

Will the Times' arithmetic man be good enough to glance along the political ledger for 1874, and foot up the balance in favor of the Democracy to date? In the following States, it will be observed, the balance of votes has been transferred from the credit of the Republicans to the credit of the Democrats since 1872:

Table with columns: State, Dem. maj. Rep. maj. Dem. gain. Includes New Hampshire, Oregon, Arkansas, North Carolina, Colorado, and Democratic gain in five States and one Territory.

The following memoranda give further particulars: Major 10, New Hampshire State election. Majority of Weston, Democrat, for Governor, 1,465. Last election, majority of Straw, Republican, for Governor, 2,007. This year the Legislature is Democratic in both Houses. Last year the Republican majority in the Legislature on joint ballot was 66. And in spite of the Radical vote manufactory at the Portsmouth Navy-Yard.

April 6, Connecticut State election. The Democrats elect Ingersoll Governor by 6,772 majority, and increase their majority on joint ballot in the Legislature from 4 to 54. June 1, Oregon State election. The Democrats elect Grever Governor by 532 majority, and wipe out the Republican majority in the Legislature.

June 30, Arkansas Constitutional election. The Democrats poll 80,016 votes for the convention, and the Radicals 8,465. August 6, North Carolina State and Congressional elections. The Democrats elect their State ticket by 13,000, largely increase their majority in both branches of the Legislature, and elect seven Congressmen out of eight; a gain of two Congressmen.

September 8, Colorado Congressional election. The Democrats elect Patterson, more than reversing Chaffee's majority of 1,350 in 1872. The following States have this year largely increased their Democratic majorities of 1872:

Table with columns: State, Dem. maj. Rep. maj. Dem. gain. Includes Kentucky, Tennessee, Montana, Wyoming, and Democratic gain in two States and one Territory.

In Kentucky the election this year was for State officers, and in Tennessee for county officers. The majorities of 60,000 and 50,000 speak for themselves. Montana and Wyoming again elect Democratic Congressmen. In Vermont the Democrats gain thirty or forty members of the Legislature and reduce the Republican majority on the State ticket by several thousand. Republican majorities for Congressmen are diminished and Poland retired to private life.

In Maine the Democrats have gained ground on their opponents by increasing their representation in the Legislature and reducing the Republican majority for both of them by 6,000 votes since 1872. In addition to all this the Democrats of New York have adopted a platform and nominated candidates which the people are certain to accept by sweeping majorities, while Western Democrats are everywhere standing up before the public and asking another election. Not content with the plunder of the past four years, your rapacity demands more. The Bible tells us "there are three things that are not satisfied, yet they force their way: the lion, the dog, and the divine writ lived in these times he would have added one more—it would have been the radical office-holder.

When Gen. Washington was appointed to be chief commander of the army of the revolution he addressed the Continental Congress in these words: "As to pay, I beg leave to assure the Congress that, as no pecuniary consideration could have tempted me to accept this arduous employment, at the expense of my domestic ease and happiness, I do not wish to make any profit from it. I will keep an exact account of my expenses. Those I do not want, they will discharge, and that is all I desire."

Again, when the war of the revolution closed and this disinterested hero was closed and returned from the blood-stained battle field of a seven years struggle, he was installed by a grateful public as first President of the United States. In accepting the responsible trust and the well-earned honor, he said: "I must decline, as inapplicable to myself, any share in the emoluments which may be indispensably included in a permanent provision for the executive department, and must accordingly pray Congress to abstain from the grant." While in New Bedford, just before the Butler caucuses last year, I received money from the hands of his partner to carry the caucuses there, and the money was used for that purpose. I received money from Mr. Oberlin, who had but myself personally responsible for every word I utter, and it is my earnest wish to speak before the people of Salem as soon as possible on this matter. I shall be attacked on every side by Butler men, who have been my friends; but with truth on my side, and possessing the pluck to speak, I defy them one and all, and I now throw down my gage.

Michigan Argus.

ANN ARBOR. FRIDAY MORNING, OCT. 9, 1874.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor—HENRY CHAMBERLAIN, of Berrien. For Lieutenant-Governor—FREDERICK HALL, of Ionia. For Secretary of State—GEORGE H. HOUSE, of Ingham. For State Treasurer—JOSEPH M. STEERLING, of Monroe. For Auditor-General—JOHN L. EVANS, of Gratiot.

For Commissioner of the State Land Office—CHAUNCEY W. GREEN, of Oakland. For Attorney-General—MARTIN Y. MONTGOMERY, of Eaton. For Superintendent of Public Instruction—DUANE DOTY, of Wayne. For Member of the State Board of Education—E. W. ANDREWS, of Bay.

Congressional. For Representative in Congress—Second District—JOHN J. ROBINSON, of Washtenaw. For Senator—JEREMIAH D. COREY, of Manchester. For County—MICHAEL FLEMING, of Chelsea.

County. For County Clerk—PETER TUITE, of Dexter. For County Treasurer—WILLIAM HANKE, of Bridgewater. For Register of Deeds—CHARLES S. WOODARD, of Ypsilanti. For Prosecuting Attorney—ROBERT E. FRAZER, of Ann Arbor. For Circuit Court Commissioners—JOHN N. GOTT, of Ann Arbor; J. WILLARD BARRITT, of Ypsilanti.

For Coroner—JOHN KAPPE, of Ann Arbor; JOHN CARLES, of Ashley, of Ypsilanti.

THE COUNTY TICKET. In another column will be found the proceedings of the Democratic County Convention, held on Wednesday. It will not need a very careful reading to show that, as usual, there were more candidates than offices, or to use one of Mr. LINCOLN's homely phrases, "More pigs than holes to put them in." It will also be seen that, in some cases, the contest was very close, as well as results not indicated by first voting. But the figures the reader may study for himself.

Of the successful candidates before the convention, now the candidates before the people, we have but space for a few words. JEREMIAH D. COREY, named for Senator, is and has been for many years, say two score or more, a resident of Manchester. Like his Republican competitor, he is a farmer and a Granger. He is a man of intelligence and reading, an active worker, and of good judgment. He has served in the House, and if elected will honestly and faithfully represent his constituency. He must be elected.

MICHAEL FLEMING in the present Shorliff, and the unanimity with which he was renominated is a sufficient commendation of him, both as a man and officer. He has made as faithful, correct, and honorable a Sheriff as the county ever had. That is saying enough. PETER TUITE, the candidate for Clerk, is no stranger to his constituents. He made an excellent Register some years ago, and will make as good a Clerk for the next two years.

WILLIAM HANKE, nominated for Treasurer, is a Bridgewater German, and that is a guarantee both of his Democracy and his competency. If elected he will make an honest officer. CHARLES S. WOODARD, the candidate for Register, is one of the most thoroughly competent men in the county, and as gentlemanly as he is competent. A surveyor and civil engineer he is just the man for the place. His popularity is proven by the popularity of his defeated opponent.

ROBERT E. FRAZER has before held the office of Prosecuting Attorney, and faithfully discharged its duties. He is a good lawyer, and we need not vouch for his politics. He had a close shave in the convention, but will win before the jury of the people. It is needless to detail the merits of Messrs. GOTT and BARRITT, nominees for Circuit Court Commissioner, or to introduce them to a constituency they have served in the same capacity before.

For Coroner the convention pitted two doctors, Messrs. Kapp, of this city, and Ashley, of Ypsilanti, against the two Republican doctors; two good men to hold an inquest on the defeated Republican candidates—say about the evening of November 3d. The ticket is as well distributed as one could possibly be, and as a whole ought to command the entire vote of the party.

For the defeated candidates we may say that they are "out of the woods," and will do good service in the ranks. MR. WALDRON told the intelligent Republicans of this county on Tuesday, that "the recent White League revolt in Louisiana was an attempt to overthrow, by violence, the legally elected government of that State." MR. WALDRON is legally elected. MAT. CARPENTER did not so find, neither did those Senators and Representatives who served with Senator CARPENTER on the committee having the investigation in charge. The best the facile and determined MORION could do was to make him the *de facto* Governor; and it is notorious, and known to all half-way intelligent men, that he holds office by virtue of the interference of, and usurped powers exercised by, Judge DURELL. "Legally elected" Bah!

IN ANNOUNCING the vote pending for Senator in the Republican County Convention, on Tuesday, "Uncle ANDREW," who presided, said, "we are now to nominate a man to represent us among those 'educated cusses' up stairs." ANDREW CAMPBELL, the selected man, in addressing the nomination, said he had reason to be proud of the University, and that he should consider it a privilege as well as duty to have in view her interests as well as the educational interests of the State in general.

ALL SORTS OF PEN-SCRATCHES.

A Brooklyn grand jury has indicted both Moulton and Tilton for criminally libeling Henry Ward Beecher. Among the lawyers named as to participate are: for the prosecution, Senator Conkling, W. M. Everts, John Graham, and John K. Porter; for the defense, Senator Carpenter, Gen. Butler, Judge Fullerton, David Dudley Field, and others. A motion for a change of venue is to be made to Albany or Westchester.

It is intimated that Andrew Campbell, the Republican candidate for Senator, is not a Chandler man. Perhaps that is what he alluded to when he protested against being instructed. It is also intimated that he is inclined to favor the claims of Childs as Chandler's successor. Just what might be expected after the Adrian arrangement. That Waldron delegate must have told us the truth.

As we anticipated, Zack Chandler preached the same threadbare sermon at the Opera House on Saturday evening last, and quoted the same text to prove his assertion that the Liberal Republican party is of ancient origin, in fact was born in the "cave of Adullam," David being its head. Some men never will learn, and Zack is one of 'em. It was too bad in the Ypsilanti *Sentinel* to kick up such a fuss over the proposed nomination of Col. Lee by the Republicans of this district. Both "organs" had, for a wonder agreed that he was just the man, and then the *Sentinel* must drive him from the field, by proving him a know-nothing of the wants of the district.

Waldron has one rival in defending the legitimacy of the Kellogg regime in Louisiana. He runs the *Allagan Journal*, and prates of "the *de jure* Republican State government of Louisiana. Even Zack Chandler, in his Opera House speech, didn't go as far. He was satisfied with the title *de facto* government. Miss Maria Ewing Sherman, daughter of Gen. Sherman, was married at Washington on Thursday of last week, to Lieut. Thos. W. Fitch, of the United States Navy. The wedding was a brilliant affair, and "Jenkins" has fairly revelled in his element.

W. P. Hewitt, "Reform" candidate for State Treasurer, having withdrawn the State Committee of that organization has substituted Joseph M. Sterling, Democratic nominee, in his place. The same committee refused to accept the nomination of Chas. S. May, the committee's nominee for Attorney-General. And this is how the Toledo *Commercial* (Rep.) hits Gen. Butler a brotherly dig in the ribs: "Collector Simmons has withdrawn from politics. Brother Simmons deserts Butlerism. Is it a case of 'rats, Benjamin.'"

THE REPUBLICAN County Convention was held on Tuesday, and the following ticket nominated: For Senator—Andrew Campbell. For Sheriff—David Edwards. For Clerk—William N. Stevens. For Treasurer—Stephen Fairchild. For Register of Deeds—Godfrey Schaffer. For Prosecuting Attorney—Edward P. Allen.

For Circuit Court Commissioners—John F. Lawrence, of Frank Emeric. For Coroners—Dr. William F. Breakey, Dr. Bennett F. Root. For County Surveyor—John K. Yokum. Those marked with a star are the present incumbents of the offices for which they are named, and it is but justice to say that they have made good officers. Mr. EDWARDS, the nominee for Sheriff, is one of the best known of Ypsilanti's business men, having resided there since 1838. We believe, however, that he has had no experience as Sheriff, Deputy or Constable, which will make the duties of the office entirely new to him.

The candidate for Senator, MR. CAMPBELL, is a farmer of fair ability, and was nominated because he is a Granger, being the "sop" thrown to appease the wrath of MR. CHILDS and his friends, for so summarily shelving him for Congress. We may say that he is not a man of any great ability, and we need not say of his fitness at another time. The same day the Representative District Convention was held, and EZRA D. LAY, of Ypsilanti, unanimously nominated. MR. LAY is an old citizen of excellent reputation, has had large experience as a Supervisor, runs in a heavy Republican district, and of course expects to be elected.

THE Hon. (or Rev.) ZACK CHANDLER has filled a seat in the United States Senate now nearly eighteen years, one-half of which term has been since the close of the "war of the rebellion." The Hon. HENRY WALDRON has occupied (and tried to fill) a seat in the House now nearly ten years, six of the ten years being since the close of the aforesaid "war of the rebellion." And yet Messrs. CHANDLER and WALDRON confess that they, with their eminent Republican associates in either house, have proved themselves utterly incompetent to "reconstruct" the Union, or to restore or preserve order in the South. Yet confessing this each is asking another term, one of six years and the other of two; evidently that they may aid in keeping open the gaping wounds. Is it not time that new men were tried, and a new policy inaugurated?

WE HAVE always been taught to believe (?) that the Republican party was peculiarly a party of "great moral ideas," and that its members one and all were innocent of any knowledge of that game which Ah Sin didn't understand or of any other demoralizing games of "keards." And yet the presiding officer of the late Republican County Convention ignored both Jefferson's and Cushing's Manuals, and conducted the proceedings of the convention "according to Hoyle." Upon what evil times have we fallen.

MR. CAMPBELL, the Republican candidate for Senator, informed the convention which nominated him, that he wished to go unincorporated, and for hard money. He also commended the candidates nominated, as well as some of the defeated ones, and promised to "write a good speech, and come and deliver it in his friend's kitchen on St. Robert E. Frazer also made a happy speech, after which the convention adjourned.

Four tickets are running in New York: Democratic, Republican, Prohibition, and Temperance.

Democratic County Convention.

The Democratic County Convention, duly called for the nomination of candidates for County officers and Senator, was held at the Court House, in this city, on Wednesday, the 7th inst. The convention was called to order at 11 o'clock A. M., by R. E. Frazer, Esq., chairman of the County Committee, and on motion, Chas. H. Richmond, of Ann Arbor, was appointed temporary Chairman, and Asa Blackney, of Sylvania, temporary Secretary.

On motion of John Gilbert, of Ypsilanti, a Committee on Credentials, Permanent Organization, and Order of Business, was organized by the Chair, after which the convention took a recess until 1 1/2 o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION. The convention came to order at 1 1/2 P. M., when the Committee on Credentials and Organization reported the several towns and cities represented as follows: Ann Arbor City: First Ward—C. H. Richmond, J. J. Parshall, Frederick B. Ritchie, 2d Ward—Geo. F. Lutz, P. McKernan, M. O'Rourke, 3d Ward—Edward Duffy, Henry Paul, A. S. Polhemus, 4th Ward—Richard Beahan, L. C. Risdon, Geo. Eignor, 5th Ward—Wm. Proctor, John Johnston, 6th Ward—S. Proctor, C. Gillespie.

Ann Arbor Town—J. Warner, George Orocut, B. F. Cole. Avonlea—Aaron Childs, Wm. H. Lowden, Charles Rogers, T. M. Buck. Bridgewater—H. M. Luzzell, Geo. Lutz, M. McDougall, Wm. Hanke. Dexter—Wm. H. Arnold, Patrick Fleming, Byron Green.

Freedom—Elias Haire, Fred Vogel, Thomas Flynn, John Shea. Lima—John S. Coy, Isaac Cooper, S. Parker. Lodi—James H. Clough, Wm. Humphrey, Philip Blum, James Sage. Lyndon—Orman Clark, P. Watts, Thos. Young.

Manchester—Munson Goodyear, Horatio Burch, J. D. Corey, Jas. S. Reynolds, B. G. English, J. C. Case. Northfield—Thomas Kearney, Nathan Sutton, Martin Ryan, Thomas Taylor. Piquette—J. S. Henderson, Grove Saunders, F. E. Mills. Salem—P. C. Murray, Hiram Warner, J. H. Murray, D. D. Cook, Saline—Abram Davenport, E. W. Wallace, D. B. Sherwood, Wm. Jackson, Daniel Klem.

Scioto—P. Tuite, C. S. Gregory, H. E. Peters, R. P. Copeland, David Almandinger, P. Tuomy. Sharon—George R. Spaulding, J. R. Leonard, B. F. Wain. Superior—Lauren Sanford, E. M. Cole, Seneca Bagley, T. V. Quackenbush. Sylvania—G. W. Turnbull, Asa Blackney, T. McKune, Jr., J. M. Congdon, B. J. Billings, Jr. Waterford—M. Duffy, Philip Duffy, A. Alcott.

York—Jesse Warner, Moses Kelsey, J. Doyle, Alfred Davenport, N. Waugh. Ypsilanti Town—Jas. Arnold, E. King, D. M. Uhl, John Starkweather. Ypsilanti City, 1st Ward—Edgar Bogardus, Edwin Batwell, 2d Ward—Walter F. Halleck, W. W. Granger, 3d Ward—D. L. Quirk, E. F. Uhl, N. K. Towner, 4th Ward—George Wandless, D. O. Kelly, 5th Ward—John Forrier, R. Kopp, J. M. Forsyth, John Gilbert.

Which report was accepted and adopted. Also the following permanent officers: President—C. H. Richmond. Secretary—Asa Blackney. Report adopted. Also recommended that in nominating candidates, the convention begin at the foot of the ticket and work up, assigning as a reason that when the most important candidates are first nominated it has been found impossible to keep a convention together until the ticket is completed. The recommendation was adopted.

The President then appointed Messrs. J. D. Corey and E. F. Uhl as Tellers, and the Secretary, and the convention proceeded to ballot for candidates, with the following result: For Circuit Court Commissioners, one ballot was had, resulting: For J. Willard Babbitt, 63. For John N. Gott, 30. For P. McKernan, 44. For Richard Beahan, 23. For E. W. Morgan, 12. For E. B. Norton, 47.

The name of Mr. Beahan being withdrawn, Messrs. Babbitt and Gott were, on motion, declared unanimously nominated. Next came Prosecuting Attorney, two ballots being taken with the following result: For Robert E. Frazer, 55. For A. E. Hewitt, 47. On motion, Robert E. Frazer was declared unanimously nominated. For Register of Deeds two ballots were had, as follows: For Charles H. Manly, 69. For Charles S. Woodard, 39. On motion, Charles S. Woodard, of Ypsilanti, was declared unanimously nominated.

In his recent address to the farmers of Nebraska, Prof. FERRY, of Williams College, Mass., denounced "paper money" and "tariff taxes," as the two principal "foes of the farmer," and after making good proof that his definition was correct, he said of and to the farmers: "If they come to see eye to eye, as pray God they may, that a labor-wrought dollar, and not a printing press dollar, is the only dollar fit to be exchanged against their own labor-wrought produce, then they can confer upon themselves and the whole country the inestimable boon of labor-wrought dollars, or gold and silver coin in lieu of greenbacks, which the speaker had previously branded as more destructive to the farmers' interests than grasshoppers."

Again, after showing how tariffs cheapen everything produced by the farmer, and make everything he buys dearer: "If they come to see please God they will, that what is called 'protection' is only another name for spoliation, that what is called 'fostering' is spoliation, that what is called 'industry' is spoliation, that tariffs make industry flounder; that tariffs take but never give; that the world's market, whether to sell in or buy in is always better than the market of a single country; that natural competition is the life of business and of progress; that restrictive tariffs keep home things in that way to go out, as well as foreign things out that want to come in; that exportables are depressed in value in proportion as importables are artificially enhanced in value; and that God Almighty knows better how to adjust all obstacles to international traffic than any Congress that ever sat or ever will sit; then they can easily abolish this antiquated scheme of greed and grab, and open up for themselves and for all their fellow citizens both to sell in and to buy in, the unrestricted markets of the world."

To do this the farmers must vote against all candidates of that party which fathers and maintains an inflated paper currency, and against all candidates of the party of protection. The presiding officer of the Democratic Convention, on Wednesday, having in mind the little speech made the day before by Mr. CAMPBELL, the Republican candidate for Senator, made a palpable hit. That is, he advised the convention, in nominating a candidate for Senator, "to select a man who could endure the odor of tobacco and the fumes of whisky, for if elected he would be compelled to come in contact with both at Lansing." Mr. RICHMOND evidently expected that Gov. BAGLEY would be at the Capitol, (he has a retiring message to deliver), perfumed with his favorite "May-flower," that Zack CHANDLER would also be there, with a breath not always sweet as the odor of the new-mown hay from his "mash farm," and that other Republican politicians whom our Senator might be obliged to associate with, would render over-sensitive noses or stomach an "inconvenience."

THE DEMOCRATS and the "Reformers" of the First Congressional District (Wayne County) have united in nominating Gen. ALPHEUS S. WILLIAMS for Congress. The reputation, ability, and services of Gen. WILLIAMS ought to make his election certain. It will reflect disgrace upon the electors of the First district if they permit Gen. WILLIAMS to be defeated by FIELD.

In the Third District, Hon. FIDUS LIVERMORE, of Jackson, has been nominated by the Democrats and Reformers, and has accepted the nomination. MR. LIVERMORE is an able man and a good stumper, and if he gets after Mr. WILLARD he will make the fur fly. He has a hard district to run in, however.

ACTING GOV. TALBOT, of Massachusetts, was nominated for Governor, by the Republican Convention held at Worcester, on Wednesday, receiving 755 of the 1,042 votes. HORATIO G. KNIGHT was nominated.

The Treasury Surplus. If State Treasurer Collier had deliberately set himself to work to punish the administration party in Michigan for its failure to renominate him he could not have done it more effectively than he has by the innocent-looking figures which have just been made public and which form a part of his forthcoming annual statement. The facts which these figures show as to the administration's utter want of management and financial ability are unanswerable; and we can only wonder that the same power which stood behind the Treasurer and sustained him in his insolent refusal to give an account of his stewardship should not have compelled him to withhold his statement until after election.

As it is, the public has destroyed a great number of fine spun theories with which Governor and his party organs have been trying to delude the people; and it has destroyed them at the very time when the party leaders had begun to think the people would remain hoodwinked until November. The worst blow it strikes is at the "specific tax" theory upon which the Governor relied so strongly, and which his organs have so assiduously labored to impress on the people. The weakness of this theory, in the light of the State's past financial history, we have already pointed out; but the statement referred to throws such a flood of light on the subject that we cannot forbear again calling attention to it. The theory, it will be remembered, of the Governor and his organs is, that the surplus in the Treasury is really made up of sums accruing from specific taxes, and that as these are expressly appropriated by the Constitution, the Legislature is powerless to decrease the surplus, and cannot take it into account in fixing the annual tax. Two facts from the statement demolish this theory completely. The first—the small proportion which the receipts from specific taxes bear to the total receipts—we have already noticed. The second is more significant still. From an examination of the statement it will be seen that the receipts of interest on "specific taxes" and "surplus funds" are reported separately. The amount received during the fiscal year for interest on "specific taxes" was \$10,167.14. The amount received during the same period for "interest on surplus funds" was \$41,639.70, or more than two and a half times as much as from the specific taxes.

And besides demolishing the "specific tax" theory these figures do the taxpayer another service. They show, more clearly than could be shown in any other way, that this surplus is really made up of money which the State receives from the pet banks in which money is deposited to four per cent. Interest on the amount of \$41,639.70 repaid at four per cent. a principal of \$1,040,992.50, and this, therefore, is the average surplus which the State has had on deposit during the past year.

Over a million of dollars surplus which the Treasury has no account of, the Republican party has wrong from the hard working taxpayers of the State, during a period when money was worth ten per cent. to them, more than a million of dollars to be loaned out at the

beggarly rate of four per cent. to banks which the State officials are prominent stockholders. How do the people like it?—Free Press.

The Earthquake at Antigua. PANAMA, Sept. 26.—A correspondent of the *Star and Herald*, writing from Antigua, Guatemala, under the date of the 4th inst., gives an account of the earthquake there the previous evening. On the 3d of September at 8.30 P. M., without previous warning, a strong earthquake shook the ground violently in a direction from west to east. A wavelike undulation on the surface rose and fell at least a foot. The first strong shock lasted from 25 to 30 seconds, when the contents of a large water-tank in the court yard of the hotel were thrown out. Wild shrieks and screams continued even after the early terror had somewhat subsided, and long after there was the noise of walls falling, more or less distant, mingled with the cry of hundreds of voices shouting a hymn for mercy.

Many shocks followed during the night, every one of which gave rise to new alarms and new implanations. It was finally dark during the continuance of the shocks, under the impression of the morning showed that about two dozen inhabited houses were destroyed, causing the loss of 32 lives. The number of houses damaged, and which will have to be taken down, is considerable. Many of the old ruins of 1773 have suffered seriously. During the confusion incidental to the earthquake several men appeared with long knives for the purpose of stealing and murdering, but the political chief of Antigua soon suppressed the riotous mob.

All the squares and open places are covered with tents for shelter, and even carriages and carts serve as temporary abodes. It will take some time before the people of Antigua recover security of mind enough to go to sleep in their tottering houses. In Guatemala, the capital, slight shocks were felt. Three Indian villages at the foot of the volcano Du Fu Negro have been destroyed.

Robbery of the Postoffice at Mt. Morris. Some time during Monday night our postoffice was entered by burglars, the safe opened by the use of jimmies and cold chisels, and robbed of its contents, some \$50 in money and \$10 in postage stamps. The burglar also carried off the tobacco and stationery of Postmaster Lamb and Justice Wright's office, was fired and first discovered shortly after four o'clock this morning. The building was entirely destroyed, with a great loss of the postoffice contents. The house was owned by William Hughes. Two men named Mosher and Minsier were arrested on suspicion and are now in jail at Flint.

New Advertisements. HILL'S OPERA HOUSE. MONDAY, OCT. 12th, '74. FRANK MACEVOY'S NEW HIBERNIAN Irish Comedy AND SPECIALTY COMPANY. Entire Change of Programme. New Company. New Plays. New Acts. New Songs and New Dances.

The favorite Irish Comedian Robert Byrne. Our original "Barney the Guide." Dan Nash, Irish Comedian, Vocalist and Specialty Artist. Emile Ames, The celebrated Delineator of German and Ethiopian characters. The "O'Donohue," In his Irish Songs, Dances, and wonderful Shillalah Act. Miss Kate Reiley, The favorite Soprano. Miss Mary McCrea, The popular Contralto. Miss Kate Byrnes, Late of the Dublin Theatres. Prof. Henry Moeslin, Musical Director.

REPORT of the condition of the First National Bank of Ann Arbor At Ann Arbor, in the State of Michigan, at the close of business on the 23rd day of October, 1874. ASSETS: Loans and Discounts, \$235,304.69. Overdrafts, 150,000.00. U. S. Bonds to secure circulation, 184,637.00. Other stocks, bonds and mortgages, 16,840.00. Real estate, 1,000.00. Cash on hand, 12,236.57. Due from approved National Banks, 244,900.00. Due from State Banks and Bankers, 11,810.23. Banking House, 16,192.00. Furniture and fixtures, 9,095.00. 19,290.00. Current expenses, 1,210.00. Checks and other cash items, 730.85. Bills of other National Banks, 3,350.00. Current currency (including nickels), 3,200.00. Legal tender notes, 37,107.00. Five per cent. Redemption fund, 6,750.00. \$510,654.66.

LIABILITIES: Capital stock paid in, \$150,000.00. Surplus fund, 300,000.00. Other undivided profits, 22,654.66. Circulating notes received from Depositors, 125,000.00. Less amount on hand and with Comptroller for burning, 1,500.00. 123,500.00. Dividends unpaid, 174,666.82. \$510,654.66.

I, Johnson W. Knight, Cashier of the First National Bank of Ann Arbor, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. W. KNIGHT, Cashier. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. I, J. W. KNIGHT, County of Washtenaw, do hereby certify that the above statement was audited and subscribed before me, this 8th day of October, 1874, by the Cashier and Notary Public. Correct—ALIST. E. WELLS, CH. P. H. RICH, C. H. MILLEN, J. Directors. C. H. MILLEN, J. Judge of Probate.

ESTATE OF GOTTFREY MILLER. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate office in the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan, on the 23rd day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four. Present, Noah W. Cheever, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of GOTTFREY MILLER, deceased. Leonard Gruner, Administrator of said estate, came into court and represents that he is desirous of preparing to render his final account as such Administrator. Thereupon it is ordered, that Wednesday, the fourth day of November, at ten o'clock of the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing the account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held at the Probate office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause, if any, why they should be permitted to render their final account, and the pendancy of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Michigan Free Press, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three several times previous to the day of said session, and also by a (true copy) NOAH W. CHEEVER, J. Judge of Probate.

PRIVATE INSTRUCTION IN German, French, etc., FOR CASH. given by J. KOPELKE, late teacher of Modern Languages at Lakeside Seminary, Oconomowoc, Wis. Inquire at 41 Fourth St., Ann Arbor. 119872. FOR SALE! Fifty-three acres of choice land, South of the City of Ann Arbor, and within one mile and a quarter of the Court House. Eight hundred Peach trees, full bearing. Six hundred Apple trees and new choice fruit. Terms easy. For further information inquire of J. H. MORRIS, 149871. Office in Gall's Block. TAKE NOTICE! Wool time and "after harvest" both passed. I have had many offers of payment of these times. I am now ready if you are not. I ask you to give yourself ready on short notice. If you are not ready, I will be ready to sell you wool. The wool I have. My creditors demand it. Putting it off on account of low price of produce. Don't pay my wool. 149873. J. M. ROGERS. SECURE YOURSELF A HOME. Valuable City Lots for sale cheap, and long time given for payment if desired. C. H. MILLEN.

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1874. 1874.

