

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
in the third story of the brick block corner of Main
and Huron streets,
ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN.
Editor and Publisher, GREGORY
ELIHU B. FOND,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Terms, \$2.00 a year, or \$1.50 in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE	1 W.	3 W.	6 W.	3 M.	6 M.	1 year
spare.	\$ 75.81	25.81	50.25	\$ 50.85	\$ 50.85	\$ 50.85
square.	1.50	2.00	2.50	3.50	6.00	8.00
squares.	2.00	2.50	3.00	4.00	6.00	8.00
column.	4.00	5.00	6.00	8.00	12.00	20.00
columns.	6.00	10.00	12.00	16.00	24.00	32.00
1 column.	10.00	15.00	20.00	30.00	40.00	60.00

Twelve lines or less considered a square.

Cards in Directory, not to exceed four lines, \$4.00 per year.

Notices or special notices 12 cents a line for the first insertion, and 8 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Mariage and death notices free; obituary notices one line.

Yearly advertisements for the privilege of changing their advertisements quarterly. Additional charge will be charged for these.

Advertisements unaccompanied by written or verbal notice will be published three months, and charged accordingly.

Legal advertising, first insertion, 70 cents per word; second insertion, 50 cents per word.

When a postscript is added to an advertisement, the whole will be charged the same as the first insertion.

JOB PRINTING.

Mill Tickets, Labels, Handbills, Circulars, Cards, and other printed matter. Price of printing exacted with promptness, and in the best possible style.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

DANIEL MACLEOD, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Office and residence, 71 Huron street, and 14th Avenue. Office hours from 8 to 9 a.m. and from 12 to 1 p.m.

W. J. HERDMAN, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Office, south-west corner Main and Huron streets, Residence, 48 South State street, from 12 to 12 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

E. McFARLAND, Surgical and Mechan-ical Dentist, corner of Main and Huron streets, and 14th Avenue. Great practice. Office and operations extended to 12 a.m. All work warranted. Teeth extracted whenever possible. Hours: 8 to 12 a.m.; 2 to 4 p.m.; 7 to 8:30 p.m.

H. JACKSON, Dentist, Office opposite H. Clark's store, Ann Arbor, Mich. Anesthetist also administered if required.

FREDERIC K. FRUEHLIN, Attorney at Law, and County Assessor of Deeds of Land and Penalties, Court House, Ann Arbor, Mich. English language. Office, Pitt's Opera-House, Ann Arbor, Mich.

H. CLARK, Dentist, Office opposite No. 8 Main and Washington streets, over H. Clark's store, Ann Arbor, Mich. Anesthetist also administered if required.

W. H. WINSTON & SONS, 20 South Main street, Wm. H. Winston, Mch., wholesale and retail dealers in Dry Goods, Carpets and Groceries.

MACK & SCHMIDT, dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, etc., No. 50 South Main Street.

BACH & ABEL, dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, etc., No. 26 South Main street, Ann Arbor, Mich.

W. M. WAGNER, dealer in Ready-Made Clothing, Cloths, Camisoles, Vestings, Trunks, Carpet Bags, etc., 21 South Main street.

J. FREDERICK SCHAEFER, teacher of the PIANO, VIOIN and GUITAR, residence south corner Main and Liberty streets, Ann Arbor, Mich.

NOAH W. CHEEVER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office in Probate Office, Ann Arbor, Mich.

EVERYBODY SAYS THAT

REVENAUCH

IS THE

best Photographer of Ann Arbor.

28 East Huron Street, up-stairs.

WINSLOW BROS.

3 East Huron Street,

DEALERS IN

PICTURE FRAMES, BRACKETS AND

VIOLIN STRINGS.

J. H. NICKELS,

Dealer in

FRESH & SALT MEATS,

Hams, Sausages, Lard, etc.,

HIGH STREET, OPPOSITE NORTHWEST CORNER OF UNIVERSITY CAMPUS.

Please promptly filled. Farmers having meat will give him a call.

1568-71

THE ANN ARBOR

SAVINGS BANK

Ann Arbor, Michigan.

Deposits of One Dollar and upwards, and interest on all deposits remaining three months or longer.

INTEREST COMPOUNDED SEMI-ANNUALLY.

We buy and sell U. S. Bonds, Gold, Silver and Copper, and New York, Detroit and Chicago Exchange.

We also Sight Drafts on Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, or any other part of the European Continent.

This Bank is organized under the General Banking Law of this State. The stockholders are individually liable to the amount of their stock, and individual security is required for depositors, while half of the capital is invested for the security of bondholders. This fact makes this Institution a safe deposit of money.

Married Women can deposit subject to their own control.

Money to Loan on Approved Securities.

DEPARTMENT.—R. A. Seal, C. Mack, W. D. Harris, W. Desbail, W. W. Wines, D. Hiscock, W. D. Smith.

OFFICERS:

C. Mack, Pres., W. W. Wines, Vice-Pres., C. E. Hiscock, Cashier.

W. A. LOVEJOY,

Tobacconist!

DEALS IN

FINE-CUT AND SMOKING

Tobaccos,

SNUFF, PIPES, &c.,

At No. 7 East Huron-st.,

Next to the Express Office,

ANN ARBOR, - - - MICHIGAN

EBERBACH & SON,

Druggists and Pharmacists,

12 South Main St.,

Keep on hand a large and well selected stock of DRUGS.

MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS,

DYE STUFFS,

ARTISTS & WAX FLOWER MATERIALS

Toilet Articles, Trusses, Etc.

SELL WINES AND LIQUORS.

Special attention paid to the furnishing of Physi-

cal, Chemical, Schools, Etc., with Philosophic

Apparatus, Béchuanian Ointments, Etc.

Druggists' prescriptions carefully prepared at

1570-1

The Michigan Argus.

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FRIDAY, OCT. 13, 1876.

Democratic National Ticket.

For President—
SAMUEL J. TILDEN.

For Vice President—
THOMAS A. HENDRICKS.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

For President of Freedmen and Vice-President—
At Large—GEORGE V. N. LOTHROP, of Wayne.
—JUSTIN BLAINE, of Jackson.
1st Dist.—JAMES HEINTZEN, of Wayne.
2d "—ALFRED L. SAWYER, of Monroe.
3d "—JAMES S. UPTON, of Calhoun.
4th "—MARSHALL L. HOWELL, of Cass.
5th "—FREDERICK HALL, of Ionia.
6th "—HUGH McDUBY, of Shiawassee.
7th "—JAMES B. ELDRIDGE, of Macomb.
8th "—ALBERT MILLER, of Bay.
9th "—MICHAEL FINNEGAN, of Houghton.

STATE TICKET.

For Governor—
WILLIAM L. WEEBER, of Saginaw.

For Lieutenant Governor—
JULIUS HOUSEMAN, of Kent.

For Secretary of State—
GEORGE H. HOUSE, of Ingham.

For State Treasurer—
JOHN G. PARKHURST, of Branch.

For Auditor-General—
FRANCIS C. HOLLOWAY, of Hillsdale.

For Attorney-General—
MARTIN MORRIS, of Manistee.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction—
ZELOTES THUESDEL, of Washtenaw.

For Commissioner of the State Land Office—
CHAUNCEY W. GREENE, of Oakland.

For Member of State Board of Education—
CHARLES L. WALKER, of Wayne.

For Representative in Congress—
JOHN J. ROBISON, of Washtenaw.

LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

For Senator—
JOHN L. BURLEIGH, of Ann Arbor.

For Representative in the State Legislature—
1st Dist.—JOHN S. HENDERSON, of Pittsfield.

2d "—HIRAM J. BEAKERS, of Ann Arbor.

3d "—EZRA B. NORRIS, of Manchester.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Judge of Probate—
WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, of Ann Arbor.

For Sheriff—
JOSIAH S. CASE, of Manchester.

For County Clerk—
PETER TUITE, of Selo.

For Register of Deeds—
CHARLES H. MANLY, of Ann Arbor.

For Prosecuting Attorney—
J. WILLARD BABBITT, of Ypsilanti.

For County Treasurer—
MATTHEW GENSLY, of Freedom.

For Circuit Court Commissioners—
CHARLES R. WHITMAN, of Ypsilanti.

D. OLIPHANT CHURCH, of Saline.

For Coroners—
MATTHEW CLARK, of Ann Arbor.

Lewis C. RISDON, of Ann Arbor.

County Surveyor—
SMITH WILBUR, of Ann Arbor.

Mr. Morrison declared in the House that "Every man on the disabled soldier's roll who has not died or voluntarily given up his place, is here in the employ of the House." No member said him nay. But the organs still howl.

SUCH men as Wm. Cullen Bryant, Park Godwin, Charles Francis Adams, Prof. Sumner, Gideon Welles, Judge Caton, George W. Julian, Gov. Curtin, Gov. Palmer, and Gov. Blair—everyone old Republicans—are trying to reform it.

The organ say that Mr. Hayes is truthful. Very well, Mr. Hayes tells us himself that Gen. Grant's Administration is a "commendable" one. Therefore Hayes' administration must be a continuation of Grantism, for he deserves also worthy of commendation.

THE Detroit Tribune acknowledges the authenticity of the letter of Gov. Hayes' private Secretary returning thanks for an election to the American Know-Nothing Alliance. At the same time it prints a forged letter from the Secretary of the Alliance, accusing Gov. Tilden of being a member of the same organization. Inasmuch as the letter is dated New York, Oct. 6th, 1876, and the Secretary sailed for Europe Aug. 25th, 1876, the blundering nature of the forgery is ridiculous.

SAMUEL J. TILDEN will be the next President of the United States. He was nominated with no expectation of carrying the Western States. The Middle, Southern, and Pacific States were relied upon to secure his election. Contrary to all the expectations of the party at the time the nomination was made, Indiana has gone Democratic by 4,000 majority. All but Indiana, Indiana brings 15 more electoral votes to the Democratic column, making the whole number 210. The States already Democratic cast the above vote, but the Democracy only need 185 votes to elect.

Hanes simply holds Ohio, and makes no gain. West Virginia comes up to the line with 10,000 majority against Grantism.

THE disloyal Tilden, at a meeting held in New York City Oct. 8th, 1860, reported resolutions, among which was the following: "That we deem it to be an imperative duty to waive personal preferences as to the candidates and differences upon abstract questions in favor of a union of patriotic citizens for the sake of a Union of the States." In Oct., 1862, this same disloyal Tilden addressed the following words to the South:

Within the Union we will give you the Constitution you profess to have, renewed with fresh guarantees of equal rights and equal safety. We will give you everything that local self-government demands, everything that a common ancestry of glory, everything that a common language of fellowship requires; but to dismember the federal bonds between these States, to dismember our country, whoever else cements we will not; no, never! never!

In 1864 this disloyal Tilden sent a message to McClellan advising him to discard the objectionable words of the platform.

The loyal Dix, who spends his time in calling this disloyal Tilden to judgment, made a speech in New York City, Dec. 17th, 1860, from which we quote: "Let us divide what we possess on the one hand, and what we owe on the other, and save a Republic, the noblest the world has ever seen from the horrors of civil war and the degradation of financial disaster."

The Republicans nominated Dix for Governor of New York, 1874, and the Democrats under Tilden defeated him by 50,000 majority.

NO WONDER that hard times are upon the American people, that business is dull, and business men are every day going into bankruptcy. The reason for all this is so plain that any man of sense can see it, if he will reflect. During the last eleven years the Republican party has taxed the people \$4,400,000, almost twice the whole national debt as it stood at the close of our great war. All this immense taxation since the war ended! Never was a people so heavily burdened before. It is enough to paralyze all the industries of the country, if not to force the country itself into bankruptcy.

And what have they done with it? They have only paid \$600,000,000 of it to wipe out the national debt. As to what became of the rest let Babcock, Belknap, Robeson, Delano, Attorney General Williams, Casey, and the others of that beautiful company tell.

1. In 1856 the Republican party was founded. Two years afterwards its Representatives in Congress voted for the Crittenden Resolutions, which affirmed the right of the people of a territory to decide for themselves upon slavery or no slavery. In 1861 the Republicans brought into Congress and passed through both Houses the following proposed Constitutional amendment:

"No amendment shall be made to the Constitution, which will authorize or give to Congress, the power to abolish or interfere, within any State, with the domestic institutions thereof, including that of persons held to labor or service by the laws of said State."

This passed the House Feb. 21, 1861, and was adopted in the Senate, March 2d. It received the vote of Seward, Morrill, Logan, Windom, Chandler, Anthony, Sherman, Colfax, Wade, Fessenden, Wm. A. Howard, of Mich., Gov. Rice of Mass., and the other Republican leaders. And it is for favoring this measure that James G. Blaine is to-day branding Charles Francis Adams as a traitor to liberty and his country! In his inaugural address Mr. Lincoln himself approved this measure, saying, "I have no objection to its being made express and irrevocable." Again, when the battle of Bull Run was pending, the Republicans passed through both Houses of Congress a constitutional amendment providing for peaceful secession, and the Republicans sent him Minister to Spain. They made the rebel General Longstreet, Collector of New Orleans, seven years ago. They took the rebel Ackerman from Georgia and made him Attorney General of the United States. They sent that arch-rebel Jas. L. Orr, of South Carolina, as Minister to the Russian Court. They selected a rebel judge from North Carolina, Settle, and made him President of the Philadelphia National Convention in 1872. The Guerrilla Mosby is the welcome guest of the White House. And yet the Democratic party has capped the climax by giving ten unimportant menial offices to ten men of whom no body ever heard! Surely the Republican party has novel if not great ideas.

MR. BLAINE long ago used himself up with all honor-loving and reputable member of the House rendered his character at least questionable. His utterances on the stump show him to be an unprincipled demagogue. His last appearance on the stump was for the purpose of proving that Charles Francis Adams was a supporter of slavery and a rebel adherent. A cause must indeed be desperate that requires such a prostitution of all that is fair, decent, and honorable in its advocacy. Every honest citizen, should from very shame, put his hand on his mouth, and his mouth in the dust after such an exhibition as this.

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No words of eulogy from Republican leaders were too extravagant to be lavished upon Mr. Adams until he broke with his party. He is regarded at home and abroad as the first citizen of the republic. The charges brought by Blaine against Mr. Adams can be brought equally against Lincoln, Seward, and old Senator Grimes, and can be proven from the record.

We have the proofs before us, but the remarks of Blaine are too utterly contemptible to require any answer.

We add the following paragraph from the London Standard to show how the relation of Mr. Adams to this campaign is regarded abroad:

If there be one man in the United States who is more highly regarded as a representative of the Old Republican tradition of all that was honorable and respectable in Northern politics; of all that made Massachusetts the foremost State in New England, that man is Charles Francis Adams. If there be one man who, above all others, is esteemed to the highest degree of his elegance and taste, of his birth and sympathy with the soil of any State, no matter under what pretext, as among the gravest of crimes." Wm. Loyd Garrison made a speech in New York, Aug. 1856, in which he used the following language: "This Union is a lie; the American Union is a sham, an impostor, a covenant with hell, and it is our business to call for a dissolution." On a petition of John J. Woodard and others, praying for the dissolution of the Union, the yeas were Salmon P. Chase, John P. Hale, and Wm. H. Seward. See Senate Journal, 1st session, 31st Congress, p. 129. Senator Wade, of Ohio, made a speech in Maine in 1855, and said: "I go for a Union where all men are equal, or for no Union at all." The Massachusetts Abolition Society met in Boston in 1855 and passed the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the one great issue before the country is, the dissolution of the Union, in comparison with which all the other issues with the slave power are as dust in the balance; therefore we will give ourselves to the work of annulling this covenant with death, essential to our own innocence, and the speedy and the speedy and everlasting overthrow of the slave system."

So we might go on ad infinitum, but we will call attention to but one more fact. The Supreme Court of the United States did not understand as well as the Republican party, hence a resolution was introduced and passed the Senate Dec. 9th, 1861, instructing the Judiciary Committee, to bring in a bill abolishing the court and establishing another. The Committee, being composed of lawyers, asked on Dec. 20th, to be excused from any such monstrous proceeding.

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Republicans would perhaps do well to pause in their mad denunciation and malicious slandering of Democracy, and review the history of their own party.

THIS is supposed to be a reform campaign, and Gov. Hayes the Republican reform candidate, and Z. Chandler the reformed and reforming Chairman of the National Committee. This accounts for Kilpatrick's "reform" letter to the eminently "reform" Hayes who scorns corruption in public life, telling the latter that it is necessary to send barrels of money into Indiana in order to carry it, and to hold up the "bloody shirt" in order to impress the weak-minded.

A fine letter indeed sent to a "reform" and corruption hating man like Hayes.

It is well known, too, that Chandler and Cameron, who conduct this cam-

paign for Mr. Hayes, are assessing all Federal officers a certain per cent. of their salary. This is a direct violation of the laws of the United States, and in violation of all the professions of the party and its candidate. Below is the law:

Section 1. That all executive officers or employees of the United States not appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, are prohibited from requesting giving to or receiving from any other officer or employee of the Government any sum, property, or other thing, for political purposes; and any such officer or employee who shall offend against the provisions of this section shall at once be discharged from the service of the United States; and he shall also be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding \$500.

What confidence is to be placed in the reform promises of a party which acts in the very face of the people and before an election when it is supposed to be on its good behavior. Mark what that great English philosopher, Mr. Locke, had to say about such proceedings: "It is to cut up the government by the roots, and poison the very fountain of public security." In England an office-holder who attempts to improperly forestall an election is at once discharged. In England no office-holder can even vote at an election nor speak upon the stump. Much less can be practiced that pernicious and destructive policy by which this great reform party seeks to elect its reform candidate for the presidency. Let the manhood of the American people overthrow the party that destroys the efficacy of the ballot, and poisons the public virtue.

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The organs still set up a loyal howl because 10 out of 123 appointments by the Doorkeeper of the House were given to ex-Confederate soldiers. The Republican party in its legislative capacity, upon the solemnity of its oath, declared it just that such men should even act as members of Congress, and now they say that Democrats are traitors because they employ ten just such men to act in a menial capacity. Consistent indeed! The only vote cast for Jeff. Davis for President, in 1860, was cast by Ben. Butler, and cast by him 52 times. The Republicans sent him to Congress. Caleb Cushing was a traitor in the war, and Grant tried to make him Chief Justice of the United States, and then sent him as Minister to Spain. Dan Sickles brought into Congress in 1860 a constitutional amendment providing for peaceful secession, and the Republicans sent him Minister to Spain. They made the rebel General Longstreet, Collector of New Orleans, seven years ago. They took the rebel Ackerman from Georgia and made him Attorney General of the United States. They sent that arch-rebel Jas. L. Orr, of South Carolina, as Minister to the Russian Court. They selected a rebel judge from North Carolina, Settle, and made him President of the Philadelphia National Convention in 1872. The Guerrilla Mosby is the welcome guest of the White House. And yet the Democratic party has capped the climax by giving ten unimportant menial offices to ten men of whom no body ever heard! Surely the Republican party has novel if not great ideas.

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FRIDAY, OCT. 13, 1876.

Democrat Meetings.

At Chelsea, Friday evening, Oct. 13th. Speakers, Hon. Jas. M. Ashley, of Toledo, Ohio, and Ann Arbor, Friday afternoon, Oct. 13th. Messrs. Raleigh and Carpenter, of **M. C. & C.** and Cramer and Harriman, of **A. A. & C.** At Ann Arbor, Saturday evening, Oct. 14th. Speaker, Hon. Jas. M. Ashley, of Toledo.

At W. M. C. & C. corner, Saturday evening, Oct. 14th. Speaker, Hon. Jas. M. Ashley, of Toledo.

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At Dixboro, Monday evening, Oct. 16. Messrs. Whitman and Harriman.

At Lodi Town House, Tuesday evening, Oct. 17th. Speakers, C. H. Richmond, W. D. Harriman and C. R. Whitman.

At Lima Center, Tuesday evening, Oct. 17th. C. R. Whitman and Wade Rogers.

At Bridgewater Town House, Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 18th. Messrs. Harriman and Richmond, and a German.

At Tripp's School House, in Soto, on Wednesday evening, Oct. 18th. C. R. Whitman and Wade Rogers.

At Dexter village, Thursday evening, Oct. 19th. Hon. Jas. M. W. Harriman, and C. R. Whitman.

At Pittsfield Town House, Thursday evening, Oct. 19th. D. Cramer and C. W. Woodruff.

At Ann Arbor, Friday evening, Oct. 20th. Speaker, Hon. J. W. Walker, of Detroit.

At Wyman's Corners, Scio, Friday afternoon, Oct. 20th. D. Cramer and a German.

At Miles' School House, Pittsfield, Friday evening, Oct. 20. Messrs. Harriman and Manly at Lyndon Center, Friday evening, Oct. 20th. Messrs. Whitman, Harriman, and Manly.

At Salem Town House, Saturday evening, Oct. 21st. Messrs. Richmond, Whitman, Harriman, and Burleigh.

At Sather's corners, Northfield, Friday evening, Oct. 21st. C. H. Richmond and W. Wade Rogers.

At Boyd's School House, Webster, Saturday evening, Oct. 21st. Messrs. Byrleigh, Manly and Woodruff.

At Murray's Grove, Salem, Saturday afternoon and evening, Oct. 21st. Messrs. Harriman, Whitman, and Burleigh.

At Whitmore Lake, Monday evening, Oct. 23. Messrs. Cromer and Whitman.

At Webster Town House, Tuesday evening, Oct. 24th. Messrs. Harriman and Rogers.

At Chelsea, Wednesday evening, Oct. 25th. Messrs. Harriman and Richmond.

At Manchester, Wednesday evening, Oct. 25th.

At Ann Arbor, Friday evening, Oct. 27. Hon. G. V. N. Lothrop, of Detroit.

At Pleasant Lake, Freedom, Friday afternoon and evening, Oct. 27th. Messrs. Harriman and Burleigh, and a German.

At Saine village, Saturday evening, Oct. 28th. Messrs. Richmond, Whitman and Harriman.

C. R. C.

HON. J. M. ASHLEY

of Toledo, will speak on

Saturday Eve., Oct. 14th, at 8 o'clock

AT THE OPERA HOUSE

Democrats, Reformers, Conservatives, Republicans and the ladies are invited to go and hear him. P.S.—Small boys will not be admitted.

GERMAN DEMOCRATIC RALLY

FRED. DONNER,

Of Detroit, will address the Germans

This Friday Eve., Oct. 13, at 8 o'clock

AT THE COURT HOUSE,

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

—E. F. Uhl has removed his family from Ypsilanti to Grand Rapids.

The Supervisors went "over the hill to poor house" on Tuesday afternoon.

Efforts are being made for the establishment of a Lodge of Odd Fellows in the village of Lodi.

John Shannon has opened a neat and tidy meat market in the Freeman building, North Main street.

It is estimated that ten thousand persons were upon the fair grounds at Ypsilanti on Tuesday of last week.

The members of Company A received their pay, on Monday evening, for attendance at the recent regimental encampment.

A new meat market has been established in this city by E. C. Freer. It is located in the rear of the C. O. D. grocery, Main street.

The change of weather has caused a great demand for overcoats and thicker clothing, hence the cause of the rush toward the Joe T. Jacobs during the past few days.

C. H. Brigham will preach at the Unitarian Church on the next Sunday morning, and in the evening give a lecture on "St. Bernard and his influence." Student's Class at 8.30 a.m.

The Democrats of Northfield held a meeting at Whitmore Lake, on Thursday afternoon of last week. Speeches were made by Hon. H. J. Beakes, W. D. Harriman, Col. Burleigh and others. Northfield will do her duty next month.

The Supervisors admire the improvements made around the Court House Square by the city authorities. Some of them think a new Court House would also be an improvement, and that the city should be granted permission to build one for the county.

D. Cramer, of this city, spoke to a large Democratic meeting on Tuesday evening, at Hamburg village. He spoke for nearly two hours and commanded the closest attention. At the conclusion of the speech three rousing cheers were given for Tilden, Democrats and the speaker.

The Germans of Bridgewater, on Tuesday afternoon of last week, at Bridgewater Station, raised a fine hickory pole—105 feet in length, without a spine—upon which flew a Tilden and Hendricks banner. Speeches were made by D. O. Church, of Saline, and M. McDougal, of Bridgewater.

On Monday afternoon, a small boy was discovered hanging by his neck in a shade tree, on Lawrence street, Fourth ward. He was rescued, when it was ascertained that he was unable to extricate himself or to call for help. He was nearly strangled when found.

The Freshman class, of the University, on Saturday morning last, elected the following officers: President, B. S. Waite; Vice President, Miss Minnie Cramer, Ann Arbor; Secretary, D. A. Garwood, Cassopolis; Treasurer, G. A. Allen, Aurora, Ill.; Class Captain, C. J. Heymark, Caro; Captain, B. B. C. Wm. Hannan, Dowagia. There was a warm contest over the election of President, for which there were three candidates.

The forty-first annual meeting of the Michigan Baptist State Convention will be held at Lansing, commencing at 10 A. M. on Tuesday, Oct. 17. Meeting of the General Board on Monday evening, Oct. 16. The Women's Board of the Baptist Home Missions will hold their annual meeting at Lansing during the Convention. Efforts are being made, with prospect of success, to obtain reduced rates of fare on several of the leading railroads.

A team belonging to Geo. Reese, of Lodi, was left standing at Wallace's wood yard, on Washington street, last Saturday evening. During the absence of the driver the team became frightened and ran away, passing through the wood yard, broke loose from the wagon, and plunged headlong into the cellar of the store of Winslow Bros. The horses were badly bruised and cut with glass, one of them losing an eye. The team was rescued from the cellar by being taken up the stairs under the sidewalk at the front of the store.

STUDENTS' SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.—There will be a meeting of the Students' Scientific Society Monday evening, Oct. 16th, 1876, at 7.15 o'clock. Papers will be presented by Mr. Corwin. Subject: "A description of a singularly formed head of a pig," and by Mr. Vaughn. Subject: "The Myology of the Bird."

—At the fair of the Eastern Michigan Agricultural Society, at Ypsilanti, last week, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Truman Goodspeed; Vice President, Fred Graves; Secretary, Frank Joslin; Treasurer, Wm. Campbell.

The Democratic Convention for the Second and Representative District, met at the Court House on Friday afternoon last. R. E. Frazer, Esq., was elected chairman and P. Winegar, Secretary. Hon. Hiram J. Beakes of this city, was nominated on the second ballot, the vote being Beakes, 19; Geo. Sutton, 6. Mr. Beakes appeared before the convention and accepted the nomination. The following persons were designated as a District Committee: Jas. H. Morris, Ann Arbor; E. Clancy, Northfield; and M. Duffy, Webster.

Rev. H. L. Hubbell occupied the pulpit of the Congregational Church last Sunday morning, gave a review of his labors as pastor of the church during the past seven years, after which he read a letter tendering his resignation, on account of his continued ill health. A meeting of the society was held Tuesday evening, with Hon. Chas. Tripp as chairman, at which the resignation was accepted. Dr. J. Austin, Dr. C. L. Ford, and J. Austin Scott were appointed a committee to present resolutions expressing the feelings of the members of the society toward their pastor.

—On Saturday last the Democracy of Lima had a gay day. During the afternoon a splendid history pole, 140 feet in length, was raised at Jerusalem Mills. Over 500 people were present, and were ably addressed by Col. J. L. Burleigh. A company of mounted Tilden Guards in uniform, from that Democratic stronghold, the township of Freedom, were also present. In the evening a very large and enthusiastic meeting was held at Lima Center. W. D. Harriman delivered one of his best speeches of the campaign, and was frequently interrupted with bursts of applause, and at its conclusion was highly complimented by his Democratic friends and by several Republicans. Brief speeches were also made by C. H. Manly and Col. Burleigh. The Democracy of Lima are alive and will give a good account of themselves next month.

—Last Saturday afternoon the Sophomore class of the University, elected the following officers: President, W. H. Butts, Ann Arbor; Vice President, Miss Emma Croch, Erie, Pa.; Secretary, Miss Marion S. Gerte, Pontiac; Treasurer, W. S. Pennington, Mason; Postmaster, T. C. Green, Troy, N. Y.; E. C. White, Leader; Captain, C. S. Henning, Piano, Ill.; Historian, J. C. Goff, Cleveland; O. Marshal, F. C. Way, Flute; Toaster Master, L. V. Van Slyke, Pike, N. Y.; Chaplain, Henry C. Post, Grand Rapids; Asst. Chaplain, M. Norris, Ypsilanti; Oracle Board—J. B. Brown, Milwaukee; Fred S. Bell, Fort Dodge, Iowa; G. C. Green, Troy, N. Y.; H. W. Ashley, Ann Arbor; F. D. Mead, Ann Arbor; N. McMillan, Ann Arbor; R. T. Chandies, Still Pond, Ind.; W. F. Bryan, Lafayette, Ind.

A MODEL REPUBLICAN.—Some of the street-corner orators of the Republican party in this city are very loud in their denunciations of Tilden and the whole Democratic party. No epithets are too severe to be employed against the Democracy, which, in their estimation, is nothing but a company of traitors and rebels. Among the most rampant of these fanatics is Richard Glazier, who is busy telling how the Republican party saved the Union and the Constitution. Everybody acquainted with Glazier knows that he is a gentleman of culture and of great information, but if he does not refresh his memory, he may lose a little of his reputation as a political leader. We therefore call his attention to a meeting he originated in January, 1861, the call for which was headed: "No Union With Slaveholders, Religiously or Politically." This meeting was held Jan. 26, 1861, in the Free Church, Ann Arbor, and was broken up by his own supporters. He was then a strong hold upon the confidence of the masses. We beg you to let him know that he is a fool and a knave.

The nomination of E. B. Norris for Representative in the Third District is considered a good one. Mr. Norris is a young man, of sound Democratic principles, a successful lawyer, and emphatically a man of the people. His nomination over the strong men who were his opponents shows the strong hold he has upon the confidence of the masses. We beg you to let him know that he is a fool and a knave.

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