteen persons called on him on the first day of the new year.

"HACKMETACK," a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by Eberbach & Son.

New York City is to hang the next murderer. He has requested that the noose be padded, so that it won't hurt his neck.

Those who believe that nature will work off a cough or cold should understand that this is done at the expense of the constitution. Each time this weakens the system, and we all know that the termination of this dangerous practice is a consumptive's grave. Don't take the chances, when a fifty cent bottle of Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure will safely and promptly cure any recent cough, cold or throat or lung trouble. Buy the dollar bottle of Eberbach & Son, for chronic cases or family use.

Charles Dickens speaks highly in praise of American hotels when compared to those of England. England must have some mighty poor taverns.

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Woman's Modesty.

Many women are prevented by feelings of delicacy from consulting a physician in those disorders arising from functional derangement of her peculiarly delicate organism, and the most serious results are often caused by this neglect.

To such persons Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is an especial boon, as it offers a sure and safe cure for all those distressing disorders to which women are peculiarly subject, while it saves a mode-t girl or woman from the embarrassment of a personal consultation with a physician.

"Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine for woman's peculiar weaknesses and ailments, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. See guarantee on bottle wrapper.

Senator Hearst has been bashful ever since he made that famous tology in the Senate on his dead colleague Miller, to which he mixed death, the moon, picturesque scenery and a moral all up together. However if he can't talk he can count his silence as very golden, with \$4,000,000 on the right side of his ledger.

There never was in the history of this country a mediocrity BO highly endorsed by its home people as is Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup and Plasters.

Senator Stanford is a poor talker, though lie once or twice a fusion reads from a roll of manuscript a set speech on some Pacific Coast question.

Children. offer nee l some sale cathartic and tonic to avert approaching sickness or to relieve colic, headache, sick stomach, indigestion, dysentery and the complaints incident to childhood. Let the children take Simmons' Liver Regulator and keep well. It is purely vegetable, not unpleasant to the taste and safe to take alone or in connection with other medicine.

Senator Malmersm, of Nebraska, mokes but few sue-ches. He made a feeling opinion on Lr-Kr-ty, and 8i-nietime* talks on military affairs.

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EBERBACH & SON,

DRUGGISTS

And Pharmacists,

No. 12 South Main Street,

Keep on hand a large and well selected

THE REGISTER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY KITTREDGE & HOLMES, ANN ARBOR, MICH.

COUNTY NEWS.

TERMS: One Dollar per year in Advance; \$1.00 if not paid until after six months.

A Special Circulation year additional, to Subscribers outside of Washtenaw County.

THURSDAY JANUARY 20, 1888.

THBWay in which congressmen are over-burdened with work was brought out in the debate on the proposition to allow each member a clerk. From 1790 to 1800, each congressman on the average represented 33,000 constituents; now, 150,000. Each one is expected now to attend to the individual wants of his constituents just as closely as ever. It has become impossible for a congressman to attend to important national legislation, and at the same time answer all letters that he receives from his constituents.

A SPECIAL dispatch from Washington, to the Detroit Evening Journal, says: "Capt. Allen, the second district representative, is inclined to question the good taste and wisdom of congressmen who introduce a great mass of bills. Allen has introduced but a few bills, and these all relate to matters of interest to his district. He thinks members should devote themselves more to defeating the numerous bad bills than to introducing new ones which are never considered. A glance at the calendars of past congresses will show that Allen's head is wry level on this subject."

WOMEN'S EXPERIMENTS.

The work of investigation, carried on by a few men, into the origin of cholera, consumption, typhoid fever, and scarlet fever, has recently given another astonishing fact to the world. Dr. Klein and W. H. Power, of the medical department of England, local government board, some time ago showed that they could cause scarlet fever in a human being by feeding milk from a certain diseased cow. Although the diseased cow apparently had not scarlet fever, yet its milk contained the scarlet fever germ and would produce scarlet fever in the human being.

Not satisfied with this, these men secured a little blood from some scarlet fever patients in a hospital, found that the blood contained the scarlet fever germ, and then inoculated two calves with some cultures from the blood. The calves were killed in 10 and 20 days, and their blood contained the scarlet fever germ.

Two calves were then fed with milk which had been mixed with some of the cultures from the blood of the scarlet fever patients, and it produced in them a disease closely resembling the disease in the cow which had been proved to be the cause of a scarlet fever outbreak.

Thus, so far as is known, this germ called micrococcus scarlatinae, will produce scarlet fever in mankind and a disease in cows apparently much different.

WANTS PEOPLE TO COM.

Boy View of a Cold Country.—Former Ann Arbor Boy lifers Eskotn.

To the Editor of THE REGISTER:

SIR:—I have received many letters from Washtenaw county, inquiring about Dakota. My father, J. P. Allen, and myself, came here from Ann Arbor in the spring of 1883. Our business was mackinac and while there. We came here to get land, and try farming, and are well settled. We have 480 acres of good land with 220 acres under cultivation. Crops have been good every season so far. We settled in Sargent county. Our nearest railroad town was Columbia, 40 miles from here. That was a long way to go to market with oxen. This was a very wild country at that time. There were but few settlers and much scattered. The deer and antelope had full sway, but there has been a miraculous change, considering the short time. Now the country about here is quite well settled. We can now market our grain on four different railroads, and not go over ten miles. Our nearest market is two miles. There is some government land here yet, and an immense quantity of land that can be bought for four or five dollars per acre, and the improvements included. When this country first settled up, there were a great many young single men took up land, made the necessary improvements, lived on it six months, borrowed money from eastern loan companies to prove up with, and then got home sick, went back east, and let the loan companies have their land. The loan companies don't want the land. All they want is their interest, and are offering all this land for sale. All they ask is for a man to take the land and assume what there is against it. They sell it on three to five years' time at ten per cent. interest. You can get the very best of land on those terms within three miles of market. Any one coming here ought to come early. The latter part of March would be the best time, and then they would be in shape to put in a crop this spring. This part of Dakota is well supplied with water. We find an abundance of water of an excellent quality at a depth of 16 feet. We have good schools. There are eleven school-houses now within a radius of six miles of our place. We have several months' school in a year. This is a good country to raise stock in. I have neighbors who came from Iowa and brought a few car loads of cattle with them. They have gone into the stock business extensively. They claim their stock does much better here than in Iowa. Any one coming here now has a better chance than we had, for we have markets here now, and you can go to farming and make money, while we had to rough it two or three years waiting for market. To close with I would say that this is the best country under the sun for a man of small means to secure a home. Yours truly, FEED T. ALLEN, Sargent, Dakota, Jan. 12, 1888.

T. P. and W. Coming.

That means the, beat minstrel organization in the world, is headed with banners unfurled and victory all over it. T. P. and W. marked out a road of fame and fortune, with burnt cork, and on burnt cork the are floating with a full tide of success. The new first part is creating quite a furor, and theatres are packed nightly.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Lehr, of Manchester, Jan. 16. The firm of Holcomb & Culver of Mooreville has been changed to Culver & Son.

The ladies of the Pittsfield Union mission society will give a social at J. W. Canfield's, tomorrow evening. The Lima Fruitgrowing association have for officers: H. Baldwin, president; G. H. Mitchell, secretary; J. Storms, treasurer.

Charles, a two-year-old son of Thomas Werner, of Manchester, died Jan 10. A son of C. J. Robison, of Manchester, died Jan. 17, aged two months.

Prof. A. J. Cook, of the Agricultural college, will lecture in the Webster Congregational church, tonight, on "The insect enemy of the farmer."

The Pittsfield gate-house has taken to meandering again. We hope this time it will reach its final destination on the premises of John Tate.—Observer.

Rev. Rowland Conner, of East Saginaw, past grand commander of the Macabees for Michigan, will lecture in the Milan rink, Monday evening, Jan. 30, 1888, on "How to get rich and how to stay poor."

The Nilsson club, of Webster, now has officers as follows: President, Will Parsons; vice president, Mrs. A. I. Osaver; secretary and treasurer, Miss Georgia Lomas; director, E. N. Ball; pianist, Miss Elsie Cranson.

Mr. and Mrs. James Welch, of Northfield township, had a silver wedding celebration, Jan. 20. It was also the birthday of their two youngest sons. Among the many guests were Mr. and Mrs. O'Conner and Mrs. Howe, of Chelsea.

Mr. Frank Hill, Sr., having read the item in the last Leader about H. C. Raymond's plum pudding from England, brought in a piece of fruit cake which he brought from England when he left for America; the cake was made about thirty-six weeks ago.—Milan Leader.

Alex. Smith, chairman of the York township local option committee, tells in the Milan Leader that over the ground worked by himself he found 95 per cent, of the voters in favor of closing the saloons forever. Outside Milan village he obtained the signatures of 98 per cent of those he applied to; in the village, 97 per cent.; of business men, 50 per cent.

Illness.—M n t.

The reading club which met at James Blochram's was a success. The next meeting will be at Frank Palmer's.—M. McDougal, or Squire McDougal, as he is commonly called, who was nearly suffocated by gas at Ypsilanti, a few months ago, and who has been in a critical condition till late, is improving.

Mineral Water in Souli Ljon.

The opening weeks of 1888 have brought hope to the South Lyon Picket that South Lyon is to have a boom. Mineral water has been discovered, which Prof. Prescott, of Ann Arbor, declares contains the chlorides of sodium, magnesium, potassium, and calcium, the sulphate of calcium, etc. It is expected that within four months an elegant sanitarium will be constructed in South Lyon. A saw-mill, barrel factory, and church-seat factory, are also among the immediate possibilities for South Lyon, according to the enthusiastic Picket.

Manchester.

M. D. Case has returned from California where he owns six acres near Los Angeles, for which he has been offered \$12,000. Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Baldwin are expected from the same place on the next train.—Mr. and Mrs. Berger have gone to Toledo to attend the funeral of Mrs. Berger's father.—James Waters has returned from Florida. He liked the country, but prefers old Michigan.—A. S. Doty, a former resident of Manchester, and brother of Postmaster Doty, of this place, is just alive at his home in Tecumseh. He is the uncle to Probate Register Doty, of Ann Arbor, and is very much respected.

Dexter.

Mr. Hayes died suddenly, Sunday, in Detroit, of apoplexy. Mr. H. was formerly in the mercantile business in Dexter and Ann Arbor.—Evander Cooper, an old resident of Dexter village, died on Monday, at the residence of his daughter, near Eaton Rapids, aged 78. David Waite is seriously ill with pneumonia, and dropsy of his left knee.—It is reported in the village that a child of J. Has, Minnis, of Lima, is sick with scarlet fever. Dr. Howell, of Ann Arbor, was up to see it on Tuesday.—The funeral of Mr. Cooper occurred Wednesday morning, and of Mr. Hayes Wednesday afternoon.—The union revival services are continuing. This week they are being held in the Congregational church. Quite an interest is manifested, and many rise for "prayer" each evening. Revs. Adams, Burns, and Claffin work together as one man for the good of the community, and the members of the churches are doing their part.

Ypsilanti.

The first annual exhibition of the Eastern Michigan poultry breeders' association will be held in this city, Feb. 6 to 11, inclusive. This meeting bids fair to be of great interest to every one interested in the poultry breeding.—Last evening H. B. Scoville, ex-mayor of this city, was married to Miss Nina B. Mavis, of Detroit. A number of friends from here attended the wedding festivity.—Frank Beard, the celebrated artist, gives a "chalk-talk" at the opera house tonight.—Rev. McLean, rector of the Episcopal church, has accepted a call to a church in Bay City.—C. R. Whitman and wife, of Ann Arbor, made their Ypsilanti friends a call Tuesday.—Miss Stewart still retains her position as postmaster, Mr. Cremer not having as yet received his commission.—The Normal grounds present quite an imposing appearance since the additions of the new buildings.—Mrs. A. D. Morford had a stroke of paralysis Monday morning. Her condition is at present very serious.—Mrs. E. C. Bowling is visiting friends in Chicago.—Mrs. E. B. Newhall is spending a few days with friends in Hillsdale.—Frank Earl and family will soon depart for a home in the northern part of the state, where he will engage in the lumber and milling business.—The Savings Bank building, which was promised for occupancy for the first of February, is in sort of an airy condition for use at present, being without roof or inside finishing of any kind.—Miss Annie Mills, of Detroit, is the guest of Mrs. Wm. Riekov.

The best 50 cent Tea in the county at W. B. Warner's.

Our Annual Clearing Sale Begins January 18th.

TIE TWO SAM'S 1-4 OFF SALE

ALL OVERCOATS, EVERY SUIT IN THE HOUSE, 1-4 OFF. ALL OUR PINE TAILOR-MADE SUITS, 1-4 OFF. ALL OUR POUR-BUTTON CUTAWAYS, 1-4 OFF. ALL OUR PRINCE ALBERT SUITS, 1-4 OFF. ALL OUR SACK SUITS, 1-4 OFF.

All Suits no Matter what they Are or what they Cost, from \$5 to 25, 1-4 OFF. ALL CHILDREN'S SUITS BOUGHT OF US DURING THIS SALE, WE SHALL GIVE 1-3 OFF. A LARGE LOT OF MEN'S PANTS, AT 75 CTS.

Come and See Them! Come and See Them! Come and See Them! HATS!

Derby XXats! Any Hat costing \$3.50, \$3, \$2.75 and \$2.50, at \$1.98. Everyone of these Hats are this Season's Style; But go, they All Derby Hats! Soft Hats, 1-3 Off.

This Sale Lasts Until February 10th, 22 Days Only! AT THE TWO SAM'S.

All Pantaloon 14 Off. All Overcoats costing \$25, \$24, \$22 and \$20 for \$15.00.

This remarkable Sale in our fine OVERCOATS will continue till all are sold, at The Two Sams, the popular Clothiers. Let Every Farmer, Every Mechanic, all Citizens and Students turn out. For 22 days only.

THE TWO SKIVES, AZLE ARBOR.

Oregon Putted.

Wesley Westfall, who recently BOM his firm in Lima, and has settled near Illinois, Oregon, wrote, Dec. 31, to B. J. Conrad, of this city as follows: "As to Oregon, we have rain here in the winter; it is raining now. We have so far had three frosts; one night it froze to the depth of an inch, but the next day it was all out of the ground before night. We have to feed stock but very little here in the winter. I am confident a man can make a living here easier than in Michigan. I am well pleased with the country so far. As to fruit, it is raised in abundance, and of the finest quality. Apples, never better were raised. Then we have plump, prunes, cherries, peaches, currants, strawberries as big as hens' eggs, and kinds of trust. Potatoes that weigh eight pounds, and ro bugs to fight. Land is worth from ten to thirty dollars per acre, and is as good as ever laid out of doors. It will produce 35 bushels of wheat per acre. Oats and barley do well. Dallas has a population of 1,000, and is the county seat of Polk county. Salem, the state capital, is 16 miles, and Portland, the chief city of Oregon, is 63 miles distant. Sometimes we have a little snow, but it stays only a day or two. One can see snow, however, the year round, as Mt. Hood is in sight."

Thatcher, Primrose & West's Min-

The following is what the Milwaukee Sentinel of July 31st says of Thatcher, Primrose & West's minstrels who appear at the grand opera house, Feb. 1st:

Thatcher, Primrose & West's minstrels opened their season at the Now Academy, last night, to an audience that filled every part of the house, and this in the face of excessively hot weather. The novel feature of the show is the costuming of the performers and the stage setting in the first part. There are several very pretty drops which are raised one by one, until the first row of performers is disclosed, appropriate airs being sung meanwhile by an invisible chorus. The orchestra is located on the stage back of the performers, each musician being hidden by a huge fan handsomely painted to represent the lovely plumage of the peacock. At a given signal the fans part and drop from sight and the entire company, with the exception of Messrs. Thatcher, Primrose & West, who come on later, is in full view of the audience. The effect is startling. The splendor of the stage setting, a new departure, by the way, in minstrelsy, is in keeping with the richness and elegance of the costumes, which in beauty of design and finish are rarely equalled in the most pretentious productions. The end men are blackened up, but the vocalists and musicians appeared with faces unadorned by the substitute for burnt cork. The costumes are modeled after the fashions of a century ago—knee-breeches, silk stockings, frock-coats, low shoes and white wigs, and the material consists chiefly of silk and satin. A glance at the outfit is enough to satisfy the spectator that the expense has not cut much of a figure with the proprietors, for they have been lavish in their outfit. Brilliant stones glisten from shoe-buckles, garters and the throats

of the performers, and altogether the display is dazzling.

DYSPEPSIA

Causes its victims to be miserable, hopeless, contused, and depressed in mind, very irritable, languid, and drowsy. It is a disease which does not get well of itself. It requires careful, persistent attention, and a remedy to throw off the causes and tone up the digestive organs till they perform their duties willingly. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proven just the required remedy in hundreds of cases.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for dyspepsia, from which I have suffered two years. I tried many other medicines, but none proved so satisfactory as Hood's Sarsaparilla." THOMAS COOK, Brush Electric Light Co., New York City.

Sick Headache

"For the past two years I have been afflicted with severe headaches and dyspepsia. I was induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and have found great relief. I cheerfully recommend it to all." MRS. E. F. ANXAEIX, New Haven, Conn.

Hro. Mary C. Smith, Cambridgeport, Mass., was a sufferer from dyspepsia and sick headache. She took Hood's Sarsaparilla and found it the best remedy she ever used.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the twenty-fifth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight.

Present, WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of George Sutton, 2d, incompetent. Sedgwick Dean, the Guardian of said ward, comes into court and represents that he is now in possession of the personal and real estate of said ward, and that the next of kin of said ward and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said Guardian give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the ANN ARBOR REGISTER, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.) WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate. WILLIAM G. DOTY, Probate Register.

YOU CAN GET IT

Calkins' Drug Store 34 South State-st.

Will a Little Money Buy at Ann Arbor. Complete photographing outfit, \$2.50. Brass trimmed curtain pales, complete, for 30c. Pen, pencil and rubber stamp, your name, 25c. Engraved calling cards, plate, 50 cards, 15c. 3-inch gold picture framed, 15c per foot. Fine team ragged dye stationery, 25c per box. Our 25c buckskin purses, closing at 10c. Cut rates on subscriptions to magazines. Wall papers, 8c, 6c, 8c per roll. Gold papers, 15c. Window shades, fringe, siring fixture and shades, 50c. Indies' gold pens, best quality made, 75c.

BRING YOUR MAGAZINES

TO THE ANN ARBOR mum mm, FIRST CLASS "WORK AND PRICES VERY LOW. KITTRIDGE & HOLMES.

COLLDS & AISLES

DEALERS IN—Stone, Lime, Water Lime, Cement, Calcined Plaster, Plastering Hair, Brick, and Masons' supplies in general.

WOOD AND GOAL!

PLOTJ.B, Feed and Baled Hay. Offices, Xo. 13 and 36 East Huron-st.

BEWARE

Of Adulterations put in Candy, For Pure Non-Poisonous CAN 33Y!

CALL AT HANCSTERFER'S "Where all kinds of Caramels, Chips, Opera Creams, Buttercups, Etc., are made Fresh every day. Headquarters for Wallace & Co.'s, New York Creams. 38 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

Henry Richards

Is again in business. This time in the rear of John Finnegan's Agricultural Hall, ON DETROIT STREET.

ALL KINDS OF

Hard and Soft Wood

ON HAND and Orders taken for I will also lay in a stock of

HARD-WOOD LUMBER!

For the Spring Trade. Old customers and friends are invited to see me.

HENRY RICHARDS, Ann Arbor.

More New Furniture!

AT THE KECK STORES, 58 and 60 S. Main.

In addition to our already extensive stock of Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Draperies, Shades, Upholstering Goods, Trimmings, etc., we have just received, and now ready for sale, a splendid line of Articles, beautiful in design and finish, consisting in part of Reed, Rattan, Antique, Oak, Walnut, Mahogany and Carpet Rockers.

Parlor and Reception Chairs, House and Office Desks, Secretaries, Book-Cases, Centre, Library and Extension Tables, Pedestals, Music Cabinets, Painter's and Picture Easels, Hall Racks, Side Boards, Stand Divans, Misses' and Children's Rockers, Gold Medal Carpet Sweepers, Blacking Boxes, Beautiful Plushes, Curtains, China Silks and

All of which we will sell at bottom price for cash. Don't forget that NOW, in stores, 58 and 60 South Main-st, is the largest and most complete stock of Parlor and Bedroom Suites, and all articles in the Furniture line to select from in this city and at lowest prices. Fine Bedroom Suite in Antique, only \$18.00. Upholstering, Repairing and Finishing neatly and promptly done.

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED FOR SUK.

RICHMOND & TREADWELL, ANN ARBOR, MICH.

COLONIAL STYLES.

SMYRNA RUGS

BEDROOM SUITES.

LOOK HERE!

1-3 OFF OF EVERY OVERCOAT IN THE HOUSE

FROM THE LOWEST PRICE THEY WERE EVER MARKED.

All Mufflers 1-3 Off! All Gloves and Mittens 1-2 Off
REGULAR PRICE. "Kid and all White and Colored."

WINTER CAPS 1-2 OFF REGULAR PRICE

Derby Hats which have been sold as high as \$4.00, now to be closed at \$1.50. "Mark the Price" All Soft Hats go at \$1.00! "We are liable to stop our Sale at the above prices at any time. So don't neglect to call at once. This Sale is an actual loss to us, but we are bound to reduce our Stock of Merchandise, and we meet the **Loss** to our selves deliberately.

J. T. JACOBS & CO., CLOTHIERS,
HEADQUARTERS FOR CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS.

521
Main & 4 W. Liberty.

Furniture Emporium

7 KOCH & HALLER.

We carry one of the largest and best assorted stock OF FURNITURE west of Detroit, and it will pay anyone who is in need of Furniture to call and see our goods. We astonish with our low prices and know that we can save you 15 to 20 per cent, on any purchase that you will make from us. Upholstered Parlor Furniture we manufacture ourself, and therefore guarantee the quality; also any article in Cabinet work we design and make to order in Mahogany, Red Cedar, Cherry, Walnut, Oak, Ash, or any wood that may be desired. Please give us a call.

RESPECTFULLY,
Kooh & Haller.

MACK
&
SCHMID'S

Annual January Clearing Sale

Our annual stock-taking time is near at hand. Fully determined not to carry over an unnecessary dollar's worth. Goods in every department are given a thorough overhauling and marked at prices which readily show an anxiety on our part to clear out many times at almost any sacrifice. Further reductions in Ladies' and Children's Cloaks, Dress Goods, Silks, Velvets and Plushes.

THE GREAT CLEARING SALE

—OF—

(CLOTHING AND
J-PuRNISHING GOODS

—AT—

Wm. W. DOUGLAS

Still goes on. Don't fail

TO TAKE ADVANTAGE

Of this rare opportunity to purchase these goods
—for—

Less Money

Than they were ever offered in Ann Arbor or else—
—where.—

NO SHODDY GOODS!

But all til© Finest in the market.

WM. W. DOUGLAS & CO., - Ann Arbor.

Make No Mistake

Read and Remember
LEW. H. CLEMENT,
The Square Music Dealer,
HAS REMOVED from 25 S. Fourth-st.
TO 38 S. MAIN-ST., where at all times
can be obtained anything and everything
in the line of SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS
and MUSICAL MERCHANDISE at the Honest
price. Sole agent in Washtenaw County for
Haines Bros.' Celebrated Upright
Pianos and Famous Bstey Organs.

It is a fact that nothing will be sold un-
less positively guaranteed as represented.
Remember the new location.

38 SOUTH MI STREET,
And The "Square" Music Dealer.

HAINES BROS.' CELEBRATED PIANO
AND FAMOUS BSTEY ORGANS!

NEW KID GLOVES, EMBROIDERED & PLAIN.
NEW DRESS GOODS, NEW TRIMMINGS.
NEW OIL CLOTHS & RUGS, NEW CARPETS.

Our Door is always open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Call and see us. Prices to suit the times.

WINES & WORDEN.
20 S. Main Street.

NEW IMPORTATION OF ASTORCHANS.

THE STORM KING.

Latest Reports from the Recent Blizzard in the West.

The Total Loss of Life is set at 235—Another Storm Hagling, will the Mercury Sixty Helow Zero—Coal Getting Very Scarce.

WIND AND KNOW.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 22.—The summary of fatalities from the storm as prepared by the St. Paul Dispatch, brings the number of deaths up to 255.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 22.—At Fort Kpogh, M. T., the thermometer registered 66 degrees below zero during the late blizzard. At the same point on one occasion last summer it stood at 117 degrees above zero, making a range of 183 degrees. It is doubtful if any such extreme variation between summer and winter temperature has been recorded at any other spot on the globe.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 23.—Saturday morning spirit thermometers registered 08 degrees below zero at Chippewa Falls, 36 below at Janesville, 55 at Hudson, 52 at Portford, 53 at Princeton, 50 at Sparta, 52 at Green Lake, and extreme cold was reported in other portions of the State.

LAMTASAK, Tex., Jan. 24.—Another blizzard struck this section Saturday evening. Reports of the disastrous effects of that unprecedented cold spell of last week continue to arrive from distant sections surrounding this city. Loss of sheep was very heavy, owing to the fact that very few ranches are provided with adequate shelter for sheep. It is estimated that full 200 (100 sheep perished in the county of Lampasas; Brown, Hamilton, Coryell and San Saba, all large wool-producing counties Colonel Charles Covington, in Coryell County, lost 800 head of sheep in one flock.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 25.—Another blizzard has broken loose no twosth of here. A Neche (D. T.) dispatch says: "The mercury went down to 00 below and the wind reached a velocity of forty miles an hour here Monday night. It is still blowing and trains are ten hours late."

Braided reports that the storm reached there yesterday morning. A heavy fall of snow has set in and the wind is blowing a gale. The snow is drifting badly. The storm has not yet reached St. Paul, but trains from the north are badly delayed.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 25.—The mayor of Brown Valley, Minn., telegraphs that there is no real suffering from the lack of coal, but unless the railroad is opened within a few days there will be.

The mayor of Beardsley, the first station this side of Brown Valley, telegraphs that their stock of fuel was exhausted several days ago and the schools have been closed. He says: "Unless we secure immediate relief from the suffering of the people, the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba management is wholly responsible for this state of affairs. The company has known our condition, and in the face of it all has made no decided effort to open the line until last week. During the fall our dealers could not obtain cars enough to ship fuel sufficient for the winter. The railroad company could but would not furnish them, and now to abandon the line, as it has done, under existing circumstances, is certainly criminal."

YANKTON, D. T., Jan. 25.—The publication of an interview with Special Indian Agent Kinney, purporting to give details of the late blizzard, has created considerable indignation here, as the statements are much exaggerated. A complete record of deaths occasioned by storm, after allowing twenty-five for those who are missing, will not reach 200 in the whole Territory. The fatalities in Bonhomme County were twenty-one. It was said that two babes perished on a train from Running Water to Yankton, and that ladies and children on the train were wrapped in mail-sacks and the outer garments of mail passengers to prevent freezing to death. No deaths occurred on that train and no inconvenience was occasioned by the cold. Several other statements are equally misleading.

OPPOSED TO FREE TRADE.

Wool-Growers in Indiana and Ohio list themselves on record.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 25.—The Indiana Wool-Growers' Association met here yesterday and condemned the proposition to place wool on the free list.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 25.—The Ohio wool-growers met here yesterday and adopted resolutions practically demanding the restoration of the wool tariff of 1867; opposing the election of any one to Congress or to the Presidency who is not publicly pledged to support such a duty, and favoring the reduction of this surplus by abolishing the internal revenue tax on tobacco, and, if necessary, increasing the customs duties on all articles which most severely compete with home production.

Dan Driscoll Hanged.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Dan Driscoll, the leader of the notorious "why" gang of thieves and cut throats, was hanged in the Tombs yesterday for the murder of Bessie Garrity, a dissolute young woman who was also a member of the band. The murder was an unintentional one, the woman receiving her death from a bullet fired by Driscoll and intended for an enemy whom he was pursuing.

Distress in Kansas.

ATCHISON, Kan., Jan. 21.—Governor Martin authorizes the statement that great distress prevails in the extreme southwestern part of Kansas, owing to the failure of the crops last year and the rigor of the winter. Governor Martin is convinced that there are a great many cases of destitution, and appeals to the people of the older counties to organize for the purpose of extending the required assistance.

The President Censured.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 21.—At the meeting of the Methodist preachers yesterday the resolution offered at a previous meeting censuring President Cleveland for sending a copy of the constitution of the United States to Pope Leo came up. There was much discussion, but the resolutions were finally adopted by a vote of 19 to 10.

Out of Prison.

DUBLIN, Jan. 21.—William O'Brien, editor of United Ireland, was released from Tullamore jail yesterday, where he had been confined since October 21. When he arrived in this city he was greeted by an immense crowd whose faces were illuminated and bonfire blazed in all parts of the town.

A Novel Boycott.

DUBLIN, Jan. 25.—The boycott has been pushed to a curious extreme in Kerry. Placards recently posted in Kathmore warn all girls not to marry until every priest in the district has joined the National League. Should they disobey their husbands and themselves will be boycotted.

O'Brien a Candidate for Parliament. DUBLIN, Jan. 25.—Mr. William O'Brien intimated Monday that he would again stand as a Parliamentary candidate for South Tyrone provided the leaders of his party approved his so doing.

Locomotive Works on Fire. PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 24.—A fire in the Egers locomotive works here yesterday caused a loss estimated at \$100,000.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

For Week Ending January 25. An earthquake shock was felt on Saturday, at Dubuque, Ia.

A gas well near Dunkirk, N. Y., is yielding 1,000,000 feet per day.

A six-foot vein of coal was struck at Colfax, Ill., Friday, at a depth of 400 feet.

The shortage of the Norquay Government in Manitoba is now alleged to be \$500,000. Viscount das Nogueiras, Portuguese Minister at Washington, died Tuesday morning.

A fire Saturday at Montreal, Can., destroyed property to the value of \$300,000.

Anton Heebe, who died in Dubuque on Tuesday, was the owner of the first brewery in Iowa.

A fire among millinery stores in Philadelphia on Monday caused a loss of nearly \$500,000.

W. F. Scott's hat factory at Reading, Pa., was burnt Tuesday. Loss, \$40,000; partially insured.

At a recent meeting in Chicago the price of barbed wire was increased twenty-five cents per 100.

It is rumored that Joseph Chamberlain will succeed Lmsdowne as Governor-General of Canada.

The London divorce court has decided that a divorce procured in America was valid in England.

In Carney's tunnel, near Greensburg, Pa., an express train struck and killed two unknown men on Friday.

Coffey, the condemned murderer, who cut his throat in the Pittsburgh jail a week ago, died Tuesday morning.

The great ship yards at Granville, France, were burned on Saturday, throwing 800 men out of employment.

Ten of the forty miles to be surveyed for the Nicaragua canal have been completed and the canal route located.

By a fire in the rooms of Charles Smith in New York, a daughter of Smith, aged 2 years, was smothered to death.

The brewers of Milwaukee have informed their employes that in a few days every unijn man would be discharged.

M. & E. Solomon, tobaccoists of New York, assigned Monday, with preferences of \$61,392. Liabilities, \$530,000.

Samuel Tanner, a rich bachelor of Freeborn County, Minn., was confounded out of \$22,000 by sharpers on Tuesday.

President Cleveland's gift of a copy of the United States constitution was presented to Pope Leo in Rome on Saturday.

The discovery has been made at Victoria, B. C., of a powerful Chinese society whose object was to murder at \$500 a head.

The wine cellars at Put-in-Bay, O., were destroyed by fire Tuesday morning, with a loss of \$75,000; insured for two-thirds.

The State Working-men's Assembly of New York adopted resolutions requesting all labor men to boycott Milwaukee beer.

A half-dozen business firms were burned out at Monticello, Ill., Monday morning. The loss is \$8,000; the insurance, \$2,000.

Boston harbor is frozen over as far as the NnrowR, and steamers and ferryboats can only proceed with the greatest caution.

James Martin, a hero of a score of battles and an inmate of the Soldiers and Sailors' Home, was frozen to death on Friday near Erie, Pa.

At San Carlos, A. T., on Saturday an Apache Indian got drunk, killed his wife and child, and was shot by a sergeant of the guard.

The police station at St. Thomas, Ont., burned Sunday night. Frank Hughab, a tramp, was burned to death. All records were lost.

In a prize fight Saturday at Fort Hamilton, L. L. Tom White struck Billy Dempsey in the stomach, and Dempsey died in a few moments.

Three shocks of earthquake occurred Monday morning at Newburyport, Mass., and houses four miles from town were violently shaken.

Cuba is bad to be at the mercy of outlaws and official thieves. Citizens of Havana have appealed to the Captain-General for protection.

Hubbell Werner, a resident of Cass County, Mich., for fifty years and a member of the Masonic order for sixty-five yearB, died near Dowagiac, Mich., Sunday.

Gold has been discovered, of high grade and paying quantities, near Omaha, nuggets brought up from a well in a farm near the city standing the assay test.

The First National Bank of Auburn, N. Y., closed its doors on Monday, the result of a defalcation of \$200,000 on the part of its cashier, Charles O'Brien, who had fled.

A meningitis epidemic is depopulating Asheville, N. C. At the rate of a dozen deaths a day, all attempts to check it proving futile. Many inhabitants are leaving town.

Reports of dullness in the bituminous coal trade come from Pittsburgh, and a tendency to a reduction in prices in Chicago and other Western points is announced.

A bitter feud between the Ailor and Sedgewood families, in Union County, Tenn., culminated in a fight Monday, in which two Ailor boys were fatally stabbed and Will Sedgewood's skull crushed.

The war between the Hatfield gang and the McCoy's in West Virginia continues. In an encounter between the factions Saturday Will Dempsey was killed and Bud McCoy dangerously wounded.

By the explosion of a horizontal boiler on Friday in the feed-mill of James Gagan & Co., at Janesville, Wis., the building was destroyed, and two men, Byron Kennedy and James Bracken, instantly killed.

Three coaches of a Delaware & Hudson train jumped the track at Baxterville, N. J., Monday morning, the cars turning over three times. A number of persons were wounded, one probably fatally.

A Shipwrecked Crew Rescued. NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—The steamer San Marcos, which arrived yesterday from Havana, brought the crew of the bark D. Chapin, of Boston, which sunk at sea December 25. After being in their boat ten days without food or water and losing by starvation and exposure Captain W. C. Hull, the cook and one seaman, the rest of the crew were rescued January 4.

POLITICAL ISSUES.

Notes of Interest from Various Portions of the Country.

Some Democrats Avillini to Have Mayor Hewitt, of New York, for President—Selva Lorkwood on DIMM.—The Ktuhilchun Committee.

POLITICAL POINTS.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 19.—At yesterday's meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee Elliott Ksner was selected chairman. He is opposed to the policy of Samuel J. Randall. May 23 was fixed as the date of the Democratic State convention, to be held in Harrisburg.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 19.—Senator James F. Wilson's election to succeed himself in the United States Senate was formally ratified by the Legislature yesterday. This act extends his term of service to March 4, 1895.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—The constitutional prohibition amendments were passed in the Senate yesterday afternoon by a vote of 25 to 8.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Colonel John O'Day, the Chairman of the Democratic State Committee of Missouri, declares that there is considerable talk about Mayor Hewitt for President in 1896, and that he is favorably thought of there. It is not thought that the mayor will enter a contest with Mr. Cleveland for the control of the delegation from this State to the next National convention unless a greater opposition develops against the President than appears on the surface to-day.

TACOMA, W. T., Jan. 20.—The bill giving women the right to vote in Washington Territory was signed by Governor Semple.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 20.—The Prohibitionists will hold their State convention in this city May 21.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 24.—A question in now raised as to the legality of the present Iowa Legislature, the ground of it being that the last redistricting act is fatally informal. The Democrats seem to think there is enough in it at least to raise a question as to Senator Wilson's title to his seat.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 24.—In a letter to a friend in this city Mrs. Belva Lockwood says she is willing to again act as a candidate for President of a National Woman's Suffrage party in order to keep the question before the people.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 25.—J. S. Clarkson, of Iowa, member of the National Republican Committee and chairman of the subcommittee having in charge the preliminary preparations for the National convention, has called a meeting of the B. C. at the Grand Pacific Hotel in Chicago Thursday evening, February 9. The members of this committee, besides the chairman, are: Messrs. Fessenden, of Connecticut; Hobart, of New Jersey; Jones, of Pennsylvania; Conger, of Ohio; Clayton, of Arkansas; Leclaire, of Kansas; Howe, of Nebraska, and Conroy, of Texas. This first meeting of the committee will be the most important one, as it will be charged with the appointment of all the citizens' committees and the elaboration of the entire preliminary plan of the convention.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 25.—The State Temperance Alliance has called a State Prohibition convention to be held here February 8.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 25.—James M. Manes, a recognized leader among the Republicans of this city, says he proposes to work for the nomination of Mr. George W. Childs, of this city, for President of the United States.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The Republicans of the District of Columbia met yesterday, and, owing to a quarrel, two sets of delegates were chosen to attend the National convention, one favoring Mr. Blaine and the other Mr. Sherman.

JACKSON, Miss., Jan. 25.—The Governor has vetoed the bill providing for the holding of a constitutional convention on.

INTERNAL REVENUE TAXES. Figures Showing the Amount Collected Since September 1, 1883.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—A communication transmitted to the Senate yesterday from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shows that since the present system of internal revenue taxation went into effect, September 1, 1802, down to June 3, 1887, the amount of tax collected on the spirits was \$1,099,379,980 and on the fermented liquors \$249,246,119. The production of distilled spirits during this time was 1,606,865,194 gallons and of fermented liquors 269,719,782 barrels.

The total collections of internal revenue for the first six months of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1888, were \$62,443,008, an increase of \$4,940,104 over the corresponding period of last year. There was an increase on each of the principal objects of taxation as follows: On spirits, \$2,495,459; on tobacco, \$1,448,615; on fermented liquors, \$996,130; and on oleomargarine, \$61,677. The total collections on oleomargarine for the six months of the present year were \$359,785. The collections from banks and bankers decreased \$2,645, and on miscellaneous objects \$59,132.

Floating Ice. NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—The Hudson and Harlem rivers, together with the bay and the entrance of Long Island Sound, are filled with floating ice, rendering navigation difficult and seriously menacing shipping. The same state of affairs exists all along the New England coast and as far north as Halifax. Vessels struggling into port bring terrible tales of hardship and suffering. Large numbers of sailors have been more or less severely frost-bitten.

An Old Man's Loss. ST. LOUIS, Jan. 25.—James Kirk, an old man on his way from Michigan to locate in Mississippi, was fleeced out of \$530, all the money he had, on an incoming train by a young man, who induced him to lend him the money on worthless paper, purporting to be a \$1,000 United States bond.

A Battle with White Caps. JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Jan. 25.—Fifteen citizens of English's Creek, in County, the home of the White Caps, engaged in a general fight Saturday at midnight. W. Moore was fatally and William Cunningham seriously shot. Bert Brown's skull was crushed.

Died at the Age of 105. LANCHESTER, Ill., Jan. 25.—William G. Porter, one of the oldest citizens in the State, died at his home here Monday morning, aged 105 years. He had lived here the greater part of his life.

Coal Discovered Near Vansar, Mich. VASSAR, Mich., Jan. 20.—A vein of coal seven feet thick was discovered here Wednesday from 143 to 200 feet beneath the surface.

The Week's Failures. NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—Business failures in the United States and Canada for the week number 314, against 288 last week, and 301 in the corresponding period of 1887.

His Sixth Death Sentence. HUDSON, N. J., Jan. 23.—Oscar P. Beckwith, the Austerlitz murderer, has been sentenced to be hanged. This is the sixth time he has been sentenced.

"We Point with Pride to the 'Good name at home,' won by Hood's Sarsaparilla. In Lowell, Mass., where it is prepared, there is more of Hood's Sarsaparilla sold than of all other medicines, and it has given the best of satisfaction since its introduction ten years ago. This could not be if the medicine did not possess merit. If you suffer from impure blood, try Hood's Sarsaparilla and realize its peculiar curative power.

Henry B. Payne, of Ohio, paces up and down, up and down the Senate Chamber, but never talks. They say he can't.

Be Your Own Doctor. It won't cost you one half as much. D>>cot delay. Send three 2 cent stamps for postage, and we will send you Dr. Kaufmann's great work, fine colored plates, from life, on disease, its causes and home cure. Address A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass.

Senator Sabine did not say a word last session. He has the look of Logan, but not his talent for public speaking.

A NASAL INJECTOR tree with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by Eberbach & Son.

Senator Matthew S. Quay, of Pennsylvania, does not talk yet, but it is expected that he will.

P. H. KILMARTIN postmaster and general merchant at Orange, Mich., says Ribbard's Rheumatic Syrup is wonderful in the cure of sciatic rheumatism.

"If I should die, John, dear," said a very sick wife, "would you marry again?" "Not much!" he replied, with such pointed emphasis that the lady got well.—Life.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts. 50 as. and \$1. Sold by Eberbach & Son.

Arnold, the writing fluid, has made half a million of blue-black dollars out of it.

ons, please call at the drug store and get another bottle of Hibbard's, Throat and Lung Balsam. It has done my cough more good than anything I have ever used, and is so pleasant to take.

On the 9th of the present month a Troy paper wished all its patrons a happy New Year. Some things come late in the season, but we must have them.

HALES HONEY is the best Cough Cure, 25c. 50c. 1 L. GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP for head and hair, 25c. GERMAN CORN REMOVER kills Corns & Bunions, 25c. HILLS HAIR & WHISKER DYE—Black & Brown, 60c. PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS cure in 1 Minute, 25c. DEANS RHEUMATIC PILLS are a sure cure, 60c.

CATARRH, scrofula and salt rheum are diseases of the blood, and always yield to the curative properties of Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup, the great blood remedy.

There are two kinds of clubs, social and constabulary, and they are both efficacious in knocking a man out.—Life.

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Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsblains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cure Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per DOZ. Forsale by Eberbach & Son.

TO THE LADIES! If you are afflicted with rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous exhaustion, dyspepsia, or with diseases of the liver, kidneys, headache or cold feet, swollen or weak ankles, or swollen feet, an Abdominal Belt and a pair of Magnetic Foot Batteries have no superior in the relief and cure of all these complaints. They carry a powerful magnetic force to the seat of the disease.

For lame back, weakness of the spine, falling of the womb, leucorrhoea, chronic inflammation and ulceration of the womb, incidental hemorrhage of flooding, painful, suppressed and irregular menstruation, barrenness, and change of life this is the Best Appliance and Curative Agent Known.

Price of Supporter with Magnetic Foot Batteries sent by express C. O. D., and examination allowed, or by mail on receipt of price, and if not found satisfactory even after six months they can be returned and money refunded. In ordering, send measure of waist and size of shoe.

They are worn over the underclothing. They hold their power forever. Send for the "New Department in Medical Treatment Without Medicine" with thousands of testimonials. Send for circulars. Write us full particulars as regards your difficulties—orders direct.

THE MAGNETIC APPLIANCE CO., 134 Dearborn St., Chicago, m.

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"Things are being changed. They don't come to the man who waits any more. The man who hustles gets 'em.—Call.



No Home should be Without It

It takes the place of a Doctor and Costly Prescriptions. No loss of time, no interference with business while taking. No danger from exposure after taking. Invalids and delicate persons will find it the mildest Aperient and Tonic they can use. A little taken at night induces refreshing sleep and a natural evacuation of the bowels. A little taken in the morning sharpens the appetite, cleanses the stomach and sweetens the breath.

OPINION: I have been practicing SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR for twenty years and I can say that I have never been able to put up a vegetable compound that would, like Simmons' Liver Regulator, promptly and effectively move the liver to action, and at the same time aid (instead of weakening) the digestive and assimilative powers of the system.—L. M. HIN, JON, M.D., Washington, Ark.

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The wonderful Healing properties of Darby's Prophylactic Fluid in case of Accidents, for Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Wounds, etc.

Its prompt use will invariably relieve pain, promote healing and prevent Erysipelas, Gangrene, or Proud Flesh. Owing to the cleansing and purifying qualities of the Fluid the most obstinate Ulcers, Blisters, Carbuncles, and Running Sores are rendered pure and healthy and speedily cured, no other application being necessary.

Some of the silent Senators can't talk; others won't talk.

Man's Of the good things of this life are sorrowfully let alone on account of Dyspepsia. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Constipation; sold on a positive guarantee at 25 and 50 cents, by JOHN MOORE, Druggist.

Senator Bowen, of Colorado, talks very infrequently.

"MAY GOTBLESSYOU"

A Boston Paper-Hanger's Trouble and How He Got Out of It—Plain Words from the Sunny South.

When we are in trouble we cry for help. When we are relieved we often forget to be thankful. But not always. Mr. W. W. Griffin, of Trout Creek, St. Clair Co., Ala., writes: "I had a bad attack of chills and fever. My system was full of malaria. For two years I was scarcely able to work at all. Some times my heart would palpitate for two hours at a time. My legs would get cold to the knees, and I fully expected to die. In September, 1881, I bought a bottle of Shaker Extract of Roots, or Seigel's Curative Syrup, of your agent, Mr. R. M. King, and before I had taken the first bottle I felt better, and in a short time was able to go to work. May God bless you for the good you have done."

Mr. Wm. J. McCann, 99 Randall-st., Boston, writes: "Six months ago I began to throw up my food after eating. I thought I was going into consumption. I soon began to have pain in the chest, stomach and sides. I got little sleep and woke all tired out. I once lost five pounds in four days. I began using Shaker Extract of Roots, or Seigel's Syrup, and when I had finished the sixth bottle I could eat three square meals a day, and go to sleep the minute I struck the bed. I am a paper hanger by trade, and have worked every day since I took the second bottle, and gained eighteen pounds. I ought to be thankful and I am."

This remedy opens all the natural passages of the body, expels the poison from the blood and enables nature to rebuild what disease has destroyed. Shaker Extract of Roots, or Seigel's Syrup, is sold by all druggists, or send to the proprietor, A. J. White, 64 Warren street, New York.

Hypocrisy is a sort of homage vice pays to virtue. Drive out the vicious blood with Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla, renew it with new and virtuous blood and there will be no hypocrisy in your strong and healthy nature. Best blood remedy and cheapest.

A scientist declares that the hair curls after death. Now, when you hear your wife say that she's "made a pie that will make your hair curl," you'll know just what she means.

FOR DYSPEPSIA AND Liver Complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by Eberbach & Son.

We should economize at all times, but more especially when times are close. Observe the purchases of your thrifty neighbors. More substantial benefits can be obtained from a fifty cent bottle of Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure than a dollar bottle of any other cough remedy. It is a prompt, safe and pleasant cure for all throat and lung troubles. Sold and endorsed by Eberbach & Co.

Before starting out as a poet, James Whitcomb Riley made an honest living as a sign painter.

What Am I To Do?

The symptoms of Biliousness are unhappily but too well known. They differ in different individuals to some extent. A Bilious man is seldom a breakfast eater. Too frequently, alas, he has an excellent appetite for 1 quors but none for solids of a morning. His tongue will hardly bear inspection at any time; if it is not white and furred, it is rough, at all events.

The digestive system is wholly out of order and Diarrhea or Constipation may be a symptom, or the two may alternate. There are often Hemorrhoids or even loss of blood. There may be giddiness and often headache and acidity or flatulence and tenderness in the pit of the stomach. To correct all this if not effect a cure try Green's August Flower; it costs but a trifle and thousands attest its efficacy.

Senators Faulkner, Turpie and Bate will be mum for some time.

THE REGISTER.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 26, 1888.

ROBIN AND ROBIN.

O robin, you sit on your perch and sing, Or the water about from the dish you fling, Or scatter the berries, you frolicsome thing, And the saucer turn tilting over. O robin, you darling, I love you much; But there is another whose slightest touch And faintest whisper my heart can thrill, And whose eyes can flutter me at his will. And, robin, that's Robin my lover.

Your cage is gilded and builded fine; There strength and an airy cage combine; But 'tis not so rare as the cage of mine Which Robin is building to hold me. And soon I shall sit with a folded wing, And my very soul to its depths will sing; And though it may rain, or though it may snow, What shall I care if it do, or no, While his loving arms enfold me?

Of all the birds on the tree or in nest The robin's the one that I love the best, With his homely plumage and ochre breast! But Robin, my lover, was dearer. When he told of his love to my thirsty ear, With only the listening angels near, And his soul sought mine with a long, long kiss, And my heart beat quick in my speechless bliss, And Heaven somehow seemed nearer.

The lush grass grows on an emerald hue, The river is tinged with a beautiful blue, And the sunbeams print with a rainbow tint The sky that is spreading above me; The rivulet laughs as it upward trips, The diamonds flash where the water drips; And never a storm and never a cloud May sweep the vale, or the sky enshroud While Robin is here to love me.

O Robin, my Robin, you steps I hear, With a silvery sound they are drawing near, And the music they make to my ravished ear The portal of joy uncloses. I long for your glances my life to bless; I yearn for your tender and fond caress— Oh, the very ground that your footsteps press Is covered with lilies and roses! —Thomas Dunn English.

Adventures of Tad;

—OR THE— HAPS AND MISHAPS OF A LOST SACHEL.

A Story for Young and Old.

BY FRANK H. CONVERSE, AUTHOR OF "PEPPER ADAMS," "BLOWN OUT TO SEA," "PAUL GRAFTON," ETC.

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CHAPTER VII.—CONTINUED.

"I guess you'll do," she finally said, "at least I'm minded to try you, so you can come over and begin work early Monday morning."

"Thank you, marn," replied Tad, with a beaming face. "I'll be here early; and though I'm kind of green, Miss Smith," he added, earnestly, "I'll learn just as fast as ever I can, and work all the harder to make up."

"Well, we'll see," was the only reply. Miss Smith's faith in juvenile promises had been rudely shattered by the frequent breakages that she had known in her experience. At the same time she felt rather drawn toward this pale-faced orphaned boy—though she would not have owned it, even to her own self.

"Don't you let that Joe Whitney lead you into any mischief before you get back to Cap'n Flagg's," said Miss Smith, sharply, raising her voice for Joe's edification, as Tad joined him outside the gate.

"Now, Miss Smith," expostulated the injured youth, "that isn't fair!" The maklen huh" smiled significantly, and, muttering something about "innocent Abigail," resumed raking, while Tad, exultant over his future prospects, forebore to reproach his mischievous companion for the little episode I have narrated, and the two walked away together in the most amicable manner.

CHAPTER VIII

Who that was ever a boy has forgotten, or will forget, his first fishing experience? No matter whether it was angling for minnows from the wharf, with a pin-hook, catching "pumpkin seeds" from the mill-pond logs or following up an alder-fringed brook in pursuit of trout—he will be sure to remember it a great deal longer than he will the more important episodes of his later life. And I know one in particular who will always remember his boyish debut in the fishing line—I mean Tad Thome.

It was the Saturday morning following Tad's peculiar introduction to Miss Smith, and an unusually mild day for a New England April, which uncertain month is very apt to seem so much like March as to resemble a younger brother.

Joe and Tad were digging bait in Deacon Whitney's barn-yard; that is, Joe did the digging while Tad placed the angle-worms in a round tin mustard-box, with a ventilating cover.

"There!" said Joe, straightening up, "and now, Tad—you plaguey* old tattle-tale!"

Tad looked up in dire astonishment; but the conclusion of Joe's sentence was evidently not addressed to himself.

It was churning-day at Deacon Whitney's, and Joe's eyes were fixed on the retreating form of Miss Smith's hired help who had come over to bespeak some buttermilk for Miss Smith's pig. Samantha Nason was given to gossip, and Joe's guilty conscience at once assured him that she had lost no time in telling the story of his late humorous performance to the deacon, Mrs. Whitney and his sister Nell.

"I guess we'd better be off," remarked Joe, rather hastily; "and, instead of going out this front way, we'll take a short cut down through the fields. You've got your lines all right?"

Tad tapped his pocket significantly, and adjusted the tin-box cover while Joe was putting the shovel back in the barn.

"Come on, then, Tad," said his companion, with an uneasy glance at the back kitchen, which Tad did not quite understand, and with his words Joe dodged hastily behind the barn, followed by Tad; but, alas! he was too late!

From the open kitchen-window came the cry, in his sister Nell's voice: "Jo-seph!—come right into the house—father wants you!" "Darn it all!" muttered Joe, with a vindictive kick at the fence-rail; now I've got to catch it.

"Catch what?" wonderingly asked Tad, though with an intuitive suspicion that Joe was not referring to the prospective catch of trout.

Joe did not reply, but with a gloomy and vengeful expression, slunk into the



PREPARING FOR THE INTERVIEW. barn by the small rear door, followed by his wondering companion. From behind the corn-crib Joe hastily pulled the bottom of an old pasteboard band-box.

"Shove it up under my coat, behind—quick, Tad!" he exclaimed, in an agitated whisper, "and then you go ahead to the brook—may be I can get off bime-by. It don't hurt much of any, with this," added Joe, with a rather sickly smile, as he touched the small of his back significantly, "only I've got to get a new piece of pasteboard—this is pretty new worn out."

"Are you coming, Joseph?" The voice was Deacon Whitney's, and sounded from the wood-shed close by. Tad fled ignominiously through the rear barn door, while Joe reluctantly obeyed the direful summons. Not that Deacon Whitney was unreasonably harsh or stern. Indeed, his wife said: "Joe's thrashin's hurt the deacon a dreadful sight more'n they did Joe," which was doubtless true. The boy knew that his father loved him sincerely, and that the whippings were not given in anger, but from a sense of duty, and though he would willingly have dispensed with them, Joe never cherished the slightest feelings of anger or resentment, after the first smart had passed away.

Leaving Joe to his impending fate, Tad climbed the barn-yard fence, and with a jubilant feeling of gladness, which was only shadowed by the occasional thought of his new friend's disappointment, made his way down across the deacon's meadows, to the brook.

Tad knew nothing whatever about trout-fishing, as a matter of course. He had caught flounders and dinners from the piers, like most city boys—but only those. However, he had a general idea of some of the requirements of the piscatorial art. So, with a very light heart, he followed the "mill brook," as it was called, through a field and an adjoining pasture, till he came to an alder swamp, where, having cut a pole, Tad sat himself down to shape and trim it.

Well, it was indeed a lovely morning. The sky above him, flecked with drifting white clouds, was of the deepest blue, the air soft and spring-like, and the peaceful stillness unbroken only by the occasional cawing of crows or scream of a bluejay.

Tad sat drinking in the beauty of the time and place, softly whistling to himself as he worked, and thought over the many strange things that had come into his life in one short week, and all because an absent-minded man had left his tra(ling-sachel on the seat in a railroad station.

"Why, it just seems as though I'd been swapped off for somebody else," he said, with a great sigh of thankfulness. And though, as might be expected, Tad Thome's religious knowledge was of the vaguest possible order, he somehow felt his heart going out thankfully to the Maker of such a beautiful world.

"There," said Tad, as, finishing trimming the poll, he rose to his feet and brushed off the twigs, "now for the trout."

The brook went dancing and laughing along at his side, with here and there a mimic water-fall, at the foot of which the foam and bubbles drifted about in frothy masses.

With fingers trembling a little with excitement, Tad fastened his line, with its heavy sinker and hook large enough for black bass, to the end of the pole. Adjusting the bait, he threw his line into the deepest part of the pool.

"I guess it Isn't a very good day for trout, any way," he murmured, after about five minutes of Jelling his line. A rift along in the current, and pulling, it up again. But stop! a little tug at the hook sent a thrill from his finger-j tips to his toes! With a jerk that would have landed a three-pound trout, Tad pulled out a chub about four inches; long, which, with hook, line and sinker, was immediately entangled in the alder branches over his head, requiring some ten minutes of perspiring effort to clear it.

"Trout ain't as big as I thought for," he said, half aloud, as he surveyed his prize. "It must take an awful lot of em to make a mess." Tad added,

gravely, as he strung the small fish on a twig, and made his way a little further up-stream, in his ignorance passing over the 4-leep pools and swelling eddies, which are generally the lurking-places of the spotted beauties.

By eleven o'clock, Tad, who had caught seven chubs, each about a finger in length, began to think that the charm of trouting had been considerably overstated. It was rather early in the season for mosquitoes, yet there were quite enough of them about to make it quite lively for a fisherman. He had ascended the brook about two miles, and was tired and decidedly hungry; and, moreover, he found himself right in the heart of what seemed to Tad's unaccustomed eyes a boundless forest.

Sitting down on a stump, Tad gazed about him, wondering at the solemn silence. Overhead, the wind sighed softly through the tops of the great pines. Bed squirrels cluttered in the spruce and hemlock trees, and a particularly venturesome one dropped a cone from an overhanging bough at his very feet, vanishing among the branches with wonderful swiftness, as Tad looked suddenly up. A partridge drummed in the distance, and a woodchuck scampered rapidly through the underbrush at a little way off.

"I wonder if there are any bears in these woods," thought Tad, with an uncomfortable thrill pervading his frame at the bear possibility. "I'd either have to run or climb a tree if I saw one coming," he thought, "and yet, what good would that do, where bears can climb and run rather better than most boys." In a juvenile paper he had read how one "boy hero," thus surprised, had hastily lashed his open jack-knife to the end of a pole, and boldly attacking the savage beast, had slain him by a fortunate thrust. Tad mechanically took out his own jack-knife, and opened the two-inch blade of the best cast-iron.

"I couldn't do much with that," he thought, "but I suppose"— "G-r-r-r-r"

A terrible growl, accompanied by a rustling in the thicket of small pines close at hand, sent Tad's heart into his very throat! There was not even time to splice the knife to the fish-pole, for the growl and rustling were repeated louder and nearer than before!

The hackneyed expression, "to sell his life dearly," flashed into Tad's mind, and, bracing himself against the tree-stump—somehow in the

"Come one, come all—this rock shall fly From its firm base, as soon as I" attitude—he held his open jack-knife in his hand, and awaited the overcoming monster!

CHAPTER IX.

The spruce-bushes parted suddenly; but, instead of disclosing the form of a ferocious bear, nothing more formidable than the good-humored features of Joe Whitney, adorned with an expressive grin, was revealed. There were traces of recent tears on his freckled face; yet mirth beamed from his eye, and it was evident that the recent punishment had not had a very depressing effect on his animal spirits.

"Thought I was a bear, didn't you, Tad?" he remarked, laughing. And Tad, too much relieved at the prospect of companionship to feel very angry, answered, with a feeble smile, that he was kind of startled, and made haste to change the subject.

"I've got seven trout, but they're awful small," said Tad, producing his catch, with a rather disconsolate air.

Joe started, whistled and then roared. "Why, you goosie!" he shouted, but so good-naturedly that it was impossible to be angry with him, "those ain't trout—they're chubs!"

Poor Tad felt tremendously mortified, but speedily forgot his mortification in real honest admiration of a string of trout—the largest of which would not weigh quite a quarter of a pound—that Joe brought out, together with an alder pole, from the thicket where he had enacted the bear.

"I dug some bait on the way, and caught these little fellows coming along," explained Joe, as he held them up before his companion's admiring gaze.

"Oh, wouldn't I like to catch just one trout!" sighed Tad; and Joe stoutly assured him not to worry—he'd put him up to catching more than one—perhaps half a dozen—before they returned.

"Did it hurt you very much?" inquired Tad, presently, with delicate reference to the cause of his companion's detention.

"The pasteboard wasn't quite low down enough," said Joe, mournfully, and Tad asked no further questions.

"Father didn't flog me for just having a little fun with you and Miss Smith," Joe went on after a short pause, "but because he said I as good as lied when I made her think that you was deaf, and you think that she was."

"Well," returned Tad, hesitatingly, "I don't know—you didn't mean to say what wasn't true, any way." "No," said Joe, frankly; "I didn't! I hate a square up and down lie as bad as the next one; but, come to study on it over, I guess we fellows don't stop to think long enough, sometimes, and lie when we don't mean to; anyhow, I do, and I'm going to try and stop it."

This, was quite an admission for Joe, who was generally very chary of acknowledging his faults. But he had begun to feel a strong boyish affection for his companion, and spoke more openly to him than lie was in the habit of doing.

"But what made you so long getting here?" asked Tad, breaking the little silence that followed.

"Why, after father—got through with me," returned Joe, while a humorous smile began to hover about his mouth, "he set me churning, and went off down town on an errand. Mother, she was sent for to go over to Miss Emory's, all of a sudden, and, by gracious!" said Joe, rubbing his shoulders, "I thought my arms would just un hinge out of the sockets before the butter came. Well, Nell, she took the butter down into the cellar kitchen to work it, and forgot to emp't the churn (as mother always does), and whilst she was down there," continued Joe, whose smile had begun to broaden, "I saw father coming up the walk, so what does I do but get hold of the churn-dasher again. Father, he came in. 'There, my son!' he says, 'I guess you've been punished enough—you can go now,' and then he took the churn-dasher right out of my hand. If mother hadn't got back, or if Nell don't come up-stairs," added Joe, with an irrepressible snicker, "I expect likely he's churning buttermilk now."

As Tad knew rather less than a Hot-tentot regarding the mysteries of churning, the point of Joe's little joke was not perfectly clear to his own mind. And perhaps, on second thought, Joe might have remembered that the tacit deception practiced toward his father was not exactly in keeping with his professed penitence of a moment or two previous, for he made no attempt to enlighten his companion, but, taking up his pole, said, rather hastily, that he guessed they'd better be getting toward home, as it was considerably past dinner-time.

About half-way down Mill brook were the ruins of an old saw-mill. Here, among the great timbers below the dam, the water made deep eddies and shady nooks, where trout love to lie in the heat of the day.

"Throw in there, Tad," said Joe, pointing to a spot where the dark water rushed around the end of the broken flume like a mill-race.



EQUAL TO THE SITUATION.

Tad secretly thought that any trout venturesome enough to trust himself in such a swift current would be swept down stream in a twinkling. But he obeyed, and—

Good gracious! had a sturgeon or a young whale seized his bait! His line went cutting through the dark waters, and the top of the alder pole bent ominously.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

A crown will no, cure the headache, nira (golden sinner the gott, but if the Headache come from Ciffarth, Warner's Log Cabin Rose Cream will give immediate and lasting relief. It is the best remedy.

Senator Gorman must be rated as one who talks less than the average.

REV. J. ROBERTS, pastor of the M. E. Church, Fremont, Mich., says Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup is a great remedy, and worthy the confidence of all families.

A puppy stew is a royal feast in Zanzibar.

Can't Sleep is the cause of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles, sold on a positive guarantee at 10c, 50c. JOHN MOORE, Druggist

The oftener one changes his mind the more frequently he makes a bad bargain.— Transcript.

NEURALGIA can be cured by Hibbard's Rheumat. Symp, if taken a sufficient length of time to thoroughly purify the blood, giving strength to the whole nervous system.

An autograph letter of Sarah Bernhardt has been sold in Berlin for \$50.

Champion Short Hand Writer. Jtr. A. S. White, the well-known author of "White's Phonography," famous as the Champion Short-hand Writer of the World, received the first prizes in the international contests at London, Edinburgh, Paris and Berlin; he came near being permanently disabled by rheumatism. His recovery by the use of a remedy infallible in curing rheumatism and all blood diseases is told in a letter from his office, 02 Washington St., Chicago, dated June 20, 1887.

He writes: "Your remedy has done wonderful service for me. For the past five years I have been troubled with rheumatic pains. My right hand had become almost useless and I was gradually losing speed as a shorthand writer. A friend of mine, Dr. Dederich, advised me of your remedy. I used a dozen bottles of S. S. and am now entirely recovered. I shall never cease to commend your excellent medicines, and wish you much success.

"Yours truly, A. S. WHITE." And here is another witness: "BENTON, Ark., August, 25th, 1887. "Last spring I was dangerously afflicted with erysipelas, and my life was despaired of by my physicians. As a last hope I tried S. S. S. and soon found relief, and in two weeks was able to attend to my business. I used five bottles.

"S. H. WITTHOHN, Ed. Saline Courier." Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, ATLANTA, GA.

DOTY & FEINEE!

NOW IS THE TIME TO

We are better off than ever before to satisfy our customers with First-class LOW PRICES.

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REDUCED PRICES FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

New Undertaking Business!

Formerly with John Gates & Son, UNDERTAKER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR, Keck Building, now occupied by Richmond & Treadwell, No. 55 S. Main st., wishes to announce that he has purchased a new hearse and opened an entirely new outfit and line of goods, and will be pleased to serve the public in a manner that will give entire satisfaction, both as regards quality of goods and prices.

Having spent some time with one of the leading undertakers in Detroit, I have received instruction that will be of advantage to myself and patrons.

664-714 WM. CK HENNE, 58 S. Main Street.

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Offices, No. 1 and 2, First Floor, Hamilton Block.

Parties desiring to buy or sell Real Estate will find it to their advantage to call on me. I represent the following first-class Fire Insurance Companies, having an aggregate capital of over \$8,000,000.

The Grand Rapids Fire Ins. Co., (insures only dwellings).
The Ohio Farmer's Ins. Co., (insures only dwellings).
The OerriAn Fire Ins. Co.,
The Concorlin Fire Ins. Co.,
The Citizens' Fire Ins. Co.,
The Worcester Fire Ins. Co.,
The Milwaukee Mechanic's Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
The New Hampshire Fire Ins. Co.,
The Amazon Fire Ins. Co.

Rates Low. Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid.

I also issue Life and Investment Policies in the Conn. Mutual Life Insurance Company. Assets \$66,000,000. Persons desiring Accident Insurance, can have yearly Policies written for them or Traveler's Coupon Insurance Tickets Issued at Low Rates in the Standard Accident Insurance Company of North America. Money to Loan at Current Rates. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 12 M. and 7 to 10 P. M.

ALEX. W. HAMILTON, Hamilton Block.

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PENNYROYAL WAFERS

Are successfully used, monthly by over 10000 Ladies. Are Safe, Effectual and Pleasant. If per box by mail, or at drugists, Sealed Packages/Postage stamps. Address: THE EUROKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Pfahler Block, 131 Woodward ave., Detroit, Mich.

LADIESTGENTLEMAN, AND STUDENTS I The Great English Prescription will restore that lost Vitality and a Rugged, Healthy Condition follow its use. Buy at your druggist's, one package, 81; six for 85. EUROKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH. Sold by H. J. Bromi & Co.

PRESBYTERIJS

Who do not like the Herald's niji I r e % byter, i n d i s h i d.

SEND Five One-Cent Stamp* **POU A** Sample copy of first page* in a bea

Calendar for 1888

names and address of the printer, and send a 10-cent stamp for a copy of the calendar. The printer will send a copy of the calendar to the printer, and a copy of the calendar to the printer.

ALEX. W. HAMILTON, Hamilton Block.

FEDE REGISTER

THURSDAY JANUARY 26, 1888.

EACH & ABEL'S JANUARY PROGRAM.

Your Company is requested this week to examine the goods that are reduced in price to dispose of quick.

Inquire right and left for the prices. We don't propose to undersell everybody, but we mean to give you greater bargains this month than ever before.

The people in this City and all the surrounding villages have found out long since that this store is never undersold.

We give a small space today to some of the dress materials at reduced prices.

Camel's Hair in Colors, 75c; reduced from \$1.00.

Wide Wale Diagonal's, 50c; reduced from 65c.

Gilbert's Camel's Hair Stripe, 75c; reduced from \$1.00.

Colored Drap d'almes, 85c; reduced from \$1.00.

Colored Soliel Cords, \$1.00; reduced from \$1.07.

Check mixed fancy suitings, 85c; reduced from \$1.00.

English Checks, all colors, 85c; reduced from \$1.00.

Arnhem Suitings, 50c; reduced from 65c.

Saxony Suitings, 43c; reduced from 50c.

Heavy Cloth Plaids in bright colors, \$1.00; reduced from \$1.25.

All of the remnants of Dress Oodsth&t have accumulated during the past busy season, consisting of all kinds and qualities, will be closed out during this sale.

Velveteens in all colors, 75c; reduced from \$1.00.

The success of the sale of Coats and Wraps begun last week, has been without a precedent in our business.

Our Cloak Department has been full most of the time, and the Bales large.

We shall continue the sale until the last garment is sold.

We quote a few prices which only embrace a small portion of the genuine bargains.

At \$4.00, Ladies tailor-made Jackets; reduced from \$6.00.

At \$5.00, Ladies Astrachan Jacket; reduced from \$7.50 and \$8.00.

At \$10.00, Ladies Frieze Wrap, trimmed with fur; reduced from \$18.00.

At \$10.00, Ladies Cloth Wrap, trimmed with astrachan; reduced from \$15.00 and \$18.00.

At \$12.50, (only a few left) Mohair Seal Wrap, ball trimming; reduced from \$18.00.

At \$12.50, Ladies Astrachan Sack, 42 inches long; reduced from \$20.00.

At \$10.00, Imported Beaver Cloth Newmarkets, in black and brown with astrachan trimming; reduced from \$15.00 and \$18.00.

One case Marseilles Quilts, \$1.25; worth \$2.00.

One Bale New Hampshire, two-strap Horse Blankets, 75c; cheap at \$1.00.

One bale White Plaid Horse Blankets, \$1.00; cheap at \$1.50.

One bale of the boss Horse Blankets, \$1.40; cheap at \$1.75.

One case of Gents' Scarlet Underwear, 84c; reduced from \$1.00. Remember we are selling Gentlemen's Scarlet Underwear at this low price—not Ladies'.

BACH & ABEL.

THE CITY.

James Brown; drunk; 30 days; Justice Fineau; Jan. 20.

Prof. M. L. D Ooge lectured in Detroit last evening on "Life in Greece."

Mary W., wife of Eli S. Manley, of the Fifth ward, died Jan. 19, aged 47 years.

Miss Helen Clayton and Mr. Suzuki joined the Unitarian church last Sunday.

Nellie, daughter of Thomas and Maud K-y, of Delhi, died Jan. 23, aged three months.

The White News, of Chicago, has a new and very pretty heading designed by I. K. Pond, formerly of Ann Arbor.

On Tuesday Judge Kinne granted a decree for \$1522.55, in a foreclosure case of Michael Dieterle vs John G. Horning.

A five-year-old daughter of Peter Peterson, of Miller-ave, died last week Wednesday of diphtheria, and was buried on the same day.

Tracy Hai-kell, of Detroit, brother of Mrs. Geo. L. Moore, of Ann Arbor, died of intumescence of the lungs, in Detroit, Sunday evening.

James Conley; earned a little money in Ypsilanti; spent it for whisky in Ann Arbor; very drunk; county jail 30 days; Justice Pond; Monday morning.

Miss Grace Hiltz sang at the M. E. church Sunday morning. The church was crowded, although it was not generally known what a treat was in store.

The incorporators of the Ann Arbor mutual fire insurance company meet at the office of John J. Robison, 10 E*st Huron-st, Friday evening next at 7:30, to elect officers.

They are selling the chairs in the M. E. Sunday school room for 50 cents each, and the purchaser of a chair can have his name placed on it. One young man says it's pure chair-ity.

Ella Wilson, colored, made an assault on Stmha Ellis, also colored. Martha had a bonnet which Ella longed to demolish. She did it, and paid costs before Justice Pond Jan. 17.

About 70 Baptist people, with their baskets well ailed with things good, walked into Paul Snauble's new house on Division-st, Tuesday evening, and asked that astonished gentleman where his cellar and kitchen were. They had a good time.

Prof. Henry Wade Rogers had about 50 to hear his lecture on Judaism, two weeks ago. Last Sunday there were nearly 200 who listened to his lecture on Mohammedanism, and it is expected that, next Sunday the whole M. E. congregation will remain to his closing lecture on Christianity.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Miss Lon Tatt left for Chicago last Saturday.

Mr. Morris Pack has returned from a visit near Manchester.

Mrs. Dr. A. L. Worden has returned to her home in Das Moines, Iowa.

City treasurer Myron Green, of Lansing, was in Ann Arbor Monday.

A load of young people surprised Patrick Tuotney, Wednesday evening.

F. A. Foster, of the telephone exchange, of Detroit, was in the city Sunday.

A leap-year party will be given Friday eve at M. C. Sheehan's on State-st.

Miss Anderson and Miss Allie Eckliff, of Detroit, are visiting Miss Emily Smith.

Densmore Cramer was 49 years old Sunday, and it was celebrated appropriately.

Progressive euchre party at W. F. Stimson's on W. Huron-st last Thursday evening.

Evert H. Scott expected to attend the forestry convention in Grand Rapids this week.

Miss D'. Jennie Watts, who has been in New York for some months, returned last week.

Duncan McMillan has entered the employ of Lawrence & Coaipany of Detroit, as sales agent.

George W. Millen was summoned to Farwell, Monday. His brother, Edward, was very low.

Emil Baur expected to attend the forestry convention in Grand Rapids today and tomorrow.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Benham and child, of Hamburg, are visiting Mrs. B's father, George Jacobus.

A leap-year masquerade will be given to-night, at Hangsterfer's hall, by some of the young ladies.

C. G. Allmendinger, for the past three years of Milwaukee, returned to Ann Arbor last Friday.

Mr. Royer will have a telephone at his residence, corner of Ann and Division sts. Telephone No. 37.

Mrs. and Miss Voltz, of Buffalo, N. Y., arrived on Tuesday to spend a few days with Mr. Rev. Sohmid.

Miss Moore and Miss Hubbard, of Toledo, visited Miss Jeannette Claffin of Division-st, Saturday and Sunday.

Father Dewig, of Northfield parish, has been removed to Jackson, and the priest from Paw Paw has taken his place.

Fred. Wallace and wife, of Chattanooga, Tenn., have been called to Ann Arbor by the sickness of Miss Minnie Henley.

A sleigh-ride leap-year party went out to Henry Paul's, in Pittsfield township, last evening, and had a good dance.

There will be a musicale and literary entertainment given by the Land League in their hall over Bach & Abel's this evening.

J. Q. A. Sessions and wife took advantage of the good sleighing and spent Saturday and Sunday in and around Ypsilanti.

Mrs. N. D. Cochran, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Moore, of Division st, returned to Toledo today.

A sleigh-ride leap-year party of twenty young people went out to William Grove's residence in Northfield last Friday evening, where they danced till a late hour.

General Latimer, of Lansing, who was in attendance on the missionary conference Tuesday and Wednesday, made THE RROISTER a call, and greeted many acquaintances and friends in Ann Arbor.

C. D. Hendrickson, who has been visiting his parents in Ann Arbor since Christmas, returned to his home in Smith Center, Kansas, Monday, where he will again engage in the real estate business.

Rev. Dr. Steele goes to Detroit on Saturday to fill the pulpit of the Central Presbyterian church on Sabbath, whose pastor, Rev. Mr. Dickie, supplies the pulpit of the Presbyterian church in Ann Arbor.

J. Q. Barrows, of Windsor, Mo., is visiting Charles Godfrey, of Ann Arbor. He has lived in Missouri for 30 years, but says that this is the "prettiest winter" he has seen in many years, and he has spent it in Michigan. In Missouri, before Christmas, the mercury went down to 12° below zero!

Prof. de Pont who has the drilling of the dramatic club, and in this practical way has done much toward cultivating and educating a taste for the drama among the members of the organization, U himself an old hand at the art, and in balmly France once played the leading role in the Mystic Bell of Ronquerelles, that the Dramatic club will play at the opera house February 4.

An "old-time leap-year dance" will be given by the Nil Dicit club at Nickel's hall tomorrow evening. "Candles lighted at 8 p. m. Candles snuffed at 1 a. m." The "lookout committee" will be composed of Misses A. McLaren, Elsie Hallock May Wing, Grace Seabolt, Florence Benham, Iva Gregg. The cotillion managers are Misses Jennie Shadford, Belle McLaren, and Nellie Seabolt.

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C. G. Allmendinger, for the past three years of Milwaukee, returned to Ann Arbor last Friday.

Mr. Royer will have a telephone at his residence, corner of Ann and Division sts. Telephone No. 37.

Mrs. and Miss Voltz, of Buffalo, N. Y., arrived on Tuesday to spend a few days with Mr. Rev. Sohmid.

Miss Moore and Miss Hubbard, of Toledo, visited Miss Jeannette Claffin of Division-st, Saturday and Sunday.

Father Dewig, of Northfield parish, has been removed to Jackson, and the priest from Paw Paw has taken his place.

Fred. Wallace and wife, of Chattanooga, Tenn., have been called to Ann Arbor by the sickness of Miss Minnie Henley.

A sleigh-ride leap-year party went out to Henry Paul's, in Pittsfield township, last evening, and had a good dance.

There will be a musicale and literary entertainment given by the Land League in their hall over Bach & Abel's this evening.

J. Q. A. Sessions and wife took advantage of the good sleighing and spent Saturday and Sunday in and around Ypsilanti.

Mrs. N. D. Cochran, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Moore, of Division st, returned to Toledo today.

A sleigh-ride leap-year party of twenty young people went out to William Grove's residence in Northfield last Friday evening, where they danced till a late hour.

General Latimer, of Lansing, who was in attendance on the missionary conference Tuesday and Wednesday, made THE RROISTER a call, and greeted many acquaintances and friends in Ann Arbor.

C. D. Hendrickson, who has been visiting his parents in Ann Arbor since Christmas, returned to his home in Smith Center, Kansas, Monday, where he will again engage in the real estate business.

Rev. Dr. Steele goes to Detroit on Saturday to fill the pulpit of the Central Presbyterian church on Sabbath, whose pastor, Rev. Mr. Dickie, supplies the pulpit of the Presbyterian church in Ann Arbor.

J. Q. Barrows, of Windsor, Mo., is visiting Charles Godfrey, of Ann Arbor. He has lived in Missouri for 30 years, but says that this is the "prettiest winter" he has seen in many years, and he has spent it in Michigan. In Missouri, before Christmas, the mercury went down to 12° below zero!

Prof. de Pont who has the drilling of the dramatic club, and in this practical way has done much toward cultivating and educating a taste for the drama among the members of the organization, U himself an old hand at the art, and in balmly France once played the leading role in the Mystic Bell of Ronquerelles, that the Dramatic club will play at the opera house February 4.

An "old-time leap-year dance" will be given by the Nil Dicit club at Nickel's hall tomorrow evening. "Candles lighted at 8 p. m. Candles snuffed at 1 a. m." The "lookout committee" will be composed of Misses A. McLaren, Elsie Hallock May Wing, Grace Seabolt, Florence Benham, Iva Gregg. The cotillion managers are Misses Jennie Shadford, Belle McLaren, and Nellie Seabolt.

Coming Events.

"Mystic Bell of Ronquerelles," Feb. 4.

"My Aunt Bridget" at the opera-house, Jan. 28.

Rev. Dr. Jackson, of Bloomington, Ill, will preach in the Baptist church next Sunday.

Mrs. Noble, the excellent elocutionist, assisted by Amphion club, in Ladies' library building, Feb. 2.

Dr. H. C. Adams will deliver an address entitled our National Surplus before the political science association, in room 24, on Monday, Jan 27, at 8 p. m.

At the meeting of the Washtenaw pomological society, Feb. 4, at 2 p. m., Prof. M. W. Harrington will talk about some climatic results of removing forests. Mr. Ball*in will talk on fruit exchange.

At Unity club next Monday evening a paper on Michael Angelo's Last Judgment will be read by Mrs. E. R. Sunderland, P.O. K. L. Walter will give a paper on Victor Hugo, the novelist, and Miss Elsie Jones will read an original story.

Rev. J. T. Sunderland will exohange pulpits next Sunday with Dr. Rexford, of Detroit. Dr. Rexford's subject in the evening will be that which Mr. Sunderland has advertised in his series of discourses on religious problems, viz. "In what sense is Jesus a Savior?"

MISSIONARY CONFERENCE.

St. Andrew's Church and Hobart Ball the Scene of a Fine Gathering.

On Tuesday forenoon, the semi-annual missionary meeting of the Episcopal diocese of Michigan was held in the St. Andrew's church. A number of delegates were present and members of this parish. The morning prayer and communion were conducted by Rev. Samuel Earp and Bishop Harris, while Bishop Gillespie preached the sermon, taking as his text the inquiry, "Lord, are there few that be saved?" The bishop believe that it applies to this fallen world. There are some who deserve everlasting condemnation. Although he recognized the extent of heathendom, where Christ was unknown, and the wickedness prevalent in so-called Christian lands, yet he was hopeful, and he made a strong appeal to the people to carry the gospel.

The afternoon session was held in Hobart hall, and Bishop Harris presided, Bishop Gillespie also sitting on the platform. Rev. G. Mott Williams was made secretary. Rev. J. H. Johuson, of Christ church, Detroit, read a paper on Relation of convocations to diocesan missions, which was well discussed. Rev. G. Mott Williams, of St. George church, Detroit, advocated that each convocation take in charge the missionary work of its district.

Rev. Mr. McLean, of St. Luke's church, Ypsilanti, read a paper relating to missionary work in small places about us. A statement in it that of the COO students in the Normal school, mostly coming from rural districts, orjy 10 hid received religious instruction in Episcopal churches, struck the conference forcibly, and Bishop Harris called for discussion concerning it. Ex Auditor General Latimer, lay delegate from Lansing, read a report stating that a farmer in Ingham county had at his own expense erected an Episcopal chapel and now carried on services there and a Sunday school, and was thus doing much good. Rev. Samuel Earp (poke of the necessity of rectors having good and devoted lay helpers to send out to rural places where Episcopal services could be profitably carried on. This brought out a long discussion.

On Tuesday evening, Rev. Dr. Bunn, of Brooklyn, N. Y., addressed the conference on Missionary work in China. Dr. Bunn has been a medial missionary in China, and gave a vivid account of the several mission stations. He closed by pointing out what a noble and heroic life the missionary field opened for the young man.

Among the prominent delegates present during the day, besides those already mentioned, were Rev. J. N. Blanchard, of St. John's church, Detroit; Rev. S. W. Frisbie, of St. James church, Detroit; Rev. R. B. Balcono, of St. Paul's church, Jackson; Rev. R. D. Brook, of Monroe; Rev. John McCarroll, of Grace church, Detroit; Rev. W. F. Bagley-Jones, Hillsdale; Rev. A. B. Flower, Brooklyng, Rev. E. W. Flower, Bay City; Rev. J. F. Conover, Owosso; Col. J. -M. Sterling, Monroe; and H. P. Baldwin, jr., of Detroit.

Yesterday the conference listened to a paper on Scjie'y for the propagation of the gospel and the American church, by Rev. G. Mott Williams, of Detroit. Rev. Samuel Earp, of Ann Arbor, read a paper on Financial methods in missionary work. Rev. Ebenezer Thompson, of East Saginaw, presented the subject of Parish Guilds and other organizations.

In the afternoon a long discussion, led by Col. Sterling, of Detroit, was on the subject of Sunday-school work.

Over thirty clergymen were present at the meetings, besides a number of lay delegates. It has been a successful conference.

Banquet to a Grand High Priest.

At the Franklin house last Thursday evening, about 50 Ann Arbor gentlemen sat down to a banquet given in honor of B. F. Watts, who had just been made grand high priest at the annual meeting of the grand chapter of Royal Arch Masons in Grand Rapids. J. L. Stone, mine host, acted as toast-master.

A. J. Sawyer made the complimentary address to the guest of the evening.

W. G. Doty, grand captain general, spoke for the "Grand commandery." Dr. W. W. Nichols responded for the Ann Arbor commandery; Chas. E. Hiscock for Waghtenaw chapter No. G; W. W. Watts for the Golden Rule lodge; E. B. Abel for Fraternity lodge. Speeches were also made by Dr. J. E. Wood, J. T. Jacob, Dr. W. B. Smith, E. W. Moore, I p' Handy, Dr. J. L. Rose, L. D. Wines, J. A. Gates, T. Taylor, S. S. Blitz, J. R. Miner, and K. H. J. Clark.

A pleasant feature of the evening was the presentation of an elegant high priest jewel to Chas. K. Hiscock, high priest for Washtenaw chapter for the preceding year. L. C. Goodrich made the presentation speech, to which Mr. Hiscock responded appropriately. The evening's enjoyment was brought to a close when Auld Lang Syne was sung by D. C. Fall L. D. Wines, and J. E. Mutschell.

What ia Thought of Her Playing.

The Chicago Times, in describing the Chamber concert given in Madison-st theatre, Jan. 1G, pays Miss Julia Caruthers, of Ann Arbor, a fine compliment. It says: "She is very plainly a artist who studies closely the inspiration and meaning of the composers. She displays excellent technic with both right and left hand, in passages particularly well." The Chicago News, in its report of the same concert at which Miss Oaruthere played, says of her: "A* Miss Oaruthere appears likely to be heard from hereafter, n is appear to say that in person and in manner at the piano she bears a striking resemblance to Mme Rive-King. She has the same repose, the same implicit confidence in the success of her performance, and the same atmosphere of simplicity. Her playing was masterly for so young a pianist—artistic in the best sense. With continued study she should make one of the best artists this country has produced." The Elite News of Chicago also praises Miss Caruthers' performance at that concert.

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