The Michigan Argus

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The Michigan Argus.

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Ann Arbor, Washtenaw Co., Michigan,

Entrance on Huron Street, opposite the Franklin.

ELIHU B. POND
Editor and Publisher.

TERMS, $1,50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING.

One square (12 lines or less) one week, 50 cents; and 25 cents for every insertion thereafter, less than three months.

One square 3 months....	$3	Quarter col. 1 year.....	$20
One do 6 do	5	Half col'mn 6 mos.....	18
One do 1 year......	8	Half do 1 year.....	35
Two sq'res 6 mos	8	One do 6 mos.....	35
Two do 1 year....	12	One do 1 year.....	60

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Pamphlets, Hand-bills, Circulars, Cards, Ball Tickets, and other varieties of Plain and Fancy Job Printing, executed with *promptness*, and in the BEST STYLE.

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Connected with the Office is a Book Bindery in charge of a competent workman. County Records, Ledgers, Journals, and all kinds of Blank Books made to order, and of the best stock. Pamphlets and Periodicals bound in a neat and durable manner, at Detroit prices. Entrance to Bindery through ARGUS Office.

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CARDS! CARDS!! CARDS!!!

Having purchased a RUGGLES ROTARY DIAMOND Card Press, with a fine assortment of Card type, the ARGUS Office is prepared to print Cards of all kinds in the neatest possible style and at a great reduction from former prices, including Business Cards for men of all avocations and professions, Ball, Wedding, and Visiting Cards, etc., etc. Call, give us yours orders and see how it is done.

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—WITH—
NALL, DUNCKLEE & Co.,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL dealers in Dry Goods, Carpetings, Floor Oil Cloths, Feathers, Paper Hangings, and a general assortment of Furnishing Goods,

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Corner of Larned st., DETROIT, Mich.

☞ Orders solicited and promptly attended to ☜ 809y1

RAYMOND'S
Photographic and Fine Art GALLERY.

Nos. 205 and 207 Jefferson Avenue, DETROIT.

Photographs, Life Size, colored or plain, cabinet, imperial, Melainotypes, Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, etc. ☞ CARD PICTURES by the Dozen or Thousand. 809y1

I. O. O. F.

WASHTENAW LODGE No. 9, of the Independent order of Odd Fellows meet at their Lodge Room, every Friday evening, at 7½ o'clock,
E. RICHARDSON, N. G. S. SONDHEIM, Sec'y.

L. STUBBS.

WHOLESALE and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars &c., Main St.—sign of "Big Indian," Franklin Block, Ann Arbor, Mich.

S. G. SUTHERLAND & SON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Grocers and Commission Merchants, East side Main Street Ann Arbor.

TWITCHELL & CLARK.

ATTORNEYS and Counsellors at Law, General Life and Fire Insurance agents. Office in City Hall Block, on Huron St., Ann Arbor. Collections promptly made and remitted, and special attention paid to conveyancing.
D. S. TWITCHELL, [743tf] E. P. CLARK.

J. M. SCOTT.

AMBROTYPE & PHOTOGRAPH ARTISTS, in the rooms formerly occupied by Cordley, over the store of Sperry & Moore Perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

WINES & KNIGHT.

DEALERS in Staple, Fancy Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, &c. &c., Main Street Ann Arbor.

RISDON & HENDERSON,

DEALERS in Hardware, Stoves, house furnishing goods, Tin Ware &c. &c., New Block, Main Street.

A. P. MILLS,

DEALER in Staple Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes and Ready Made Clothing, Huron Street Ann Arbor.

BEAKES & ABEL,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW, and Solicitors in Chancery. Office in City Hall Block, over Webster & Co's Book Store, Ann Arbor

KINGSLEY & MORGAN,

ATTORNEYS, Counsellors, Solicitors, and Notaries Public, have Books and Plats showing titles of all lands in the County, and attend to conveyancing and collecting demands, and to paying taxes and school interest in any part of the State. Office east side of the Square. Ann Arbor.

JAMES R. COOK,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE. Office near the Depot, Ypsilanti, Michigan.

WM. LEWITT, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Office at his residence. North side of Huron street, and 2d house West of Division street, Ann Arbor.

O. COLLIER,

MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, 1 door West of the Post Office. Ann Arbor, Mich

MOORE & LOOMIS.

MANUFACTURERS and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Phœnix Block, Main Street, one door North of Washington.

M. GUITERMAN & CO.,

WHOLESALE and Retail dealers and manufacturers of Ready Made Clothing, Importers of Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, &c. No. 5, New Block, Ann Arbor.

C. B. PORTER,

SURGEON DENTIST. Office corner of Main and Huron streets, over P. Bach's store, Ann Arbor, Michigan.
April, 1859.

WM. WAGNER,

DEALER in Ready Made Clothing Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c. Main st, Ann Arbor.

BACH & PIERSON.

DEALERS in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Boots & Shoes, &c., Main street, Ann Arbor.

MAYNARD, STEBBINS & CO.,

DEALERS in Dry Goods, Groceries, Drugs & Medicines, Boots & Shoes, &c., corner of Main and Ann streets, 1st below the Exchange, Ann Arbor.

SLAWSON & GEER,

GROCERS, PROVISION & Commission Merchants, and dealers in WATER LIME, LAND PLASTER, and PLASTER OF PARIS, one door East of Cook's Hotel.

C. BLISS,

DEALER in Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, and Fancy Goods, at the sign of the Big Watch, No. 27, Phœnix Block.

J. C. WATTS.

DEALER in Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware No 22, New Block, Ann Arbor.

T. B. FREEMAN.

BARBER and Fashionable Hair Dresser, Main Street, Ann Arbor, Mich. Hair Fronts and Curls kept constantly on hand.

SCHOFF & MILLER.

DEALERS in Miscellaneous, School, and Blank Books Stationery, Paper Hangings, &c., Main Street Ann Arbor.

D. DeFOREST.

WHOLESALE and Retail Dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Water Lime, Grand River Plaster, Plaster Paris, and Nails of all sizes. A full and perfect assortment of the above, and all other kinds of building materials constantly on hand at the lowest possible rates, on Detroit Street, a few rods from the Railroad Depot. Also operating extensively in the Patent Cement Roofing.

WASHTENAW COUNTY BIBLE SOCIETY.

DEPOSITORY of Bibles and Testaments at the Society prices at W. C. Voorheis'.

CHAPIN, WOOD & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

LUND, CHAPIN & Co

MANUFACTURERS OF

Print, Book,

—AND—

COLORED MEDIUMS,

Wrapping Paper, &c.

ANN ARBOR MICH.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO CUSTOMERS.

ALL accounts over six months *must* be settled at *once*. Call a the office and pay up.

A well selectedt stock of New Goods Cheap for Cash.

821tf MAYNARD, STEBBINS & WILSON.

USE SARATOGA EMPIRE WATER

FOR

Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Constipation, Nervous Debility, Loss of Appetite, Common Colds, diseases of the Lungs, Headache, and Feverish state of the system.

Sold by MAYNARD, STEBBINS & WILSON and EBERBACH & CO., Ann Arbor. 1y828.

LIFE'S QUESTION.

Drifting away
Like mote on the stream,
To day's disappointment
Yesterday's dream;
Ever resolving—
Never to mend—
Such is our progress;
Where is the end?

Whirling away
Like leaf in the wind,
Point's of attachment
Left daily behind;
Fixed to no principle,
Fast to no friend—
Such our fidelity;
Where is our end?

Floating away
Like cloud on the hill,
Pendulous, tremulous,
Migrating still!
Where to repose ourselves?
Whither to tend?
Such our consistency?
Where is the end?

Crystal the pavement,
Seen through the stream;
Firm the reality
Under the dream;
We may not feel it,
Still we may mend—
How we have conquered
Not known till the end.

Bright leaves may scatter,
Sports of the wind;
But stands to the winter
The great tree behind.
Frosts cannot wither it;
Storms cannot bend;
Roots firmly clasping,
The Rock of the end.

Calm is the firmament
Over the cloud;
Clean shine the stars through
The rifts of the shroud.
There our repose shall be;
Thither we tend—
Spite of our waverings,
Approved at the end.

—*Dean of Canterbury.*

From the N. Y. Independent.

Business Rules.

The sad reverses of the past five years, have been an experience which should be valuable to all business men. Fortunes which had been years in accumulating, have suddenly disappeared. Thousands who once thought themselves strong, never to be broken, have been shivered to atoms, and are left penniless. They must now begin again. Many have passed the prime of life. Their step is less elastic, their brain less active, and they will hereafter work with an abiding consciousness that they cannot plan and execute as in days gone by. We never see such *late* new beginners without real sympathy and a desire to give them an encouraging word and a helping hand.

But in this writing we have to do, not with the unfortunate or those who are reconstructing their temporal affairs, but with the young and the prosperous, and with those who have weathered all storms and are yet sailing smoothly.

Most men, when they start in business, make good resolutions. At any rate, they mean to succeed. They expect to avoid the dangers which have ruined others. For a while all goes on well, but the day comes at length when they are swept away and all their brilliant earthly prospects are gone forever.

According to an old maxim it is never too late to learn. Business men, however, do not believe this. Every one thinks that he has perfected himself in knowledge, that he needs no help or advice from any quarter, and that if others have failed of success, that is no reason why he should follow in the same track.

When a man decides to build a house, he adopts a plan and adheres to it to the end. When a navigator attempts a voyage, he consults his charts, and, governs himself by the experience of others. When one is sick, or his life is endangered by coming in contact with disease, he seeks advice from a skillful physician.

There are certain rules, forms, and precedents which govern and influence most men in all matters except the conduct of mercantile business. Here they mean to be *original.* They don't want the advice of anybody. Just here we desire to speak. We wish to propose to such men the following rules—for their practical consideration.

1st. Do no undertake a business with which you are not perfectly acquinted, any sooner than you would attempt, if blind, to survey a city.—First thoroughly understand what you propose to do. Serve an apprenticeship—do anything—before taking a single step involving risk.

2d. Never attempt a business for which you have no taste or tact. Seek to do that for which you have a natural faculty and relish. Don't aspire to be a merchant, when you should be a farmer, a mechanic, or a day-laborer.

3d. Never connect yourself in *partnership* with those in whom you have not perfect confidence—with those to whom you would be willing, sick or well, at home or abroad, living or dead, to intrust all your business affairs.

4th. Never attempt to do more business than you can safely do on your capital.

5th. Avoid taking the extraordinary risks of long credits, no matter what profits are in prospect.

6th. Give no credit whatever to any one who does not possess a good moral character.

7th, Supervise, carefully, your own business, (not your neighbor's,) and look after your clerks, and see that they are faithful in the performance of all their duties.

8th. Let all those with whom you have dealings or intercourse, understand, distinctly, that you will not lend yourself, for the sake of trade, to do any mean thing—anything which your conscience will not approve of.

9th. Never lend your name by indorsement or otherwise, except under most extraordinary circumstances, and then let the act be guarded with every possible security.

10th. Never allow yourself, or your partners, to draw a dollar from the concern, to invest in any 'outside operation" whatever.

11th. In forming a co-partnership, insist that a limited, fixed sum only shall be drawn by each partner, for personal expenses.

12th. Under no circumstances whatever deal in stocks. Don't believe any of the thousand marvelous tales of a fortune in that direction. They are a trap and a lie.

13th. Keep all your accumulated profits in your business, so long as you owe a dollar. When you have more capital than you can use, then it will be proper to invest it outside.

14th. Borrow of banks or other sources never, if it can be avoided. If temporary assistance is needed, seek it from a tried friend or from a sound banking institution, and then return the loan, on the day fixed, with the most rigid punctuality.

15th. Have an eye on the condition of the country, its crops, and the general prospects for business and look out sharp for the movements of politicians, who, in nine cases out of ten, care more for re-election than for our commercial interests or our national prosperity.

There are other and most important matters which should not be forgotten. Keep good company. Value integrity more than money. Live within your means. Eschew wine, theatres, and fast horses. Use no profane language. Never quarrel with a partner. Be kind, considerate, and generous to clerks, and also to your unfortunate debtors.—Cultivate the friendship of all. Do your proper share in promoting the public weal. Be a man, a gentleman, and a Christian; and you will make sure of an inheritance in this life and of untold riches in the life which is to come.

Visit to the Church where Washington was Married.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Herald.

CAMP NEAR WHITE HOUSE, }
Virginia, May 18. }

This being Sunday, it has been very quiet in camp. The day, however, has been one of glorious loveliness, the finest and most enjoyable day, in fact, that the regiments have enjoyed thus far in their sojourn on the Peninsula.—The curiosity about the "White House" and other points of interest in the immediate vicinity having been satisfied, a large number of officers to day visited St. Peter's Church, about two and a half miles distant, memorable, as is well known, in history as being the church in which the immortal Washington was married.. The ride by either one or the other two roads is through the most delightful and picturesque portion of the Peninsula that has yet fallen under my observation. The old church itself, on its commanding elevation, and environed by mammoth oaks and stately pines, and shrubbery and gravestones, was the central object of interest. I need not describe its quaint structure, Gothic window, arched doorways of the porch, plain wooden steps, plain ceilings, rude wooden benches, pulpit devoid of ornament, neat chancel, and the baptismal font. The thoughts were not of these, as they are mostly of modern introduction, but upon the old brick walls, the corniced and time-seared roof, and the old tablets either side of the chancel; for it was within those walls, underneath this roof and within sight of those tablets, that Washington, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to that Martha whose name is now as inseparably linked to that of Washington as is his to immortality. I saw on one of the bricks the date 1710, which is said to be the date of its erection. The oldest tombstone is dated back as far as 1716. The last services held in the church were about a month ago, the Rev. Mr. Repner, the rector, having suspended services and gone over to Secessia. In the neighborhood of the church is a fine old Virginia mansion, the sole occupants of which now are five females. It is now in charge of the provost guard, as are all the dwellings hereabout. The ladies, all of whom have husbands or lovers in the rebel army, utter secesh strong, and say that the enemy will fight at Richmond to the last gasp.

One Hundred Years Ago.

One hundred years ago there was not a single white man in Ohio, Indiana, or Illinois Territories. Then, what is now the most flourishing part of America, was as little known as the mountains of the Moon. It was not until 1769, that a hunter of Kentucky, the gallant and adventurous Boone, left his home in North Carolina to become the first settler of Kentucky.—The first pioneer of Ohio did not settle till twenty years after that time. A hundred years ago Canada belonged to France, and the whole population of America did not exceed a million and a half. A hundred years ago the great Frederick of Prussia was performing those great exploits which have made him immortal in military annals, and with his little monarchy was sustaining a single-handed contest with Russia, Austria, and France, the three great powers of Europe combined. A hundred years ago the United States was the most loyal part of the British Empire, and no political horizon no speck indicated the struggles which within a score of years thereafter established the greatest republic of the world. A hundred years ago there was but four newspapers in America; steam engines had not been imagined, and railroads and telegraphs had not entered into the remotest conceptions of man.

When we come to look back at it through the vista of history, we find that the century which has passed has been allotted to more important events in their bearing upon the happiness of world, than almost any other which has elapsed since the creation. A hundred years hence, what will be the developments?

ANT RIDDANCE.—We have made a very important and cheap discovery to keep ants from bees. Several years since the little red ants were very numerous in our cupboards, and we put stone coal against the end of the house opposite the cupboard, and it banished them all. We concluded that it was the copperas in the coal. This spring the black ant began to annoy our bees, and we produced copperas out of the coal bank and put it around the bench legs, cleaning all the ants off the bench, and there has not been one about the hive or bench since.—*Bee Journal.*

☞ Isaac Newton, at present connected with the agricultural branch of the Patent-Office, has been nominated by the President to the position of Minister of Agriculture, under the recently passed act.

Speech of Gov. Johnson.

Delivered at the Great Mass Convention at Nashville, May 12.

Upon the conclusion of Colonel Polk's remarks there were loud cries for "Johnson!" "Johnson!" Johnson!" and, although the dinner hour had passed, the large audience, numbering over three thousand—the hall and galleries hold that number, and they were all crowded, including the lobbies—seemed to join simultaneously in the cry for the favorite son of the fast regenerating, fast becoming loyal State of Tennessee. A few minutes elapsed before Governor Johnson made his appearance; but the moment he did there was one universal shout of greeting and welcome. All present seemed to congratulate themselves on having a leader of so determined a mien in this crisis as the man who now stood before them. The delegates from the country districts seemed electrified by his presence, and, as one remarked, who was forced by the pressure of the multitude to crowd upon the reporter's elbow as he was taking a few meagre notes of the proceedings, "Andy Johnson's got the people with him, that's a fact." After the tumult of applause had subsided, Governor Johnson proceeded to address the audience. His remarks occupied three hours' time, and covered a large portion of the field of his present operations, with magnanimous references to incidents of the past, hope in the present, and confidence in the future. He said:

FELLOW-CITIZENS OF TENNESSEE.—In complying with your call I respond, *not for the purpose of making a* speech. I determined previous to the meeting to-day not to do so. There are others here who would more interest you. There are those here who have heard me, and who would like to hear others. I want them to hear those speakers rather than me. This is but the initiative meeting of others to be followed up throughout the State, to result in the triumphant restoration of Tennessee to the Federal Union. [Immense applause.] He alluded to his former party relations, and said it was known to each and every man within the sound of his voice that the State was once divided into two parties—whigs and democrats. They each had their particular measures. One advocated a national bank, the distribution of the proceeds of the sales of the public lands; the other, an independent treasury, tariff for revenue, &c. They argued and discussed their issues wherever they went and met. They had processions, mass meetings and other demonstrations indicative of the interest they took in the success of their favorite measures. Each had their banners and colors unfurled. What were those colors? he asked. There were the whigs, representing their principles, coming, forward to the music of "Hail Columbia;" and there were the democrats coming forward, almost in martial array, to the music of "Yanke Doodle." They met together under the folds of the Stars and Stripes, and discussed their measures. [Loud applause.] And now he felt it the *proudest moment of* his life to stand here with those who differed from him and whom he had differed from on the platform of the Union, under the Stars and Stripes, and "to take you (addressing the President, Governor Campbell, and taking his hand, and shaking it warmly) by the hand," and to be here to congratulate one another upon the restoration of the Union. (Governor Campbell warmly, and with his pleasant features wreathed in smiles, responded to the congratulation, amid the heartfelt applause of the entire audience.) Governor Johnson continued: If the Union goes down, we go down with it. There is no past nor future. There is nothing but the Union. The only inquiry must be, "Are you for the Union, and *willing to swear that the last drop of* your blood shall be poured out in its defence?" [Applause long continued.] He would say to others that he would toil, through mountains, through valleys, through glens, at night, and by day, and all his exertions shall be toward the restoration of Tennessee to her former relations with the Federal government. [Renewed applause.] There is one question continued Governor Johnson, placing much stress upon his observations, which underlies all others at this junction—one underlying all others—I say what I know, and I know what I say and feel—that is, the struggle to know whether man is capable of self-government—whether man can govern himself. It is to settle the question whether man is capable of *self government.* He believed that the question of slavery was made the pretext for breaking up the government, in order to establish a monarchy. He referred to South Carolina as having inaugurated "this infamous, diabolical, damnable revolution," and deduced from the fact that the tories in that State, during the Revolutionary war against Great Britain, had proposed arrangements for the restoration to vassalage under that Power, that they were ready for a return to a monarchy and the establishing of an aristocracy that should control the masses. [Sensation.] In support of this view Governor Johnson presented the fact that one of the leading inducements of separation was the hope of succor, recognition and help from Great Britain and France. Separation! he exclaimed—separate from the United States; and what does South Carolina, or any other of the seceded original States do but fall back on its original colonial condition? To the condition of vassalage to Queen Victoria? Shall we overlook these things in the great clamor for southern rights? Jeff. Davis, Toombs, Iverson, Benjamin and Wigfall were conspirators worse than those of Rome. Will you, he asked of the men of Tennessee, become vassals to these men? He appealed to those who had a recollection of the sires of the Revolution, of those deeds which taught them to revere the memories of the past; to the times when the blood spouted from the heels of those who, barefooted, made long and weary marches, through snow and over frozen rivers, to achieve their independence from foreign domination, to answer. [Applause, and cries of "No, no, never."] Are you willing, he asked, to quail before treason and traitors, and surrender the best government the world ever saw? [Cries of "Never, never."] Although the revolution has run rampant, it has not overcome a people who knew that there is a redeming spirit, a returning sense of justice abiding in the hearts of the great mass of the people of Tennessee. He compared the present darkness and depression of the Union men to the lava that, *issuing from* the crater of Vesuvius, had receded only to return in a volume of liquid fire and sweep over the land. There is, he said, a redeeming spirit coming over the land.—In the forests—and there are many who can understand the simile—the murmurs of the coming storm can be heard before the storm can actually break upon them. He heard the murmurs of that coming storm now. It was returning to crush out treason and to punish traitors. Treason must be punished, or rather treason must be crushed out and traitors must be punished. Intelligent, conscious traitors must be punished. Not the great mass who had been forced under conscription into the southern armies. We say to them, "Return to your allegiance and no punishment shall be inflicted." But to those who brought this sea upon our land, who arrayed brother against brother, we say to the conscious, intelligent traitor, you will be punished. Governor Johnson presented in sombre and touching language the spectacle of the women to be seen in the streets, shrouded in mourning. They ask, "who has burried off my husband, my sons, my brothers? Who has wrought all this woe?" He then passed to a review of the course pursued by some of the women who had aided and encouraged the rebellion. He said, I fear that some of our mothers and sisters have contributed to the woe. I say to them now to prepare to repent in sackcloth and ashes for what has occurred—for the effusion of the blood of their sons and brothers. He referred to the opprobrium heaped upon the tombs of Union men by the women, and asked, "Are we, a civilized, Christian people, or are we cannibals?" He appealed to men and women to know what right they have been deprived of under the Union Can you tell what right you have been defrauded of? Can you see, feel, hear, taste, touch or smell any right you have been deprived of? A southern rights man, who never owned a negro, says, "Oh, we are deprived of our rights in the Territories." That man never would go to the Territories; he never owned a negro; if he did he would not keep him long. These are the class of men who are clamoring for southern rights. [Applause.] Governor Johnson reviewed the course of the southern members of Congress who seceded when Crittenden's compromise could have been adopted. It has been said, he remarked, that the Crittenden compromise would have satisfied the South. He was in the Senate when the Crittenden compromise was presented.—Mr. Clark, of New Hampshire, offered an amendment, in lieu of Mr. Crittenden's proposition. The ayes and noes were called on the adoption of Crittenden's compromise. It was defeated. It was lost by two votes, and when this was done all was done.—Were the South sincere in their devotion to the Crittenden compromise? He examined the question, and arrived very plainly at the conclusion that they were not. While the ayes and noes were being called, six southern Senators refused to vote and walked out. If they had remained Clark's amendment would have been voted down by four votes. The Governor passed over all this field of Congressional legislation, and asked who voted for the amendment to the constitution to prohibit forever Congress from legislating on the subject of slavery in the States. The republicans voted for it. Did secesh? [Laughter.] No. The Legislature here in Nashville in secret session did not take it up but sold them all, like sheep in the shambles, to Jeff. Davis. He called upon them all, as free men, to come forward and save this government from the spoliation of men who would destroy civil liberty. Referring to the action of Congress in favor of the right to property in negroes in the Territories, Governor J. asked: "Do you want any better?" [Voices—"No;" "Good enough for me."] He then referred to the rebellion as the result of disappointed ambition on the part of Jeff. Davis—What confidence should Tennessee have in Jeff. Davis? How long is it since he attempted to tarnish the fair fame of Tennessee? In secret session the people of Tennessee were lashed to the car of the hybrid, hermaphrodite government. Tennesseeans are now in the dungeons of Alabama, bound in irons, and fed on rotten meat and diseased beans. No sonnd comes to cheer them; no sound to relieve them of their sad and weary confinement, save the clanking of the chains that confined them. What sin, what crime, what felony have they committed? None, except that they loved the flag of their country. [Applause.] He appealed to them to break the iron bands that kept their fellow-citizens in confinement in the dungeons of Alabama. Southern rights! Why, a man in South Carolina is not eligible to a seat in the Legislature unless he owns ten negroes and is possessed of $500 freehold property. Where's that man, he asked, who wants his rights in the Territories? Why don't he go to South Carolina? Would he be allowed to become a member of the Legislature? No. I doubt whether he would be allowed to darken the doors of the Capitol. Governor Johnson said if he should go there *himself* he would not be eligible to a seat in the lower house of the Legislature. It required the ownership of ten negroes for eligibility. He only owned nine, or did once own them; but they have since been confiscated by the Southern Confederacy, and they have them now—They went to his home, where his wife was sick, and his child, eight years old, consumed with consumption. They turned his wife and child into the streets, and converted his house, built with his own hands, into a hospital and barracks. His servants being confiscated, it was with great difficulty and much suffering that his wife and little boy were enabled to reach the house of a relative many miles distant. [The audience were as silent as the tomb as the Governor related this portion of his personal experiences. The sensation was profound.] Do you call this southern rights? The vindication of southern rights? If so, God keep me and mine from another such infliction The question as to and upon whom the responsibility of bringing on the war rested was examined, and the onus was argumentatively cast upon the shoulders of the heroes who captured the starved garrison of Fort Sumpter.—Proceeding, he said he did not wish to be understood as conveying the idea that Tennessee was out of the Union. She had no right to go out, no more than you have to apply the torch to a building without asking the consent of your adjoining neighbor. She is not out. She is still an integral part of the Union. When the rebellion is put down she will stand in her relations as she stood before—one of the brightest stars in the galaxy of Federal States. [Cheers.] The Governor referred to the retreat of Isham G Harris from this city on the approach of the Federal forces as dastardly. If he should be reduced to such a position by Morgan raids, *or any other conglomeration* this rebellion has brought forth, he would make a decent retreat. If obliged to seek protection under a foreign flag he hoped his hearers would burn every spear of grass before they left, and die in the last intrenchment of liberty. [Applause.] Cotton king? Cotton is very good in its place; so is flax, so is hemp, so is wool ["Good for hemp."] A little more hemp, a little more flax, a little more wool, a little more silk, and the world can get along without cotton. It did so for many years before cotton was introduced. But bread and meat are kings. The world will go on with food as the monarch, and cotton be a mere servant. The West grows more cotton than the South. The South cannot feed their *negroes without* the aid of the West, They cannot get their horses, mules. without the aid of the West; and without these aids, where is cotton? ["Good."] The Governor declared that those who unfurled the banner of treason in our midst should be made to understand that treason is to be put down and traitors hung. Let us expel this rebellion. Elect your Governor, members of Congress, members of the Legislature, and judges of the different courts The government must be preserved, and to be preserved it must be placed in the hands of its friends. Its foes must be put out. [Applause] Although bound to his friends with hooks of steel, he had never indorsed proscription for opinion's sake. But the question is now for the existence of the government, and all minor and every other consideration are subordinate to that great object. [Cheers.]—He protested against the people of Tennessee being deceived and depressed by reports received through the secession grapevine and clothesline telegraphs. He told them that they must return to their duty to the government of the Union. They should have no dread. The time has come when the tyrant's throat must be broken. "Those who would be free, themselves must strike the blow," *and the* time will surely come when the Stars will float in every town and village, at every cross road in Tennessee. Let the Union men not be cowed by what some swellhead secessionist shall say Let them expand like free men, and Tennessee will stand "redeemed, regenerated and disenthralled." The Governor concluded by paying his respects to the female portion of the secession population in Nashville, He said that when a woman shall unsex herself she must be met in the character she assumes. He regretted that there were so few Union women in Nashville. Why should the women oppose the Union? We want their assistance. He believed that by women's influence many men have been induced to *join the* Confederates.—[Voices—"Yes hundreds," "thousands."] The Governor paid a beautiful and eloquent tribute to woman in her natural and appropriate sphere.—Though there were but few Union women now in Nashville, he looked forward to the time when there will be plenty; to the time when scenes of blood and carnage, the smoke and dust of battle, shall cease; to the time when the dove will come, and the stars of the morning shall sing, and a Savior shall proclaim "Peace on earth, good will to man."

The Governor sat down amid the most enthusiastic applause.

From North Carolina.

NEW YORK, May 19.

News from North Carolina states that Gov. Clark has refused to furnish any more troops for Jeff. Davis, and has recalled all the North Carolina soldiers now in the rebel army. North Carolina has held a convention of its citizens and pronounced against giving further aid to the rebellion, thus virtually returning to the Union. In reply to the demand to Jeff. Davis for additional troops and means of transportation for his army to and thro' the cotton States, Gov. Clark said that Davis had received all the aid from North Carolina that be could expect, and that hereafter no more troops would be permitted to leave the State, and has ordered all the North Carolina troops home. Gov. Clark also informed the rebels that they could use the railroads in returning homewards, and that they could run their own risk of being intercepted by a Union force, at any part of the State.

☞ Ike was reading the evening paper when he suddenly exclaimed, "Did you ever?" and read as follows: "The special police arrested a young man, yesterday afternoon, for walking on the borders in the public garden.—Mrs. Partington looked up. "Well, it don't magnify much where some people board, but I suppose the hotels must be full to depletion if they've got to taking boarders in such exposed situations. Mr Galvin, no doubt, makes good beds for them in his observatory. But what did they do with the culprit?" "It don't say," replied Ike, "but I guess they made him take an oath not to do it again, and let him go." Ike raised the paper before his face and chuckled, as he mentally exclaimed: "Big thing on the old lady!"

☞ "Down the outside," as the fiddler said when he fell out the window.

BATTLE AT WILLIAMSBURG.

High Commendation of the Michigan Troops.

Official Reports of Colonels Poe and Terry.

Gen. Kearney to Gov. Blair.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD DIVISION, }
HEINTZELMAN'S CORPS, CAMP BERRY, }
Barkamsville, Va., May 10, 1862. }

To His Excellency, Austin Blair:

SIR—It gives me great pleasure to address you, in order to bring to your immediate notice the noble and brave manner with which the troops of your State, in my division, conducted themselves in the engagement before Williamsburg, on the 5th instant. The Second, under Colonel Poe, and the Fifth, under Colonel Terry, behaved in the most handsome manner. I have the honor to transmit, herewith, the report of the Colonels of these regiments, together with that of their General, General Berry, commanding the brigade, and also a copy of the one sent in by myself to headquarters. I also send you a list of the killed and wounded. Colonel Poe served more immediately under my own command, and the gallantry and soldierly qualities he displayed rendered him particularly conspicuous. Colonel Terry's regiment took a rifle-pit of much strength after a severe contest, and held possession until the close of the action.

Very respectf'ly, PHILIP KEARNEY.

REPORT OF GEN. KEARNEY.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD DIVISION, }
CAMP BERRY, }
Barkamsville, Va., May 10, 1862. }

SIR—The events which crowded on us after the battle of the 5th—its stormy night—the care of the wounded—the attention to the slain—the collection of the trophies—the moves of the next day, having prevented my report embracing the distinguished acts of individals, not serving in my actual presence, induced me to request that the superior authority of the commander of the corps, would be employed to use, as my own, the separate report of those, my brigade commanders, who so nobly sustained my effort by their gallantry; and who amply fulfilled the high prestige which they had won as Colonels of noble regiments.

The list of the Generals of brigade comprises the names of the following officers and regiments:

The right of my line consisted of the two regiments of the Second Brigade, General Birney, and the Thirty-eighth New York Volunteers, Colonel J. H. Hobart Ward, and the Fortieth New York, Colonel Riley; the other two regiments of the brigade, a mile back from the field, had been detached to join General Emery. The Thirty-eighth New York Regiment, that, sent for by me, charged down the road, and took the "pits" and abattis by flank. Colonel J. H. Hobart Ward has already been noticed by me, as one of the "bravest of the brave."

* * * This regiment lost 128 men on the 28th of July last, at Bull Run. This day there were nine officers killed and wounded out of nineteen in this regiment that went into action. Killed, wounded and missing, eighty-nine.

The battle on the left of the line was a series of assaults by the enemy, and repulses and onsets by ourselves, the fresh reinforcements of the enemy continually tending to outflank us. Gen. Berry was ever on the alert, and by good arrangements, and personal example, influenced the ardor of all around him. His regiments fought most desperately. It was *one of them, Colonel Poe's Second* Michigan, more directly under my control, which maintained the key point of our position. Two of its companies led off with the first success of the day, whilst covering the artillery.

Col. Poe had already won a reputation in Western Virginia. He was a distinguished officer of the U. S. army before taking command of this regiment. I especially notice him for advancement. His loss in killed, wounded and missing, is sixty.

The principal loss, on the left, of the two regiments (the fourth of the brigade), Third Michigan Volunteers, Colonel Champlin, serving immediately under the eye of General Berry, was very severe. The loss was 96.

Colonel Terry, commanding the Fifth Michigan, was principally engaged in carrying rifle pits (a redoubt), in the woods. His loss is the highest on the list of killed and wounded, being 154.

This report would be incomplete, did I fail to mention the meritorious services of our medical corps. They were everywhere under the greatest obstacles, efficiently aiding the wounded, and establishing ambulances. One of them, Dr. J. H. Baxter, one of Surgeon General Tripler's staff, assisted me greatly during the action carrying orders.

Sir, with the trust that the division has done its duty, I have the honor to be very respectfully,
PHILIP KEARNEY,
Brigadier General.

COL. POE'S REPORT.

WILLIAMSBURG, Va., May 6, 1862.

To Captain Sturges, A. A. A. G., Kearney's Division:

SIR—In conformity with instructions from division headquarters, I have the honor to submit the following report of the part taken by the Second Michigan Volunteers, in the action of Monday, the 5th inst., in front of Williamsburg.

After an excessively fatiguing march, the last three miles of which we made without knapsacks, the regiment reached the scene of action about 2 o'clock P. M. I had previously received instructions from the General commanding the division as to the disposition which I was to make of the regiment, which, without halting, went into action, two companies to the right and two companies to the left of the road, six companies being held in reserve; at about 3½ to 4 P. M., one more company was thrown from the reserve to the right of the road, and another to the left. It was at this time, and while giving Capt. Morse his instructions, that he fell severely wounded. At about 5½ P. M. the companies which had been actively engaged from the first, grew short of ammunition, when I threw forward the four companies of the reserve which had not been engaged—These four companies did not leave their ground until finally ordered to do so.

I must express in the highest terms my satisfaction with the conduct of both officers and men. They acted under the eye of the General commanding the division, and never once failed to respond to his directions.

Where the conduct of all was so good it is perhaps invidious to attempt to distinguish any; yet I feel compelled to speak of the cool and daring conduct of Lieutenants Dobson (wounded) and Wallace (killed). The latter refused to leave the ground after being once wounded, and remained, doing excellent service, until a ball through the head killed him dead. There are plenty others who deserve the same commendation, but I only speak of what came under my own notice.

I ought perhaps to speak of private Allen, who was a new recruit, never having had a musket until the day before; he was found dead by a dead foe, each transfixed by the other's bayonet.

The regiment took into action three hundred. The loss is as follows: killed 17; wounded 38; missing 6, supposed to be prisoners; total 60. During the action Lieutenant Colonel Williams commanded upon the right of the road, Major Dillman upon the left, while I exercised in person general supervision over the whole line.

I am, sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed) O. M. POE,
Colonel Second Mich. Volunteers.

REPORT OF COLONEL H. D. TERRY.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH REGIMENT, }
Williamsburg, Va., May 7, 1862 }

CAPTAIN—I have the honor to report to you, for the consideration of the Brigade General, a statement of the engagement of yesterday near Williamsburg, Va, with a portion of the rebel enemy, so far as came under my observation.

The Fifth Regiment of Michigan Infantry, under my command, arrived at the scene of action at 2½ a'clock P. M, and in pursuance of the direction of our General, were at once deployed in line of battle in the woods to the left of the road leading to Williamsburg, the right resting a few rods from the road. The enemy were strongly posted on our front, with sharpshooters using the weapon known as the Mississippi rifle.

The Fifth moved in line of battle until the enemy were in full view, when a brisk fire was opened on them by our men, who fired very steadily. Perceiving that our men were suffering from the fire of their rifles, a charge was ordered, which succeeded in the retirement of the enemy for a short distance, when a sharp fire was interchanged, and he again retired under a charge to a rifle-pit in the edge of the woods, when he made a determined stand, and opened a brisk fire with severe effect. Another charge was ordered, and our men marched up on double-quick, and leaped into the rifle-pit, and carried the position and retained it. The enemy fled in confusion, leaving sixty-three dead on the field, besides the wounded.

The wounded of the enemy found on the field were ordered carried to the hospital to be cared for by the Surgeons.

The loss of the regiment in killed and wounded has been quite severe, an account of which will be fully stated in a separate return.

It is due to justice to state thus the conduct of the officers and men, individually and collectively, which has been entirely satisfactory.

So far as I have observed or been informed, the conduct of each and every one was such as to contribute to the final result.

I remained upon the field during the entire time, with the exception of about ten minutes' absence, owing to having a slight wound, too unimportant to mention except in this connection.

I cannot submit this report without bearing testimony to the gallant conduct of Lieutenant Colonel S. E. Beach and Major Fairbanks, during the entire action. Lieutenant C. H. Hutchins, acting Adjutant of the regiment, and E. W. Smith, of the brigade staff, were of much assistance by their courage and activity in the field.

Just before the close of the engagement Lieutenant Beach was severely (but it is believed not dangerously) wounded by a shot received in the thigh.

Major Fairbanks had his horse shot under him. Captain Sherlock, company A, was wounded in the arm, Captain LeFavour, company F, in the cheek and arm, early in the engagement, and late Lieutenant Tillotson, company K, was severely injured, by a shot in the hand.

I am pained to be compelled to state that Lieutenant James A Gunning, commanding company C, was shot through the heart and instantly killed, just at the moment of victory.

Very respectfully submitted,
H. D. TERRY, Colonel Commanding.
Capt. E. W. SMITH, A. A. A. General.

THE CLOSING SCENE OF THE MERRIMAC.—The master's mate and gunner of the Merrimac have arrived at Fortress Monroe from Norfolk, and the correspondent of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* gives an account of an interview with them They tell an interesting story. We copy:

The Merrimac, according to arrangement, came down, *not to fight, but to cover the retreat* which was then going on. The officers knew that the Galena, Aroostook and Port Royal had gone up the James River. Upon Saturday night a consultation took place on board the Merrimac. The officers all became intoxicated, and in this condition debated what the Southern chivalry should do with their vessel. The conference ended with the determination to blow her up, and destroy one of the rebellion's greatest hopes. So great was the hurry of the debarkation that nothing but the officers' and mens' effects were removed. They did not even spike the guns as was their intention. They took off the locks and adjusting the slow match, left their idol to her inglorious fate The gunner had with him all the locks of the bow pivot gun, and also a sword belonging to one of the officers of the vessel. A gentleman with strong proclivities for trophies, offered the gunner five dollars for the pivot lock, which was accepted, after much hesitation.

A RAILROAD "MONITOR."—A railroad "Monitor," understood to have been designed by Gen. Burnside, is in the process of construction at Newberne. Carpenters are preparing a huge framework, to be placed over a locomotive engine, and to be covered with railroad iron from the top to the track. The car is to be made capable of carrying two guns, one at either end, and will be used on the railroad which runs from Newberne to Beaufort, and also on the railroad from Newberne to Bachelor's Creek, in the direction of Kingston and Goldsboro. The bridges over the Trent River, near Beaufort, and over Bachelor's Creek, which were burned by the retreating rebels, are nearly finished again; and the new "Monitor," it is believed, will do excellent service in guarding the country through which the railroads pass.

☞ Opinions founded on prejudice are always sustained with the greatest violence.

The Homestead Bill.

The following is a correct copy of the homestead bill as passed by both houses of Congress, and signed by the President:

An Act to Secure Homesteads to Actual Settlers on the Public Domain, and to Provide a Bounty for Soldiers in lieu of Grants of the Public Lands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled: That any person who is the head of a family, or who has arrived at the age of twenty-one years, and is a citizen of the United States, or who shall have filed his declaration of intention to become such, as required by the naturalization laws of the United States, and who has never borne arms against the United States government, or given aid and comfort to its enemies, shall, from and after the 1st of January, 1864, be entitled to enter one quarter section, or a less quantity, of unappropriated public lands, upon which said person may have filed a pre-emption claim, or which may, at the time the application is made, be subject to pre-emption at $1,25, or less, per acre; or eighty acres or less of such unappropriated lands, at $2,50 per acre, to be located in a body, in conformity to the legal subdivisions of the public lands, and after the same shall have been surveyed: *Provided*, That any person owning and residing on land may, under the provisions of this act, enter other land lying contiguous to his or her said land, which shall not, with the land so already owned and occupied, exceed in the aggregate 160 acres.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the person applying for the benefit of this act shall, upon application to the Register of the Land Office in which he or she is about to make such entry, make affidavit before the said Register or Receiver that he or she is the head of a family, or is twenty-one years or more of age, or shall have performed service in the army of the United States, and that he has never borne arms against the government of the United States, or given aid and comfort to its enemies, and that said application is made for the purpose of actual settlement and cultivation, and not either directly or indirectly for the use or benefit of any other person or persons whomsoever; and upon filing the said affidavit with the Register or Receiver, and on payment of $10, he or she shall thereupon be permitted to enter the quantity of land specified: *Provided, however*, That no certificate shall be given or patent issued therefor until the expiration of five years from the date of such entry; and if, at the expiration of such time, or at any time within two years thereafter, the person making such entry—or if he be dead, his widow; or in case of her death, his heirs or devisee; or in case of a widow making such entry, her heirs or devisee, in case of her death—shall prove by two credible witnesses that he, she, or they have resided upon or cultivated the same for the term of five years immediately succeeding the time of filing the affidavit aforesaid, *and shall make affidavit that no part of said land has been alienated, and that he has borne true allegiance to the government of the United States*; then, in such case, he, she, or they, if at that time a citizen of the United States, shall be entitled to a patent, as in other cases provided for by law: *And provided, further*, That in the case of the death of both father and mother, leaving an infant child, or children, under twenty-one years of age, the right or fee shall inure to the benefit of said infant child, or children; and the executor, administrator, or guardian may, at any time within two years after the death of the surviving parent, and in accordance with the laws of the State in which such children for the time being may have their domicil, sell said land for the benefit of said infants, but for no other purpose; and the purchaser shall acquire the absolute title by the purchase, and be entitled to a patent from the United States, on payment of the office fees and sum of money herein specified.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the Register of the Land Office shall note all such applications on the tract books and plats of his office, and keep a register of all such entries, and make return thereof to the General land Office, together with the proof upon which they have been founded.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That no lands acquired under the provisions of this act shall in any event become liable to the satisfaction of any debt or debts contracted prior to the issuing of the patent therefor.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That if, at any time after the filing of the affidavit, as required in the section of this act, and before the expiration of the five years aforesaid, it shall be proven, after due notice to the settler, to the satisfaction of the Register of the Land Office, that the person having filed such affidavit shall have actually changed his or her residence, or abandoned the said land, shall have ceased to occupy said land for more than six months at any time, then and in that event the land shall revert to the government.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That no individual shall be permitted to acquire title to more than one quarter section under the provisions of this act; and that the Commissioner of the General Land Office is hereby required to prepare and issue such regulations, consistent with this act, as shall be necessary and proper to carry its provisions into effect; and that the Registers and Receivers of the several Land Offices shall be entitled to receive the same compensation for any lands entered under the provisions of this act that they are now entitled to receive when the same quality of land is entered with money, one-half to be paid by the person making the application at the time of so doing, and the other half on the issue of the certificate by the person to whom it may be issued; but this shall not be construed to enlarge the maximum of compensation now prescribed by law for any Register or Receiver; *Provided*, That nothing contained in this act shall be so construed as to impair or interfere in any manner whatever with existing pre-emption rights: *And provided, further*, That all persons who may have filed their applications for a pre-emption right prior to the passage of this act shall be entitled to all the privileges of this act. *Provided, further*, That no person who has served, or may hereafter serve, for a period of not less than fourteen days in the army or navy of the United States, either regular or volunteer, under the laws thereof, during the existence of an actual war, domestic or foreign, shall be deprived of the benefits of this act on account of not having attained the age of twenty-one years.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the fifth section of the act entitled "An act in addition to an act more effectually to provide for the punishment of certain crimes against the United States, and for other purposes," approved the 3d of March, in the year 1857, shall extend to all oaths, affirmations and affidavits, required or authorized by this act.

SEC. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to prevent any person who has availed him or herself of the benefit of the first section of this act from paying the minimum price, or the price to which the same may have graduated, for the quantity of land so entered at any time before the expiration of the five years, and obtaining a patent therefor from the government, as in other cases provided by law, on making proof of settlement and cultivation as provided by existing laws granting pre-emption rights.

From the Richmond Examiner, May 19.

The Gunboats and Richmond.

The time has passed when Richmond could be taken by gunboats—Although much work remains to be done on the fortifications to render them secure from land attack and siege operations, it may be regarded as one certain thing, that the enemy will not ascend the river in vessels.—The position of Drury's Bluff possesses a natural strength scarcely to be conceived by those who have not stood upon it. No game of long taw is possible. The turn of the river that brings the boats in sight is only six hundred yards distant. The bluff is a ridge of comb. To shell even an uncasmated battery there from any distance would be a difficult, if not an impossible operation. The river is not a hundred yards wide, and the entire banks appear to have been created for the express use of sharpshooters. If we cannot stop the Yankees there we had just as well give up all idea of self defense.

But when only three guns were in position the place was too strong for the Galena, the Monitor, and five other crack vessels. None of them were able to test the strength of the obstructions in the channel, for the Galena alone, the heaviest iron-clad vessel in the United States navy, dared to come within two hundred and fifty yards. Here she soon got enough, was helped off by her comrades, and none of them will be likely to occupy her place.

Without a land army of sufficient force to surround and overcome the Confederate troops who defend the place, it is impregnable. Two deductions may be made from the late affair on the James. First, that gunboats are impotent in rivers with any bluff or bank sufficiently elevated to throw something like a vertical fire upon them. Secondly, that Richmond must be considered hereafter as an interior inland town, not attainable by the naval force of the enemy, to be fought for and defended, lost or won, by the operations of the army alone.

The Fight at Front Royal.

BALTIMORE, May 25.

Two members of Kenley's regiment have arrived in this city. They report they were attacked by a large cavalry force under Ashby and several regiments of infantry. The fight commenced at 12 o'clock and continued till night, when the infantry force succeeded in surrounding them. The first fight and repulse took place east of the Shenandoah, and finding the force too great, he retreated to the west side, destroying the principal bridge. On the west side of the river he made another stand, and Knapp's Battery mowed the rebels down with shells and grape. They fired in all nearly 200 rounds. Kenley received a musket shot in the neck during the first attack, but continued on horseback until the close of the day, when he was placed in an ambulance, perfectly exhausted. The last fight took place, about four miles this side of Front Royal, his effort being to fall back in order, expecting reinforcements momentarily from Gen. Banks.

A member of Knapp's Battery who escaped says the Maryland regiment fought bravely and that Colonel Kenley led them frequently to bayonet charges. He also says that on the third approach of Ashby he displayed a white flag until within pistol range, when Colonel Kenley ordered to cease firing. The white flag was then thrown down, and the enemy rushed on our troops, cutting and slashing and refusing all quarter Lieutenant Colonel Duchane and Major Miller are both reported wounded and prisoners.

Gen. Bank's Retreat.

WASHINGTON, May 26.

The following was received at the War Department at 12 P. M.

WILLIAMSPORT, May 26—4 P. M.

To the President:

I have the honor to report the safe arrival of my command at this place last evening at 10 o'clock, and the passage of the Fifth Corps across the river to day with comparatively little loss of men in killed, wounded and missing in the different combats in which my command has participated since the march from Strasburg on the morning of the 24th.

I am unable now to report, but have great satisfaction in being able to say that, although serious, our loss is much less than might have been anticipated, considering the very great disparity of forces engaged, and the long matured plans of the enemy, which aimed at nothing less than the entire capture of our forces. A detailed statement will be forwarded as soon as possible.

My command encountered the enemy in a constant succession of attacks and in well contested engagements at Strasburg, Middletown, Newton, at a point between these places, and at Winchester. The force of the enemy was estimated at from 15,000 to 20,000 men, with very strong artillery and cavalry supports. My own force consisted of two brigades, less than 4,000 strong, all told; 1,500 cavalry, ten Parrot guns, and six smooth bores.

The substantial preservation of the entire supply train is a source of gratification. It numbered about five hundred wagons on a forced march of fifty-three miles, thirty-five of which were performed in one day, subject to constant attack in front, rear and flank, according to its position, by the enemy in full force. In the panics of teamsters and the mischances of river passage of more than three hundred yards, with slender preparations for fording and ferry, I lost not many more than fifty wagons. Our troops are in good spirits and occupy both sides of the river.

(Signed) N. P. BANKS.
Major Gen. Commanding.

Union Meeting in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, May 26.

At the Union meeting at Murfreesboro on Saturday over 1,000 were present. There was much enthusiasm.—Speeches were made by Governor Johnson and Hon. Mr. Cooper.

Thirty-six soldiers from the Corinthian rebel army came here, and took the oath of allegiance.

The United States Marshal has seized all the printing offices in Nashville, forfeited as treasonable publications.

☞ John A. Hendrick has been appointed Collector of Beaufort, N. C.

Michigan Argus.

ANN ARBOR.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 30, 1862.

Forever float that standard sheet!
Where breathes the foe but falls before us?
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And Freedom's banner waving o'er us!

The Retreat of Gen. Banks

The whole country was thrown into a tremendous state of excitement on Monday, by the announcement that one division of Gen. BANKS' army had been defeated; that his whole army was rapidly retreating down the valley of the Shenandoah; that Gen. Jos. JOHNSTON, Gen. JACKSON, and Gen EWELL were in hot pursuit; and that the Confederate forces had evacuated Richmond and were about to exchange it for Washington.

The fight and retreat took place, the other dire evils were imaginary. Maryland and Pennsylvania have not been invaded, and Washington is still safe. The retreat, if Congressmen are to be believed, was caused by the withdrawal of a portion of BANK's force to strengthen McDOWELL, and was a strategical movement of the President. It would seem, too, that the pursuing rebels discovered the *strategy*, and took the back track, at least stopped the pursuit. The *National Intelligencer* says that there was no real alarm at Washington, and no reason for any, and so the country may breathe free. Washington dispatches of the 28th, say that the government has hope that the whole rebel force that ventured into the valley will be cut off from retreat and captured.

School Discipline—Rights of Teachers.

On the 15th inst., Mr. C. B. GRANT, Principal of the Union High School of this city, was arrested on a charge of assault and battery. The complaint was made by H. E. H. BOWER, son of HENRY BOWER. The case came on for trial on Saturday morning last, and was completed on Monday evening, having occupied two full days. The complaint was grounded on the forcible ejection of the complainant from school. The defendant justified himself for the ejection, and put in proof a rule adopted by the School Board authorizing the suspension of pupils for certain acts or conduct; that young Bower had been suspended under such rule; that the School Board had refused to remove the suspension and re-instate Bower; that in defiance of such action of the Board he persisted in attending school, and that he, GRANT, ejected him under the express order of the executive officer of the Board. The complainant's counsel claimed that the Board had no power to suspend or expel a pupil; that if it had the power, the suspension in question was not properly made; and further, that it had been removed by the Board. The case was warmly and zealously contested on both sides, and was given to the jury about 9 o'clock P. M., of Monday. The jury was absent but about half an hour, when it rendered a verdict of *Not Guilty*.

The trial was largely attended from first to last, and when the verdict was announced it was received with the most unmistakeable signs of satisfaction. In fact the presence of the Court did not restrain bursts of cheers, which were heard all over the city, and started quiet citizens from their beds, who rushed "down town" expecting to hear that Washington or Richmond was taken.

—We record this verdict, and the approval it so openly elicited, simply as evidence that the courts, juries, and people of our city are determined to sustain School Board and Teachers in every just and reasonable exercise of power to maintain the discipline of our schools.

☞ The Baltimore secessionists became rampant the other day over the announcement that Col. Kenley's regiment had met a defeat with severe loss, and that the entire division of Gen. Banks was in full retreat down the valley of Shenandoah. Anticipating the speedy invasion of Maryland and the capture of both Baltimore and Washington they became insolent in their rejoicings. But the Unionists did not flinch, and the secessionists were compelled to hide away. Many were knocked down in the streets, and the suspected newspaper offices were compelled to show the Union flag. The people with the city authorities were able to put down all disunion demonstrations without the aid of Gen. DIX and his reliable "soldier boys."

☞ A call has been issued to all interested in any branch of Natural History, including Geology, to meet at the University Chapel, in this City, on Tuesday, June 24, (the day before commencement,) at 8 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of organizing a Scientific Association. The call is extended to all scientific students, professional or amateur, residents of the State, and to all former students of the University, residents of other States. A museum is contemplated, and a system of collection and exchange by members.

☞ The Washington *Republican*, an organ of the Sumner stripe, holds that the proclamation of Gen. HUNTER actually freed the slaves of South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida, that the President "can not undo" the work, and that his repudiating proclamation is only an opinion. And the Detroit *Advertiser* gives editorial prominence to the *Republican's* "say." Does the *Advertiser* swear by LINCOLN or HUNTER?

Special Correspondence of the Argus.

"On To Richmond."

WHITE HOUSE LANDING, Va., May 16th, 1862.

DEAR BROTHER:

At 4 o'clock, on Tuesday morning last, we struck tents, and once more took our course towards Richmond.—The morning was cool, and we flattered ourselves that we were to have a fine day for marching. After marching for a mile, our division was brought to a halt by running into another division, which had come from Yorktown by land and was going the same way. Here we lay for three hours, when the command was given, "fall in," and again we were off. The sun had now come out in its full power, and the heat was intense. Thirty thousand soldiers were now ahead of us, besides a whole train of wagons and batteries that belonged to the division.

The roads were perfectly dry, and the dust that was raised settled down upon us, so that it was almost impossible to breathe. To add to this, the woods were on fire, and in places the smoke was so thick that one could hardly see. Our march was necessarily slow on account of the large trains ahead of us. The heat, the smoke, and the dust, told hard on the men, and as usual, on marches they commenced to lighten themselves by throwing away coats, blankets, and sometimes every article of clothing that they could dispense with. Men also began to fall out of all the regiments on the march, and by the time we reached Cumberland, I believe that the stragglers behind might have been counted by hundreds, and I do not know but I might say by thousands. At 8 o'clock in the evening we reached Cumberland—a small place on the Pamunkey river 12 miles, by land, from West Point. After partaking of a hearty supper, made of hard bread and coffee, we threw ourselves upon the ground, with the canopy of heaven for a cover, and I enjoyed one of the most refreshing sleeps that I have had since I have been in the army.

On Wednesday morning, early, it commenced raining, and we had a steady rain all day. Late in the day the whole army encamped here was reviewed by Secretary SEWARD and Gen. McCLELLAN.

On Thursday morning, although it still continued to rain, we again fell in for a march. This time our destination was White House landing, some five miles distant. As usual another division took the lead, and when we struck the road we halted to let it pass. Men, teams, cannons, and horses passed by us, and we stood and looked on. The ground was rather soft, a cannon would get stuck in the mud, then the horses must be detached, ropes attached, men man them, a "long pull, a strong pull, and a pull all together," and out it would come. For two hours we stood looking on, while the rain poured down upon us. Finally our Colonel got disgusted with the rain and the mud, gave orders to march for the woods back of us, ordered arms to be stacked, and the men to make themselves as comfortable as possible. Here fires were built, and soon we were all as happy as kings. Once more the order was given to "fall in," and soon we were on the move again, now going, now halting for wagons to get out of our way, and finally came to a dead halt. The road was completely blocked up with wagons and artillery. For two long hours we stood in the mud, and rain, when Gen. BUTTERFIELD came along, and gave our Colonel orders to march his regiment into the woods, and have them make themselves as comfortable as possible, as it was impossible to go any further that night. In fact, night was now upon us, we had been eight hours in advancing two miles and a half.

Friday morning came and once more we started for our destination, and at 10 o'clock in the forenoon pitched our tents in a large clover field, on the estate of Col. Lee, son of Gen. Lee, both of whom are in the rebel army. Of all the roads that I ever saw, none equaled those that we passed over yesterday and to-day.

White flags were floating from almost every house between West Point and this place. Men are rather scarce in these parts; they have all left with the rebel army. On our march we passed through a number of large wheat fields, also a number of corn-fields. The corn was some two inches high.

The railroad running from West Point to Richmond, crosses the river a short distance above our camp. The rebels destroyed the bridge, but it is now being rebuilt, and in a few days we shall have railroad communication with West Point. This is the head of navigation, and when the army leaves here it will have to depend upon this road for its supplies,—as it is impossible to get them by wagon over these roads. The river above and below the "White House"—the former residence of Col. Lee, but now the head quarters of Gen. McCLELLAN—is crowded with transports laden with supplies for the army.

May 17th.

The rain has passed away, and it is fine to-day. Gen. FRANKLIN's division has just started towards Richmond. Richmond is, by railroad 21 miles from here, and by wagon road, 26.

J. P.

☞ Hon. I. P. CHRISTIANCY, of this State, has been appointed one of the visitors to the Military Academy at West Point.

☞ Gen. SIGEL has gone to Washington, and it is said a command is to be given him in the department of Gen. McDOWELL.

HORSE SHOW

And Sheep Shearing Festival--List of Premiums--Entrance Fees. &c.

The Horse Show and Sheep Shearing Festival of the Washtenaw County Agricultural Society will be held at Ann Arbor, June 17th, 28th, and 19th, 1862. The following is a list of the premiums offered:

FIRST DAY—PREMIUMS $96.

To fastest trotting Stallion, $50,00
2d prem. (mile heats in harness) 15,00
Best Brood Mare with colt by her side, size and speed considered, 15,00
Best Pair Farm Horses, irrespective of color, 8,00
Best pair Matched Carriage Horses 8,00

SECOND DAY—HORSE PREMIUMS $51.

Fastest Pacing Horse, Mare or Gelding, (mile heats in harness, $20,00
2d premium, 5,00
Best Stallion for general use of any age, 8,00
2d best " " " " 3,00
Best single Carriage Horse, 5,00
Best Mare or Gelding, 4 yrs. old, 3,00
" " " 3 " " 3,00
" " " 2 " " 2,00
" " " 1 " " 2,00

SHEEP SHEARING FESTIVAL.

A Sheep Shearing Festival will come off on same day—premiums $58.

SPANISH MERINOS.

Fleece from Buck 3 years old or over, $3,00
2d premium, 2,00
Fleece from Buck 2 years old or over, 3,00
2d premium, 2,00
Fleece from Buck 1 year old or over, 2,00
2d premium, 1,00

Judges.—E. James, Ann Arbor; J. G. Leland, Northfield; Wm. A. Begole, Sylvan.

SAXON AND SILESIAN.

Fleece from Buck 3 years old or over, $3,00
2d premium, 2,00
Fleece from Buck 2 yrs old or over 3,00
2d premium, 2,00
Fleece from Buck 1 yr old or over, 2,00
2d premium, 1,00

Judges.—E. Porter, Ann Arbor; A. Wood, Lodi; David M. Finley, Scio.

FRENCH MERINOS.

Fleece from Buck 3 yrs old or over $3,00
2d premium, 2,00
Fleece from Buck 2 yrs old or over, 3,00
2d premium, 2,00
Fleece from Buck 1 yr old or over, 2,00
2d premium, 1,00

Judges.---Jno. J. Robison, Sharon; C. B. Cook, Ann Arbor; Oscar Easton, Lima.

CROSS OF FULL BLOODS

Fleece from Buck 3 yrs old or over, $3,00
2d premium, 2,00
Fleece from Buck 2 yrs old or over, 3,00
2d premium, 2,00
Fleece from Buck 1 yr old or over, 2,00
2d premium, 1,00

Judges.---H. Carpenter, Pittsfield; G. W. Wilson, Salem; Wm. Preston, Freedom.

SHEARERS.

Best Shearer, $3,00
2d best shearer, 2,00
3d best shearer, 1,00

Judges.—N. Strong, Ann Arbor; Edward L. Boyden, Webster; S. P. Foster, Ann Arbor.

In awarding premiums the weight, quality and cleanness of the wool, and weight and condition of the carcass will be considered.

THIRD DAY—HORSE PREMIUMS $155.

For Fastest Double Team, mile heats, $50,00
2d premium, 15,00

Horses competing in this class must be driven by the owner, and have been owned and driven together at least three months.

For the fastest Trotting Mare or Gelding, mile heats in harness, best three in five, 2d premium, 15,00

Also a premium of $25,00 to the Fastest Trotter that trotted in any of the above trots without receiving first premium. Mile heats, to go as they please.

JUDGES ON TROTTING.

M. E. Crofoot, Pontiac; Dr. Hayes, Marshall; Eber Adams, Adrian; J. Starkweather, Ypsilanti; Dr. Farnsworth, Detroit; F. V. Smith, Coldwater.

JUDGES ON MATCHED AND SINGLE HORSES.

John Winans, Chelsea; Amos Bently, Dexter; M. Clawson, Ypsilanti; Henry Miller, Saline; James Miller Plymouth; Henry Goodyear, Freedom.

ENTRANCE FEES, &C.

An entrance fee of ten per cent will be charged on the amount of premiums contested for in each class. Three entries necessary.

No entrance to be made after ten o'clock, A. M. of the day the premiums are to be contested for. All premiums to be paid as soon as the Judges hand in their report to the Business Committee.

Entries can be made at any time previous to the 17th of June, by applying to the Treasurer, John F. Miller, Ann Arbor.

The entire amount of Horse Premiums offered have been raised by subscription.

☞ Articles sent to the Chicago Sanitary Commission from the Ann Arbor Soldiers' Aid Society:

Feather pillows,		6
Castile soap,	lbs.	1
Jerked beef,	"	19
Slippers,	pr.	2
Flannel bandages,		27
Shirts,		43
Sheets,		56
Woolen socks	pr.	3
Drawers,	"	50
Pillow cases,	"	95
Bed quilts,		5
Pillow sacks,		3
Handkerchiefs,		73
Towels,		72
Bed sacks,		11
Tapioca,	lbs.	6
Dried Currants,	"	8
Dried Apples,	"	18
Magazines,		19
Lint and bandages.		

The estimated value of these articles is $180.64.

CLARA DICKSON, *Sec'y.*

☞ Capt. JOHN L. HACKSTAFF died at Coldwater on the 22nd inst., aged 42 years. Capt. H. had been connected with several papers in the State of New York, and also in this State. He suspended his last paper, the Coldwater *Union*, to engage actively in putting down the rebellion; enrolled a company for Col. MAY's (the 11th) Regiment, and proceeded to Kentucky, where he contracted the disease of which he died.—He leaves a widow and seven children.

☞ The late raid of the rebels in the valley of the Shenandoah gave the people a chance to testify that they are heartily engaged in the work of putting down the rebellion. The enthusiastic rallyings of the men of Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, Massachusetts, and of all the States appealed to, give evidence that the government can call to its aid an unlimited number of men. Let the confederates take warning.

☞ We learn by the *Union Volunteer* that Adjutant HENRY M. DUFFIELD, of the 9th Michigan Infantry, has been appointed A. A. General for the Department of Kentucky; also that Lieut CHAS. H. IRVIN, of the 9th, has been appointed Post Quartermaster on Gen. DUFFIELDS' staff.

☞ We have received two numbers of the *Union Volunteer* published at Murfreesboro, Tenn., by Messrs LEE, PRESTON & EASTMAN, "typos" of the grand Union army of the Southwest. It is edited by Capt. CHAS. V. DELAND, of the 9th Michigan Infantry, and is really a spirited sheet.

☞ The prisoners lately returned from Richmond bring intelligence to our fellow-citizen, STEPHEN WEBSTER, of the recent death in one of the Richmond prisons of his brother, Rev. JAMES WEBSTER. He formerly resided in Oakland County, this State, was a member of the Legislature in 1848, and of the Constitutional Convention in 1850, but has for a number of years resided near Fairfax Conrt House, Va. He was seized some weeks since by the rebels and taken to Richmond, where he died from exhaustion and disease contracted on his forced march. His two sons were once impressed into the rebel service, but after the battle of Bull Run made their escape and are now cultivating their father's farm.

The Retreat of Gen. Banks.

NEW YORK, May 28.

The *Herald* has pretty full accounts of Banks' retreat, from its correspondent. Only one hundred and fifty men out of nine hundred engaged, escaped from the Front Royal fight. Forty of our soldiers, mostly sick, were captured at New Town. One named Daniel Dickerson, of the 66th Ohio, was killed.

In the skirmish of Saturday the Maine and Vermont Cavalry suffered severely. Company A of the Vermont Cavalry were all lost, captured or killed, except Capt. Platt, his Lieutenant, and half a dozen men, who made good their escape.

Major Collins is among the captured, and Major Sawyer, whose horse fell under him and injured his foot, made his escape with no further injury.

During the Sunday fight, which continued two hours before the retreat from Winchester, Donnelly's brigade behaved admirably and repulsed the enemy, but, being outflanked by superior numbers, they were compelled to withdraw.

Our forces, Donnelly's Brigade on the left, and Gordon's on the right, were in position along a gorge between two hills.

The enemy are said to have fought well. At one point they came up in a large hollow square, single file on the front and back, and double file upon each side. Marching up thus to within a certain distance, they were ordered to halt, fix bayonets and charge, which they did in good order.

Col. Gordon and staff are safe; also Gen. Williams and staff.

While retreating through Winchester the women from houses opened fire with pistols on our soldiers and killed a great many of them.

Lt. Col. Brown, 28th New York, is said to have been killed; Col. Phips, 46th Pennsylvania, wounded and taken prisoner; Col. Murphy, 29th Pennsylvania, killed, and many others.

The column retreated in good order, pursued by the enemy beyond Martinsburg.

The baggage train proceeded as far as the Potomac, and many of the teams have been conveyed across on ferry boats.

The operator at Martinsburg had left the town on the first rumor of a battle at Winchester, and taken the instruments with him.

The whole town seemed deserted; the stores were closed. Many Union people came along with us, as did also the negroes.

Gen. Banks was in the rear of the retreat, and a shell exploded only four feet from him, fortunately without injuring him.

Winchester is reported to be burned. The enemy had stationed a force at Berryville to prevent our retreating towards Harper's Ferry, and we were compelled to take the road to Martinsburg.

East Tennessee.

The following proclamation has been issued by the rebel leader in command in East Tennessee:

TO THE DISAFFECTED PEOPLE OF EAST TENNESSEE:

The undersigned, in executing martial law in this department assures, those interested who have fled to the enemy's lines, and who are actually in their army, that he will welcome their return to their homes and families; they are offered amnesty and protection if they come to lay down their arms and act as loyal citizens within the thirty days given them by Major General E. Kirby Smith to do so.

At the end of that time, those failing to return to their homes and accept the amnesty thus offered, and provide for and protect their wives and children in East Tennessee, will have them sent to their care in Kentucky, or beyond the Confederate States line at their own expense.

All that leave after this date, with a knowledge of the above facts, their families will be sent immediately after them.

The women and children must be taken care of by husbands and fathers, either in East Tennessee or in the Lincoln government.

W. M. CHURCHWELL,
Colonel and Provost Marshal.
Knoxville, Tenn., April 23, 1862.

False Alarm at Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 27.

The *Intelligencer* of to-day, referring to the representations that the insurgents again menaced the national capital, says; "Besides creating a false alarm, they are unjust to the military dispositions the government has made for the protection of this city, while their only effect abroad can be to produce a fictitious impression more complimentary to the military strength of the insurgents than the facts of the case can be held to warrant. The absurd rumors which find currency among idlers and secession sympathisers, have not disturbed the equanimity of the people of Washington."

New Advertisements.

Notice.

WHEREAS my wife Phebe A. is in the habit of riding about the country and running me in debt without my consent or knowledge; therefore all persons are cautioned against trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting.

854m3 HARVEY ANNABIL.
Sharon, May 2?, 1862.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, by Henry E. & George A. Peters, to obtain an order from said Court vacating Warren S. Hutchinson's addition to the Village of Scio, Washtenaw County, as recorded in Liber J. on page 26 of Deeds, in the Register's office for said County; and also to vacate the addition of Robert Giles to said Village of Scio, as recorded in Liber L., of Deeds, at page 14, in the Registers's office for Washtenaw county.

TWITCHELL & FRAZER,
Att'ys for Henry E. & Geo. A. Peters.
Dated, May 19, 1862. 853tf

Notice.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the late firm of C. S. GOODRICH & SON are requested to call and pay the same to John F. Miller, Receiver, at the banking office of Miller, Davis & Webster by the 15th day of June next, after which time the books and accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

JOHN F MILLER, Receiver.
Ann Arbor, May 15, 1862. 852w3

DISSOLUTION.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name and style of Spoor & Thompson was dissolved by by mutual consent on the 15th day of May, inst. The business of the late firm will be settled by John W. Thompson, and the business continued by C. Spoor.

CHAS. SPOOR,
JOHN W. THOMPSON.
Dated, Ann Arbor, May 28th, 1862.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of Spoor and Thompson are requested to call at the old stand and make prompt settlement of the same.

JOHN W THOMPSON.

A Card.

THE business of Saddle and Harness making will be carried on at the old place of business of Spoor & Thompson by the undersigned, who solicits the continued patronage of the old customers of the firm, and hopes by prompt attention to business to gain new patrons. A general assortment of Harness and Saddlery always on hand. All persons indebted to me either by note or book account are requested to settle the same without delay.

CHAS. SPOOR.
Ann Arbor, May 28, 1862. 854w6

GLORIOUS

News from "Dixie!"

The Rebellion about Crushed!

A. & C. LOEB,

OF THE

CLEVELAND CLOTHING HOUSE

Return their sincere thanks to their numerous

FRIENDS AND PATRONS,

For the liberal manner in which they have heretofore patronized them, and beg leave to announce that they are

AGAIN ON HAND

With a Large and well selected Stock of

SPRING & SUMMER

CLOTHING!

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Hats, Caps & Trunks,

which they will sell at

Astonishing Low Prices!

For further particulars

Call and See

for yourselves, and you will not go away dissatisfied.

A. & C. LOEB,

Huron Street, a few doors west of Cook's Hotel.
Ann Arbor, May, 1862. 3m851

To be Issued Sept. 15, 1862.

MICHIGAN

STATE GAZETTEER,

AND

Business Directory,

FOR THE YEARS 1862-'3.

THE WORK WILL CONTAIN

Historic and Descriptive Sketches

OF ALL THE

CITIES, TOWNS & VILLAGES

Throughout the State;

Classified Lists of all Professions, Trades and Pursuits,

Arranged alphabetically for each Town, thus exhibiting at a glance, the full address and particular business of every MERCHANT, MANUFACTURER AND PROFESSIONAL MAN IN THE STATE.

At the earnest solicitation of many of the principal merchants and business men of Detroit, and in compliance with the generally expressed wish of the public at large for such a work, the publisher of the DETROIT CITY DIRECTORY has determined to undertake the publication of a thorough, complete and reliable GAZETTEER AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN. Possessing as he as he does, unusual facilities for obtaining the necessary information, the work will be in every respect a complete and reliable one, well worthy the confidence and patronage of the public It will be expressly adapted to the wants of Farmers and Men of Business, and especially intended as a source of instruction and guidance to the thousands of strangers, travelers and immigrants who are seeking new homes or business acquaintance in the West, where the currents of Trade are yearly swelling in magnitude, and where the rich soil knows no exhaustion; and to make the work universally sought after, it is determined to issue it at a rate that will make it a Book for the People—useful and cheap—and this is done by the liberal subscriptions of Citizens, Land owners, Merchants, and others interested in the various Counties, Cities and Towns. This work will contain a full description of the State at large and by Counties; her agricultural and mineralogical resources; her advantages as an agricultural and manufacturing State; her minerals defined and located; her water courses, timber lands, soil and climate; the various Railroad lines completed, being built, and those projected; number of churches, schools and benevolent societies in each county; number of merchants, mechanics and manufacturing establishments, attorneys and physicians in each town in the State; information for the immigant as to the best location for his particular business. A list of unentered lands in the State, with their location, character and price; a complete list of the Post Offices in the State; names and location of all newspapers and periodicals; a full list of the present State and County officers, with the Constitution of the State; table of distances on all lines of travel through the State, either by railroad, steamboat or stage-coach. To contain also a complete trade-list, the advantages of which to merchants and business men generally, will be immense.

As a Medium for Advertising

This book offers unequaled inducements, as it will be circulated in every town and village throughout the State, and will go directly to that class of consumers with whom it is greatly to the interest of all advertisers to be known. Advertisements will be taken at prices ranging from FIVE DOLLARS, upwards, according to space and location, thus bringing the valuable privilege within the reach of all. The work will be compiled and arranged with great care, and will be printed and bound in a very superior and substantial manner, it being the intention to make the work one of interest and real value, well worthy of preservation as a book of reference for the Student, the Merchant and the Professional man.—The price of the book has been fixed at $3, on the receipt of which it will be sent to any part of the United States, free of postage.

All Communications should be addressed to

CHARLES F. CLARK, Publisher,
No. 44 Griswold Street, Detroit Michigan.

1862. 1862.

Second Arrival

—OF NEW—

SPRING

AND

SUMMER GOODS!

AT

C. H. MILLEN & CO'S.

We are now receiving a splendid stock of

DRESS GOODS,

SKIRTS,

SHAWLS,

MANTILLAS, &c.,

For the Ladies.

Fine French Cassimeres,

and Coatings,

For the Gentlemen.

CARPETS,

DOMESTIC GOODS,

FINE NEW TEAS

And other Choice Family Groceries,

For Everybody,

AT THE

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Call and See.

C. H. MILLEN & CO.

May, 1862. 854tf

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"NO OTHER WORK POSSESSES THE VALUE AS A WORK OF REFERENCE."

"*It is Reliable, Complete, and Desirable.*"

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REBELLION RECORD

Edited by FRANK MOORE,

Is the only publication which gives the HISTORY OF THE GREAT STRUGGLE FOR FREE GOVERNMENT NOW GOING ON.

IT IS

Full, Impartial and Reliable.

A RECORD WHICH THE COURTS, THE DEPARTMENTS, AND THE PRESS quote, as

THE HISTORY OF THE TIMES.

It appeals to the intelligence of every citizen. By reference to it every person can be fairly and truthfully posted up in relation to this

GREAT REBELLION.

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BY EDWARD EVERETT.

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Commencing with the meeting of the South Carolina Convention, Dec. 17th, 1860—giving, in the form of a Diary, a concise, succinct, and truthful history of every event as it occurs.

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Illustrated with correct Portraits engraved on steel of the

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Six Parts, with Copious Index, comprise a Volume.

NOW READY,

VOLUMES ONE, TWO, AND THREE.

Bound in Cloth, at $3.75 each; Sheep, $4.00; Half Morocco, or Half Calf Antique, $5.00 each.

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Sold EXCLUSIVELY BY CANVASSERS and AGENTS, is now publishing in Nos, at 25 cents each. Each No. illustrated with a Portrait on Steel.

*** Agents wanted, to whom liberal commissions will be given.

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G. P. PUTNAM, Publisher.
532 Broadway, New York.
C. T. EVANS, General Agent. 853w3

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED will receive sealed proposals up to June 2d, at 10 A. M. for the rent of the Fair Grounds during the coming Horse Show and Sheep Shearing Festival for the erection of Refreshment Stalls. The sale of Alcoholic liquors will not be permitted.

B. GREEN,
R. S. SMITH, } Com
May 22d, 1862.

Michigan Argus.

Local Items.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 30, 1862.

Postoffice Notice.

Mails leaving Ann Arbor for the East and West, close as follows:

Going East, at - - - 4.50 P. M.
Going West, at - - 9.25 A. M.

JOHN I. THOMPSON, P. M

S. M. PETTINGILL & CO.,

No 37 Park Row, New York, & 6 State St. Boston, are our Agents for the ARGUS in those cities, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our *Lowest Rates*.

TO PRINTERS!

THE health of the subscriber making it desirable and necessary that he change his business, he offers for sale the

MICHIGAN ARGUS

NEWS, BOOK AND JOB PRINTING OFFICE, with the BOOK BINDERY connected therewith. Possession given July first, or earlier if desired. Apply in person or by letter.

Ann Arbor April 3d, 1862. E. B. POND.

DWELLING FOR SALE!

IF YOU wish to buy a good two-story brick dwelling, convenient to the business part of the City, with grounds and yards well stocked with choice Fruit of all kinds, Apples Pears, Peaches, Plums, Raspberries, Ornamental trees, Shrubbery, &c., &c., inquire at the April 3d, 1862. ARGUS OFFICE.

FOR SALE!

TWO of the most desirable building lots in the City of Ann Arbor, containing each one acre and a quarter of ground. They are situated on State street, near the South west corner of the University Square. For terms, &c., inquire at the ARGUS OFFICE.

April 3d, 1862.

☞ Bishop McCoskry administered the Rite of Confirmation in St. Andrews' Church, of this city, last evening.

☞ We would remind our subscribers that we are "short," "seedy," "out of sorts," etc., etc., and that we should like to have every delinquent pay up and a year in advance. We must have money from some source. Don't wait for a personal *dun*, but remit at once.

SUICIDE.—Robert Doan, a well to do farmer of Lima, committed suicide on the 28th inst., by cutting his throat with a razor, with which he had just been shaving. Mr. D. had been suffering for about six weeks from partial insanity. He leaves a wife, two daughters, and a large circle of friends to mourn his loss.

☞ We invite attention to the prospectus of a "*State Gazetteer* and Business Directory," for 1862, now in process of publication at Detroit by CHARLES F. CLARK. We think Mr. C. designs to make it a full and correct work, and of permanent value to all business men.

☞ The June number of the *Ladies' Repository* has two fine engravings, "Mount Hermon," and a portrait of Rev. Henry Boehm. The list of papers includes, as always, a large number both readable and instructive. $2 a year. Address Messrs POE & HITCHCOCK, Cincinnati, Ohio.

☞ The June number of the *Atlantic Monthly* is on our table. Among its papers are, "Walking," "War and Literature," "The Sam Adams Regiments in the Town of Boston," "The Health of our Girls," "The Horrors of San Domingo," "The South Breaker—continued," "Methods of Study in Natural History," "Solid Operations in Virginia," and another Bigelow Paper—"Sunthin' in the Pastorial Line." $3 a year. Address Messrs TICKNOR & FIELDS, Boston.

☞ We have received the June number of the *Eclectic* Magazine. It is embellished with a portrait of the late Prince Albert, very artistically engraved from photograph. The letter-press contains, including the very readable table of Literary Miscellanies, eighteen papers, selections from nine leading British periodicals. Among them are "Contemplation of the Heavens," "Our Artillery Prospects," "The City of the Sun." "Recent Revolution in the Papal States," and "Edward Forbes, the Naturalist." The *Eclectic* makes three fine volumes annually.—$5 a year, with a beautiful parlor print, or a splendid portrait of Edward Everet, to each new subscriber. Address W. H. BIDWELL, 5 Beekman Street, N. Y.

☞ We hear complaints from many of our citizens that their gardens and yards are being robbed of plants, shrubs, flowers, &c., and that these depredations are in many instances perpetrated by persons so old that they would not relish being called boys and girls. The Superintendent of Forest Hill Cemetery also complains that the sacred grounds in his care are trespassed upon almost daily, that flowers are plucked, plants dug up, and other acts done not at all in keeping with the place, evidencing a total disregard of propriety and right. Our citizens owe it to themselves to see that these petty pilferings are stopped, and the Common Council would do well to pass some ordinance relating to Cemetery grounds, under which the officers of the Cemetery Company referred to can punish depredators.

A New Arrangement.

Being desirous of rendering all the assistance in our power to the sick, in dispensing to their wants promptly—which will be a desirable consideration as the sickly season approaches—and at the same time for the purpose of better observing the Sabbath—giving our dispensing Clerks an opportunity to attend Divine Service, as well as a release from the confinement they are necessarily subjected to during the week;—We, the undersigned, Druggists, will on and after June 7th, alternate in keeping our Stores open, on Sunday. Consequently there will be but *one Drug Store open on that day*, commencing with Eberbach & Co., June 8th; Grenville & Fuller, June 15th; Stebbins & Wilson, June 22d.

The Public will always find a card on the door of the Stores *closed* stating which one is open.

STEBBINS & WILSON.
EBERBACH & CO.
GRENVILLE & FULLER.

☞ We find an announcement in the June number of the *American Agriculturist* that the *Michigan Farmer* has been merged with that journal, and that the *Farmer* subscribers will receive the *Agriculturist* for the *full time* paid for. The *Agriculturist* is one of the best papers the country produces, and we congratulate the *Farmer* subscribers on the exchange they have made.

☞ On Wednesday a telegraphic dispatch was received from WM. L. LOOMIS, now caring for his wounded son at Fortress Monroe, requesting Mrs. L. to come immediately there. She left yesterday morning accompanied by her son, GEORGE. This indicates that WILLIAM's wound is more serious than was supposed.

☞ Mr. LOOMIS writes from Fortress Monroe that JAMES S. LANE, of Company I, 5th Michigan Infantry, who was wounded at Williamsburg, has died in the hospital. He was a brother of Hon. THOS. D. LANE, of Salem.

☞ JOHN W. GRAY, for many years—since 1845—publisher and editor of that well known and popular democratic journal, the Cleveland *Plaindealer*, died on the 26th inst.

☞ BEAUREGARD is reported in Richmond, for the purpose of conferring with the rebel leaders as to his future operations in the southwest.

A Testimonial of Gratitude.

I deem it my duty to attest to the public the faithful and successful treatment of myself through a severe and protracted attack of bilious colic, by Dr. THOMAS IRISH. On the morning of the 14th of the present month, I was prostrated by an attack of the above complaint, suffering during the paroxysms the pain, cramping and griping, which those who have suffered from similar attacks can only know, attended with that livid appearance of the nails, lips and extremities which marks the disease in its most violent attacks and advanced stages. Dr. IRISH was called, and by the administration of frequent and mild doses, and unremitted attention during the greater part of two days and one night, succeeded in rescuing me from the jaws of death and restoring me to perfect health, making allowance for the weakness necessarily consequent upon so violent an attack. Several of my neighbors solicited my wife to send for another physician, but she had confidence in the Dr's skill to raise me, *and he did it* as he said he would.

This statement is not made at the instance of Dr. IRISH but is a spontaneous offering of gratitude for his care and successful treatment. JAMES O'NEIL.

Ann Arbor, May 29, 1862.

Loss of the Michigan Fourth.

New York, May 27.

The *Herald's* correspondent reports that the Fourth Michigan Regiment, in the recent skirmish on the Chickahominy, fought and routed an entire rebel brigade.

A letter to the *Herald* gives a list of the losses in the Fourth Michigan Regiment in the recent skirmish.

Killed.

Private Abel M. D. Piper, company B, shot through the heart.

Wounded.

Privates Franklin Drake, Company B, mortally;

Wm. H. Chase, company C, mortally, compound fracture of the thigh;

M. Young, company B, flesh wound in arm;

Corporal John Campbell, company B, flesh wound in thigh;

Privates Martin Brockway, company B, compound fracture of the forearm;

Charles Bruner, company A, flesh wound in thigh;

Charles Burow, company I, wounded in the mouth.

From Corinth.

Before Corinth, May 27.

Gen. Halleck has issued an order prohibiting skirmishing.

Pickets on each side are now friendly and within conversing distance, which they improve. Last night five rebels, including one sergeant, came over to our lines.

Our forces are within two miles of the rebel works, and in some places our heavy guns are within battering distance, but the dense woodlands intervening prevent either party from opening fire.

Camp rumors say Vicksburg had surrendered, and that our fleet is *en route* to Memphis.

The reporter of the Associated Press at Halleck's headquarters says all the Corinthian news telegraphed from Chicago, derived *via* Cairo, for some time past, is utterly without foundation.

No engagement of the least consequence has occurred in Corinth or vicinity up to 11:30 last evening.

The Savannah *News* of the 17th says two Yankee steamers opened fire with shot and shell on Darien on Friday.—No damage.

The Mobile *Register* of the 22d says all is quiet at Fort Morgan. It publishes a correspondence in relation to the demanded surrender of Vicksburg.

The Vicksburg *Citizen* of the 20th, says some Federals landed at Warrenton, and had a few skirmishes.

Gov. Shorter, of Alabama, called out all the male population not subjected to the conscription law, for a State guard.

REBEL FORCES IN FRONT OF RICHMOND.—Prisoners are brought in, and the negro teamsters who have tired of the mules of Secessia, come in hungry and weary platoons. They all represent the enemy to be about eight miles this side of richmond, to be from 120,000 to 150,000 strong—that all around Richmond is a circle of fortifications, with guns in position—that nearly every house in the city contains sick soldiers—that fresh troops came from North Carolina and from different parts of Virginia. One man, an overseer of a large plantation owned by a widow, and in whose behalf he of course sought a guard to-day, acknowledged under Gen. Keyes' searching examination, that it took four hours for the division of Rebel artillery that went this way to pass his mistress's farm line. As the Secesh batteries move, this measure would give them about 100 guns on the march.—*Bottom Bridge Cor. N. Y. Tribune.*

FAT TAKE.—If it be true that the Circassian and her cargo, captured by the Federals, is worth a million of dollars, the government will be entitled to one-half, $500,000, the Flag-Officer $25,000, the Captain $15,000, Lieutenants and Sailing Masters, $12,500 each, petty officers $5,000 to $10,000 each, and the sailors $1,966 apice. Pretty good pay for one voyage.

Skirmish in Arkansas.

IN CAMP ON LARRY CREEK, NEAR BATESVILLE, Ark., May 21.

Quite a spirited skirmish took place on the 19th, near Searcy, on the Little Red River, between about 250 men of Gen. Osterhaus' division and some 600 rebels under Colonels Coleman and Hicks, in which the latter lost eighteen left on the field, and quite a number wounded. Our loss was fifteen killed and thirty-four wounded. The rebels have burned all the bridges across the Bayou Des Arc and Cypress, and 10,000 bales of cotton have been consumed on the Arkansas River by order of Beauregard. Brigadier General Roane, who is in command of the forces of this State, has three regiments of Texans at Little Rock, and the Arkansas militia are said to be gathered at the same point in considerable numbers.

Married.

On Tuesday morning, the 27th inst., at St. Andrews' Church, by Rev. G. D. Gillespie, Dr. FREDERICK A. LORD, of Chicago, Ill., and Miss EMILY LYSTER BULL, of this city.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ See a woman, in another column, picking Sambuci Grapes for SPEER's Wine. It is an admirable article, used in hospitals and by first-class families in Paris, London, and New York, in preference to old port wine. It is worth a trial, as it gives great satisfaction.

☞ Puny, Delicate Children, will be restored to good health and vigor, by the use of HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS. Read the advertisement in another column.

A CARD TO THE SUFFERING.

The REV. WILLIAM COSGROVE, while laboring as a Missionary in Japan, was cured of Consumption, when all other means had failed, by a recipe obtained from a learned physician residing in the great City of Jeddo. This recipe has cured great numbers who were suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds, and the debility and nervous depression caused by these disorders.

Desirous of benefitting others, I will send this recipe, which I have brought home with me, to all who need it free of charge.

Address REV. WM. COSGROVE, 439 Fulton avenue, Brooklyn N. Y.

823y1

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

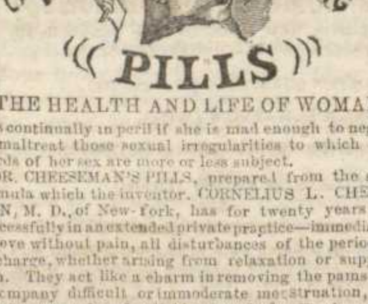
A Slight Cold, Cough, Hoarseness or Sore Throat, which might be checked with a simple remedy, if neglected, often terminates seriously. Few are aware of the importance of stopping a Cough or Slight Cold in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if not attended to, soon attacks the lungs.

Brown's Bronchial Troches were first introduced eleven years ago. It has been proved that they are the best article before the public for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, the Hacking Cough in Consumption, and numerous affections of the Throat, giving immediate relief.

Public Speakers & Singers *will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice.*

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, at 25 cents per box.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES



THE HEALTH AND LIFE OF WOMAN

Is continually in peril if she is mad enough to neglect or maltreat those sexual irregularities to which two-thirds of her sex are more or less subject.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared from the same formula which the inventor, CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, M. D., of New-York, has for twenty years used successfully in an extended private practice—immediately relieve without pain, all disturbances of the periodical discharge, whether arising from relaxation or suppression. They act like a charm in removing the pains that accompany difficult or immoderate menstruation, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Flushes, Sick Headache, Pains in the Loins, Back and Sides, Palpitation of the Heart Nervous Tremors, Hysterics, Spasms, Broken Sleep and other unpleasant and dangerous effects of an unnatural condition of the sexual functions. In the worst cases of *Fluor Albus* or Whites, they effect a speedy cure.

To WIVES and MATRONS.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are offered as the only safe means of renewing interrupted menstruation, but

LADIES MUST BEAR IN MIND

There is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a PECULIAR RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.

Explicit directions stating when, and when they should not be used, with each Box,—the Price One Dollar each Box, containing 50 Pills.

A valuable Pamphlet, to be had free of the Agents. Pills *sent by mail promptly*, by enclosing price to any Agent. Sold by Druggists generally.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor. 20 *Cedar-St., New York.*

For Sale by MAYNARD STEBBINS & WILSON, and GRENVILLE & FULLER.

PRIZE POETRY.

Let Chieftains boast of deeds in war,
And Minstrels tune their sweet guitar,
A nobler theme my *heart* is filled—
In praise of HERRICK's matchless pills.

Their cures are found in every land—
Amid Russia's snows—and Afric's sands;
The woudrous works—the papers fill,
Produced by HERRICK's matchless Pills.

Does disease afflict *you?* never doubt
This charming compound will search it out,
And healthagain *your* system fill,
If *you* fly *at once* to HERRICK's Pills.

They're safe for all—both old and young—
Their praises are on every tongue;
Disease, disarmed—no longer kills,
Since we are blessed with HERRICK's Pills.

☞ Put up with English, Spanish, German and French directions. Price 25 cents per box. *Sugar Coated*. See advertisement on third page. 804

Important to Ladies.

Dr. JOHN HARVEY, having for upwards of twenty years devoted his *professional* time exclusively to the treatment of Female Difficulties, and having succeeded in thousands of cases in restoring the afflicted to sound health, has now entire confidence in offering publicly his

"GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY,"
DR. HARVEY'S
CHRONO-THERMAL FEMALE PILLS.

Which have never yet failed (when the directions have been strictly followed,) in removing difficulties arising from

Obstruction, or Stoppage of Nature,

or in restoring the system to perfect health, when suffering from SPINAL AFFECTIONS, PROLAPSUS UTERI, THE WHITES, or other weakness of the UTERINE ORGANS. Also in all cases of DEBILITY OR NERVOUS PROSTRATION, HYSTERICS, PALPITATIONS, &c., &c., which are the forerunners of more serious disease. ☞ *These Pills are perfectly harmless on the constitution, and may be taken by the most delicate female without causing distress;* at the same time they ACT LIKE A CHARM by strengthening, invigorating, and restoring the system to a healthy condition, and by bringing on the monthly period with regularity, no matter from what cause the obstructions may arise. They should, however, *not* be taken during the first three or four months of pregnancy, though safe at any other time, as miscarriage would be the result.

Each box contains 60 Pills. Price One Dollar, and when desired will be sent by mail prepaid by any advertised Agent, on receipt of the money.

Sold by Druggists in Ann Arbor.

J. BRYAN, Rochester, N. Y., General Agent.

H. & L. SIMONEAU, Detroit, Wholesale Agent for Michigan. 806tf

New Medical Discovery.

For the speedy and permanent cure of

Gonnorhea, Gleet, Urethal Discharges
Gravel, Stricture, and
Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder,

which has been used by upwards of

ONE HUNDRED PHYSICIANS,

in their private practice, with entire success, superseding CUBEBS, COPAIBA, CAPSULES, or any compound hither to known.

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS,

are speedy in action, often effecting a cure in a few days, and when a cure is effected it is permanent. They are prepared from vegetable extracts that are harmless on the system, and never nauseate the stomach or impregnate the breath; and being sugar-coated, all nauseous taste is avoided. *No change of diet is necessary whilst using them;* nor does their action interfere with business pursuits. Each box contains six dozen Pills.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR,

and will be sent by mail post-paid by any advertised Agent, on receipt of the money. Sold by Druggists in Ann Arbor.

None genuine without my signature on the wrapper J. BRYAN, Rochester, N. Y., General Agent.

H. & L. SIMONEAU, Detroit, Wholesale Agents for Michigan, 806tf

NEW GOODS.

BACH & PIERSON

Have just opened their

SECOND SPRING STOCK

and offer a

CHOICE SELECTION

Of Seasonable Goods,

including all

The Newest Styles

of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Cloths, Domestics, Staples,

GROCERIES, &C.,

We Bought for Cash

and will sell

FOR CASH OR READY PAY,

at very

Low Figures.

CALL AND SEE!

BACH & PIERSON.

Ann Arbor, May 15, 1862.

THE REBELLION

ON HIGH PRICES FOR CLOTHING, HAS COMMENCED AT THE

OLD & RELIABLE

CLOTHING

EMPORIUM!

No. 3 PHŒNIX BLOCK, MAIN St.

I AM now opening a large and varied assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, and in view of the rebellion on high prices generally, will offer them to my friends and customers at the very lowest figures for Cash.—Those in want of a superior article of Cloths, Cassimeres, or

Ready-Made Clothing,

—will call on—

WM. WAGNER,

who has just returned from the East, with a large assortment of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS

which have been purchased at the late

LOW PRICES!

and can offer them at a lower figure than ever before. Among my Assortment may be found

BROADCLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
DOESKINS,
VESTINGS

of all descriptions, together with a superior assortment of Ready-Made Clothing,

TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS, and Gentlemen's Furnishing

GOODS,

with numerous other articles usually found in similar establishments. As an

EMPORIUM OF FASHION,

the subscriber flatters himself, that his long experience and general success, will enable him to give the greatest satisfaction to all who may trust him in the way of

☞ Manufacturing Garments to order.

WM. WAGNER.

Ann Arbor, April 9th 1862. 848tf

NEW GOODS

For the Spring, 1862.

MACK & SCHMID

Would respectfully announce to the Citizens of

Washtenaw and adjoining Counties

that we are now receiving

Direct from the Eastern Markets,

A full and complete supply of

Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

Ladies' & Childrens' Shoes,

GROCERIES, CROCKERY, &c.

Purchased by one of our firm for cash, and notwithstanding the hard times we shall continue to

Add Weekly Additions

To our stock in order

To Accommodate our Customers!

with everything they may need to ask for.

And we will farther pledge ourselves to sell as cheap

AS TIMES WILL PERMIT

and which is always as

As Low as the Lowest.

At the same time we hope our friends and customers will bear in mind that the times compel us to sell our goods

For Cash or Ready Pay.

Ann Arbor, March 28, 1861. 845tf

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES!

The undersigned will open on the 25th inst., at

ROGERS' AGRICULTURAL HALL,

a general assortment of Standard and Dwarf Fruit Trees, Evergreens and other Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, &c. Also the choicest varieties of

GRAPES, RASPBERRIES, &c.

These trees have been selected by himself from one of the best

EASTERN NURSERIES!

and will be found in prime condition. Call early and make your selections.

Those wishing Apple Trees grown in this State can be supplied from the North Lake Nursery.

T. DU BOIS.

Ann Arbor, April 21, 1862. 849tf.

THE PEORIA MARINE & FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, *OF PEORIA, ILLINOIS.*

Capital, - - - $500,000

one of the HEAVIEST, SAFEST and BEST Insurance Co's. in the U. S. Insures on reasonable terms, and always pay promptly. There is no better Fire Insurance Company.

The Bugle Calls! The War has Begun! A War of Extermination against Bad Teeth, Bad Breath, Diseased Gums, Toothache, Earache, and Neuralgia.

OUR ARTILLERY IS

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

DENTAL TREASURY!

A COMPLETE SET OF REMEDIES FOR

PRESERVING THE TEETH,

PURIFYING THE BREATH & MOUTH

AND

Curing Toothache & Neuralgia.

CONTENTS:

Dr. Hurd's Celebrated MOUTH WASH, one bottle.

Dr. Hurd's Unequaled TOOTH POWDER, one box.

Dr. Hurd's Magic TOOTHACHE DROPS, one bottle.

Dr. Hurd's UNRIVALLED NEURALGIA PLASTER.

Dr. Hurd's MANUAL on the Best Means of Preserving the Teeth, including Directions for the Proper Treatment of Children's Teeth.

FLOSS SILK for cleaning between the Teeth.

TOOTH PICKS, etc., etc.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, 77 Fourth St., Brooklyn, (E. D.)

Price One Dollar or Six for $5

☞ The Dental Treasury makes a package eight inches by five, and sent by express.

☞ *Full direction for use is on each article.*

The following articles we can send separately, by mail, viz;

The Treatise on Preserving Teeth sent, post paid, on receipt of TWELVE CENTS, or four stamps.

The Neuralgia Plaster, for Neuralgia in the face, Nervous Headache, and Earache, sent, post paid, on receipt of EIGHTEEN CENTS or six stamps.

The Neauralgia and Rheumatic Plaster, (large size), for pains in the Chest, Shoulders, Back, or any part of the body, sent, post-paid on receipt of THIRTY SEVEN CENTS.

Address

WM. B. HURD & CO.,

Tribune Buildings, New York.

☞ Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH, TOOTH POWDER, and TOOTHACHE DROPS cannot be sent by mail, but they can probably be obtained at your Drug or Periodical Stores. If they cannot, send for the DENTAL TREASURY, Price ONE DOLLAR, which contains them.

NOW,

Are Dr. Hurd's Preparations Good?

The best evidence that they are is, that their firmest friends and best patrons are those who have used them longest. Dr. WILLIAM B. HURD is an eminent Dentist of Brooklyn, Treasurer of the New York State Dentists' Association, and these preparations have been used in his private practice for years, and no leading citizen of Brooklyn or Williamsburgh questions their excellence, while eminent Dentists of New York recommend them as the best known to the profession. Without the aid of advertising, dealers have sold them by the gross.

The Editor of the *Brooklyn Daily Times* says:—"We are happy to know that our friend, Dr. HURD, is succeeding beyond all expectations with his MOUTH WASH and TOOTH POWDER. The great secret of his success rests with the fact THAT HIS ARTICLES ARE PRECISELY WHAT THEY ARE REPRESENTED TO BE, AS WE CAN TESTIFY FROM THEIR LONG USE."

The well known P. T. Barnum writes:—"I found your TOOTH POWDER so good that my family have used it all up. WE FIND IT THE BEST POWDER FOR THE TEETH THAT WE EVER USED. I shall feel obliged if you will send me another supply at the Museum at your convenience, with bill."

But their cost is so small that every one may test the matter for himself.

☞ Beware of the ordinary Tooth Powders. Dr. HURD'S TOOTH POWDER contains no acid, nor alkali, nor charcoal, and polishes without wearing the enamel.—Use no other.

What will Dr. Hurd's Remedies Effect?

Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH AND TOOTH POWDER will give young ladies that finest charm in woman—a sweet breath and pearly teeth. Try them, ladies.

Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH AND TOOTH POWDER will cleanse the mouth from all foul exhalations, and if used in the morning, will make the breakfast taste sweeter and the day begin more pleasantly. Hundreds of persons can testify to this. Try them, gentlemen.

Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH AND TOOTH POWDER are the best preparation in the world for curing BAD BREATH and giving firmness and health to the gums. Hundreds of cases of diseased BLEEDING GUMS, SORE MOUTH, CANKER, etc., have been cured by Dr Hurd's astringent wash.

Dr. HURD'S MOUTH WASH AND TOOTH POWDER give an additional charm to courtship, and make husbands more agreeable to their wives and wives to their husbands. They should be used by every person having

Artificial Teeth

which are liable to impart a taint to the mouth.

Dr. HURD'S TOOTHACHE DROPS cure Toothache arising from exposed nerves, and are the best friends that parents can have in the house to save their children from torture and themselves from loss of sleep and sympathetic suffering.

FARMERS and MECHANICS! you cannot well afford to neglect your teeth. For a trifling sum, you can now get preservatives, than which Rothchild or Astor can get nothing better. Remember that DYSPEPSIA and CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS often originate in Neglect of Teeth.

Send for the Treatise on Teeth,

and read Dr. Fitch's observations on this subject. If too late to arrest decay in your own teeth, save your children's teeth.

NEURALGIA PLASTERS.

Dr. Hurd's Neuralgia Non-Adhesive Plasters are the most pleasant and successful remedies ever prescribed for this painful disease. The patient applies one, soon becomes drowsy, falls asleep, and awakes free from pain, and no blister or other unpleasant or injurious consequences ensue. For Earache and Nervous Headache, apply according to directions, and relief will surely follow. Nothing can be obtained equal to Dr. Hurd's Compress for Neuralgia. Try them. They are entirely a novel, curious, and original preparation, and wonderfully successful. They are of two sizes, one small, for the face, price 15 cents, and the other large, for application to the body, price 37 cents.

Will be mailed on receipt of price and one stamp.

What are the People Doing?

The American people are intelligent enough to appreciate preparations that contribute so much to the happiness of those using them, and they want them. Every mail brings us letters, some ordering the Treatise on Teeth, some the Neuralgia Plasters, and not a few enclosing 37 cents for the Mouth Wash to be sent by mail; but to these we are compelled to reply that it is impossible to send a half pint bottle by mail. The people want these remedies.

WHO WILL SUPPLY THEM?

Now is the

CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

Shrewd agents can make a small fortune in carrying these articles around to families. The DENTAL TREASURY is the neatest article that a man or woman can carry around. Send for one, or, better, a dozen, which we will sell, as samples, for $7. Agents supplied liberally with Circulars.

Now is the time to go into Business!

to do good, and make a profit. We are spending thousands for the benefit of agents. New England men or women! here is something nice, and a chance to take the tide at its flood. Address

Wm. B. Hurd & Co.,

Tribune Buildings, New York.

That remittances may be made with confidence, W. B. H. & Co. refer to the Mayor of Brooklyn; to G. W. GRIFFITH, President Farmers' and Citizens' Bank, Brooklyn; to Joy, COE & Co., New York; to P. T. BARNUM, Esq., New York, etc., etc. 841tf

Sold wholesale and Retail by G. J. PEASE, at GRENVILLE & FULLER'S Drug store, Ann Arbor Mich.

IT PAYS! IT PAYS! WHAT PAYS!

To go to the Cheap Banner Store of

A. P. MILLS,

a few doors West of Cook's Hotel, where you will find a good assortment of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHS, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, GROCERIES, CROCKERY, &C.

Which are being sold cheap for CASH, or Ready Pay at its cash value

GREAT BARGAINS IN LADIES' FURS.

Clothing made to order. Wanted 5000 bushels of White Beans, also 3000 bushels of Dried Apples.

Ann Arbor, Dec. 9, 1861. 831tf

SPEER'S

SAMBUCI WINE,

PURE, AND FOUR YEARS OLD,

Of Choice Oporto Fruit,

FOR PHYSICIANS' USE, FOR

FEMALES, WEAKLY PERSONS & INVALIDS

Sambucus Tree of Portugal, the Great Remedy for Rheumatism, Kidney Affections, and all Chronic Complaints.

Excellent Wine for Females

Every family, at this season, should use the

SAMBUCI WINE,

Celebrated in Europe for its medicinal and beneficial qualities as a gentle Stimulant, Tonic, Diuretic and Sudorific, highly esteemed by eminent physicians, used in European and American Hospitals, and by some of the first families of Europe and America.

AS A TONIC,

It has no equal, causing an appetite and building up of the system being entirely a pure wine of a most valuable fruit.

AS A DIURETIC,

It imparts a healthy action to the Glands and Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, very beneficial in Dropsy, Gout, and Rheumatic affections.

SPEER'S WINE

Is not a mixture or manufactured article, but is pure, from the juice of the Portugal Sambucus, cultivated in New Jersey, recommended by Chemists and Physicians as possessing medical properties superior to any other Wine in use, and an excellent article for all weak and debilitated persons, and the aged and infirm, improving the appetite, and benefiting ladies and children.

A LADIES WINE,

Because it will not intoxicate as other wine, as it contains no mixture of spirits or liquors, and is admired for its rich, peculiar flavor, and nutritive properties, imparting a healthy tone to the digestive organs, and a blooming, soft and healthy skin and complexion.

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A few well known gentlemen and physicians, who have tried the Wine:—

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And many others too numerous to publish.

☞ None genuine unless the signature of "ALFRED SPEER, Passaic, N. J.," is over the cork of each bottle.

☞ MAKE ONE TRIAL OF THIS WINE.

For Sale by Maynard, Stebbins & Wilson, Ann Arbor.

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C. BLISS.

Ann Arbor, Nov. 15, 1861 826tf

Dissolution of Copartnership.

Notice is hereby given that the copartnership of the undersigned under the name of Beakes & Abel, is dissolved.

All persons indebted to said copartnership, will please call at once and adjust the same by cash or note.

HIRAM J. BEAKES,
SYLVESTER ABEL.

Dated, March 15th, 1862. 6w844.

The Latest Special Dispatch!

To the citizens of Ann Arbor and Vicinity!!

INTENSE EXCITEMENT!

Hundreds watching the progress of Daily Events!!

The Federal Army again Victorious!

"The Union must and shall be Preserved!"

"*There was a man in our town, He was so wondrous wise,*"

But with all his wisdom, he was not so wise as that "*other man*," who when he wanted to buy the

The cheapest and best

CLOTHING!

in this market always jumped into

GUITERMAN'S

HEAD QUARTERS!

For there he knew he always got his money's worth. Seeing is believing and you that wish to see come in and believe. Those that can't see CAN FEEL, and as we always make our customers feel good over good bargains, they are especially invited to our anxious seat, that they too may realize how "good it is for them to be with us," and how much pleasure can be obtained in the enjoyment of

SPLENDID BARGAINS!

"Come all ye that are weary and heavy laden"—with Rocks and we will do our best to relieve you—giving you in return the *finest kind of Goods at the lowest figures.*

Great battles are hourly taking place in the Clothing line—whole regiments of Cassimeres, Vestings, &c., are being slaughtered by Gen. SONDHEIM—to fit the great rush of recruits that are pouring in from every direction, all anxious to have their names enrolled for a

NEAT AND TASTY SUIT!

—such as can only be had at the

Head-Quarters of Guiterman & Co.

One of the firm, Mr. M GUITERMAN, having just returned from Europe with a large assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and a nice lot of fine Vestings, also a few pieces of fine Beaver for overcoats which we will make up to order in the latest style, we feel confident that we can satisfy all.

STUDENTS!

We are happy to greet you again in our City, after spending your vacation with the "dear old folks" at home. Be assured we wish you a pleasant term, and shall ever be glad to meet you at the Old

Head-Quarters, No. 5.

☞ Our former customers, we feel assured, will call on us again To you who come as strangers we would say a few words, we wish you to call and look at our fine Coats, Pants, and Vests we can do better by you than any other house in the City, and if you call and examine our goods, and try their fits, you will purchase nowhere else.

DON'T FAIL TO

CALL AT G. H. Q.

DR. HOOFLAND'S

BALSAMIC CORDIAL,

For the speedy cure of

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Croup, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Diseases of the Bowels, arising from Cold, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief and if at all possible cure of Patients in advanced stages of the latter disease.

THE Balsamic Cordial is entirely a Vegetable production, combining the healing properties of the Balsam, with the invigorating qualities of a Cordial, producing a combination so well adapted to the purposes intended, that there are but few cases of disease which will not, at an early period, succumb to its healing and life giving properties.

For ages, has the treatment of pulmonary diseases occupied the greater portion of the attention of the scientific of the medical world, but none acquired more eminence in his treatment of these diseases, than the celebrated Prussian, Dr. Hoofland, the orignator of the Balsamic Cordial. His life was devoted to the production of remedies that would stand unrivalled. How well he has succeeded, the American people are able to judge: and we positively assert, that no preparations that have ever been placed before them, have conferred the same amount of benefits on suffering humanity, or have elicited so many commendations from all classes of society, as the remedies of Dr. Hoofland, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson & Co., of Philadelphia.

The Cordial is designed for a class of diseases more general and more fatal than any other to which the people of this country are subject—those springing from a "*slight cold.*" That eminent authority, Dr. Bell, says: "I will not say that Colds are to our inhabitants what the *Plague* and *Yellow Fever* are to those of other countries; but I can aver confidently that they usher in disease of greater complicity and mortality than these latter."

Entirely Vegetable. No Alcoholic Preparation.

DR. HOOFLAND'S

CELEBRATED

GERMAN BITTERS

Prepared by

DR. C. M. JACKSON & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Will effectually cure LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heart burn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots of webs before the sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c. Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant imaginings of evil, and great Depressions of Spirits, and will positively prevent YELLOW FEVER, BILLIOUS FEVER, &c.

The Proprietor in calling the attention of the public to this preparation, does so with a feeling of the utmost confidence in its virtues and adaptation to the diseases for which it is recommended

It is no new and untried article, but one that has stood the test of a twelve years' trial before the American people, and its reputation and sale are unrivalled by any similar preparations extant. The testimony in its favor given by the most prominent and well-known Physicians and individuals in all parts of the country is immense, and a careful perusal of the Almanac, published annually by the Proprietors, and to be had gratis of any of their Agents, cannot but satisfy the most skeptical that this remedy is really deserving the great celebrity it has obtained.

Read the Evidence

From J. Newton Brown D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects, I yet know of no sufficient reason why a man may not testify to the benefit he believes himself to have received from any simple preparation, in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to "Hoofland's German Bitters," prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced against them for years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them, when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these Bitters, at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief, and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to the use of them. J. NEWTON BROWN.

Read what the eminent Glass Manufacturer, JOHN H. WHITALL, says of the BALSAMIC CORDIAL.

DR. C. M. JACKSON—Respected Friend: Having for a long time been acquainted with the virtues of thy Balsamic Cordial in Coughs, Colds, Inflammation of the Lungs, &c. I thus freely bear testimony to its efficacy. For several years I have never been without it in my family It also gives me pleasure to state that I have used it with entire success in the treatment of Bowel Complaints. Thy friend truly.

JOHN M. WHITALL.

Fifth Mo. 17, 1858, Race Street, above 4th, Phila.

These medicines are for sale by all respectable Druggists and dealers in medicines in the United States, British Provinces, and West Indies, at 75 cents per bottle—Be sure and get the genuine, with the signature of C. M. JACKSON on the wrapper of each bottle: *all others are counterfeit*. Principal Office and Manufactory, 418 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 820y1

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Ann Arbor, March 28, 1861. 845tf

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ALL SIZES, STYLES and PRICES just received and for sale cheap at

SCHOFF & MILLER'S.

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TREES! TREES!

Fruit and Ornamental,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND VARIETY,

Roses, Bulbous Plants, and Grape Vines of all kinds.

THE UNDERSIGNED is about starting East to make his usual selections of Trees from the most popular Nurseries, and will fill all orders for Trees that may be wanted through the month of April.

My practical experience with trees for the last ten years has established me in the way of making my selections with that care that enables me to warrant all trees and plants true to name, as well as healthy, vigorous in growth, and with proper care to meet the expectation of the purchaser. The great success attending my sales last year, reassures me that my trees were all *sound* and gave general satisfaction Thankful for past favors, I again invite my friends and all others wanting trees or plants, to give me a call.

Those who may want Trees grown in this State, can be furnished from the North Lake Nursery.

☞ Orders for Trees or Plants may be left at Rogers' Agricultural Hall, at any time.

THEODORE DuBOIS.

Ann Arbor, March 25, 1862. 845tf

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS!
DO YOU WANT A MOUSTACHE!

If so, purchase one bottle of E. E. Champion's

EXCELSIOR INVIGORATOR!

The world renowned toilet,—the only article of the kind ever offered the people of the United States. The above article is the only one used by the French; in London and Paris it is in universal use.

THE EXCELSIOR

WHISKER INVIGORATOR!!

Is a Beautiful, Economical, Soothing, yet Stimulating Compound, acting as if by magic upon the roots, causing a beautiful growth of Luxuriant Beard. If applied to the Scalp, it will cure BALDNESS, and if applied according to directions, it will cause to spring up in bald spots a fine growth of SOFT FRESH HAIR.

The Celebrated

EXCELSIOR INVIGORATOR

Is an indispensable Article in every Gentleman's Toilet, and after *one* week's use *they* would not, for any consideration, be without it. The above article will, in from Four to Eight Weeks, bring out a thick set of WHISKERS or MOUSTACHE.

The subscribers are the only Agents for the above article in the United States.

They would also announce to the public that they are agents for

Napoleon's Hair Toilet!

The only article ever offered to the French people that would CURL STRAIGHT HAIR! the above Toilet being manufactured for the sole benefit of Louis Napoleon! which article is now indispensable in his Toilet room.

The subscribers feeling confident that this Toilet must necessarily take the place of all others ever offered to the public, they take pleasure in expressing their confidence in the article, feeling it from practical use.

THE NAPOLEON HAIR TOILET

Will CURL STRAIGHT HAIR in Soft, Silken, Flowing Curls, that will remain in shape for one day or one week if desired, or any longer period, if the directions are strictly followed, which are very simple and easy.

This Hair Toilet does not in any manner interfere with the *Natural Softness of the Hair*. It neither scorches nor dyes it; but gives the hair a soft, thrifty appearance. It also prevents the hair from falling off and turning gray.

THE NAPOLEON HAIR TOILET

Has been before the public but a short time, and has already been tested by over one thousand persons! and they testify that the Napoleon Hair Toilet is the greatest Beautifier ever offered to the American people.

To prevent this Toilet from being counterfeited or imitated by unprincipled persons, we do not offer it for sale at any Druggists in the United States. Therefore any Lady or Gentleman who desires Soft, Luxuriant Hair and Curls, and Long, Soft Whiskers or Moustache, can procure the Invigorator or Toilet, either one, for one dollar enclosed in a letter, with their address. Address,

G. F. SPENY & CO.,
Box 183, Collinsville,
Hartford Co., Conn

And it will be carefully sent by return mail.

A Hint to Pear Growers.

Theories and rules are all very well, in their time and place. But just now we have a *fact* or two for young pear cultivators. Having noticed that a certain plain and quiet man, year after year brought very handsome pears to the county exhibition, while many others brought poor fruit or none, we resolved to visit him and see how this thing was done.— On asking to see his pear trees, he smiled, and said he couldn't make such a show. He led us to a square patch of ground adjoining his vegetable garden, where were just twenty-five trees, all of them on the quince stock. A few things were visible at a glance. First, the wood was healthy and vigerous; the bark was clear of insects, and the foliage a bright green. Second, the trees had been well trained from the start. The lower branches shot out at about eighteen inches from the ground, and they were the largest and strongest of all. The other tiers of branches tapered gradually to a point at the top, the whole tree forming a pyramid, like a handsome fir-tree.

Very well, so far. But what means this flooring of straw spread all over the ground? "That's my summer mulch, sir; my soil is rather sandy, and is apt to suffer from drouth in mid summer; so I cover it with this light porous blanket. This straw is bright and clean, so it don't bring in vermin nor seeds of weeds; and then, it is so light and open, it does not prevent free circulation of air and moisture about the roots of the trees. I got this idea from Mr. Charles Downing, who is the father of many good ideas."

On a little closer examination, we found that the straw was laid about six inches thick over the entire fruit garden, paths and all. Our friend said he spread it on in the month of June, just after the ground had received its Spring dressing and cleaning. When once down, it saved the labor of any further hoeing until the middle of September, when it was removed to allow the young wood plenty of time to ripen up hard and bright before winter. If left on through the winter, it was quite sure to harbor mice. Just before cold weather set in, our friend was in the habit of winding a thin straw band around the trunks of his trees. He thought this would prevent sudden thawing of the bark after hard freezing. In Autumn he gave each tree half a bushel of half rotted manure, spreading it as far as the limbs extending over the ground.

The foregoing was the whole of his secret method of raising regular and handsome crops of pears on the quince stock. The labor of putting down the straw and gathering it up, was much less, he assured us, than the cultivation of the ground would be, if not mulched.—*Am. Ag.*

Propagation Made Simple.

It is now well known to many of our most skilled propagators, that all cuttings can be made to callous, and then be made to grow. Apples, peaches, cherries, and plums, are now freely struck from cuttings, and many kinds of trees once thought impossible to propagate in this way, are now raised so very freely.

In our own experiments, we have found a common preserving bottle excellent for callousing hard cuttings.— A sponge is pushed tightly into the bottom of the bottle, and water poured on. Then all the water is drained out that will go out by inverting the bottle, and the cuttings placed loosely in. No cork is placed in the bottle, and evaporation takes place slowly, and the cutting soon forms the desired callous. The whole secret, in fact, is in allowing free access of air to all parts of the cutting, at the same time taking care that *evaporation shall not be so excessive as to dry up the cutting.*

Pruning.

The first eight years of the life of a fruit tree are the most important, and require judicious management. If a good compact head is formed in this period, it will need comparatively little pruning after that. The wood is of the first consequence in these years, and the fruit should be steadily sacrificed for the future good of the tree. Apply the knife above, and the compost below, and keep the heads as much in a pyramidal shape as possible. In due time you will have abundant fruit, and limbs stout enough to hold it.—*American Agriculturist.*

Saved His Strawberries.

An exchange mentions an ingenious method by which a gentleman saved his strawberries from the daily attacks of an army of robins. He killed a worthless cat, skinned and stuffed her, and having fitted in glaring glass eyes, he mounted her in the centre of a strawberry patch. Although the robins continued to congregate upon the fence and trees near by, and scolded incessantly, none of them ventured upon the patch again. Perhaps the same *scare robin* would save cherries. It is worth a trial, particularly where cats abound as they do on some premises at night.

PONTOON BRIDGES.—The Fredericksburg correspondent of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* says: "the pontoon bridge across the Rappahannock, at this place, is one of the greatest inventions of the age. The pieces are numbered, and, together with the gutta percha floats, are carried from stream to stream. The corps attached to the pontoon have become so perfect in their laying of the bridge, that a stream, the width of the Rappahannock, can be crossed by the bridge in a few minutes. We have just witnessed some practice with another bridge than that already laid down, and the performance is really wonderful. The government is now repairing the railroad bridge over the Rappahannock, and in a few days the cars will be enabled to run from Aquia Creek into the city of Fredericksburg."

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES!

The undersigned will open on the 25th inst., at

ROGERS' AGRICULTURAL HALL,

a general assortment of Standard and Dwarf Fruit Trees, Evergreens and other Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, &c. Also the choicest varieties of

GRAPES, RASPBERRIES, &c.

These trees have been selected by himself from one of the best

EASTERN NURSERIES!

and will be found in prime condition. Call early and make your selections.

Those wishing Apple Trees grown in this State can be supplied from the North Lake Nursery.

T. DUBOIS.

Ann Arbor, April 21, 1862. 849tf.

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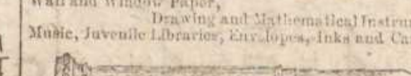

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Cash Sales will Admit of Low FIGURES.

We have engaged the services of JAMES F. SPALDING, herefore are prepared to furnish

Visiting, Wedding and all other Cards written to order, with neatness and dispatch, by mail or otherwise.

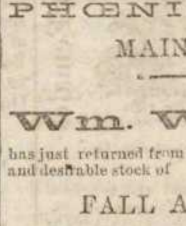
The "EMPIRE BOOK STORE," is manned by a good 'crew,' and they will always be found on the "quarter deck," ready and willing to attend to all with pleasure, who will favor them with a call.

Remember the "Empire Book Store."

JAMES R. WEBSTER & Co

Ann Arbor, May, 1860. 74g

ANOTHER ARRIVAL



AT THE OLD AND RELIABLE CLOTHING EMPORIUM!! NO. 3 PHŒNIX BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

Wm. WAGNER,

has just returned from the Eastern Cities, with a large and desirable stock of

FALL AND WINTER

GOODS!

which he is now offering at unusually

LOW PRICES!

Among his Assortment may be found

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOESKINS, & VESTINGS,

of all descriptions, especially for

FALL AND WINTER WEAR!

which he is cutting and making to order, in the latest and best styles, together with a superior assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING!

TRUNKS CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS, and

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

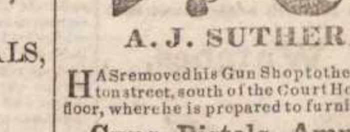
with numerous other articles usually found in similar establishments. As

AN EMPORIUM OF FASHION,

the subscriber flatters himself, that his long experience and general success, will enable him to give the greatest satisfaction to all who may trust him in the way of manufacturing garments to order.

769tf WM. WAGNER.

Rifle Factory!



A. J. SUTHERLAND

HAS removed his Gun Shop to the New Block on Huron street, south of the Court House, on the second floor, where he is prepared to furnish

Guns, Pistols, Ammunition.

Flasks, Pouches Game Bags, and

Every other article in his Line.

On the most reasonable terms, and to do all kinds of

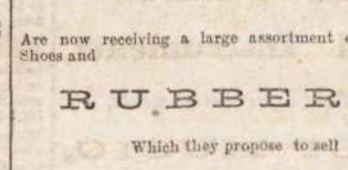
REPAIRING

in the shortest notice, and in the best manner

KEYS,

full assortment always kept on hand, and made to order.

BOOTS & SHOES

1862.  1862.

MOORE & LOOMIS

Are now receiving a large assortment of Boots and Shoes and

RUBBERS!

Which they propose to sell

50 per cent below former prices for cash.

Men's good Kip Boots,	from	$1,50 to $3,00
Men's good Thick Boots,	from	2,00 to 3,00
Men's good Calf Boots,	from	2,50 to 3,75
Boy's Calf, Kip and Thick Boots,		88 to 1,75
Ladies' Gaiters,	from	44 to 1,25
Ladies' Morocco Bootees,	from	75 to 1,25

And an endless variety of Smal Shoes from

Fancy Balmorals to Infants' Creeping Shoes.

We are also Manufacturing all kinds of

WARRANTED BOOTS & SHOES.

Mens Fine French Calf Boots Pegged and Sewed.

So give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, as we are bound not to be undersold. REPAIRING DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.

MOORE & LOOMIS

Main St., Ann Arbor, Mich. 820tf

Money Wanted.

Who will Lend Money?

I AM REQUESTED BY SEVERAL PERSONS to obtain money for them at

Ten Per Cent Interest, (Or More.)

For any one willing to lend, I can at once invest on good unencumbered abundant REAL ESTATE security any sums of money and see that the title and security are ALL RIGHT.

The borrower paying all expenses, including recording. E. W. MORGAN,

Ann Arbor, Oct. 7, 1859. 715tf

1862. 1862.

NEW

SPRING GOODS!

We are now receiving a fine stock of

NEW SPRING GOODS,

and offer them at the

Lowest Cash Prices.

April 1st, 1862. 846tf

SCHOFF & MILLER

ARE STILL ON HAND at their old Stand,

No. 2, Franklin Block,

with the most complete assortment of

Books and Stationery,

PERFUMERIES, FANCY GOODS,

WALL AND WINDOW PAPERS,

SHADES, ROLLERS, CORDS,

TASSELS, GILT CORNICES, CURTAINS,

HOOKS AND PINS,

STEREOSCOPES & VIEWS &c.

Ever offered in this Market!

and they would suggest to those in pursuit of anything in

SANTA CLAUS' LINE

that they can secure a

Double Christmas Present!

by purchasing from this stock, as each purchaser gets an additional present of Jewelry, &c.,

Ranging in value from 50 cts. to $50.

They trust that their long experience in selecting goods for this market, and strict attention to the wants of Customers, may entitle them to a liberal share of Patronage.

Ann Arbor, Dec. 5, 1860. 777tf

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Accumulated Capital, - $3,500,000.

WILL INSURE LIVES for any amount not exceeding $10,000 for the whole term of Life or for a term of years, on the most favorable terms.

N. B. The Company is purely mutual and the policy holders get all the surplus over the exact cost of insurance. It accomodates the insured in the settlement of their premiums ON LIFE POLICIES, if desired, by taking a note for one half the amount, bearing interest at six per cent, per annum.

Dividends are Declared Annually!

and since they now amount to FIFTY per cent on the premium, cash and note, and are increasing they may be applied to cancel the notes.

The rates of premiums are as low as any other responsible Company and the large accumulated fund of $3,500,000 is securely invested, as may be seen by reference to the statement made according to law, on file in the office of the County Clerk, at Ann Arbor.

JAMES GOODWIN, Prest.

GUY R. PHELPS, Secy.

For particulars apply to JAMES C. WATSON, Agent at Ann Arbor, Mich.

763y1

Great Reduction in the Price of

SINGER & CO.'S

Standard Machines.

Well known to be the Best for Manufacturing Purposes.

No. 1, Standard Shuttle Machine, formerly sold at $90, reduced to $70.

No. 2, of same kind of Machine, formerly sold at $100, reduced to $75.

SINGER'S LETTER A MACHINE

Is the best Machine in the world for Family Sewing and Light Manufacturing Purposes: (*with Hemmer,*) and beautifully ornamented $50.

The Nos. 1 and 2 Machines are of great capacity and application for manufacturing purposes.

Our No. 3 Machines are especially adapted to all kinds of light and heavy Leather Work, in Carriage Trimming, Boot and Shoe Making, Harness Making, etc., etc. They are of extra size, and with an arm long enough to take under it and stitch the largest size dashes. There is scarcely any part of a Trimmers' stitching that cannot be better done with them than by hand; so, too, the saving of time and labor is very great. The table of these machines is 24 inches long, and the shuttle will hold six times the usual quantity of thread. The large machine works as fast as small ones.

We would ask for our Letter A Machines, the special attention of Vest Makers and Dress Makers, and all those who want Machines for *light manufacturing purposes.* They embody the principles of the standard machines, making like them, the interlocked stitch, and are destined to be as celebrated for FAMILY SEWING and *light* manufacturing purposes as our standard machines are for manufacturing purposes in general.

We have always on hand, HEMMING GAUGES, SILK TWIST LINEN AND COTTON THREAD, ON SPOOLS, BEST MACHINE OIL in bottles, etc., etc.

We manufacture our own Needles, and would warn all persons using our machines not to buy any others. We know that there are needles sold *of the most inferior quality* at higher prices than we charge for the *best.* The needles sold by us are manufactured especially for our machines. *A bad needle may render the best machine almost useless.*

Our customers may rest assured that all our Branch Offices are furnished with the "genuine article."

In case of small purchases, the money may be sent in postage stamps, or bank notes.

Correspondents will please write their names distinctly. It is all important that we should, in each case, know the Post Office, County, and State.

All persons requiring information about Sewing Machines, their size, prices, working capacities, and the best methods of purchasing, can obtain it by sending to us, or any of our Branch Offices for a copy of

I. M. Singer & Co.'s Gazette,

Which is a beautiful Pictorial Paper entirely devoted to the subject—*It will be sent gratis.*

We have made the above REDUCTION IN PRICES with the two-fold view of benefiting the public and ourselves. The public have been swindled by spurious machines made in imitation of ours. The metal in them, from the iron casting to the smallest peice, is of poor quality. Their makers have not the means to do their work well. They are hid away in secret places, where it would be impossible to have at their command the proper mechanical appliances. It is only by doing a great business, and having extensive manufacturing establishments, that good machines can be made at moderate prices. The best designed machines, BADLY MADE, are always liable to get out of order, and are sure to cost considerable trouble and money to keep them in repaire

The qualities to be looked for in a Machine are: certainty of correct action at all rates of speed, simplicity of construction, great durability, and rapidity of operation, with the least labor. Machines to combine these essential qualities, must be made of the best metal and finished to perfection. We have the way and means, on a grand scale, to do this.

The purchasers of machines, whose daily bread it may concern, will find that those having the above qualities not only work well at rapid as well as slow rates of speed, but last longer in the finest possible working order. Our machines, as made by us, will earn more money with less labor than any others whether in imitation of ours or not. In fact, they are cheaper than any other machines as a gift. I. M. SINGER & CO.,

458 Broadway New York.

Detroit Office, 58 Woodward Avenue, (Merrill Block.) 811tf

M. H. GOODRICH, Agent, Ann Arbor.

E. W. MORGAN, Agent for

Mutual Life Insurance Company,	New York.	
Accumulated Assets,		$5,350,000.
the leading Life Insurance Company in the U. S.		
Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company,	New York,	
—a first class safe Co.—terms reasonable.		
Humboldt Fire Insurance Company,	New York.	
Capital, with a large surplus,		$200,000.
Peoria Marine & Fire Insurance Co.,	Peoria Ill.	
—both a No. 1 Fire Insurance Co's.	707tf	
Capital,		$500,000;

Ayer's Ague Cure.

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AGENT

333 Broadway, New York

Publisher of Music and Music Books

AND DEALER IN

Pianos, Melodeons, Alexandre Organs Organ Accordeons, Martin's celebrated and other Guitars, Violins, Tenor Viols, Violincellos, Accordeons, Flutinas, Flutes, Fifes, Triangles, Clarionetts, Tuning Forks, Pipes and Hammers, Violin Bows, best Italian Strings, Bass Instruments for Bands, Piano Stools, and covers, and all kinds of Musical Instruments.

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From all the publishers in the U. S., Bertini's Huntin's, and Modern School, and all kinds of Instruction Books for the above instruments; Church Music Books; Music elegantly bound; Music paper, and all kinds of Music Merchandise,

At the Lowest Prices.

New Pianos,

At $175, $200, $225, $250, and up to $800. Second Hand Pianos from $25 up to $160; New Melodeons, $45, $60, $75, $100, and up to $200; Second Hand Melodeons from $30 to $80; Alexandre Organs, with five stops, $160, nine stops, $185 and $225; thirteen stops, $250, $275 and $300; fifteen stops, $320 and $375; A liberal discount to Clergymen, Churches, Sabbath Schools, Seminaries and Teachers. The Trade supplied at the usual trade discounts.

Testimonials of the Horace Waters Pianos and Melodeons.

John Hewett, of Carthage, New York, who has had one of the Horace Waters Pianos, writes as follows:—

"A friend of mine wishes me to purchase a piano for her. She likes the one you sold me in December, 1856. My piano is becoming popular in this place, and I think I can introduce one or two more; they will be more popular than any other make."

"We have two of Waters' Pianos in use in our Seminary, one of which has been severely tested for three years, and we can testify to their good quality and durability."—Wood & Gregory, *Mount Carroll, Ill.*

"H. Waters, Esq.—DEAR SIR: Having used one of your Piano Fortes for two years past, I have found it a very *superior Instrument.* ALONZO GRAY,

Principal Brooklyn Heights Seminary.

"The Piano I received from you continues to give satisfaction. I regard it as one of the best instruments in the place." JAMES L. CLARKE, *Charleston, Va.*

"The Melodeon has safely arrived. I feel obliged to you for your liberal discount." Rev. J. M. McCORMICK, *Yorquesville S. C.*

"The piano was duly received. It came in excellent condition, and is very much admired by my numerous family. Accept my thanks for your promptness."—ROBERT COOPER, *Warrenham, Bradford Co. Pa.*

"Your piano pleases us well. It is the best one in our county."—THOMAS A. LATHAM, *Campbellton, Ga.*

"We are very much obliged to you for having sent such a fine instrument for $250."—BRANK, HELD & Co., *Buffalo Democrat.*

"The Horace Waters Pianos are known as among the very best We are enabled to speak of these instruments with confidence, from personal knowledge of their excellent tone and durable quality."—*N. Y. Evangelist.*

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"The Horace Waters pianos are built of the best and most thoroughly seasoned material. We have no doubt that buyers can do as well, perhaps better, at this than at any other house in the Union."—*Advocate and Journal.*

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"Horace Waters' Piano Fortes are of full, rich and even tone, and powerful.—*N. Y. Musical Review.*

"Our friends will find at Mr. Waters' store the very best assortment of Music and of Pianos to be found in the United States, and we urge our southern and western friends to give him a call whenever they go to New York."—*Graham's Magazine.*

Warehouse 333 Broadway, N. Y.

Sabbath School Bell,

100,000 Issued in ten Months.

The unprecedented sale of this book has induced the publisher to add some 30 new tunes and hymns to its present size, without extra charge, except on the cheap edition. Among the many beautiful tunes and hymns added may be found:—"I ought to love my mother;" "O I'll be a good child, indeed I will." These and eight others from the Bell, were sung at the Sunday School Anniversary of the M. E. Church at the Academy of Music, with great applause. The Bell contains nearly 200 tunes and hymns, and is one of the best collections ever issued. Price 13c; $10 per hundred, postage 4c. Elegantly bound, embossed gilt, 25c, $20 per 100. It has been introduced into many of the Public Schools.

The Bell is published in small numbers entitled Anniversary and Sunday School Music Books, Nos. 1, 2, 3, & 4, in order to accommodate the million; price $2 & $3 per hundred. No. 5 will soon be issued—commencement of another book. Also, Revival Music Books, No. 1 & 2, price $1 & $2 per 100, postage 1c. More than 300,000 copies of the above books have been issued the past eighteen months, and the demand is rapidly increasing. Published by

HORACE WATERS, Agent, 333 Broadway, N. Y.

New Music,

Publised by Horace Waters

No. 333 Broadway, New York,

Vocal, "Kind Words can never die;" "The Angels told me so;" "Wilds of the West;" "Thoughts of God;" "Give me back my Mountain Home;" "Day Dreams;" "Dandy Cock Robin;" "I'm with thee still;" "Petnames;" "There's no darling like mine;" "Sarah Jane Lee;" "Ever of thee;" "I'm leaving thee in Sorrow;" "Bird of Beauty;" "Home of our birth;" "Grave of Rosabel," and "Wake, lady, wake," price 25c each.

INSTRUMENTAL.—"Palace Garden, or Singing Bird Polka," 40c; "Swinging Schottische;" "Mirabel Schottische;" "Thomas Baker's Schottische;" "Piccolomini Polka, 35 cents each. The above pieces have beautiful Vignettee. "Weiner Polka;" "Arabian Waltery March," the very last; "Vassoviana Donetts Mazurka;" "Real ing Polka;" "Crinoline Waltz," and "Lancers' Quadrille," 25c each. "The Empire of Reich's Quadrille," a new dance, and "The Hibernian Quadrille," 35c each. Many of these pieces are played by Baker's celebrated orchestra with great applause. Mailed free. A large lot of Foreign Music at half price.

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The Horace Waters Pianos and Melodeons, for depth, purity of tone and durability, are unsurpassed. Prices very low Second Hand Pianos and Melodeons from $25 to $150. Music and Musical Instructions of all kinds, at the lowest prices. HORACE WATERS, Agent,

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LOOMIS & TRIPP,

Successors to

Chapin & Loomis, and Chapin, Tripp & Loomis

THE above firm of Loomis & Tripp having purchased the entire interest of the former companies will continue the business at the old stands, where they will be ready, on the shortest notice, to fill all orders in the line of

Castings and Machinery,

in the most workmanlike manner, and on as liberal terms as any other shop in the State. Among the various articles manufactured by us, we would enumerate

STEAM ENGINES

of all kinds; Mill Gearing and Fixtures, wrought and cast; all the various castings for making and repairing

Horse Powers & Threshing Machines

such as are at present, or have formerly been in use in this part of the State, as well as all the various kinds of castings and machine work called for by farmers and mechanics in this section of the country.

PLOWS,

of all the various patterns, in sizes and prices, will be kept constantly on hand, got the most modern and improved styles.

Thankful for former patronage to the old firms, we would solicit a continuance from old friends, and a trial by all wishing for anything in our line of business.

LOOMIS & TRIPP.

Ann Arbor, May 18th, 1859. 697tf

THRESHING MACHINES.

PATENTED AND MANUFACTURED BY

Nichols & Sheppard, Battle Creek, Mich.

Improved for the Season of 1862

In this Separator the grain is separated from the straw by means of lifting fingers, that toss the straw up and down with a sudden motion from the time it leave the cylinder until it passes to the stacker, and the grain falls through a bottom made of slats, clear from the straw. The parts containing these fingers and the tight grain bottom are made to vibrate or swing backward and forward, which works the straw to the stacker and the grain to the sieves. The superiority of this machine over all others consists in its

Perfect serationtion of Grain from Straw,

Great simplicity, having no pickers or beaters to clog up, and less machinery than any other machine now made,

Great capacity, as it will not waste when crowded.

Perfect cleaner, having larger seives than any other.

Easy draft, better constructed, simple and durable.

Pennsylvania Iron Horse Power.

Warranted to be the best Horse Power in use. Made with wood or iron frame as preferred.

Farmers and Threshers of Michigan! We offer you the BEST MACHINE IN USE. Better than Pitts', Hall's Fowlerville, or any machine built on their principles.

If you intend buying a machine of any kind get a pamphlet of us or our Agent, and satisfy yourself.— Pamphlet sent free. Call and see, or address

NICHOLS & SHEPPARD, Battle Creek, Michigan.

Or M. ROGERS, or MYRON RASH, Agents, Ann Arbor; or I. V. WAKEMAN, agent, Dexter. 850m3

The Latest News.

JUST OPENED AT GRENVILLE & FULLER'S Drug Store, a fresh supply of Dr WM. B HURD'S DENTAL REMEDIES. Agents and dealers supplied at New York prices. Read Dr. Hurd's advertisement in another column. For sale at all the Drug Stores in Ann Arbor. [856w3] G. J. PEASE, Agent

GREAT, GREATER GREATEST

BARGAINS EVER OFFERED

1859. 1859.

In this City, are now being offered at the

CHEAP, CLOCK, WATCH, &

Jewelry Store.

THE Subscriber would say to the citizens of Ann Arbor, in particular, and the rest of Washtenaw County in general, that he has just IMPORTED DIRECTLY from EUROPE, a

Tremendous Stock of Watches!

All of which he binds himself to sell CHEAPER than can be bought west of New York City.

Open Face Cylinder Watches from			$6	to $10
do do Lever	do	do	8	to 21
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I have also the

CELEBRATED

AMERICAN WATCHES,

which I will sell for $35. Every Watch warranted to perform well, or the money refunded.

Clocks,

Jewelry, Plated Ware, Fancy Goods, Gold Pens, Musical Instruments and Strings, Cutlery, &c.,

and in fact a variety of every thing usually kept by Jewelers can be bought for the next ninety days at your

OWN PRICES!

Persons buying anything at this well known establishment can rely upon getting goods exactly as represented, or the money refunded. Call early and secure the best bargains ever offered in this City.

One word in regard to Repairing:

We are prepared to make any repairs on fine or common Watches, even to making over the entire watch, if necessary. Repairing of Clocks and Jewelry as usual. Also the manufacturing of RINGS, BROOCHS, or anything desired, from California Gold on short notice. Engraving in all its branches executed with neatness and dispatch.

J. C. WATTS.

Ann Arbor, Jan. 28th 1859. 714w

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Published by D. APPLETON & CO.,

346 AND 348 BROADWAY NEW YORK

The following works are sent to Subscribers in any part of the country, (upon receipt of retail price,) by mail or express, prepaid:

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Price, in Cloth, $3; Sheep, $3.50; Half Russia, $4.50 each.

The New American Cyclopædia is popular without being superficial, learned without being pedantic, comprehensive but sufficiently detailed, free from personal pique and party prejudice, fresh and yet accurate. It is a complete statement of all that is known upon every important topic within the scope of human intelligence.— Every important article in it has been specially written for its pages by men who are authorities upon the topic on which they speak. They are required to bring the subject up to the present moment; to state just how it stands *now.* All the statistical information is from the *latest* reports; the geographical accounts keep pace with the latest explorations; historical matters include the freshest just views; the biographical notices speak not only of the dead but also of the living. It is a library of itself

ABRIDGEMENT OF THE DEBATES OF CONGRESS: Being a Political History of the United States, from the organization of the first Federal Congress in 1789 to 1856. Edited and compiled by Hon. THO. HART BENTON, from the Official Records of Congress.

The work will be completed in 15 royal octavo volumes of 750 pages each, 11 of which are now ready. An additional volume will be published once in three months. Cloth, $3; Law Sheep, $3.50; Half Mor., $4; Half Calf, $4.50 each.

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Form a club of four, and remit the price of four books, and five copies will be sent at the remitter's expense for carriage; or for ten subscribers, eleven copies will be sent at our expense for carriage.

To Agents.

No other work will so liberally reward the exertions of Agents. AN AGENT WANTED IN THIS COUNTY. Terms made known on application to the Publishers.

Ann Arbor, March, 1859. 690tf

Rev. THOS. WRIGHT, agent at Kinne & Smiths Book Store, Ypsilanti.

Blackwood's Magazine

AND THE

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GREAT INDUCEMENT to SUBSCRIBE!

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L. SCOTT & CO., NEW YORK, continue to publish the following leading British Periodicals, viz:

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4 THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Liberal)

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The present critical state of European affairs will render these publications unusually interesting during the forthcoming year. They will occupy a middle ground between the hastily written news-items, crude speculations, and flying rumors of the daily Journal, and the ponderous Tome of the future historian, written after the living interest and excitement of the great political events of the time shall have passed away. It is to these Periodicals that readers must look for the only really intelligible and reliable history of current events, and as such in addition to their well-established literary, scientific, and theological character, we urge them upon the consideration of the reading public.

The receipt of Advance Sheets from the British publishers gives additional value to these Reprints, inasmuch as they can now be placed in the hands of subscribers about as soon as the original editions.

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For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 00
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For Blackwood and one Review,	5 00
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For Blackwood and three Reviews,	9 00
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Money current in the State where issued will be received at par.

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The POSTAGE to any part of the United States will be but Twenty-four Cents a year for "Blackwood," and but Fourteen Cents a year for each of the Reviews.

At the above prices the Periodicals will be furnished for 1862.

AND AS A

Premium to New Subscribers,

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Unlike the more ephemeral Magazines of the day, these Periodicals lose little by age. Hence, a full year of the Nos. for 1860, may be regarded nearly as valuable as for 1862.

Subscribers wishing also the Nos. for 1861, will be supplied at the following EXTREMELY LOW RATES.

Splendid Offers for 1860, '61, & '62 Together.

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For any two Reviews,	"	"	8 00
For Blackwood and one Review,	"	"	8 00
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For three Reviews,	"	"	11 00
For Blackwood and three Reviews,	"	"	15 00
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For Blackwood and the four Reviews,		"	17 00

Any of the above works will also be furnished to *New Subscribers* for the year 1856-7, 8, and 9,

At One Half the Regular Subscription Prices.

Thus *a New Subscriber* may obtain the Reprints of the Four Reviews and Blackwood,

Seven Consecutive Year for $37!!!

Which is but little more than the price of the *original* works for one year.

As we shall never again be likely to offer such inducements as those here presented,

Now is the time to Subscribe!!

Remittances must, in all cases, be made *direct to the Publishers,* for at these prices no commission can be allowed to agents.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO, No. 54 Gold street New York

Ann Arbor Marble Works.

D. C. Batchelder

HAS on hand a fine assortment of American and

ITALIAN MARBLE

which he is prepared to manufacture into

MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES, TOMB TABLES, TABLE TOPS, &c., &c., &c., &c.,

in all their varieties, and in a WORKMANLIKE manner

Having had considerable experience in the business he flatters himself that he will be able to please all who may favor me with their orders. His prices are as

LOW AS THE LOWEST.

those wishing any thing in my line are respectfully invited to call. D. C. BATCHELDER.

Ann Arbor, May 20, 1861. 801tf

WASHTENAW MUTUAL *FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.*

THE Secretary will be at Cook's Hotel, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Thursday of each week, until further notice, ready to receive new members.

M. KENNY, Secretary.

October 23d, 1861. 824tf

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

AYER'S

CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors— purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, *Clerk of Steamer Clarion.*

Billious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *billious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,

Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse* the *stomach* and *expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains,* which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

And for sale by

Maynard, Stebbins & Wilson,

FARRAND, SHELEY & CO., Detroit

809y1 J. H. BURRILL, Travelling Agent.

AT

RISDON & HENDERSON'S

THE GENUINE

STEWART'S

STOVE.

We wish to call the attention of the public to this celebrated

COOKING STOVE!

Which is the only perfect stove made. It will do more business with one third less fuel than any other STOVE made. From testimony given by the persons referred to below, on account of its durability and

Fuel Saving Qualities,

it has proved a saving from

Twelve To Twenty Dollars

per year. We would refer you to the following list of

PERSONS WHO HAVE THEM IN USE:

Prof. Tappan Ann Arbor.	John F. Miller, Ann Arbor
Prof. Wood, "	J. Gilbert Smith "
Prof. Winchell, "	J. T. Auti's, "
Prof. Douglass, "	Joseph Watts, "
Alpheus Felch, "	T. Wilkinson, "
Wm. R. Martin, "	Mrs. S. Denton, "
Rich'd Hooper, "	O. Hawkins, "
Hon. R. F. Granger, "	C. A. Chapin, "
J. W. Maynard, "	Charles Thayer, "
F. L. Stebbins, "	Martin Clark, "
U. B. Wilson, "	S. Botsford, A. A., Town.
Mrs. O. Welch, "	Thomas Wood, Pittsfield.
Mrs. E. T. Williams, "	Alverston Drury, "
V. Chapin, "	Jacob Polhemus, Scio.
C. H. Wood, "	N. C. Goodale, "
Joseph W. Wood, "	Mr. Fellers, Sharon.

We have on hand a large assortment of the best kinds of Cooking, Parlor and

PLATE STOVES,

and a general assortment of

HARDWARE AND TINWARE,

and Bent stuff for Carriage work. Particular attention paid to fitting up Eavetrough and Conductors, and all kinds of Job work done at the Shortest Notice.

RISDON & HENDERSON.

Ann Arbor, 1861.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

OMNIBUS FARE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, Hotel Proprietors in this city of Ann Arbor, respectfully announce to the public, that on and after the first day of January, 1862,

TEN CENTS FARE.

will be charged to each and every person carried to and from the cars, to the respective Hotels, by the Omnibus Line.

S. COOK, Cook's Hotel.

H. BARSTOW, Franklin House.

Ann Arbor, Dec. 24th, 1861. 832tf

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a mortgage made by William W. Annin and Elma M. Annin to Charles Moore, Delos Showerman, and Erastus Samson, dated February 11th, A. D. 1857, recorded in the office of Register of Deeds for the County of Washtenaw, Michigan, February 21st, A. D. 1857, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, in Liber 23 of mortgages page 350, and which mortgage, by writing, dated January 11th, 1862, was assigned by said mortgagees to Alonzo Clark, undersigned; and the said assignment thereof recorded on the said day of its date at one and a half o'clock in the afternoon, in the said Register's office, in Liber 28, of mortgage-page 735: Upon which mortgage there is claimed due and unpaid at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred ninety three dollars and thirty-three cents, and the further installment of three hundred eighty-three and 33-100 dollars with interest from February 18th, last past, to become due one year from the last named date, and no suit or proceeding at law have been instituted to recover the money aforesaid claimed due or any part thereof: Notice is therefore hereby given that by virtue of a power in said mortgage contained, in order to realize the amount now claimed as aforesaid due on said mortgage together with the interest accruing from the date hereof, and the costs of foreclosure provided for in said mortgage, I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the front door of the Court House (the place of holding the Circuit Court for Washtenaw County) in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, on the 28th day of June next, at two o clock in the afternoon, the premises in said mortgage described, situate in Washtenaw County to-wit: All that certain tract or parcel of land, known and described as follows, to wit: The north-east quarter of section number twenty (20) in township number four south of range No. four (4) east excepting and reserving always from the operation of this instrument about forty one and a half acres from the south end thereof heretofore conveyed by Ephraim Gilbert and Zenah Jenkins by deed dated May 7th, 1850 (for description of which see said deed): Also excepting and reserving about three acres of said quarter section heretofore deeded to James Crampton: Also excepting and reserving nineteen (19) and three-tenths (3 10) acres of said quarter section heretofore deeded to Rubin Brownell: Also excepting and reserving about twelve acres of the north east corner of said quarter section heretofore sold and deeded to John Mills, making or leaving the amount of land hereby conveyed about ninety four (94) acres be the same more or less: Also granting and conveying hereby to the said parties of the second part, their heirs or assigns, all the rights and privileges which said party of the first part may have or possess of raising water and flowing lands for uses and purposes of propelling machinery for mill or for any other purpose.

ALONZO CLARK, Assignee.

E B WOOD, Att'y for Assignee.

Dated, March 20, 1862. 845td

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having beer made in the condition of a mortgage made by William W. Annin and Elma M. Annin to William R. Bartlett under the name and style of William Bartlett, dated August 23d, A. D. 1856, recorded November 5th, A. D. 1856, at one o'clock, P. M., in the office of Register of Deeds, for Washtenaw County, Michigan, in Liber 23 of mortgages, page 117, and assigned by said mortgagee to the undersigned, Alonzo Clark, by writing, dated December 18th, A. D. 1861, and recorded March 24th, A. D. 1862, at eight o'clock in the fore noon in said Register's office in Liber 23 of mortgages, page 117, upon which mortgage there is claimed due and unpaid at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and fifty one dollars and sixty cents, and no suit or proceeding at law having been instituted for the recovery of said debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof: Notice therefore is hereby given that on the 28th day of June next, at two o'clock in the afternoon by virtue of a power contained in said mortgage in order to realize the sum of money now due as aforesaid on said mortgage together with interest accruing and costs of foreclosure provided for in said mortgage, I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the front door of the Court House (the place of holding the Circuit Court for Washtenaw County) in the city of Ann Arbor in said county, the premises in said mortgage described, viz.: All that certain tract or parcel of land known and described as follows, to-wit, Situated in the township of Bridgewater, in the county of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, known as being a part of the north-east quarter of section number twenty, in township number four south of range number four east; beginning south one degree and thirty minutes east ten chains and sixty links from quarter post in north line of said section, twenty at a certain yellow oak tree, running thence along quarter section line south one degree and thirty minutes east nineteen chains and thirty-eight links to a stake in Highway from which a yellow oak tree bears north thirty three and one half degrees east fifty five links, thence north seventy nine degrees and thirty minutes east five chains and fifty links to a yellow oak tree marked, thence north ten degrees, west ninety-five links to a stake, thence north sixty nine degrees east nine chains and sixty-two links to a stake, thence north fifteen degrees west seven chains and fifty links to a certain thorn tree or bush standing on the south bank of Rensselaer Mills mill pond, thence along the bank or shore of said pond, at high water mark, to place of beginning, containing nineteen acres and three tenths of an acre of land: The above described courses are estimated from true meridian allowance, being made of two degrees for variation of needle June, A. D. 1851.

ALONZO CLARK, Assignee.

E B WOOD, Att'y for Assignee.

Dated, March 24, 1862. 845td

Real Estate for Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss:— In the matter of the Estate of Patrick Hoban, of the County of Washtenaw in the State of Michigan, Deceased,

Notice is hereby given, That in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, Executor, of the Estate of said deceased, by the Hon Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the twenty-eighth day of March A. D. 1862, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the South door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor in the County of Washtenaw in said State, on Saturday the thirty first day of May A. D. 1862, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day, (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased) the following described Real Estate to wit:

Situated in the Township of Northfield, in the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, all that certain piece or parcel of land known and designated as the North-west quarter of the South-East quarter of Section three in township one South of Range Six East, containing forty acres, be the same more or less.

PATRICK WALL, Executor.

Dated, March 28th, 1862. 846td.

Commissioners Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Josiah P. Sloat, late of the Township of Sharon, in said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date, are, by order of the said Probate Court, allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased, and that they will meet at the residence of Mrs. Mary Jane Sloat, widow of said deceased, in the township of Sharon, in the said county, on Saturday, the nineteenth day of July, and Saturday, the eighteenth day of October next, at one o'clock P. M., of each day to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

HULL GOODYEAR, CHARLES CASSEDY, Commissioners.

Dated, April 18, 1862. 849w4

Real Estate for Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. In the matter of the Estate of John Fohey, Jr., Michael Fohey, David Fohey, James Fohey, Ellen Fohey and Sarah Fohey, minors, of the County of Washtenaw, in the State of Michigan. Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, Thomas Earl, guardian of the Estate of said minors, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the second day of May, A. D. 1862, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the South door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, in the County of Washtenaw, in said State, on Saturday, the twenty-eighth day of June, A. D. 1862, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the sale,) the following described Real Estate to wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land situate lying and being in the Township of Northfield, county of Washtenaw, Michigan, and being more particularly known and described as the South-east quarter of the North-west quarter of section sixteen township one South of range six East.

THOMAS EARL, Guardian.

Dated, May 2, 1862. 851td

General Land Agency.

PERSONS wanting farms, or residence in or near Ann Arbor, can by calling on me select from a list of over

100 Farms For Sale!

Of various sizes from 3, to 1300 acres each (some as good as any in this County.) More than

50 Dwelling Houses

in this City, from two hundred to four thousand dollars each: and over

200 BUILDING LOTS!

Among the farms are the Bishop farm, 1300 acres the Potter farm, in Green Oak, the Place farm, and 480 acres, the Blandon and Jenks farms, in Webster; the Stubbs, Michael Clancy, Newton Beegan, and Fallahor farms, in Ann Arbor; J. Kingsley's farm, in Pittsfield the Hatch and Hick farms in Lodi; the Patrick Clayn farm in Freedom; W. S. Davison, R. G. Baker's and Buck's farms in Sylvan. Most of these and many others can be divided to suit purchasers

E. W. MORGAN.

Ann Arbor, Jan 1st, 1856 53

SECOND WINTER STOCK!

D. L. WOOD & CO.,

HAVE JUST OPENED A

LARGE & WELL SELECTED

STOCK OF

Seasonable Goods,

For the FALL & WINTER Trade,

Having purchased their stock at much less than the usual prices, they are prepared to offer

GREAT INDUCEMENTS

To Cash & Ready Pay Buyers.

Thankful for past favors they will be ever ready to show their Goods and by fair and liberal dealing hope to receive their full share of the public patronage.

West side of public square.

Ann Arbor Dec. 1861.

NOTICE.

THE SESSION LAWS for the year 1862 have been received at this Office, and are ready for delivery to the proper officers. R. J. BARRY, County Clerk.

Ann Arbor, April 22d, 1862.