

THE ANN ARBOR REGISTER.

VOL. XVII. NO. 7.

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1891.

WHOLE NO. 842.

FRUITFUL DISCUSSION.

MEETING OF THE WASHTENAW FARMERS' ASSOCIATION.

Interesting Paper by Geo. McDougal—Remarks by Messrs. Ball, Peters, Campbell, Nordman, Baldwin and Others—Pomological Meeting.

The Washtenaw Farmers' Association met in the court house on Thursday afternoon last. Delegates from eighteen organizations were present. In the absence of the president, Morton F. Case occupied the chair. After some preliminary business had been completed, the managing committee reported that the proposed two-per-cent loan to farmers had been selected as the topic for discussion. Geo. McDougal was the essayist of the day. He introduced the subject with the assertion that trade and industry should not be placed under governmental aid or restriction, but should take a purely natural course. This principle, he held, would be violated should the proposed two-per-cent loan law be enacted. This, he said, "A proposition so preposterous, notwithstanding the considerable weight of its friends and supporters, that not a few in the highest standing have deemed it only worthy of contempt. But the position of the Farmers' Alliance and the National Grange on the question compels us as farmers to a serious consideration of the subject, both as individuals and in our organizations. The action of Michigan State Grange in opposing the scheme is a credit both to the courage and the good sense of that body, and as the moral obliquity of the measure is well set forth in the report of its executive committee, I will confine myself to an examination of what pertains more strictly to its economic side, and for the sake of making the argument as clear as may be will divide the question thus: 1st—What is the government asked to do? 2d—How, if done, must the government do it? 3d—If done, what would be the economic effect? 1. The demand is that the government establish sub-treasuries in the several states, which shall loan money direct to the people at a low rate of interest, not to exceed two per cent, and that all national and state revenues shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the government, economically and honestly administered. It is not stated in the resolution whether or not in this limited revenue to be economically and honestly administered is included the amount to be loaned at not more than two per cent, but if not, the government is asked to loan what it has not got, and is debared by the resolution from getting. And the second question presents itself, How is the government to fill these sub-treasuries? Governments have never been very successful producers of any exchangeable commodities. They have been regarded as especially fortunate and thrifty in any commercial transaction where ends were found to meet. The only way for capital to find its way into these sub-treasuries is for the government to borrow at the market price and place it there, take it by force in taxes, or issue its own promises in the shape of treasury notes, and force their acceptance. I have no hesitation in saying that of the three methods for raising the necessary funds, that by direct taxation on incomes and on accumulated capital would be far the best; but because the nature of the plan could be easily seen and understood, there is no danger of its ever being put in operation. The same may be said of borrowing on the part of the government, even at the lowest rate it now pays, and relending it at a less rate. It would be readily seen in either case that the strong hand of the government was reaching out and filling its treasuries from the savings of the people for the benefit of those who were in debt. The plan of issuing legal tender notes and loaning them, therefore, is the favorite one, not because it is in any respect better but because the evil and injustice are not so plain. In the plan of issuing notes, everything would depend upon the attitude of the government toward its own notes. If they were redeemable and kept at par by redemption on presentation, the amount issued would be so restricted that there would be practically nothing to lend. If they were not redeemable, and were issued in large amounts, their value would rapidly change for the worse. Of course, debtors would then be permitted to pay easily in depreciated currency, but all the transactions of trade would be plunged into a chaos of uncertainty. The sole benefit to any from a depreciated currency is to fortunate speculators and to debtors. I now come to the examination of the effect it would have upon agriculture if farmers were to have capital at two per cent, or less, at their disposal. In the report of the finance committee of the Michigan State Grange, referring to the past silver legislation, the committee says: Beneficial as this law has been and will be, the present universal financial stringency which

prevails in this country demonstrates to a certainty that the relief afforded by the bill is insufficient. You will perceive that this committee is laboring under the delusion that a financial stringency is something which it is the province of government to eradicate like piracy from the high seas. This very irregularity in production and consumption, together with the dispositions in men themselves, make it inevitable that trade should ebb and flow, and the stringency in the money market is the result of and serves to regulate these movements. In times when loanable capital is to be had on easy terms, trade and production expand faster in many directions than the general economic condition will justify. The demand for money increases at such times, the price of loanable capital rises and checks speculation, and brings those enterprises which have had an abnormal expansion back within their relatively proper limits. From various causes, many of them too well known to you to need mention, too much capital is invested in agricultural pursuits. Relief from such a condition comes far more slowly in farming than in manufacture and trade. The manufacturer and tradesman, when confronted with this problem, well understand that they must either find a wider market or reduce the volume of their business. The same rule applies to agriculture. What folly then to think of relieving it of its present congested state by forcing more capital into it through the aid of the general government. If the scheme were practicable it would, under surrounding circumstances, simply aggravate the disorder and delay recovery."

A lively discussion followed the reading of the paper. Andrew Campbell, the first speaker, said that if farmers are to influence public opinion they must get away from the idea of looking at things from the selfish standpoint only. They must cease making demands which in the nature of things cannot be granted. It is true that, owing to the contraction of the currency, the debtor class has been wronged, but the sub-treasury scheme could not remedy this evil. E. A. Nordman called attention to the fact that every agricultural and industrial organization in the United States has declared that more money is needed. One of our conservative financiers, who does not believe in the two-per-cent. loan, says we are to get this by means of free coinage of silver. But the executive committee of the state grange contends that the silver production of the whole United States cannot keep pace with the population. It therefore becomes necessary to resort to some other scheme. The government cannot cause money to circulate among the people unless means are provided for them to get possession of it. This might be accomplished by issuing notes upon landed property. Mr. Nordman did not, however, endorse Senator Stanford's bill, because from that the corporations would derive the greatest benefit.

G. A. Peters astonished his hearers by the assertion that he was opposed to a two-per-cent loan. For twenty-eight years, he said, the government had been lending money to the bankers at one per cent, and it was time that the farmers had equal advantages. He did not think that rich men would rush in and avail themselves of the loan privilege, for, said he, "who ever heard of a rich man paying interest?"

Ex-Senator William Ball, who was the next speaker, thought that there was already enough money in the country. The question is, is there not too large an amount of produce for the consumers? Then again, is not the depression due rather to the absorption than to the lack of money? Said he, "I don't understand that the lack of money has much to do with it, for the reason that we have money enough to move business." The two-per-cent loan, he held, would not apply to those who need it, and hence was not only impracticable but useless. He thought that farmers would be better off if they would pay stricter attention to their business.

A lively discussion ensued, in which Messrs. Nordman, Ball and Peters participated. The latter took occasion to attack the national banks, saying that the government had no right to delegate to them the sovereign power of issuing money. It had been asserted by previous speakers that if the two-per-cent loan were adopted, the government would, through foreclosure, soon have a large quantity of farming land on its hands, but Mr. Peters claimed, in reply, that the farmers, by means of the two-per-cent loans, would become so prosperous that they could easily lift their mortgages.

Henry Stumpfenhusen thought that farmers had been too extravagant in the flush times, thus contracting debts which might have been avoided. S. Gridley said that the last speaker had spoken from the money-loaner's standpoint. He thought that it was the duty of the government to help the debtor class.

William Ball called attention to the fact that interest has decreased during the past twenty-five years.

Mr. Peters, argued, in reply, that debts, nevertheless, were much more burdensome now than they were just after the war.

Jas. Wing thought the times were not so very bad, after all. Farmers had a good deal to be thankful for. Horace Baldwin asserted that the two-per-cent loan bill was framed in the interest of monopolists. The government, he held, should not take mortgages on any tracts of land larger than eighty acres.

S. Gridley thought it would be unwise for the government to tax the people in order to obtain money to loan back to them, and John Campbell ended the discussion by taking strong ground against the two-per-cent loan scheme.

Pomological Meeting.

Emil Baur, secretary of the Washtenaw Pomological Society, submits the following report: "The February meeting was of unusual interest. President J. Austin Scott, who had just returned from the inauguration of his son to the presidency of Rutgers College, one of the oldest colleges of the country, chartered in 1870 by Gov. Wm. Franklin of New Jersey (since 1884 by an act of Congress the State college for the benefit of agriculture and mechanic arts became attached to Rutgers College) was in the chair full of youthful vigor and good will toward every one. After the reading of the minutes of last meeting, a letter by C. F. Parshall was read, containing a statement of expenses incurred by transportation of berries by the Ann Arbor fruit car and a request by Mr. Parshall to be relieved from the chairman-ship of the committee on transportation. J. C. Schenck was added to the committee and intrusted with the charge to find out the shipments of those who shipped with this car. To make the burden easier for Mr. Schenck, all the shippers with the Ann Arbor fruit car by freight are requested to report the number of bushels shipped to L. Gruner and pay two cents per bushel to cover expenses. A letter by W. F. Bird was read, in which he very much regretted his inability to be present, on account of an attack by influenza, and asked that his report on fruit exchange might be deferred to next meeting. The corresponding secretary read a petition to the legislature of the state, in which that honorable body is requested to enact such laws as will give to the state a uniform system for the improvement of the highways by the appointment of a state commissioner of roads and bridges, who should be an engineer, and by building of some roads between the large cities and villages by general taxation or by any measure that honorable body may devise. After a very animated discussion the petition was adopted and signed by the officers and members of the society and other citizens. G. F. Allmendinger's address on adulteration of fruit products received a very hearty response, and a series of resolutions were adopted asking the representatives and senator from this county to use their influence in the legislature to create a food commission, as Ohio, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa and other states have done. The people of this state are paying many thousands of dollars yearly for adulterated fruit products which are sold for one reason only, to allow some one an unreasonable and undeserved profit. The sale of such products is an outrage upon the producer and consumer alike. It hurts every farmer and fruit grower especially, and the cost of supporting a commission which will relieve the people of the extortions practiced will be saved many times, besides providing a purer food supply, the value of which cannot be estimated by dollars and cents. Stuff which never saw an apple, sold for cider vinegar, and bogus jellies, manufactured by the most noxious methods, should be branded by their true name. The corresponding secretary read a paper on the origin of the so-called Sichel pear, proving that this pear was misnamed. The benefactor who gave us this highest type of the American pear was a German by the name of Sichel, who raised this pear tree from seed at Baltimore, Md., and that this pear should be called Sichel, or, if this name should be translated into English, Sickle would be more proper. There is no such name as Sichel in all Christendom. The writer saw a tree at Economy, Pa., obtained about seventy years ago from Mr. Sichel, of Baltimore. Mr. Ganzhorn remarked that it was desirable to address Thos. Mehan, of Philadelphia, who claims that the pear in question originated in Pennsylvania by a Mr. Seckel, and if Mr. Sichel was really the originator the American Pomological Society should be requested to change the name of this pear. Herman Markham had a fine exhibit of fifteen varieties of potatoes, which were of the finest kinds grown. His interesting and very instructive discourse on the special virtues of the different varieties and on the culture of this much desired fruit of the earth received a vote of thanks by the society. J. J. Parshall gave notice that the name pomological should be changed to horticultural at the next meeting. This change, he thinks, would induce many horticulturists to join our society."

RESULT OF MAYOR'S BALLOT.

The total vote up to Wednesday evening was as follows:

J. T. Jacobs	10
S. W. Beakes	7
S. F. Allmendinger	6
L. J. Lessemmer	6
Wm. Biggs	6
David Kinsey	4
C. H. Maule	4
John Moore	3
Judge Hartman	3
N. W. Cheever	3
E. B. Pond	2
Col. H. S. Dean	2
F. Schmitt	1
Prof. H. N. Chute	1
Prof. B. M. Thompson	1
Edward Treadwell	1
Prof. Perry	1
Philip Bach	1
Major Wm. N. Stevens	1
J. J. Goodyear	1
M. E. Cooley	1
Alpheus Felch	1
Thomas J. Seckel	1
I. Gruner	1
W. R. Price	1
E. F. Mills	1
S. A. Moran	1
C. Mack	1
J. Schmitt	1
J. F. Lawrence	1
Z. Roth	1
Total vote	85

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Prof. Alexander Winchell is seriously ill. W. W. Whedon was in Jackson Tuesday.

John J. Robison went to Hillsdale on Tuesday.

Arthur E. Hawkes has returned from Plainwell.

Mrs. G. W. Millen is visiting her parents in Concord.

Mrs. E. M. Irish is spending some weeks in Kalamazoo.

Prof. John Dewey left Tuesday evening for New York City.

H. G. Prettyman has been spending a few days in Chicago.

John E. Marble has been suddenly called to Los Angeles, Cal.

Albert Hirth, of Grand Rapids, has been visiting Philip Krause.

O. E. Jones, of Milan, was in Ann Arbor last Saturday and Sunday.

Robert Mann, of East Tawas, has been visiting his brothers in this city.

Walter Mack left Sunday evening for Denver and other western points.

L. C. Noble, of Pittsburg, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. N. W. Cheever.

Miss Rena Davis, of Owosso, made Miss Bertha Cristman a short visit last week.

John Goetz and daughter attended the funeral of a relative at Owosso this week.

Mrs. Wm. Arnold went to Detroit, last week, to attend the funeral of a relative.

Michael Ryan, of the Michigan Central, has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Ed. Clancy.

Mrs. E. D. Fletcher leaves next Saturday for Clifton Springs, N. Y., to visit her mother.

Fred A. Maynard spent a short time with his parents, Tuesday, on his return from New York.

Harvey Bannister and wife have returned from Owosso and Saginaw, where they visited their sons.

Mrs. John Kelley and Miss Farley, of Marshall, attended the funeral of Mrs. John Smith on Monday.

Hon. W. W. Cummer, wife and daughter, of Cadillac, were the guests of Mrs. Quigley, of Church-st, last week.

Miss May Wing left Tuesday for Detroit to attend the governor's levee. She will be the guest of Mrs. Charles Woodward.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Howard, James and John Coleman, of Detroit, attended the funeral of Mrs. John Smith on Monday.

Lewis McLouth, president of South Dakota Agricultural college, spent a few days last week with his brother-in-law, A. M. Doty.

Chas. I. Potter and wife, of Niles, Mich. spent Tuesday in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Moran. They were on their way to New York City, where they will reside hereafter.

J. C. Taylor, Jr. and wife spent Sunday with the former's parents, at 90 Broadway. They are with the Andrews Opera company this season, and as the company is now touring through Michigan, they hope to play in Ann Arbor before long.

Dr. Gibbs' Cure.

The consumption cure of which Dr. Heneage Gibbs, of this city, is the author, is attracting much attention throughout the country. The experiments so far made in Detroit have proved very successful. No applications of the remedy will be made in Ann Arbor until a room can be fitted up for the purpose. In order to apply the cure, it is necessary to have an air-tight place, where the atmosphere may be filled with chlorine gas and chloride of sodium, in the form of vapor. The remedy itself consists of iodine and chloride of gold and sodium. It has the effect of neutralizing the poison which causes consumption. One of its merits is that it involves no danger to life.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following licenses were granted during the past week:
Elmer Smith, York
Nattie George, York
Hiram Day, Sumpter
Hattie Smoogras, Augusta

OUR 25 CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements, such as To Rent, For Sale and Wants, not exceeding three lines, can be inserted three weeks for 25 cents.

WANTED.

WANTED—A nice Boy to learn photograph business. H. Randall.

WANTED—AT ONCE—Young Lady to play for Gymnastic Class, in exchange for lessons. Inquire at 46 South Ingalls-st.

WANTED—A few more Pupils of Violin. Beginners only. Terms reasonable. Inquire at 46 South Ingalls-st.

WANTED—\$1,500 to Loan, for a term of years; security given on good business property in this city. J. Q. A. Sessions, Agent.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—House in Second Ward, 2 Houses on Whitmore Lake road, and 3 brick Stores and frame building on N. Main-st. Occupied respectively, as grocery, saloon and barbershop. Inquire of Executors of James Kilson estate, 21 Geddes avenue.

FOR SALE—Horse, Phaeton and Cutter. Inquire at 26 Williams st, or at my office, No. 5 N. Main-st. J. Q. A. Sessions.

FOR SALE—Flour and Saw Mills in California. Location unsurpassed for health and investment. N. H. Chamberlain, 22 Madison-st, Ann Arbor, Mich.

FOR SALE—House, barn and one acre of land, on best street in 14th Ward. \$250 down, balance at six per cent. J. R. B., 22 S. State-st.

FOR SALE—Farm for sale or exchange for city property. Inquire at 34 Thompson-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—507 acre farm, good buildings, near depot—50 m. to Washington, \$10 per acre. Address U. O. Bunting, Gutneys, Caroline Co., Va.

FOR SALE—Eighty-acre Farm; good soil and comfortable buildings half mile from Baldwin, county seat of Lake county, Mich. Good school, two railroads, roller grist mill, etc. Price, \$800; one-quarter down, balance \$100 per year. Address lock box 57, or inquire of Emmett Coon, Hamilton Park, Ann Arbor.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—House on West Liberty-st. Price, \$1.50 per week. Inquire at Eber White's place.

FOR RENT—Two Flats, and several suites of rooms, in the new Sager block, 20 S. State-st. Inquire at 18 S. State.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IF YOU WISH to secure a remunerative position, write to The People's Building, Loan and Savings Association, of Geneva, N. Y. They wish to secure an agent to work for them here. The Banking Department endorses their plan.

LOST—A Lady's Silver Watch and Chain. Finder please leave it at 18 S. University-ave.

LOST—February 3d, between Oaklin's Pharmacy, State-st, and the Register office, a Ladies' Silver Watch, attached to gold fob, with blood stone and corallion setting. Please return to Oaklin's store, or this office.

INSTRUCTIONS in Pastel, Charcoal, Crayon and Oil Paintings, by Mrs. J. H. Mowers, at 25 Spring-st. Terms, fifty cents per lesson of three hours. Examine work a Blank's.

BEING desirous of living near the University, I offer in exchange for a residence in the City of Ann Arbor, a fine home in the enterprising city of Battle Creek, beautifully and conveniently located on Jefferson-st, 199 and worth about \$2,000. Address or call on Russell C. Reeve, Dexter, Mich.

USE CENTRAL MILLS Buckwheat Flour, the best in the world. If your grocer does not keep it in stock, send your order to the mill. Allmendinger & Schmid.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—The desirable property known as "Oak View," Miller-ave, Ann Arbor. Nice ten-room frame dwelling, barn, other out-buildings (nearly new), best well water, soft water in house, 2 1/2 acres of land, good assortment of fruit, seven minutes from Courthouse, fine location. Apply soon—F. O. box 1700, or on premises. C. Geo. Liddell.

THE MEHLIN PIANO.

—Very Highest Grade.—

ALLMENDINGER PIANO AND ORGAN CO., General Agents.

The Mehlin Piano

MERITS EXAMINATION.

ALLMENDINGER PIANO AND ORGAN CO., General Agents.

—THE MEHLIN PIANO—

Prices Reasonable.

Quality Highest.

ALLMENDINGER PIANO AND ORGAN CO., General Agents.

THE MEHLIN PIANO.

Do not let prejudice prevent an Examination.

ALLMENDINGER PIANO & ORGAN CO., General Agent.

The Mehlin Piano!

EVERY KNOWN IMPROVEMENT.

ALLMENDINGER PIANO AND ORGAN CO., General Agents.

—THE MEHLIN PIANO—

ALLMENDINGER PIANO & ORGAN CO., Gen. Wholesale and Retail Agents, ANN ARBOR, MICH.

THE MEHLIN PIANO.

Guaranteed Six Years.

ALLMENDINGER PIANO & ORGAN CO., General Agents.

—The Mehlin Piano—

Manufactured by a Company whose Capital is \$500,000.00.

ALLMENDINGER PIANO & ORGAN CO., General Agents.

The Store LAST CALL!

300

CLOAKS!

1/2

—PRICE!—

All our early Spring Wash and Woolen Dress Goods ready for sale.

Mack & Schmid

FEBRUARY 9TH, 1891.

By actual count we have only

Thirty-Five Men's Overcoats

in stock, to sell from \$10.00 up, and

THEY MUST GO!

IF PRICES will do it.

SELL CHEAP, and the People will buy.

GREAT CUT in Men's and Children's Suits.

J. T. JACOBS & CO.

The Mammoth Clothiers and Hatters.

WE INVENTORY FEBRUARY 1st, AND HAVE SOME ODD SIZES, BROKEN DOZENS NICE CLEAN, FRESH GOODS, THAT YOU CAN BUY AT VERY LOW PRICES. WANT TO GET THEM OUT OF THE WAY.

GOODSPEED'S Double Store.

SPECIAL

A lot of Chamber Suits, Tables, Chairs, etc., that should have been here three weeks ago are rolling in in immense quantities, the choicest patterns on which Grand Rapids manufacturers were over-sold. I cannot carry them through the Summer, and they must be moved now.

CASH

Will catch a Bargain. I confess I want your money, but I will make it pay you to leave it with me.

W. G. DIETERLE.

N. B.—Just in, a lot of nice Coverings, and I am prepared to do your Upholstering thoroughly and in first-class style.

No. 37 South Main Street.

W. G. DIETERLE

THE REGISTER.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1891.

NEIGHBORHOOD NOTES.

Manchester is to have a singing school. A Chelsea cat weighs fourteen pounds. Saline young people will dance tomorrow night.

A lilac twig, with well developed buds, is to be seen in Saline.

Several new residences will be erected in Dexter next spring.

Eight tramps slept in the Dexter jail one night not long ago.

The rope table and rope ornament craze has struck Chelsea.

The Southern Mutual Fire Insurance Company has 272 members.

One firm in Stockbridge shipped 12,000 bushels of beans last year.

Playing cards within the village limits of Stockbridge is forbidden.

A farmers' institute will be held at Tecumseh next week Thursday.

The Chelsea flouring mills run on Mondays, Fridays and Saturdays.

Chelsea has a gymnasium which is attended by seventy-five persons.

A gang of turkey thieves are exciting the ire of the farmers near Mooreville.

The Saline Farmers' club meets tomorrow at the residence of Geo. W. Shaw.

Welch Post, of Ann Arbor, is securing some wild cherry canes in Pittsfield.

There are just 160 more students in the Normal school than in any previous year.

The congregation of St. James church, Dexter, played tiddletwinks last Friday evening.

A North Lake man can up an oak tree recently and secured from it nine cords of wood.

C. F. Hill and R. W. Mills have been elected trustees of the Saline Presbyterian church.

Sixty-five couples attended the assembly held given last week by the Dexter Social Club.

Dexter Methodists will give the "Deestrick Skule" on the twentieth of this month.

A farmers' institute for Livingston county will be held at Howell, February 16th and 17th.

A lawsuit between the principal and one of the pupils of the Mooreville school was on the docket last week.

Gambling is carried on to some extent in Ypsilanti, and the people are considering ways and means of getting rid of it.

Two members of Fraternity Grange, Henry Stumpenhouen and S. P. Ballard, have been carrying on a spirited debate.

Livingston county spent \$27.53 for sparrow scalp during the month of January. Washtenaw spends more than that every week.

Alber Hoffman, a farmer near Stockbridge, recently found a tramp in his hay while pitching some to his stock.

The tramp wanted something to eat, but Mrs. Hoffman refused unless the tramp would leave his revolver outside.

This he refused to do. That night Mr. Hoffman's barn was burned and he thinks the tramp did it.—Chelsea Standard.

The third lecture of the C. M. B. A. course, under the auspices of St. Joseph's church, Dexter, will be held Thursday evening, February 19th.

The speaker will be Right Rev. J. J. Foley, of Detroit. The business men's quartette, of Ann Arbor, composed of Messrs. Alvin Wilsey, Dewitt Fall, Eugene Mutchel and B. St. James, will furnish the musical program for the occasion.

The subject of the lecture will be "Church Unity."

It is sixty years since the original plat of the village of Jacksonburg was filed with the county clerk at Ann Arbor, which was then the county seat for Jackson and Washtenaw.

Only sixty years ago and now we have the bustling Central City, the noble oak which sprung from the little acorn Jacksonburg.—Brooklyn Exponent.

Saline real estate seems to be on the move. The old Gordon homestead, on east Chicago street, has this week changed hands.

Otto Jarrandi is the purchaser and the price paid is \$1,800. This house was built many years ago and cost over \$7,000, we are told by one who knows. The brick was burned on the Dr. Hall farm by the late Zalmen Church.—Saline Observer.

Come all ye credulous, and listen to the following from the Oakland Excelsior: "S. H. Billingsworth, a stock raiser living near Holly, missed one of his \$250 cows three weeks ago. He offered \$50 reward for the return of the cow. Just three weeks from the day he missed the beast he chased a pig into a straw-stalk and in reaching in to catch the hogship caught the cow's tail instead. The cow is still one of his best thorough-breeds."

Charles Ketchum is feeling greatly relieved and highly gratified over a very successful surgical operation he had performed under his right eye, on Tuesday afternoon, for the removal of a tumor on growth, which was becoming so large as to obstruct the visionary powers of that eye. The growth was carefully dissected and the wound sewed up, and when healed will probably not show any traces of its recent deformity or the surgeon's knife.—Milan Leader.

Why grope ye in darkness? It is said that William Sylandt, of Munith, has applied for a patent on a chemical luminous light which promises to lay the Standard Oil and Electric Light companies in the shade. He says he has secured a light 500 candle power after years for twenty-five cents. The present light-producing companies must give him a clear title of all that part of the United States lying between the Gulf of Mexico and the Great Lakes, and from the Mississippi river to the eastern coast of Maine, or go to the wall.—Stockbridge Sun.

Fred Frankle, of Waterloo, who committed suicide, was interred in the German Lutheran cemetery last week, as it seemed beyond a doubt that he was not responsible for what he did, for he had shown signs of temporary insanity for some time. The unhappy man first swallowed a cup full of kerosene oil, then partially succeeded in cutting his throat, and lastly hung himself in the barn, leaving the bloody razor on the table, which, when found in the morning, led his people to the suspicion that he had committed suicide.—Chelsea Standard.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the State Board of Health by sixty-eight observers in different parts of the State for the week ended January 31 indicated that cerebrospinal meningitis, inflammation of the bowels, typho-malarial fever, scarlet fever, dysentery, typhoid fever and intermittent fever increased, and membranous croup and remittent fever decreased in area of prevalence. Diphtheria was reported at forty-three places, scarlet fever at forty-five, typhoid fever at seventeen and measles at thirty-two places.

Governor Winans' Staff.

Governor Winans has completed his military staff by the appointment of the following: Edwin F. Conoley, Detroit, and E. P. Byerley, Owosso, members of the State Military Board with the rank of Colonel; John Mitchell, Ionia; Ira G. Humphrey, Monroe; James A. Leisson, Menominee, and John Garberlin, Jackson, Colonels and aids-de-camp on his personal staff, and Patrick H. Phillips, Port Huron, Judge Advocate.

Michigan Confectioners.

The Michigan Confectioners' Association in session at Lansing elected officers as follows: President, J. S. Gray, of Detroit; Vice President, J. W. Symons, of East Saginaw; Treasurer, A. E. Brooks, of Grand Rapids. Executive Board, D. D. Thorp of Detroit, B. W. Putnam of Grand Rapids, W. H. Marple of Lansing, M. E. Cottrell of Jackson, J. E. Doyle of Kalamazoo; Secretary and Commissioner, C. L. Fox, of Bay City.

Central Michigan Agriculturalists.

In annual session at Lansing the Central Michigan Agricultural Society elected officers as follows: President, Cyrus Alsford, of Lansing; Secretary, B. B. Baker, of Lansing; Treasurer, D. F. Woodcock, of Board of Managers, A. M. Willett, of Muir, L. W. Barnes of Byron, John Russell of Grand Ledge, A. J. Wilson of Leslie, Charles Fishbeck of Howell, H. I. Kingman of Battle Creek, N. B. King of Parma.

Counterfeiters Captured.

Detective Mulhall, of the United States Secret Service, who has been hot on the trail of Northern Michigan counterfeiters for some time past, has captured his game. He arrested at Luther Abel D. Thayer, of Kalkaska, and George and Fred Lachine, of Luther. He found with them a large lot of counterfeit money and molds, and also seized their complete counterfeiting outfit.

Partial to Widows.

An old man named William Robinson, alias James Reed, was arrested by Federal officers at Grand Rapids for alleged pension frauds, and at his examination it was shown that Robinson had a very soft place in his heart for soldiers' widows, he having married no less than twelve, without securing a divorce from any of them, in order to secure their pensions.

A Busy Office.

The following is the report of business transacted at the Secretary of State's office in January: Letters received, 4,475; papers, 1,498; books and packages, 53; postals, 62; letters mailed, 5,328; books and papers, 4,082; postals, 80; sent by mail books and packages, 4,082; by express, 6,882; commissions issued, 1,406.

Big Copper Deal.

The Pewabic copper mine in Houston County was sold by the special master in chancery to Mason and Smith, of New York, for \$700,000, of which \$71,000 was paid cash down. This practically adds the Pewabic mine to the Quincy adjoining it on the west and makes the latter one of the largest copper mines in the world.

Mixed Up in a Murder Case.

Reuben Montgomery, a young farmer of Chippewa County, who went with William Coulter to "see him through" at the time he killed his father, was arrested as an accessory to the brutal murder. Montgomery belongs to quite a prominent family. The evidence against him was strong.

A Sudden Death.

A sensation was created in the Kalamazoo Insane Asylum by the sudden death of Miss Jennie Barth, of Spring Lake, who went crazy over religion. She was taken to a bath-room by attendants, and while there was severely scalded, the shock causing almost instant death.

Not a Nervy Healer.

Jackson prison will cool off its several hundred prisoners next summer with 880 tons of ice.

Leander Sabin, an old resident of Traverse City, died suddenly at his home of apoplexy.

The Central Church of Christ at Detroit, just completed, was burned, causing a loss of \$35,000; insured for \$10,000.

Rev. Dr. Theodore Nelson was elected president of Kalamazoo College at Jackson, vice Munson A. Wilcox, resigned.

Fire broke out in the Chapin mine at Iron Mountain and eight miners were imprisoned below, but all but one were rescued.

Nearly 1,000 young women are employed in the corset factories at Jackson.

The farmers and Patrons of Industry in the vicinity of Marietta have decided to raise a bonus to rebuild the mill of H. W. Wilson, of Marietta.

A Genesee County young lady who was awarded \$1,800 in a breach of promise suit has rewarded her chief witness by bestowing her injured affections on him.

Mason County claims the cake for adipose tissue. Charlie Johnson, a 16-year-old lad in Amber township, drops the scales to 310 pounds and a man in Rea township has a 6-year-old son who tips the beam at ninety-two pounds.

A. R. Littlefield, of Cheboygan, says he could fence in 100 acres near the new town of Ogeueque, Presque Isle County, and in the inclosure have 100 deer. The animals have been driven into the tract by the wolves that infest that district.

WORLD'S FAIR FUNDS.

A List of Appropriation Bills Before Various State Legislatures.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—World's fair appropriations are under consideration in several State Legislatures, and the following statement has been prepared by the Department of Publicity and Promotion. In the following eight the Governors have prepared and recommended bills appropriating money for exhibits, but the Legislatures have not yet convened: Arizona, Georgia, Michigan, New Jersey, North Carolina, Nevada, Wyoming and Utah. In the following twenty-five States bills have been introduced in the Legislatures appropriating the amount appended to each:

Alabama.....	\$100,000	New Mexico.....	\$50,000
Arkansas.....	100,000	Ohio.....	100,000
California.....	200,000	Oregon.....	250,000
Colorado.....	140,000	Oklahoma.....	7,000
Illinois.....	150,000	Pennsylvania.....	50,000
Indiana.....	1,000,000	South Dakota.....	40,000
Iowa.....	150,000	Tennessee.....	500,000
Kansas.....	150,000	Texas.....	300,000
Massachusetts.....	50,000	Vermont.....	5,000
Minnesota.....	250,000	Washington.....	240,000
Missouri.....	40,000	Wisconsin.....	75,000
Nebraska.....	150,000		
North Dakota.....	50,000	Total.....	\$4,067,000
New York.....	\$50,000		

In the following four the bills have passed the Senate: Colorado, Iowa, Oklahoma, and Vermont. In the following six the bills have passed the lower House: California, Iowa, Minnesota, North Dakota, Oklahoma, and Vermont. In the following three bills have passed both Houses: Iowa, Oklahoma, and Vermont. In the following two they have also been signed by the Governor and are in full force: Iowa and Vermont. In Arkansas the bill has been defeated. The appropriations from California and Texas represent the smallest part of the amount to be expended for State displays. Commissioner DeYoung says California will spend fully \$1,500,000, and the people of Texas are already at work to raise \$1,000,000.

A SOUTHERN CYCLONE.

Much Damage Done in Alabama by a Funnel-Shaped Cloud.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 10.—A cyclone struck Helena Monday afternoon about 4 o'clock. A dull, roaring sound was heard and the people had only time to get to the doors when they saw a black, whirling cloud skim over the top of the hotel in the northern part of the village. It next encountered the telegraph poles, twisting them off like pipe-stems. Coming down the railroad track it laid the station-house flat on the platform and leveled the store of Thomas Davidson, C. T. and James Davidson were in the store and both were hurt about the head and P. D. Lee was bruised about the body. The cyclone then lifted and passing over a three-story building struck the Helena rolling-mill, about 200 yards from the station, taking the roof off both the mill and stocker case. The cloud passed on in a southeasterly direction and a report has reached here that it struck Talladega in its circuit.

Found \$10,000 in a Car Cushion.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—While ripping out the cushions in the sleeping-car Atlanta Saturday Henry Prentice, a car repairer, ran across two valuable packages. One contained \$5,000 in new bank bills and the other held \$5,000 in Government bonds. The Atlanta was sent to the Pullman shops for repair, reaching there Saturday. The money was found in a frayed and worn cushion in the middle of the coach. Prentice handed the packages over to General Manager Sessions. Inspector Hunt has the case in charge and will try to find the owner.

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THE FIGURE "9."

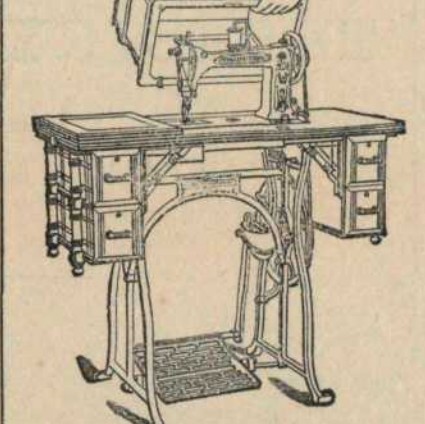
The figure 9 in our dates will make a long story.
No man or woman now living will ever date a
document without using the figure 9. It stands
in the third place in 1900, where it will remain ten
years and then move up to second place in 1910
where it will rest for one hundred years.

There is another "9" which has also come to stay.
It is unlike the figure 9 in our dates in the respect
that it has already moved up to first place, where
it will permanently remain. It is called the "No. 9".

The "No. 9" is not an old machine improved upon,
but is an entirely new machine, and the Grand Prize
at the Paris Exposition of 1889, where, after a severe
contest with the leading machines of the world, it was
awarded the gold medal. It is called the "No. 9" High
Arm Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.

The "No. 9" was endorsed for first place by the
experts of Europe at the Paris Exposition of 1889,
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chines of the world, it was awarded the gold medal.
The French Government also recognized its superiority
by the decoration of Mr. Nathaniel Wheeler, President
of the company with the Cross of the Legion of Honor.

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KLINCK
IS THE NAME OF THAT
Wonderful Remedy
That Cures CATARRH, HAY-FEVER, COLD in
the HEAD, SORE THROAT, CANKER,
and BRONCHITIS.

Price \$1.00. Pint Bottles
For Sale by leading Druggists.
PREPARED ONLY BY
Klinck Catarrh & Bronchial Remedy Co.
82 JACKSON ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

COKERS QUIT WORK.

**A Great Strike Begins in the Con-
necticut Valley Region.**

Seventeen Thousand Men Idle—A Demand
for an Increase of Wages the Cause—
A Long Strike Inevitable—16,000
Coke Ovens Closed.

LAID DOWN THEIR TOOLS.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 10.—The
strike of the 17,000 employees of the
coke region for an increase of 13 1/2
percent in wages, a reduction of working
hours of day men from nine hours to
eight, the placing of scales for weigh-
ing coal on all tipples, against a coun-
ter demand of the operators for a gen-
eral reduction in wages of 10 percent,
was inaugurated Monday. All through
the region the miners remained away
from the pits. By this evening the last
of the ovens charged Saturday will have
been drawn and then the shut-down
will be complete.

The struggle promises to be long and
bitter. The workmen are thoroughly
organized. They have had reasonably
steady work for three years, and are
members of the Knights of Labor and
Mine Workers of America, and through
the Federation of Labor. The demand
that coal shall be weighed instead of measured
will be the one most vigorously insisted upon,
as the miners claim that by the system
of measuring coal they have been
defrauded out of a large sum of money
every year. They say they will be con-
tent to remain idle three months if at
the end of that time they can gain their
point.

The operators say the demands of the
cokers are unreasonable; that the sell-
ing price of coke is twenty-five cents
per ton less now than it was a year ago,
and the compliance with the demand
for the erection of scales at each tip-
ple would involve large expense. The
H. C. Frick Company, of which
Andrew Carnegie is the head, con-
tains 10,000 of the 16,000 ovens
in the region. It has a large supply of
coke in stock, and will wait until this
is exhausted before moving for a settle-
ment. Some of the smaller operators
are anxious that work shall go on at
their plants, but this will not be al-
lowed save at the Fountain works,
which supply the Scottsdale rolling-mill
with coal.

Killed Himself Before His Family.

VERMILION, Ky., Feb. 9.—William
H. Bailey, a prominent citizen of this
city, committed suicide in a very de-
liberate manner. He arose about 7
o'clock, and after carefully mak-
ing his wife and children, he sud-
denly placed a pistol to his head and
blew his brains out. Last spring Bailey
was thrown from a buggy and sustained
a slight concussion of the brain. It is
thought he was slightly demented, al-
though he gave no evidence of it in his
conversation. He belonged to one of
the oldest and best families of Ken-
tucky.

Sam Jones' Brother Acquitted.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Feb. 9.—Charles
Jones, a brother of Rev. Sam Jones,
has been acquitted of murder at Car-
tersville, Ga., the family home of the
evangelist who off the road. Some
months ago Charles Jones shot and
killed one of the most prominent ne-
groes in the town, and for several days
past has been on trial. The jury was
out but a short time. It was proven
that the negro was advancing on Jones
with a knife in his hand.

Says It's Treason.

TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 10.—Sir John
Macdonald has published an address to
the electors of Canada on the question
of reciprocity with the United States,
the great question before the country
at the approaching elections. He says
the reciprocity idea is veiled treason,
and that unrestricted trade means an-
nexation to the United States.

Death of a Famous Missourian.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 10.—Theodore
F. Warner, a pioneer of Northern Mis-
souri, one of the projectors of the first
packet line on the Missouri river, and
the man who started in business the
famous Ben Holliday, of the great over-
land stage system, died Sunday. He
was a great-grandson of Daniel Boone.

Got a Pension for Fraud.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—Catherine Egan, of
this city, the widow of a New York
soldier, confessed to having drawn a
pension of eight dollars per month for
twenty-two years after remarrying.
Her accomplice, John Ash, was fined
\$1,000, but the woman, owing to her
age, was not punished.

Floods in Alabama.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Feb. 7.—Owing to
the overflow of small streams in the
State many farms are under water, and
much loss has been sustained by the
drowning of live stock and the destruc-
tion of farm-houses and fencing.

No Choice Yet.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 7.—Five bal-
lots were taken for United States Sen-
ator in the joint assembly of the Illinois
Legislature. There was no change from
the previous figures. Sixty-three bal-
lots have been taken in all.

The Failure Record.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—The business
failures occurring during the last seven
days throughout the country number
290, as compared with 320 last week.
For the corresponding week of last year
the figures were 321.

Fire-Bugs in Iowa.

SIoux CITY, Ia., Feb. 9.—Four incen-
dary fires were started in this city Sun-
day night, and as a result property
valued at \$350,000 was destroyed and
the city is in a state bordering on panic.

To Succeed Von Waldersee.

BERLIN, Feb. 9.—General von Schlie-
ffen has been appointed by the Emperor
chief of staff of the Imperial army to
succeed Count von Waldersee.

Under an Avalanche.

BERNE, Feb. 7.—An avalanche buried
twenty-two wood-cutters working on a
mountain side in the province of Glarus,
Switzerland.

HEADS THE LIST.

**Brazil Is First to Accept the Rec-
iprocity Proposition.**

**President Harrison Issues a Proclamation
Detailing the Provisions of the
Treaty—Benefits to
This Country.**

NEW TRADE RELATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The President
late Thursday afternoon issued the fol-
lowing proclamation:

"By the President of the United States of
America—A proclamation:
"WHEREAS, Pursuant to section 3, act of Con-
gress, approved October 1, 1890, entitled 'An
Act to Reduce the Revenue and Equalize
Duties on Imports and for Other Purposes,' the
Secretary of State of the United States of
America communicated to the United States
of Brazil the action of the Congress of the United
States with a view to secure a reciprocal trade
reciprocal trade in declaring the articles enu-
merated in said section 3—to wit, sugars, molasses,
coffee and hides, to be exempt from duty upon
their importation into the United States of
America; and

"WHEREAS, The Envoy Extraordinary and
Minister Plenipotentiary of Brazil at Wash-
ington has communicated to the Secretary of
State the fact that in reciprocal trade, and for
consideration of the admission into the United
States of America free of all duty of the articles
enumerated in section 3 of said act, the Gov-
ernment of Brazil has, by legal enact-
ment, authorized the admission from and
after April 1, 1891, into all the established ports
of entry of Brazil, free of all duty, whether
National, State or municipal, of the articles of
merchandise named in the following schedule,
provided that the same be the product and
manufacture of the United States of America:

"Schedule of articles to be admitted free
into Brazil: Wheat, wheat flour, corn or maize
and the manufacture thereof, including corn-
meal and starch; rye, rye flour, buckwheat,
buckwheat flour and barley; potatoes, beans
and peas; hay and oats; pork, salted, including
pickled pork and bacon, except hams; fish,
salted, dried or pickled; cottonseed oil; coal;
anthracite and bituminous; resin, tar, pitch
and turpentine; agricultural tools, implements
and machinery, including stationary
and portable engines and all machinery for
manufacturing and industrial purposes, except
sewing machines; instruments and books for
the sciences; railway-construction ma-
terial and equipment.

"And that the Government of Brazil has by
legal enactment further authorized the admis-
sion into all the established ports of entry of
the United States of America, of the articles or
merchandise named in the following schedule,
providing that the same be the product or man-
ufacture of the United States of America: Lard
and substitutes thereof, bacon, hams, butter
and cheese, canned and preserved meats, fish,
fruits and vegetables; manufactures of cotton,
including cotton clothing; manufactures of iron
and steel, single or mixed, not included in the
following schedule; leather and the manufac-
tures thereof, except boots and shoes; lumber;
timber and the manufactures of wood, includ-
ing cooperage, furniture of all kinds, wagons,
cars and carriages; manufactures of rubber.

"And that the Government of Brazil has
further provided that the laws and regulations,
adopted to protect its revenue and prevent
fraud in the declarations and proof that the
articles named in the foregoing schedules are
the product or manufacture of the United
States of America, shall place no undue re-
strictions on the importer or impose any ad-
ditional charges or fees therefor on the articles
imported; and

"WHEREAS, The Secretary of State has by
my direction given assurance to the Envoy Ex-
traordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of
Brazil at Washington that this action of the
Government of Brazil granting exemption of
duties to the products and manufactures of the
United States of America is accepted as a due
reciprocity for the action of Congress as set
forth in section 3 of said act. Now, therefore,
be it known, that I, Benjamin Harrison, Pres-
ident of the United States of America, have
caused the above-stated modifications of the
tariff law of Brazil to be made public for the
information of the citizens of the United States
of America.

"In testimony whereof I have hereunto set
my hand and caused the seal of the United
States to be affixed.

"Done at the city of Washington, this fifth
day of February, one thousand eight hundred
and ninety-one, and of the Independence of the
United States of America the one hundred and
fiftieth.

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

By the President:

"JAMES G. BLAINE, Secretary of State."

Under the provisions of the agree-
ment Brazil reduces her import charges
upon American products of the farm,
factory and mine to the extent of
about \$5,000,000 annually, which is as
far as she could go in the present state
of her finances. The present annual
importation of sugar from Brazil is
about 125,000 tons, and it is believed
that under the stimulus which this re-
ciprocity will give she will this year in-
crease her sugar shipments to 200,000
tons, next year to 500,000 tons, and that
in five years Brazil will be able to fur-
nish all the sugar required in the United
States.

Some idea of the far-reaching im-
portance of this reciprocal agreement
may be gathered from the estimates
which have been made of the increased
trade which will result. At present the
United States pays to Brazil annually
about \$55,000,000, while it only
receives \$8,000,000 in return. It is ex-
pected that in three years Brazil will
pay the United States in return for our
manufactures and products at least
\$25,000,000, which amount will be dis-
tributed through every section of the
country.

Money for Soldiers' Homes.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The board
of management of the National home for
disabled volunteer soldiers has made
the following money allotments to the
several homes for the quarter beginning
April 1 next: Dayton, O., \$171,500; Mil-
waukee, Wis., \$55,433; Leavenworth,
Kan., \$98,282; Los Angeles, Cal., \$65,
330; Marion, Ind., \$75,500; aid to State
homes, \$100,000; incidentals, \$8,125.

Raum Exonerated.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Representa-
tive Morrill, chairman of the Raum in-
vestigating committee, has made a re-
port exonerating Mr. Raum, which has
been agreed to by his Republican col-
leagues. The Democratic members of
the committee will present a minority
report.

Death of an Aged Jour. alist.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Feb. 10.
Edmund J. Huling, aged 70 years, died
here Monday. He was the oldest ac-
tive journalist in that section, and dur-
ing his professional career of almost
fifty years had been connected with
about every local journal.

A Brooklyn Bank Closed.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 10.—The branch
of the Mechanics Co-operative Bank
closed its doors Monday and no person
who knows any thing concerning its
affairs can be found. The ostensible
capital was \$200,000,000.

FROZEN TO DEATH.

**The Blizzard in the Northwest Claims a
Number of Victims.**

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 10.—Reports
throughout the State show much loss of
life during the storm of Sunday. The
young wife of Milton Cummings, near
Rushville, froze to death within 100
yards of the house. The body was
found in a snow-drift after being
twenty-four hours missing. At
Kearney Eddie Chedester and
Steve St. Peter, 14-year-old boys, were
overcome by the cold
while hunting, and their bodies were
found at noon in a ravine. At Chadron
M. L. Lissent, a pioneer, lost his life
while caring for his stock. Many
others who were out in the storm are
missing and are thought to be dead.
Hundreds of cattle perished. Railroads
are still blocked. Relief expeditions
have been sent to the destitute counties.

RAPID CITY, S. D., Feb. 10.—The
names of the young man and woman
who perished on Box Elder divide in
Saturday's blizzard were Grant Bay, a
young ranchman, and Meta Gray, a
school-teacher living at Sturgis, Mead
County. Bay and Miss Gray left this city
in the height of the blizzard against the
protests of friends and it is supposed
their team got away while they were
looking for the road. The country is
sparsely settled, and losing their way
in Saturday's storm meant death. Dr.
Jones and wife, of Hill City, reported
lost, arrived Monday afternoon.

HORRORS IN CHINA.

Denver, Col., Feb. 7.—A San Fran-
cisco special to the Rocky Mountain
News says: A letter from Shanghai
gives the details of terrible floods
and famine in Northern China. The
Governor-General of Li Hing
Chang reports that the people of
Schuan suffered terribly by a flood
which destroyed temples, bridges and
city walls, in no less than ten dis-
tricts. In Wen Chuan the loss of life
will reach fully 1,000. Immediately
following the floods at Pei Chang a fire
broke out and destroyed thirty-five
houses. In three other places houses
were burned to the number of
200. The suffering among the poor is
something terrible. The roads every-
where are difficult of passage and
crowds of starving wretches are on their
way to Shanghai, and how to deal with
them will be an anxious and a difficult
problem for those in power to solve.
Corn and millet are selling at the fairs
along the great road to Pao Tin and
San Si at exactly double the price of
one year ago.

Fatal Explosion in a Mine.

DENVER, Col., Feb. 7.—A Leadville
special to the Republican says: A ter-
rible explosion of giant powder occurred
in the Wierly mine of the White
Quail mine of Kokomo Thursday morn-
ing. William Young and John Ander-
son were blown to atoms, and John
Johnson, John McLeod and Will Crane
terribly injured. Many of their bones
were broken by flying rocks.

Another Mine Horror.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 9.—By an
explosion of gas in the new shaft at
Simpson & Watkins' mine at Wyoming
two men were instantly killed and two
fatally injured. The gas becoming ignited
from the naked lamp of one of the vic-
tims. Nat Kane and Charles Kirk, mar-
ried men, were killed. William Ross
and Michael Luther were fatally in-
jured.

Found Dead.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 10.—The
body of Joseph Freeman, editor of
Progress, a daily paper published at
Independence, Mo., six miles from here,
was found in a corn-field near the home
of the deceased Monday morning. It is
supposed he jumped from a train, and
falling was stunned and froze to death
while unconscious.

Donoghue Won Them All.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Feb. 9.—Joe Dono-
ghue, the champion scater, at the skat-
ing races won the 440 yards, the mile,
the ten-mile, and the five-mile races,
breaking the record in the last named
race by covering five miles in 15 min-
utes, 30 seconds. The best previous
record was 16 minutes, 2 seconds.

Says Hamilton Is Alive.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—A. O. Howard,
of this city, says that Robert Ray Ham-
ilton, the wealthy young New Yorker
supposed to have been drowned in Nez
Perces County, Idaho, August 21, 1890, is
still alive.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.
LIVE STOCK—Cattle..... \$2 10 @ 2 25
Sheep..... 1 00 @ 1 05
Hogs..... 3 40 @ 4 00
FLOUR—Fair to Fancy..... 3 50 @ 5 00
Middling Patent..... 4 00 @ 5 00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red..... 1 09 1/2 @ 1 10
No. 3 Red..... 1 08 @ 1 09 1/2
CORN—No. 2..... 69 1/2 @ 70
Ungraded Mixed..... 69 1/2 @ 70
OATS—Mixed Western..... 54 @ 54 1/2
No. 2 Western..... 53 @ 53 1/2
PORK—Mess, New..... 11 00 @ 11 50
LARD—Western Steam..... 6 00 @ 6 09 1/2
BUTTER—Western Creamery..... 16 @ 20

CHICAGO.
BEEVES—Shipping Steers..... \$3 15 @ 3 50
Cows..... 1 25 @ 2 75
Stockers and Feeders..... 2 25 @ 2 50
Feeders..... 2 70 @ 3 25
Butchers' Steers..... 2 75 @ 3 50
Bulls..... 1 50 @ 2 00
HOGS—Live..... 3 25 @ 3 55
SHEEP..... 3 50 @ 3 10
BUTTER..... 17 @

THE REGISTER.

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ANN ARBOR, MICH.

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Fifty Cents Additional to Foreign Countries.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1891.

Republican County Convention.

Republican County Convention, to elect delegates to the Republican State Convention, to be held in the City of Jackson, Tuesday, February 24, 1891; also, to transact any other business that may properly come before it, will be held at the Court House, in Ann Arbor, Michigan, on Tuesday, February 17, 1891, at 11 o'clock A.M.

The Cities and Townships will be entitled to delegates as follows:

Ann Arbor City—	Pittsfield—	4
First Ward—	Salem—	7
Second Ward—	Selma—	7
Third Ward—	Seymour—	7
Fourth Ward—	Sharon—	4
Fifth Ward—	Superior—	4
Sixth Ward—	Sylvan—	8
Ann Arbor Town—	Webster—	4
Augusta—	Ypsilanti City—	4
Bridgeport—	Ypsilanti Town—	5
Deerfield—	Ypsilanti Village—	4
Freedom—	First Ward—	4
Lincoln—	Second Ward—	4
Lodi—	Third Ward—	4
Lyndon—	Fourth Ward—	4
Manchester—	Fifth Ward—	4
Northfield—	Sixth Ward—	4

By order of Committee.
J. L. GILBERT, Chairman.
J. R. MILES, Secy.

Ann Arbor Township Caucus.

The Republicans of Ann Arbor township will hold a Caucus in the basement of the Court House on Saturday, February 14th, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing four Delegates to attend the Republican County Convention, which is called for February 17, 1891.

By order of TOWNSHIP COMMITTEE.

WHAT IS THE REMEDY?

That the agricultural industry is suffering from depression is evident to every thinking man. Farm mortgages are constantly increasing in burden, while the prices of products, instead of advancing, seem to be slowly retrograding. Something must be done to bring about better times. But what shall be done? No sooner is this question asked than hundreds of idealists rush to the front. One cries, spasmodically, give us free coinage of silver, another, governmental loans at low rates; another, higher tariffs; another, free trade; another, socialism; and still another, anarchy. That all of these remedies, viewed from an economic standpoint, are unsatisfactory will be clear to any one who thinks soberly. Upon the last two mentioned comment is unnecessary. Free trade, owing to the peculiar conditions which surround American industry and the great advantage which foreigners possess in their cheap labor, would be ruinous to almost every branch of business. Higher tariffs would have but little effect upon the agricultural industry, either for good or bad. Governmental loans to private individuals are wrong in principle, and would be ruinous in practice. They would simply serve to augment the evils which they are designed to remedy. Free coinage is a much more plausible measure than any as yet mentioned. It seems to follow logically from the adoption of the bimetallic standard. Nevertheless, it is condemned by all the great economic thinkers of this country. As long as silver dollars are worth not much more than eighty cents each, it would be folly for the government to throw the mints open to their unlimited coinage. The result would be the expulsion of gold and the still further contraction of the currency. We cannot, therefore, accept free coinage as a panacea. What then shall we accept? We must first of all understand that there is no cure-all; at best, we can look for only a mitigation of industrial evils, and this, in the opinion of THE REGISTER, is most likely to be gained by the adoption of the reciprocity principle, as formulated by James G. Blaine. If breadstuffs do not bring high prices, it may be because the supply is greater than the demand. If better times are to come it follows from this that either the supply must be lessened or the demand must be increased. To pursue the former course is to cause the abandonment of some of our farms and thus to crowd the cities to a still larger extent. The second course, then, is the only safe one to pursue. The demand may be increased in several ways. In the first place, the tariff may be taken off from English manufactures, so that they may be exchanged for American breadstuffs. This would lead to the destruction of American plants and thus turn the industrial world topsy-turvy. In the second place, a home market may be fostered by means of building up manufacturing establishments. This policy is wisely being pursued, but is incapable of bringing about any quick results. In the third place we may open our ports to South American sugar, coffee and molasses, and, in return, send to the Latin republics wheat, barley and corn. Nothing can be lost by the adoption of this policy, except revenue, which the government does not need, but much may be gained. The farmer could say his breakfasts, dinners and suppers at less cost, and have more money with which to pay for them than at present. When James G. Blaine proposed reciprocity, he performed an act of statesmanship which brilliantly crowns a record already matchless. The wonder is that farmers have not more eagerly adopted this policy, instead of fooling with free coinage and other measures of doubtful expediency.

ANOTHER SLANDERER APPEARS.

Although the regents decided, two years ago, that the medical department should remain where it is, some overzealous friends of Detroit continue to agitate its removal to that city. So intense is their zeal that they do not stop short of positive falsifying. One of these gentlemen, who calls himself "Mc," wrote a letter to the Chicago Herald, which appeared in the issue of Saturday last. It was headed, "Factory for Doctors," and was written in a very insinuating style. The writer declared that Ann Arbor is a small town, that consequently the clinical advantages are poor, that the hospitals are worse than mediocre, that patients are hired to go there, that the students learn nothing but theories, etc., etc., *ad nauseam*. It is evident that "Mc," like many other agitators, does not know what he is talking about. Otherwise, he would make different statements. He would be obliged to admit that graduates of the two medical schools in Ann Arbor easily hold their own among physicians, no matter where they locate. He would be obliged to admit that the clinical advantages here are not surpassed by those afforded in Detroit. He would be obliged to admit that students of this University do learn something more than mere theories. He would be obliged to admit that operations have been performed in these hospitals, which have elicited the attention of the whole country and have at the same time given students an insight into the science of surgery which could not be gained in any mediocre hospital located in larger cities. The fact is, patients suffering from acute diseases are inclined to seek those hospitals in which they may receive the best treatment—not those located in large cities. The Detroit hospitals doubtless can be more easily supplied with obstetrical cases than those in Ann Arbor; nevertheless the physicians in both colleges here have had all that they could attend to. All these facts which we have mentioned probably never occurred to the irresponsible "Mc," and it would be folly to ask him to consider them. With the state legislators and citizens of the state, whose prejudices do not warp their judgments, the case is different.

A BILL has been introduced in the New York legislature, permitting the sale of liquor in ball rooms without license, from one to five o'clock in the morning. To carry this measure, the saloonists are moving heaven and earth, and, as usual, they find in the democrats willing allies. Only one republican in the lower house has declared himself in favor of this infamous bill. These facts need no comment.

AROUND THE CAMPUS.

The Oracle this year is up to the usual standard. The D. K. E.'s danced last Saturday evening. Students are busy this week with examinations. The Glee Club will travel this year in the Wagner private car, Chicago. The Beta Thetas gave a german at Granger's hall on Friday evening last. Mrs. Angell will entertain the members of the Woman's League on Saturday afternoon next. John F. Finerty, of Chicago, has been asked to address the law students on Washington's birthday. Tomorrow evening Prof. W. W. Campbell will deliver a lecture on the Lick Observatory at the Baptist church. Sergius Stepniak, the Russian nihilist, lectures in University Hall, February 28, under the auspices of the Students' Lecture Association. The Glee and Banjo clubs made a decided hit in Ypsilanti last Saturday night. They looked very "chie" in the cap and gown. "Me Habet," sung by Mr. Walter and the club was especially well appreciated. During the second semester Hon. Carroll D. Wright will deliver six lectures on Statistics in their Relation to Economic Problems. Dr. E. R. A. Seligman will deliver lectures on the History of Political Economy. Dr. F. C. Hicks will treat the subject of Foreign Commercial Relations, and Prof. Adams will conduct a Seminary course in Finance. The Springfield Union says of Russell H. Conwell: "It is of no use to try to report Conwell's lectures. They are unique. Unlike anything or anyone else. Filled with good sense, brilliant with new suggestions and inspiring always to noble life and deeds, they always please with their wit. The reader of his addresses does not know the full power of the man."—Mr. Conwell appears in Ann Arbor on February 21 under the auspices of the Students' Lecture Association. The Michigan Schoolmasters' club meets in Room 24, Saturday, February 21. The program is as follows: Music; The Departmental Plan—Paper, Supt. Henry N. French, Kalamazoo; Discussion, Supt. W. D. Clizbe, Ionia, Supt. J. N. McCall, Ithaca; University Scholarship in the High School—Paper, Prof. J. O. Reed, Saginaw; Discussion, Prof. M. L. D'Ooge, U. of M.; Music; The French Lycee—Paper, Prof. W. W. Bern, U. of M.; Discussion, Prof. P. R. de Pont, U. of M.; General Discussion, continued from meeting of November 1, 1890.

FARM AND GARDEN.

OBSERVATIONS WORTHY OF NOTE IN RURAL AFFAIRS.

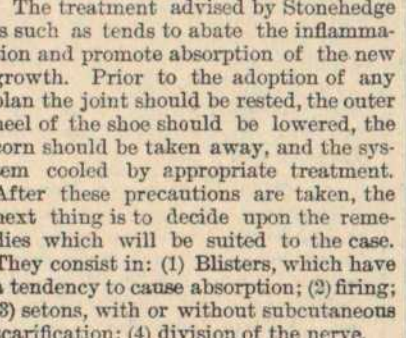
An Illustrated Description of That Serious Disease of a Horse's Hock Known as the Bone Spavin.

One of the most serious diseases of the hock is spavin, of which there are several varieties, known as bog spavin, bone spavin and occult spavin. The latter is so named because there is no perceptible enlargement on or about the hock. A bone spavin is a swelling or bony tumor situated upon the lower and inner part of the hock joint, as shown by Fig. 1 in the first cut. Fig. 2 represents the inner side of the bone of the hock afflicted with a spavin of long standing. The rough portion represents the osseous deposit, which has become as hard and firm as the shin bone itself. Fig. 3 represents a shin bone having an osseous deposit upon its head and on the inner side. When this bony enlargement is high up on the joint it often produces incurable lameness. In the second cut Fig. 1 represents the natural position of a sound hock when the animal is in motion. Fig. 2 shows the position of the hock and foot when the latter is brought to the ground in



VARIOUS PHASES OF BONE SPAVIN.

action. Spavin is supposed to be one of the hereditary diseases handed down from sire or dam to offspring. This may not be strictly true, writes a veterinary surgeon in American Cultivator. Yet in one sense it is doubtless correct, for while the diseased hock itself may not be transmitted, yet the form of hock most liable to be affected by spavin, if possessed by either sire or dam, is liable to reappear in the progeny. Short, narrow hocks are much more liable to suffer from spavin than long, wide wedge shaped ones, a fact which young breeders can remember to their advantage when selecting their stock. The treatment advised by Stonehedge is such as tends to abate the inflammation and promote absorption of the new growth. Prior to the adoption of any plan the joint should be rested, the outer heel of the shoe should be lowered, the corn should be taken away, and the system cooled by appropriate treatment. After these precautions are taken, the next thing is to decide upon the remedies which will be suited to the case. They consist in: (1) Blisters, which have a tendency to cause absorption; (2) firing; (3) setons, with or without subcutaneous scarification; (4) division of the nerve.



SHOWING POSITIONS OF SOUND HOCK.

Russell says that bone spavin may be removed by an early application of the proper remedies. In its incipient state it may be discovered by an unusual heat or tenderness on the inner side of the hock joint, accompanied with a touch of lameness. At this period Russell suggests a blister, but when of long standing it is usually necessary to apply actual cautery. This latter operation, however, must not be performed while any inflammation remains. The horse must be turned loose and given rest for a considerable time. GREAT WORK TO BE DONE. Words of Wisdom from One of the Alliance's Strongest Exponents. "Alliance Week" was a feature of the exposition at Atlanta, which will long be remembered by those who attended. The chief exercises took place on Wednesday, when addresses were made by prominent Alliance men and other citizens of Georgia. Dr. C. W. McCune, who was introduced as "a gentleman who, more than any other, has contributed to make the Alliance the grand success it is," said in the course of his address: Now, if the Farmers' Alliance were purely a political organization it would be something to be condemned—but the objects of the alliance are such that it is not and never can be in any sense of the word a political organization. It has a higher and a nobler mission. The men who fill its ranks know this, and they know its real aims are pure and devoted solely to the welfare of an immense body of American citizens—a body of men who for probity, intelligence and courage have not their peers on earth. The mission of the Alliance is a grand and noble one, and the work it has already done should commend it to the respect of every true American. It is no secret political organization, it could never hold together if it were, but it is a vast body of intelligent American farmers banded together for mutual improvement and mutual help, sworn to aid each other without discriminating against any other class of their fellow citizens. If you will look back over the last ten or fifteen years, my friends, you will see that there has been a general commotion, a very prevalent feeling of discontent and anxiety among all the people, and especially among the agricultural classes who felt—and who rightly felt—that they were not being fairly treated in a great many ways. Out of this feeling grew this great movement, an instinctive movement for self defense and protection. What the future holds no man may say. Some there are—wise men—who predict that the century will close in bloodshed and confusion; others have

said that the great problems vexing us today will find their solution before the year 1900. Who is right and who is wrong in this we cannot say—but one thing we know, and that is that the great Alliance of the farmers of America is doing its utmost to furnish a speedy and satisfactory solution to many of the problems which have so long vexed the toiling millions. You can hear the shout for relief coming up from all parts of the country—and the cries of honest and hard-working men must be heeded. We must have in all things liberality, unity, and in all things charity. No class of men in this country have anything to fear from the success of the Alliance. On the contrary all men have everything to hope from it, and the objects of this grand agricultural movement once assured, this country will take on such an era of solid prosperity and national wealth as was never seen before, was never dreamed of. Our only cry is for justice—pure and simple; "equal rights to all, special privileges to none."

If I could make my voice heard throughout the length and breadth of this land I would devote myself unreservedly to this great issue, and never cease until strength failed me.

Believe me, my friends, that the success of the Alliance means your emancipation from the servitude of Wall street. You will be released from the financial thralldom under which New York has so long kept you. It is a humiliating confession to make, but we are not blind to the fact that the whole land is groaning under the slavery of monopolists and men who care nothing for their country and everything for their bank accounts.

But, my friends, we have a long, hard fight before us, and while we do not despair of victory, it will tax our energies and patriotism to the utmost to wrest our fair land from the choking grasp of monopoly.

W. C. T. U. COLUMN.

[EDITED BY MRS. ALLIE LUCE DICK, A. M.]

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. was held in the parlors of Harris Hall on Thursday afternoon, January 29. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather there was a good attendance. Several new members were added to our number, and we felt that the hour was one of profit and that it would lead to a revival of interest in temperance. It was decided that the W. C. T. U. should furnish a speaker for the Gospel Temperance meetings at Cropsey's Hall one Sunday in the month. It was also resolved that the W. C. T. U. of Ann Arbor is opposed to the sale of liquor at the Columbian exposition, and unqualifiedly opposed to the opening of the exhibition grounds on Sunday.

"And we know that if the saloon system, as now existing in New York, could be abolished, it will prove the grandest help to the laborer, and sure defeat to the capitalist, his agent and slave overseer, the bar room keeper, as he could not deliver the goods on election day as heretofore."—St. Louis National Reformer (Farmers' Alliance).

Every one should attend the gymnasium fund lecture to be given in University Hall next Tuesday evening, by James K. Applebee, of Boston. All desire to help on the fund and in this case they can do so by going to this lecture, as Unity Club bears the expenses, and gives the proceeds of the lecture to the gymnasium. The subject of the lecture is: "Dickens: Sentimentalist and Humorist."

The whole trouble with the Indians started in their not being promptly attended to in the department of the interior.

SCROFULA

Is that impurity of the blood which produces unsightly lumps or swellings in the neck; which causes running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which develops pimples in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or "humors," which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. It is the most ancient of all diseases, and very few persons are entirely free from it.

How Can It Be CURED

By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. If you suffer from scrofula, try Hood's Sarsaparilla. "Every spring and every autumn my children have been troubled with scrofula, my little boy, three years old, being a terrible sufferer. Last spring he was one mass of sores from head to foot. We took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all have been cured of the scrofula. My little boy is entirely free from sores, and all four of my children look bright and healthy." W. B. ATHERTON, Passaic City, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss. COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the eleventh day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety one. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Bertha Goetz, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified of Adam Goetz, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that administration of said estate may be granted to Leonard Gruner as executor, or to some other suitable person. Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 9th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the ANN ARBOR REGISTER, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate. [A true copy.] W. M. G. DOTY, Probate Register. 45

HUMAN NATURE.

WHY THE FRAUD SOMETIMES PROSPERS.

Story of an Astute Editor and a Canvasser for Subscriptions—Other Interesting Jottings.

An editor was sitting in his office when a man rushed in and exclaimed: "I want to know what you mean, sir?" "Mean about what?" "You employed me to canvass for subscriptions, and this morning you denounce me and say that I have nothing to do with your paper."

"Yes." "But explain your inconsistent conduct."

"Well, I'll tell you. I did it to help you along."

"Help me along?" "Yes, help you along. Some time ago we sent out a man. We gave him credentials and a complimentary notice. He went out and didn't do much of anything. Just about that time a fellow who claimed to represent us began to travel through the country. Our office was flooded with complaints of not getting the paper, and we denounced him the more he prospered. We had given our authorized agent authority to draw on us, but he went to a bank and was refused. The next day the fraud came along and drew on us. So now I think that the only way to aid you in your modest but laudable enterprise is to denounce you."

"You are right," said the canvasser, as he seized the editor's hand. "You are right. I want to make some money out of this thing, and to-morrow I wish you would say that I ought to be arrested." Arkansas Traveler.

Consumption Cured.

"Did you know," continued the agent for the vermin exterminator in his appeal to the dairyman, "that the bacillus of the tuberculosis in large numbers was in every can of milk you sent out in your wagons every morning?" "No! You don't mean it?" earnestly inquired the dairyman.

"True as gospel," solemnly asserted the agent.

The dairyman got up and went to the back door.

"Mary," he called to a buxom girl at the crocks, "Mary, put enough water in that milk to drown every one of them god-darned bacilli. I guess I don't want none of your pizen," he said as he came back, "but you can stay to supper if you want to."—Washington Star.

Selling and Buying.

Farmer—I don't see how we're to get along this winter. No money in anything.

Wife—What's the matter?

Farmer—The market is glutted and I can't get any price at all. Hardly pays to send things to town.

Townsmen—What under the sun be comes of our money?

Wife—It all goes for provisions. Every crop has failed and prices are sky high. —New York Weekly.

Lost the Combination.

Mrs. Locket—Can't you find the pocket?

Mr. Locket (who is struggling with one of his wife's dresses)—Yes, Lucy, I have found the pocket, all right.

"Then why don't you bring me my thing?"

"I have found the pocket, but I have not yet found the way into it."—Puck.

A Natural Sequence.

Mrs. Brown—Don't you think Johnnie could make enough noise with the drum without throwing in a tin whistle?

Brown—Shaw! you women never think. He won't have them an hour before he'll put the whistle through the head of the drum, and then he'll break the whistle for spite.—Epoch.

A Kind Father.

"Hullo, Jones. Going away?" "No. I'm only checking my daughter's trunks."

"Why, is Maud going visiting?" "Not exactly. She and young Wilkins are going to elope this afternoon, and I'm best man."—New York Evening Sun.

Consistency Not a Jewel.

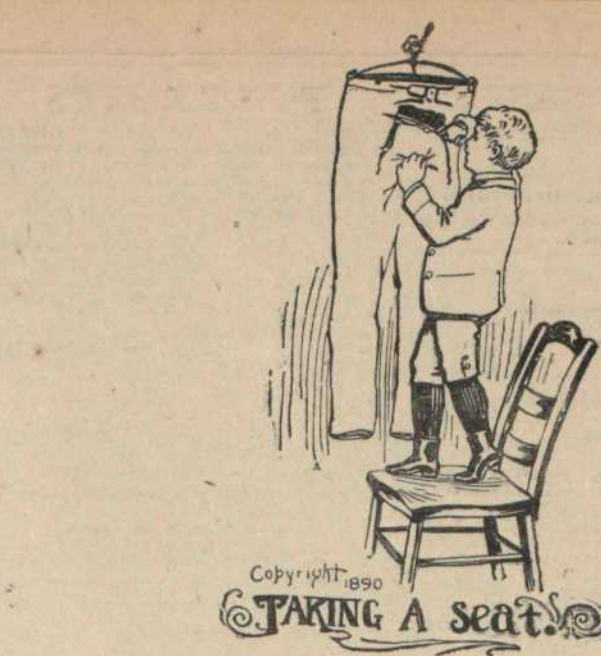
Actress (queen in extravaganza)—It seems ridiculous that I should wear diamonds about an inch in diameter.

Manager—You will have real diamonds to-night. I will also provide real poison in the grand spectacular queen poisoning scene.—Jeweler's Circular.

In a Disagreeable Neighborhood.

"Mad? I should say so! They seated me by the biggest fool in the whole room."

"No wonder you were beside your self!"—Munsey's Weekly.



THIS LOOKS LIKE TROUBLE—Trouble for the Boy. There is a way to guard against any such juvenile pranks. Tell your boy that you purchased those pantaloons of

A. L. NOBLE,

that they are all Wool, and only cost \$2.98, and he will begin to understand that your attire cannot, with impunity, be trifled with. People who are usually found "TAKING A SEAT" will find the material strong and serviceable, and particularly adapted to the wants of "sitters."

Other items of interest to buyers, are Suits for Men, Boys and Children put in the Slaughter pen for 15 days.

Overcoats.—We are making the Price Too Low to mention. It is an insignificant amount.

Ties at 25 cts., worth 50 and 75 cts.

EVERY ARTICLE in the Store at a discount for CASH.

LEADING CLOTHIER AND HATTER.
Sign of the Red Star.

CARPETS!

Newest Designs in

BODY BRUSSELS.

Finest Patterns in

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS.

Latest Work in

INGRAINS.

We have been receiving, almost daily, for the past month, the Best and Newest Patterns in the above goods, and can show our patrons the very best designs ever brought to Ann Arbor.

THE PRICES:

Well, you will not complain of that part.

We have also received, direct from China, a large lot of

MATTING!

For which we gave an Import Order last Fall. The Prices and Styles, of which will surely meet your expectation. Large Purchases of

Lace Curtains, Portieres, Etc.

enable us to offer extra values in this line.

If you have one room, or a whole house to fit up with Carpets Rugs, Matting, Lace Curtains, Portieres, and Window Shades, get prices from the Recognized Leaders in this class of goods.

E. F. MILLS & CO.

Dry Goods, Carpets, Curtains and Gents Furnishings.

20 South Main Street.

-WALL PAPER-

—AT—

COST

For the Next Sixty Days!

—AT—

-OSCAR SORG'S-

70 South Main Street. Tel. No. 126.

Special Announcement! :-)

Are you in need of anything in Blankets; we will give 25 per cent discount on every pair.

Winter Underwear in Ladies', Gents' or Childrens' wear at 20 per cent discount from regular prices.

We also have a line of comfortables (our own make) at very low prices.

Your Chance of any piece of Flannel, Dress Goods in Stock, at 20 per cent discount from regular prices.

Ladies' Muslin Underwear at 20 per cent discount.

Our Spring goods are beginning to arrive daily:

GOODYEAR & ST. JAMES,

18 S. Main St.

ANN ARBOR, MICH.

WM. ARNOLD, Watch-Maker and Jeweler,

36 MAIN STREET.

Has received a new line of Non-Magnetic Gold and Silver Watches for exact service; also the latest in Elgin and Waltham Gold Watches, 0 and 1 size, the smallest American Watches made; also the "newest in Oxidized and Bright Silver Jewelry."

THE ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK.

Organized 1869, under the General Banking Law of this State.

Capital, \$50,000. Surplus, \$100,000. Total Assets, \$661,166.

Business Men, Guardians, Trustees, Ladies and other persons will find this Bank a

Safe and Convenient

Place at which to make Deposits and do Business. INTEREST IS ALLOWED ON ALL SAVINGS DEPOSITS of \$1.00 and upwards, according to the rules of the bank, and interest compounded semi-annually.

Money to Loan in Sums of \$25 to \$5,000.

SECURED BY UNINCUMBERED REAL ESTATE AND OTHER GOOD SECURITIES.

DIRECTORS:—Christian Mack, W. W. Wines, W. J. Harriman, William Deuble, David Rinsey, Daniel Hiscok, W. B. Smith and L. Gruner.

OFFICERS:—Christian Mack, President; W. D. Harriman, Vice-President; C. E. Hiscok, Cashier.

Report of the Condition of the Ann Arbor Savings Bank

At Ann Arbor, Michigan, at the close of business, July 18, 1890.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans and Discounts.....\$ 344,369 24	Capital stock paid in.....\$ 50,000 00
Stocks, bonds and mortgages etc.....256,284 95	Undivided profits.....17,887 08
Overdrafts.....2,481 76	Dividends unpaid.....564 00
Due from banks in reserve cities.....92,794 69	Commercial deposits.....154,915 62
Due from School District No. 1, A. A.....3,827 49	Savings deposits.....362,750 58
Bills in transit.....3,823 30	Due to banks and bankers.....128 25
Furniture and fixtures.....1,930 85	Certificates of deposit.....19,538 08
Current expenses and taxes paid.....115 64	
Cheeks and cash items.....325 78	
Notes and penalties.....15,000 00	
Gold.....1,600 00	
U. S. and National Bank notes.....14,024 00	
	\$ 736,128 54

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 24th day of May 1890.

HENRY J. MANN, Notary Public

Ann Arbor Engine and Boiler Works.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Corliss Engines, Vertical Automatic Engines and Boilers.

Saw-Mill and Flour Mill Machinery, Mill Gearing, Columns and I Beams, Churnnet Irons, Pulleys and Shafting, Tie Posts, Post Anchors, Grate Bars, Ash Pit Doors, Sash Weights, Patents and all kinds of machinery made to order; also Patterns, Grey Iron and Brass Castings of all kinds. Anything in the iron line made to order. **REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS A SPECIALTY.**

HUNTER & TURNBULL.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The real estate transfers for the week ending February 7, were as follows:

J. T. Jacobs to H. Hillman, part of w 1/2 s w 1/2 sec 8, Pittsfield.....\$1,600	Eden Douglas to L. F. Albert, part of n 1/2 s w 1/2 sec 20, Northfield.....2,500	Vauksie & Dean to Christoph Sell, w 1/2 s w 1/2 sec 21, Webster.....800	Martin Dawson to Jno. Burns, e 1/2 s w 1/2 sec 2, Augusta.....1,600	Frederick Eckert to Gottlieb Waltz, w 1/2 n 1/2 s w 1/2 sec 14, Freedom.....395	Louisa Herter to Chas. Stierle, e 1/2 s e 1/2 s w 1/2 sec 7, Lodi.....540	Caroline Stierle to Theo. Stollmeister, part of w 1/2 sec 7, Lodi.....900	C. W. Saunders to A. N. Harris, Pittsfield.....160	Geo. B. Jackson to Don L. Davis, lot on Forest St., Ypsilanti.....435	Jno. Egan, by Adm'r, to Thos. Holmes, Manchester.....219	Thos. Holmes to M. M. Martin, part of s w 1/2 sec 23, Manchester.....3,500	Northfield.....1,500	Swathell's add, Ann Arbor.....700	Elizabeth C. Mallory to E. E. Oshand, lots 72 and 73 Cross & Bagley's add, Ypsilanti.....12,000	Isaac M. Whitaker to Jno. G. Hirth, n 1/2 s w 1/2 sec 23, w 1/2 s e 1/2 sec 14, Lima.....7,000	Nathan E. Sutton to F. R. Sutton, part of n 1/2 s w 1/2 sec 2, Ann Arbor town.....219	Chas. F. Long to W. J. and C. J. Breidling, part of lot 20, Jarvis' add, Ypsilanti.....1,000	W. R. Smith to M. W. and M. Bartram, lot 5, block 6, R. S. Smith's 2d add, Ann Arbor.....1,000	A. H. Perry to Joseph Lowry, part of n w 1/4 sec 23, Sharon.....6,100	Joseph Lowry to Albert Perry, e 1/2 n e 1/4 sec 21, Sharon.....2,000
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ANN ARBOR MARKET REPORT.

Prices Paid by our Merchants.

ANN ARBOR, February 12, 1890.

1 Apples, per bu.....75 @ 1.00	1 Beef dressed, per cwt.....4.00 @ 6.00	1 Butter, per lb.....15 @ 17	1 Corn in cob, per bu.....25 @ 28	1 Eggs per doz.....25 @ 30	1 Flour, per bbl.....5.00 @ 6.25	1 Honey per lb.....3 @ 3.25	1 Hops on foot, per cwt.....3.00 @ 3.25	1 Hides, green.....7 @ 7.5	1 Hay, Timothy No. 1, per ton.....8.00 @ 9.00	1 Lard, per lb.....7 @ 8	1 Pork, dressed, per cwt.....4.40 @ 4.50	1 Mutton, per lb.....7 @ 8	1 Oats.....42 @ 45	1 Straw, per ton.....40 @ 45	1 Potatoes, per bu.....30 @ 1.00	1 Sweet peas.....40 @ 45	1 Wheat.....54 @ 64	1 Vial.....90 @ 95
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WEATHER REPORT.

The following is a record of the meteorological changes during week up to and including Saturday, February 7:

Thermometer—Degrees Fahr.	Barometer—Inches	Registering Thermometer—Degrees Fahr.
7 2 9 10 11 12	30.0 30.1 30.2 30.3 30.4 30.5	Max. Min.
Feb. 1.....34.5 39.0 30.0 33.5 28.982		38.3 29.0
Feb. 2.....29.7 31.0 38.0 39.0 28.084		38.0 28.0
Feb. 3.....15.5 15.0 5.0 11.8 28.826		43.0 4.0
Feb. 4.....2.0 11.5 0.0 6.0 29.228		12.8 0.0
Feb. 5.....15.0 15.5 13.5 0.7 29.017		35.8 6.0
Feb. 6.....27.2 40.0 33.0 33.4 28.882		40.5 28.5
Feb. 7.....31.0 37.4 33.8 33.9 28.734		36.7 28.0

1 Inches of rain and snow for January 31, Feb. 1, 2, 3, 0.31.

LATEST COUNTY NEWS.

Webster.

There was a dance last week at Sturm Wheeler's.

John Dunlavy, a brother of Felix Dunlavy, of this town, died last week. His funeral took place at Dexter, Monday.

Owing to sickness, Mr. Minoda could not attend the missionary society last Sunday, but will be here the 22d inst, to which time the meeting was postponed.

Dexter.

Wm. Warner is convalescent.

Mrs. Wygant is again on the sick list. Mrs. John Hall is under the doctor's care.

Marquis Sill and wife are just recovering from the diphtheria.

Miss Anna Andrews has returned to Jackson, after a pleasant week's visit among Dexter friends.

The "Deestrick Skule" is on the boards for the amusement of Dexter people in the near future, under the auspices of the ladies' society of the Methodist church.

Stony Creek.

Walter Rodgers will move on to the Collins place in the spring.

R. Knickerbocker will work T. Fallada's farm the coming season.

Fred Lowry, of London, Can., formerly of this place, visited in this vicinity.

The Hon. Thales Buck has gone to Lansing to represent the interests of Augusta democracy.

The revival meetings which have been in progress at the Methodist church closed last Sunday evening.

E. Van Winkle, of Van Winkle's Harbor, was the guest of his cousin, G. C. Crane, last Saturday and Sunday.

Lima.

The contingent fund of Lima is all paid out.

Lafayette grange will meet at C. M. Bowen's Friday, the 20th.

George Lendauer has bought the Stockford eighty acres for \$4,800.

There will be a P. of I. meeting at the town hall next Thursday evening.

Commissioner Zahn has served notices on the parties through whose land the new road is to run.

At the lyceum, Saturday evening, W. E. Stocking was elected president; F. Buchanan, vice-president; Miss E. Gwinn, secretary; E. Beach, treasurer. They will discuss the silver bill on Saturday evening next.

Salem.

Miss Belle Preston is the guest of I. D. Packard.

Lester Shay, of Cedar Springs, has been visiting friends here.

A. D. Herron, editor of the Tri-County Picket, was in the village last Friday.

Rev. Bird is conducting a series of successful revival services, at Lapham's corner.

Our new dentist, Dr. Osins, is kept busy every Saturday at his office, in the Salem house.

Geo. Foreman, who has been studying telegraphy at Holly, returned home last Saturday.

Mr. Walker, a farmer living in Montcalm county, is visiting his father, Geo. Walker.

Will Nichols, of Northville, and Miss Ritta Collins, of Plymouth, called on F. C. Wheeler last Sunday.

Miss Carrie Fossett, amanuensis to Attorney General Ellis, spent a couple of days with her father, last week.

The Lyman Terrill family held a reunion last week. Brothers and sisters were present from San Francisco, Washington, Big Rapids and Ovid.

Ed. Chase and John Renwick have purchased from Mrs. Renwick thirty-five acres of timber land, directly south of Salem village; the consideration being \$1,000.

Chelsea.

Miss Florence Bachman spent Sunday with her parents.

Miss Nettie Skinner, of Detroit, spent Sunday with her uncle, W. F. Hatch.

Geo. P. Glazier left, on Thursday, for an extended trip to Arkansas and other western points.

Mrs. Dr. Robertson, of Battle Creek, is spending a few days with her father, H. Durand, who is ill.

James and Jerome Cushman, of Williamston, were shaking hands with old friends here Saturday.

The conundrum social at Chas. Canfield's, Wednesday evening, afforded fun for quite a number.

The Chautauqua Circle met with Mrs. W. F. Hatch, Monday evening. A pleasant and profitable time was spent.

A "North Star Missionary" concert was given at the Congregational church, last Sabbath evening to a crowded house.

DEACON MILLS GONE.

Death of an Old Pioneer, Whose Life Was Truly Eventful, but Useful—Funeral Services.

Yesterday morning came the news of the death of Lorrin Mills. Four years ago he moved to Manhattan, Kansas, where he has since lived with his daughter. He was eighty-six years old at the time of his death. He was born in Litchfield county, Connecticut. He came to Ann Arbor in 1827. He was married two years later to Miss Harriet G. Parsons, with whom he spent forty-one years of happy wedded life. He was married a second time to Mrs. Burnett, who died in the year 1874. Mr. Mills was instrumental in organizing the Presbyterian church in this city. He also enjoyed the distinction of being the first tailor to open a shop west of Detroit, and he built the first brick house in Ann Arbor.

For nearly forty years he served as a deacon in the Congregational church, and was also for nineteen consecutive years superintendent of its Sunday School. He was a member of a military band organized in Buffalo, and was many times called upon to lead church choirs. He was a member of the reception committee which welcomed General Lafayette to this country. He possessed an unusually lovely character. One of his old friends says he never knew a man who used his talents so well as did Deacon Mills. He was thrifty, honest, simple, generous, high-minded.

The remains of the deceased will be brought to Ann Arbor and interred in Forest Hill cemetery, and the last sad rites will be performed at the Congregational church next Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

OUR YPSILANTI RAMBLER

Tells What he Has Seen and Heard in that Burg During the Past Few Days and Nights.

These have been dreary days for rambling around this pretty city, seeking what news one may devour; and as the people look sort o' dreary, too, it will be no strange thing if this letter dons a sombre hue as well. Come to think, however, last Friday evening wasn't particularly dreary. Let's see, there was a progressive pedro party at Mrs. Julia Sherman's, and everybody knows there can be nothing dreary or slow that's in any way connected with her; then the Episcopalians held a merry-making at Hotel de Hawkins, at twenty cents per head, and cleared about fifty dollars, to be devoted to home charity. Same evening, a select corps from the state legislature donned its evening smile and gloves and arranged itself in the Normal reception room, where it was duly shaken and admired by several hundred students. We understand that that august body of learned politicians came away weary and scarcely able to lift an arm (the right one), but with a profound respect for the hosts of intelligent, well-dressed and mannered students who paid them homage. Saturday afternoon we noticed so many ladies flitting in and out of a certain Washington-st residence that we were tempted for once to indulge a bit of curiosity, which is usually confined wholly to the gentle sex, and ask the reason of this thushness. I asked meekly, and was informed by a pert miss, "Oh, you want understand if I tell you; but any way, Miss Fannie Grey and Dr. Christine Anderson Taylor are giving the loveliest 5 o'clock tea. Men never care for such things, but we do."

Lots of folks welcomed the O. of M. boys Saturday evening at the opera house. The boys are favorites and their music and singing appreciated. That calls to mind that we are indebted to Ann Arbor for another pleasant treat. Mr. Randall spared no pains to make his exhibition of stiching, chime, etc., pleasing to all visitors, and his visit will be pleasantly remembered. Well, now, come to think of it, Monday night was pretty middling jolly. There was the Light Guard annual ball—and the brave boys did themselves proud by way of entertaining, and certainly Capt. Smith had just cause for beaming so beamingly as he noted the light fantastic so gracefully. Everybody looked entrancingly beautiful, even "the great horrid men." Monday night was a "red letter day," if I may be allowed the expression, for our well known Will Hubbell, who loves the histrionic art with the whole of his manly soul. So Will made his initial bow to the hero in "Lady of Lyons," and if anybody can beat William in artistic bow making, let him now come forward or forever hold his peace. Then things are not so dreary after all. But there is one sad household tonight at least. Two fond daughters and their little ones mourn the loss of a kind parent in the death of S. L. Dimick, whose genial face, his in his beautiful frame of silvered locks, has for so many years greeted the pedestrians on Huron-st, from his little dark store window, and who for so many years has bravely withstood the vicissitudes of business changes, sickness and death, till of late his own summons came.

Then there's— but goodness! how late it is; I really can't stay another minute, for you see I'm a

EXCITEMENT IN ROCHESTER.

The Commotion Caused by the Statement of a Physician.

An unusual article from the Rochester, N. Y., Democrat and Chronicle, was recently republished in this paper and was a subject of much comment. That the article caused even more commotion in Rochester, the following from the same paper shows:

Dr. J. B. Henion, who is well-known, not only in Rochester but in nearly every part of America, sent an extended article to this paper, a few days since, which was duly published, detailing his remarkable experience and rescue from what seemed to be certain death. It would be impossible to enumerate the personal enquiries which have been made at our office as to the validity of the article, but they have been so numerous that further investigation of the subject was deemed necessary.

With this end in view, a representative of this paper called on Dr. Henion, at his residence, when the following interview occurred: "That article of yours, Doctor, has created quite a whirlwind. Are the statements about the terrible condition you were in, and the way you were rescued such as you can sustain?"

"Every one of them and many additional ones. I was brought so low by neglecting the first and most simple symptoms. I did not think I was sick. It is true I had frequent headaches; felt tired most of the time; could eat nothing one day and was ravenous the next; felt dull pains and my stomach was out of order, but I did not think it meant anything serious."

"The medical profession has been treating symptoms instead of diseases for years, and it is high time it ceased. The symptoms I have just mentioned, or any unusual action or irritation of the water channels, indicate the approach of kidney disease more than a cough announces the coming of consumption. We do not treat the cough, but try to help the lungs. We should not waste our time trying to relieve the headache, pains about the body or other symptoms, but go directly to the kidneys, the source of these ailments."

"This, then, is what you meant when you said that more than one-half the deaths which occur arise from Bright's disease, is it, Doctor?"

"Precisely. Thousands of diseases are torturing people, today, which in reality are Bright's disease in some of its many forms. It is a hydra-headed monster, and the slightest symptoms should strike terror to every one who has them. I can look back and recall hundreds of deaths which physicians declared at the time were caused by paralysis, apoplexy, heart disease, pneumonia, malarial fever and other common complaints, which I see now were caused by Bright's disease."

"And did all these cases have simple symptoms at first?"

"Every one of them, and might have been cured, as I was, by the timely use of the same remedy. I am getting my eyes thoroughly opened in this matter and think I am helping others to see the facts and their possible danger also."

Mr. Warner, who was visited at his establishment on N. St. Paul-st, spoke very earnestly:

"It is true that Bright's disease had increased wonderfully and we find, by reliable statistics, that from '70 to '80 its growth was over 250 per cent! Look at the prominent men it has carried off, and is taking off every year, for while many are dying apparently of paralysis and apoplexy, they are really victims of kidney disorder, which causes heart disease, paralysis, apoplexy, etc. Nearly every week the papers record the death of some prominent man from this awful scourge. Recently, however, the increase has been checked and I attribute this to the general use of my remedy."

"Do you think many people are afflicted with it today who do not realize it, Mr. Warner?"

"A prominent professor in a New Orleans medical college was lecturing before his class on the subject of Bright's disease. He had various fluids under microscopic analysis and was showing the students what the indications of this terrible malady were. 'And now, gentlemen,' he said, 'as we have seen the unhealthy indications, I will show you how it appears in a state of perfect health,' and he submitted his own fluid to the usual test. As he watched the results his countenance suddenly changed—his color and command both left him and a trembling voice he said: 'Gentlemen, I have made a painful discovery; I have Bright's disease of the kidneys; and in less than a year he was dead. The slightest indications of any kidney difficulty should be enough to strike terror to any one.'

"You know of Dr. Henion's case?"

"Yes, I have both read and heard of it."

"It is very wonderful, is it not?"

"No more so than a great many others that have come to my notice as having been cured by the same means."

"You believe, then, that Bright's disease can be cured?"

"I know it can. I know it from my own and the experience of thousands of prominent persons who were given up by both their physicians and friends."

"You speak of your own experience, what was it?"

"A fearful one. I had felt languid and unfitted for business for years. But I did not know what ailed me. When, however, I found it was kidney difficulty, I thought there was little hope and so I did the doctors. I have since learned that one of the physicians of this city pointed me out to a gentleman on the street one day, saying: 'There goes a man who will be dead within a year.' I believe his words would have proved true if I had not fortunately used the remedy now known as Warner's Safe Cure."

"Did you make a chemical analysis of the case of Mr. H. H. Warner, some three years ago, Doctor?" was asked Dr. S. A. Lattimore, one of the analysts of the State Board of Health.

"Yes, sir."

"What did this analysis show you?"

"A serious disease of the kidneys."

"Did you think Mr. Warner could recover?"

"No, sir; I did not think it possible."

"Do you know anything about the remedy which cured him?"

"I have chemically analyzed it and find it pure and harmless."



We are Offering some

BIG BARGAINS!


IN

Heavy Overcoats.

It will pay you to see them.

THE TWO SAMs.

L. BLITZ.



DO NOT FAIL TO CALL AT

OVERBECK & STAEBLER'S

Successors to Mayer & Overbeck, for

FINE GROCERIES.

Fresh Butter and Eggs Received Daily

We have everything in the line of

CROCKERY, CLASSWARE,

and all sorts of fine presents at the very lowest rates. As an inducement for Cash trade we will give a FREE COPY of the HOME CYCLOPEDIA, (a book that should be in every home) with every \$20 worth of Groceries paid in cash.

THE GUILD PIANO.

IS IT UNKNOWN? Read what the greatest Music Publishing firm in this country says of it:

We have rented and sold your pianos extensively, and recommend them as being in every respect reliable and satisfactory.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.

Messrs. Oliver Ditson & Co. have purchased upwards of 800 of our Pianos and never had occasion to make a demand on us for any defect in the instruments.

No finer instrument has ever come under my inspection. . . . I cheerfully recommend them as inferior to none in the market.

HENRY S. CUTLER, Organist of Trinity Church, New York.

I predict for your unrivalled pianos the highest popularity. They are now in the front rank of superior workmanship.

Sincerely yours, HOWARD M. DOW, Organist of the "Church of the Unity" (Rev. Hepworth's), Boston.

"Are the perfection of musical mechanism."—Providence Journal.

"It is the sweetest-toned piano I ever heard."—From Mr. Harris, of England, the inventor of the celebrated "Harris Engine."

Mr. H. C. Barnabee, the celebrated vocalist, says: "They are splendid in tone and action, and the handsomest pianos I ever have seen."

I consider the Guild method of tuning the nearest perfection of any I have ever seen. I have often wondered why some method was not devised to tune the piano without turning the pins in the pin block. Guild has the right idea. The piano must stay in tune, and will certainly wear longer.


G. W. RENWICK, Muskegon, Mich., August 9, 1890.

No "slipping" or "springing" of tuning pins. The most beautiful cases. Guaranteed not to check. Mr. Guild recently wrote: "I am distracted with orders; make no new agencies. My improvements take like wildfire. It has been impossible for me to secure half the number of these pianos needed. They are coming on again, and I cordially invite all to call and see them."

ALVIN WILSEY, State Agent.

25 South Fourth Ave., Ann Arbor, Mich.

N. B.—A fine stock of SEWING MACHINES (Especially the standard, Guitars, Banjos, Mandolins, etc., etc., at cut prices, for Holiday trade.



CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH, RED CROSS DIAMOND BRAND

PENNYROYAL PILLS

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE. The only Safe, Pure, and reliable Pill for sale. Ladies, ask Druggists for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metal boxes sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other kind. Dishes, Substitutions and Imitations. All pills in pasteboard boxes, pink wrappers, are dangerous counterfeits. Ask Druggists, or send us 4c. in stamps for particulars, instructions, and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

THE REGISTER. THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1911. BACH, ABEL & CO'S Specialties for February.

BLEACHED COTTONS—All the Best Brands: Pride of the West, Wamsutta, Fruit of the Loom, Lonsdale, and the celebrated Langdon 76 and Langdon G. B. Berkeley, Lonsdale and Wamsutta Cambrics. All at the best prices named.

UNBLEACHED COTTONS—Our usual large stock of the Best Qualities, at VERY LOW PRICES.

WIDE SHEETINGS—A Full Stock of all widths and qualities. We keep the best line, and sell more of these goods than any other establishment in this vicinity.

A Splendid Value in 10-4 Bleached Linen Sheet, at \$1.25 per yard, very heavy and fine.

TABLE LINENS—This is the place wherein we are very strong. Extra heavy values in Barnsey Cream Damasks at 40, 50 and 60 cents per yard. Splendid Goods (very wide) at 75c and \$1.00 per yard.

BEAUTIFUL BLEACHED DAMASKS—At 65c, 75c and \$1.00 per yard. We have control for this city of a line of Patented designs, from one of the largest Importers, at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.25 per yard, with Napkins to match. 25 pieces of Turkey Red Damask at 25c, 30c, 40c, and the Best Goods Made at 50c per yard.

We have opened a line of Scotch Gingham, French and American Satines that are very attractive and from which we have made numerous sales. 100 pieces of American Dress Gingham at 10c and 12 1/2 cents per yard. An early choice gets the best selections.

BLACK DRESS FABRICS.—Silk Warp Henriettas and Drap de Almas.

All Wool Henriettas and Drap de Almas.

Striped and block plaid Satin Berbers.

Straight-line Cords and Serges.

Brocaded Almas and Wide Wale Diagonals.

Sebastopol and Fancy Weaves.

This Stock will interest you when in want of a Black Dress. No advance in prices.

BLACK JERSEY JACKETS—We have open one of the best lines in market, at \$5, \$7, \$8, \$9 and \$10 each. They are the Correct Garment for Early Spring wear.

KID GLOVES—We have the best assortment in the City. Button, Hook and Mosquitier, in both Glace and Suede. All REAL KID and every pair Warranted. 14 and 20 button length. Gloves for Evening Wear. Old Price, despite the Advanced Cost.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—We shall continue our Reduction Sale of Cloaks, Blankets, Flannels and Knit Underwear, to clean them all out.

Low Prices has and is doing the business.

All Departments with Full Stocks of Best Goods.

LOW PRICES. LARGE SALES.

BACH, ABEL & CO. 26 S. MAIN STREET.

Look! Look! Look!

It will pay you to look at our goods and prices.

Women's Dongola Button Shoes, Flexible, Tackless, in Op. or Common Sense, worth \$3.00 \$2.50

Men's Cordovan, Hand Sewed, Shoes, worth elsewhere \$6.00 5.00

The best place in the city to buy the best \$3.00 MEN'S CALF SHOES in any style.

OUR SHOES ARE ALL SOLID.

We guarantee everything we sell to be solid leather, buy of the BEST HOUSES and warrant everything we sell.

Don't fail to call and see us before purchasing.

Samuel Krause, 48 S. MAIN ST.

YOU CAN GET IT

Calkins' Drug Store 34 South State-st.

THE CITY.

The sum of \$28.86 was paid for sparrows last week.

The county's gas bill, last month, amounted to \$75.60.

William Ball, of Hamburg, has been made a member of the Washtenaw Farmers' Association.

Tramps are thick in the vicinity of the Michigan Central depot.

Mrs. A. A. Stanley entertained about 100 guests on Friday evening last.

An informal party was given Monday evening by Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Goodyear.

Nearly 300 guests attended the reception given by Mrs. Israel Hall on Saturday afternoon.

Services are held during Lent every Wednesday and Friday evening at the Catholic church.

A pleasant dance was given, Friday evening, at the residence of Adam Schlee in Geddes.

Oswald Herz, son of Alderman Herz, was surprised by a party of young friends on Friday evening.

An enjoyable hop was given by Ross Granger on Tuesday evening. Twenty-five couples were present.

Mrs. A. B. Prescott entertained a small company Tuesday evening in honor of Professor and Mrs. Langley.

A surprise party was given Tuesday night to Miss Emma Reyer, of Pittsfield, the occasion being her twenty-third birthday.

A new butter and cheese company has been organized in this city, with \$6,500 capital. The factory will be located on the river road.

Mr. and Mrs. B. St. James on Friday evening entertained the members of the Business Men's Quartette, and their wives and friends.

Mary Frances Fitchell, of the fourth ward, died on Friday last at the age of sixteen. Her funeral took place at St. Thomas church on Monday.

At the Unity Club next Monday evening, Feb. 16, Dr. S. H. Jones, of this city, will read a paper on "A Visit to the Home and Haunts of Thoreau."

Mrs. Anna Benton, widow of the late Eli Benton, of Lodi, died on Monday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Comstock Hill. She was eighty years old.

Margaret, wife of Thos. Sutton, died on Monday at her residence in Ann Arbor town. The cause of her death was blood poison. She was eighty-three years old.

A disgraceful fight occurred in Fred Brown's saloon last Thursday afternoon. Shots were fired and one of the frequenters of the place was struck in the head by a club.

Frank Parker and William Warner became intoxicated on Saturday last, and Justice Butts decided that three days in the county jail would be sufficient to bring them around.

The school board met on Tuesday evening, took measures to remedy the sewerage in the high school building, allowed bills amounting to \$519.48 and transacted some routine business.

The books of Nelson Sutherland, treasurer of the Ann Arbor and Lodi Plank Road Company have been examined by a committee, consisting of Geo. E. Sperry and Frank E. Mills, and have been found correct.

The Good Templars will give a match social and an oyster supper Saturday evening. The first class program will be enjoyed by all. Admission free. Supper, twenty-five cents. All friends are cordially invited.

Rev. Rush R. Shippen, of Washington, D.C., will preach at the Unitarian church in this city next Sunday morning and evening, in exchange with Mr. Sunderland. Mr. Shippen is one of the ablest and best known Unitarian clergymen in this country.

The Ann Arbor Gun club has lately been organized. The following are its officers: President, W. E. Walker; vice-president, H. C. Kellogg; secretary, S. W. Saxton; treasurer, C. L. Dow; captain, W. F. Lodholz; directors, D. J. Ross, M. Clements, J. Gwiner.

Four patients from the Wayne county hospital were inoculated with the Koch lymph, Tuesday afternoon, by several of the University physicians. They were the following: John Burk, suffering from lupus; R. H. Lavender, rodent ulcer; Nellie Jackson and Fred Frazier, tuberculosis.

Mrs. Adam Goetz died on Friday at her home on Chapin-st. She had been suffering some time from liver and heart disease. She was twenty-eight years old. She had been married but four months at the time of her death. Her funeral took place Sunday, at the Bethlehem church and was largely attended.

Mrs. Mary Kinney has filed a bill against her husband, Michael Kinney, who lives on north Ashley-st. They have been married a little over four years, and during that time Mrs. Kinney alleges she has suffered much on account of her husband's cruelty. She therefore asks for a separation and \$1,000 alimony.

The trolley on one of the electric cars became detached on Monday evening, while the car was descending the hill to the depot, and the vehicle soon acquired such a velocity as to run down to the main entrance of the building. It took an hour and a half to place the car on the track again.

Yesterday afternoon occurred the marriage of Albert Mann, the popular druggist, and Miss Ida Binder. Rev. Max Hein performed the ceremony at the residence of the bride's parents on Liberty st. Only a few friends were present. Mr. and Mrs. Mann have taken possession of their new home on Madison-st.

A special convention of the Sunday school workers of Eastern Michigan will be held at the Woodward avenue Baptist church, Detroit, February 16-18. B. F. Jacobs, of Chicago; William Reynolds, of Peoria; Marion Lawrence, of Toledo, and Mrs. W. F. Crafts, of New York, will be present. Each Sunday school in Eastern Michigan is entitled to three delegates.

The topics for the next meeting of the Washtenaw Pomological Society are the following: "To Increase the Interest in our Society," by President Scott; "Sale of Fruit," by J. Ganzhorn; "Best Spraying Pump," by W. F. Bird. Fifteen minutes will be devoted to questions by any one on fruit topics.

The gospel temperance meeting next Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, by the kind invitation of Rev. Mr. Carman, will be held in the Baptist church instead of in Cropey's hall, and the service by the Good Templars intended for that day is deferred. The meetings planned in Cropey's hall are: Sunday, Feb. 22, "Who favor high license and why," an address in its defense; March 1, meeting by the W. C. T. U.; March 8, meeting by the Good Templars.

A boy baby was found in an out-building on the premises of C. H. Cady, Tuesday evening, and taken to O. M. Martin's undertaking rooms, apparently dead. It was, however, resuscitated and restored to its mother, who proved to be Henrietta Ehnis, a domestic in the employ of Mr. Cady. She charges Adolph J. Diehl with the paternity of the child. Mr. Diehl was arrested and gave bonds to the amount of \$500 for his appearance on February 25. A complaint has also been made against the girl.

The work of removing bodies from the old cemetery is going rapidly on. By Tuesday night 240 had been taken away. Those unclaimed are re-interred in the fifth ward cemetery. The remains of Odd Fellows or Masons are removed to Forest Hill cemetery. The bones of the man whose tombstone represents the manner in which he met his death (that is, being crushed by a log), have been taken to Dixboro. Among the bodies removed were those of Mr. Lord, the first county clerk, and Rev. Thomas Wiley, the first Methodist minister of Ann Arbor.

THE REGISTER is indebted to Col. H. S. Dean for a copy of the annual report made by the inspectors and officers of the Michigan state prison at Jackson. It shows that the value of real estate and buildings is \$742,700; furniture and fixtures, \$33,910.92; tools and machinery, \$12,899.70; material, \$11,267.88; miscellaneons, \$20,549.83; total value of property, \$821,328.33. On June 30, 1890, there were 72 inmates of the prison. The total income during the two years was \$197,543.20 and the expenses, \$196,381.48, leaving an excess of \$1,161.72. This shows careful management on the part of the officials and is gratifying to all citizens of Michigan.

A young couple from Milan, one day last week, went up to Justice Pond's office, with the intention of being joined in the bonds of wedlock. They were about ten minutes too late, and the swain then proposed that they take the street car up to Mr. Pond's residence. This the prospective bride declined to do, saying that she was afraid of lightning. Then they started to walk, but had not gone two blocks when the lady said she was too tired to go any further. The bridegroom began to despair, but finally he thought of one of our pastors, who does not live far from the business portion, and prevailed upon his lady love to accompany him thither. It is not as yet known whether the couple succeeded in getting back to Milan.

The friends and relatives of Miss Grace Moon will be interested in the following clipping from a Muskegon dispatch to the Chicago Inter Ocean: The largest and most brilliant wedding of the winter was celebrated tonight at the First Methodist Episcopal church, the contracting parties being Miss Grace Noble, daughter of ex-Senator John Wesley Moon, of this city, and Mr. Clarence Burckle Beardsley, of Chicago. The church was decorated with palms and bride roses and was filled with over 1,500 people. The ceremony was performed at 7 o'clock by the Rev. W. A. Hunsberger. The bride wore a Worth toilet of silver brocade and white satin on train, trimmed with pearls and old point lace. The white embroidered silk tulle veil was clasped with diamonds and a necklace of pearls and diamonds was worn. The reception from 8 o'clock to 11:30, was attended by over two hundred and fifty friends, many of whom had come from Chicago, where the groom is well known in social and business circles.

On Sunday last occurred the death of Mrs. John Smith, of Ann Arbor township, from heart disease. She was forty-nine years old and the mother of a large family of children. Her funeral took place, on Monday morning, from St. Patrick's church, Northfield, and was largely attended, many of those present being Ann Arbor people. Mrs. Smith was respected and admired by all who knew her.

On Monday morning several of the pastors and others interested in the temperance work met in the lecture room of the Methodist church. Prof. J. B. Steere, who was called to the chair, stated the object of the meeting. Rev. A. S. Carman was appointed secretary and remarks were made by Messrs Bradshaw, Burt, Carman, Sunderland, Day, Mesdames Sunderland, Dick and others. It was decided to hold a union temperance mass meeting on the first Sunday evening in March. An effort will be made to secure University Hall for the purpose. A gospel temperance meeting will be held next Sunday afternoon in the Baptist church.

A very favorable opportunity to learn about the famous Lick Observatory will be afforded on Friday evening next at the First Baptist church. Prof. W. W. Campbell, of the University, by special invitation, spent the last summer vacation there, and took part in the daily observations. He will give a descriptive talk, fully illustrated by stereopticon views of celestial objects, such as the moon, eclipses of the sun, nebulae, etc., together with views of the observatory and its instruments. Some photographs of the scenery about Mt. Hamilton and San Jose will also be exhibited.

CHURCH NOTES.

Baptist Church. Rev. A. S. Carman, pastor. SUNDAY, Feb. 15, 10:30 A. M.—Preaching by pastor.

12:00 M.—Sunday school. 6:30 P. M.—Young People's Meeting. 7:30 P. M.—Preaching service.

MONDAY, Feb. 16, 7:30 P. M.—Inquirers met in church parlors.

WEDNESDAY 7:30 P. M.—Prayer meeting. Pastor at home 71 E. Washington-st, Saturday afternoons from 3 to 5:30.

Congregational Church. SUNDAY, Feb. 15, 10:30 A. M.—Preaching service.

12:00 M.—Sunday School. 6:30 P. M.—Young People's Meeting. 7:30 P. M.—Preaching service.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 18, 7:30 P. M.—Prayer meeting.

Disciples Church. SUNDAY, Feb. 15, 4:30 P. M.—Social service in the parlors of the Congregational church.

German Evangelical Bethlehem Church. SUNDAY, Feb. 15, 10:30 A. M.—Preaching service by the pastor.

12:00 M.—Sunday School. 7:30 P. M.—Preaching service by the pastor.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 18, 7:30 P. M.—Prayer meeting.

German Lutheran Zion's Church. SUNDAY, Feb. 15, 10:30 A. M.—Preaching service by the pastor.

7:15 P. M.—Preaching. THURSDAY, 7:30 P. M.—Service.

German Methodist Episcopal Church. SUNDAY, Feb. 15, 9:30 A. M.—Sunday school.

10:30 A. M.—Preaching. 7:30 P. M.—Preaching.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 18, 7:30 P. M.—Prayer meeting.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Rev. R. H. Rust, D. D., Pastor. SUNDAY, Feb. 15, 10:30 A. M.—Preaching service by the pastor.

12:00 M.—Sunday school. 7:30 P. M.—Special music at the evening service. All are welcome.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 18, 7:30 P. M.—Prayer meeting.

Ladies' F. M. Society, every second Friday each month.

Ladies' H. M. Society, every fourth Friday each month.

Presbyterian Church. SUNDAY, Feb. 15 10:30 A. M.—Preaching. Subject: Bearing one another's burdens.

12:00 M.—Sunday School. 7:30 P. M.—Preaching. Subject: "A sure Judgment."

Ladies' F. M. Society every second Friday in each month.

Ladies' H. M. Society every fourth Friday in each month.

St. Andrew's Church. Rev. Henry Tatlock, rector; Rev. W. O. Waters, assistant. SUNDAY, Feb. 15, 8:00 A. M.—Holy Communion.

10:30 A. M.—Morning service and Sermon.

12:00 M.—Sunday school and Prof. Scott's bible class.

Evening service at Foster's; Sunday school at Geddes. 7:30 P. M.—Evening Service and Sermon.

MONDAY, Feb. 16, 7:30.—Confirmation lecture in the chapel. TUESDAY, Feb. 17, 4:00 P. M.—Evening Prayer.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 18, 10:30—Morning Prayer. 7:30 P. M.—Evening prayer and address.

THURSDAY, Feb. 19, 4:00 P. M.—Evening prayer. FRIDAY, Feb. 20, 4:00 P. M.—Litany and Address. SATURDAY, Feb. 21, 4:00 P. M.—Evening prayer.

Unitarian Church. Rev. J. T. Sunderland, minister. SUNDAY, Feb. 15, 10:30 A. M.—Morning Services, Preaching by Rev. Rush R. Shippen, of Washington, D. C. 12:00 M.—Student's Bible Class. Subject: "The Exodus." 2 to 6 P. M.—Reading Room is open. 7:30 P. M.—Evening Service. Rev. R. Shippen of Washington preaches. MONDAY, Feb. 16, 8:30 P. M.—Unity Club: "A Visit to the Home and Haunts of Thoreau" by Dr. S. A. Jones. African M. E. Church. Rev. Mr. Cottman pastor. SUNDAY Feb. 15, 10:30 A. M.—Preaching. 2:00 P. M.—Sunday School. 7:30 P. M.—Preaching. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report. Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

WHO SHALL BE MAYOR? Let Every Man and Woman Designate His Choice.

In order to excite interest in the approaching city election THE REGISTER introduces a novel feature. The office of mayor is the most important one in the city. It should be filled by one who is the deliberative choice of the people. In order to find out who this person is, THE REGISTER invites every man or woman in this city, whether he be a democrat a republican or prohibitionist, to write his choice on the coupon which is printed below, and send it to THE REGISTER. Every person must sign his name on the ballot in order that no one may be able to vote twice. The result will be announced every week.

FOR MAYOR —OF— ANN ARBOR MY CHOICE IS

(Write Distinctly One Name Only.)

The Ballot will close at Night, March 10th, and the Result will be announced in THE REGISTER of March 12th.

EDITOR MAYOR'S BALLOT, THE ANN ARBOR REGISTER.

N. B.—The name of the voter will not be published.

Card of Thanks. To the neighbors and friends who showed so much kindness and sympathy during our recent affliction, I wish to express my heart-felt gratitude.

J. W. REEVES, Dexter.

Can Cataract be Permanently Cured? This is a question of great interest to the thousands who have been cured of cataract by Pe-ru-na during the last year or two. To be cured of this loathsome disease as promptly and completely as Pe-ru-na commonly does, seems to most people to be too good to remain true. They ask, Will not cataract return the first time I expose myself, or quit treatment? The answer is, No; you are as well as ever in your lives, and no more liable to get cataract than one who never had it. Many years have elapsed since the first cases of cataract were cured by Pe-ru-na, and in order to test the permanency of these cures a number were written to, and the following came: "I am not bothered with cataract at all." "The cures made by Pe-ru-na are permanent. Pe-ru-na is for sale at most drug stores, and full directions for use with each bottle. A book on cataract, which is a complete guide to the prevention and cure of cataract, sent free to any address by The Pe-ru-na Medicine Company of Columbus, Ohio. 42

THE MEHLIN PIANO. See it! Try it! Buy it! ALLMENDINGER PIANO & ORGAN CO., General Agents.

Ice Creams and Ices served to families in 1, 2, 3 or 4 qt. bricks. Hangsterfer. tf

Burchfield is all right for lots of trade at least, as long as he sells for the prices he does and does such nice work. 42

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Stop and see the Pair of Pants you can get made to order at Burchfield's Tailor Shop. You will not want to look any further. It is a conundrum to know how he can do it, but he does it just the same. 42

Happy and content is a home with "The Rochester," a lamp with the light of the morning. For catalogue, write Rochester Lamp Co. New York.

Go to Gruber's Post-office news stand for confectionery, stationery and standard periodicals. tf

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Burchfield is certainly the greatest Boomer in the city; he has got in Cords of Cloth, Pantings, Sultings, over-Coatings, and every style to suit every one, from the plainest to the most Fastidious. Every one that doesn't call on him before ordering will certainly be the loser, because his prices are awful low. It is astonishing how low he sells a fine Prince Albert Suit. He is the only real live Tailor in the city who is fully awake to the wants of the people. 42

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Icees. Orange, lemon, strawberry, raspberry, pine apple, Roman punch. tf

Completed to Deadwood. The Burlington Route, C. & Q. R. R. from Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis, is now completed, and daily passenger trains are running through Lincoln, Neb., and Custer, S. D., to Deadwood. Also to Newcastle, Wyoming. Sleeping cars to Deadwood. 46

USE DR. CRAIG'S ORIGINAL Kidney and Liver Cure Crown Plasters and Pills. They are the only Safe Remedies to use for those afflicted with Bright's Disease, Liver Complaint and Urinary Affections. Only those prepared in the dry form are the Original and the Only Kidney and Liver Cure that will restore you to perfect health.

ALL LADIES USE C. B. R. A. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. The Craig Medicine Co., PASSAIC, N. J. 150 DOSES ONE DOLLAR.

Ice Cream. Vanilla, chocolate, coffee, pistachio, strawberry, macaroon, tutfrituit, bisque, nonquat. All Sunday orders should be given the day previous. tf

The Commercial Tickets of the Wheeling and Lake Erie issue are now good over nineteen (19) different roads, and can be purchased from any Agent at \$20.00. -41

Buy 1 lb. of candy and guess at weight of large stick free at Hangsterfer's. 32tf

INFORMATION! WANTED, the address of persons suffering with RHEUMATISM, in any form, Neuralgia or Lumbago. I will, without charge, direct those afflicted to a sure and permanent cure. I have nothing to sell, but give information what to use that cured myself and friends after all other means had failed. Address FRANK W. PARKHURST, Fraternity and Fine Art Publisher, Lock Box 1501, Boston, Mass. 45

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ARE OFFERING SPECIAL BARGAINS KOCH & HENNIN In Furniture, Carpets and Curtains THIS MONTH—(A Complete Assortment of Everything. At 56 & 58 S. Main-st, ANN ARBOR.

-Right Now!- SCHAIRER & MILLEN Are selling more WHITE GOODS, Cottons, Embroideries and Gingham, than any two houses in Ann Arbor.

Read the Prices! Come and See the Goods!

Yard-wide, 6c Unbleached Cotton to go at.....	4 1/2c per yard.
Lawrence LL fine Brown Cotton to go at.....	5 c "
Continental C fine " " to go at.....	7 1/2c "
Fruit of the Loom Bleached Cotton.....	8 c "
Lonsdale Bleached Cotton only.....	8 c "
One case Lonsdale Cambric to go at.....	10 c "
1,000 yards fine Apron-check Gingham.....	5 c "
One case Wool-finish, 8c, Indigo Blue Prints, only.....	5 c "
White Shaker Flannel, worth 12 1/2c, to go at.....	5 c "
2,000 yards 20c gray Shaker Flannel to go at.....	10 c "
25 pieces white Plaid and Check Nainsook.....	6 c "
One case large white Bed Spreads, to go at.....	75 c each.

\$1,000 Worth Embroideries!

200 pieces wide Embroidery, worth 35, 40 and 50c, now..	25c per yard.
300 " wide Embroidery, worth 25 and 35c, now....	15c "
150 " Embroidery, worth 20 and 25c, now.....	10c "
200 " Embroidery at.....	3 and 5c "

Ladies, don't miss seeing this lot of Fine Embroideries, for they are indeed BARGAINS.

Ladies' pure Wool Vests and Pants—gray and scarlet—worth \$1.00 and \$1.20, now..... 75c each. One case Ladies' gray Ribbed Vests..... 25c " Five pieces 50-inch pure Black Mohair..... 57c a yd.

GREAT SALE MUSLIN UNDERWEAR: Corset Covers, 25c, 35c, 40c and 50c. Fruit of the Loom Drawers, 25c, 35c and 50c a pair. Night Robes, 39c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

In Our Cloak Department, 1-4 Off! ANY GARMENT IN THE STOCK!

Plush Sacques, New Markets and Jackets, Cloth Newmarkets and Jack-ets, Misses' and Childrens' Coats—every Garment goes 1-4 off. The above Prices good for this Sale only.